...yet the show on; unless, indeed, ... of the young gentleman, and in ... I doubt not he will prove a dutiful ... husband. Oh, devil! What do ... Oh, Ah, devil! What do ... you? Speak! Speak!! I'll murder you! Be-... Speak!!!"

"He might be entered, and silently confronted ...

"Thy sword cut man," replied the woman, ... "I have no future for me now. My son ... your fatch. Oh, Mrs. Arbuthnot," turning towards and addressing that ... "where are—"

... and sprang at her with the bound of ... Silence! Go home, or I'll strangle ...

... own utterance was arrested by ... of Mr. Arbuthnot, who seized ... by the throat, and hurled him to the far-... of the room. "Speak on, woman; and ... quick! What have you to say?"

"That your son, dearest lady," she answered, ... prowing herself at Mrs. Arbuthnot's feet, is ... truly your own child as ever son born of woman."

... that shout of half-fearful triumph seems even now as I write to ring in my ears! I felt that ... woman's words were words of truth, but I ... not at first distinctly; the room whirled round ... the lights danced before my eyes, but I ... just through all the choking ecstacy of ... the fury of the baffled felon.

"Yes, my lord," continued Mrs. Danby, "which ... I have found and opened, would have in-... you, sir, of the swiftly approaching ... of my child, and that yours had been ... kept beyond the reach of contagion. ... letter you received was written without my ... or consent. True it is that, terrified ... my husband's threats, and in some measure ... to the wicked imposition by knowing ... after all, the right child would be in his ... place, I afterwards lent myself to Danby's ... purposes. But I chiefly feared for my son, ... I fully believe he would not have scrupled ... make away with in revenge for my exposing ... profitable fraud. I have sinned; I can ... only hope to be forgiven, but I have now told ... the sacred truth."

All this was uttered by the repentant woman; ... at the time it was almost wholly unheard ... by those most interested in the statement. They ... only knew that—that—they were saved—that ... child was theirs in very truth. Great, ... abundant, but for the moment bewildering joy! ... Mr. Arbuthnot—his beautiful young wife—have ... own true boy (how could she for a moment have ... doubted that he was her own true boy!—you ... remember that thought through all her tears. ... Quickly as they fell—the aged and half stunned ... mother, whilst yet Mrs. Danby was speaking, ... were exclaiming, sobbing in each other's arms; ... and praising God, too, with broken voices ... incoherent words it may be, but certainly ... warmest, most grateful hearts.

... was had time to look about us, it was ... that the felon had disappeared—escaped, ... well, perhaps, that he had; better, that ... not be heard of since.

DAILY CRESCENT.

NEW ORLEANS DAILY CRESCENT

WILL be published every morning (Sundays excepted) at the office, No. 93 ST. CHARLES STREET, ... in this city and Lafayette as an ... day (Sundays excepted), for $8 a year, in advance, ... $4 for six months, or $2 for three months, payable to the carriers.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:

Terms and after this date the following rates of charges, payment of ... to be made quarterly, will be invariably adhered to, viz:

For a square (one inch), for one insertion $1 00
For every subsequent insertion 50
For a square (one inch), per month, for any period less than a year $1 00
For a square (one inch), per month, for any period, with three, six months or by the year 50
All advertisements not marked with the published one month and charged ... Cash.

... Advertisements, unless given advertisements as a mark of ... in connection with the paper, will be charged ... It is now in the hands of the present proprietor, has been ... monthly ... the last month, even through the dull season, has ... Cash.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL

OF THE CONSOLIDATED CITY OF NEW ORLEANS.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JUNE 23, 1852

HOW THE WHIGS OF NEW ORLEANS TAKE IT.—We present to-day, possibly even to the exclusion of our own editorial, the views of two of the most prominent and enthusiastic of the Whigs of Louisiana:

For the Crescent.

To the Whigs—The Nomination.

We are free to say, that, in common with a majority of the whigs of Louisiana, we preferred Millard Fillmore as the whig candidate for the Presidency. He was our choice, not because we were wanting in confidence in either of the other distinguished whigs who had been named for that high office, but because we thought he eminently deserved support for his conduct during the trying times that he has held a high position of authority. But a Whig Convention, fairly chosen, representing all the whigs of the Union, after a full interchange of opinions, and after mature deliberation, have arrived at the conclusion that the gallant, the brave, the scarred old veteran, General Winfield Scott, should be the standard-bearer of the whig party in the approaching conflict; and now we should be faithless to our trust, and recreant to our principles, and false to the party with whose success is identified the prosperity of our country, if we failed to surrender cheerfully our individual preferences. We, therefore, fling to the breeze his banner—will stand by it in sunshine and in storm. We fight under an old and tried whig, whose blood has been freely shed for his country, whose name and whose great deeds are well known to the world. His has been a life full of action, and he has ever been equal to whatever emergency he had to meet. He will prove himself equal to the present. The fate of the locofoco party is sealed. No one asks "Who is Winfield Scott?" His country's history tells of him. He has subscribed to the Whig Platform, and no good whig can consistently vote against him.

(Communicated.)

The adoption by Gen. Scott of the Whig National Convention's Platform, at Baltimore, has removed all objections to him. On the last vote he was sustained by Virginia and other Southern States. He is a Southerner by birth, education and family ties—and true to the Constitution, as proved by his acts and opinions while acting Secretary of War, immediately after Gen. Taylor's death—and standing by and urging Fillmore to adopt the Compromise measures as the great act of his administration.

As to the choice of the democrats, he is known only as "Gen. Obscurity," whose horse fell down with him four times in Mexico, he resigning and going home.

The same party nominated and elected Martin Van Buren—also Joseph Johnson, Governor of Virginia, (a New Yorker,) who gave as the substance of his reason for pardoning a slave in Richmond, Va., who had been tried and convicted of the murder of his overseer in a factory there, (who had attempted to correct him for a fault,) that such resistance, though it ended in death, was justifiable homicide.

We have enough of such a party. We have everything to fear from that party, with their sentiments, nominee and John Van Buren, and old Martin backing them.

But, we shall have—Maine, 8 votes; Vermont, 5; Massachusetts, 13; Rhode Island, 4; Connecticut, 6; New York, 35; New Jersey, 7; Delaware, 3; Pennsylvania 27; Ohio, 23; Indiana, 11; North Carolina, 10; Florida, 3; Louisiana, 6; Tennessee, 12; Kentucky, 12; Wisconsin, 5; Michigan, 5; Iowa, 3. Certain, 190 votes. Probably Georgia 10 and Virginia 14, as they are sick of Gov. Joseph and his brethren.

The Union is safe! A Whig and Southern Slave-holder! Hurrah for Scott and Graham!!

Thanks to the clerk of the steamer Florida for Mobile papers.

We are indebted to the clerk of the steamship Mexico for Texas papers.

The steamer Empire arrived yesterday from Louisville. We are indebted to her clerk for papers. This fine steamer leaves to-morrow at 5 o'clock p. m. for Louisville.

A destructive gale passed over Ogdensburgh and vicinity on the 9th inst. At Chateaugay the roofs were stripped off of two freight trains that were passing.

Land Warrants are now quoted in New York as follows: 160 acres, 127 to $130; 80 acres, 64 to 66; 40 acres, 32 to $33 50.

MASSACHUSETTS.—The Commonwealth nominates for President John P. Hale, Vice-President Cassius M. Clay. The free-soil State Committee have called a Mass State Convention at Worcester, on the 6th July.

LEWIS HOWARD.—The City Council of Charleston has ... the Mayor to offer a reward of $1000 to any ... who will give information leading to conviction of any person ... in an incendiary attempt.

SALTY.—Samuel ... of Syracuse, N. Y., has invented a method of ... salting butter scientifically, whereby impurities are ... removed, and the crystals become exceedingly beautiful, ... while as the driven snow.

A STRIKE.—The foundry-men of Louisville have struck for the ten hour system. It appears that one firm before the strike, unhesitatingly acceded to the wishes of their employees. The firm is Messrs. Lawson & Frank.

FIRE.—A destructive fire occurred in Aurora, Ind., on the 10th instant. Loss about $8000.

ANOTHER INCENDIARY ATTEMPT.—Another attempt to set fire was made in Savannah on the morning of the 16th inst. The gang of incendiaries who infest that city, are the most persevering and desperate villains we ever read of. In addition to the reward of $500 offered by the Mayor for the apprehension of any of the incendiaries, the citizens have subscribed $1000 more.

Telegraphed to the "Daily Crescent."

By the Morse Southern Line.

Nomination of Vice President—W. A. Graham, of North Carolina.

BALTIMORE, June 22.

After the nomination of President, yesterday, the Convention adjourned from 3 o'clock to 5, P. M.

On meeting, Wm. A. Graham, of North Carolina, was nominated for Vice President on the second ballot.

Three Days Later from Europe—Arrival of the Franklin—Further Advance in Cotton—Decline in Breadstuffs.

NEW YORK, Tuesday, June 22.

The New York and Havre steam packet Franklin has arrived here, bringing dates from Liverpool to the 8th instant inclusive.

Her accounts state that the demand in the Cotton market at Liverpool continued good, and prices had advanced ¼d. ⅌ lb. since the departure of the Europa. The sales of Monday and Tuesday (the 7th and 8th inst.) embraced 17,000 bales, taken at the above advanced rates.

Flour was dull and prices had declined 3d.@6d. ⅌ bbl. Corn had declined 5d., and Wheat 1d.@2d. ⅌ quarter.

FURTHER BY THE BOREAL.—We find in the Charleston Courier the following telegraphic summary of the news brought by the steamer Europa:

The British Parliament, which had taken a recess during the Whitsun holydays, had re-assembled, but their proceedings presented no features of especial interest. Nothing further has been heard relative to the fate of Mr. Murray, the Englishman under sentence of death in the fortress of Spoleto. It is generally believed that Queen Victoria will visit the South of Ireland this Summer. The Australian emigration furor continues unabated. Ten pounds reward have been offered for the apprehension of Meagher. Advices received in London state that the Emperor of Russia had left Berlin for Warsaw on the 27th ult., with the Empress, who had been recommended by her physicians to proceed to Schlangenbad and entes on a course of bathing with the least delay. France was quiet, and nothing in the shape of a rumor had transpired since the departure of the Baltic on the 2d inst. Louis Napoleon was still at St. Cloud. The French fleet, at last accounts, was at Palermo. The alarming rumors that prevailed in Belgium, and the fears which were entertained in December and January, of forcible annexation to France, have been revived. Excitement still prevailed in Lebourg, in Switzerland. The insurrection in Turkey, in the pachalik of Bagdad, had not been suppressed, and the Arabs were still masters of the country from Mosul to the Persian Gulf.

FROM LIBERIA.—Letters received at New York from Liberia, report that a coolness has arisen between the authorities and local representatives of Great Britain, relative to the Grando difficulty. The latter was said to be again making extensive preparations to attack the settlement in the Tradetown country. The British Commodore was on the coast investigating the cause of the late troubles, and it was thought by the Liberians that he was disposed to favor Grando and Boyer in their attacks upon the colony. Much excitement prevailed as this report spread.

The bark Liberia Packet, Capt. Chaseu, forty-five days from Savannah, arrived at Monrovia on the 15th of March, with 103 passengers.

SUPPOSED MURDERER ARRESTED.—At the complaint of several persons a man was arrested in St. Louis, on the 10th inst., on a charge of having committed a murder on a United States vessel near Chagres. The facts in the case alleged are, that he was a sailor, and in a difficulty with a superior officer ran him through with a sword, and subsequently escaped by immediately leaping overboard and swimming to the shore. He refuses to give his name—admits having had a difficulty with the officer, though he denies any knowledge of a murder.

MONUMENT TO MR. CALHOUN.—The citizens of the Parish of St. John's, Colleton, South Carolina, have held a meeting for the purpose of considering the best means of promoting the erection of a monument to the memory of John C. Calhoun. An association was formed, and it is proposed that similar associations be formed in each District and Parish in the State. The subscription is limited to one dollar each person, in order that the citizens generally may participate in this grateful tribute to departed worth.

STRICK BY LIGHTNING.—The St. Louis Union learns by a gentleman from Minnesota that, on Friday week, a terrific under storm occurred in the region of country bordering on Lake St. Croix. The St. Paul Pioneer had information that, out of a party of twelve lumbermen, who were encamped on the fatal night near the mouth of Willow river, two were instantly killed by the lightning, and three others so dangerously injured that but slight hopes of their recovery were entertained.

THE ARMY WORM.—The Fredericksburg (Va.) Herald says that at least 150 seventy-acre fields of wheat, in Orange county, have been totally destroyed by the army worm. The fear is, now, that this destructive insect will continue its ravages, as we saw in Maryland, from 1807 to 1820.

THE JAPAN EXPEDITION.—It is feared that the Japan expedition will not be able to sail this year, in consequence of the late unusually cold or cloudless season. The Government allows only $12 per month for sound and healthy seamen, while this class of men command $20 per month in the merchant service—many of them receiving $40 for a trip from New York to Liverpool and back. It is said that between twelve and fifteen hundred seamen more are wanted to complete the complements of the ships intended for the expedition.

GEORGEY.—An able critique on Georgey's Memoirs has appeared in the London Examiner. The writer says: Between Georgey and Kossuth we do not attempt to form a judgment. We must wait till Kossuth replies to Georgey, for reply he must, if he would not be held beneath the respect of any honest man. One thing, we may fairly conclude to be established by this book, that Georgey was no more a traitor to what he believed was the cause of Hungary than was Kossuth himself.

BRIDGE ACROSS THE SAVANNAH.—An advertisement in the Augusta Constitutionalist invites proposals until the 10th of July next, for building five stone piers and two abutments for a bridge across Savannah river or near the city of Augusta, the contractor furnishing all the materials and of the best quality.

STEAMER SIGO.—The steamer Sligo No. 2 was wrecked on the Cumberland river, on Sunday night, the 13th inst., by striking on a rock. Several holes were made in her hull, but as there is very little water where she struck, it is thought that both boat and cargo will be saved.

FIRE.—The extensive brick yard buildings of Colonel D. Safianns & Co., near Memphis, were destroyed by fire on the 17th inst. The machinery used for making brick was also destroyed. The loss is estimated at $10,000. It is generally thought that the place was set on fire.

FATAL AFFRAY.—The Georgetown (S. C.) True Republican says that a affray occurred at Conwayboro' on the 14th inst., between an individual by the name of Causway, and another by the name of Milican, in which the latter was stabbed in the throat and killed. The brother of the deceased was also badly stabbed. The Republican did not learn the particulars of the quarrel.

MURDER BY A NEGRO.—A son of Mr. James Ridens, aged thirteen years, residing near Dyersburg, Tenn., was recently murdered by a negro, who caught him in a field and killed him with a hoe. The negro confessed the murder.

RAINWATER VS. CHOLERA.—It has been fully ascertained, says the report of a French medical commission, both at Paris and elsewhere, that rainwater is a prophylactic of cholera, and that this disease has never proved an epidemic in any city where rain water is exclusively used.

THE FIRE IN MONTREAL.—The Montreal Herald is of opinion that the loss by the late in that city will exceed £300,000—£600,000 in goods and £200,000 in real property. From one-half to two-thirds of the property was insured.

SUPPOSED MAIL ROBBER ARRESTED.—W. H. Harber, suspected of stealing letters from the mail in Alabama, was on Tuesday arrested at Keowa, Cass county, by J. D. Prierson, Special Agent Post-office Department.

MURDER AND SUICIDE.—A lady of Hancock county, Tennessee, having lost her husband became partially insane. On the 24th ult. she procured an axe, went to the bed of her little son and literally cut him to pieces. She then went to the well and drowned herself.

Lola Montez is to play her next engagement in New York at the Bowery Theatre. This looks like an adjuration of upper-ten-dom and a desire to court the smiles of the democracy.

COUNTERFEITER ARRESTED.—A man by the name of Sheridan, who had been passing counterfeit money in Jackson county, Ind., was arrested in New Albany on the 12th inst. The officer found considerable counterfeit money in his possession.

MURDERED HIS WIFE.—A man named Lapham was convicted in Detroit a few days since of murdering his wife by poison. He was sent to the Penitentiary for life, capital punishment having been abolished in Michigan.

SETTLED.—It is announced in the Washington Union that the misunderstanding which occurred during the deliberations of the Virginia delegation, in Baltimore, between the Hon. H. A. Wise and the Hon. Fayette McMullin has been amicably and honorably adjusted.

TOO MANY HORSES.—Horses are said to have become so numerous in Brazil as to be a serious trouble. The Emperor has therefore issued a decree authorizing citizens to shoot brood mares wherever found.

THE MARINE OF THE PAPAL STATES.—The *Giornale* of Rome publishes an official list of the mercantile marine of the Papal States. The total number of vessels is 1430, of which 863 measure 28,294 tons, manned by 2110 seamen.

KOSSUTH.—The vast "Maguire" is lying quietly at the Irving House, New York, whence, it is said, he will depart in a few days for Europe.

MATERIAL AID.—The New York Times says that Kossuth has realized about $100,000 in this country.

From Texas.

By the arrival yesterday of the steamship Mexico, Capt. Place, we have received Galveston papers to the 15th inst., three days later than came by the Yacht and James L. Day.

MOVEMENTS OF ARMY OFFICERS.—The San Antonio Ledger, of the 10th inst., says that General Harney, General Garland, Colonel May, Major Sibley, Major Harrison and Lieutenants Tyler and Stewart, had arrived in that town from the Rio Grande.

CAPTAIN LEWIS.—Captain G. K. Lewis has purchased the office of the newspaper called the Nueces Valley, and he will hereafter conduct that journal.

CALIFORNIANS MURDERED.—The San Antonio Western Texan of the 10th learns from a letter of the 29th ult. that a party of Californians, five in number, who passed through Eagle Pass and San Fernando a few days previous, were murdered by the Mexicans. Their names the writer had not been able to learn, or where they were from, but that they were killed about thirty miles on the road from San Fernando to Santa Rosa, is certain.

THE INDIANS.—The Comanche Indians still continue their depredations, and the Texas papers say that no faith can be put in their promises. It is but a very short time since they expressed a strong desire to bury the hatchet and live in peace. A few days since they stole a lot of horses near Goliad.

The Lipan, Muscalero and Camanche chiefs, however, who recently visited San Antonio, went away apparently well pleased with their reception. The Lipans have planted large cornfields, which promise an abundant harvest. They appear to be highly delighted with this prospect, and express a desire to have a territory set apart for them, where they can cultivate the arts of peace unmolested. The Camanche and Muscalero chiefs also expressed the same wish, and say they are determined to abandon the precarious chances of existence which plunder and the chase now furnishes, and devote themselves to agriculture and stock-raising.

Some of the papers suggest the purchase by the United States of the upper portion of Texas for the use of the Indians.

MASONIC.—A Chapter of Royal Arch Masons has been established at San Antonio.

THE CROPS.—The San Antonio papers speak of the crops in that part of the State as highly promising.

DR. NAPHEGYI.—It appears that the people of Bastrop, who so long sustained the notable Hungarian exile, *alias* Hungarian adventurer, recently commenced looking into things rather too closely for the worthy Doctor's benefit, and taking advantage of a little excitement he directed himself of his formidable moustache, and decamped, no one knows whither. When the Galveston News made the first charges against him, the citizens of Bastrop were completely taken in by his great show of injured innocence, but sundry documents came to hand, which upset all his arguments, and he wisely concluded to leave.

MURDERER ESCAPED.—Thomas Hosking, confined at Lockhart for the murder of H. G. Stiner, Sheriff of Campbell county, recently made his escape by filing off his irons.

SHOOTING.—At Live Oak, Lockhart co., on the 17th ult., Mr. Samuel Wilson shot and mortally wounded a man named Jonathan Tanner. It appears that Tanner had threatened to kill Wilson the first time he saw him.

DEATH OF A STRANGER.—Moses Barker, of North Carolina, was brought into Indianola in a Mexican cart, a few days since, in a dying condition. He had only time to tell his name, and where he was from, before he expired.

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

LATEST FROM THE CONVENTION.—*Full Details of the Nomination.—Baltimore*, Monday, June 21.—The Convention met this morning pursuant to adjournment, and proceeded with the balloting. From the 47th to the 52d ballots the changes were not important. The 53d ballot stood as follows: Maine, 8 for Scott; New Hampshire, 5 for Scott; Vermont, 5 for Scott; Massachusetts, 13 for Webster, and 6 for Scott; Rhode Island, 4 for Webster, and 3 for Scott; Connecticut, 1 for Webster, 5 for Fillmore, and 2 for Scott; New York, 1 for Webster, 7 for Fillmore, 26 for Scott; New Jersey, 1 for Scott; Pennsylvania, 27 for Scott; Delaware, 3 for Scott; Maryland, 8 for Fillmore; Virginia, 6 for Fillmore, and 5 for Scott; North Carolina, 10 for Fillmore; Alabama, 9 for Fillmore; Mississippi, 1 for Fillmore; Louisiana, 6 for Fillmore; Ohio, 23 for Scott; Kentucky, 11 for Fillmore and 1 for Webster; Tennessee, 3 for Scott and 9 for Fillmore; Indiana, 13 for Scott; Illinois, 11 for Scott; Missouri, 6 for Fillmore and 2 for Scott; Arkansas, 4 for Fillmore; Michigan, 6 for Scott; Florida, 3 for Fillmore; Texas, 4 for Fillmore; Iowa, 3 for Fillmore and 1 for Scott; Wisconsin, 1 for Scott and 4 for Webster; California, 3 for Scott, and 1 for Webster. Total vote of the fifty-third ballot:

Webster	21
Fillmore	112
Scott	159

The greatest excitement prevailed at the announcement of this vote, with cheering for Fillmore.

A delegate from Alabama then moved to declare the nomination unanimous.

Mr. Dayton, of New Jersey, made an eloquent speech on the character and services of Gen. Scott, the nominee, and in a twenty-five minutes speech, one still speaking, His address comprises a special eulogy on the nominee, and an appeal to the South in his behalf, urging that he is entitled to the earnest support of all, as proved by the course of Alabama and Ohio.

Several delegations from the Southern States stated that the adoption by Gen. Scott of the platform proposed by them, would remove all objection on their part with regard to his nomination.

Baltimore, June 22.—The Convention re-assembled yesterday morning. Fillmore men were concerned looking on the forty-eighth ballot, that being the second ballot taken after adjournment. Balloting continued gaining until the fifty-third ballot, which resulted as follows:

Scott 159; Fillmore 112; Webster 21.

The Southern States nearly all stood firm for Fillmore to the last. Virginia giving six for Fillmore, eight for Scott, and one blank. Louisiana, as well as Alabama, declared itself unanimously in favor of the nominee.

A letter was read from Gen. Scott, accepting the nomination, and approving the platform as adopted by the Convention.

OHIO RIVER—STEAMBOATS—*Louisville*, June 18.—The river here is falling, with 7 feet 4 inches water in the canal. Rain falling most of the day. The steamboats R. H. Winsor and Alex. Scott, have arrived from New Orleans, and the Delta has departed for that place. [Evc. Delta.

FROM CHINA—*New York*, June 21.—The sloop Maria arrived yesterday from Hong-Kong.

DIVISION AMONG THE DEMOCRACY—ANOTHER CONVENTION. *Washington*, June 21.—A call is about to be issued for a national convention of the free soil democracy, to meet at Pittsburgh, on the 11th of August, and nominate candidates for the Presidency and Vice Presidency.

NEW HAMPSHIRE LICENSE LAW.—*Concord*, June 20.—The New Hampshire Senate has laid the Maine liquor law on the table. The measure is thus destined until the November session. [Evc. Pic.

THE BARONESS VON BIRK.—The arrest of this lady and her cruel treatment in Birmingham, England, from the effects of which she died, has been brought before the House of Lords. Lord Beaumont made a speech on the 25th ult., denouncing in the strongest terms the parties concerned in the persecution, for such it was. The lady had written a work on Hungary, in which some animadversions were made on the character and acts of Mr Pulsky, during the Hungarian war. She was about to write another book in England, and was advised to take a tour through the country to obtain subscriptions. While staying at the house of a Mr. Tindal in Birmingham, she was arrested and imprisoned on a charge of having obtained £1 4s. under false pretences. She died next day while in the state chamber of the *justice* room. The London Times has a scoring editorial on the subject. It says:

But the accusation is not only against the Birmingham magistrates. Mr. George Dawson, Mr. Tindal, Mr. Toulmin Smith, Mr. Louis Kossuth, and M. and Mrs. Pulsky are *participes in crimine*, each in his or her degree.

* * * * * * * *

As for the Hungarian parties to the transaction, they acted just as might have been expected from the associates of the eloquent but unprincipled counterfeit, whose pretensions have been so thoroughly unmasked in the United States. Literary jealousy was the mainspring of the attack upon Madame Von Birk. Very cleverly they set their puppets to work, and pulled the strings from behind the curtain, unseen—as they supposed—themselves. As for Kossuth himself, he acted just as might have been expected from such a man in such a case. He can not be accused of any participation in the crime before its fulfilment, but, when brought to his knowledge, he passed it over with the most consummate indifference, lest the good fame of his bottle-holder Pulsky, might receive some injury. Whatever offences may be laid to her charge—and we have heard of none of a graver nature than that she acted as a spy in time of war—it is quite clear that Madame Von Beck ever acted as a devoted and faithful partisan of Kossuth, and always spoke of him with an enthusiasm that he but little deserved. He, however, displayed not one spark of feeling, and expressed not the slightest sorrow for her cruel death. We trust that the discussion of Friday night in the House of Peers may be accepted as a certain palliation for the share taken by Englishmen in so foul a transaction.

Professor Anderson, a distinguished English Surgeon, in a lecture to the Medical Students, with a merited degree of pathos, made the following statement: "There is no part of the profession requires as large a share of judgment, precaution and skill, as the correct adjustment of a truss to an infant, or even an adult, afflicted with hernia, contending that the vast amount of suffering, injury and death, amongst that unfortunate class of people, was owing, not to the fatality of the disease, but solely to the bad treatment which it received. To treat it successfully, then, must be a truss selected to suit the form and condition of the rupture, and applied with the most strict observance of the anatomy of the body, and the very delicate nature of the affliction."

We congratulate our readers that we have in our midst a competent person who devotes his whole time to the treatment and cure of that deceiving, but we are sorry to say, to add common, but terrible, affliction; we allude to Dr. Sherman. This is the season of the year that strangulation is most apt to occur, and so Dr. Sherman's new Patent Truss is a sure preventive. We advise those in need to procure it.

A GAY PAIR.—The Fort Wayne (Ind.) Sentinel announces the marriage of Mr. Peter Gibout, aged 101 years, with Miss Sarah Smith, aged 34 years.

The following sublime couplet by the distinguished poet, Peter Pindar, Esq., applies most beautifully to this case:

"Just like the fragrant pea, with blossoms thick,
That winds its tendrils round a rotten stick."

GOLD MANIA.—The correspondent of one of the Northern papers tells an amusing story of a Yankee ship in San Francisco. The crew, infected with the gold mania, insisted upon leaving for the mines. In vain the mate protested, till finding his exhortations of no avail, he said: "Well, lads, there's no use of a mate without a crew; I'm with you." The captain raising up, and seeing that opposition would be useless, exclaimed, "Hold on, my hearties, till I wind up the old chronometer once more, and I am with you for the gold."

City Intelligence.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.—*Board of Aldermen, Tuesday, June 22.*—Present seven members, W. C. C. Claiborne in the Chair.

An Executive message embracing sundry recommendations relative to Police regulations was referred.

The official announcement of the vote on the Railroad tax was referred to the Finance Committee.

A communication embodying the charge of larceny against a Sergeant of the Police was referred to the Mayor.

A petition relative to, and asking an appropriation for, the repair of certain Fire Engines, was referred to the Fire Committee.

A petition from Alfred Munroe & Co., asking permission to erect a verandah in front of their store, on the corner of Magazine and Gravier streets, was received. A resolution embodying the prayer of the petition was adopted.

A communication from Hugh Grant, relative to certain drafts and plans of survey, was referred to a committee of conference to confer with a Rice committee from the Assistant Board.

A communication asking leave to erect a verandah on the corner of Maine and Levee streets was received, and the prayer thereof granted.

A letter from Julius Fulda, Commissary of the Port market, tendering his security, was referred to the Finance Committee.

Letters from the contractors for the city printing, tendering their securities, were received and referred.

Petitions for permission to emancipate certain slaves were referred to the Judiciary Committee.

A petition from a Charitable Institution, asking to be exempted from the operation of the Railroad Tax, was referred to the Judiary Committee.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

The Committee on Streets and Landings reported a resolution instructing the Treasurer to pay, on the warrant of the Comptroller, to John Donoghan, the sum of $6000, as per decision of the Supreme Court. Adopted.

The Fire Committee reported in favor of paying the claim of a Fire Company. Adopted.

The Police Committee reported in favor of employing slaves in the chain gang, in the improvement of the streets. Adopted.

The Judiciary Committee reported in favor of the emancipation of certain slaves, with permission to remain in the State after their emancipation. Laid on the table.

ORDER OF THE DAY.

A resolution approving the action of the Mayor in relation to a contract with Louis Surgi, for the construction of a bridge across Claiborne street, was adopted.

RESOLUTIONS AND ORDINANCES.

A resolution for shutting up by the Police, after five days' notice, of all unlicensed tippling shops, was adopted.

Leave of absence for three months to James Robb, was granted.

Leave of absence, for three months, was asked by T. B. Wolfe, City Attorney. Granted.

BUSINESS FROM THE ASSISTANT BOARD.

An ordinance for the government of Work-houses and Prisons, was referred to the Police Committee.

Relative to Wharfs, was referred to the Committee on Streets and Landings.

Relative to a State Arsenal and Armory. Concurred in.

For building a post-and-rail fence around Annunciation Square. Laid on the table subject to call.

To repair the side-walks in front of the Paulding School-house. Concurred in.

To reimburse property holders for laying certain sections of side-walks. Concurred in.

For improvements to Poydras Market. Concurred in.

To sell the contract for paving Fulton street. Concurred in.

Authorizing the Mayor to call on Hugh Grant for certain plan books. This resolution was discussed by Messrs. Burke and Lagenbuhl. Mr. Burke made a statement, which Mr. Lagenbuhl repeatedly declared was a falsehood. Mr. Burke replied that he would settle that matter out of doors. The resolution was concurred in.

A resolution to procure the maps and plans of the late George T. Dimbar, at an expense of $150, was laid on the table indefinitely.

A resolution to repair the Bayou St. John Bridge, at a cost not to exceed $200, was concurred in.

Resolutions for the payment of sundry claims were concurred in.

A resolution for the transfer of a grocery license. Concurred in.

Closing a beer garden and dance-house in the Fourth District. Concurred in.

Relative to the election for an Assistant Alderman on the 28th inst. Concurred in.

Relative to the railway on Claiborne street, and repealing an ordinance of the late First Municipality relative thereto. Concurred in.

For the paving of St. Louis street, between Royal and Levee streets. Concurred in.

Giving permission to W. R. Ellison to erect a livery stable on Grevier street. Concurred in.

To authorize a contract with C. W. Wilson for paving. Concurred in.

A message from the Assistant Board, notifying this Board of their concurrence in certain matters, was received.

The Board then adjourned to Tuesday next.

BOARD OF ASSISTANT ALDERMEN.—This body met last evening, and in the absence of Dr. Alpuente, Mr. Watkins was called to the chair.

A message was received from the Mayor, suggesting that vehicles be provided for carrying persons committed to the work-house and jails—that some arrangements be made for the accommodation of the insane—and that a bridge be erected across the New Canal where it is intersected by Common street. It was referred to appropriate committees.

The following is the semi-monthly report of the Treasurer:

Balance on hand at last report	$3,144 84
Received since	139,548 86
Total	$142,688 80
Disbursed	134,029 38
Balance on hand	$8,659 42

A letter was received from the Comptroller, giving auditor of several adjudications of several contracts; and one from the Surveyor, designating the places he has selected for locating the insurance State, and asking for authority to sell, etc. [illegible]

A message was received from the Board of Aldermen returning several resolutions which had been concurred in. Several other resolutions requiring concurrence were also sent up. The resolution among the latter relative to appropriations to the public schools of the different Districts, caused considerable debate.

Mr. Leeds contended that the Third District did not get as much under the resolution as it is entitled to, as when the Superintendent of that District made his report, all the pupils entitled to the benefit of the schools were not in attendance.

Mr. Phase said the same argument might be made in regard to the other Districts, and that the Third District got more under the resolution than it did last year. It was moved that the resolution be referred to the Committee on Education. It was referred.

A resolution relative to the appointment of a Sergeant for the Fourth Ward of the Third District, was referred to the Police Committee.

A preamble and resolutions relative to the celebration of the approaching anniversary of our Independence, which also came from the Board, came up for consideration. The appropriation asked for was $500, and it was moved to make it $1200 or $1500. Objections were made to appropriating any amount larger than the one named in the resolution. The resolution was concurred in, and a committee of five was appointed to act with the committee of the Board in making the necessary arrangements.

The committee consists of Messrs. Shaw, Burthe, Philbrick, White and Stetson.

A resolution from the Board, allowing the use of Washington Square to Mr. Cassin for an exhibition of fire-works was concurred in.

A resolution for the payment of a large number of bills was concurred in, as also was a resolution providing for the erection of an office for the use of the Wharfinger and Collector of Levee Dues, on the Levee of the Second District.

A resolution making appropriations for purchasing a new engine and hose carriage for Jackson Fire Company No. 18, was referred to the Committee on Fire, as also was a resolution to purchase a lot of ground for Hook and Ladder Company No. 1.

The resolution to change the names of several streets was referred to the Committee on Streets and Landings.

The resolution requiring the Surveyor to report to the Council the number of men, carts and horses, employed by him, was concurred in, as also was the resolution appropriating $2500 to the Assessors.

The resolution requiring the specifications of all contracts to be sold or let, to be published five times in the official journal before such sale or letting came up.

An amendment requiring that the specifications shall be approved by the Chairmen of the Committee on Streets and Landings, was adopted, and the resolution was then concurred in.

A resolution was concurred in, requiring the Surveyor to report to the Board of Aldermen, in secret session, an estimate of the probable cost of all works under his superintendence.

Mr. Bailey objected to the "secret session," and he moved an amendment, requiring the report to be made to the Board of Assistants also, striking out the words "secret session."

Mr. Nixon thought the ordinance a most extraordinary one, and disrespectful to the Board of Assistants.

On motion it was rejected.

Dr. Alpuente came in and took his seat.

A resolution from the Board appointing a committee of conference on the public printing was concurred in, and Messrs. Stetson, Nixon and Maekey were appointed on the committee.

A memorial was received from Pelican Division No. 1, Sons of Temperance, urging the passage of an ordinance, submitting to the people of the city, the question of license or no license. It was referred to the Committee on Health.

A petition was received from the former proprietor of the Jenny Lind Coffeehouse, corner of St. Charles and Perdido streets, asking for a new license, free of charge, his house having been destroyed by a mob in August last. Referred to the Police Committee.

A communication was received from the Board of Underwriters, stating that when the hydrants are opened for the purpose of cleaning the streets, the force of the water is much diminished, and asking that when they are open on an alarm of fire, they be immediately closed. Referred to the Committee on Fire.

On motion, the rules were suspended, and the report of the Judiciary Committee, relative to the emancipation of several slaves, was taken up. Mr. Herrmann, chairman of the committee, stated that himself and colleagues had had before them over one hundred petitions, and that the committee had found it almost impossible to distinguish between those which should be judged favorably of, and those which should be rejected. He moved that a few of them, to be named by the committee, be taken up separately, and the rest to be voted for en masse.

Mr. Rustis objected to this manner of voting, and considerable debate ensued, in which Messrs. Nixon, Watkins and others participated.

On motion, the report was accepted, and the petitions were taken up separately.

Considerable difference of opinion existed as to the manner in which the whole matter stood, and Mr. Shaw moved to refer it all back to the Judiciary Committee, that they might make a more explicit report. The motion prevailed, and Mr. Rustis then moved that his resignation as a member of the Judiciary Committee be accepted. Mr. Herrmann also offered his resignation. Pending these motions, a motion to reconsider the motion to refer back was carried, and the petitions for emancipation again came up.

At this stage of the proceedings, the Board got into an inextricable snarl in relation to points of order, and no one could comprehend what they were driving at. Some members having left the Hall, there was not a quorum left to pass on the petitions for emancipation, and they were dropped in *statu quo*.

A communication from Mr. Frank Buchanan, stating that under an agreement between the Chagres line of steamers and the late First Municipality, the Levee Dues are to be paid quarterly, thereby relieving them as a Collector, of his commissions, was referred to the Finance Committee.

A communication relative to the Gentilly Road was referred to the Committee on Streets and Landings.

The Committee on Claims reported in favor of paying numerous bills. Adopted.

A resolution instructing the Tax Collector on Real Estate in the Third District, to return to the Treasurer all books and records of his office, was adopted.

A resolution repealing the ordinances allowing the employment of Clerks by the Tax Collector of the Third District, was adopted.

A resolution requiring the Recorder to render a weekly account, and to pay into the Treasury all fines collected by them. Adopted.

A resolution authorizing the Mayor to enter into a contract for the running of the Draining Machine in the Fourth District, was adopted.

The Judiciary Committee reported an ordinance, allowing to the Coroner the sum of $17 for all the expenses of inquest and burial, and $5 for all services exclusive of inquest. Postponed to the next meeting.

The same committee reported an ordinance relative to public carriages. Also postponed.

Mr. Nixon, from the Fire Committee, gave notice that at the next meeting he would make a report as long as this room (the Council Chamber.)

The Committee on Health reported a resolution, making it the duty of the Mayor to submit to the vote of the people the propriety of granting licenses to drinking houses. Laid over.

The Committee on Education reported that in their opinion the City Physician had done his duty towards the juveniles in the Public Schools. Adopted.

A resolution relative to the payment of the salaries of clerks in the House of Refuge was adopted.

A communication was received from the City Attorney, giving it as his opinion that the contract between the late First Municipality and the U. S. Steamship Company, giving to said Company the exclusive right to the use of the landing in front of Jackson Square, is illegal and not binding on the Consolidated City. Laid over.

The City Attorney also gave it as his opinion, that the contract between the city of Lafayette and Mulard & Armistead, for the purchase of a public square, is illegal. Laid over.

Mr.