STEAMBOAT DEPARTURES

For the	Capt.	Place	Hour
LOUISVILLE	H. M. WRIGHT, Chief		5 PM
RED RIVER	PUTA, Barkett		5 PM
LITTLE ROCK	MOSES GREENWOOD, Thomas		5 PM
CAMDEN	CORA NO. 2, Ke Lug		5 PM
CINCINNATI	MORNINGSTAR, Howard		5 PM
CINCINNATI	AMISA-ADOM, Hunter		5 PM
CINCINNATI	VIDA, Hoy		5 PM
CINCINNATI	CHARLESTON, NO 2, Myers		5 PM
LOUISVILLE	W. R. CLIFTON, Spotts		5 PM
NASHVILLE	AMERICA, Johnson		4 PM
DONALDSONVILLE	MARY FOLEY, Dubois		9 AM
ATTAKAPAS	C. HAYES, Moggah		10 AM
ATTAKAPAS	ANNA V. J. Labarthe		12 M
VICKSBURG	MAGNOLIA, Thompson		5 PM
NEW CARTHAGE	PRINCESS, Holmes		5 PM
LEFLORE	D. R. MOBRY, Powers		5 PM
ALABAMA RIVER	GEORGIA, Scull		5 PM
MOBILE	OREGON, Herm		5 PM
NATCHEZ	D S STACY, Tyson		5 PM
NASHVILLE	CALIFORNIA, Brooks		12 M
CINCINNATI	WM NOBLE, Newcombe		5 PM
ST LOUIS	DELAWARE, Baker		5 PM
WHITE RIVER	ELISA VOSS, McNair		10 AM
LOUISVILLE	BELLE KET, Key		10 AM
RED RIVER	ECHO, Wilmoth		5 PM

Wednesday, January 11

NEW YORK	UNCKIRKE, Reider		9 AM
ST LOUIS	CATARACT, Jobe		5 PM
ST LOUIS	CRESCENT, Ely		5 PM
RED RIVER	CLEONA, Martin		5 PM
YAZOO RIVER	OCTIBBA, Shortwood		5 PM
DARDENNE	SUN, Lewis		5 PM
MISTEEN	SWAMP FOX, Romer		5 PM
DONALDSONVILLE	R. R. COWDENS, Rogers		10 AM
BIDOU	CREOLE, Walker		10 AM
MOBILE	FLORIDA, Pierce		4 PM
BAYOU SARA	EMPEROR, Cutler		5 PM
MAIZE	FASHION, Fagot		9 AM
COAST	W. W. ELLIS, Ellis		5 PM

☞ The new, light draught, swift running passenger steamer MOBILE, Thomas, master, will leave for Cincinnati, Madison, Louisville, and all intermediate landings THIS EVENING, at 5 o'clock. MCDOWELL, JR. & BELL, 12 Poydras street.

☞ The superior and swift running passenger steamer DELAWARE, Capt. Baker, will leave for ST. LOUIS and all intermediate landings THIS EVENING, at 5 o'clock. WHITE & HUCHANAN, 21 Fulton street.

☞ The new and splendid light draught passenger packet steamer PRINCESS, T. C. Holmes, master, will leave for NEW CARTHAGE and all intermediate landings THIS EVENING, at 5 o'clock, positively. JOHN T. COLEMAN, 32 Carondelet street, Union Row.

☞ The regular White River and New Orleans packet ELISA VOSS, A. McNair, master, leaves for Elizabethtown, Jacksonport, Batesville, and all intermediate landings on the above and all other branches of White and Black Rivers, THIS DAY, Tuesday, Jan. 11, at 10 o'clock M. ☞ Passengers and shippers will please be in readiness at the above hour. STONE & WALWORTH, 84 Telemachus street.

☞ The splendid and fast running passenger steamer MAGNOLIA, St. Clair Thompson, master, leaves for VICKSBURG and all intermediate landings THIS EVENING, at 5 o'clock. Shippers will please be in readiness. SMITH & FIMSTER, 32 Poydras street.

☞ The new, light draught, swift running passenger packet CORA NO. 2, Capt. Keelung, will leave for CAMDEN and intermediate landings THIS EVENING, at 5 o'clock. SMITH & FIMSTER, 32 Poydras street.

☞ The splendid and fast running passenger steamer DR. R. MOBRY, Capt. Powers, will leave for PLAQUEMINE and intermediate landings THIS EVENING, at 5 o'clock. SMITH & FIMSTER, 32 Poydras street.

☞ The splendid and fast running passenger steamer BELLE KET, Porter, A. Key, master, will leave for Louisville and intermediate landings THIS EVENING, at 10 o'clock. SMITH & FIMSTER, 32 Poydras street.

☞ The new, superior and swift running passenger packet steamer D. S. STACY, J. A. Tyson, master, leaves for YAZOO CITY and all intermediate landings THIS EVENING, at 5 o'clock. SMITH & FIMSTER, 32 Poydras street.

☞ NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.—The ship ERIOCH, Vaughan, master, from Liverpool, has arrived, and is now ready to discharge her cargo. Consignees will please take the usual delivery, and send to the undersigned the bills of lading. JOHN TOOLE, 25 Bank Place.

☞ Neither Captain nor Consignees of the brig ELIZA ETHOCKS, Vandenkerckhove, master, from Liverpool, are to be responsible for any debts contracted by her crew. JOHN TOOLE, 25 Bank Place.

☞ NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.—The ship CALEDONIA BRANDER, James Rankin, master, from Philadelphia, is now ready to receive cargo, for which the usual bills of lading will be ready to be signed at their leisure, on application at the office of the undersigned. Lay days will be counted from the time of the signing of the bills of lading. J. D. ARMSTRONG & CO., 33 St. Charles street.

☞ NOTICE.—Consignees of 100 bags Liverpool salt, per ship ELIZA, Lewis, master, from Liverpool, are hereby informed that they have arrived and are ready to discharge their cargo. Lay days will be counted from the date of this notice, and the usual bills of lading will be signed at the office of the undersigned. J. D. ARMSTRONG & CO., 33 St. Charles street.

☞ NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.—The ship BLANCH, Lewis, master, from Liverpool, has arrived and is now ready to discharge her cargo. Consignees will please take the usual delivery, and send to the undersigned the bills of lading. JOHN TOOLE, 25 Bank Place.

☞ NOTICE.—Neither Captain nor Consignees of the brig BLANCH, Carr, master, from Liverpool, are to be responsible for any debts contracted by her crew. JOHN TOOLE, 25 Bank Place.

☞ NOTICE.—All parties having demands against the ship ALEXANDER SMITH, Lewis, master, will please present the same to the undersigned, or to the consignees, for payment. GEORGE W. HYNSON, at Camp street.

☞ NOTICE.—Neither the captain nor consignees of the British ship CHESCINT CITY, Capt. Gallaway, will be responsible for any debts contracted by her crew. JOHN TOOLE, 25 Bank Place.

☞ TAKE NOTICE.—The public are cautioned against trusting any of the crew of the ship PACIFIC, Capt. Lewis, as the vessel will not be responsible for any debts they may contract. M. PITMAN, Commercial Place.

☞ NOTICE.—No bills will be paid by steamboat WARRIOR, unless by order signed with a written order from Capt. Rodney. SMITH & FIMSTER, 32 Poydras street. 9-6cow

DAILY CORRESPONDENT

Local Intelligence.

UNION COURSE RACING MATCH.—*Five mile Heats in Harness.*—The great event of the day among the admirers of fast nags in harness, was the match that came off on the Union Course yesterday, between two of the best of our good gaits.

The match was for $500 a side, between *John Burnett*, driven by James Bell, and *Lady Mack*, under the "tools" of W. Peabody, and when the state of the track, which owing to the late rains was very much deep in mud, is considered, it will be remarked that the time was fully as good as could have been expected from the reputation of the horses.

The match was decided in three heats, *Lady Mack* taking the first in 5:40, the two last being won by *John Burnett* in 5:30 and 5:00.

SUMMARY.

R. R. Bohman's *John Burnett*	2	1
John Allen's *Lady Mack*	1	2

Time, 5:40—5:30—5:00.

ADJUDICATIONS.—The Comptroller yesterday adjudicated to R. Fremontane the privilege of collecting dues for selling oysters upon the levee in the Second District, for more than two months for the sum of $2,000.

SUPREME COURT.—This Court met yesterday, and read decisions in about thirty cases. They will appear to-morrow.

FIRST DISTRICT COURT.—Patrick Gilfoyle was yesterday tried in this Court on a charge of larceny, and acquitted.

Daniel McCann, also charged with larceny, in having stolen a coat on the 31 of November last, the property of Patrick Kelly, was found guilty, and recommended to the mercy of the Court.

Noah Cox, on a charge of larceny, in having, on the 25th of November, stolen a finger ring worth $5, belonging to Elizabeth Stewart, was found guilty.

Philip Harry, charged with stealing, on the 8th of November last, six chickens and other goods and chattels, the property of John Cassegan, was found guilty.

FIRST DISTRICT COURT.—Alexander Roy, for the larceny of the keys of the vegetable stand of Mons. Jean Baptiste, f. m. c., in Poydras market, was sent down to answer the charge. John Fleming, for cutting a pocket book, containing $50, from the pocket of Pat Mooney, will have an examination before the same tribunal.

RECORDER'S COURT, FIRST DISTRICT.—BOOTY-LESS CHASE.—John Trent was arrested on a charge of having committed an unprovoked assault and battery upon the person of John Swain, in Common street, at six p. m., on Saturday. Upon his arraignment for examination, yesterday, accused stated that the sole origin of the affair was a demand by Swain to pay him six dollars, as an employee whereupon, as he (Swain) alleged, he concluded to use the complainant, and he accordingly gave him an *unofficial* receipt by the application of his fist to his face. The end of the matter was the discharge of accused in consequence of the non-appearance of the prosecutor.

HIGHWAY ROBBERY.—Timothy Neville had his examination before Recorder Winter yesterday morning on the charge of having taken two twenty dollar gold pieces, and specimens of gold dust to the value of seventeen dollars, from the person of Samuel Ford, a returned Californian. Ford, who is a native of Nashville, Tenn., stated that he left San Juan on the coal transport, Mary Howard, for this city, had been wrecked on the Mosquito coast, and after nine days suffering on a raft, had with some of his companions reached the shore in safety, and obtained conveyance down the coast back to San Juan, where they re-embarked for this city in the regular steamer. Arrived at this city, he, with some thirty others, took lodgings at the Missouri Hotel, corner of Lafayette and Levee streets.

At a late hour on Saturday night, Ford, with a companion, returned to the hotel, and while in the act of knocking at the door, he was accosted by a man who asked what they were doing out at that time of night. Ford answered that they boarded at the house and wished to get in the watchman then seized him if he had weapons, upon which Ford handed him his pocket knife; this not satisfying the accused, he asked for the other knife and commenced searching his person and pockets. Hearing the ring of money, Neville turned him round, and inserting his hands into the pantaloons pockets, took therefrom a buckskin purse containing two $20 pieces, and the specimen dust, and while in the act of decanting the contents he was accosted by the companion of Ford, who told him not to turn the purse up for he would pour out the dust; nothing heeding, he turned out the money and observed "This is counterfeit, G—d d—n you," and threatened to knock Ford in the head with his cane. The complainant then told the watchman to go into the hotel and the landlord would prove that he came honestly by the money. Neville agreed to go to the house, saying, if the money was good he would return it. After getting in the house the hundred nabbed the watchman why he interrupted the men, telling him they were at home, and proceeded to undress himself, but before he had finished accused hearing the rap of a club on the pavement below, said there was a call for him, and made quickly off. Smith was soon around, and followed by the two companions, down in the street, and meeting with Sergeant Fulton, he, upon learning the particulars, rapped and was answered by Neville from the corner of Commerce street, who, upon coming up was recognized and taken into custody. Upon leaving the house Neville handed over eight of the $20 pieces, the other two being picked up in one of his gloves by a servant woman attached to the house.

On the testimony of Ford, his companion, the landlord of the hotel, the broker who paid the money to Ford, together with that of Sergeant Fulton, went to accumulate such a mass of evidence against the accused, that he was sent under bonds of $1000 to answer the charge before the First District Court.

A word to those who carelessly lend their signatures to petitions for appointment upon the police of our city, is necessary for the reputation of many citizens, whose names are now attached to that body, and who are much chagrined at the odium which such an act is liable to attach to them. Do not, for the sake of ridding yourselves of certain slight importunities, sign your name in recommendation of men to such offices, who, for aught you know to the contrary, may be seeking a situation in which their nefarious schemes may be carried out with impunity.

For the accused, we learn that after nearly a month spent in boring all who be deemed had interest in procuring him a place, he succeeded in obtaining that of supernumerary upon the police; and almost the first act of this public guardian, has been highway robbery while on duty. Ford expresses his determination to remain in the city for twelve months, if necessary, to secure the conviction of Neville.

WORK-HOUSE.—Eliza Sickles, an incurable vagrant, was sent down for three months. John Miller, a drunken vagabond, who for five weeks has been in the habit of coming to the lock up for lodging, was sent to the Work-house for 30 days.

FINED.—W. Fegan, for an assault with threats upon James Rider, in Circus street on Sunday night, and for having in his possession a colt, was fined $10, and required to furnish bonds for good behavior.

SECOND DISTRICT, RECORDER'S COURT.—We mentioned yesterday that the extensive dry goods establishment of D. H. Holmes, No. 114 canal street, had been entered on Saturday night by burglars, and robbed of a large quantity of dry goods. On the night before last Captain Youenes, Chief of Police, having received information which he thought fixed the guilt of the burglary on certain parties, repaired, between the hours of eleven and twelve o'clock, to a certain house, situated on Toulouse street, between Claiborne and Derbigny streets, occupied by Jas. Hogan and Catharine Bowman, where, after search made, he found a quantity of fine and fancy goods, worth about $800, which, having been exhibited to Mr. A. Hoffman, agent of the house of D. H. Holmes, were immediately identified by him as the same that had been stolen from the house of Holmes. Besides the persons arrested, there are others implicated in the offence, whom the police are on the watch for. The prisoners were committed for examination.

Eliza Fitzquinn was "pulled" by the police, on a charge of having carried away two petticoats, one bonnet and two rings, the property of Achille Retat.

Charles Dazat was accused by Vincent Laport of stealing an "old hat," worth $1 50. Cheap article.

John Randall, who had been stopping at the Crescent City Hotel, having behaved as an insane person, was taken into custody to be disposed of according to law.

John Clifton stole a bundle of clothes, and having gone to the house of a "gentleman nigger" stated that he had been "making a raks," having taken said clothes from the house of Mr. Sylvestre, to one of whose slaves they belonged; and stated that he would pay said gentleman nigger if he would inform him where the clothes could be sold. Thereupon the darkey became indignant, informed the police, and had Clifton arrested.

John Roose was yesterday dangerously stabbed at the Mexican Gulf Railroad Depot, in the parish of St. Bernard, twelve miles below the city. A man named Pierre Cotton was charged with having inflicted the wound. He was arrested and transferred to the scene of the offence.

RECORDER'S COURT, FOURTH DISTRICT.—*Vagrants.*—Biddy McFadden and Mary Kelly were sent down to the Work-house on the above charge, for the respective terms of sixty and thirty days.

A WORD.—Somebody at the North says: "No man can either live piously or die righteously without a wife. Our aunt is in danger.

The Legislature of New Hampshire has indefinitely postponed the Negro bill introduced some time since, by a vote of 145 to 129.

THE ROAR.—The Memphis papers of the 3d inst. say that the river at that point rose twelve feet the preceding ten days.

Gen. Scott is the oldest Major General in the world—that is, he has served longer in the ranks than any other now living.

FIRE AND LOSS OF LIFE.—The house of a Mr. King, a confectioner in Montreal, was consumed by fire on the night of the 20th ult., and Mrs. King, two children and a servant, perished in the flames.

THE SCHOONER ADVANCE.—It is stated that the schooner Advance which was captured at Port Praya, (the Azore Islands) by the U. S. sloop-of-war Germantown, and which has just been sent into Norfolk for adjudication, was manned with a crew of free blacks and was actually fitted in the port of New York.

CONSENT TO CONFIRMED.—It is stated that Bishop Wainwright, of New York, has just received the announcement that another of his flock has gone over to Rome. The name of the apostate is Rev. Mr. Stoughton, pastor of the Episcopal church at Athens, Green county, New York. Bishop W. has received official notification of his resignation.

RAILROAD ACCIDENT AND LOSS OF LIFE.—A dispatch from New York, dated the 34 inst., says: The mail train bound east on the Erie Railroad ran off the track last night, near Binghampton, in consequence of the neglect of the switch tender. The fireman was killed, and the engineer badly scalded. None of the passengers were badly injured. The switch tender has absconded.

Mrs. Letitia Preston Floyd recently died in Tazewell county, Va., aged seventy-four years. She was the widow of Gen. John Floyd, formerly Governor of Virginia, mother-in-law to Governor John B. Floyd, niece to the late James P. Preston, Governor of Virginia, and aunt to the late Gov. James McDowell, of Virginia, and Hon. Wm. C. Preston, of S. C.

NORTH CAROLINA.—The Legislature of this State, at its late session, chartered not less than twenty-nine plank road companies, and one company to build a railroad from Fayetteville to the coal mines. Three banks were also incorporated: at Yanceyville, with a capital of $200,000; at Elizabeth City, with a branch at Greensborough, capital $500,000; at Charlotte, capital $300,000. The capital of the bank at Washborough was increased $200,000.

PHILADELPHIA MINT.—The amount of gold deposited in the mint during the month of December, was $3,320,000, and the amount of gold coined during the same period was $3,740,000. The total deposits of gold for the year 1852 have been $31,559,295, and the coinage for the year, $31,560,638. The number of three cent pieces coined during December was 3,590,000, and the total number during the year, 18,063,000.

MILITARY DEFENCE OF NEW YORK.—Adding to the enrolled volunteer companies the target companies not enrolled, but ready, doubtless, to do so at any call of duty, the citizen soldiery in the city of New York are said to amount to fifty thousand men, having command of one hundred and sixty-one pieces of artillery. This is a feature of which Gotham may well be proud, and in this, at least, she is the Empire City. Fifty thousand disciplined volunteers, capable of being put under arms at a few hours' notice, constitute a powerful garrison.

ANOTHER GAS EXPLOSION.—The new gas works at Woonsocket, R. I., exploded about 3 o'clock on Friday morning the 30th ult., with a tremendous report. Two workmen, Patrick Ryan and Patrick McCann, were blown a distance of thirty feet, and it is supposed are fatally injured. It appears that there was a leakage of gas in the purifying house, and the watchman in charge incautiously went to the door with a lantern, and probably entered, or were about to do so, when the gas ignited, and the explosion ensued. The building, which was of stone, was blown entirely to pieces.

ARTIC NAVIGATION.—Mr. Rufus Porter announces that he now believes that his aeroport may be put in full operation in two or three weeks of mild, calm and pleasant weather. He has discovered nothing to shake his confidence in the success of his experiment. The machine is 100 feet long, to be propelled by steam engines, and capable of carrying six persons, and travel forty miles an hour. The community generally are not quite so sanguine as Mr. Porter; and there are not a few who will not be convinced except by the actual travel of the aeroport.

EMMIS SCHOEPKE was again arrested in Boston on Friday the 31st ult., together with a companion whose name finally resolves itself into Harriet French, after having passed through a variety of romantic male subrogates. Harriet was arraigned in man's rig. She sported a Kossuth hat, shiny gaiters, model cane, black pants, coat, and all that. Emma was sent to New York to her father, in custody of an officer; and Harriet was sentenced to the House of Reformation for six months. This was afterwards so qualified as to permit her twenty-four hours to leave the city—which she promised to do.

AMOS LAWRENCE, Esq., of Boston, who died suddenly of disease of the stomach, on the 30th ult., was a brother of Abbott Lawrence. The latter, when a young man, was a clerk in his store, and subsequently became a partner. For thirty-nine years he has been a leading merchant of Boston, but for twenty years past has been in infirm health. During his life he gave donations to Williams College amounting to $25,000, and to Bunker Hill Monument $10,000, while his private donations are numerous and liberal. Not long since he appropriated $5000 to purchase wood for the poor. The wife of Mr. Lawrence is an aunt of Mrs. Gen. Pierce.

THE CASE OF THE GENERAL ARMSTRONG.—By the late news from Europe, information has been received of the condition of an award by Louis Napoleon, in the matter of the celebrated claim made by our government against that of Portugal for indemnification for the loss of the American privateer, General Armstrong, in 1844, and which award has been adverse to the claim, and in favor of Portugal. The General Armstrong belonged to Captain Reid, of New York, who claimed an indemnity of $100,000, and in 1849 the Secretary of State, Mr. Clayton and the Portuguese Minister, agreed, on behalf of their respective governments, to submit the whole matter to the arbitration of Louis Napoleon, the then President of France. That personage has since then been made one of the reigning monarchs of Europe, and his decision, as stated above, is against the United States.

SECRETARY OF THE NAVY.—Hon. John P. Kennedy, Secretary of the Navy, is complimented by the New York Journal of Commerce for his zeal in behalf of the extension of knowledge and science in connection with his Department. The Journal says:

"No less than four learned bodies have passed resolutions commendatory of the liberality of the Secretary of the Navy in promoting physical research. But for him the surveying expedition of Commander Ringgold to the Eastern and Japanese seas would have been a merely hydrographic affair of hard lines and triangulations. It now boasts a full scientific equipment. Lieutenant Page is preparing, under the same liberal auspices, for an exploration of the Plata and Paraguay a region rich in resources. Commodore Perry has been started on a mission to Africa, to select a sanatorium for future colonization—a mountain site, where elevation will give that exemption from tropical lassitude and disease which is now the greatest drawback of the present settlements. Finally, Dr. Kane, with his troop of volunteers, will start for the polar regions

Departures of the Collins and Cunard Steamers.

FROM LIVERPOOL			FROM AMERICA		
CANADA (Br.)	for Boston	Dec. 11	CANADA (Br.)	for Boston	Jan. 8
PACIFIC (Am.)	N. Y.	" 15	PACIFIC (Am.)	N. Y.	" 8
ASIA (Br.)	N. Y.	" 18	ASIA (Br.)	N. Y.	" 15
AMERICA (Br.)	Boston	" 25	AMERICA (Br.)	Boston	" 22
BALTIC (Am.)	N. Y.	" 29	BALTIC (Am.)	N. Y.	" 29
ARABIA (Br.)	N. Y.	Jan. 1	ARABIA (Br.)	N. Y.	" 29

Havre and Bremen Steamers.

FROM SOUTHAMPTON			FROM NEW YORK		
HUMBOLDT	Dec. 29		HUMBOLDT	Jan. 15	
HERMANN	Jan. 5		HERMANN	Jan. 29	
FRANKLIN	Jan. 26		FRANKLIN	Feb. 12	
WASHINGTON	Feb. 2		WASHINGTON	Feb. 26	

NEW ORLEANS MARKETS.

CRESCENT OFFICE,
TUESDAY MORNING, January 11, 1853.

COTTON.—Owing to the continued delay of later accounts from Europe, now over due by the steamer Asia, the sales of the week have been not better manifested, such disposition to operate, and the transactions of the day were limited to about 1000 bales. Prices were generally lower, but it is difficult to give accurate quotations, and we repeat our last figures for reference:

NEW ORLEANS CLASSIFICATION.

Inferior	6 @6¾	Middling Fair	8¼@8½
Ordinary	7¼@7¾	Fair	10¼@—
Middling	7¾@8	Fine	—
Good Middling	8¼@8½	Good and Fine	—

COTTON AND TOBACCO STATEMENT.

	Cotton—Bales.		Tobacco—Hds.	
Stock on hand Sept. 1, 1852	76,934		14,215	
Received since	105,948		16,205	
" yesterday	1,085—107,033		16—16,221	
Exported to date	64,033		12,756	
" yesterday	3,119—67,152		600—12,756	
Stock on hand not cleared	39,881		3,465	
Stock on hand Sept. 1, 1851	71,359		11,315	

TOBACCO.—We learnt of no sales, but there was some inquiry in the market.

SUGAR AND MOLASSES.—There was an active demand for Sugar, and 1000 hds were disposed of at 3¾@4¼c for Fair, and 4¼c for Fully Fair. Molasses was also in request, with sales of 1000 bbls, mostly at 20c@21c for prime and choice lots.

FLOUR.—The demand has sadly fallen off, and we noticed only a few sales at Ohio at $4 12½@4 25, and some St. Louis at about $4 37½.

GRAIN.—There was but little Corn offering, and the sale were limited to about 1200 sacks, of which 1100 sacks at 50c for White and 52 for Yellow, and 50c @ bushel for prime Yellow and White. Of Oats only one hundred sacks selling at 30c @ bushel for Ohio.

PROVISIONS.—We noticed a sale of 700 bbls Mess Pork, without inspection, at $17 50 @ bbl. In Green Meats rather heavy business was done, the sales comprising 120,000 lbs Bulk Sides at about 7½c, and 25,000 lbs at 8c for Hams, 6 for sides, and 5c @ lb for shoulders. Beef was in some request, with sales of 150 tierces prime Mess at — and 100 half bbls Mess inspection guaranteed, at $7 50 @ half bbl. Of Hams we noticed sales of 50 tierces Sugar Cured at 9½c @ lb, and sales of 10 @ 20 bbls Lard, with sales at 50 bbls No. 2 at 8½, 30 tierces Prime at 10½, and 100 kegs, also Prime, at 11½c @ lb. Of Cheese 25 tierces Western sold at 9½@ 9½c.

CANDLES.—Sales 50 boxes Star, in three sizes, at 12½c @ lb.

COFFEE.—We noticed sales of about 300 bags, including Sale Skins, sales at 7¾, 7¾ and Rio at 9, 9¼, 250 do, unpacked at 9, and 4¼, from a favorable cargo, at 8½@ 8¾.

FREIGHTS.—A ship was taken for Havre at 31½c for Cotton, and some Pork was shipped for Boston at 41 @ 50.

EXCHANGE.—The demand was very limited at our quotations:

Sterling	10 @ 12½
Francs	5 25 @ 5 30
Eight Dollars on New York	1 @ 1
Boston Sixty-day Bills	2 @ 2
Boston Sight Bills	1 @ 1
Havana Five to Eight Days	4 @ 4½ c. dis.

NEW ORLEANS CATTLE MARKET.

JEFFERSON CITY,
MONDAY EVENING, January 10, 1853.

Arrived to-day, 46 Western Beeves, 70 Hogs, 35 Sheep, 10 Milch Cows, and 110 Calves and Yearlings. There are but few Sheep, and a moderate supply of other stock on sale. Prices generally dull.

—PRICES—

Beef Cattle (Western)	4½@5c	9 @ 10
(Texas and Roughs)	3½@4c	7 @ 8
Sheep	$2 00@$3 50	40 @ 70
Hogs	$3 00@$3 50	40 @ 50
Milch Cows	$35 00@$45 00	40 @ 50
Calves and Yearlings	$7 50@$10 00	40 @ 50

COMMERCIAL SUMMARY.

Domestic Markets.

NEW YORK, December 31.—COTTON—Firm, sales to-day of 600 bales, 700 in all, including 300 bales New Orleans at 11½c, and 300 bales of 110 bale Orleans at 11½c. FLOUR—Firm, receipts wanting, but prices nominal, sales of about 4000 bbls at $4 56@4 62½ for State, $4 75 for Western and Ohio. WHEAT—Sales of Southern Red at 110@—. CORN—Sales of white Indian at 74@75c for Alsted White, and 75@76c for Southern. WHISKEY—Sales of Ohio at 20c.

PHILADELPHIA, December 31.—FLOUR—Sales of 1000 bbls Western at $4 50, and 500 bbls Red Hope at $4 62½. WHEAT—Sales of 2000 bushels at 90@95c for Southern and Pennsylvania. CORN—Sales of 3000 bushels at 70c for old yellow. OATS—Sales of 1000 bushels at 32c. WHISKEY—Sales of 200 bbls at 20c.

BOSTON, December 31.—FLOUR—Sales of 1000 bbls Western at $4 50, and 500 bbls Ohio at $4 62½. CORN—Sales of 10,000 bushels at 75c for Southern. WHISKEY—Sales of 200 bbls at 20c.

BALTIMORE, January 1.—FLOUR—There were sales on Saturday of 1000 bbls Howard Street Family at $5 25, and 500 bbls City Mills, at seven and 6 for the American, and the demand has for the last few days been active, the market, and buyers would not offer more than $4. Subsequently, however, the demand has been moderate, and sales of 500 bbls were made at $4 25@4 37½. There were sales on Saturday of 1200 bbls City Mills Family at $4 50, and 500 bbls City Mills at $4 37½. WHEAT—Sales of 1000 bushels of good to prime fresh at 100@105c, and to Wabash at 110@115c. Sales of 1000 bushels at 90c, and 2000 bushels at 92c. CORN—Sales of 1000 bushels White at 70c, and 2000 bushels Yellow at 72c. OATS—Sales of 1000 bushels at 32c. RYE—Sales of 1000 bushels at 75c. WHISKEY—Sales of 100 bbls at 20c.

CHARLESTON, January 1.—COTTON—There was a good inquiry for the article to-day, and the transactions reached 1000 bales, at full and fractional advances on the quotations of last week, viz: Ordinary, at 6½c; fair, at 8½c; fine at 9½c; middling, at 8½@8¾c; fair, at 9½@9¾c; fine, at 10@10½c. Sales at 8½@8¾c, 9½@9¾c, and 10@10½c.

MOBILE, January 1.—COTTON—Since our last review we have had a very active demand from Europe, which similar report prices to those of the week before last, and the sales have reached 6000 bales, and of last week, yesterday, we have 500 bales, leaving a balance of 5500 bales. In our market there has been but little doing, owing to the absence of the buyers, and the presumption of advances on our stock, in consequence of the rise in Liverpool. We quote the following as our market prices: Inferior, ordinary, 6c; ordinary, 6½; middling, 8; middling fair, 9½; fine, 10½; fine, 10½; and we continue Middling at 8½@8¾c.

LIVERPOOL CLASSIFICATION.

Ordinary	5¼@5¾	Good Middling	6½@6¾
Middling	6 @6¼	Middling Fair	6¾@7
Fair	7 @7½	Fine	7½@8

CONSIGNEES.—Have declined attraction, and may be quoted—New York up and down 10.

GALVESTON COTTON STATEMENT.

	January 1, 1853.	
Stock on hand, Sept. 1	217 bales.	
Received since last week at this port	2,000	
previous to this port	2,217	
Exported to Great Britain	1,000	
" to Continent	1,000	
To New York	2,000	
To Boston	500	
To Coastwise	600	
To Northern Europe	500	
Total	7,600	
Exported to Sept. 1, 1852	7,600	
To New York	3,100	
To Boston	1,000	
To Coastwise	600	
To Northern Europe	500	
Total	12,800	
On hand and in shipping, not included	1,440	

From the St. Louis Intelligencer.

COMMERCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR 1852.

ST. LOUIS, December 31, 1852.—TOBACCO—This article has been in good demand, and the receipts have been quite liberal, the market, at high prices, the entire season, and the season's receipts and sales exceed those of any former year in the history of our city. The receipts, for the year, are 18,000 hds, viz: 14,000 hds of the leaf, and 4,000 hds of manufactured; 5,500 hds, against 4,000 last year, showing an increase in the leaf, of 1,500 hds, and a decrease in the manufactured of 1,000 hds, which compared with the receipts of the year, in 1850, 1851, and 1852, we find the following:

	Leaf.	Manufactured.	Total.
1850	8,500	5,000	13,500
1851	9,000	5,000	14,000
1852	14,000	4,000	18,000

WHEAT—In footing up the imports of wheat we find that four-fifths of the receipts for the year, approximate more closely than those of June, the receipts in 1851 amounting up to 1,000,000 bushels against 1,065,347 in 1852, showing a deficit of only 65,347 bushels, equal to about 13,000 barrels of flour. Upon the resumption of navigation in February the market opened at 70 to 75 cents for fair, good and prime samples. In March 75@80c was realized for prime, and about April, May and June, 80@85c, and 85@90c for prime and choice. In July and August 75 to 78, in Sept. 75@80, and in October and November, 80@85, and during the past month from 90 to 95, and the ruling figures are 1 cent above the close of last quotations, when 95@97 was paid for prime samples, and the same would now be asked for a prime article on the landing. The stock of wheat in store at least on 1st of November, was in good order, and which is the bulk of those of our first quality, is now ready for sale, and that in millers' lands will be not many bushels if not entirely disposed of before another fortnight. The stock of flour is also stated from 45,000 to 47,000 barrels, of which the

Farmers' Bill	14,5	0 barrels
Extra	5,0	0
Eagle	10,0	0
Mills	6,0	0
U. States	6,0	0

Stamping up, 42,500

Leaving from 2,500 to 3,500 barrels in the hands of other parties. We annex the yearly receipts of flour since 1841:

Year.	Barrels.	Year.	Barrels.
1844	7,872	1849	79,855
1845	11,000	1850	76,000
1846	15,878	1851	68,357
1847	24,000	1852	65,347
1848	39,000	1853	150,000

CORN—In review of the imported articles of food in coming to the front as the falling off in receipts of the home crop, we find that the flour the receipts in 1851 to have been 320,000 sacks—while in 1852, the 320 embraced all received, showing a deficit of 247,000 sacks, or a falling off of near two hundred per cent. This extraordinary deficiency in our home crop is accounted for from the fact that in anticipation of very large receipts of foreign, the dealers have been enabled to carry over their young stock freely in order to get them into market this season, and thus dispose of them at prices which remunerate them, and which in this market the greatest portion of it was done. The market opened in February at 45 to 48, for good prime Yellow. The same figures were realized in March, April, May and June, with slight variations, and in August, September and October, ranged from 40 to 50 (from 45 to 50 in Sept.) and in November, at 45 to 50 cents. In December, the close of the year, at 40 to 45c, as we find data. The market present seems to have an unusual circumstance for this season of the year, at the close of the year, and the receipts, the receipts were large, and the sales