DAILY CRESCENT

THE NEW ORLEANS DAILY CRESCENT,
OFFICE NO. 93 ST. CHARLES STREET,

Will be regularly served to subscribers in this city at an early hour every day, (Sunday excepted,) for $8 a year, in advance, payable to the office, or 15 cents a week, payable to the carriers.

THE CIRCULATION

The Crescent, Daily and Weekly, is such as to offer a desirable medium to advertisers. As

A FAMILY NEWSPAPER

it circulates largely, and at an early hour, at the homes of citizens, and articles sold to families may be most advantageously advertised in its columns. No paper in the city circulates so extensively among families.

OUR TERMS

are such as to invite the attention and patronage of the public.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:

Per Square of Ten Lines in Pearl—First insertion, in all cases.....$1 00
Every subsequent insertion.......................................50
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A liberal discount will be made with those who advertise by the year or for a shorter time.
All Advertisements not marked will be published one month and charged accordingly.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 10, 1853

WHIG TICKET.

For Congress, Second Rep. District:
THEODORE G. HUNT.

WHIG NOMINATIONS.—We published yesterday, under our telegraphic head, the names of the nominees for State offices, selected by the Convention at Baton Rouge.

Mr. John E. King, of St. Landry, was nominated for Auditor. Mr. King is a native of East Feliciana, but has resided during some years in Opelousas, where he has been engaged in the practice of the law. He is a fluent and eloquent debater, and distinguished himself in that respect while a member of the State Legislature during the session before the last. He was elected Speaker of the Lower House for that session, which post he filled with great credit.

For Treasurer, Harry T. Hays, of this city, (the telegraph says A. L. Hays, but, we presume, it is a mistake,) was nominated. Mr. Hays is an energetic and popular young whig, and has hosts of friends in this city. He is a brother to the celebrated Col. Jack Hays, who so distinguished himself in the Mexican war. Harry Hays also participated in the bloody glories of that war, where he served with distinction. He will carry the whole strength of the ticket.

Mr. Lyman was nominated for Superintendent of the Public Schools. He possesses fine qualifications for the post.

WHAT'S IN THE WIND?—*A Speck of War.* From present indications in Washington it would appear that another boundary is soon to be added to our spreading territory on the Southwest. Information has reached us by telegraph and otherwise, that all the disposable force of the Army has been ordered to concentrate upon the Rio Grande at an early day. A large additional force will man our Western border as soon as they can be detailed from their present positions in the territories West and on the Atlantic sea board. At the Seat of Government the prediction is boldly put forth, that not many months will elapse before we will have a new Mexican boundary, running far below the Mesilla, and marked and defended by a mountain wall. The present Secretary of War is well known to have advocated, during the negotiations for peace with Mexico, the establishment of a mountain boundary, for our better protection against the Indians, for a more distinct line of division and for easier means of defense from the enemy without. A more apparent reason might have been perceived in the national desire for extended territory and for additional elbow room for "Young America" to gambol in.

It is probable that this warlike movement has a leaning towards the settlement of the Mesilla Valley controversy.

PROSPECTS OF THE COTTON CROP.—Our exchanges bring us uniform accounts of continued wet weather, and consequent injury to the growing crop of cotton. The complaint is universal that the rains have accelerated the growth of the plant to an extraordinary degree, causing the young forms to fall off, the grown bolls to rot, and retarding the early maturity of those that escape destruction by the unusual moisture. The opinion prevails in many portions of the country that the yield will not reach more than half. Some contend that the crop will be an average one, while a much greater number insist that it will fall short of one-half. The effect of this general belief will be that the planters, confiding in the limited production and the consequent advance in prices, will delay sending their crops to market. We may, therefore, look for light receipts during the early part of the season at hand. A fall in the prices of bagging and bale-rope must also follow.

THREATENED DESTRUCTION OF THE UNION OFFICE.—"Mr. Bodisco, the Russian Minister, has, it seems, in consequence of displeasure at some comments of the Union newspaper upon the Government of Russia, ordered his subscription to the Union to be discontinued."

The Muscovite Minister, it seems, has resolved that the Union office shall go down. To bring about this terrible consummation, he has determined to withdraw his subscription of ten dollars a year, (probably not paid at that,) and thus to hurl destruction on the enemy of his country. His ministership must be a very bad diplomatist, thus to let his anger get the better of his discretion. How a man of a grain of intelligence can suppose that the withdrawal of his single subscription can effect an extensive newspaper office, passes comprehension.

Probably in Russia, where the frowns of a great man are as death to the serf, the scowl of Mr. Bodisco might signal the destruction of one of their truckling prints; but here, his displeasure can only excite a laugh. The Muscovite gentleman, by this little nonsensical act, has succeeded in depriving himself of an entertaining morning visitor, and in rendering the representative of the Autocrat simply ridiculous.

As Barnum delights in exhibiting strange characters, wouldn't the Russian representative make a good subject?

NEW COTTON.—The steamship Perseverance, from Galveston, yesterday, brought a bale of new cotton, the first of the season received here. It is from the plantation of Judge Walford, DeWitt county, Texas, and was consigned to Mr. John Williams. The first bale last year was received on the 24 August.

The steamer James L. Day arrived yesterday from Key West, *via* St. Marks and Tampa Bay. By this arrival we have Appalachicola dates of the 4th inst. An election for municipal officers had been held in Appalachicola, and resulted in the election of F. Benezet for Mayor. There was no news of importance.

POULTRY BOOK.—We have received from J. B. Steel, No. 60 Camp street, "Miner's Domestic Poultry Book," illustrated with over two hundred portraits of the different varieties of domestic fowls. It is a very useful and entertaining book for the farm.

PUTNAM'S MONTHLY.—J. B. Steel, No. 60 Camp street, has laid on our table the August number of this periodical. It contains the usual quantity of instructive and entertaining matter.

COMMODORE NEWTON.—The secretary of Commodore Newton has written a letter to Mobile, contradicting the telegraphic report that that officer had died at Pensacola. The gallant Commodore is rapidly recovering.

We call attention to the card of the Firemen's Charitable Association in this morning's paper.

We are requested to call attention to the advertisement of Dr. Estey.

TELEGRAPHED TO THE CRESCENT.

By the Southern Line.

Governor Foote.

GAINESVILLE, Miss., August 9.

Governor Foote to-day addressed the citizens of this place in a speech of two hours' length. His principal theme was the Compromise, though he went into a general review of the politics of the State and nation, endorsed the doctrines of General Pierce's inaugural and Edward Everett's letter, highly eulogizing the patriotism displayed in the latter performance. He felicitated the crowd and the nation on the triumph of the principles which he had advocated, and exulted in the eventual acquiescence of those who had opposed them. He expressed the greatest confidence in the election of a Foote Legislature, and the utter defeat of Mr. Brown. At this point the speech was interrupted by the rain, and Governor Foote and the crowd dispersed.

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

NATIONAL SCIENTIFIC CONVENTION.—*Cleveland*, August 1.—The following professors have been appointed to prepare papers for the next annual meeting: Professor Batch, on tides; Professor Henry, on atmospheric electricity; Professor Hall, on palazoic rocks; Professor Smith, of La., on michro chemistry; Professor Gibbs, on the progress of organic chemistry; Professor Gould, on the progress of the electro-chronographic method of observation; Professor Leidy, on North American extinct mammalia and reptalia; Professor Pierce, on the theory of planetary perturbation; Professor Burnett, on advances in anatomy and physiology; Professor Agassiz, on the alteration of generation in animals; Professor Dana, on the geographical distribution of the lower animals.

Resolutions were offered reducing the yearly assessment to one dollar, preventing the sale of the proceedings, and appointing a committee to revise the constitution.

Cleveland, August 1, P. M.—The Scientific Convention to-day elected Prof. Dana, of New Haven, President; Prof. Lovering, Permanent Secretary, and Dr. Elwyn, Treasurer. It was voted to hold the next session of the Convention in Washington, in May.

FROM NEW BRUNSWICK.—*Boston*, August 2.—St. John (N. B.), papers of 30th ult., state that fires were raging in the woods near Shediac, and had already destroyed a large quantity of valuable timber. The hay crop throughout the province would be light.

The survey of the European and North American Railway was actively going on, with the prospect that in a few months the grading would be commenced.

ADJOURNMENT OF THE CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.—*Boston*, August 2.—The State Constitutional Convention, which has been in session for a long time, revising the Constitution of the State, adjourned *sine die* to-day.

THE LEGATION TO ENGLAND.—*Philadelphia*, August 2.—Wm. Henry Welsh, Esq., of York, Pa., has been appointed private Secretary to to the Hon. James Buchanan, the Minister to the Court of St. James. Mr. Welsh sails in company with Mr. Sickles, on the 20th inst., from New York.

CONDITION OF THE OHIO.—*Wheeling*, Aug. 2.—The river continues to rise and freights are reduced to 33 cents to Cincinnati and 50 cents to Louisville.

The new light draught steamer Fort McHenry, left for Cincinnati to-day with a full complement of passengers and freight from Baltimore.

THE PRESIDENT.—*Washington*, August 2.—The report that the President would visit New Hampshire is incorrect. He has no intention of leaving the city.

FROM WASHINGTON.—*Washington*, August 6.—The entire disposable force of the army has been ordered to the Rio Grande.

KENTUCKY ELECTION.—*Louisville*, August 1.—The following returns of the Congressional Election in this State have been received:

In the Fifth District the vote is very close between Hill, whig, and Stone, democrat, and the result is doubtful. Stone was elected in 1851 by 363 majority.

Louisville, August 2.—The returns from the Tenth District indicate that Hodge, whig, is elected to Congress over Stanton, democrat. Whig gain in the District, so far, 710 votes.

LATER.—A despatch just from Maysville, states that full returns have been received, and Hodge is elected.

Leander M. Cox, whig, is also elected to Congress in the Ninth District. Both of these are whig gains.

Steamboat and River News.

The Louisville Courier of the 29th ult. has the following:

The Mediator, that had been laid up at New Albany, started to Cincinnati yesterday morning, after landing 1,000 bags of salt.

Yesterday afternoon, Capt. Dalferes' splendid Lafourche packet was safely launched from Howard's ship yard at Jeffersonville. She has a beautiful model.

We learn that Capt. James Goslee, of the steamer George Collier, is about to build a monster steamer for the Memphis trade, which, in point of size, speed, cost and finish, shall *eclipse* every thing on the Western waters. If the thing is to be done he is the very man for it. The new boat will be about 375 feet in length, with low pressure engines; the cabin to be built in the most elaborate manner, with the painting and finish in the Chinese and Eastern style. Capt. Goslee is now in this city.

The Princess, Capt. Holmes, now lying at Portland, starts to New Orleans this morning. She is the regular New Orleans and Natchez packet, and was brought up here this summer to receive an additional boiler and other improvements, which will make her the prettiest and one of the fleetest boats afloat. The Princess has been thoroughly repainted, and the cabins varnished and painted in zinc throughout.

The same paper of the 30th says:

During the present rise in the Ohio, not one steamboat was enabled to go over the falls. Quite a fleet of flats went over, and one laden with salt missed the channel and lodged on the wave rock yesterday morning.

The Catherine Hays from New Orleans, discharged 100 tons of railroad iron at Evansville.

The Louisville Times, of the same date, says:

Capt. Glover has made contracts for the construction of two boats at New Albany for the mail service between New Orleans and Louisville. One is to have 150 feet straight rabbit keel, 34 feet beam and 7 feet hold. Her engines are to be of the following dimensions: cylinders 6 feet stroke, 34 inches in diameter, shafts 17 inches in main journal, and other parts of her machinery in like proportion.

Capt. J. Tucker, formerly of the Telegraph No. 2, has contracted for a new boat to be built at New Albany, 275 feet in length, 34 feet beam, 7½ feet hold; 5 boilers 42 inches diameter and 32 feet long; 2 cylinders 34 inches diameter and 9 feet stroke, and wheel 34 feet in diameter with 13 feet bucket.

Another boat and machinery of similar dimensions, was contracted for a few days previous.

The St. Louis Intelligencer of the 1st inst. says:

The Elvira arrived yesterday from the Missouri river with 60 hogsheads tobacco, 2,380 sacks wheat, besides a large amount of other grain, produce and pig metal.

The submarine battery succeeded in raising the boilers and part of the machinery of the Dr. Franklin on Saturday. At this rate Messrs. Eads & Nelson will have the wrecks of the Bluff City and Dr. Franklin soon out of the way.

The New St. Paul brought down from Galena 8,567 pigs lead. She reports the Upper Mississippi falling very fast, with three and a half feet water on the lower rapids.

The Lish Tuna, in yesterday from New Orleans, brought up a very large cargo of assorted merchandise, besides 2,889 sacks salt, 700 sacks coffee, and 149 barrels raisins. She discharged at Big Muddy 300 tons railroad iron.

The Honduras came in yesterday from St. Joseph with a cargo of hemp, tobacco and general produce. The officers report the Missouri river falling all the way down, with four and a half feet water in the channel.

A Rhode Island ship builder, now in New York, proposes to construct a new kind of ship, in the model of which the huge proportions of the present ocean steamer are paired down to the easy and symmetrical lines of the clipper; then a propeller is to be used, which can be called into operation at the will of the helmsman, and dispensed with in like manner; next iron masts and yards of tubular construction, capable of extension or contraction like a spy-glass; and lastly the balance rudder. By this combination, it is expected that a voyage can be made from New York to Australia *via* California in fifty-five days.

Later from Texas.

The steamship Perseverance brought the mail yesterday from Texas.

By her we have Galveston dates to the 5th inst., and a full file of other Texas papers.

The Civilian & Gazette (Galveston) of the 2d inst., has the following items:

The receipts for import duties at the port of Galveston during the year ending March 31, 1853, were $25,072.

A murder was committed on the beach at Velasco, on Saturday last, by a man named Lewis Shepherd, who killed an inoffensive and peaceable German named Smith. Shepherd has made his escape, but it is hoped he will be speedily arrested and brought to justice.

LARGE FIRE AT INDIANOLA.—*Indianola*, July 27.—This morning about 2 o'clock, an extensive and destructive conflagration broke out at Powder Horn. Baldridge, Sparks & Co. lost their fine warehouse, storehouse and office, together with a large quantity of merchandise, and a large stock of different kinds of goods, which they had on consignment. I understand they were insured to the amount of $18,000, which does not begin to cover their loss.

CROPS IN TEXAS.—The Gonzales Enquirer says the worm has already made its appearance in some cotton fields, but has not yet done much damage. It is hoped that the continuance of fair weather will cause the worm again to disappear.

The crops throughout every portion of the State, says the Houston Telegraph, have been greatly improved by the late rains, and are generally promising. In all the Eastern counties the corn and cotton are far more promising than they were last summer.

A friend in Gonzales county writes the Indianola Bulletin that excellent corn crops have been made there. Another from De Witt speaks in the same terms. The ensuing autumn and winter will be a fine time for emigrants in the country. Meats and breadstuffs will be abundant and cheap.

A letter from Oyster Creek says: "We shall soon be picking cotton here; and since my residence in this county, have never known the crops look so flattering."

NEW COTTON.—A bale of new cotton, raised on the plantation of Gen. Wall, about seven miles above this place, was brought to our town last Tuesday, and immediately forwarded to Indianola for shipment to New Orleans. This is the first cotton of this year's growth we have heard of being shipped from any part of Texas, and if time and distance can be reckoned, we have no doubt it will be ahead of any from Louisiana or Mississippi. This is early, considering we had a very late spring. [Gonzales Inquirer.

The News of the 5th inst. says:

Our accounts of the crops in the interior are very encouraging from all parts of the State. The corn crop has generally turned out a fair average one, and is said to be abundant. Cotton is now very promising, though this is a crop upon which certain calculations can never be made until it is gathered. There is some reason to fear that the present wet weather, which is probably very general, may superinduce the caterpillar or other species of insects, often so destructive to the crop. Sugar cane, we are informed, never looked better, if as well, in any previous year. Its growth is said to be very large, and is now maturing finely.

The Houston Telegraph says:

Showers of rain have been falling here almost daily for the last eight or ten days, and fears are entertained that the continued rains will severely injure the sugar and cotton crops.

ELECTION NEWS.—The election on the 1st inst. for Governor, Congress and State Senator, and Representative and Commissioner of General Land Office, resulted in the following:

Galveston County.—For Governor, Pease, dem., 175 majority; for Lieutenant Governor, Dickson, 154 majority; for Congress, Scurry, 142 majority; for Senator, Potter, 478—no opponent; for Representative, Hunt, 18 majority; Commissioner, S. Crosby, 447—no opponent.

Washington County.—For Governor, Pease, 9 majority; Lieutenant Governor, Robertson, 70 majority; Land Office, Crosby, 126; Congress, Scurry, 52 majority; Senate, McDade, 58 majority; Representative, Crawford, 24 majority.

Houston County.—For Governor, complete returns had not been received—Ochiltree was some ten or twelve ahead of Pease; for Representatives, Reiley and Palmer are elected; for the Senate, McAnelly elected over Gray by 12 votes.

Montgomery.—In the town of Montgomery Ochiltree's majority over Pease is five.

Fort Bend.—Pease's majority over Ochiltree, 18.

Brazoria.—Pease's majority 231.

We have received the Nacogdoches Chronicle, of the [illegible] inst., which gives partial returns of the election held in that and Angelina counties the day previous. For Congress, in Nacogdoches county, Mr. G. W. Smythe appears to have had no competitor. For Governor, Ochiltree was largely ahead. Henry had received a majority for Lieutenant-Governor; Crosby (no competitor) for Land Commissioner; Whittaker for Senator; and Brown and Muckelroy for Representatives. The following are the only returns received from Angelina county:

Governor.—Pease 1, Ochiltree 48, Chambers 18, Wood 5.

Lieutenant-Governor.—Henry 14, Kirby 24, Dickson 1, Robertson 6, Goode 2.

Commissioner General Land Office.—Crosby 20.

Senate.—Whittaker 44, Pollock 17.

Floater.—W. D. Wolfe 50.

THE SAN ANTONIO LEDGER.—This excellent paper comes to us with its usual variety of spicy original articles. Our old friend and fellow-citizen, James G. Howard, the sententious and brilliant, has got back to its editorial chair, we could "take our oath," although the paper contains no statement of the fact. We know him by his "foot prints." There is not another writer like Howard in Texas, nor any where else.

The following items we extract from the Ledger of the 28th ult.:

GEN. LAMAR DEAD.—A report is in town that this distinguished man is no more. His name has been identified with the history of Texas from its first settlement by the Americans to the present time. As President of the late Republic he was by turns the subject of inordinate praise and indiscriminate censure. God has taken him home at last.

Victor Considerant, the noted leader of the St. Simonians, is on his way to Texas to purchase about 400,000 acres of land. Wives and property are in common among the St. Simonians. Somehow we do not admire their doctrine and less their practices.

CROPS IN MISSISSIPPI.—The Canton Madisonian of the 4th inst. says:

This is so critical a period in the life of our great staple crop, that we think it advisable that we should keep our readers at a distance advised of its progress and condition. It now presents a growing and luxuriant look, but we regret to say the weather continues so showery it is impossible to tell, with anything like probability, to what it is tending. If the month of August should continue wet, the cotton in this region will be worthless.

The cotton moth, the progenitor of the boll worm, has not as yet made its appearance in numbers at all alarming.

The corn crops were somewhat injured by the drouth, but will now, in consequence of the abundant rains, come up to an average yield.

TENNESSEE COPPER MINES.—There is said to be a nest of valuable copper mines situated in Polk county, East Tennessee, near the Ocoee river, and about thirty-two miles from Cleveland. These mines have lately been opened and worked by several companies, principally by the Highwassie and by the Tennessee, East Tennessee, and Cherokee Companies. A London company also owns part of a section. The whole of this copper region is in the township of Ducktown. The produce of the mines is chiefly black oxide of copper, which is a decomposed sulphuret, and is supposed to rest on a bed of sulphuret. The veins are of very great width. The Highwassie vein has never proved less than twelve feet, while it has reached forty-five feet. The East Tennessee and the Cherokee Companies are working veins of thirty feet. With a small outlay of $300, the Cherokee Company has obtained within sixty days a quantity of ore worth $5000.

Mr. Calderon de la Barca, late Minister from Spain to the United States, took formal leave of the President on the 24 inst. He was to leave Washington on the next day for New York.

The artesian well at Montgomery is now about [illegible] feet deep, and is discharging twenty gallons of water a minute.

Lake Erie and Niagara.

Correspondence of the Crescent.

NEW YORK, July 31, 1853.

I resume the description of our trip at Toledo, where we took the Empire State for Buffalo. Crossing Lake Erie was, as far as the mere "physicalities" were concerned, the pleasantest part of the trip. The weather was delightful, neither too warm nor too cool; the boat is commodious and beautiful, and cut through the clear green waters at the rate of seventeen miles an hour, and without the jarring motion which is usual on our Western boats.

Just previous to starting we were gladdened by the sight of our rivals from the Gossamer, who had got off the sand bar early the next morning and followed fast on our wake. The recital of the various adventures we had met with since parting, contributed to the morning's entertainment. Among those of the "Gossamer's" was one worth relating.

Shortly before they left St. Louis, two couple came on board and took passage for Peru, passing themselves off as brothers and sisters. The girls were about fourteen and sixteen years of age, and the youths eighteen and nineteen. The girls occupied a state room together in the ladies' cabin. They were observed to spend a great deal of time out on the guards in company with their male escorts, who frequently gave them money. This excited the suspicions of certain argus-eyed feminines, who watched the young couples closely, and noticed caresses exchanged which appeared unusually affectionate, and much more frequent than is customary between brothers and sisters.

When the boat reached Peru two police officers came on board and instantly singling out the delinquents, asked their names. False ones were given but with no effect, for they were all arrested, the father of the young ladies having been too smart for them. It appears that the girls, who were very desirous to visit the World's Fair, had persuaded the young men, who were going to New York, to take them. The idea that matrimony was a necessary preliminary to traveling at the gentlemen's expense had never occurred to their unsophisticated minds; and when it was mentioned, seemed as repugnant to them as to their companions, who, Adam like, threw all the blame off their own shoulders.

When the Gossamer left Peru the unsuccessful runaways were still in custody awaiting the arrival of the father, who was momentarily expected.

During the afternoon we were thrown temporarily into a state of great excitement by a melancholy occurrence. One of the steerage passengers fell overboard and was drowned. Some said he jumped over under the influence of a fit of *delirium tremens*. The boat was backed a short distance, but no small boat sent out, and no effort made to save the unfortunate creature. Those who saw him say that his struggles were agonizing to behold.

We arrived in Buffalo during the night, and took the cars early the next morning for Niagara. Here we were accosted as soon as the cars stopped by a smart looking youth about sixteen or so, but small for his age, who offered to drive us to whatever hotel we might choose for *nothing*—an offer too tempting to be refused. When questioned further about his very liberal terms, he informed us that if we wished to drive over the bridge and round the Falls, he would like us to engage his services. We did so, and found him a perfect jewel. In addition to his duties as driver, he performed those of guide much better than the professional guides hired by other members of our party. There was not a spot worth visiting that he did not take us to; not an island but he could give its name and dimensions, not a question asked but he could answer intelligently. His patriotism, which was ardent, was very amusingly displayed at one of the toll-gates. A facetious gentleman observed to the toll-gatherer that he did not see the American flag, and asked if it had got wet. The man answered grumly that he didn't know; whereupon our driver remarked with a sly grin, "It is not here yet, *but it will be soon.*"

We saw the Falls and rapids from every point of view; and with difficulty tore ourselves from the scene. How any one could attempt by means of pencil or poetry to picture Niagara, is to me a mystery. No description, no painting that I have ever seen, gives any thing like an adequate idea of its grandeur or beauty. It fills the eye. To my fancy, however, the numerous buildings, "the crowd, the hum, the shock of men," surrounding it, mar the sublimity of the scene. I should like to see it as it burst upon the enraptured eye of the first white discoverer, before the encroachments of human enterprise had profaned it.

Being anxious to reach our destination we shortened our visit, but not without resolving to renew it as soon as possible.

The remainder our journey, which was by railroad, was fatiguing in the extreme, and unrelieved by any interesting event.

LAURA LEA.

The Richmond Dispatch reports the invention of a new propeller by Mr. H. A. Herbert, of that place, which is said to be applicable to steam vessels of all descriptions. He calls his invention the "submerged fish-tail or skull propeller." He has applied it to a small boat of bad model, only nine feet in length, and yet the "fish-tail" propels it the rate of five or six miles an hour, the strength of one man. The chief advantage claimed for this invention is its perfect adaptation to sail vessels, as it will not when at rest impede their sailing qualities in the least, but hang loose, in a line with the keel, flexible, and offering no resistance. It takes up no room valuable for other purposes. There would be only a single shaft from keel to deck, the arm working under the keel, by the displacement of a small portion of the dead wood. The whole apparatus is very simple, and may, with the necessary engine, be placed entirely below the water line.

STATUE OF WASHINGTON.—The President has just completed a contract with Clark Mills, Esq., for the erection, in Washington City, of a colossal bronze equestrian statue of George Washington, according to the terms of the act of last Congress. The statue is to be similar in style to that of Andrew Jackson, by the same artist. The contract is for $50,000—that being the limit of the appropriation—$20,000 to be paid during the progress of the work, and the remaining $30,000 at its completion.

GOLD IN IOWA.—A paragraph in the Clayton County (Iowa) Herald mentions a report that gold had been discovered in Hardin county, and that numbers of persons had gone thither to seek it. It is added, however, that the specimens of gold found are of inferior value.

ATMOSPHERIC TELEGRAPH.—The subscription to the stock of the company which proposes to build a line of this invention, for the purpose of transporting letters and parcels between Boston and New York in fifteen minutes, is said by a Boston paper to be steadily advancing.

Col. J. W. Forney, it is now said, has purchased the interest of the Messrs. Barr in the National Democrat, of New York, for $10,000, and will soon enter upon the editing of that sheet, which is to be the organ of the administration in that city.

NORTH CAROLINA LEAD.—A rich deposit of lead, it is said, has been discovered in Davidson county, North Carolina. Arrangements for working the mines are being made by a very energetic citizen of that county.

LOCAL MATTERS.

Daily Report of the interments in all the Cemeteries for the 24 hours ending at 6 o'clock, A. M., on Tuesday, 9th inst.:

	Total.	Yellow Fever.	Other Dis.	Not Stated.
Protestant, Girod street	5	3	2	—
Hebrew, Metairie Ridge	1	1	—	—
Cypress Grove	5	4	1	—
Odd Fellows' Rest	1	1	—	—
Pottersfield	20	18	2	—
Charity Hospital	34	32	1	1
St. Patrick's	31	25	—	6
Catholic, No. 1, Second District	1	1	—	—
Catholic, No. 2, " "	5	2	3	—
St. V. de Paul, Third District	40	31	8	1
Lafayette	46	43	3	—
Hebrew, Fourth District	3	3	—	—
Total	192	164	20	8

J. C. SIMONDS, M. D., Sec'y Board of Health.

CHARITY HOSPITAL.—The following is the report for the twenty-four hours ending at 12 o'clock on Monday night, the 9th inst.:

Admissions, 107; Discharges, 30; Deaths 40; Deaths of Yellow Fever, 37.

INQUESTS.—An inquest was held yesterday on the body of a white man, name unknown, aged about thirty years, found dead on board the schooner Lubeck, lying in the New Basin, First District. Verdict—"Died of apoplexy."

Also on the body of a white woman, named Ann Maria Witz, aged fifty years, a native of Switzerland, found dead in a house, No. 229 Royal street, between St. Ann and Marais streets. Verdict—"Died of dysentery."

Also on the body of a white man, named Joseph Simmer, a native of Bavaria, Germany, found dead in the Infirmary, No. 15 Marigny street, Third District. Verdict—"Died from a relapse of typhoid fever."

Also on the body of a white boy, named Nicholas Stephens, aged two years and six months. Verdict—"Died from yellow fever." His death is supposed to have resulted from the neglect of his father, George Stephens.

We cannot pass over the report of this last mentioned inquest, without commenting on the conduct of the father of the deceased.

The crime (for it is decidedly one) of a parent, callously leaving his child, uncared for, to become the victim of disease, is, we are happy to state, of rare occurrence in this country; and although no legal punishment may reach him, still it behoves the authorities to take such notice of the matter as will make this unnatural father a marked man.

It is almost certain that he who possesses a heart which can prompt such cruelty, will not hesitate to commit other crimes, rendering him amenable to law, when it will be as well to keep this circumstance in view.

We were unable to obtain the precise particulars of the case, but the unequivocal and boldly accusatory language of the verdict, calls for the expression of our honest indignation, which, no doubt, will find an echo in the hearts of the whole community.

RECORDER WINTER'S COURT—*First District.*—James Webster was found by W. H. Waters concealed in his house on Baronne street, at a quarter past 12 yesterday morning. Webster could give no satisfactory reason for being there, and was sentenced to the Work-house for four months.

INTERFERING WITH WATCH.—Thos. J. Burke interfered with policeman Mahoney in the arrest of a colored girl on St. Joseph street, between Magazine and Baronne, at 11 o'clock on Saturday night. Fined $10.

LARCENY.—Lucy, a slave of Mr. Madere, was charged on the affidavit of Wm. Delaney with stealing ten dollars and a half, his property. Fixed for the 13th—notice to be given to Mr. Madere.

JUVENILE VAGRANTS.—Jas. Creighton, about fourteen years old, Michael Henessy and Dennis Buckley, about twelve years old, were charged by Farrell with being idle and worthless, and not following any honest occupation, were arrested also for stealing police skiff. The Recorder discharged, after duly admonishing them.

Augustus Harrington was also charged as a vagrant, but the evidence was insufficient, and he was discharged.

RECORDER RAMOS' COURT—*Second District.*—J. Boyen, charged by Clarisse Prevost with being drunk and using abusive language—sent to jail until he proves his freedom, he having declared himself free.

James Burke and George Parker, charged on the affidavit of Mary Ford with coming to her house, situated on the corner of Barrack and Conde streets, and threatening to commit violence on her person—ordered to quit the State in three days.

James Remaine, charged on affidavit of Mary Jane Williams—with disturbing the peace and using threatening language—bailed to appear when called upon.

Antonio Tabarres, arrested for disturbing the peace in front of the Recorder's office—discharged in consideration of his confinement since the offence.

Pauline Valtron, arrested for disturbing the peace in the Market—sent to the Work-house for six months.

Julia Taylor, f. w. c., arrested for being in the State in contravention to law—bailed to appear when called upon.

Joseph H. Dale, arrested as a dangerous and suspicious character—sentenced to the Work-house for 60 days.

Rosa Barista, charged, on affidavit of Joseph Canafa, with abusive language—bailed to appear when called upon.

Marin Lener, arrested for being drunk and assaulting his wife—discharged; wife not appearing to prosecute.

O. P. Thompson, found asleep at eleven o'clock on Monday night on Franklin street—discharged.

Oscar Shepherd, found drunk at one o'clock Monday morning on St. Louis street—discharged.

August Mathews, f. m. c., found drunk on the Levee at 11 P. M.—remanded to prove his freedom.

Mary Lyons, found drunk on Dauphine street at 1 A. M.—sentenced one month in the Work-house.

Joseph Demelle, found drunk in Chartres street—was discharged.

James Gonin, arrested for swindling—bailed to appear when called upon.

Robert Miller, arrested for being drunk on the Levee—discharged.

Died:

On Tuesday morning, August 9, of Yellow Fever, JOHN B. MOORE, of Tennessee.

☞ Gallatin (Tenn.) paper please copy.

☞ FOR CONSTABLE, THIRD JUSTICE'S COURT. BERNARD GARITY is a Candidate for Constable of the Third Justice's Court. Election November next. MANY FRIENDS.

☞ LOUISIANA GREYS—*Relief Committee.* The following gentlemen have been duly appointed a Relief Committee during the prevailing epidemic:

Lieut. STRONG, 103 St. Charles street.
JOS. F. RUSHA, 24 Bienville street.
ROBERT McNAMARA, 251 Magazine street.
P. DALEY, Triton Walk and Hercules street.
DANIEL KELLY, St. Joseph and Tchoupitoulas streets.
P. CURLEY, Howard, between Calliope and Clio streets.
JOHN McGUIRE, Claiborne, between Common and Jackson sts.
Lieut. CAVANAUGH, 183 Circus street.
By order, JOS. F. RUSHA, Secretary.

☞ HOWARD ASSOCIATION—July 23, 1853.—The following gentlemen have been appointed to collect funds in aid of the Howard Association:

FIRST DISTRICT.	*SECOND DISTRICT.*
J. O. HARRIS,	G. KURSHEEDT,
G. W. SHAW,	W. L. ROBINSON,
H. W. PALFREY,	J. LIVINGSTON.
J. E. CALDWELL.	

THIRD DISTRICT.	*FOURTH DISTRICT.*
C. W. WHITALL,	J. J. BROWNE,
J. M. VANDEGRIFF.	J. WILLIS.

☞ Donations will also be received by the undersigned.
D. I. RICARDO, Secretary, 40 Camp street.

☞ HOWARD ASSOCIATION — New Orleans, July 19, 1853.—The following practicing Physicians have kindly offered their gratuitous services in attending patients under the charge of the Association:

FIRST DISTRICT.

Dr. N. SMITH, corner of Annunciation and Edward streets.
Dr. BENEDICT, Magazine street, near Bartholomew.
Dr. FOLWELL, Carondelet street, near St. Joseph.
Dr. BENSADON, at Touro Infirmary.
Dr. BALL, corner of Hercules and Thalia streets.
Dr. BALDWIN, 407 Magazine street.
Dr. McKELVEY, 12 Carondelet street.
Dr. G. W. CROSS, 19 Nayades street.
Dr. MATHER, Nayades street, between Euterpe and Polymnia.
Dr. G. W. DORMEYER, 11 New Basin.
Dr. McFARLANE, corner of Circus and Poydras streets.
Dr. DALTON, St. Charles street, near Tattersalls.
Dr. JACOBSON, 1 Union street.
Dr. GORING, Diamond Row.
Dr. KISFFY, 8 Philippa street.
Dr. A. N. BAYLES, Tchoupitoulas street, near Orange.
Dr. LURTON, 127 Canal street.
Dr. FOOT. MALCOMSON, 146 Circus street.
Dr. JOSIAH HALE, Gravier, near St. Charles.
Dr. A. HART, St. Joseph, near Camp.
Dr. HIRE, 133 Annunciation street.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Dr. F. HAGAN, Bourbon and Bienville.
Dr. CRAGIE, 48 Dauphine street.
Dr. F. W. BERTRAND, 244 Bienville street.
Dr. KRATZ, corner of Conti and Marais.

THIRD DISTRICT.

Dr. KOVALESKI, 15 Hospital street.
Dr. BROWNING, Victory street, below the Railroad.
Dr. J. A. CANTRELLE, 12 Congress street.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

Dr. SCHUBERT, corner of Rousseau and Second streets.
Dr. A. DEDRICH, Magazine street, near St. Andrew.
Dr. P. YEISER, Live Oak street, near Josephine.
Dr. WREN, Rousseau, near City Hall.
Dr. J. K. QUILLING, corner of First and Apollo.
Dr. TEHEADER, corner of Magazine and Seventh.

☞ The Medical Faculty generally of this city are respectfully requested to permit their names to be added to the above list, which they can do by applying to either of the members or the Secretary.
D. I. RICARDO, Secretary.

☞ HOWARD ASSOCIATION — New Orleans, July 22, 1853.—The following Apothecaries have been selected in behalf of the Howard Association:

FIRST DISTRICT.

J. G. YEISER, 130 Canal street, near Baronne.
E. J. COXE, 85 Camp street, opposite Natchez.
THURMAN & CO., corner Common and St. Charles streets.
M. S. HYAMS, corner St. Paul and Gravier streets.
J. P. McFARLAND, corner Poydras and Circus streets.
SERPA, corner of Poydras and Baronne streets.
J. P. BARBOT, corner Tchoupitoulas and Benjamin streets.
T. K. FINLAY, corner Julia and Camp streets.
A. BENAGHI, corner Triton Walk and Tivoli Circle.
G. W. CROSS, corner of Melpomene and Dryades streets.
MCRENN, 159 Dryades street, opposite the Market.
P. POUCHOT, corner Nayades and Polymnia streets.
E. C. BOLTON, corner Magazine and Foucher streets.
L. PASSOLT, corner Race and Tchoupitoulas streets.
F. FREDERICKSON, 294 Tchoupitoulas street.

SECOND DISTRICT.

SICKLES & CO., 80 Canal street.
A. HEALER, corner of Burgundy and Marais streets.
A. SCHWAB, Chartres street, between Main and Madison.
C. R. EIS, corner of Orleans and Villere streets.
A. BROUSSARD, corner of Royal and Hospital streets.
J. ALLBRECHT, corner Claiborne street and Bayou Road.

THIRD DISTRICT.

F. A. GOLDMAN, corner Louisa and Greatmen streets.
AUG. SHULLY, corner of Elysian and Moreau streets.
S. LAPLACE, corner Victory and Elysian Fields streets.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

JNO. H. POPE, corner of Josephine and Rousseau streets.
F. KALLIYER, Levee, between Philip and Josephine streets.
S. HARKINS, corner Felicity Road and Magazine street.

☞ Slates will be put up at the Apothecaries above mentioned, where persons applying for relief will leave their directions.
D. I. RICARDO, Secretary.

☞ HOWARD ASSOCIATION.—RELIEF MEMBERS.—

Y. BOULLEMET, President, 12 Dryades and 6 Magazine street.
G. W. SHAW, First Vice President, Camp street, opposite Female Orphan Asylum, and 49 Poydras street.
C. H. NOBLES, Second Vice President, 8 New Basin.
G. KURSHEEDT, Treasurer, 33 Bienville and 68 Camp streets.
D. I. RICARDO, Secretary, 40 Camp street, and Tchoupitoulas street.
J. O. PIERSON, corner of Camp and Orange streets.
W. L. GILES, corner of Camp and Orange streets.
L. C. DILLARD, 25 Camp and 54 Bienville streets.
E. L. NIMMO, 93 Canal and 83 Camp streets.
W. EMMERSON, 8 Bienville street.
J. BENSADON, at Touro's Infirmary.
J. E. CALDWELL, 27 Bank Place, and Delord street, near Camp.
W. H. HAMMER, 13 St. Charles street.
W. H. PALFREY, 27 Camp and 115 Julia streets.
W. L. ROBINSON, 18 Bienville street.
P. CONNIFFE, 47 Carondelet street.
B. O'CONNELL, 8 Canal street.
C. W. WHITALL, Esplanade street, opposite the Mint.
J. W. VANDEGRIFF, Arcade Buildings.
J. J. BROWNE, First and Chestnut streets.
J. WILLIS, corner of Josephine and Chestnut streets.
J. LIVINGSTON, 40 Camp, and St. Louis street, near Royal.
J. O. HARRIS, Constance street, near Melicerte.
D. T. DONOVAN, Market street, between Chippewa and Annunciation.

☞ Persons requiring relief will please apply to any of the above members. It is also requested that those applying for Relief will make their applications to the member residing nearest. The Patients, also at the Touro Infirmary, corner of Gaienne and Levee streets.
D. I. RICARDO, Secretary, 40 Camp street.

☞ The steamer FRANK LYON will attend to the business of the SOUTHERN BELL for the balance of the Summer season, the latter having laid up for repairs, etc.

NOTICES.