DAILY CRESCENT

THE NEW ORLEANS DAILY CRESCENT,
OFFICE NO. 93 ST. CHARLES STREET,
Is regularly served to subscribers in this city at an early hour every day, (Sunday excepted,) for $5 a year, in advance, payable to the office, or 15 cents a week, payable to the carriers.

THE CIRCULATION
the Crescent, Daily and Weekly, is such as to offer a desirable medium to advertisers. As

A FAMILY NEWSPAPER
circulates largely, and at an early hour, as the homes of citizens, and articles sold to families may be most advantageously advertised in its columns. No paper in the city circulates as extensively among families.

OUR TERMS
are such as to invite the attention and patronage of the public.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:
For Square of Ten Lines in Pearl—First insertion, $1 00
Every subsequent insertion 50
Advertisements on the second page are charged as here each day.
A liberal discount will be made with those who advertise by the year or for a shorter time.
All Advertisements not marked will be published one month and charged accordingly.

WHIG TICKET.

FOR CONGRESS, SECOND REPRESENTATIVE DISTRICT,
THEODORE G. HUNT,

FOR AUDITOR,
JOHN E. KING, of St. Landry.

FOR TREASURER,
HARRY T. HAYS, of Orleans.

FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS,
A. H. LAMON, of West Baton Rouge.

TUESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 23, 1853

WANTED.—A Carrier for the Crescent. Apply at the office between the hours of 11 A. M. and 2 P. M. to-day.

Our subscribers in the Fourth District, between Laurel street and the swamp, must bear with us for a few days, as our carrier on that route has taken the yellow fever. We will endeavor to supply his place to-day. Any not receiving the Crescent to-morrow will oblige us by reporting the fact at the office.

PRAYER FOR THE CITY.—Under this head we publish a card from Ministers of the Presbyterian faith, to which we invite attention.

The mail due from Baltimore, yesterday, failed in *to-to*. Philadelphia and Boston papers—some of them—came through as late as due. We would like to know how the contractors can bring us mails all the way from Boston, and fail to bring those from an intermediate point? There is a screw loose somewhere, and if we thought remonstrance would avail anything, we could be very loud in our complaints. The Postmaster General, however, seems to have forgotten that there is such a city as this, away out on the frontier, and the probabilities are that, by the ordinary course of the mails, our complaints would never reach him. Let us then be patient and wait.

It has been suggested to us that in the present distressing times of the epidemic, when the Ministers of the different Protestant denominations are compelled hourly to officiate at funerals, whether it would not be an act of grace in the proprietors of the different railroad and omnibus lines to favor them with free tickets, in order the better to aid them in their works of mercy? These Ministers are poorly paid, and few of them can afford the expense of riding long distances to perform the service of the dead, as they are hourly called to do. We make this suggestion to those concerned, being assured that the charitable will give it that heed which is demanded by the circumstances of the times.

We had the pleasure yesterday of shaking by the hand our friend Major J. A. Kelly, of Tehuantepec memory, who has just returned from the Bladen Springs, looking as rejuvenated and fresh as a rose in May. The Major thinks the Bladen Springs a great establishment, and, judging from their effects on him, they must contain a wonderful *reservoir* of curative compounds.

ALGIERS.—The town of Algiers, over the river, has opened an infirmary for the relief of the sick. It is situated on St. Peter street. Here is another opening for the active benevolence of the Howard Association.

HEALTH OF MOBILE.—There were nine interments in Mobile on Saturday the 20th inst., four of which were of yellow fever.

QUARANTINE AT PENSACOLA.—From the Mobile Advertiser we learn that quarantine regulations have been established in Pensacola, and consequently most of the vessels plying between NewOrleans and that place will have to cease running. A schooner that arrived from New Orleans on Tuesday last, had lost her mate on the way, of yellow fever, and had two men sick of the same disease.

The Charleston Courier understands that it is in contemplation to run the steamship Union between that port and NewOrleans, in connection with the NewYork and Charleston line of steamships.

LATE FROM TEXAS.—By an arrival from Brazos Santiago we have dates from Brownsville, Texas, and from Matamoras, Mexico, to the 19th inst.

We learn that the "Blues," or law and order party, have carried the counties of Hidalgo, Cameron, Starr and Webb, by a majority of 320 votes in favor of Scurry, for Congress, over Bell, Pease for Governor, and Dickinson for Lieutenant Governor, have received nearly the whole vote of the valley of the Rio Grande, with the exception of Starr county, which gave a majority for Chambers.

The Rio Grande was high and rising, and the health of Brownsville and Matamoras good. Business was dull.

RELIEF FROM THE PRESIDENT.—At a meeting held at Washington City to take measures for the relief of the sufferers by the epidemic in this city, the following note was received from President Pierce:

WASHINGTON, August 13, 1853.

My Dear Sir—I am gratified to see in this morning's paper a call, signed by myself, for a meeting of the citizens of this city, to make arrangements for a suitable contribution for the aid of the sufferers in New Orleans. I enclose herewith fifty dollars, which I wish you to add to any fund that may be raised for the object referred to. Your friend and servant,

FRANK PIERCE.

Hon. J. W. Maury, Mayor of Washington, D. C.

THINGS IN WASHINGTON.—The Star of the 15th inst. has the following:

The Munitions for the Rio Grande.—The large force employed in the Washington Arsenal have been for some time engaged in preparing and packing for shipment shells, canister shot, etc., destined for our military posts on the Rio Grande. Ammunition for guns of the largest calibre to the amount of eight hundred rounds is to be sent off this week, we hear.

The home correspondent of the Republic says:

Professor De Bow, Superintendent of the Census Bureau, is industriously engaged in preparing his report to be communicated to the next Congress. The coming report must necessarily be very voluminous, and from the high and widely spread reputation which the professor enjoys for talents and statistical skill, I hazard nothing in expressing the opinion that the next report upon the census will prove an invaluable acquisition to the statistics, and even to the literature of the country.

I learn that Mr. Zantzinger to-day deposited with Corcoran & Riggs the sum which these gentlemen deemed necessary to the proper adjustment of his various accounts. Messrs. C. & R. are now prepared to meet that dishonored check, and I suppose this last great case of defaulting is at an end.

The dish, called in the West Indies *man dram*, which is resorted to to excite appetite, and which is certain to do so, is a mixture of bird-pepper, shallots, or onions cut small, a little lime juice, Madeira wine and sliced cucumbers.

TELEGRAPHED TO THE CRESCENT.

By the Southern Line.

Mission to France.

WASHINGTON, August 21.

It is reported here that Gov. Howell Cobb, of Georgia, has received the appointment of Minister to France.

Redemption of United States Stocks.

WASHINGTON, August 21.

During the last three weeks the Government has redeemed over one million dollars' worth of the stock of the United States, paying therefor a premium of twenty-one per cent.

Negro Insurrection.

NEW YORK, August 21.

Advices have been received from St. Thomas, confirming the accounts previously received of a negro insurrection on the Island of Tortugas [not Tortola, as before stated]. The inhabitants had nearly all fled to St. Thomas, and troops had been sent to quell the insurrection. It was believed that the insurgents would soon be put down.

Yellow Fever in Mobile.

MOBILE, August 22.

The total number of deaths in this city for the past week was fifty-seven, of which thirty-two were of yellow fever.

Eastern Mail.

MOBILE, August 22.

The Eastern mail, due in New Orleans to-morrow morning, has failed beyond Charleston.

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

THE SUBSCRIPTION AT THE NORTH—SEVENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS.—*Baltimore*, August 19.—The cities of NewYork, Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore, have raised $70,000 for the relief of the sufferers by the epidemic in NewOrleans. Collections for this object continue liberally everywhere.

Washington, August 20.—The amount collected in this city up to this morning for the relief of the sufferers from the epidemic in New Orleans, is $3600.

CONGRESSMAN DEAD.—John Tallaferro, for forty years a member of Congress from Virginia, is dead.

CHOLERA.—The cholera has made its appearance at Cumberland in Maryland.

Baltimore, August 20.—The cholera is rapidly abating at Cumberland. There were fifteen deaths by it on Wednesday and Thursday, and two on Friday. The disease was occasioned, it is believed, by a sudden cold change in the weather.

ARRIVAL OF THE GARDINER COMMISSIONER.—*Washington*, August 20.—Major Mordacai, who recently went to Mexico to search for Gardiner's mines, returned this morning to this city.

[Evening papers.

Letter from New York.

Correspondence of the Crescent:

NEW YORK, August 12, 1853.

The cold, damp, rainy weather we had last week has been succeeded by the most overpowering, unendurable, indescribable heat, unmitigated by breezes, and continuing even during the nights with unremitting intensity. You, with your soft south winds and deliciously cool nights, can form no idea of our sufferings. The city seems like an immense oven, heated to the highest degree; and the inhabitants feel as if they were being roasted alive. Deaths from the effects of the heat are of frequent occurrence. Yesterday twenty persons died from exposure to it. An incredible number of pocket-handkerchiefs are daily drowned in perspiration, and there is no counting the mint-julops, sherry cobblers and other cooling beverages that are daily and nightly quaffed. Ice carts are hailed as blessings, and old signs of "coal" are regarded as worse than eye sores, as positive aggravations, insults, injuries. The thermometer yesterday stood at 96 in the shade, at three o'clock P. M., and at 88 all night long. Were it not for the yellow fever we would return to New Orleans to enjoy cool weather.

I visited the Crystal Palace on Tuesday last. The exterior is beautiful, resembling an oriental palace; but the effect is somewhat marred by the additional wing being still unfinished. It is impossible to carry away any clear impression of the interior, or one-fiftieth of its contents, during one visit. The multiplicity of objects is bewildering. The statuary attracted more of my attention than anything else; but owing to my ignorance of art, I almost fear to express an opinion on the subject. Christ and the Apostles, a group by Thorwalsden, is exhibited in an enclosure by itself—the enclosure, however, being small, and the figures very large (that of Christ colossal) the work is seen to great disadvantage. I noticed in the figure of Christ what seemed to me a fault, and one quite common in Scripture, viz: the great thickness of the hair where it parts on the forehead, having the appearance of a wig. The drapery is beautiful, falling in soft graceful folds. St. James and St. John struck my fancy more than any of the others, particularly the latter; the face is uncurned and the expression winning in the extreme. This being the only figure without a beard, I had the pleasure of admiring the beautiful chin, a feature which, when well formed, should never be concealed, even by the most jetty and bushy of beards.

In the very centre of the building, right under the dome, stands Marochetti's colossal equestrian statue of Washington, in bronze. Seen from below, "the Father of his Country" presents a burly, stumpy appearance, very unlike the elegant proportions with which he is usually represented. Seen from the gallery the figure, though less ungainly, is still clumsy. Of the horse I will not presume to speak, never having observed that animal when bestride by the nobler one.

Not far off is a piece representing a young Amazon on horseback, aiming a spear at a tiger which is clinging to the breast and neck of her horse, and fixing its fangs and claws into the flesh of the terrified creature. The face and form of the woman are strikingly beautiful, and her attitude as expressive of strength and determination that one almost wonders, on taking a second look, to see the spear still poised, the blow still unstruck.

Behind the statue of Washington, at some distance from it, stands a statue which, but for the attitude and roll of parchment in its hand, would be taken for a countryman returning from a fight. The figure is clothed in a rough looking great-coat, and the face disfigured by an immense swelling in the centre of the forehead. This figure, I was informed, is a statue of Webster, by an English artist named Carew. No body would ever have recognized the noble head of the Great Expounder in that deformed cranium.

In the Austrian department there are several heads of veiled females. The effect is strange and beautiful; the features are distinctly seen, as through a thin gauzy texture, and it is almost impossible to realize that the whole is of marble. The veil is represented as touching the face, and gathered together under the chin. In the same department I observed a cage of Cupids. The little wicked urchins are struggling to escape from the confinement to which some benevolent power has consigned them. Female figures almost, and some quite, nude, are scattered profusely around; but my companions passed them all without lingering, and I did not like to shock their modesty by gratifying by gazing for the beautiful in that line.

When next I visit the Crystal Palace I intend to go systematically to work, and examine each department separately; by which means I shall be enabled to give a more satisfactory description of its wonders than is possible after one ramble through it. Yours, LAURA LEE.

DEPARTED SUFFERING AND DEATHS AT SEA.—Captain Young and the only known survivors (ten in numbers) of the ill-fated bark Argyle, which recently foundered on her passage from Bristol to Quebec, arrived at Quebec on the 6th inst. She was loaded with iron, as has been before reported. Captain Young states that their sufferings have been dreadful. They were nine days in one of the ship's boats, drifting about on the ocean, and six of these days were passed without food or water—during which time seven of the men in the boat died of exhaustion and hunger. Of the survivors, two are females—one of whom is an old lady, turned over 60 years of age, who, to add to her sufferings, was doomed to see her son, a fine strong young man, 23 years old, die of hunger by her side. The other female is a young woman, and strange to say, both of these females were exposed to the same privations that the men were, and yet they lived through them. There were twenty-five persons on board the Argyle, including three passengers, viz: the young woman, the old lady and her son, all of whom betook themselves to two of the ship's boats, one of which has not since been heard of; and it is feared that but ten of the twenty-five have been left to tell the sad tale.

From the New York Express Post.

Foreign Items.

Mrs. Willes Maddox, the celebrated painter, so much employed by Beckford, is dead.

John B. Gough is giving temperance lectures at Exeter Hall and the Whittington Club.

Mrs. Chisholm is on her way to Rome to see her son, who is a student in the Propaganda.

There is now a magnificent theatre in Algeria, and a Paris troupe have left France in order to perform in that colony.

The Bavarian Government has decided that executions shall no longer take place in public, but in the interior of prisons.

The new Vaccination Bill has passed, by which children are to be vaccinated before three months of age, or parents to pay penalties.

A recent writer says that Pythagoras was a great dandy. He wore a white robe, with Persian trowsers, and a golden crown on his head.

The very best painter of animals, and especially of that difficult one the horse, possessed by the French, is a woman—Mademoiselle Rosa Bonheur.

The foreign papers arriving at Warsaw and St. Petersburg are almost entirely cut to pieces, and all the important news extracted, before reaching the subscribers.

Preparations were made in Paris on a grand scale for celebrating the birthday of Napoleon III., the anniversary of which occurs on the 15th August. He is 46 years of age.

Baer, a German astronomer, calculates that when we shall have a telescope nine times more powerful than that of Lord Rosse, we shall be able to descry objects in the moon as small as a man.

Much agitation prevails in the Roman States from fear of famine. There has been a short wheat harvest in Tuscany, and much uneasiness at Ravenna, Faenza and Imola. The exportation of corn has been forbidden.

The culture and sale of flowers for the Paris market are two branches of trade which are continually increasing. Ten times the quantity of flowers are now raised that were produced ten years ago, and the prices of plants, instead of falling, have risen.

Among other novelties projected in London is a "subterranean railway," which is to run from the lower end of Edgware Road to King's Cross. The capital raised is to be £300,000, and a responsible contractor has undertaken its construction for a sum considerably below that amount. The length of this road will be less than two and a half miles. The line is to be in full operation in less than twelve months.

A letter from Rome states "that the Pope has been laid up with a scalded foot." Punch says he does not wonder at this, since the Holy Father has been for a long time in *hot water*."

News of the 12th, from Rome, states that the health of the Pope is daily becoming more precarious. He is suffering from a severe attack of asthma and general debility. The Pope is 61 years of age.

The astronomer Arago, a few weeks since, repaired to the South of France, in hope that his native air would impart some vigor to his old and nearly exhausted frame. It was more than once reported, since his absence, that he was actually dead. He was partially restored, and, at last accounts, was making his way back to Paris by slow stages, accompanied by his two sons and a niece.

There is at this time an unusual demand for telegraph wire, and several tons are produced daily. Messrs. Morewood & Rogers, of Birmingham, are now preparing a very large order for the East India Company. The same company has an order from the Botanical Gardens of Sydney for ten tons of galvanized labels for flowers. The Birmingham houses have received almost unlimited orders for general hardware goods from Australia.

M. Theodore Tellercau has laid a paper before the Academy of Sciences at Paris, in which he asserts that he has produced gold by artificial means. He believes that there are very few simple substances in nature, and considers the "forty metals now assumed to be such, are in reality compound ones, probably of one radical with some unknown body, hitherto not studied, but which of itself alone modifies the properties of this radical, and thus presents us apparently with forty bodies, while, in reality, there is but one." He asserts he has discovered this body, by which the radical is converted into gold.

MENSTRUATION OF THE EARTH.—The Russian Government is about to have measured the degrees of the meridian from the North Cape, in 71 deg. north latitude, to the mouth of the Danube, in 45½ deg. of the same latitude—that is, on a line which traverses Europe in its whole length, and forms a fourteenth part of the entire circumference of the earth. The measurement will exceed by three degrees the largest ever before executed—that which the English carried from the Himalaya to the southern point of British India.

WHAT'S THE REASON?—A NewYork journal says that "some difficulty has sprung up between Messrs. Hogg & Dalzameter and the Cristal Palace officials, and the former have withdrawn their application for a place to exhibit Ericsson's caloric engine, constructed by them for that purpose. Mr. Holmes, the superintendent of the machinery department, had made special arrangements to measure exactly the consumption of fuel in a given time; also, to ascertain the precise amount of power evolved from such consumption, by means of the dynamometer." The NewYork Advertiser pertinently asks, "Can it be that these arrangements were distasteful to the intended exhibitors?"

YOUNG AMERICA.—The London Morning Advertiser, in commenting on the case of Costa, bestows the following glowing compliment to our country:

"Young America sets examples to old England which it were well to imitate. The United States, though in her infancy as compared with the nations of Europe, not only possesses greater vigor than any other country under the sun, but, having the giant's strength, the Republic knows how to wield it for her own interest and her own honor. America is no craven country. She has courage, and she knows when and how to display it. No power will insult her with impunity. She has not only a quick perception of what is an affront, but she loses not a moment in resenting it. We have just had a proof of the power and pluck of America, which has astonished the Courts of Europe; and which, being afforded at this particular moment, ought to make this country hide its head for very shame at the contrast which its conduct, when insulted by the Czar, exhibits to the world."

LOCAL MATTERS.

Daily Report of the interments in all the Cemeteries of the city for the 24 hours ending at 6 o'clock A. M., on Monday, August 22, 1853.

	Total.	Yellow Fever.	Not Yellow Fever.
President Street cemetery	4	2	2
Odd Fellows' Rest	4	3	1
Cypress Grove No. 1	4	3	1
Cypress Grove No. 2	22	17	5
Charity Hospital	40	28	12
St. Patrick's	21	19	2
Catholic No. 1, Second District	3	3	—
Catholic No. 2	7	4	3
St. V. de Paul, Third District	27	21	6
Lafayette, Fourth District	21	17	4
Holcome	6	5	—
Total	283	220	36

J. C. Simonds, M. D., Secretary Board of Health.

CHARITY HOSPITAL.—The following is the report for the twenty-four hours ending at 12 o'clock on Sunday night, the 21st inst.

Admissions	42	Deaths, yellow fever	22
Discharges	21	Other deaths	4

CHILD MURDER.—Quite an entertaining chapter in the romance of the horrible was reported to Lieutenant Watch, of the Third District police, yesterday morning. The story is that one Catherine Scott, a fair frail damsel, living on Freemanen street, between St. Claude and Marais streets, who lived not wisely but too well, some months ago indulged in amorous dalliance with a marauding named James Thompson. James procured the reluctant consent of Catherine to make him "the happiest of men," and the event was to take place after James returned from a voyage—he being one of those—who go down to the sea in ships. James went on his voyage, but returned not for many long months and only made his re-appearance here in the latter part of last week. Catherine, in the meanwhile, found herself in a situation not very creditable to her maidenhood, and on Saturday night gave birth to a female child. Searching with remorse, Catherine determined to conceal the fact, and in pursuance of her previously formed resolve, strangled the child, and concealed its dead body in a trunk. The murder thus smothered up, and under lock and key, Catherine resolved that the promised rites to Hymen should be immediately paid, and with blushes advanced to meet her affianced lord.

Her conduct and her situation had not escaped the prying eye of a serving maid named Mary Fred, who nosed out the murder, and when Thompson had returned and was preparing to pour out at the feet of the altar the sap of his overflowing joy, she dashed the flavor of his promised draught by revealing the whole matter to him—how a woman child had been born unto Catherine, how she had strangled it like to the sow that had eaten her nine farrow," and how she had locked it in the trunk, there to become "rank" and to "smell to heaven."

Thompson was horrified, as well Thompson might have been, and instead of hugging Catherine to his bosom, he hugged his revenge, and proceeded to relate the whole story to the police.

Lieutenant Walsh immediately repaired to the house indicated and found the dead body of the child. Catherine was arrested, and Thompson and Mary Fred were recognized to appear as witnesses. The Coroner held an inquest on the body of the child, and returned a verdict in accordance with the facts.

INQUESTS.—An inquest was held yesterday on the body of Eugene Brady, aged 49 years, and a native of county Wexford, Ireland, found dead in a house No. 40 Marigny street, Third District. Verdict—"Came to his death from apoplexy caused by intemperance."

A second inquest was held over the body of a white man supposed to have been named John O'Harra, aged about 35 years, found dead on the wharf at the Lake end of the Pontchartrain Railroad. Verdict—"Came to his death by drowning." The body had on a checked shirt and cross-barred linen pants. The man appeared to have been about a foot 7 inches in height, and had hair of light sandy color with a tinge of gray. In his pocket was found a ten receipt for 50 cents, purporting to have been given to John O'Harra, and signed by Lyman Randall, Sheriff.

An inquest was also held on the body of Honore Destrare, 27 years old, and a native of France, found dead in the river at the foot of Esplanade street. Verdict—"Came to his death by drowning."

A fourth inquest was held on the body of a white female infant of Catherine Scott, aged 2 days, found in the house No. 218 Frenchmen street, Third District. After a post mortem examination the verdict was returned of—"Came to its death by being strangled by its mother."

CURIOUS ACCOUNT FOR IT.—James Perry sported a neat gold watch, the which he unguardedly exhibited on the Levee. The flash of the lively "look out eye" of Captain Baldwin, of the police, who forthwith arrested Perry as an individual the cut of whose clothes and the texture of whose vestments did not justify him in the indulgence of such vanities. The watch was not in keeping with a dirty shirt and a tattered neither garment which Perry wore, whereon the presumption arose that he had come by it in a way not of the most honest. Perry, when brought up, could not remember from whom he had got the watch, and the rule being in the Recorder's courts that a man accused is presumed to be guilty, and must prove his innocence, he was sent to the Work-house for day. To refresh his recollection as to the identity of the individual from whom he bought the watch.

ROBBERY.—One Taylor went to the domicil of the fair Eliza McGowan, who hangs out in the vicinity of Barrack street, and then and there demanded of Eliza a quantity of money by way of tribute, which she refusing to render up, Taylor drew forth a murderous blade and threatened therewith to sunder the brittle thread of her existence. Not only this, but Taylor went back to the house on Saturday night, when the money again demanded not being forthcoming, he took two of Eliza's trunks and carrying them into the back yard there broke them open under the eyes of their rightful owner. How Taylor threw the clothes in the trunks about, searching after money, not a cent of which he found, would be wonderful to tell. Suffice it that he found not that which he sought, and taking himself off the search went on his way. Of all these things did Eliza make oath yesterday before Recorder Ramos. An officer was dispatched after Taylor, but whether he overtook him the report saith not.

PRAYER FOR THE CITY.

As God's hand is now heavy upon us, and as the Bible abundantly testifies that God hears the prayers of his people, and teaches us that it is our duty to pray to Him for all men, and to call upon Him in trouble—

Therefore we, Ministers and Pastors of Presbyterian congregations in the city, do hereby, for ourselves and in behalf of our Church Sessions and congregations, appoint a Union Meeting for humiliation and prayer to Almighty God, to be held at the Second Church, corner of Prytania and Calliope streets, at five o'clock etc., afternoon, beginning with to-day during the prevailing of the epidemic. And we cordially invite all our brethren of other churches, and the public generally, to unite with us in humbling ourselves before our Maker and in acknowledging His Sovereignty over us, and in supplicating Him to deliver us from the pestilence that now desolates our city. And we ask also the prayers of all Christian people in behalf of our city, and especially that God will be pleased to turn His anger away from us, and give us grace, through His Son Jesus Christ, to repent of all our manifold sins as a city and as a people, and incline the hearts of all men to learn righteousness when His judgments are abroad in the land.

W. A. SCOTT,
T. J. HOLMES,
N. G. NORRIS.

New Orleans, Tuesday, August 22, 1853. 1w

We give place to the following card, not knowing what physician the communication referred to attacks, nor who the reply defends. [Eds. Crescent.

A CARD.

MR. EDITOR.—My attention has been called to a communication in your columns this morning, from a correspondent who signs himself "A Physician," which purports to be "Thoughts on Yellow Fever," but which is in fact an insidious and I must say, unfair attack upon the medical gentlemen of this city. Were it not, however, that you have been pleased to endorse this correspondent as a man of high standing in this community, and of some practical sense, I should not deem his "Thoughts" worthy of further notice; but, for the reason, I beg the same use of your columns he has made to reply.

The end of giving us, the public, his "thoughts" on Yellow Fever, which would indicate be of immense service just at this crisis, he has been pleased to assail, in a very unmanly way, the character of the medical gentlemen who are not giving their "thoughts," but their actions, to alleviate the sufferings of our stricken and peopled city. The following paragraph deserves particular notice:

"Another doctor, some nearer miles than the St. Charles Hotel, visited a patient, not a day, nor even two days, after the person, "Thomas" died of "yellow fever." The fellow was a native of the soil, born again, and added to his former Yankee language, and wide extension of a nose, the "brogue."

Now, sir, I know of but one physician who boards at the St. Charles Hotel, or has an office near there. That one is one of the ablest, most eminent, most successful, and at the same time, most humane physicians in the city of New Orleans. So far from his being a "quack" he is acknowledged universally among the first men for his feelings of humanity. I know that he never refuses to visit any one, rich or poor, and has in many instances, furnished the patient with money out of his own pocket, to purchase the necessary nourishment, and procure a nurse and other necessaries, without the remotest hope of reward. The physician I allude to, and the only one who boards at the St. Charles Hotel, has done so much gratuitous labor since the breaking out of yellow fever, that he is the character of a gentleman—if he means the one I allude to—than by mention of such notoriety. The most contemptible of all to which a gentleman could resort. Yours truly, E.

Died:

Monday, August 22, of yellow fever, after a lingering illness, MARY NICHOLAS, aged 21, a native of Lyons, France.

Her funeral will take place this afternoon, at 4 o'clock, from the residence of her father, Wm. McNicholas, at Lafayette. The friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

At the residence of her son, Worthington Lodge, on G. A. T. R., which she died, on Monday, August 22, Mrs. MARGARET T. STANDEFORD, aged 72 years, a native of the State of Kentucky.

The funeral will take place from the residence of her son, on Tuesday, August 23, at 5 o'clock, P. M. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

BACON SHOULDERS—100 tierces Prime, Choice, in STORE and for sale by KENNEDY & FOSTER, 117 Gravier street.

FLOUR—600 bbls. Superfine and Extra St. Louis, landing and for sale by KENNEDY & FOSTER, 117 Gravier street.

CONSTABLE'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE of two writs of fieri facias to me directed by the Hon. J. Cornelius, Judge of the Fourth Municipal District, in favor of the Mechanics' Bank, and against the Steamboat HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, to be sold to the highest bidder, for cash, on the levee, at the foot of Canal street, on TUESDAY, August 23, at 12 o'clock, M., the following, viz: One Steamboat, called the HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

J. J. HOTZE, Constable.

FORTY FEET OF TAPE WORM Expelled by CHINOE & FARNESTOCK'S VERMIFUGE. Prepared by Stephens.

WORCESTER, Mass., September 27, 1851.

This will certify that I have taken Chinoe & Farnestock's Vermifuge, and it has proved a most powerful remedy. I passed forty feet of tape worm. Having heard of Chinoe's Vermifuge recommended, I was induced to try it, and found it to be all that is represented. I passed about forty feet of tape worm. I feel confident in the discovery being made known, and I remain, yours, respectfully, ELIZA ANN GRIFFITH.

EDWARD SELDEN, corner Fred and Gravier streets, Sole wholesale agent, and supply to all the principal Druggists in the city, and by Druggists and Country Merchants throughout the United States. [aug1 dawlm

NEW BOOKS,
JUST RECEIVED BY
THOMAS L. WHITE,
CANAL STREET. 105

PHILOSOPHY OF SIR WILLIAM HAMILTON.
ROMANCE OF ABELARD and HELOISE. By G. W. Wight.
OLD PLAYS OF THE DAYS OF JAMES I.
MIND AND THE ENGINE: By R. W. Cox, M.D.
PSYCHOMANCY, OR SPIRIT RAPPING EXPLAINED. By Prof. Charles Page.
FRANKLIN'S SUMMONS TO THE CONVENTION, CONTINUED.

BACON SHOULDERS—100 casks Prime, Choice, in STORE and for sale by KENNEDY & FOSTER, 117 Gravier street.

CONSTABLE'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the Hon. J. Cornelius, Judge of the Fourth Municipal District, in favor of John Fennyvessy, against the Steamboat HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, to be sold to the highest bidder, for cash, on the levee, at the foot of Canal street, on TUESDAY, August 23, at 12 o'clock, M., the following, viz: One Steamboat, called the HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

J. J. HOTZE, Constable.

FORTY FEET OF TAPE WORM Expelled by CHINOE & FARNESTOCK'S VERMIFUGE. Prepared by Stephens.

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WHIG CENTRAL STATE COMMITTEE.—At a meeting of the Whig Central State Committee, held in the city of New Orleans on Saturday, August 20, 1853, by authority of the Whig State Convention assembled at Baton Rouge on the same instant, the following gentlemen were elected officers:

President—Col. CHARLES M. WATERMAN.
Vice Presidents—Dr. F. ALPENTS, of Orleans.
First Congressional District.
DUNCAN F. KENNER, of Ascension.
Second Congressional District.
ALEXANDER BARROW, of West Baton Rouge.
Third Congressional District.
JOHN RAY, of Ouachita.
Fourth Congressional District.
Secretary—JOHN A. WATKINS.
Secretary—HENRY E. ROBINSON.
Assistant Secretary—T. C. LAVILLE.

Resolved, That the Whig Central State Committee shall meet every THURSDAY EVENING, at 7 o'clock, at their Club Room, corner of Point street and Exchange Alley, from September 1, 1853.

T. W. COLLINS, President pro tem.
M. C. EDWARDS, Secretary pro tem.

☞ Whig papers throughout the State will please copy. aug2

M. C. EDWARDS, G. W. FLEMING,
JULES DELARUE, JOS. HEWITT,
L. J. HARRIS, A. LEVY.

☞ The six gentlemen above named were unanimously elected as Delegates to represent the Fourth Representative District in the Parochial and First Congressional Parish Conventions—the former, the meeting adjourned.

M. C. EDWARDS, President.
P. DUFELSSIER, Secretary. aug22

PROFESSOR HENRY DE MARSAN.—The method and solution of this question, so highly spoken of in the Paris journals, is now in the hands and possession of one who study the Spanish Language. Combining the end to gain with the means for the single and separate purpose, the responsible and trustworthy, capable of producing the most satisfactory and incontrovertible results, and requires a special and business-like consideration, exclusively devoted "the few days" remaining in this country, previously to his departure for Europe, on the 1st of September. Lessons in Spanish, Evening Classes for Gentlemen, Day Classes for Ladies, and Evening Classes for Gentlemen, Day Classes for Ladies, and Evening Classes for Gentlemen. Terms, $100 for the course of 60 lessons, at the residence of the Professor, Twenty-Second, No. 3 Camp street, opposite the City Hotel.

RELIEF COMMITTEE OF PROTECTION FIRE COMPANY NO. 19.

L. C. DELLARD, on Carondelet and Harmony streets.
H. L. BROWN, on Carondelet and Sixth streets.
JOS. T. HUSHA, of Broom and 84 Bourbon streets.
CHARLES H. WALDO, 3 and 19 New Levee street.
JONATHAN WOLSELY, at the Work House.
THOMAS CERASLY, corner of St. Mark and Clouet streets.
M. W. MEURIS, corner of St. Louis and Villeriaitte streets.
JOSEPH CLAVIE, at the Delta office.
A. MONTGOMERY, at Lowles Foundry.
WM. H. FREES, corner of New Levee and Nashville streets.

☞ No. 19 has selected E. H. BARTON as their Physician, who will give medical advice to one of the sick members, on application to any committee of the Relief Committee. aug24 2cop

☞ LOUISIANA GREYS—*Relief Committee.*—The following gentlemen have been duly appointed a Relief Committee during the prevailing epidemic:

THOS. STRONG, 104 St. Charles street.
JOS. F. RUSHA, 14 Broom street.
ROBERT MORRIS, Bienville and Bourbon streets.
P. DALEY, Union Walk and Hercules street.
DANIEL KEARNEY, Union and Bourbon streets.
P. CURLEY, corner Bienville and Dauphine streets.
JAMES MCGORE, Union, between Dauphine and Bourbon sts.
THOS. CAVANAGH, at Crescent office.

aug24 2cop By order, JOS. F. RUSHA, Secretary.

☞ NEW ORLEANS TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION.—At a meeting of the New Orleans Typographical Union, held on the 7th instant, the following members were appointed to act as a Relief Committee during the prevalence of the epidemic:

THOS. F. HENDRIX, Picayune office.
D. C. BYERLY, Bulletin.
J. M. TAYLOR, True Delta.
W. H. SEELIGSON, Delta.
A. W. BREWERTON, Crescent.
J. G. HINKT, Bee.
A. H. MCCAFFERY, Courier.
H. J. STANSCHUY, Price Current.
T. M. CANN, Daily Job Office.
LEWIS GUNMAN, Commercial Job Office.
JAS. BROOS, GERARD STITT, at large.

☞ HOWARD ASSOCIATION—July 28, 1853.—The following gentlemen have been appointed to collect funds in aid of the Howard Association:

FIRST DISTRICT.
J. O. HARRIS, G. KUESHERDT,
G. W. RIDDLE, W. R. ROBINSON,
H. W. PALFREY, J. LIVINGSTON,
J. M. CALDWELL.

SECOND DISTRICT.
C. W. WHITALL, J. J. BROWNE,
J. M. VANDEGRIFF, J. WILLIS.

☞ Donations will also be received by the undersigned.

T. J. RICARDO, Secretary, 40 Camp street.

☞ HOWARD ASSOCIATION — New Orleans, July 26, 1853.—The following gentlemen have kindly offered their gratuitous services in attending patients under the charge of the Association:

FIRST DISTRICT.
Dr. S. SMITH, corner of Annunciation and Hevard streets.
Dr. DUNBOLT, Magazine street, near Jackson.
Dr. FOLWELL, Carondelet street, near St. Joseph.
Dr. BENNETSON, at Tonic Infirmary.
Dr. BALL, corner of Hercules and Thalia streets.
Dr. LAURAIN, 102 Magazine street.
Dr. M. KELVEY, 31 Carondelet street.
Dr. G. W. CROSS, 13 Natchez street.
Dr. MATHER, Natchez street, between Exchange and Perdomo.
Dr. G. W. DUPEYRIER, 11 New Levee.
Dr. MCFARLANE, corner of Circus and Poydras streets.
Dr. DALTON, St. Charles street, over Vetterlein.
Dr. JACOBSON, 11 Rouse street.
Dr. GOHING, Diamond's Row.
Dr. KISSEY, 6 Philippa street.
Dr. A. N. BAYNES, Tonic Infirmary, Hevard street.
Dr. LURION, 127 Canal street.
Dr. MORT MARTIGNON, 144 Gravier street.
Dr. JOSIAH HALE, third, near St. Charles.
Dr. A. HART, St. Joseph, near Camp.
Dr. HIRE, 127 Annunciation street.

SECOND DISTRICT.
Dr. P. HAGAN, Bourbon and Bienville.
Dr. CRAGG, 48 Dauphine street.
Dr. F. W. ALEXANDER, 1 Hospital street.
Dr. KRATZ, corner of Chartres and Marais.

THIRD DISTRICT.
Dr. KOVALESKI, 18 Hospital street.
Dr. BROWNING, Nicolay street, below the Railroad.
Dr. J. A. CANTRELLE, 19 Congress street.

FOURTH DISTRICT.
Dr. SCHUBERT, corner of Bourbon and Second streets.
Dr. A. DEMOS, 93 Magazine street, near St. Andrew.
Dr. P. KOSER, Lake Cut-off, near Hospital.
Dr. WREN, Bienville, near City Hall.
Dr. J. K. QUILLING, corner of First and Apollo.
Dr. TRENNELER, corner of Magazine and Seventh.

☞ The Medical Faculty generally of this city are respectfully requested to publish their names to be added to the above list, which they may do by applying to either of the members of the committee. aug22 2cop D. C. RICARDO, Secretary.

☞ HOWARD ASSOCIATION — New Orleans, July 26, 1853.—The following Apothecaries have been selected on behalf of the Howard