DAILY CRESCENT.

THE NEW ORLEANS DAILY CRESCENT
OFFICE NO. 92 ST. CHARLES STREET,
Will be regularly served to subscribers in the city and Lafayette at an early hour every day, (Sunday excepted,) for $8 a year, in advance, payable to the office, or $1 each a week, payable to the carriers.
TERMS OF ADVERTISING:
Terms and other rules the date the following rates of charges, pursuant of no time is paid, will be invariably adhered to, viz:
First insertion, in all cases.....$1 00
Every subsequent insertion.....50
Advertisements on the second page are charged as new each day.
A liberal discount will be made with those who advertise by the year or for a shorter time.
All Advertisements not marked will be published one month and charged accordingly.
The Crescent has strong claims upon advertisers as a medium of communication with the public. Its circulation, which was large when it came into the hands of this present proprietor, has been steadily and rapidly on the increase, even through the dull season just closed.
October 16, 1851.

TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 9, 1852.

MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.—We will hereafter publish the simple announcement of marriages and deaths free of charge.

☞ Our friends between Canal and St. Louis streets, the River and the Swamp, must bear with us for a few days, until our new Carrier on that route learns the ropes. Any of our subscribers failing to receive their paper, will oblige us by making it known at the office at once, and those who take it by the week or month will please send in their name and address.

The Elections.

Our whig friends have nominated, throughout, a strong ticket. They come before the people with the most favorable auguries of success; auguries which will challenge our democratic friends to their utmost efforts and the nomination of their best men. Both parties recognize that success is to be won only by the nomination of the best possible candidates. To perfect the organization of business, our citizens will vote for such men, and such only. The whigs have nominated a first rate general ticket. Crossman—self made, experienced in Municipal affairs, and a practical mechanic—is a hard man to run against. Garland and DeBuys have the large influence of the young men to start with. Pilie and Jolles are not behindhand in the premises.

Our democratic friends must nominate a first rate ticket to compete with their friends of the whig party. We understand they will nominate this ticket:

MAYOR—John L. Lewis.
COMPTROLLER—John Duncan.
TREASURER—H. A. Nott.
SURVEYOR—A. G. Blanchard.
STREET COMMISSIONER—John Anderson.

That is a fair ticket. Gen. Lewis is experienced in official duties, having held office since he was eighteen years of age, and his father having held office before him; the General having been a Clerk under him, though only eighteen years of age. Messrs. Duncan and Nott are gentlemen of great popularity. Mr. A. G. Blanchard is a most deserving and competent gentleman, has done good service for his country in "the tented field," and has a thousand reasons to prompt his friends to zealous and untiring efforts. We have no question, if merit be the test, to make in reference to this nomination.

Mr. John Anderson is another gentleman, who ought to be nominated, and the democratic party will scarcely do itself the injustice to pass over him.

In the Second Ward (formerly Third and Fourth) Messrs. Corcoran and B. Wheelehan are candidates for Alderman. Our friend Corcoran is a very clever and deservedly popular gentleman. He starts with a passable hobby, which he knows very well how to ride. He and Mr. Wheelehan desire to annex Algiers. It has two miles of water between it and NewOrleans—a population which would not relish the expensive amusement of annexation and the taxes thereafter following—but the hobby is a good one, and the candidates are excellent.

Our whig friends must keep both, or all, eyes wide open. The candidates who will most probably be opposed to them, must be looked after. They have nerve, energy, capacity and a certain "knack" at electioneering. It will not do for them to sleep on their arms. They must keep "watch and ward," or some bright morning they will wake up and find themselves nowheres. But the nominations balance off in this wise:—we will say after the election.

PUBLIC DOCUMENTS.—We are indebted to the Hon. S. W. Downs for the Thirty-fifth Annual Report of the American Colonization Society, with the proceedings of the Board of Directors, and of the Society, and the addresses delivered at the annual meeting.

We are indebted to the Hon. M. St. Martin for a copy of the speech of Gen. Shields on the resolution expressing sympathy for the Irish exiles.

We are indebted to the officers of the steamer Patrick Henry for St. Louis papers.

Thanks to the officers of the steamer Fanny Smith for Louisville papers.

We are under obligations to Purser Chadwick of the steamship Falcon for his polite attentions.

By a telegraphic dispatch to J. B. Jennings, Esq., from the South West Pass, dated 10½ A. M., 8th inst., the steamship Georgia still remained outside the Bar. She had made several attempts to cross, but was unable on account of the low stage of water.

Gliddon's Panorama of the River Nile will be exhibited this evening at half-past 7 o'clock. The oral descriptions are by Mr. Gliddon, the well known lecturer on Ancient Egypt. Oriental music each exhibition.

WING RANGERS.—This body met last night and organized. It resolved to meet every Monday and Thursday nights at the "Pearl," opposite the St. Charles Theatre. It is one of the most efficient political bodies that could possibly be suggested. Its influence will be largely felt—we have no question—in the approaching elections. The young men of the city will enthusiastically respond to its call of "Rally! Rally!! Rally!!!" Our democratic friends may look out for the Whig Rangers.

ST. CHARLES THEATRE.—Sir William Don and the Heron Family appeared last night to a very good house. The simple appearance of Sir William in the character of *Cousin Joe*, is sufficient to convulse one with laughter; but we were more pleased with his personation of *Sir Charles Coldstream* in the first act of "Used Up."

The Heron's were very well received, and required to repeat their songs amidst a shower of bouquets.

FRENCH THEATRE.—Donizetti's opera of "La Favorite," will be given to-night, Mme. Wedemann sustaining the principle character. We are delighted to learn that Verdi's charming production, "Jerusalem," is in course of rehearsal and will soon be brought out.

PROFESSOR ANDERSON.—The attendance at Armory Hall on last and preceding evening to witness the unrivalled feats of the Wizard of the North was, as on previous evenings, brilliant and influential. Nobody who has witnessed the extraordinary feats of Professor Anderson can marvel that the English Premier, as has been reported by a contemporary, has decided upon appealing to the Wizard to extricate him from impending difficulties.

THE GREAT EQUESTRIAN SPECTACLE.—It is now decided that the great equestrian spectacle at Dan Rice's Hippodrome, in comparison with which the feats at Astley's and Franconi's will fall in the shade and sink into beautiful insignificance, is to come off on Friday evening next. The occasion (the benefit of Harry Whitbeck) is one which will call together the host of personal friends of the beneficiary, and, independent of this, the announcement that the entire performance will be given by amateurs (well known that young men) will fill the house to overflowing. All the acts are in rehearsal.

DR. MCDOWELL'S LECTURES.—Dr. McDowell will commence a series of lectures at the Lyceum Hall on Wednesday evening next. His first lecture will be on the natural history of the human races, and the diversity of their origin.

Eds. Crescent—No one will doubt or question, I presume, that it is not only desirable, but devoutly to be wished, that every State, town and public institution in the United States should contribute, if possible, a block of stone or marble to the great NATIONAL MONUMENT, at present being erected at Washington city, to the memory of the FATHER of his Country. Yes, more: that every American citizen should in some form or other, be embodied in that grand and imperishable work! It would give a deep and lasting feeling of *solidarity* to the American people, so essential to our Union, and the blessings of our free Republican form of Government. But let not King or Potentate "*dip his hand in the dish*," or put a block of *marble in the Monument*, for he deserveth not the things that pertain to our National greatness and glory. They would be tarnished and the NATIONALITY of the MONUMENT ruined if it contained within its solid masonry, contributions from any of the horrid despots of Europe. We want none of their gifts, none of their *interference in our affairs*. Yours, CENCI

Telegraphed to the "Daily Crescent."

By the People's (O'Reilly) Line.

NewYork Markets.

NEW YORK, March 6.

The Cotton market is unsettled Flour is in good request at unchanged rates. Corn is steady. Yellow and white, 65@66c ⅌ bushel. Mess Pork, $15 75 ⅌ bbl. Rio Coffee, 9¼c.

Ohio River—Markets.

PITTSBURGH, March 6.

The river is now stationary, with sixteen feet six inches water in the channel.

CINCINNATI, March 6.

The river here is stationary. Bulk Meats are in good request at 7@7½c for Sides, and 6c ⅌ lb for Shoulders. Bacon Sides firm at 8¾c ⅌ lb. Flour steady.

LOUISVILLE, March 8.

The steamboats Ohio and Reindeer have departed for NewOrleans. River rising slowly.

Kossuth Attacking Mr. Clay.

LOUISVILLE, March 8.

Kossuth, in his speech on Saturday night, indulged in much personal reflection on Mr. Clay. He charged him with a breach of confidence and of gentlemanly courtesy in having his speech published that was delivered on the occasion of their interview in Washington, in which Mr Clay took strong grounds against intervention. Hostyles Mr. Clay's position as assumptions based on assertion merely. He says the publication of that speech has provoked him not a little, and he did not answer them on grounds of personal affection for Mr. Clay. He says—"I took the interview for a private one, and I refrain now from further discussion for the same cause, though I am provoked by this uncalled for publicity."

He reviewed Mr. Clay's position on non-intervention at some length, and more in terms of ridicule, than in those of argument. His speech has given much dissatisfaction here, especially to the friends of Mr. Clay.

Further by the Arctic—Composition of the Ministry.

NEWYORK, March 8, 1852.

The Earl of Derby has handed in the following list of his Cabinet: Chancellor of the Exchequer, D'Israeli; Home Department, Walpole; the Foreign Department, Lord Malmsbury; Lord President, Lonsdale; Lord Privy Seal, Lyndhurst; First Lord of the Admiralty, Duke of Northumberland. The former Ministry have consequently resigned formally. Parliament, on Monday, received their formal resignations, and adjourned until Friday. The new Reform bill, and other Government measures are considered dead. Prior to the sailing of the Arctic, it was a question whether Lord Derby should go in with the present House, or dissolve Parliament. Lords Lansdown and Russell have declared that they will resist all efforts to reimpose the duty on corn. The new Ministry are generally well received, but it is reported that the opposition would refuse votes for supplies until Lord Derby indicated clearly the principles upon which the Administration would act.

France.

M. Barroche, the trustee of the Orleans property, has been arrested, charged with circulating seditious publications.

The alleged protest of the Emperor of Russia against the measures of Louis Napoleon, is believed to be unfounded.

M. Duphi has declared himself a candidate for the Legislature.

The Secretary of the Pasha of Egypt has arrived in Paris on a special mission to the President.

The Bank of France in view of the large accumulation of funds has proposed to reduce the rate of interest.

The elections in Paris were to take place on the 29th Feb. and the 1st of March.

The Illustrated London News has been forbidden to enter France and is stopped at the French Post-offices.

The demand from France for the removal of the monuments from the field of Waterloo has created great excitement in Belgium.

Diplomatic relations between Belgium and Russia are about being resumed.

Liverpool Markets.

Brown and Shipley's Circular quotes Cotton unchanged in price on Tuesday evening the 21st, with sales for Friday, Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, of 30,000 bales. They also quote Flour, Corn and Wheat in limited demand at Friday's rates. The closing quotations on Wednesday are for Fair Orleans 5¾, Middling Orleans 5, and Fair Uplands 5⅝d. ⅌ lb.

Arrival of the Falcon.

The U. S. mail steamship Falcon, Lieut. Henry Rogers, U. S. Navy, commanding, arrived here last evening. She brings the Havana mails and owen passengers. The U. S. mail steamship Georgia left NewYork on the 24th of February, with upwards of 600 passengers for Chagres, all of whom were transferred to the steamship Ohio, which left Havana on the 2d inst.

The only news of importance at Havana was the appointment, by the Queen, of the Conde Mirasol as Governor General of the Island of Cuba, in place of LaConcha, the present incumbent.

The U. S. sloop-of-war Albany left Havana for Pensacola the day on which the Falcon sailed.

The following is a list of passengers by the Falcon:

W. D. Hennen, Manuel Ruiz, R. V. Cuerto and wife, M. A Mengers, Peter Van Router, P. A. Garrian, Santiago Rodriguez, T. H. Dehnon, Henry Gaillard, Thos. Carpel.

In addition to the above we give the following items of Havana news, brought by the steamship Isabel, and which we find in the Savannah Republican:

The steamship Empire City, from NewOrleans, and steamer General Concha, from NewYork via Charleston, had arrived at Havana, the former on the 28th and the latter on the 25th ult. Left in port U. S. sloop-of-war Albany, barks Susan, General Green, and schooner Zephyr, from Charleston.

We glean a few items of news from the Havana papers. The island continues quiet throughout.

The Queen's birthday was celebrated with great enthusiasm in all the principal towns. The papers are full of the accounts from Trinidad, St. Jago de Cuba, and other points, of the ceremonies on the occasion.

There is a movement, among some of the influential merchants, to establish a bank in Havana. The *Diario de la Marina* warmly advocates the measure. There is but little doubt that a bank, properly conducted, would soon create a revolution in business on the Island.

M'lle Parodi and assistants are anxiously expected in Havana. The patrons of musical entertainments were much disappointed that she did not arrive out on the 25th ult. by the Isabel.

We learn from the *Gaceta de la Habana*, of the 28th ult., that the Spanish brig Phœnix arrived at that port on the previous day with the captain and crew of the brig Logan, from Boston, bound to Sagua La Grande, which was wrecked on the island of Arguila on the 21st ult.

We are under obligations to Mr P. Chassen, No. 116 New Levee, for a copy of the Brownsville (Texas) Rio Bravo.

The obliging officers of the steamers Chaneeller and Yorktown will please accept our thanks for river favors.

STEAMER W. A. VIOLETT SUNK.—A dispatch from Grenada, Miss., dated the 5th inst., says: "The steamer W. A. Violett, regular packet between this place and NewOrleans, struck a snag about one mile from this place and sunk to her bollers. She had upwards of 200 bales of cotton in her hull, which will be a total loss. Not much prospect of raising the boat. No lives lost. Boat not insured, but greater part of cotton covered by insurance.

MR. RHETT.—"X," of the Baltimore Sun, thus handles this gentleman: "The extreme levity shown by Mr. Rhett, when talking of the lives and fortunes of his fellow-citizens, and the religious scruples which prevent him from exposing his own life, exhibit at least a very strange and incomprehensible contrast. We have all heard of the old sinner who, expatiating on his youthful indiscretions at last wound up as follows: 'Ah, this is over, and I am now only fit for the Kingdom of Heaven, and scarcely fit for that;' but I am not disposed to make the application."

NEW TRIAL AND IMPORTANT DECISION.—Wm. Stettler, recently convicted in Philadelphia of counterfeiting, was, on the 27th ult., granted a new trial by Judge Kane. He was found guilty on the evidence of an accomplice, who was convicted in Baltimore, but subsequently pardoned by the President. Judge Kane has decided that the pardon, to be valid, must show that the President knew all the facts of the case, the offence, the turpitude of the offender, and the punishment. In this case the pardon was erroneous in its recital of these facts, and was therefore void.

THE AZTEC CHILDREN.—Mr. J. S. Addison, the importer of the famous Aztec Children, is out in a card in the New York Herald, stating that they were *honestly purchased from him*, by the present proprietor. From this it appears that the "traffic in human flesh," which is so loudly decried in the North, is not confined exclusively to the South. These children, however, we believe, are not negroes, which fact makes a great difference in the affair.

FROM KEY WEST.—The Charleston Courier has received advices from Key West to the 29th ult. The ship Talemon had not yet been got off, and it is thought she will be abandoned. The U. S. schooner Gurdis, and steamers Legare and Walker, are at Key West. The schooner Anderson was loading with cargo from the wreck of the Talemon, bound for NewOrleans.

FUNNY.—It is stated that the Pittsburgh Kossuth Committee, which had collected about $3000, deducted some $1500 for expenses, and proffered the balance to Kossuth. He indignantly refused it, threw the check in the chairman's hat, said he would have all or none, and demanded a bill of expenses, that he might know what he was paying for. How the matter resulted has never yet been made public.

ACCIDENT.—A dispatch to the St. Louis Intelligencer, from Peoria, Illinois, dated 28th ult., says: "The steamer Amazonia carried away half of the draw of the Peoria bridge at 4 o'clock this morning; it was snowing and hazy. She gave the usual signal for opening the draw, but failed to awaken the watchman. The boat was injured, but no lives lost.

A MORAL PARISH.—The Plaquemine Sentinel states that the Grand Jury for the Parish of Iberville has been in session for several days recently, and failed to find anything in the Parish on which to start a case. Iberville is a fourfully moral parish.

From the Cincinnati Commercial.

HENRY CLAY.

Dying! his labors done! Now through the land
Let the rude jar of warring interests cease:
And in hushed awe the bending nation stand,
Till the great heart has won its final peace.

Well may men's souls before him silent bow!
It is his hour of triumph, not of strife;
Around his honored head are settling now
All the deep glories of his lengthened life.

What were those glories?—pride of place or power!
High trusts and guerdon given to patriot faith?
Say, what were these to make a triumph hour
In the dark presence of the spoiler, Death?

These were not his; he to his country owes
Nor gift nor guerdon, though to her he gave
His life's high service, and but asked repose
When round him fell the shadows of the grave

While on her battle field was fiercely flung
The young rich blood that was of his a part,
And that stern sacrifice the life-drops wrung,
Though all unseen they fell, from his own heart.

But from her shrine, whereon he still has laid
His glorious gifts—his fervid spirit's fires—
Kindling to dazzling power the offerings made,
Till o'er the land they shone like beacon pyres.

From these, the gathered splendors of long years,
The solemn light is poured, around him shed,
Till oh! how poor earth's haughtiest throne appears,
To the calm glory of that dying bed!

Be hushed, oh earth! awake no pageant strain—
Such things may for a party's chief be meet;
But while the truths for which he wrought remain,
Enough! their voice shall still his name repeat.

J. L. D.

FIRE.—A destructive fire occurred in Broadway, Cincinnati, on the night of the 29th ult.

INCREASE OF PAY.—The Journeymen carpenters of New York have resolved not to work for less than two dollars per day after the 10th inst.

THE ECLIPSE.—The new steamer Eclipse will be ready in about a week to start on her first trip from Louisville to NewOrleans.

NEW COUNTERFEIT.—A new counterfeit $20 on the Bank of Kentucky has just made its appearance. It is well calculated to deceive.

A NEW PIANIST.—A young lady has recently arrived in Paris from Germany, and is creating great excitement in musical circles by her performances on the piano.

STEAMSHIPS SOLD.—The steamships Osprey and Albatross were sold at auction at Philadelphia on the 3d inst., the former for $29,000 and the latter for $42,000. Mr. De La Croix, of NewYork, was the purchaser.

MATERIAL AID.—The sum total of material aid received by Louis Kossuth in Cincinnati is within a fraction of $14,000. (Fourteen thousand dollars.) Of this amount $9000 were donated, and the remainder, $5000, resulted from the sale of bonds. So says the Gazette.

FROM SOUTH AMERICA.—Advices from Rio to the 12th of January, state that a battle had occurred between the forces of Rosas and Urquiza, in which the former was victorious, and that five thousand of Urquiza's men had deserted to the standard of the enemy.

FROM LAKE SUPERIOR.—Late advices from the Lake Superior mining regions represent that recent explorations have developed veins of copper ore richer than any which have heretofore been known. In addition to this, all the old mines are being worked with great success.

THE ASTOR LIBRARY.—It is expected that the Astor Library will be opened next September. It now comprises about 60,000 volumes; Dr. Cogswell having added, during his late visit to Europe, some 28,000 volumes at a cost of about $30,000. The unexpended portion of the fund appropriated for books will increase the number of volumes to 100,000.

ANTI-TEMPERANCE MEETING.—A large meeting was held in NewYork, on the evening of the 27th ult., by those opposed to the efforts to obtain the adoption of the Maine liquor law in that State. Numerous speeches were made, and a series of resolutions passed declaring the law a high-handed aggression on the constitutional rights of citizens.

TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS FOR A HAND.—A jury at Philadelphia, on Friday, decided that the right hand of a laboring man, in the prime of life, with a family dependent upon him, is worth exactly two hundred dollars—that is, they gave damages against a stable keeper and a carpenter for that amount, in favor of a coachman who lost his hand by a team falling upon it, the accident being caused by the negligence of the defendants. The interest of two hundred dollars is twelve dollars a year, a dollar a month, or a fraction less than twenty-five cents a week.

THE "SPIRITS" IN VERMONT.—The "mediums" are doing a tremendous business in Vermont in various lines. One of them has had a chat with Gen. Washington and has obtained his political views at length. He is said to be strongly in favor of a protective tariff. The "medium" wanted to make oath that the entire communication was regularly transmitted to him from the spirit world. Another "medium" has had a talk with the once famous radical, William Cobbett, which immediately concerns Plagiarists in general. The spirit rapped out that a book which has won a very wide circulation under the title of "The Young Man's Guide, by William A. Alcott," is in essence and substance stolen from his own much older work, known in its day as "Cobbett's Advice to Young Men," which charge he assumes to back up by quotations of chapter and page.

A "medium" at Levant, N. Y., has made oath to a statement to the effect that a large number of unmanageably devils are constantly annoying him. Their lungs must be strong, as the afflicted individual Mr. Paige, avers that they converse with him perfectly audibly when they are a thousand or fifteen hundred miles away from him. The editor of the NewYork Tribune, to whom the communication was sent, publishes it verbatim in order, it says, to avoid a quarrel with the devils in case they should feel themselves traduced.

THE EXECUTION OF GRUNZIG.—Otto Grunzig, who was executed in NewYork on the 27th ult., for the murder of his wife by poison, manifested a calmness and self-possession which surprised all who witnessed the fearful scene. When upon the scaffold, through the Rev. Mr. Verren, he protested his entire innocence, and stated that the woman, Margaret Lorenz, was guilty of the deed. He persisted that he did not even know that his wife had been poisoned until the investigations of the physicians developed the fact, and he further predicted that Margaret Lorenz would, in less than a year, confess her guilt. He said that she had all the reasons to do the deed, while he had none; that when his wife came back, (from Germany, we suppose,) he thought he was doing wrong to live with Margaret, and resolved to put her away and return to his wife, whom he really loved. On the evening previous to his execution, Grunzig sent a letter to Margaret, forgiving her, and telling her he was about to die for her. He was perfectly calm and collected up to the last moment, and the reverend gentleman, while delivering his speech, was much the most agitated of the two.

ANOTHER VITRIOL OUTRAGE.—Mr. Lewis Bechler, of the firm of Byer & Bechler, Philadelphia, on the evening of the 28th ult., was terribly burned with vitriol by a young married woman, the wife of an apprentice to the firm, from revenge. The apprentice was named Kellet, and the wife was desirous that her husband should be freed from his indentures, but the firm were not willing, and neither did the young man ask it. The wife had instituted a suit against her husband for her maintenance, and he was thrown into prison, but released by his employers, who went his bail. Last night she called at the residence of Mr. Bechler, and on his coming to the door, inquired when the trial would come on. He replied that he did not know, when she threw a quantity of vitriol into his face, and escaped during the confusion. His right eye is entirely destroyed, and it is feared that the sight of the other will also be ruined. His mouth and nostrils are also burned. The author of the outrage was taken before Mayor Howell and committed for a further hearing.

NAVAL INTELLIGENCE—*Boston*, Feb. 28.—The brig Pinedo, which arrived at Holmes's Hole from the Cape de Verde, reports the following naval news:

Left U. S. brig Bainbridge, Com. R. Manning; arrived Jan. 21 from Rio Janeiro 42 days—waiting for orders from the Commodore.

U. S. ship Germantown, Com. Lavalette, left Port Praya Jan. 21, for Cape Vincent, and a short cruise along the islands. He was daily expected to return, and would leave for Madeira about Feb. 1.

U. S. ship John Adams left the latter part of December for Monrovia, having the Brazilian Charge on board as passenger.

U. S. ship Dale left about Jan. 15, for a cruise down on the West Coast of Africa.

U. S. brig Porpoise was cruising between the river Gambia and Sierra Leone.

The brig Saranac from and for NewYork, left Jan. 20, for the South Coast of Africa.

A public lecturer in Massachusetts recently related the following incident, as a warning against false pride, to young men who sometimes get above their business: "About forty years ago, a young man with limited capital commenced business in the city of Boston, and was obliged to employ a single clerk on a small salary. A lady called at his store one day and made purchases, which she wished delivered at her residence. The merchant requested his clerk to deliver the bundle as required. He declined; the merchant immediately took the bundle and delivered as directed. The clerk never was worth one hundred dollars in his life; the merchant was Amos Lawrence, now a millionaire."

An architect of considerable property, M. V———, living in the Rue de l'Eglise, at the Gros Caillou, on Saturday, placed two pistols horizontally at each side of his head, and discharged them both at the same moment. By a chance so extraordinary that it would not perhaps happen once in a thousand times, the two bullets met each other in the head and became flattened.

A horrible accident has happened at Mayence, on the Rhine. A party of Austrian sappers, on leaving their work in the passages under the fortifications, locked in one of their comrades by mistake. On his nonappearance it was supposed he had escaped, and no search was made in the excavations. The place was not opened until six days afterwards, and the man was found still alive, though he had bitten the flesh off of his arms in hunger or madness. He died a few hours afterwards.

A correspondent of the London News writes from Vienna: "Very lately here, a peasant was seen to laugh, as an Austrian detachment (1000 strong) was marching past. The officer in command saw the insulting demonstration, halted his party, placed the peasant against an adjoining wall, and then delling his men in a single file, ordered them to spit in the man's face as they marched past."

Supreme Court Decisions.

This Court yesterday delivered the following decisions. Full bench present.

State of Louisiana, appellant, vs. *John W. Hayes, et al. appellant*....Appeal from East Feliciana....PRESTON, Justice....Judgment reversed, and decreed that the plaintiff recover of the defendants, *in solido*, the sum of $9825 77, with interest at the rate of two per cent. per month from the date of the judgment against the principals until paid, with costs.

Wm. O. Glass vs. John B. Dicks. Fowler & Dicks, intervenors, appellees....Appeal from West Feliciana....ROST, J. Reversed.

Frances Jane Ratliff, tutrx, appellee, vs. W. B. Ratliff, executor, appellant....Appeal from West Feliciana....ROST, J. Affirmed.

The State vs. the Judge of the Tenth Judicial District, Parish of Carroll....J. A. Seddan praying for a mandamus....Appeal from Carroll....SLIDELL, J....Application dismissed.

The State, appellee, vs. Wm. H. Glass, appellant....Appeal from West Feliciana....PRESTON, J....Judgment affirmed.

The State, appellee, vs. Benito Alcarez, appellant....PRESTON, J....Affirmed.

S. Yarborough, appellant, vs. J. Newlee, appellant....Appeal from East Feliciana....ROST, J....Affirmed.

Succession of John Whiten, Jr., Melissa E. Whitten, appellant, vs. B. D. Chaney, appellee....Appeal from East Baton Rouge....EUSTIS, C. J....Affirmed.

Charles Tessier, appeller, vs. Adelia Bird, wife of S. G. Laycock, appellant....Appeal from East Baton Rouge....PRESTON, J....Judgment reversed and judgement for defendant.

Israel and Elizabeth S. Chambers, appellants, vs. W. N. G. Worthan, appellee....Appeal from East Baton Rouge....EUSTIS, C. J....Affirmed.

Succession of B. A. Steele, Price & Watson, appellants and appellees, vs. David Stansborough, appellant and appellee....Appeal from Madison....PRESTON, Judge....Judgement against the opponent, David Stansborough, is reversed, and decreed that he recover from the succession of Benjamin Steele $4063, with interest from 22d of April, 1848 and that the succession pay the costs of this appeal.

Johnson, Ralph & Slater, appellees, vs. Jno. D. Baldwin et als., appellants....Appeal from Carroll....EUSTIS, C. J....Affirmed.

Succession of Jerome Hebert. Madeline Hebert, appellant and appellee, vs. P. O. Hebert, administrator, appellant....Appeal from Iberville....PRESTON, J....Affirmed.

Thomas Gillespie, appellee, vs. Martha M. C. McGimpsey et al., appellants....Appeal from East Baton Rouge....PRESTON, J....Affirmed.

Mayor and General Council of NewOrleans, appellant, vs. C. V. S. Roerett et al., appellee, and Mayor and General Council of NewOrleans, appellant, vs. Samuel Smith & Co. et al., appellees and appellants....Appeal from Fifth District Court of NewOrleans....PRESTON, J....Reversed.

NewOrleans Gas Light Company, appellees, vs. B. Haynes appellant....Appeal from East Feliciana....PRESTON, J....Affirmed.

SINGULAR.—In Philadelphia a few days since, a Mrs. Weaver and her husband's sister were made sick by partaking of some meat they had prepared for dinner. They cautioned Weaver against eating any of it, but he persisted in taking a considerable quantity, and he died the same night.

City Intelligence.

INTERESTING CASE—*Five Thousand Dollars Damages.*—The following case came up for trial yesterday in the Fifth District Court:

Joseph Pelimer vs. Richard High, Captain and Owners of bark Orleon.—The petition claims ten thousand dollars damages. It alleges that the petitioner's two daughters, Catherine and Sarah Pellower, aged sixteen and twelve years, embarked on board the bark Action, from Liverpool, on the 7th of April, 1851, for NewOrleans; that they were cabin passengers, entitled to privileges and comforts as such, and that during the whole passage the said Captain High availed himself of every opportunity to outrage all the rules of decency and decorum in his conduct towards the daughters of petitioner; that on several occasions he attempted to break into their cabin in order to locate their persons; that he used the most indecent and insulting language to them, and uniformly conducted himself towards them in an improper, lascivious and insulting manner; that the daughters of petitioner, in consequence of the aforesaid conduct of the Captain, were thrown into great fear and agony of mind, were compelled to seek protection from the sailors on board, and were driven from the cabin; that they were denied the ordinary food and comforts of life, and forced to remain in the steerage of the vessel for a considerable portion of the voyage, etc.

The case was submitted without argument.

The following gentlemen composed the jury empanneled to try the case: C. H. Churchill, Thomas Ong, William Davis, R. H. Wheeler, A. Boulin, W. Walker, P. D. Fox, Joseph Garcia, David Hanaghan, A. Duvignaud, Nouville Cornes, David Kolten.

Mr. Churchill was appointed Foreman, and the jury after an out charge retired and brought in a verdict of five thousand dollars damages, *in solido*, against all the defendants.

ADJUDICATIONS.—Mayor Crossman yesterday sold the following contracts to the highest bidders with the conditions attached that they be subject to the approval of the Common Council of the city, when organized under the new charter, by said Common Council: Paving the said contracts to be null and void, and the purchasers or contractors, to be without recourse:

Laying brick side-walks, bordered by curb-stones and wooden gutters on all lateral cross streets between White and Howard streets, including the latter street, not now banquetted, in the rear of the Second Ward, Second Municipality, to Thomas Finney, at $1 30 cts. per running foot.

Furnishing the necessary materials for, and laying in Tchoupitoulas street up to the lines of Felicity road, the square stone now contracted for with Denis Cronan, to Christopher Connell, at 50 cts. per square yard.

Furnishing the necessary material and laying in Annunciation street from the present square stone paving of the said street, up to Race street, the square stone for which a contract has been ordered by the Second Municipality Council, adjudged to Patrick Fox, at 58 cts. per square yard.

Building an Engine House for Fire Company No. 15, on the corner of Conti and Basin streets, First Municipality, to J. H. Crouse and Thomas Boyle, for $3,900.

Building an Engine House for Fire Company No. 21, on the corner of St. Peter and Claiborne streets, First Municipality, to David Moores, for $3,890.

FIRST MUNICIPALITY COUNCIL.—This body met last evening; nine members present and Recorder Genois in the chair.

A message was read from the Mayor, stating that he had sold certain contracts, subject to the approval of the Common Council of the city, and requesting the appointment of commissioners and clerks for the approaching election of charter officers.

The message was taken up by paragraphs.

The first adjudication referred to was that for an Engine-house for Fire Company No. 15. Mr. Bonneval moved that the sale be approved and the securities referred to the Finance Committee.

Mr. Pesquet said there was a law just passed which prevented those contracts from going into effect until they should be approved by the Common Council.

Messrs. Bonneval, Fabre and Barthe contended that there was no such law, and if such law had been passed it would not prevent these improvements. Such a law had not been promulgated, and was not known to have been signed by the Governor. Mr. Bonneval asked why the Mayor had sent the contracts to the Council if it had not the power to approve them.

The yeas and nays were called, and resulted in six yeas and three nays. So the contract was approved and the securities referred to the Finance Committee.

The second sale (an Engine-house for Fire Co. No 1) was approved by 7 yeas against 2 nays.

The paragraph stating the conditions of the sale, with regard to the approval of the Common Council under the new Charter, then came up.

Mr. Richardson moved to lay the paragraph on the table. He contended that the Mayor had no right to dictate to the Council.

After some discussion the paragraph was laid on the table subject to call.

On motion, the Council proceeded to an election for Commissioners and Clerks. After which the Mayor was authorized to designate the places for the polls, and the Surveyor was instructed to have the ballot boxes, etc., put in order for use.

A communication was read from Thomas Bell, stating that there is a balance of $7000 due him on account of a recent contract, and asking for settlement. Referred.

Mr. Pesquet presented sundry bills, which were referred to the Finance Committee.

Mr. Ramos presented a communication from Thomas Flynn, explaining the causes of delay in paying under his contract, and asking 40 days further time. The request was granted.

Mr. Richardson presented bills for certain expenses incurred by sundry persons, during the riots. Referred to the Finance Committee.

Mr. Barthe, in behalf of the Committee on Claims, presented several reports, but before concluding it was found that there was no quorum present, and the Council adjourned.

BURGLARY CASE.—Jean Placet and John Ford, charged with having entered the premises of Dr. Ritchie, in Philippa street, and robbed them of a quantity of clothing and money, were yesterday brought before Recorder Caldwell for examination, and as the charge was pretty directly fixed upon them by persons who saw them leaving the premises, and also by the fact of a portion of the clothing being found upon them when arrested, they were sent for trial before Judge Lorue.

AMAZON.—Eliza Flemming yesterday charged Catherine Tout and Ann Reynolds, as well as James Reynolds, the husband of the woman last named, with having assaulted her on several occasions, beaten, abused, insulted, and assaulted her on several occasions in testimony whereof she brought forward a brick, which is on file in the office of Recorder Genois. Warrants were issued for the arrest of the attacking forces.

INTELLIGENCE OFFICE GAME.—Mary Moore, an Irish girl in search of employment, states that on Thursday morning last, she gave a dollar to a man named Dubian, keeper of an Intelligence Office in Madison street, as a consideration for which he promised to obtain a situation for her. Not having done so within the time expected by the girl, she demanded her money, which Dubian refused to refund. Mrs. Bridget Cassidy was served in the same way at the same office, and yesterday called upon Recorder Genois for redress. A warrant was issued for Dubian's arrest.

STRIKING A WOMAN.—Such is the charge brought by Catharine Elbert against Patrick Goodwin, in the Court of Recorder Genois. Bonds to keep the peace was its light punishment.

ALLEGED ROBBERY.—Henry W. Norminan charges Martin Gavien with having been caught in the attempt to rob a man at the corner of Front Levee and Hospital streets. Gavien was committed for further examination.

ROBBED HIS HOST.—Jean Dally declares that on Sunday night last he gave a lodging in his house to a man, who, during the night, stole from him a shirt and $30 in money. A warrant was issued.

ASSAULT.—Bridget Foley, Jane Lally, Margaret Nicholson and Patrick Wade were yesterday charged by Mary Albin with having assaulted her in St. Louis street, between Marais and Treme streets, on Saturday evening. Warrants were issued.

QUEER ASSAULT.—Cyprien Pitre was placed by the Sheriff as keeper of certain property levied on by him, in the coffee-house, corner of Marais and Orleans streets, and one Moreno, who had some interest in the property, amused himself by throwing from the opposite side of the street apples, potatoes and other hard substances at Mr. Pitre's head, while engaged in his office of keeper, etc. Recorder Genois ordered a warrant to be issued for Moreno's arrest.

THIRD DISTRICT COURT.—*J. N. Depouilly vs. The Wardens of the Church of St. Louis.*—Judge Kennedy yesterday granted a suspension appeal in this case at the instance of defendants, returnable before the Supreme Court on the fourth Monday of April.

A SKIL.—J. L. Bonny states that on the 24th ult., an individual came to his place and borrowed a saddle, stating that he was sent for the purpose by Mr. Davis, Director of the Orleans Theatre. He has since ascertained that Mr. Davis did not desire to ride on that particular day, or any other day on Mr. Bonny's saddle, and the latter gentleman consequently acknowledges himself sold. He would like, however, to get a warrant for his purchaser, upon whose track he has put the police.

Table Talk.

"Unknit thy furrowed brows, Old Man,
And loose thy puckered lips:
The golden sun gilds evening dun,
Old earth the new dew sips;
And why shouldst thou die dark, Old Man,
In pride of pomp or pelf,
And scorn the boun which young eyes dream,
Nor see the snake in self?"

We thought of these lines when noticing near P. W. Woodlief's establishment, 15 Chartres st., the desperate attempt of a young lady to induce her father to buy a new silk dress for her at Woodlief's. At this store can be obtained all fancy and staple Dry Goods.

Many of our citizens are blessing Dr. Sherman, of 70 St. Charles st. for the relief he has afforded them by his Hernia Trusses, and other mechanical remedies. Sherman is agent for B. F. Palmer's patent artificial leg, an invention that has elicited the highest praise in this country and in Europe, and so beautifully shaped, as almost to induce some individuals to suffer amputation for pleasure.

"A countryman in London, going into the office in which the wills are kept at Doctor's Commons, and gazing at the large volumes on the shelves, asked whether they were all *bibles*." "No sir," answered one of the clerks, "they are *testaments*." New John Ball keeps at 56 Gravier st., a great variety of standard works. But we would call especial attention to his large stock of educational works, school books, etc.

"He who a *watch* would wear, two things must do—
Pocket his *watch*, and *watch* his pocket too."

Apropos of watches—our friend C. S. Duggan, 82 Common street, has some very fine ones. He prides himself, with reason, on the quality and fashion of his jewelry, and he challenges any one to show better made guns and pistols than can be purchased at his establishment.

Oriental music, composed from original Egyptian, Turkish, Greek, and other Levant airs, is performed at every exhibition of the Panorama of the Nile at Commercial Exchange Hall, St. Charles street.

It may not be generally known that the distribution of a number of splendid oil paintings and fine proof engravings at the Southern Art Union, 147 Common street, takes place on the 15th of this month. The entire collection will be disposed of on the pl