

THE DAILY STATE SENTINEL, is sent by all the early morning express and freight trains, and delivered to subscribers in adjacent towns about the same time it is distributed in this city. This enables readers at a distance from the Capital of Indiana, to get the news of the day from six to twelve hours before they can receive it through papers published elsewhere. News dealers and carriers in all of the towns on railroads entering at Indianapolis will be supplied with the SENTINEL on an individual basis as any other paper. Orders for the Daily will be supplied at Agents' rates. Clubs are solicited.

Valuable Documents. We have for sale the following valuable documents, and ask Democrats in every County and Township in Indiana to club together and send for them, for distribution.

Speeches of Hon. D. W. Voorhees upon the financial policy and frauds of the Administration party, and his vindication of his statements in that speech, reply to the comments of Mr. Dawes, of Massachusetts. These speeches show, from Republican records, the expenditures of the Administration; the amount of the public indebtedness; and the gross frauds by which that debt has been increased. Published in one pamphlet of sixteen pages, and will be furnished at \$1 per hundred, and \$10 per thousand.

Speech of Richardson, and Address to the Democracy of the United States. The speech of Hon. W. A. Richardson, of Illinois, exposing the abolition schemes of negro equality, and what the tax payers are paying for the experiment. In the same pamphlet (of eight pages) is the address of the Democratic members of Congress to the Democracy of the United States, prepared by the Hon. W. A. Richardson, the most intimate friend of Senator Douglas. Price ten cents per dozen, fifty cents per hundred, and four dollars per thousand.

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German Documents. The Editor of the Indiana Sentinel has printed in German the speech of Hon. D. W. Voorhees, upon the Financial Policy and Frauds of the Administration. It makes one pamphlet of 24 pages, printed in large clear type, and will be furnished at \$2 per 100 copies. Let the Germans of Indiana be well supplied with this valuable speech. All orders accompanied with the cash will be promptly attended to. Address, JULIUS BOETTCHER, Indianapolis.

CITY AND STATE ITEMS. Center Township Democratic Convention. The Democrats of Center township will meet in convention, at the Court House, on Saturday, July 12, at 2 o'clock P. M., to select delegates to attend the Congressional Convention at Franklin on the 17th inst. A full attendance is desired. By order of the Township Committee. JULIUS BOETTCHER, Ch'n.

Ferry Township. The Democrats of Ferry township will meet at the Pleasant House, on the afternoon of Monday, July 14, at 5 o'clock, to appoint delegates to the Congressional Convention. By order of the Township Committee. FOSTER WILFORD, Chairman.

An acre of grass in the north part of the city is for sale. Inquire at this office. These warm evenings a dish of Canningham's pure cream and berries is delicious.

Gen. Halleck. The telegraph intimates that Gen. Halleck may be called to succeed Secretary Stanton in the War Department.

The Louisville Express states that counterfeits of the legal demand treasury notes have made their appearance in that city.

The Richmond Battles—Estimated Loss. Gen. Marcy, chief of Gen. McClellan's staff, estimates his loss at \$30,000 in the recent battles.

Do Your Shirts Fit? If not, try the Paragon shirt, made to order—and no fit, no sale at Parker's, No. 30 West Washington street.

Barber Shop for Sale. I will sell the fixtures and good will of the Signer House Barber Shop. Apply on the premises, to DAVID RINKLE.

The National School, No. 27 South Meridian street, will serve up at 9 o'clock this evening, a splendid free lunch of fresh fish and all the delicacies of the season. All lovers of good things are invited to be present.

A Copper Moon. The moon rose last night round as a shield and for a time was fiery red. The color faded away by degrees to a light copper, and with that hue continued some hours, when she signs in the heavens will put various interpretations on this freak of Her Majesty, the moon.

The City Council meets to-night. We presume the subject of the petition from the Fifth Ward, praying for the repeal of the amended slaughter-house ordinance will be considered. We hope the members will meet early and keep good hours.

PERSONAL—Major Daniel McClure, Paymaster U. S. A., is in the city and stopping at the Bates House. Major McClure will probably make this place the headquarters of his department, but it is not yet determined.

SOCIETY MEETING.—The officers and members of the Indianapolis Hebrew Benevolent Society are hereby notified to attend a regular meeting on Friday next, the 13th inst., at 12 o'clock P. M., at the usual place.

It appears to be the intention of Cady & Co. to make their establishment the best and show store of the city. Call and examine the new goods direct from Boston. Ladies should look at their large stock of gaiters, balmorals, kid and morocco walking shoes, gentlemen at their boots, Oxfords and Wellingtons. Their stock of children's wear is unrivalled.

SEVERAL PUNISHMENT.—A Captain DePugh, of the 24th Tennessee regiment, was guilty of receiving money from soldiers to get discharges for them. As the regiment was not mustered into service, he could not be tried by court martial, and Col. Campbell, the present Marshal of Nashville, was ordered by Capt. Greene, A. A. G., to disperse of him as follows: "His military offense is an infamous one, and demands an infamous punishment. You will have his insignia of rank and buttons of his coat stripped from him by a private soldier, in front of the regiment—(read)—and then cause him to be marched, by a file of the Guard to the enclosure of the Provost Barracks, where you will have him publicly whipped, and then turn him over to the civil authorities to be punished for a violation of the laws of the State of Tennessee, in obtaining money under false pretences."

Notice that the City Shoe Store have been receiving large additions to their stock, forwarded by Mr. Mathew, who is now in Boston. They have a Congress serge boot gaiter for one dollar, and a splendid assortment of children's shoes.

Shopping.—A woman was noticed yesterday by a boy to take a large spoon or ladle from the door of a tin shop, and purchased some small articles, offering a ten dollar counterfeit bill for change. She pretended that the bill was received from a reliable source, and started out to repeat the experiment at another store.

Meeting to-night at Masonic Hall.—There will be a meeting to-night at Masonic Hall—a rally in response to the President's proclamation, calling for additional regiments. We presume, however, that the object, as we get our information from posters on the streets. Governor Morton, General Dumont, William Wallace, Benjamin Harrison and others are announced to speak.

Improvements.—In addition to the numerous first-class buildings now being erected up this season, we learn that the frames are to be removed and a fine block of four story buildings will be put up on the space on Washington street between the Bates House and the city hall. The plan is to have the building erected by Mr. H. B. Bates, Weaver & Williams and, we believe, Mr. Dodd, are the parties who intend to build.

Railway Matters.—The bill authorizing the construction of a railway bridge over the Ohio river at Steubenville, has passed both Houses of Congress. This will insure the speedy completion of the Pan Handle road, and shorten the distance from this point east via Pittsburgh materially. The work, we are informed, will be pushed through rapidly, and the trains from here will run in connection with the Indiana Central and Columbus, Steubenville and Pittsburgh roads.

Extra Train.—Half Fare.—The Jeffersonville will run an extra train to Franklin on Thursday, July 17, to accommodate all that want to attend the Democratic Congressional Convention. The train will leave the Union Depot at 11 o'clock A. M., and, returning, leave Franklin about 6 o'clock P. M. Tickets half price. The train leaving the Union Depot at 6:00 A. M., will also carry passengers at half fare.

Post Offices in Tennessee.—The following postoffices have been reopened in Tennessee: Nashville, Davidson county; Murfreesboro, Rutherford county; Jordan's Valley (Christiana), Rutherford county; Foster ville, Rutherford county; Gallatin, Sumner county; Clarksville, Montgomery county; Springfield, Robertson county; Franklin, Williamson county; Columbia, Maury county; Shelbyville, Bedford county; Lebanon, Wilson county; Waverly, Wilson county; Smith's Hill, DeKalb county; Liberty, DeKalb county; Alexandria, DeKalb county; Palmetto, Bedford county; Jennings Forks, Smith county; Gordonsville, Smith county; New Middleton, Smith county; Mitchell, Wayne county; Stearns Mills, Cheatham county; Ashland City, Cheatham county; Lafayette, Macon county.

Metzger's.—It will be seen by a notice in this day's paper that the Metzgers have disposed of their bakery on Pennsylvania street to Messrs. Nickum & Parrot. The establishment has long been noted as one of the leading institutions of the city, and it will be conducted by the new proprietors on the same liberal scale that characterized their predecessors, and the bread, rolls and the nicest cakes and the choicest confections were always found at Metzger's, and their shop was an ornament to the city. So it will continue to be. The best and ever so good, and the ever so ready to do its work to perfection. It can fill, hem, bind, gather, tuck, quilt, and has capacity for a great variety of ornamental work. This is not the only machine that can fill, hem, bind, and so forth, but it will do so better than any other machine. The Letter A Family Sewing Machine may be had in a great variety of cabinet cases. The Folding Case, which is now becoming so popular, as its name implies, one that can be folded into a box or case, which, when opened, makes a beautiful, substantial, and spacious table for the work to rest upon. The cases are of every imaginable design—plain as the wood grain in its native form, or as elaborately finished as art can make them.

INDIANAPOLIS OFFICE.—No. 3 Odd-Fellows' Hall, Washington street.

CAUTION. The market is full of imitations, represented to be the same as "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," which are in most cases productive of positive injury. Many dealers in retail cases prepare and lower priced articles, affording more profit to themselves. Ask for and OBTAIN ONLY BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, which by long experience have proved their value, having received the sanction of physicians generally, and testimonials from eminent men throughout the country.

INSURANCE. THE MANHATTAN LIFE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK CITY. Accumulation, \$1,200,000. SEVEN-EIGHTHS of the profits divided to the assured. Dividends paid in the life-time of the assured. Interest of part of profit given in payment of the premiums.

NIAGARA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF NEW YORK CITY. Cash Capital \$200,000.00 Assets \$1,132,311.00 Total Assets \$221,132.31

NEW BOOKS. NEW PUBLICATIONS. LES Miserables, by Victor Hugo; Love's Labor Lost, by Mrs. Southworth; Blue-Boys, by Kingsley; Nine Months in the Quartermaster's Department; Farson, Rowland's Book; Soldiers' and Sailors' Friend, author of Woman in White; The Flirt; A Life's Secret; Ecclesiastical History of a Century Past; Leisure Hours in Town; A Book About Doctors; City of the Saints.

CHICKERING & SON'S PIANOS. STEINWAY & SON'S PIANOS. Piano-Fortes. ANOTHER INVOICE OF

WILLIAMS & STOWELL. Just received No. 4 Bates House. WILLIAMS & STOWELL. No. 6 Piano tuned to order and by THE TRADE.

COMMERCIAL. [BY TELEGRAPH.] Cincinnati Market. CINCINNATI, July 11. Flour unchanged; sales superfine \$3 70@3 80; extra \$3 50@4; inferior \$3 40@3 50. Wheat unchanged; new crop sold at 75@82c. Corn in moderate demand at 33c. Oats dull at 35c. Whisky firm at 25c. Nothing done in pork or lard. Sugar 1/2c higher. Coffee very firm. Gold dull; silver declined to 2 prem., which is the buying rate; the dealers are willing to sell gold at 16 and silver at 10; exchange par.

New York Market. New York, July 11. Flour market heavy and 5c lower, but afterwards a moderate export demand sprung up and the market closed very steady; sales made at \$1 50@1 70 for superfine white; \$1 90@1 95 for extra; \$1 40@1 50 for common to medium extra; \$1 15@1 20 for common to good shipping brands extra round hoop Ohio; and \$1 30@1 40 for trade brands.

Wheat 1 1/2c lower, with moderate business doing at the decline; the strike still continues, and has a very depressing effect; sales Chicago spring at 95@100; Milwaukee club \$1 05@1 12; amber Iowa \$1 12@1 15, the latter for extra choice parcels; winter red Western \$1 21@1 23; white Michigan \$1 34@1 36; white Kentucky \$1 40; inferior Canada club \$1 05. Corn heavy and lower; sales at \$2 53 for old mixed Western; 46@51c for new; 43@46c for unshelled; 58c for prime southern yellow.

SPECIAL NOTICES. TO THE NERVOUS OF BOTH SEXES. A Retired Clergyman having been restored to health in a few days, after many years of great suffering, is willing to assist others (free) on the receipt of a post-paid directed envelope, a copy of the prescription and directions.

PUBLIC NOTICE. TOHLINSON & CO., Druggists, No. 15 East Washington Street, have been appointed agents for the sale of BRANDEN'S SEWING MACHINE. THE WOODRUFF PATENT, for the use of Congress, Col. Sec. Throat, Bronchitis, Whooping, Croup, the Croup and Whooping, and Diseases of the Lungs. Sold in large boxes, 25c, 50c, and \$1 each.

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TELEGRAPHIC. [APPROVED EXPRESSLY FOR THE DAILY STATE SENTINEL.] Noon Reports. WASHINGTON NEWS. The President Visits McClellan. CONGRESSIONAL. GUERRILLAS IN KENTUCKY. FROM GEN. CURTIS'S ARMY. FOREIGN NEWS.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—A special to the Tribune says: The following are the names of the Committee of Ten appointed by Socrates N. Sherman, of St. Lawrence District, Chairman of the Republican caucus last night, to draft an address to the President.

Senators—Howard of Mich., Wilson of Mass., Wilkinson of Minn., Lane of Kansas, and Morrill of Maine. Representatives—Bingham of Ohio, Stevens of Pa., Sedgwick of N. Y., Foster of Wis., and Sargent of Cal.

A special to the World says: Lieut. McClane, of the 3d Ohio, who wore a United States uniform while the Virginia guns were on the buttons, was arrested to-day and sent to the old Capitol for entertaining a number of rebel prisoners under his charge by taking them to private residences, escorting them around his camp.

Special to the Times says: It was rumored to-day that Gen. Halleck was with the President at Fort Monroe. It does not seem to be reliable, but report gains belief that it is to be the new Secretary of War, for which position many regard him as the fittest man in the nation.

The friends of Union prisoners throughout the United States will be delighted to hear that the War Department has determined on a general exchange of prisoners. This movement is traceable directly to the Times's editorial of yesterday.

Both Houses this week unanimously passed an armistice bill which will save about two million dollars per annum.

Yesterday the House, after a spirited debate between Mr. Olin of New York in favor, and Mr. McPherson of Pennsylvania against, laid on the table the bill to increase the staffs of all army corps and division commanders. It involved about three hundred thousand dollars per annum increased expenses.

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From Fort Monroe. FORT MONROE, July 9, 8 P. M.—A flag of truce was sent up the York river yesterday and returned this afternoon. At Chamberlain had found 100 of our wounded soldiers held as prisoners by the rebels. The latter readily consented to get them up. Arrangements were at once made to convey them to the landing where the steamer lay. When they had been conveyed about a mile the rebel cavalry came up and compelled them to return to the hospital.

The steamer Caronicus was fired into yesterday by the rebels a few miles this side of Harrison's Landing. No damage done. Notwithstanding our gunboats are stationed at intervals of three miles along that portion of the river, yet the rebels, with about six field pieces, drove down near the river and fire into our transports, and every day they fire and run away before the gunboats can be brought to bear on them.

From Nashville. NASHVILLE, July 10.—Four companies of the 9th Pennsylvania cavalry were surprised and cut to pieces at daybreak this morning, at Tompkinsville, on the State line near the cavalry, 1,500 strong. Col. Williams, and Majors Jordan and Brown are reported among the killed. The wounded men were assassinated. Stearns is reported on route for Bowling Green, with the recovery of the road track. Some of the road track has been torn up. Later accounts state that it is not certain that Col. Williams was among the killed.

From Philadelphia. PHILADELPHIA, July 10.—A correspondent of the Press, from the flag ship Hartford, gives rumors by deserters from Vicksburg, that Breckinridge passed through that city in the latter part of June, and crossed the Mississippi in a small row-boat, on his way to Texas, and, perhaps, Mexico.

From Boston. BOSTON, July 11.—The city Council of Newburyport, after patriotic speeches, voted a bounty of \$75 to each man volunteering under the new call for soldiers in that city.

Night Dispatches. CONGRESSIONAL. WASHINGTON, July 11. SENATE.—On motion of Mr. Wilkinson the resolution to pay the first lotteries from Minnesota was taken up and passed.

On motion of Mr. Wright the bill for the relief of the Register of the Land Office at Vincennes, Ind., was taken up and passed.

Mr. Powell called up the resolution calling for further evidence of the documents connected with the report of Joseph Holt and Robert Dale Owen.

The bill amendatory of the act of 1795 calling out the militia of the United States was taken up. The question being on Mr. Browning's amendment to the second section of the amendment by Mr. Grinnell to strike out the words "mother, wife, and child," when Mr. Browning's amendment was rejected—yeas 17, nays 21.

Mr. Browning offered as further amendment that such mother, wife, or child shall not be freed unless they give rise to labor or to the rebels.

Mr. Foster, from the Committee of Conference on the general pension bill, made a report which was agreed to, and also passed.

HOUSE.—Mr. Hooper, from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported a bill providing for a national currency secured by United States stocks, and for circulation and redemption thereof.

The bill was recommitted to the Committee on Ways and Means, and ordered to be printed.

The House then proceeded to the consideration of private bills.

Mr. Bingham, from the Judiciary Committee, reported back the Senate bill, with verbal amendments, to prevent members of Congress and of the courts, letters, or other communications, or procuring contracts, offices or place under the Government of the United States.

The bill was read. It provides that any member of Congress, or officer of the Government, or other person, holding any office, pensionary aid or other office of honor, profit, or trust under the Government of the United States. The bill was passed.

Mr. Wickliffe suggested that there be entered on the journals that the bill was unanimously passed.

The Speaker said there being no objection the entry will be made.

The House concurred in the report of the committee of conference on the naval appropriation bill.

A bill was passed giving to masters and other officers of gunboats the benefit of the pension bill passed during the present session.

The House then proceeded to the consideration of a conference on the confiscation bill. They recommended that the House recede from the disagreement and agree to the Senate, with certain modifications, so as to provide as follows:

Every person who shall be convicted of a crime of treason against the United States, and shall be adjudged guilty thereof, shall suffer death, and all his slaves, if he have any, shall be declared and made free; or he shall be imprisoned for not less than five years, and not less than ten thousand dollars; and all his estate, real and personal, including slaves, shall be levied upon, any sale or conveyance to the contrary notwithstanding.

If any person shall leave the incite, set on foot, assist, or engage in any rebellion or insurrection against the authority of the United States, or the laws thereof, and shall give aid or comfort to any such person, he shall be convicted thereof, and such person shall be punished by the forfeiture of all his personal property, or shall be punished by imprisonment ten years and fined not exceeding ten thousand dollars, and his slaves, if he has any, shall be declared and made free, and all such property, excluding slaves, shall be forfeited to the United States.

the confiscation bill was then concurred in, yeas 82, nays 42. Mr. Stevens made a report from the Conference Committee on the tariff bill; which was concurred in. Adjourned.

From Washington. WASHINGTON, July 11.—The financial measure reported from the Committee on Ways and Means to-day is in accordance with the recommendation of the House. It is proposed to establish a separate bureau charged with the execution of this act, and all laws that may be passed by Congress respecting the issue and circulation of a national currency secured by a pledge of United States stocks. The chief officer is to be called the controller of the currency, with a salary of \$5,000 per annum, and is to be under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury. United States stock is considered to meet the coupons and interest bonds now issued on the faith of the United States by the Secretary in pursuance of law.

Any chartered bank or banking association in good credit and whose capital is less than \$100,000, granted under the laws of any State, Territory or of the District of Columbia, may avail itself of the advantages of the national currency authorized by this act, under certain conditions. The bill also provides for the formation of associations by any number of persons, carrying on the business of banking with United States stocks as a basis. Plans are authorized to be engraved for notes of the denomination of five, ten, twenty, fifty, one hundred, five hundred, one thousand dollars. Banks or associations willing to redeem in lawful currency of the United States are to be proceeded against, the United States to have the first lien on their association.

The bill covers nearly fifty printed pages. Accounts brought by the Postal to-day at the headquarters of the army of the Potomac give a cheering view of the position of things in that vicinity.

It is represented that the losses on our part in the several battles will not exceed in killed, wounded and missing to 11,000. Stragglers are continually returning.

It is understood that previous to the late battles before Richmond Gen. McClellan arranged with the rebel authorities for a general exchange of prisoners and that Gen. Dix has been instructed to commence the exchange of a few troops.

The Richmond Examiner of the 7th has been received here. It says we believe all that was known in this city yesterday outside of the circles of bureaucracy was that the enemy had taken a strong position with one of his flanks resting on the river about Berkeley completely under the reach of his gunboats, and his extreme right reaching to Henry creek where his position is defended by an almost impassable morass. It was supposed that the rebels would have been attacked yesterday, but there had been no fighting up to the last accounts. It is not to be supposed the enemy has selected these plantations as the scene of his last grand stand without good reasons.

Foreign News. ST. JOHN'S, N. F., July 11.—The steamer Norwegian, from Liverpool, the 3d, via London departed the 4th, was boarded off Cape Race at 10 o'clock to-day.

The shipping at Liverpool on the 4th of July was greatly retarded with fog. The Cunard and other transatlantic steamers, had all their bunking flying.

Lord Palmerston, in the British Parliament, reiterated his declaration against the feasibility of mediation at present. He contends that what is wanted in order that the war may come to an end, is that each party be brought to apprehend its real interest; when that is seen, nothing will prevent