lay it upon the table, on which the yeas and nays were ordered, when it was negatived—yeas 94, nays 99.

On the question of the third reading, an effort was made to put the bill back into that state, in which it would be in order to move instructions to the Committee of Ways and Means to report as to the expediency of abolishing the duty on railroad iron.

Mr. Dingham, of N. C. was in favor of abolishing the duty on railroad iron, and said he was glad to find so many members in favor of the measure; and when the proper time arrived, would submit an amendment to the tariff to that effect. He concluded by moving that the motion to reconsider the motion for a third reading be laid on the table, which was carried—yeas 84, nays 48.

Mr. Houston, of Ala., moved that the House resolve itself into a Committee on the State of the Union, on the special order, which was carried; and the House resolved itself into committee, Mr. Hibbard, of New Hampshire, in the chair, who stated that the first business before the committee is the bill granting one hundred and sixty acres of land to every head of a family.

By this time three o'clock had arrived, when Mr. Davis, of Mass., took the floor, and replied to the speech of Mr. Rantoul, on a former day, exculpatory of himself, and entering at much length into the consideration of the politics of the country generally, and of Massachusetts in particular, but which had no bearing upon the bill before the Committee.

DAILY CRESCENT.

THE NEW ORLEANS DAILY CRESCENT
OFFICE NO. 93 ST. CHARLES STREET,
Will be regularly served to subscribers in this city and Lafayette at an early hour every day, (Sundays excepted,) for $6 a year, in advance, payable to the office, or 15 cents a week, payable to the carriers.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:
From and after this date the following rates of charges, per square of ten lines in pearl, will be invariably adhered to, viz:
First insertion, in all cases $1 00
Every subsequent insertion 50
Advertisements in the second page are charged as one each day.
A liberal discount will be made with those who advertise by the year or for a shorter time.
All Advertisements not marked will be published one month and charged accordingly.
The Crescent has strong claims upon advertisers as a medium of communication with the public. Its circulation, which was large when it came into the hands of the present proprietor, has been steadily and rapidly on the increase, even through the dull season just closed.
October 28, 1851.

MONDAY MORNING, MARCH 15, 1852.

MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.—We will hereafter publish the simple announcement of marriages and deaths free of charge.

Several communications will be found on the next page.

Aristocracy with its Kid Gloves off.

The meeting of last Saturday night was certainly one of the most extraordinary burlesques of the season. The American Theatre was appropriately selected for the performance.

We have reason to know that many respectable gentlemen, whose names were used in the affair, consider the proceedings entirely discreditable, arrogant and dictatorial, and now claim to be absolved from all further responsibility in a movement which has been made ridiculous at its first opening. Others see, through the transparent veil, the labors to assist the democratic ticket, and the design of a select few to make Mr. Robb the Lord Dictator, the moneyed autocrat of NewOrleans.

The meeting was called as a "reform" meeting, and the word "reform," like any other popular word, is very "taking." Let the facts show what it really meant in this case.

The meeting was called to order by one of Mr. Robb's special followers. He nominated his officers. They were accepted; nobody caring about interfering with the arrangements of the stage-manager. Mr. Felix Grima (a very respectable citizen, who did not get a nomination for Mayor) was made President. Among the Vice-Presidents, there were some worthy of passing note. The stage-manager, in the poverty of actors, modestly nominated himself as one.

Then, there was Mr. Gasquet, *a democratic nominee for the upper board of Aldermen.* Now, here is Mr. W. A. Gasquet, this democratic nominee, acting with the so-called "independents;" does he repudiate the democratic nominations, in which he shares? and does he, as plainly appears from his position, denounce them as unworthy of the support and recognition of good citizens? If not, "what business had he there at such a time?" Why does he not stand by the democratic nominations? He can settle this matter of repudiation with the democratic party, which he refuses to endorse; and the democracy can stomach the matter as they may. He has repudiated them; will they stand by him? Then there was Paulin Blanque, who has the particular affection of the whigs, and is endearingly styled by them "a deserter from the ranks." The others are wealthy and (we believe) very good citizens; they may, upon reflection, conclude that they are out of their proper places.

The meeting organized, a committee is named, the meeting is not permitted to vote upon it, it had been fixed in the most elegant and luxurious comfort of a bank parlor, and the vulgar mass was not to have any opportunity of discounting such "first rate names," but must take the committee at least at par.

Then there was a speech from Mr. Robb—heard respectfully by an orderly and intelligent audience, who were curious to learn what he had to say. How Mr. Robb repaid this courtesy we shall show. After he had closed, at the first respectful request that a vote should be had on the nomination of the "select" committee of thirteen, Mr. Robb, who furnished "the gas," went to the side scenes and ordered the lights to be extinguished. This was done in compliance with his order. Thus, to the imminent danger of life and limb, an immense mass of citizens was left in darkness, to struggle out of the building. A more reckless, arbitrary, cruel or tyrannical exercise of moneyed power has never, in this republic of freemen, come under our notice. The only reason for it was, that Judge Beecher, a very respectable and intelligent gentleman, had the presumption to interfere with Mr. Robb's programme of proceedings. Mr. Beecher didn't wear "kids," was not interested in city bonds, had not been invited into the bank-parlor, and was, therefore, briefly cast into "the outer darkness" provided for the miserable vulgar.

Mr. Robb's speech was not even a rehash. It was the same old railroad speech—with murdered generalities stolen from Gov. Jones and delivered with immense activity of legs, which The Delta's remarkable bank orator always pronounces. It was the eulogy of James Robb pronounced by James Robb, Esq., who felt that he was alone competent to do justice to himself. It demonstrated that Mr. Robb was a very extraordinary and powerful man. His visit to Jackson, Miss., we were informed, had created an immense sensation; so had his visit to Nashville. Foreign Millionaires had promised him the purse of Fortunatus to make NewOrleans the Eden of cities. Like Uriah Heep, he was "humble, very humble," and not like to say these things; which declaration made him look magnificently and radiantly "humble." Then there were Mr. Kendall and somebody else they had "*assisted*," they had "*aided*" him largely; and then Mr. Robb's overwhelming humility overpowered him, and he magnanimously intimated his willingness to admit those he had described as his "second fiddles" to an equality of merit; and completely exhausted at the view of the grandeur of his liberality, he refreshed himself with another glass of water. He proceeded to inform the people what he had told grand millionaires, "MY City of NewOrleans" would do; and with the most unreserved communicativeness, he intimated he was going to build railroads out of the city in every direction, without regard to expenses. This is rather a large business in prospect for a man who has sworn to only $5000 capital, and who is known not to possess over $60,000 of real estate in the city of NewOrleans. But Mr. Robb is (*vide* Delta) a wonderful man. The thousand "Fs" (Jas. Robb, Esq.) of his speech, ought to prove this.

If they do not, other things will. Mr. Robb solemnly announced in the Louisiana State Senate that he had carefully read all the U. S. Senate debates on the Compromise measures; and had not found a sensible idea in them! Not a sensible idea in what Clay, Cass, Webster, Douglas, Berrien, Butler, elaborately spoke!! Mr. Robb should have been in the Senate—he would have said something *very* sensible. "I" would have fixed every thing, and left slow coaches like Clay, Cass, Webster, etc., to jog along behind. Louisiana has—she must not lose him—the great man of the age. For further particulars, apply to Mr. Robb.

But this is not all; Mr. Robb is a disinterested bond holder and bond agent. We understand he boasts he controls some sixth of the entire debt of the city; and that he and Mr. John Slidell have been actively engaged in buying up bonds, particularly those of the Third Municipality. We have no objections to a shrewd speculation; but how is this one to be made to work? Let us see. Mr. Robb is determined to be Alderman, and is unquestionably seeking the position of Chairman of the Finance Committee. That would make him one of the commissioners of the consolidated debt, in which he is so largely interested. He says (we understand) that Gen. Lewis shall be Mayor and John Calhoun Comptroller. If they are such, that would give him the more commissioners of the consolidated debt, and place the payments under his disinterested control. Gen. Lewis voted for him, though the whig nominee, for State Senator. Mr. Calhoun, having left the service of Mr. Sam. J. Peters, is now in his retinue. So, Mr. Robb is playing a bold stroke for a fortune of nearly $500,000, easy profit and quick payment. It will be remembered how nicely for himself, but how oppressively to the people of NewOrleans, he provided for this little speculation in his original draught of a charter for the consolidation of the three Municipalities.

Whig State Convention.

This body meets to-morrow. We have predicted, and now predict, that it will resolve in favor of these things:

1st. FILLMORE, for President; JONES, (of Tennessee,) for Vice President.

2d. A thorough change in our present barbarous and restrictive State Constitution.

3d. What our democratic friends appear to have been afraid to meet—the Finality of the Compromise Measures, and the prompt suppression of all sectional agitation, whether it come from the North or from the South.

4th. A full endorsement of the noble platform adopted by the whigs in the elections of last November.

5th. A positive pledge to vote for no man, nominated or not nominated by the whig National Convention, who is not sound in opposition to sectionalism, freesoilism, disunion or nullification, and fairly in favor of the binding force of the "Compromise measures."

Fillmore and Jones will make a splendid ticket, and be hailed with enthusiastic cheers. Run up the flag!

THE DELTA.—Consistency is a jewel not in the Delta's casket. It says it is out-and-out in favor of the "independent" movement. A few days ago it expressed itself strongly in favor of party nominations, and nothing but party nominations, for city officers; and emphatically endorsed some remarks of ours, showing how many grave evils and dangers would thus be avoided. Now, it "jumps Jim Crow;" and is distressed to find that the Pieayune and the Crescent will not attempt the same queer feat.

Mr. Robb repudiates both parties, which is very cruel and exclusive in him. Will not both parties repudiate him? Will any voter, whig or democratic, fail to scratch his name off the ticket, and substitute some other one?

By-the-way, will some gentlemen explain those assurances that Mr. Robb would accept a nomination which were made to both the whigs or democrats? Is Mr. Robb, like Anacharsis Cloots, "the orator of the whole human race," the candidate of every party?

Mr. Robb presented himself to the people on last Saturday night as the special champion of Consolidation, with Lafayette included. Now, this is funny. Why, then, did Mr. Robb so bitterly denounce gentlemen, whose crime was urging the inclusion of Lafayette! Why did he denounce gentlemen for advocating what he now claims as his work? As for his claim of patriotic to the Consolidation bills, we do not believe he drew up either of them; and we are certain they underwent material modifications—*particularly in reference to lotteries*—before they passed.

"The Chair asked if there was any objection to the motion. There being but a few negatives, the Chair pronounced the meeting adjourned.

"As the officers were leaving their seats, Judge Beecher, of Lafayette, rose in the pit."

A morning paper coolly furnishes the above report. Instead of "a few," there was an overwhelming hurricane of "negatives;" and Judge Beecher rose at least fifteen minutes before the officers left their seats.

THE MEETING TO-NIGHT.—The "Independents" we suggest, ought not to be disturbed in their select privacy by the intrusion of the vulgar masses. Let them proceed; they should never have been intruded upon.

WHIG RANGERS.—The Whig Rangers meet to-night at the Pearl, opposite the St. Charles Theatre.

KING'S WASHING FLUID.—This is one of the many preparations lately invented conferring untold benefits upon the housekeeper. It has been lately tested by some of our largest hotel-keepers and others, and found to possess qualities superior to any of the inventions now in use. An ordinary washing can be done with one gill of this liquid in less than two hours, and is as harmless in its operation as water, without injuring either the clothes or hands, colored clothes are rendered brighter, and all trace of the washboard done away with. We would advise our hotel and housekeepers to give it a trial. It can be obtained of the agent, 109 Magazine street.

FANCY STORES.—The beautiful store of Gulness & Hill, No. 56 Camp street, offers great attractions to those in want of fancy articles.

The same may be said of Hafry's stores, No. 4 Chartres and No. 29 Camp street.

DRY GOODS.—C. M. Simpson, No. 50 Canal street, is now receiving a most extensive and well assorted stock of spring goods. Our lady friends will do well to give him a call.

BOOK STORES.—J. H. Steel, No. 10 Camp street. T. I. White, No. 53 Canal street, and J. C. Morgan, Exchange Place, are all receiving new books in large quantities. Call and see.

LEIGHTON & CO.'S SHIRT STORE.—We would refer our citizens to the advertisement of Leighton & Co. No. 63 Canal street. Their assortment of goods in the furnishing line is varied and extensive.

We wish particularly to know what Dan Rice is going do with those three silver trumpets. When, too, does he open his grand hippodrome?

LILLIE'S IMPENETRABLE SAFE—Manufactured by the World's Safe Company, depot 131 Water street, NewYork, and for sale by Mr. Pettiss, at 59 Camp street.—This new Safe is exciting much interest among our business men and the commercial world at large. We have examined it and it strikes us as possessing advantages above all other Safes that have hitherto come under our notice. Its general appearance is such as to render it a rather formidable and discouraging-looking object, to even the most expert burglar. It is of cast iron, and no drill can by any known process be made hard enough to perforate its chilled iron plates. Its solidity, weight, thickness, and whole internal arrangements are such, that the heat must be, we should judge, of the greatest intensity to affect its contents in the least degree. Expanding with the heat, and having nothing in its composition to cause vapor or explosion, we cannot conceive how fire can, under any circumstances, gain ingress. It has no cement or plaster within its iron walls, to occasion moisture, and books and papers may be kept in it for any length of time, fresh, clean, and wholly free from dampness and mold. The lock is a curiosity in mechanism, bidding defiance to key, powder, or forcing instrument of any kind. In a word, it is CHRISTIAN'S SAFE. For further particulars, see advertisement in another column.

"SAM'S" SALOON.—But few of our citizens do not know where Sam's Saloon at 101 St. Charles street is, and those who do not, should possess themselves of the valuable information in the shortest possible space of time. As a caterer, Sam has no rival; Mr. McClure is one of the most pleasant looking and obliging men in town, and the same sentiments are generally entertained of their good looking bar-keepers.

ADAM AND EVE.—These beautiful pictures will remain at the Municipal one week more. They are deserving the attention of the lovers of art.

ST. CHARLES THEATRE.—Sir William Don appeared last night for the second time as *John Lack* in the "Jacobite," and we have not seen him in anything to so much advantage. The character is peculiarly suited to his style of acting, and he rendered it admirably. Sir William has been steadily improving in public favor, and his benefit on Saturday night was an excellent one, and he received from his audience the warmest marks of approbation. The excellent acting and singing of the Heron girls also elicited well deserved applause. The engagement of the Baronet and the Heron family continues only a few nights more.

PROFESSOR ANDERSON.—The great Wizard continues to fill Armory Hall nightly, and the desire to witness his wonderful performances does not abate. His stay is limited to understand to twelve nights more, and none of our citizens should miss seeing him.

Late Publications.

J. C. MORGAN, Exchange Place, has sent us the following new works:

A Reef in a Battle, being the adventures of two of the King's seamen in a voyage to the Celestial country, edited from the manuscripts of an old salt, by the Rev Henry T. Cheever. From a glance through it we should judge it to be an amusing volume. It is from the publishing house of Charles Scribner, NewYork.

The Practical Metal Worker's Assistant, containing the arts of working all metals and alloys, forging of iron and steel, hardening and tempering, melting and mixing, etc., etc., by Oliver Byrne, civil, military and mechanical engineer. It contains a large number of engravings on steel, and it is altogether an invaluable work to the scientific mechanic. It is from the publishing house of Henry Carey Baird, Philadelphia.

Scott's Practical Cotton Spinner.—This is a work calculated for the use of managers, overlookers and mechanics, being a comprehensive system of calculations of mill gearing and machinery from the primary moving power through the different processes of carding, drawing, etc., etc., by R. Scott, corrected and enlarged, with plates of American machines, by Oliver Byrne. It is also from the publishing house of Baird.

Genin Tables, by James L. Elwood, accountant, showing the value of bushels and pounds of different kinds of grain calculated in federal money. The work embraces a wide range of calculations, and is valuable to the dealer in grain, etc.

Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 of Byrne's Practical Model Calculator, for the engineer, machinist, manufacturer of engine work, etc.

The Art Journal, being the American edition for January, 1852. It is filled with beautiful engravings and interesting reading matter.

Illustrated London News.—Morgan has also sent us a number of this beautiful sheet, which is the finest specimen we have ever seen. It contains a very large number of splendid engravings and a mass of interesting reading matter. We can recommend it.

J. B. STEEL, No. 60 Camp street, has sent us Harper's Magazine for March, of which we have already spoken as an excellent number, and a lithograph full length likeness of DANIEL WEBSTER. This is pronounced the best likeness of the great Statesman ever published, and his friends should secure copies.

Amusements.

AMERICAN TREATRE.

☞ SECOND NIGHT OF THE SEASON.

☞ Second Night of the Engagement of the celebrated Vaulter,

MR. R——!!

☞ The performances will commence with the new Comedy of

THE BOND-HOLDER'S LAST STRUGGLE;
or, A Bold Stroke for a Fortune!

Which was received on its first representation with shouts of applause.

Bond-holder ..... Mr. R——
Remaining characters by several distinguished gentlemen (amateurs) and supernumeraries.
Property-man and Prompter ..... Mr. Brikes

☞ In the course of the evening, Mr. WATER WORKS will deliver a lecture on

Public Hydrants, and their Advantage to the Poor.

☞ The evening's performances will conclude with the amusing Farce of

LEFT IN THE DARK;
Or, The Gas Put Out!

☞ Gentlemen in the second and third tiers will provide themselves with candles and lucifers, as it is necessary to put them in requisition during the Farce.

Performances will commence at 7 o'clock.

N. B. "Free" List suspended.

GLIDDON'S PANORAMA OF THE NILE.—The beautiful Panorama of the Nile, which is being exhibited at Commercial Hall, St. Charles street, by Professor Gliddon, is daily attracting attention, and the spacious hall is nightly crowded by our citizens, who derive amusement and instruction from the exhibition. The following extract, from Humboldt's "Cosmos," in reference to Panoramas, will be found of interest. We also give a letter from several of our citizens, who have visited the Panorama:

Humboldt's Opinion of Panoramas.—The engravings which accompany and too often disfigure our books of travel, have, however, contributed considerably toward a knowledge of the physiognomy of distant regions, to the taste for voyages in the tropical zones, and to a more active study of nature. The improvements in landscape painting on a large scale (as decorative paintings, panoramas, diaramas and moramas) have also increased the generality and force of these impressions. The representations satirically described by Cervantes and the Egyptian, Julius Pollux, as "exaggerated representations of rural adornments of the stage," and which in the sixteenth century, were contrived by Serlio's arrangement of Coulisses to increase the delusion, may now, since the discoveries of Prevost and Daguerre, be made in Barker's, (as they are in Gliddon's) Panoramas, to serve in some degree as a substitute for traveling through different regions. Panoramas are more productive of effect than scenic decorations, etc.

I am of opinion that the knowledge of the works of the creation, and an appreciation of their exalted grandeur, would be powerfully increased if, besides museums, and thrown open like them to the public, a number of panoramic buildings containing alternating pictures of landscapes of different geographical latitudes and from different zones of elevation, should be erected in our large cities. [Cosmos, vol. 2, page 98.

NEWORLEANS, March 10, 1852.

Dear Sir—We avail ourselves of a favorable occasion, after visiting your exhibition of the Panorama of the Nile, to express as well our gratification at the course of lectures which you have lately delivered before the Lyceum, and which we confidently believe have given satisfaction and interest, as to convey the very great pleasure and instruction which your beautiful exhibition afforded us. As a work of art it is indeed magnificent, but succeeding as it does your very interesting course of lectures, it has a greater charm to us, from being made familiar with most of the scenes it portrays.

As many of the pupils of the public schools have heard your lectures, it would doubtless be a source of great pleasure and improvement to them to be present in one of the exhibitions of your elegant and instructive Panorama; and we sincerely hope they will avail themselves of the opportunity to see illustrated and spread upon canvas the scenes you have so graphically described in your discourses. Very respectfully, your obedient servants,

N. R. JENNINGS, G. W. SHAW,
THOS. J. DIX, WM. B. LINDSAY,
D. BURNS, ALEXANDER HARU,
J. O. HARRIS, EDWARD RAWLS,
T. B. WINSTON,
To Mr. George H. Gliddon.

ANNA BISHOP.—Our readers must not forget that this artistic songstress will be at home to her admirers at the Lyceum this evening. The consummation so devoutly wished is achieved, and the prices of admission moderated to $1, all over the Hall. The excellent programme is in another column. Bochsa will perform upon the Harp.

JUVENILE CONCERT.—A concert of two hundred juvenile performers will be given on Tuesday evening at the hall over the Carrollton railroad depot. It is got up by Professor Kammerer.

Thanks to the Clerk of the steamer Lexington for river favors.

ARRIVAL OF THE INDEPENDENCE.—The steamship Independence, Captain Stoddard, arrived yesterday five days from Kingston, Jamaica, where she has been repairing some time past. We are indebted to her Clerk for Kingston papers to the 3d instant, four days later than we have received by the way of NewYork.

The Royal Mail Steamship Medway arrived at Kingston on the 1st instant from St. Thomas. A change is to be made in the arrangements of the Royal Mail Company's steamers, by which the steamers running to the Spanish Main will touch at Kingston, going and returning.

SEIZURE OF THE STEAMSHIP AMERICA.—A dispatch from Boston, dated the 6th inst. says: "The revenue officers having in charge the British steamship America, which arrived at this port yesterday, discovered last evening between four and five thousand dollars' worth of lace goods which had been illegally taken from the steamer for the purpose of smuggling. The goods were found secreted in a wagon, among the dirty linen of the ship, which was to have been sent to the laundry. The goods are of rich and costly description, and the American has been seized by order of the Collector. No arrests have as yet been made.

THE WEBSTER MEETING.—The statements of the northern papers respecting the Webster demonstration in New-York on the 4th ult. are very conflicting. By some, it is represented as a large and highly enthusiastic meeting; while others state that it was rather a failure. Mr. Choate was detained from the meeting by illness, but there was a considerable number of speakers, and the speeches are generally acknowledged to have been forcible and eloquent. The Courier and Enquirer thinks the movement one of great importance, one that will have a powerful effect throughout the country. The Commercial Advertiser congratulates the friends of Mr. Webster on the fact that the meeting was exclusively a whig meeting, partaking of no hybrid character. A resolution was adopted, nominating Mr. Webster for the Presidency, and an address to the people of the United States was adopted.

CHARLESTON HARBOR.—The Committee on Commerce in Congress has unanimously agreed to an appropriation of $50,000 for the purpose of deepening the channel at the entrance to Charleston Harbor. The bill will probably pass.

DEATH OF BELA BADGER.—Bela Badger, a prominent whig of Philadelphia, died suddenly in that city, on the 6th inst.

EMIGRANTS ON THE ISTHMUS.—Several of the passengers by the Empire City, recently arrived at NewYork, returned from Panama in consequence of being unable to obtain a passage from that port to San Francisco. About 5000 passengers are at present on the Isthmus, and many more are on their way.

ICE BRIDGE IN MARCH.—On the 3d inst. teams with heavy loads were crossing over the Connecticut river on the ice, at Hartford.

THE MAINE LIQUOR LAW.—A large petition for the repeal of the Maine Liquor Law has been presented to the Maine Legislature from the town of South Berwick. It was the first resolve movement in relation to the subject that has taken place in the State.

THE GREAT BATTURE SALE.—The great sale of batture lots, by J. A. Beard & May, auctioneers, commences at 12 o'clock to-day, at Banks Arcade, and capitalists should be on the qui vive. Upwards of *one hundred* lots are to be sold, and as they are located in the very heart of business, the bidding is expected to be spirited.

We are indebted to the officers of the steamers St. Paul and Iowa for late river favors.

Table Talk.

Thalassius was a handsome Roman, in the time of Romulus. At the rape of the Sabine virgins, one of them appeared remarkable for beauty. Her captor exclaimed that he intended her for Thalassius, an arrangement to which all acceded. Their union was so happy, that it was ever afterwards customary at Rome to wish married couples the happiness of Thalassius. We wish success to the union at 20 Camp street, of Joseph Huffy's two present stores, (of toilet articles and fancy goods,) No. 4 Chartres street and 20 Camp street. The marriage takes place 1st of April next.

Packages, not exceeding in weight sixteen ounces, are permitted to be sent by the British mail; and many curious packages in consequence pass through the London Post-office. Game, plum-pudding, bits of wedding-cake, lobsters, and, strangest of all, live mice and pet Canary birds, have thus been forwarded safely. A. Kendall & Co., 72 Magazine street, are prepared to forward any one of their celebrated patent medicines, including the "Electrical Febrifuge, the great Southern remedy for fevers of all types and grades."

Where's he for honest poverty
That hangs his head, and all that?
The coward slave, we pass him by,
And dare be poor for all that!
For all that and all that,
Our toils obscure and all that.
The rank is but the guinea-stamp,
The man's the gold for all that.

Cosgrove & Boyle, 128 Tchoupitoulas street, are of the genuine metal of moral worth, and are making money in the hose, saddlery and harness line.

"Is my wife out of spirits?" said John, with a sigh. A low voice of a tempest gave warning:
"Quite out, sir, indeed," said the maid in reply,
For she *polished the bottle* this morning."

Talking about bottles, reminds us that J. Wright, 151 Chartres street, is making very extensive sales of "Bull's Sarsaparilla," a great remedy for impurity of the blood, and put up in quart bottles.

Dr. Charles S. Kells is winning "golden opinions" by his dental practice. His gentleness of manners especially fits him for operating on the teeth of children. It is all very well for parents to give their offspring good educations, but they ought likewise to pay attention to their teeth—as much for health's sake as for personal appearance in after life. Dr. Kells is an experienced mechanical and operative dentist, satisfying all those who consult him at his office, corner of St. Charles and North streets.

Among other things, we would mention a passing visit that we paid to the handsome music store of H. D. Hewitt, 59 Camp street. We cannot do justice to the admirable tone and manner of workmanship displayed in the various beautiful styles of Piano Fortes with which his "boudoir" of a "Piano Saloon" is so well stocked. Instruments of all sizes and patterns, from Pleyel & Co., of Paris, Stodart, NewYork, and various other eminent makers, are to be found among his admirable selection. Our female friends should pay a visit to this "home of Muses."

An exquisite scene in Gliddon's Panorama of the Nile (at Commercial Hall, St. Charles st.) is the Kiosk or boudoir of a native lady of rank at Cairo. This exhibition, by the bye, is drawing very good houses. The attention of every audience is kept up by the splendor of the Panorama itself, by Mr. Gliddon's oral description, and by the Oriental music.

The distribution of that magnificent collection of Oil Paintings and Engravings, at the Southern Art Union, 147 Common st., takes place this evening at 7 o'clock. No time should therefore be lost in purchasing subscription tickets. It is rare to meet, in this country, with so choice a collection, one which contains such gems of art as a "View on the Coast of Genoa" by Robins, and "The Storming of Chapultepec" by Rockout.

Several gentlemen of our acquaintance purchase their clothing exclusively from Scott and Searing, corner of Old Levee and Canal st., and express their satisfaction for the quality, style and fit of their clothes. As these acquaintances of ours are very fastidious, the fact that they are pleased speaks well for this establishment. It should not be forgotten that Scott and Searing furnish capital clothing for youths and children; also plantation clothing, trunks, carpet-bags, etc.

A soldier in a newly raised Irish corps observed to his comrade, that a corporal was to be dismissed the regiment. "Faith and indeed!" replied the other, "I hope it is the corporal so troublesome in our company!" "What's his name?" inquired the soldier. "Why, *corporal punishment*, honey, to be sure!" Now we acknowledge to the reader that this story has no connection with our mention of Hart, 15 Camp st., who keeps an unusually fine assortment of shirts and general furnishing goods for gentlemen.

Death resulting from a disregard or inattention to Ruptures.

EXTRACTS FROM THE WORKS OF SIR ASTLEY COOPER, THE EMINENT SURGEON.

CASE I.

A man brought into St. Thomas's Hospital, who had fallen from a ladder, struck a piece of wood and bruised his Rupture, he complained of violent pain and died in four hours.

CASE II.

A middle-aged man, who had been afflicted with Hernia for many years, was injured by a violent push; within an hour after he was injured I saw him, his countenance was that of a dying man—but nothing that we could devise had the effect, during the three days that he survived, of alleviating, in any degree, his torture.

CASE III.

Mr. Gibbon died from a neglect of his Rupture. When we reflect upon the talent and strength of that great historian, we are forced to the conclusion that there must be something in the nature of the affliction that stamps the seriousness against the actual dangers always attending it.

CASE IV.

A man was brought into the Hospital with a Strangulated Hernia, was operated upon, suffered intense pain, and shortly after died in great agony.

CASE V.

A man about fifty years of age had been subject for many years to a Rupture which could be returned without difficulty. Constipation took place on the 24th of January, it could not be removed, and he was brought to St. Bartholomew's Hospital; strong cathartics having failed to procure any relief, the operation was performed on the seventh day from the strangulation. It proved fatal. The patient died on the following evening.

CASE VI.

A person was taken into St. Thomas's Hospital for a Strangulated Inguinal Hernia; the attempt made to reduce it were unsuccessful, and the operation was performed on the day of his admission. All efforts to give him relief failed, and on the eleventh day he sank in the arms of death.

CASE VII.

A man twenty years of age was admitted into St. Thomas's Hospital for a Strangulated Omental Hernia; upon performing the operation, the quantity of omentum was found to be so large that there was no possibility of its being returned, and for the purpose of its removal a ligature was applied around it. He experienced no relief from the operation, and died on the seventh day from that on which it had been performed.

CASE VIII.

Mrs. Rice, who had Strangulated Femoral Hernia, and was operated upon, the symptoms of strangulation were relieved; but, on the third day of the operation, the patient was seized with vomiting of feculent matter, which continued for several days, when she sank from exhaustion.

CASE IX.

Richard Bygrave died from Incarcerated Congenital Hernia, of sixteen hours strangulation.

CASE X.

A person by the name of Ashley, aged fifty years, had a Hernia which became strangulated, and which resisted every attempt to reduce it; the operation was performed in the most satisfactory manner. By the sixth day after the operation the wound was healed, excepting at one small spot; but, upon the morning of that day, he complained of stiffness and soreness about the neck, with difficulty in swallowing, and the jaw became soon completely locked. Opium and the cold bath were tried with some slight temporary abatement of the symptoms, but without any permanent advantage, and the man soon fell a victim to the disease.

☞ The best means to meet a similar fate, by those who are unfortunately afflicted, is to apply at Dr. SHERMAN'S Office, 10 ST. CHARLES STREET, and procure his

NEW PATENT TRUSS AND RUPTURE WASH.

You may have used an ordinary Truss for years, without meeting with any accident or serious injury from an imperfect retention or undue pressure upon the bowels; but then again, you may be taken during the next day or week with all the horrible and fatal symptoms of Strangulation.

☞ Remember the above cases, and while you have an opportunity do they ought to have done—RESORT TO THE BEST MEANS OF SECURITY.

Died:

On Thursday morning, March 11, in this city, DANIEL D. CULP, of Cherokee county Texas.

☞ Galveston papers please copy.

On Thursday night, March 11, at 11 o'clock, ANNABELLA NEWELL, wife of Charles Banks.

On Saturday, March 6, at Opelousas, JOSEPH PRATT, Esq., aged 71 years.

On Sunday, March 14, at 1 o'clock A. M., CHARLES THOMPSON HANNA, aged 23 months, son of Charles and the late Annabella Hanna.

On Saturday, March 13, at half past 4 o'clock, Mr. MASON ALTIS, aged 46 years.

☞ Our Capitalists should remember that the great BATTURE SALE commences on MONDAY, March 15. The location of said property is decidedly the best situated for mercantile purposes in the South-west, such alone for having two fronts. Persons desirous of purchasing are informed that Lithographic Plans of reference can be obtained at the office of Messrs. J. A. BEARD & MAY, the Auctioneers for the property.

☞ WHIG RANGERS—RALLY! RALLY!! RALLY!!! Meet at Headquarters, corner of PEARL, St. Charles street, at 7 o'clock THIS EVENING, (Monday) March 15, as per resolution passed at the last meeting, to visit Lafayette. By order of the President.

Colonel HUNTER, Marshal.

MASONIC.—ORLEANS CHAPTER NO. 1.—A regular meeting of this Chapter will be held THIS EVENING, March 15, at 7 o'clock. By order of the H. P.

E. D. BENZIEN, Sec'y.

☞ INDEPENDENT REFORM MEETING.—The independent Reform Meeting, convened by a large number of citizens, took place, as appointed, at the American Theatre, on Saturday evening, March 13.

The meeting was called to order by W. G. Kendall, Esq., who then nominated the following gentlemen as officers, viz:

For President—Hon. FELIX GRIMA.

For Vice Presidents—Walter Coy, J. P. Harrison, J. H. Stauffer, W. W. Montgomery, W. A. Gasquet, Pierre Blanque, Louis DeSoulier, W. M. Perkins, F. E. Lefleur, A. Colapolis.

For Secretaries—W. P. Atwood, William Alling.

The President then stated to the meeting the object for which it was convened.

Mr. H. S. Buckner moved that a Committee of Thirteen be appointed by the President, to nominate suitable Candidates for the Reform Ticket in the approaching city election—to be reported by them at an adjourned meeting on Monday evening, March 15.

The President then named the following gentlemen to compose said committee:

M. O. H. Norton, J. R. Marshall, George Urquhart, W. G. Kendall, J. A. Barelli, John G. Gaines, Samuel Jamison, John Donovan, B. Beauregard, D. Carson, H. S. Buckner, F. E. LeBlanc, Paul Tulane.

Mr. Rich then more forcibly and audibly addressed the meeting, after which, the meeting was adjourned to Monday evening, at 7 o'clock, same place.

W. P. ATWOOD, } Secretaries. FELIX GRIMA, President.
WILLIAM ALLING, } Secretaries. mh15

☞ POSTPONEMENT.—The undersigned Committee, appointed at the meeting of citizens at the American Theatre, on Saturday evening last, finding the time allowed them to prepare their report (for Monday evening) insufficient, hereby give notice that the adjourned meeting is postponed till TUESDAY EVENING, March 16, at 7 o'clock.

W. G. Kendall, M. O. H. Norton, John Donovan,
George Urquhart, John G. Gaines, B. Beauregard,
J. A. Barelli, Paul Tulane, L. Claiborne,
John R. Marshall, S. Jamison, F. E. LeBlanc,
H. S. Buckner, mh15

☞ FOR MAYOR—A. D. CROSSMAN.

☞ FOR ALDERMAN.—We are authorized to announce BENJAMIN FIDENCE, Esq., as a Candidate for ALDERMAN from the Fourth District of the new city of NewOrleans.

☞ Election to take place on the 4th Monday in March. mh14

☞ FOR COMPTROLLER.—Editors of the Crescent: Sirs—The friends of good government desire to testify, at the election next month, their appreciation of the talents and integrity of Mr. JOHN CALHOUN, by electing him to the office of COMPTROLLER, for which you will please announce him as a Candidate. feb28

☞ FOR COMPTROLLER.—Please announce O. THRUYS, the present Comptroller of Municipality No. One, as Candidate for the COMPTROLLERSHIP OF THE CITY OF NEW ORLEANS. fe17

☞ FOR RECORDER—Second District: J. L. FABRE. mh5

☞ FOR RECORDER.—We are authorized to announce Mr. P. BOULIGNY as a Candidate for RECORDER OF THE FOURTH DISTRICT OF NEW ORLEANS, formerly the city of Lafayette. fe15

☞ FOR RECORDER.—THOMAS H. SHIELDS is a Candidate for the office of RECORDER OF THE FIRST DISTRICT, subject to the nomination of the Whig Convention. fe16

☞ FOR CITY SURVEYOR.—We are authorized to announce HUGH GRANT as a Candidate for CITY SURVEYOR OF NEW ORLEANS. ☞ Election on Monday, March 24, 1852. fe16

☞ FOR CITY SURVEYOR.—Messrs. Editors of the Crescent: Please announce LOUIS H. PILIE as a candidate for CITY SURVEYOR. THE PEOPLE.

☞ Election on the 29th March, 1852. mh13 2p

☞ FOR TREASURER.—WM. H. GARLAND is a Candidate for TREASURER OF THE CITY OF NEW ORLEANS. fe20

☞ FOR STREET COMMISSIONER.—Editors of the Crescent: Please announce PATRICK DALY as a Candidate for the above office. He has been an old resident in Lafayette, and is generally known as "Daly, the Drayman." He will be supported by his numerous friends. mh11 tf

☞ FOR STREET COMMISSIONER.—F. MENDOZA is a Candidate for STREET COMMISSIONER, subject to the nomination of the Whig Convention. mh13 tf

☞ FOR STREET COMMISSIONER.—Please announce A. MONTANYE as a Candidate for the office of STREET COMMISSIONER, at the solicitation of many friends, at the ensuing election, 2d March. fe23 tf

☞ FOR ASSISTANT ALDERMEN—Second Ward, (old Third and Fourth Wards):

G. W. SHAW,
T. O. NIXON,
T. L. LEEDS.

The upper line of the Second Ward now is bounded by Bagatelle, Enfeld and Tivoli streets, the lower by Felicity street. mh15 tf

60 ☞ Camp Street. ☞ 60

NEW AND INTERESTING BOOKS,
JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE AT
NEW ORLEANS STATIONERS' WAREHOUSE:
WORKS OF CHRISTIANITY, exemplary for acts of Piety and Charity. By Julia Kavanagh.
Vol. 3 FRENCH'S HISTORICAL RECOLLECTIONS OF LOUISIANA.
SWETT ON THE DISEASES OF THE CHEST.
SURENNE'S NEW FRENCH MANUAL AND TRAVELER'S COMPANION.
APPLETON'S MAGAZINE AND ENGINEER'S JOURNAL, for February, 1852.
THE WORKS OF JOHN C. CALHOUN—Vol. 1, Lecture on Disquisition on Government.
BROWN'S GRAMMAR OF ENGLISH GRAMMAR. The best work of the kind ever published.
LOCKHART'S HISTORY OF THE CONQUEST OF MEXICO AND NEW SPAIN—In 2 vols.
HUNTON LIGHT.
TALBOT'S PENCIL OF NATURE. An interesting work to Daguerreotypers.
THOMSTIDWATES'S GUIDE TO PHOTOGRAPHY.
MITCHELL'S (New and Complete) UNIVERSAL ATLAS. Edition 1852.
HARPER'S MAGAZINE for March, 1852. Also the same work from its commencement, complete,