DAILY CRESCENT

THE NEW ORLEANS DAILY CRESCENT, [illegible] CANAL AND MAGAZINE STREET, [illegible] in this city at an early hour [illegible] Six a year, in advance, payable to [illegible] Subscribers.

CIRCULATION [illegible] Weekly, is sent free to offer a desirable [illegible] Advertisers. As

A FAMILY NEWSPAPER

[illegible] at an early hour, at the houses of citizens, and [illegible] Subscribers may be sure of receiving their Paper [illegible] Subscribers in the city desiring an extremely early [illegible]

OUR TERMS

[illegible] to work on to favorable the attention and patronage of the public.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

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[illegible] Weekly will be published one month and [illegible]

SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 9, 1853.

We are under obligations to the steamers Rainbow, James Robb, and several other steamers arriving yesterday and the day before, for river news.

The Power of the steamship Independence will accept our thanks for late Texas papers. We are also indebted to the officers of the steamer Philadelphia for Mobile papers of Saturday.

NATIONAL TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION.—We perceive by a telegraphic dispatch to the Picayune, that Mr. Gerard Stith, of this city, was elected on the second ballot President of the National Typographical Union, now in session at Pittsburgh. The honor could not have fallen upon one better calculated to reflect credit upon the Union and its presiding officer.

ANOTHER GREAT PROJECT.—IT IS NOW A certain and ascertained fact that Mobile will immediately build a railroad to Pascagoula. They whose great interests require it, and whose ample means can command it, have resolved upon it, and with those great property holders, to resolve is to do.

The American mail steamer Arctic sailed from New York for Liverpool on Saturday, the 30th ult., taking 200 passengers, amongst whom are ex-President Van Buren, Capt. Folsom, Governor Kemble, Senator Foot, of Vermont, the President of the Georgia and Florida Railroad Company, the Hon. Wm. McMurray, and James K. Paulding, Esq.

ALABAMA STATE DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.—The Mobile Daily Advertiser and Gazette of the 28th ult. has the entire proceedings of the State Democratic Convention recently held in that city.

Hon. John Erwin, of Greene county, presided, assisted by Rush Elmore and G. L. Walden, Vice Presidents.

Only thirty-eight counties were represented, and some of these had very small delegations. Col. Winston had a majority of votes on every ballot, but, as the two-thirds rule was adopted, he was only nominated on the seventh ballot. Thos. A. Walker, of Benton, was his principal competitor.

RECEIPTS OF GOLD AT THE MINT.—The Philadelphia Bulletin learns from the United States Mint that the amount of gold deposited there during the month of April, has been about four and a half millions of dollars ($4,500,000)—not equal to the extraordinary deposits of the month of March, but still quite equal to the average. During the same period the exports of specie to Europe have been about $892,000—leaving a handsome surplus in the country.

MOVEMENT FOR THE PROMOTION OF TEMPERANCE.—A number of citizens of New York have signed petitions to the authorities, praying that licenses to sell liquors may hereafter be refused to grocories, and granted only to hotels and to stores where nothing but liquors are sold, and that the charge for licenses in such cases may be raised to fifty dollars instead of ten.

INSPECTOR GENERALSHIP OF THE ARMY.—It is stated that among the applicants for the Inspector Generalship resigned by General McCall, are Captain H. L. Scott, senior aid to Gen. Scott, Maj. W. G. Freeman, Col. Thomas, and Col. W. W. S. Bliss, all of the staff of the army. There are also in the field Col. Steptoe, Col. C. F. Smith, Capt. Bragg, and Col. B. S. Roberts, of the line of the army.

DEATH OF JUDGE BURNET.—Hon. Jacob Burnet died at his residence in Cincinnati, on the 27th inst., aged about 82 years. He was a native of Newark, N. J., a son of the late Dr. Wm. Burnet, who served throughout the war of the revolution. He graduated at Nassau Hall, Princeton, completed his legal studies with the late Judge Boudinot of Newark, and was admitted to the bar in 1796. He immediately proceeded to Cincinnati.

COMPLIMENT TO SUNDAY.—Do our readers generally know the reason why the 4th of March was chosen as the day of the inauguration of the President of the United States? It was selected because the 4th of March in every four years, commencing from the first inauguration, cannot come on Sunday for at least three hundred years.

We see it stated in an eastern paper that boss carpenters, ship builders, and other master workmen, insert now in their contracts for heavy work, a clause by which they are to be protected from "strikes;" that is, if they make a contract to build a house or ship, they will not be required to proceed in case a "strike" occurs, by which they will be compelled to pay higher wages to their workmen.

During the last eleven years Boston has raised and expended for public school purposes $3,610,562 45. Notwithstanding the excess of population in New York, Boston during the last five years has expended a larger amount for educational purposes than that city.

It is reported that ex-Secretary Corwin, on his return from his approaching continental tour, designs locating for the practice of his profession, in Louisville, Ky., having made arrangements to reside in the immediate vicinity of that city.

HEAVY FINE.—C. G. Baly, secretary of the U. S. Life Insurance Company of Philadelphia, has been fined in New York the sum of $500 for transacting some business there without making the necessary deposit of securities with the State controller.

Charles Lee has recovered a verdict in the Circuit Court at Morrisonville, Madison county, N. Y., of $4000 against the Rochester and Syracuse Railroad Company for personal injuries caused by an accident on the railroad in October last.

The four persons who were consumed in the Temperance Hotel at Rochester, N. Y., on Friday morning, the 29th ult., were waiters in the establishment—three of them women and one a boy. When the fire broke out 120 boarders were asleep in the house, and for a time the most terrible consternation and confusion prevailed, many narrowly escaping from the flames. The loss on the building is estimated at $25,000.

VISIT OF PRESIDENT PIERCE TO NEW HAMPSHIRE.—The New York National Democrat is "authorized to say that President Pierce will, in the course of a few days, pay a visit to New Hampshire. He intends to be absent from Washington about two weeks." The City Council of Boston have already adopted resolutions tendering him the hospitalities of that city.

Mr. Robert Gardner, of Lowell, called at a drug store for some pulverized rhubarb, and when he supposed was rhubarb was put up by a boy in attendance. He took the medicine just before going to bed, and about 11 o'clock was found to be in great distress, and died in a short time. From the boy it was learned that Mr. Gardner had taken forty grains of pulverized opium instead of rhubarb—the boy understanding him to call for opium.

TRIAL OF THE CREW OF THE SHIP WINCHESTER. In the trial at Halifax on the 29th ult., of the crew of the ship Winchester for outrages at sea upon the female passengers, Kingman, the boatswain, pleaded he was an American, born in Boston. The court admitted the validity of the plea, by discharging him. Linten was acquitted, he having not been proved a British subject. Clark, a naturalized American, born in Ireland, was twice tried upon different charges, and was acquitted by different juries. It is supposed the indictment against the others will be proceeded with.

The Malden sisters will be tried to-morrow.

Baltimore Correspondence.

COMMERCIAL—NEW STEAMSHIP LINE—SOUTHERN AIR LINE—THE BALTIMORE BONAPARTE—CHIEF JUSTICE TANEY—BALTIMORE BID FOR COTTON—AMUSEMENTS, ETC.

Correspondence of the Crescent.

BALTIMORE, April 30, 1853.

After a feast comes a famine, says the old saw. The foreign exports of our port, which last week nearly touched a half million in value, this week amount to but $69,848, and the exports of flour to but 5863 against 24,030 for last week. The week has generally been a dull one both in exports and imports, but the trade with the West is still flourishing.

The fleet of the steamers of the daily line of propellers to be established between New York and this port has arrived here and attracts some attention. This line is not very favorably regarded by our intelligent business men, who see in it a means by which our connections with the West, now daily manifesting their superiority over all others, will be made tributary to New York enterprise. These boats will carry freight going to and from the West at exceedingly low rates, and thus place the New York forwarders over the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad on nearly as favorable a footing as Baltimore can be. The present steamer returns to New York loaded with flour and cotton which ought to have found a market here.

An important link in the "air line" of railway communicating with the South is now in inception, and the Legislature has been asked for the necessary act of incorporation. The project is to run a railroad direct from Baltimore, through Anne Arundel, Prince Georges, and Charles counties, Maryland, to a point on the Potomac, immediately opposite Aquia Creek. Passengers arriving there from the South by the Fredericksburg Railroad will be transferred by ferry to the other side, and reach Baltimore before they can now accomplish the fifty-two miles of river navigation between Aquia Creek and Washington, with a saving both of expense and trouble. This would also eventually prove a great freight route between Baltimore and the South. That the road will be built there seems to be little doubt, as capitalists are already prepared to take hold of it as soon as the charter is procured.

The Bonapartean correspondence here of the New York evening press, and also of the Picayune in your city, who has a strange proclivity for putting afloat absurd stories, has revamped and sent out the old rumor that Napoleon III has invited the branch of the Bonaparte family, now residing in this city, to visit Paris and participate in the imperial favor. This is an improbable story, and is flatly contradicted here by those who are acquainted with the family. If it were true, one can well imagine the funny scene the French Court would present when Madame Bonaparte, the wife whom he disavowed at the command of Napoleon, was presented to the present wife of Jerome, and the children of the wives were introduced to each other. With Louis Napoleon for master of ceremonies, the tableau would make the fortune of all the caricaturists of Paris. Madame Bonaparte, who, as the lovely Miss Patterson, the daughter of one of Baltimore's most distinguished families, was wooed and won by Jerome Bonaparte, is still living here, a stout, hearty old lady, with rather strongly manifested peculiarities, and somewhat of a terror to our aristocratic boarding-house keepers, among whom she ranges at will, seldom staying long at any one place. Occasionally she makes her appearance at the opera or theatre, where she attracts attention by the costly display of diamond jewelry with which her person is adorned. She is a woman of fine education and much native ability, and still takes a great interest in European, and particularly French affairs. Her son is very rich, and owns a great amount of real estate in and about the city. He bears a striking resemblance to the picture of Napoleon, and affects his appearance in his style and manner of dress. He has one son, named Jerome, a officer in the United States Army, and said to be a young man of great promise and talent.

The Washington correspondents have given currency to a report that Chief Justice Taney, moved by ill-health and advanced age, is about to resign his position on the Supreme Bench. This is not so. The venerable Judge has been sick, but has nearly, if not entirely, recovered his usual health, and is now busily engaged in the discharge of his functions as one of the Judges of the Maryland Circuit Court.

I learn from an authoritative source that at the approaching Commercial Convention at Memphis the cotton planters of the South will have formal proposals addressed to them by our Baltimore merchants to send trial cargoes of cotton for exportation from this port, and the most liberal inducements will be held out to them to embrace the offer. An abundance of capital will be provided for advances on consignments, the freight and commissions put down to the lowest point, prompt shipments guaranteed, and a united and powerful effort made to establish Baltimore as the great cotton and tobacco mart of the Union. This is the programme, and every exertion will be made to carry it out.

Wm. P. Maulsby, of Maryland, is spoken of for the U. S. Treasury Solicitorship declined by Judge Legrand. He is backed by Hon. John Nelson, Secretary of State under Tyler, and will probably succeed.

Miss Inch, a young American actress, has made quite a successful debut at the Museum. Barney Williams and his wife have opened the Lyceum, and are doing well. Mrs. Bostwick, the vocalist, gives a concert here next week. She has just returned from a successful Southern tour. OBSERVER.

[From the New York Courier and Enquirer of the 29th ult.]

FOREIGN DRY GOODS.—We annex our customary monthly tables, showing the importations of foreign dry goods into this port during the month of April, 1850, '51, '52 and '53. It will be seen that the importions for the present year largely exceed any former period, being no less than $30,751,923 during the last four months, against $19,839,177 for the corresponding period last year, and $4,780,831 for the past month, against $2,582,408 in April, 1852.

It will be seen that the increase is greatest in silk goods, being more than 100 per cent. on the importations of April last. The importation of woolen goods for the month, exceeds that of last year 100 per cent.; cotton goods, more than 50 per cent.; flax, 30 per cent.

These statements will strike many of our readers with surprise, as showing the enormous outlay by our people for the more cost by manufactures of England and the Continent. We are no longer contented with fine cotton goods, delaines, and other manufactures, which, in bygone years, were thought good enough for consumption among the States. These official tables exhibit no less than eleven millions of dollars' worth of silks alone brought into our port during the last four months. Seven millions and upwards in woolen goods; over six millions in cottons, and a general aggregate of more than thirty millions in value.

This, be it remembered, when money has been in active demand at nine to eighteen per cent. per annum, for weeks in succession, on the best paper that could be produced. The Dry goods business during the present season has been more active than at any former period, and the market is nearly bare of the various descriptions of French and British goods, the prices of which are fully sustained.

The amount of duties collected at this port is very large for the present month. The Sub-Treasury at New York holds upwards of six million eight hundred thousand dollars, and the whole sum on deposit at the various offices, at the last official report, was above Eighteen Millions of Dollars.

The receipts of duties at this port alone for the quarter ending March 31 were $28,623,965, against $22,227,197 for the same period of last year. We republish the summary of duties for each quarter of the year, viz:

Quarter ending	1851-2	1852-3
September 30	9,444,661	10,467,718
December 31.....	5,045,600	6,913,896
March 31.....	7,736,936	11,243,351
	$22,227,191	$28,623,965
June 30, estimated ..	6,683,330	9,713,000
Total	$28,910,527	$38,336,965

We think the results of the current quarter will fully confirm our estimate as above stated. Sufficient is however shown to explain *why money has been scarce* in our market.

There is a constant tendency to overtrading. It is very clear that the increase in our foreign importations is more than commensurate with the growth of population and growth of capital, and that more caution must be observed in order to maintain more soundness in our business affairs.

THE NORTH PACIFIC EXPLORING EXPEDITION.—The squadron of Commander Ringgold, soon to depart to survey Behring's Straits, will shortly sail from New York for Norfolk, where they will take in their armament, instruments, etc. Lieut. Rolando is to command Commodore Ringgold's flag-ship, the Vincennes; Lieut. John Rogers, the steamer John Hancock; Passed Midshipman Stevens, the Fenimore Cooper; and Lieut. Alonzo B. Davis, the Porpoise. No commander has yet been designated for the remaining vessel of the squadron, the John P. Kennedy. The scientific corps of the expedition will be employed specially for the occasion from civil life. Purser Boggs is to be the purser of the expedition. A large portion of the North Pacific will be examined, together with Behring's Straits, and the adjacent coasts of Asia and America, and as much farther north as practicable.

Gerritt Smith has started a newspaper at Cazenovia, called "The Progressive Christian." Some of the scoffers at things higher-lawish dare to call it the "Christian Propeller," and other profane wags denominate it the "Christian Go-ahead!"

The African trade (the kind of trade Mrs. Beecher Stowe is engaged in) in England seems to pay exceedingly well. No sooner was our Yankee authoress landed in Liverpool, it appears, than she was presented with £130 sterling. What for, as she is not understood to be in necessitous circumstances, we cannot imagine. John Bull would seem to think Uncle Tom has come a-begging!

£130 is just $650. Mrs. Stowe is certainly not much in need of the money, if the reports be true touching the enormous income she has received from the sale of her romance. If we could persuade her, we should see it appropriated something after this fashion:

$200 (say) to buy the freedom of one slave;
100 to send him to Liberia;
100 to the Negro Orphan Asylum here;
100 to learn one little negro to read and write;
50 to enable him to emigrate.

$650

Now, if Mrs. Stowe were not a professional Abolitionist, she would certainly spend the money she is making and is going to make in the African slave trade, the year to come, in Great Britain, as we have suggested. But, being an Abolitionist, and the real comfort of the negro, therefore, not being at all in her way, the following appropriations are more likely to be made:

$100 to entice slaves to run away, South;
100 to rescue them, North;
100 to pay expenses of ditto;
100 to send him to Canada;
50 for subscriptions to "woolly" newspapers;
50 for lectures on the Higher Law;
150 for a grand amalgamation dinner;
000 for the relief of the sick and distressed Uncle Toms in the Northern cities.

The next bag of gold Mrs. Stowe is presented with ought to be paid into the fund for the support of Abolition editors and lecturers; the first to keep on denouncing the Constitution as an accursed bargain, and the other to execute the Constitution of Ohemah, and every thing and every body else that don't join issue with them. It is to be hoped that Cousin John will hurry up the funds. [N.Y. Express.

ROBBERY—*Singular Detection.*—Mr. Sam'l B. Parmelee, of Wellingford, a son of the Sheriff of this county, had $1760 in money, a watch worth $150, and a considerable amount of jewelry, stolen from his residence on Wednesday night. Being unable to gain any clue to the thief, he was induced to consult a "medium," or clairvoyant, living between Wallingford or Durham.

She stated that the property was stolen by a servant girl, about 16 years of age; that she had secreted the jewelry under a stone, and the remainder of the money in another place. They returned and made search, but were unable to find any of the lost property. The girl, however, was watched, and finally they concluded to revisit the clairvoyant. On being put into the mesmeric state, she said the rest of the money had been burned since their previous visit, and that the jewelry was then thrown into a well, which she described with great particularity, and also mentioned other circumstances tending to convince her hearers of the truth of her statements.

On returning, the well was searched, and the jewelry found in it precisely as it had been described. The girl was then induced to confess, when she acknowledged that she had stolen the property, that she had burned half the money, and after the first search she had burned the remainder. She also said the jewelry was under the stone when the first search was made. In fact, she confessed all the clairvoyant had stated. In corroboration of her confessions, a slip of paper which was around a portion of the bills, was found in the ashes, partly consumed. The girl was arrested, and is now confined in the county jail.

The circumstances of this case are most singular, and go a great way to substantiate the truth of Pyschology. [New Haven Journal and Courier.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—As the steamer Jas. Adger was about leaving the wharf, on Saturday afternoon last, one of the passengers who was somewhat behind time, in fear of being left, attempted to spring from the wharf to the vessel. In doing so, he caught hold of the steward, Joseph Pettifor, who was standing upon the guards at the time, and they were both precipitated into the water. The passenger, whose name we have not been enabled to ascertain, succeeded in getting on board, but the body of the steward was not recovered until yesterday morning, when, through the exertions of Capt. Foster, of the Southerner, a successful search was instituted and the body recovered. A severe fracture on the side of the head, received in striking against the wharf, explained the cause of the sudden disappearance of Pettifor, and the nature of the accident. An inquest was summoned by Capt. F., and a verdict in accordance with the above circumstances rendered. The deceased, we understand, was a most estimable and worthy character, and left a wife and child in New York. His body was taken in charge by Capt. Foster, to be carried on to his family. [Charleston Standard, 2d.

Lucy Stone is now a lion in New York. She lectures to crowds concerning the rights of women to vote, hold property and offices, etc. One of the papers gives an account of her personal appearance. At one of her lectures, she "was attired in a black Bloomer costume, with a white chemisette and turn-over collar, *a la Byron.* Her hair is black, and cut short, *a la Alboni*, excepting that it was straight, and was plainly parted over her ears, and down her neck. Dressed as a woman should be, she would look about five and twenty years of age. She is a brunette, with a good deal of color, and has a fine set of teeth, a pleasing expression, and may be called handsome. In manner, she is perfectly easy and self-possessed, and her gesticulation is natural and appropriate. Her language is invariably well chosen, although she has a peculiar mode of pronouncing some words—as *sleaves* for 'slaves,' *mean* for 'men,' *retes* for 'rights,' etc. But her speech is fluent, and she may be called an eloquent speaker."

LIABILITIES OF SHIP OWNERS IN CASES OF COLLISION AT SEA.—The United States Supreme Court, at Washington, has recently reversed the decisions of Judge Story and of the Massachusetts Supreme Court on the question of the liabilities of ship owners in cases of collision. The old doctrine was that underwriters were "liable to repay to the insured damages paid by him to the owners of another vessel and cargo, suffered in a collision occasioned by the negligence of the master or mariners of the vessel insured." Judge Curtis has recently delivered the opinion of the Supreme Court of the United States, that underwriters are not thus liable. This is manifestly a most important decision. [New York Evening Post.

A MAYOR IN TROUBLE.—Mr. D. T. Snellbaker, the newly elected Mayor of Cincinnati, lately dispersed a large crowd who had assembled in one of the market-houses to hear the discourse of Rev. Mr. Kirtland, a seceding Roman Catholic. This proceeding greatly incensed the anti-Catholic portion of the population, without distinction of party, and the consequence was, that, after discussing the matter in private circles for three days, an indignation meeting was held, at which a committee, consisting of one hundred prominent citizens, was appointed to wait upon the Mayor, and request him to resign.

TROUT FISHING IN OLDEN TIME.—The following account of a singular incident, by which a fine trout was captured, was originally published in a New Hampshire paper in 1792:

"We hear from Enfield, in the upper part of Keene, that as two men were crossing a pond in the pursuit of a moose, one of them being thirsty, and perceiving a hole which had been cut through the ice by some fishermen, he stooped down to drink, but possessed of a large red nose a fish supposed he had some bait, and made bold to snap at it, when the man, suddenly throwing his head back, drew out a trout which weighed three pounds and four ounces.

Striker says that "Ion," correspondent of the Baltimore Sun, are everywhere the order of the day, and the last, and one of the most reasonable, was that of the President, who struck, not for higher wages, but for less drudgery. His greatest annoyance was the office-seekers, and he determined to give them but six hours in the week. The strike works very well.

John W. Foster, a Quaker, and a leading Rhode Island abolitionist, has recently renounced his abolitionism, and in doing so says that those who make up the abolition party are quacks, that they are sincere only in their desire to humbug the public, and that they have injured the slave to an extent that cannot be repaired in a quarter of a century.

The collector of the port of New York has received a letter, signed "Importer," containing $525, which the writer says belongs to the Government.

MR. SOULÉ'S MISSION.—The Baltimore American, in a short article, rather justificatory of the appointment of Mr. Soulé as Minister to Spain, concludes with the following refrigerant "but:"

"When he arrives in Madrid, his courteous manner, fine address, and ability to speak the language, will promptly secure him the courtesies of society. The 'motions will be made' on both sides with unexampled elegance. There will be a great deal of talk, a great many shrugs of shoulders, a great many compliments, a great many interviews and cabinet councils; *but* at the end of four years Mr Soulé will have become acquainted with the Spanish talent for procrastination, and will come home to tell us once more, as Mr. Saunders did some years ago, that Her Majesty would rather see 'the Queen of the Antilles sink beneath the waves of the Atlantic than become the property of this Union.'"

THE JAPAN EXPEDITION.—The New York Courier says:

We perceive it reported that the Susquehanna has broke her shaft, and is incapable of taking her place in the Japan expedition; and it is argued from this, and the Vermont not being sent out, that the Expedition will be a failure. Those who so argue, know little of the character of Commodore Perry. We greatly regret that he should be thus crippled; and doubtless he will be sorry that he has lost so much of the efficient aid upon which he depended. But we feel a well settled conviction, that while his being thus crippled may retard, it will not prevent his success.

MRS. PIERCE.—A clerical correspondent of the New York Observer, who recently visited the wife of Gen. Pierce, at Washington, says: "Mrs. Pierce, who had not as yet seen any one of the thousands who would come to her with sympathy in her sadness, is a lady of cultivation earnest and unaffected piety, in very delicate health, and now borne down by the pressure of cares too less easily borne, than if she had them to bear in the retirement of private and rural life. Of what she said to me of her loss, and of the little she had gained in being 'brought to the kingdom for such a time as this;' of the darkness which hung over the world even from the height to which the people had raised her husband, and the comfort she would find in the vale of seclusion and tears, it is not right that I should speak."

THE ERICSSON.—The New York Tribune says: "This ship is now lying at her dock in Williamsburgh, just above the Grand street ferry. Important alterations are going on in her machinery at Hogg & Delamater's foundry, which the owners are confident will considerably increase her speed. She is to be ready to sail for London, on her first passenger trip, soon after the 1st of July, at which time the improvements now going on will be completed, and she will be in order throughout. Capt. Ericsson and some of the principal owners will go out in her to Europe. She can accommodate about two hundred passengers. The ship is now open to public inspection.

NAVAL CLAIMS.—The late acts of Congress giving extra pay to those who were in the naval service of the United States during the war with Mexico, embrace all officers and seamen of the navy; officers, non-commissioned officers, musicians and privates of the marine corps, as also all who were in the revenue service, and it is believed that the amount required to liquidate claims under these acts will exceed three millions dollars.

FATHER GAVAZZI AND THE TEMPERANCE MOVEMENT.—A forcible letter has been addressed to Father Gavazzi by the Corresponding Secretary of the New York City Temperance Alliance, remonstrating with him for making an unjustifiable and uncalled for attack on the temperance movement in his lecture to the Italians in that city.

Dr. Burnsdale, of Toronto, Canada, has given, on his 73d birth-day, $24,000 to Trinity College at that place.

Late Publications.

J. C. Morgan, Exchange Place, has laid upon our table the following new publications:

"The History of the Crusades," by Joseph Francis Michaud. In three volumes. A neatly bound and embossed work, and from the acknowledged reputation of the author, one that will repay a careful perusal.

"Notes and Emendations to the Text of Shakespeare's Plays, from Early Manuscript Corrections." In one volume. This is a work of exceeding interest, and should be in the hands of every admirer of the Bard of Avon.

We have also received from Morgan "Harper's Monthly" for May, "DeBow's Review," "The Illustrated Magazine of Art," and that sterling work, "The Knickerbocker," for the same month.

We shall take occasion to notice the two first named works more at length at some future day.

From J. B. Steel, bookseller and stationer, No. 60 Camp street, we have received the following:

"The Works of James Hall—Legends of the West." In one volume. G. P Putnam & Co., New York, Publishers. This work, we are inclined to believe, is one of interest. The only merit the author claims for it is fidelity in the description of the scenery and population of country in which he resides.

"Behind the Curtain," a neatly bound and embossed book of four hundred and fifty pages—a work of fiction, but one that would interest even the general reader.

From Thos. L. White, No. 105 Canal street, we have received "Harper's Monthly" for May, and "The Lovers' Stratagem, or the Two Suitors," by Emile Hygare Carlin.

All of the above works are for sale by the parties mentioned in connection therewith. Purchasers may know where to call.

Louis M. Gottschalk has, in the kindest manner, offered his services for a concert, the proceeds to be given to the Charitable Societies of our city, on Wednesday next.

BOOKS.—Thos. L. White, (105 Canal,) J. B. Steel, (60 Camp,) and J. C. Morgan, (adjoining the Post-office,) advertise, this morning, an abundance of supplies for those who hunger after literature.

We are pleased to find that Friday next has been appointed for the concert of Mr. Brough, the manager of Gottschalk's concerts. It takes place at the Odd Fellows' Hall. Tickets to all parts of the house, one dollar.

The neat little Theatre erected by the enterprise of the proprietors of the Museum, and conducted under the auspices of Dr. Leonard, is fast growing into public favor. The performances are of a pleasing character, and afford a pleasant evening's entertainment. To strangers we would state that it is located in the Museum buildings, on St. Charles near Poydras street.

GOTTSCHALK'S LAST.—It has been announced that Gottschalk's last concert will take place at Odd Fellows' Hall on Wednesday evening next. We have no doubt that it will be a magnificent affair, worthy of the eminent artist and his native city. Let the friends of the young Creole, and the lovers of good music, exert themselves to render this the most fashionable and refined of his highly successful series of concerts. It is due to him, and the citizens of New Orleans should accord it to him, for their own gratification, if not from other considerations.

DRY GOODS.—The enterprising house of P. & E. Reilly & Co., corner of Canal and Royal streets, always sells at most reasonable prices. If our lady-friends look over their advertisements to-day, we are confident it will puzzle the gentlemanly clerks of the establishment to attend to all their customers to-day and to-morrow.

GOWAN'S SALOON FOR LADIES.—We would recommend to the notice of the ladies, as worthy of their patronage, this establishment, under Odd Fellows' Hall, Camp street. His cream is frigid as the Polar seas, and as sweet as the nectar that Jupiter sipped, and all the other appliances for a Ladies' Saloon are *comme il faut.*

PREPARED FLOUR.—The housekeepers of our city cannot too soon avail themselves of this to them invaluable preparation, both on the score of economy and time. The calls on Mr. J. Chandler are increasing every day, and at present he is barely able to supply the demand in the city. His establishment is at 39 Fulton street and 39½ New Levee, where orders are received and samples of the flour obtained.

FISH AND FISHING.—Old Izaak Walton we understand held an interview, through the "spiritual mediums," last week, with Guion, at his Curiosity and General Utility Depot, corner of St. Charles and Canal streets, and the old veteran of the rod and angle was so well pleased with all the recent inventions for the capture of the finny tribe as to express his regret most feelingly "that want of time" would prevent his taking a trip "over the water" armed with his premium reds, patent reels, silk, hemp, hair or grass lines, and last, but most potent, his patent gravitation fish hook. All who have used his tackle are enthusiastic in its praise, embracing, as it does, everything that fancy can invent.

FINE HORSES.—Dr. Elliott, at Tattersalls, has just received some eighteen or twenty fine horses, both matches and single. Among them are some fast trotters, from the best stock in Kentucky. The Doctor's stable comprises as many fine animals as any other trader in the country. Purchasers should give him a call.

The steamer St. Charles leaves for Red River this evening. We are requested to say that the St. Charles will take freight for Fort Caddo and Jefferson at 50 cents per barrel, if in lots of twenty barrels or more.

Passengers for St. Louis should bear in mind that the fleet and commodious steamer James Robb is in port, and as soon as her freight is discharged and a moderate cargo taken on board, she is off again for the Mound City. No boat in the trade has superior accommodations and no one deserves a more extended patronage. The Robb, we are informed, will depart to-morrow evening.

Local Intelligence.

CHARITY HOSPITAL.—The following is the report of this institution for the past week: Admitted, 201; Discharged, 202; Died, 24; Remaining, 501.

INQUEST.—Deputy Coroner Terrell held an inquest on the body of John Loghan, found floating in the New Canal, opposite the half-way house. Verdict, "Died by drowning." The deceased was a native of Ireland, and forty years of age.

The Fifth District Court will be opened this morning at 10 o'clock for the transaction of business. Cases will be called.

MANDAMUS CASE.—The mandamus case of Trepagnier *vs.* Crozat, wherein the former claims the office of "Recorder of Births and Deaths," by appointment, and the latter refuses to deliver it up—alleging that his term of office has not yet expired—was, on Wednesday last, appealed to the Supreme Court.

POCKPOCKET.—A day or two since, Mr. L. M. Clarke, while on board the steamer Cherokee, had his pocket picked, by some adroit thief, of a *porte monnaie*, containing a stock receipt for $5000, one for $500, and other valuables.

ROBBERY AND ATTEMPTED MURDER.—John Kelly and John Bennett stand charged in the Third District with having entered the jewelry store of Julius Courtseller on Spain street, and with having attempted to beat out the brains of the owner with a hammer. It is further charged that they laid felonious hands on the jewelry in the store and carried it away.

DANGEROUS STABBING.—Late on Saturday night, a difficulty occurred on the corner of St. Paul and Perdido streets, between James Lindsay and John H. Nelson, in which the latter was dangerously, if not fatally wounded. It appears that Nelson went to the above named corner, and indulged in some insulting remarks towards the females who lived there. The young man, Lindsay, being present, told Nelson that he lied, whereupon Nelson struck him a blow with his fist. Lindsay returned the blow, and a struggle ensued, in which Nelson received two stabs in the breast and one in the abdomen, inflicted with a carpenter's awl. In the struggle both fell to the ground, and Nelson received another stab in the back, near the point of the right shoulder blade. The wounded man was taken to Dr. Bradbury's Hospital, in Circus street, where he now lies in a critical condition. The accused was arrested, and sent to prison to await his examination—bail being refused, on the ground that the attending physician of the wounded man considered him in a dangerous condition.

Arrivals at the Principal Hotels—May 8.

ST. CHARLES.....Hon T J Rusk, M C, Texas; T S Tirombe, H Bancroft, G H Brown, O Clark, N Y; M Rocha, M Canova, Mexico; C M Sarrat, G H Wiley, Miss; W K Norris, N J; T Clark, J Peacock, Ohio; E M Massey, Miss P M Ross, Mobile; M W Griswold, Miss; C M Peck and lady, Ky; A C M Keon, lady and child, W S Harding, T Dashill, La; G Paine, G H Bradley, Vt; P Greely, Jr, Mass; J T Browne, steamer James Robb.

CITY.....J C Wilson and daughter, M Newman, lady and 4 children, J B Williams, J B Williams, Jr, Miss Williams, Miss Cooper, C W Heughans, Rahway; John McFall, S Hardin, J O Fusse, C T Dunn, C McNea, J W Jones, La; J W Stott, Texas; J B Smith, Miss.

ARCADE.....A Warick, B Johnson, La; S R Freeman, S C; G Acton, J H Spurtle, N O; H H Hough, Texas; J M Shelton, R S Gosney, Ark; A W Burnside, Col; N C Gilbert, Miss; M A Jordan, Ky; Jas A Crocker, Tenn.

ST. LOUIS.....E H Parrell, A H Traverse, J A Swartington, Alex W Y Pates, J B Pitzer, Mrs S A Pitzer and servant, Bailey, J M Wallace and lady, A S Olivet, J D Griffin, Miss Mary M N Raffin, Texas; Chas Boulatt, O Ferguson, Ky; M J Wilcox, N Y.

VERANDA.....S W Wingfield, Vic Jos Walker, Jr, Pa; Jos P Worldy, Ky; M P Cooper, Tenn; Wm Walsh, R G Ashley, R Thornhill, New Orleans.

To the Voters of the Parish of Orleans.

With an implied, if not express understanding, that no party nominations for Judicial offices would at this time be made, I yielded to the wishes of friends in both political parties, and announced myself a candidate for District Attorney for this parish. I now find, however, that a few persons—a mere fraction of the people—unmindful or regardless of the opinions and wishes of the great mass of their own party, have arrogated to themselves a right of dictation. I allude to the caucus or convention of Wednesday evening last, at the Rotto, on Chartres street, before which, under the peculiar circumstances of the case, my self respect would not permit me have my name appear, as I should have been most happy to have done, had it fairly and fully represented the party to which, as an humble member, I have the honor to belong. It shall not be said of me that I stand in the way of the "preference," however objectionably shown, of even a fragment of the democratic party; or that I oppose those who have chosen to seek for or accept a nomination so given to its nominee, and I, therefore, withdraw my name from the canvass, accompanying the withdrawal with my grateful acknowledgments to the numerous friends, who, irrespective of party distinctions, encouraged me to aspire, by a generous and spontaneous tender of their support for the office of District Attorney for the Parish of Orleans. W. J. A. ROBERTS.

May 7, 1853. my9

☞ We call the attention of our readers to the advertisement in our columns, in relation to the new Periodical, THE POPULAR EDUCATOR, the first number of which is to be issued on the first day of May. Such a Periodical is imperatively demanded by the American people. As every man is his own instructor to a great extent, he should be furnished with the facilities for it. This THE POPULAR EDUCATOR proposes to do. In England, a Magazine on this basis, of two or three years' standing, has reached the enormous circulation of over 150,000 copies monthly. We have no doubt that THE POPULAR EDUCATOR will be cordially received by our whole people. ap26 3aw 1m.

The Latest Styles
....OF....
DRESS GOODS, MANTILLAS, ETC.,
☞ Were received per steamship Cherokee, and opened on Saturday evening, 7th inst., at the new store of
SIMPSON,
116 Canal street,
Tonro's Row.
my9 2p1f

Fish and Fishing.
EVERY ARTICLE OF THE BEST QUALITY.
PREMIUM RODS; NEW PATENT CHECK REELS; BRAIDED, SILK, HEMP, HAIR AND GRASS LINES, in every variety; SUPERIOR LIMERICK HOOKS, Ringed, Flatted, Tapered, also Snooded on extra heavy Salmon Gut; WIRE AND GIMP FLOATS; LEADS; SWIVELS; CLEARING LEADS; DISGORGERS; ARTIFICIAL FLIES, SHRIMP, MINNOWS, WORMS AND INSECTS.
SOMETHING NEW.
The PATENT GRAVITATION FISH HOOK—one of the most TAKING inventions of the age.
GUION'S,
SPORTING DEPOT AND VARIETY STORE,
my9 6tp corner St. Charles and Canal streets.

FOR RENT—The large and commodious STORE in Grand Lodge Hall, (corner Commercial Exchange,) situated in St. Charles street, and lately occupied by B. Moreau as a Restaurant. For particulars, apply to
EDWARD BARNETT, 21 Conti street.
my9 1f

REGATTA! REGATTA!—The subscriber proposes to give a Regatta at the Lake End of the New Canal, on THURSDAY, May 19. Prizes will be offered for each class to run for, under the rules of the N. O. Club. Full particulars in future advertisement.
G. CULLUM. my8 3t

FOR SALE—Eighteen fine HORSES, suitable for either message or hacks, just received from Lexington, Ky., and for sale by
DR. ELLIOTT,
my9 1t at Tattersalls Stables, St. Charles street.

SCHOONER FOR SALE—A fine Lake Schooner, 42½ tons burthen; she freights 35,000 feet of lumber, and is in good running order, doing a good and profitable business; sold on account of departure and at very reasonable terms. Any person desirous of investing a few hundred dollars profitably would do well to give us a call. Apply at No. 99 New Basin, Shell Road Slips.
KNOWLTON & WALGAMOT. my9 1w

FOR SALE.—The well known steamer LOUISA, with all her Furniture, etc., as she now lies at the foot of Canal street. She is nearly as new, carries 700 bales Cotton, runs very fast, and is a good sender. For particulars, apply on board, or to
JAS. CONNOLLY & CO. my9 3t

WANTED—Two or Three good Journeymen BARBERS; also, an Apprentice from 14 to 16 years of age, at S. L. N. JEROLEMAN'S Hair Cutting, Shaving and Bathing Saloon, No. 10 Arcade Alley. my9 1f

WANTED—Three or Four active Young men to engage in an easy lucrative business. Inquire at No. 14 Marigny street, below the French Market, from 9 o'clock a. m. to 3 p. m. my9 1t*

WANTED—Several good Dress Makers. There accounted with every department of the business, (capable of cutting and fitting, when necessary,) will receive constant employment by addressing Box No. 75, Letter D, Post-office, New Orleans. Applic