DAILY SENTINEL.

FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 29

Address of the Democratic Members
OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

TO THE PEOPLE OF INDIANA.

Setting forth the History of the late Session, and the Reasons why morehad not been accomplished during its Constitutional Term.

This document makes a pamphlet of 16 pages, and will be furnished in any quantity.

PRICE $1 50 PER 100.

All orders should direct the speeches to be sent by express, as the postage is one cent for each copy, and must be prepaid. Address,

ELDER, HARKNESS & BINGHAM,
Indianapolis.

The Conscription Act.

SPEECH OF

Hon. D. W. Voorhees,

ON THE

CONSCRIPTION BILL,

In the House of Representatives,
February 23, 1863.

This is one of the finest speeches of Mr. Voorhees, on a question now occupying a large share of public attention, and every voter in Indiana should have a copy. Democrats should raise clubs to distribute this largely in every School District in the State. It makes a pamphlet of eight pages.

Price $1 00 per 100.

All orders should direct the speeches to be sent by express, as the postage is one cent for each copy, and must be prepaid. Address

ELDER, HARKNESS & BINGHAM,
Indianapolis.

THE LIBERTY OF THE CITIZEN.

THE SPEECH OF

Hon. D. W. Voorhees.

Delivered in the House of Representatives, February 18, 1863, on the "Act to indemnify the President and other persons for suspending the writ of habeas corpus, and acts done in pursuance thereof," is now printed in pamphlet form, and can be obtained at this office. This is be great effort of Mr. Voorhees to protect the liberty of the citizen from the despotism, and should be in the hands of every voter in Indiana. It makes a pamphlet of 16 pages.

Price $1 50 per 100.

All orders should direct the speeches to be sent by express, as the postage will be one cent a copy, and must be prepaid.

Address ELDER, HARKNESS & BINGHAM.
Indianapolis.

Job Printing.

We are now ready to do all kinds of plain and fancy Job Printing, in the best style, on short notice, and *as cheap as any other office*. We have competent hands, good presses, a fine assortment of paper and cards, and we can do good and cheap work. All kinds of books, briefs, catalogues, &c., printed in the best style and on short notice. We ask the patronage of Democrats, and all others that want printing done. tf.

TO LOCAL ADVERTISERS.—Rates of advertising in the local column will hereafter be as follows: For ten lines or less, $1 00. Over ten lines, ten cents a line. No notice will be inserted until paid for.

CITY AND STATE ITEMS.

WOOD WANTED.—Wanted to engage from forty to fifty cords of good wood, to be delivered during the summer at the rate of two cords a week. Apply at this office. d&wtf

☞ Cash paid for Quartermaster's accounts and Government claims, by D. S. McKernan, Soldier's Claim Agent, No. 8, West Washington street. my28 d1y

MASONIC NOTICE.—A special meeting of Marion Lodge 35, for work, will be held this, Friday evening, at 7½ o'clock. Punctual attendance is requested. FRANCIS KING, Secretary.

☞ Recollect the sale of six lots at auction tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock by O. Foote, auctioneer. They are only three squares from the Bates House, and one square and a half from the State Capitol. The opportunity to get a location so near to business does not occur every day.

ICE! ICE! ICE.—George W. Pitts has on hand plenty of pure, clear Ice, to supply his customers, without shipping from Toledo or any other point. Any person wanting Ice, can be supplied by addressing George W. Pitts, Box 853, Indianapolis P. O. ap30 2m

☞ Dr. Hebern, the American Cancer Champion, is located at the Bramble House, Lafayette. The Doctor is the only physician now living who can kill and cure a cancer in from five to twenty-four hours, without instruments or pain. No cure no pay. may19-tf.

ICE! ICE!—Joseph Parisette has on hand, 300 tons of clear Ice. Any person wanting Ice can be supplied by the five cents worth or ton, by applying at No. 15, North Illinois street, in his old Ice cellar, or at No. 79, South street, between Tennessee and Mississippi streets. Ice cellar open from 9 to 12 A. M., and from 1 to 7 o'clock P. M. may 27 d4t

☞ It never rains but it pours, is the old adage, and it is again verified. On top of the news of five victories comes the intelligence that Spencer is receiving fresh invoices of the splendid style of hats and caps, which he so well knows how to select. 27 3

☞ Rev. David Stevenson, State Librarian, returned yesterday, from the Army of the Cumberland, where he has been for three or four weeks collecting material for his work, "Indiana's Roll of Honor." Mr. Stevenson designs making his work complete, and doing it in such a manner as will reflect honor upon the State.

AUCTION SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—That fine lot of ground on Virginia avenue, known as the Hanna property, has been subdivided in building lots of convenient size, and will be sold on Monday, June 8th, at public sale, by Wiley & Martin, Real Estate Auctioneers.

MAGAZINES, &C. FOR JUNE AT BATES HOUSE NEWS DEPOT.—Harper's Atlantic; Ladies' Repository; Peterson; Billou's Dollar; Continental; Godey; Leslie's Family; Arthur; Eclectic; Clipper; Independent; Home Journal; Ledger; Mercury, and all weeklies, for sale by Master Eddie.

FINE SUBURBAN LOTS.—We have beautiful suburban lots near the Bickemayer land, and also on the National and Michigan Roads east, at cheaper prices, and on better terms than lots of this description have recently sold for.

DEZELL & JONES,
Real Estate Brokers,
may30 37 East Washington st.

FASHION.—The "Yankee Card Writer," whose written cards for the last twenty years have graced all the aristocratic center tables in this country and Europe, has located permanently at the Bates House. He has all the late New York patterns (new shapes) and writes a pack in ten minutes. See his exquisite marriage cards with satin tie, also visiting and call cards. Samples mailed—send three stamps to O. Sackett, Bates House.

MURDER AT KOKOMO.—Two horses belonging to Mr. Pyle, living near this city, were stolen a few days ago, and the Sheriff of Howard county was telegraphed to have a look out for them. He sent his deputy, Mr. Stewart, to the livery stable of the Messrs. Coopers, at Kokomo, to see if they had been offered for sale there. The thieves were at the stable at the time bartering for a trade or sale with one of the brothers. Mr. Stewart seized the bridle of one horse and told Mr. Cooper to hold the other. The thieves instantly dismounted, and one of them shot Mr. Cooper through the head, killing him instantly, and fired another shot at Mr. Stewart, which missed him and killed an elderly gentleman who was passing on the opposite side of the street. In the confusion, one of the thieves escaped but was subsequently arrested.

There was great excitement at Kokomo as the train passed through yesterday. The citizens were terribly exasperated at the villianous murder, and it was thought that nothing could restrain them from hanging the murderers.

Supreme Court Decisions.

FOURTH DAY.

Terre Haute Gas Co. vs Henry H. Teel et ux.—Vigo C. C. Affirmed with 3 per cent. damages.

Conrad Nunnemacher vs John Ingle et al.—Floyd C. C. Affirmed.

William J. Moss vs Hiram Kimball—Wabash C. C. Affirmed.

John Wilson, Administrator, vs John Briggs et al.—Vigo C. C. Affirmed.

Vincent A. Quail vs Aquilla Jones—Bartholomew C. C. Affirmed.

Abner H. Bowen vs James Spears et al.—Cass C. C. Affirmed.

Samuel Beals vs Daniel Beals—Hamilton C. P. Reversed.

George Butler et al. vs State ex rel. M'Fetridge—Rush C. P. Affirmed with 3 per cent. damages.

J. T. Woodruff et al. vs Robeson Garner—Union C. C. Reversed.

John Markel vs Joseph B. Robertson—Grant C. C. Reversed.

Benjamin Gee vs John M. Lewis—Carroll C. P. Reversed.

Enoch W. Boylen vs Omar Tousey—Decatur C. C. Approved with 1 per cent. damages.

Bonaparte Bradley et al. vs Bank of State—Decatur C. C. Affirmed.

Bank of the State vs. Bonaparte Bradley et al.—Decatur C. C. Affirmed.

☞ On Wednesday afternoon the soldiers of the 63d regiment, presented to Mrs. Carrington a beautiful watch and chain. The ceremonies on the occasion of the presentation have been described by those who were present as very interesting, and we can well believe they were. The following extract from the reception speech of General Carrington, breathes the spirit of the Christian soldier and gentleman:

Soldiers: All those expressions of sympathy are dear to an officer. We are engaged in a high and holy endeavor to restore our Union and we *shall* restore it. Whatever the sacrifice, whatever the trial, our success is sure as that God blesses and prospers the right. You have well done your part. Scarcely one of you has not been under my command in some important and delicate duty. We have worked together, by day, and you have not forgotten the two night marches we made in company. Your duties having been trying, as are always the duties of a Provost Guard, in a large city, but you have been faithful. Every order has been cheerfully obeyed, and when you undertook to do a thing, you always did it. Above all, I am happy to commend your respect for the Sabbath, your sobriety and moral deportment. The soldier should never forget, that, when he honors the God of Battles, his Maker, when he respects His laws, when he embodies, in his character, the highest qualities of the best citizen, then he presents to his country the highest type of the soldier. So, my men, let your characters shine that when we all pass through the grave we shall journey upward together, to recount our trials, and the goodness of our God, in the mansions prepared for the valiant and the pure. Again I thank you.

A DARK NIGHT.—The lighting of the street lamps are regulated by the moon, but there is no order issued yet to regulate Her Lunar Majesty, and the consequence is that she shines when she is in good humor, and pouts and covers her pretty face with a black veil without paying the slightest attention to what is laid down in the almanac. On Wednesday night she was in one of these sulky moods, and left our city covered by a pall of more than Ethiopian darkness, which was only relieved by an occasional flash of lightning. Some of our hands who live at a distance from the office had a happy time getting home. One of them gives a graphic description of his experience. He left at three. His eyes were in a bad condition to peer through the blackness of the night after leaving the strong gas light of the news-room. His first collision was with a large man near the Palmer House. Both were scared and both were profuse with apologies. His next rencounter was with a lamp post; in steering from the edge of the side walk, he stumbled over a cellar way. No bones broken yet. Leaving Washington street at Tennessee, he took the middle of that street; but had not proceeded far, when he pitched over a cow that had laid down to rest. He then took the west side walk, and was getting along very comfortably, when a vivid flash of lightning showed the arsenal building within a few inches of his nose. That scared him, fearing he would be shot on suspicion of prowling around the Government property for some evil intent; so he broke east like a quarter horse, and brought up against a pump handle somewhere, which spread out to arrest him. He changed his tactics; he walked, after that, only when the lightning would show a clear street before him, and got home about day light.

Another of the men, who lives east, tumbled into the drain on Pennsylvania street and broke his specs. He threatens to bring suit, but don't know whether to commence his action against the city, the gas company, or the moon.

For the State Sentinel.

Patriotism.

The Journal is very patriotic. It speaks of the number of men it has sent from its office to the war, and never hires one of them to work again when they come back. It talks of standing by the Sentinel when that paper rejoices over the capture of Vicksburg, and indulges in a dirty shirt at the patriotism it approves. It disapproves of immoral acts, and prints lying extras of the capture of Richmond on Sunday. It preaches of temperance and gets drunk every now and then. It talks about its "expensive" army correspondence, when the United States pays them $13 per month and the Journal pays them nothing. It was in favor of secession before the war, and denounces all as traitors who speak of it now. It employs sneaks, who backed down from every inducement to volunteer, in preference to old soldiers who want some bread.

Truly it is a patriotic paper. Let it squirm in its virtue, for it has little left.

It calls treason anything depreciatory of the war policy of the Administration, and says that "furious energy seems to be above or below the comprehension of General Halleck or the President."

REPUBLICANISM ILLUSTRATED.—Down to Nashua the other day, a Democrat was conversing with a prominent Republican office holder, a very fine man, who has a large influence in that party—the conversation being upon the policy of the Administration—he drew from his pocket a Courier, and read to this good Republican an article copied from the Journal of a year ago, (the same published in the Union a few days since.) After finishing it, says the Democrat, "Now Mr. ———, that article is printed in the Boston Courier, as able and soundly edited a Democratic paper as there is in the United States. What do you think of it?" "What do I think of it?" replies Republican "I think it just such doctrine as any traitor would uphold; it would do credit to Jeff. Davis himself." "Well," says the Democrat, "Mr. ———, that article was published in the Boston Journal a year ago, and is now copied into the Courier. Now what do you think of it?" "Why I don't know as I see any harm in it; I guess that's all right enough," replies Mr. ———, the capital specimen of the Republican party.—[Manchester Union.

MASONIC GRAND LODGE.—The Grand Lodge of Masons adjourned yesterday at noon. The Grand Master announced the following as the Grand officers appointed for the ensuing year. We have published the list of the Grand officers elected:

Rev. John Leach, of Laporte county, Grand Chaplain.

E. H. M. Berry, of Milroy, Rush county, Grand Lecturer.

Joseph A. Woodbrull, of Angola, Grand Marshal.

Casper Fogel, of Mount Carmel, Grand Senior Deacon.

Lynsden A. Smith, of Terre Haute, Grand Junior Deacon.

Henry Colescott, of Indianapolis, Grand Tyler.

RUNAWAY.—Yesterday, while Washington street was crowded with vehicles, a pair of horses started to run away with a heavy country wagon to which they were attached. The driver kept his seat and pulled lustily at the reins controlling the infuriated animals somewhat, at least so far as to avoid collision with other wagons. Finally, one wheel came off, and still the driver held to his post; then another wheel came off, and the heavy wagon bed tossed about like a ship in a storm, but yet the gallant driver held to the reins. Near the corner of Pennsylvania street a collision took place with another wagon, making a wreck of both, but stopping the runaway.

☞ You won't be satisfied unless you "buy your shirts at Parker's." Shirts well made and at low prices, and warranted to fit, ready made and made to order at No. 30 West Washington street. may29-3t.

BENEFIT OF JENNIE HIGHT.—Tonight Miss Jennie Hight takes a benefit at Metropolitan Hall, and appears in the beautiful drama of the French Spy. The force of the Lottery Ticket will be played before the curtain rises on the main piece of the evening. Miss Jennie has sustained herself most admirably in the caste of characters she has chosen since she has made her appearance as a star on our boards, and gives promise of becoming a bright luminary in the dramatic firmament. As a danseuse, she is unequalled, and she has that versatility of talent that well fits her to excel in the role of characters she has marked for her own.

☞ Mr. George W. Hawes returns to the firm of Samuel Sterling & Co., having purchased the interest of Mr. Gridley, who retires. The firm now consists of Samuel Sterling, G. W. Hawes and Roderick Beebe, and will maintain its reputation for being the first in the market with all seasonable supplies. The old stand, opposite the Bates, on Illinois street, is the place to go for family supplies without the fear of having to return with an empty basket. Mr. Hawes still continues his Directory establishment, and will hold on to his well earned laurels in that line.

☞ A rare chance to buy real estate at auction, and two good houses suitable for three families—opposite to the late residence of O. H. Smith. Somebody will get a bargain. Sale at 2 o'clock on Saturday the 30th May, at the Courthouse. Terms: one-half down; the balance in one year. my27 d3

☞ The gymnasium at the corner of Meridian and Maryland streets, having been lately repaired and put in good order, is now for rent. The bowling alleys have been leveled, and are in first-rate fix. Apply at the store, underneath the hall, of C. A. ELLIOTT.
my29 d3t

A Libel on Mr. Vallandigham.

The Gazette's Murfreesboro correspondent, in giving his account of Mr. Vallandigham's entry into his southern prison, says, among other things:

"In conversation with your correspondent, he candidly admitted that the dealings of the Government with himself were necessary and justifiable. If the Union was to be restored by war, he admitted that in that case the Government would be obliged to use all the physical force of the loyal States, and could tolerate no opposition. This, however, he declared, would be at the expense of the free principles of our Constitution; whereas, he thought, that by the adoption of his plan not only might these principles be conserved, but the Union of the States ultimately restored."

We have no disposition to doubt the word of any army correspondent any more than to doubt the telegraph reports. They have both an established reputation, that makes it presumption in any one to disbelieve either. Yet the above is so barefaced a canard that we are comelled, in despite of our indisposition of doubt, to pronounce it an unmitigated falsehood, manufactured by the reporter or his employees. Through the courtesy of Major General Burnside we had daily access to Mr. Vallandigham while in this city, and up to the hour of his departure on the gunboat Exchange for Louisville. The subject of his arrest was, of course, the chief topic of conversation; and in no case did Mr. Vallandigham speak of it otherwise than as unnecessary and unjustifiable, denouncing it, in unmeasured terms, as arbitrary, unwarrantable and dangerous to the peace of society. He said the Administration could do no act so well calculated to ruin its cause as by pursuing the policy it was doing in making arrests for expressions of opinion as to its war policy; for it, he remarked, made the people doubt (he quoted the language of Gov. Seymour) whether this war is waged to put down rebellion at the South, or destroy the free institutions of the North. He used, on occasions, stronger language than that employed by Governor Seymour, in denunciation of his own arrest and the policy of such arrests generally. Had Mr. Vallandigham believed what the Gazette's reporter says he uttered, he would not now be a prisoner, but would be at home enjoying its comforts; for he would not have done any act that would have brought with it punishment which it was "necessary and justifiable" on the part of the Government to inflict. Mr. Vallandigham's whole conduct, his public speeches and private conversations give the lie direct to the statement of the Gazette's reporter.—[Cincinnati Enquirer.

SPECIAL NOTICES

S. T.--1860.--X.

DRAKE'S PLANTATION BITTERS

They purify, strengthen and invigorate.
They create a healthy appetite.
They are an antidote to change of water and diet.
They overcome effects of dissipation and late hours.
They strengthen the system and enliven the mind.
They prevent miasmatic and intermittent fevers.
They purify the breath and acidity of the stomach.
They cure Dyspepsia and Constipation.
They cure Diarrhea, Cholera and Cholera Morbus.
They cure Liver Complaint and Nervous Headache.
They are the best bitters in the world. They make the weak man strong, and are exhausted nature's great restorer. They are made of pure St. Croix Rum, the celebrated Calisaya Bark, roots and herbs, and are taken with the pleasure of a beverage, without regard to age or time of day. Particularly recommended to delicate persons requiring a gentle stimulant. Sold by all Grocers, Druggists, Hotels and Saloons.

P. H. DRAKE & CO.,
jan9-d&w1trawGm 202 Broadway, New York.

HARDWARE.

IRON, NAILS, STEEL, &C.

POMEROY, FRY & CO.

DEALERS IN IRON, NAILS, STEEL, WOOD-Work, Bent-stock, Woodenware, Blacksmith's Tools, Thimble Skein, Boxing, Malleable Castings, Rasps, Files, Springs, Plow Wrigs, &c., &c.

AGENTS FOR

The Ohio River Salt Company.
The Madison Spice Mills.
The Madison Pearl Starch Company.
Coal Oil and Benzole.

POMEROY, FRY & CO.,
No 117 West Washington Street,
Opposite the State House,
my16-d&w1y Indianapolis, Ind

ATTORNEY.

JOSEPH A. LEWIS,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

OFFICE ON SECOND FLOOR HUBBARD'S BLOCK, Corner Washington and Meridian Streets, (entrance from Meridian Street,) Indianapolis, Ind. He will faithfully and promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to him. Especial attention given to collections. He refers to the business men of Indianapolis generally. my9-d6m

MILLINERS.

MISS J. DOYLE

BEGS LEAVE TO INFORM THE LADIES OF INdianapolis and vicinity that she will open Show Rooms over No. 9 Bates House Block, West Washington street. Miss Doyle intends keeping a Paris Millinery Emporium, where at all times may be found the best assortment of Bonnets, Ribbons, French Flowers, Plumes, Bridal Wreaths and all goods usually to be found in a first class establishment. Miss Doyle intends making Indianapolis her permanent residence, and will at all times keep the best and most desirable goods to be found in the market. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited. apr6 d1y

NOTICE.

TO TAX PAYERS.

NOTICE IS HEREY GIVEN THAT THE COMMON Council will meet, as a board of equalization, on Monday, June 1st, 1863, at 7½ o'clock P. M., to hear the complaints and equalize the assessment of 1863. The assessment can be found at the Assessor's office, at No. 14 New & Talbott's Block, on Pennsylvania street, south of the Post office.

Attest: CYRUS S. BUTTERFIELD,
my16-d6d City Clerk.

DRUGGISTS.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

TOMLINSON & COX, Druggists, No. 18 East Washington Street,

Have been appointed agents for the sale of

BRANDE'S TUSSILAGO,

THE WONDERFUL GRANULUS, for the cure of Coughs Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Wheezing, Irritation of the Uvula and Tonsils, and Diseases of the Lungs. Sold in large boxes, 25 cts., 50 cts., and $1 each. n18d1y

TELEGRAPHIC.

[REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE DAILY STATE SENTINEL.]

Noon Reports.

From Washington.

WASHINGTON, May 27.—The Richmond Examiner of Monday contains the following:

All that can be considered certain in the confused jargon of telegrams from Jackson, is that two points of the land defenses of Vicksburg have been assaulted and the assaults repulsed. Indeed, nothing could excuse or explain a want of success on the part of the defense, as all sides are high bluffs, crowned with breastworks and batteries. We are informed that an attack can no where be made with a force equal to the garrison, and that on no side can more than 8,000 men be deployed in line for an assault. The character of the ground renders regular approaches difficult, while the heat and malaria of the country during six months of the year, would make its siege at the present season one of the most murderous ones on record.

Only treachery or cowardice could explain the capture of Vicksburg by sudden assault; and its fall by any other means seems daily less and less probable. If the Yankee army had swept down the valley in such overwhelming force as not only to beat the Confederate forces in Northern Mississippi, but to take permanent possession of the whole country, and establish themselves there as they have done in Northern Tennessee and Kentucky. The fall of Vicksburg, could, with difficulty, be prevented. Isolated in the midst of territory possessed by the enemy, its reduction by blockade would be but a question of time. But Grant's army is not an army of conquest, still less of occupation. Its advance on Jackson, however intended, has been converted into a very or 1 ary d.

It is true he gained rapid and repeated advantages from the time he captured Grand Gulf till lately, because the Confederate forces under Gen. Pemberton had been scattered over half the State of Mississippi, and were therefore unable to defend any point in danger. Johnston has been ordered to go there and take command of that army, but whether he will be able to retrieve all the losses suffered by the Confederates remains to be seen; but we have little reason to fear the loss of the State of Mississippi and consequent fall of Vicksburg while he can keep the field there. A disgraceful attempt was made here in Richmond to fix upon him the responsibility of the disasters of the Lieut. General, by favor who was entrusted to the command of the most important army of the Confederacy, without having put a squadron in the field of battle, but it is the duty of every honest man to see that this detestable maneuver shall fail.

A special to the Tribune says so far as can be ascertained, there is no foundation for the reports that Gen. Butler is to be assigned to the Department of the Ohio.

The probabilities now are, that the Government will carry into effect, the $300 clause in relation to the enrollment law.

It is understood that Solicitor Whiting has given a written opinion in favor of construeing the clause to be binding upon the Executive.

It is now doubtful whether the first draft for troops will be as was originally intended, confined to those States which have failed to furnish their quota under previous calls. The deficit is so small in all States where they exist, with the single exception of Pennsylvania, as to render so restricted a draft practically unavailing.

NEW YORK, May 28.—All male contrabands in the neighborhood of Alexandria, have been sent to work on breastworks near there.

Great alarm, caused by the report that Stuart's cavalry intended making a raid on Alexandria. Our pickets were attacked yesterday in the vicinity of Bull Run, and one killed. The enemy was chased ten miles, and it is supposed some of them killed and wounded. There is no force of Rebels from Warrenton to Acquia Creek.

From New York.

NEW YORK, May 28.—The Richmond Enquirer of the 25th has the following dispatches from Gen. Pemberton, commanding at Vicksburg, which were sent to Jackson, Mississippi, and from that place telegraphed to President Davis:

VICKSBURG, May 20.—The enemy assaulted our entrenchments yesterday on our center and left. They were repulsed with heavy loss. Our loss is small.

The enemy's force is at least 60,000.

VICKSBURG, May 21.—The enemy kept up a heavy artillery fire yesterday. Two of our guns were dismounted in the center. Our works, however, were uninjured. Their sharpshooters picked off officers and men all day.

Our works were repaired and guns replaced last night.

Our men are encouraged by a report that Gen. Johnston is near with a large army and are in good spirits.

VICKSBURG, May 21—2 P. M.—We have had brisk artillery and musketry firing all day, also heavy mortar firing from the gunboats.

3 P. M.—During the past two days transports with troops have gone up the river, but their destination is unknown.

MOBILE, May 23.—A special to the Advertiser says:

The enemy has been foiled in all his efforts. His dead strew the ground in front of our works. According to our estimate his loss amounts to 10,000.

Firing was heard last night and to-day at intervals. The enemy are supposed to be shelling.

NEW YORK, May 28.—The Commercial has the following:

There is but little doubt but that Grant has received ample reinforcements, and by the 25th at least was amply prepared to move successfully upon the enemy's works.

The latest official intelligence received in Washington from Vicksburg was to 4 o'clock on Sunday morning, when Grant represented all going on well.

From Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, May 28.—Advices from Kentucky represent all quiet in Burnside's front.

The Rebel force in Wayne county is estimated at from 6,000 to 8,000.

Pegram's headquarters are this side of Monticello, in Gilbert's front.

Much speculation and uncertainty is rife as to the Rebel intentions. A bold stroke is now evident.

Night Report

From Vicksburg.

CHICAGO, May 28.—Cairo specials say that Gen. Lee, of Kansas, confirms the report that two of the outer works of the enemy were taken on Friday. On the fortifications the battle was sanguinary, and the Federal loss severe. The Rebels fought with coolness and desperation, reserving fire until our forces came within murderous range; they were driven back, however, by main force, into their last line of entrenchments. This was the situation Friday evening. Jackson has been destroyed. The Federal army that occupied the place is now acting as reinforcements for Grant. When the boat left Saturday morning, the mortar boats were throwing shells across. We have captured the batteries both above and below the town.

From New York.

NEW YORK, May 28.—The ship Common wealth, of Boston, Captain McClellan, from New York, March 19, for San Francisco, was captured by the Alabama previous to the 24th ult.

The cargo of the Great Eastern contains two hundred tons iron plates for the United States Government.

The Washington Star says a letter was received there yesterday, stating that a large Rebel steamer, heavily loaded with cotton, had been captured off Charleston.

The steamer America, from Greytown the 20th, has arrived with a large number of passengers from California.

The correspondent of the Commercial says New Orleans has been secured from any Rebel invasion by the arrival of reinforcements, so that should the insurgents attempt a foray upon the place during General Banks' absence, they will fail.

The Herald's special says Gen. Corcoran has been acquitted for killing Col. Kimball. The latter was at the time intoxicated and had no authority to stop Corcoran.

The steamer American, from Nicaragua has arrived.

The difficulty between the Nicaraguan Government and the Steamship Company has been settled.

Sale of 5-20's.

PHILADELPHIA, May 28.—The General Subscription Agent reports the sale of $2,058,000 worth of 5-20's to-day.

From Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, May 28.—The Evening Bulletin has the following special dispatch:

CINCINNATI, May 28.—A number of conscripts from the 5th Tennessee Rebel regiment reached Cairo on the 25th inst. They were on their way from Port Hudson to join Bragg's army, when the battle of Raymond was fought. In the fight they refused to fire on the Federals, and shot in the air. After this engagement they encamped at Mississippi Springs. In the middle of the night half of the regiment left their camps, determined to make their way into the Federal lines. They say there has been at no time more than 10,000 Rebel troops at Port Hudson.

T. H. Granger, alias Norton, was arrested here to day on the charge of being connected with the forgeries of drafts purporting to be issued by T. Granger Adams, of Chicago. His operations seem to have been carried on privately in Washington and Baltimore. The amount of the forgeries is estimated at $50,000. The accused admitted his guilt.

Southern Dispatches.

The following extracts are clipped from the Richmond Whig of the 27th:

MOBILE, May 25.—Special dispatches to the Evening News, dated Jackson, Sunday, May 24, say that firing was heard till nine o'clock A. M on that day. No report of artillery had been heard since that hour.

This forenoon the 20th Mississippi regiment, mounted, dashed into Raymond, capturing four hundred prisoners, fourteen of whom were brought to this city. The rest being sick or wounded, were paroled.

JACKSON, MAY 25.—An officer who left Vicksburg Tuesday at 10 o'clock, A. M. says: The enemy attacked our left and center four times. The first attack lasted 30 minutes; the second twenty minutes; and the third fifteen minutes, and the fourth nine minutes. They were repulsed each time. Our loss was 60 men. When the column of assault was brought up on Wednesday the officers leading the troops broke, and the column disappeared. On Thursday the enemy was engaged in shelling our entrenchments. Our works toward Warrenton have not been menaced. The Federal line of investment is imperfect. Some of the prisoners report that Gen. Steele was killed.

The Whig has the following editorial with regard to Vicksburg:

We give under the telegraphic head some encouraging news from Vicksburg, based upon the situation of affairs on Thursday evening last.

Speaking of the investment of that stronghold, announced in the dispatches of last week, the Mobile Register says, unless we have been strangely misinformed as to the strength of the place, it cannot be carried by storm. The town is well garrisoned and provisioned, and the reduction of such a place by siege is a slow operation. Meanwhile, Gen. Johnston has yet to play his part in the drama. He is behind the enemy with a pretty large force, and that daily accumulating. From all accounts, troops are still pouring towards Jackson from the East.

Gen. Grant will have to encounter Pemberton in his forts in front, and defend himself against Jackson in his rear. It will probably require weeks or months to reduce Vicksburg. In the meanwhile, chances of war open abundant hopes of raising the siege by cutting off Grant from his supplies, or by assaulting him in his line.

Richmond papers of the 26th contain nothing from Vicksburg.

Latest from Vicksburg.

CAIRO, May 28.—The steamer Imperial arrived at Memphis from Vicksburg Monday morning. From Capt. Stevens, a passenger, we learn the following:

On Friday the battle was raging furiously. Grant charged the fortifications and took some of them, but the Rebels rallied and retook them. There was much hand to hand fighting. Capt. Stevens says that our loss in killed and wounded on that day will reach 5,000. The Rebels used hand grenades when our forces attempted to storm their works. It was reported that one corps of Banks' army had arrived at Warrenton.

From Washington.

WASHINGTON, May 28.—From the statement of gentlemen who have just arrived from the Rappahannock, it seems probable that the Rebels have greatly reduced their strength, and are maintaining a mere shell in front of our lines. If this was positively known to the military authorities, it is probable that our forces would not much longer remain inactive.

It is further represented that in consequence of certain information received by citizens of Falmouth, which was not obtained through legitimate channels, in relation to affairs in the enemy's lines, and as it was believed that such information had been communicated by Rebel soldiers who have been engaged in hauling seines in the Rappahannock, a note was addressed to Gen. Lee on the subject, protesting against a continuance of the practice. The result is that the fishing has been discontinued and the pickets withdrawn to a considerable distance from either shore of the river. This also breaks up the friendly visits of the pickets to one another.

From North Carolina.

RALEIGH, N. C., May 25.—The Raleigh Progress Kingston correspondent under date of yesterday, says:

Some 3,000 Yankees attacked our force, which consisted of three regiments at Gum Swamp, and surprised and routed them.

We lost several who were wounded, and from 50 to 100 prisoners. We took eight prisoners.

Gen. Hill forced the enemy back to within eight miles of Newbern.

The Colonel commanding the Yankees is reported killed.

The enemy burnt the court house and other buildings at Trenton.

Dr. Wm. Myers, Assistant Surgeon U. S. A., now confined in Libby Prison, is held as a hostage for Dr. Green of Spottsylvania, who is in Fort Norfolk as a hostage for the infamous traitor Dr. Runke. Runke's trial is now pending before the county court of Bontecourt.

For two officers recently murdered officially in Ohio, two officers of equal rank now in our hands are to suffer through the operation of the *lex talionis*. This intelligence has been conveyed to Col. Ludlow the Yankee Commissioner, by Commissioner Ould with the additional assurance that hereafter for all Confederate soldiers, or citizens, improperly held, or executed, the law of retaliation will be rigidly enforced.

The Alabama Again.

PHILADELPHIA, May 28.—The brig Wm. M. Dodge, from Pernambuca 23d, has arrived. Captain Potter, of the ship Oneida, is a passenger, and reports that the Oneida was captured and destroyed by the Alabama. She was bound from Shanghai to New York. At the same time saw on fire the bark Henrietta Balkmore for Rio; also the work of the Alabama. Captain Potter ascertained that a few days prior to his capture the Alabama had, in company with the Florida, captured and destroyed the following vessels: Ship Louisa Koleh, Captain Grant, from Cordiff for Longspore; ship Nova, Captain Adams, from Liverpool for Calcutta; ship Chas. Hill, Captain Percival, from Liverpool for Montevideo. In addition to these, they had jointly captured and destroyed the following whalers: Bark Lafayette of New Bedford, Capt. Lewis; brig Kate Cary, of Westport, Capt. Flanders; schooner Kingfisher, of Fair Haven.

From Fortress Monroe.

FORTRESS MONROE, May 28.—A woman named Miss Hasler, was arrested at Suffolk yesterday. A document containing a plan of all the fortifications at Suffolk was found on her person, and letters to Gen. Longstreet, stating that he could make a raid to Suffolk and capture Gen. Viele and Governor Pierpont. The documents were prepared by an Attorney at Norfork by the name of Stribs. He is under arrest.

FOR SALE.

A VACANT LOT ON WASHINGTON ST.,

NEAR CAPITOL SQUARE,

FOR SALE.

THIS Lot is wide and deep, and will be sold low for cash. McKERNAN & PIERCE,
feb20-d&w8w Real Estate Agents.

ESTRAY.

STRAYED.—Broke out of my enclosure, two miles south of the city, on the Shelbyville Gravel Road, a Bay Mare, supposed to be about 10 years old. Said Mare is about 15¼ hands high, good length, thin in flesh, no white or any other marks except harness marks. Any one returning or giving information to me, at Little's Hotel, of the whereabouts of said Mare, will be liberally rewarded.
my26-d3t A. R. HYDE.

Why should I buy a box of

BRANDE'S TUSSILAGO

THE WONDERFUL GRANULES.

COMMERCIAL.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, May 28.

Flour—There was an active, speculative demand; 1,200 brls sold at $4 50 for superfine, $4 75 for extra, and $5 00 for family; at the close, an advance of 15@25c was asked.

Grain—Wheat is active demand, chiefly speculative, and prices advanced 3@5c per bushel; closing at $1 05 for prime red, and $1 12@1 15 for Indiana and Ohio white. Corn remains dull at 53c for ear, and 52@53c for shelled. Oats are firmer, and 1@2c higher; closing at 60@61c in bulk. Rye sold at 73@75c. Barley is nominal.

Meats—Mess Pork is offered at $9 50@9 75 for old, and $11 50@13 50 for new. Bulk Meats at 3¾c for shoulders, 4¾c for sides. Bacon, 4⅝@5¾c.

Lard—Prime city is saleable at 9½, but country is dull at 9@9¼c.

Whisky—Firm at 40½c.

Groceries—Quiet and unchanged.

Money—Gold, 40@42c prem. Silver, 25@30c prem. Exchange firm at ⅛c prem.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, May 28.

Money—Somewhat easier at 6 per cent. Sterling quiet and steady at 157@158 for first class bills. Gold is without decided change; opening at 43¼@43⅝, and closing quiet at 43⅝@43⅞c prem.

AUCTION.

GUARDIAN'S SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I WILL SELL AT public auction, on the first Tuesday in June, 1863, 10 o'clock, A. M., on the premises, joining the Model Mills, in the City of Indianapolis, the following real estate, to-wit:

Thirty six feet and seven inches off of the west part of lot twenty-three, (23,) as laid off on out-lot No. 148 of the donation lands, adjoining the city of Indianapolis, Ind., by James Blake and James M. Ray. Said lot will be sold for no less than two-thirds of the appraised value; the purchaser paying one-fourth of the purchase money down, one-fourth in six, one-fourth in twelve and one-fourth in eighteen months from the day of sale, securing the deferred payments by note, and mortgage on the premises, waiving valuation and appraisement laws.

my 25-d6t ANN M. CARLISLE, Guardian.

CLOCKS.

MEDICAL.

CONFIDENTIAL

YOUNG MEN WHO HAVE INjured themselves by certain secret habits, which unfit them for business, pleasure or the duties of married life; also, middle-aged and old men, who, from the follies of youth or other causes, feel a debility in advance of their years, before placing themselves under the treatment of any one, should first read

"THE STUART FRIEND."

Married ladies will learn something of importance by perusing "The Secret Friend."

Sent to any address, in a sealed envelope, on receipt of Ten Cents.

DR. STUART & CO. can be consulted on all diseases of a private or confidential nature, from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M., (Sundays from 9 to 11 A. M.,) at their office.

Address DR. CHAS. A. STUART & CO.,
mch21-d&w1y is-'62 Boston, Mass.

THE CONFESSIONS AND EXPERIENCE OF AN INVALID,

Published for the benefit, and as a warning and CAUTION TO YOUNG MEN who suffer from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay of Manhood, etc., supplying at the same time, THE MEANS OF SELF-CURE. By one who has cured himself, after being put to great expense and injury through medical humbug and quackery.

By enclosing a post-paid addressed envelope, single copies may be had of the author

NATHAN MAYFAIR, Esq.,
my25-w1y Bedford, Kings county, N