[illegible]

New York, September 6.

The data received that the yellow fever is confined to the Eastern quarter, which is considered settled.

Europe.

The troubles in Servia prove to have been of little consequence.

Mr. Buchanan.

Mr. Buchanan, the American Minister at London, has been presented to the Queen and delivered his credentials.

Moorish Troubles.

There has been some trouble in Morocco, and one or two fights had taken place, the imperial troops being victorious.

California Steamer.

NEW YORK, September 9.

The steamship Star of the West has arrived here from San Juan, with dates from San Francisco to the 16th of August. She brings one and a half millions of dollars' worth of gold.

Baltimore Markets.

BALTIMORE, September 9.

Coffee here is active. The sales of the week embrace 13,000 bags at a range of 10¾ to 11¼c. per pound for Rio. Sugar has been in good demand and advanced ¼c. per pound.

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

THREE DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE—ARRIVAL OF THE ASIA—COTTON FIRMER—BREADSTUFFS STILL ADVANCING — EASTERN QUESTION UNCHANGED—*New York*, September 8.—The Cunard steamer Asia has arrived here, bringing dates from Liverpool to the 27th August, three days later than the accounts brought by the Atlantic. Her advices are, commercially, of a more favorable character than the Atlantic's. The following is a summary of her commercial news for the week preceding her departure.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS—*Liverpool*, August 27. There has been only a moderate demand in the cotton market here since the sailing of the Europa, on the 20th inst., and the early part of the week was marked with a degree of heaviness, buyers for the trade and for export holding back. Holders have not, however, been pressing on the market, and latterly the rates have been decidedly firmer. The sales of the week embrace barely 31,000 bales, including 4000 for speculation and 5000 for export, the market closing with the following range of quotations: Fair Orleans 7d, Middling Orleans 6¼, Fair Uplands 6¾, and Middling Uplands 5⅞ to 5 15-16d per lb.

The market for breadstuffs continues active, and prices still maintain an upward tendency, all qualities of flour having further advanced; Western Canal is now quoted at 29s. 6d, and Ohio at 30s. 6d per bbl.; corn has also considerably advanced, and closes at 52s. 6d per quarter for yellow and white alike; lard has been in fair request at firm prices, with moderate sales to the trade; beef has been active; pork in moderate request at unchanged prices, and bacon dull; coffee has been active, but unchanged in prices; sugar has been firmer and in good demand; in rice a very large business has been done at firm rates, but without material change.

TRADE AND MONEY.—Trade in Manchester has undergone no change of moment during the week.

The money market in London continued tight, and Consols have declined to 8⅛.

HAVRE COTTON MARKET.—The cotton market at Havre has been dull, and the sales of the week are limited to 3000 bales. Prices have been more in favor of buyers, but without quotable change.

THE EASTERN QUESTION.—The Eastern question remains without further elucidation. The Conference at Vienna are occupied in attempting to smooth matters satisfactorily to the contending parties.

YELLOW FEVER IN MOBILE—*Mobile*, September 13.—The interments in this city for the 24 hours ending at six o'clock last evening were 31, including 27 yellow fever.

EASTERN MAIL—*Mobile*, September 13.—The Eastern mail, due in New Orleans to-morrow morning, has failed beyond Stockton, Alabama. [Eve. papers.

AN ALLEGED EXTENSIVE FRAUD.—*New York*, September 5.—A man named Gutmon, well known here, and engaged for a long time as custom-house broker in this city, enjoyed the full confidence of a large portion of foreign importing houses, disappeared last Thursday morning and has not since been heard of. He is indebted, it is alleged, to the Union Bank about one hundred thousand dollars. Also, to Messrs. Spies, Crust & Co., and several others, for amounts varying from $5,000 to $10,000 each. He has left a wife and large family of children in this city. The presumption is that he has gone to Europe.

POLITICAL CORRUPTION.—*Philadelphia*, September 5.—In the Whig City and County Convention, this morning, one of the defeated candidates charged that three of the delegates from Spring Garden had been bribed to vote for his opponent. A committee of investigation was appointed, who reported this afternoon that the delegates had received bribes from both candidates, and had voted for the one paying the most. The delegates were thereupon expelled almost unanimously.

FIRE—TWO LIVES LOST.—*New York*, September 5.—A fire broke out here this morning at 6 o'clock, in the carpenter shop owned by Mr Welsh, No. 45 Allen street. The building, with its contents, and three houses, Nos. 43, 47 and 49, adjoining, were consumed. Loss quite heavy—part insured. Unfortunately, two brothers, named John and Richard King, perished in the flames.

LOUISIANA INTERIOR.—The Louisiana Democrat of the 6th inst. has the following items:

There have been three or four deaths from yellow fever, in Alexandria, within the past three weeks. The last occurred on Sunday, the victim being a slave belonging to Mr. Solli bellas.

THE CATERPILLAR.—The destruction is becoming general, and bids fair to be complete in a short time. We hear of the ravages of the worm whichever way we turn. A half crop may be made in the parish, though present appearances do not warrant such a conclusion

A number of families left town yesterday, and others are preparing to depart. All right. The air of the pine woods is balmy and invigorating.

September opens warm. We may look for cold weather before many moons wax and wane

The sombre angel of death, says the Plaquemine Gazette of the 10th, has been busy in our midst during the past week. Some six or seven deaths have occurred during this time. The type of the disease seems yet to be a mystery. However, we believe the doctors are inclined to the belief that it is the genuine yellow fever.

The following, from the Havana correspondent of the New York Times, contains items of interest:

Havana, Monday, August 29, 1853.—The steamer Crescent City arrived this morning at six, and will leave at mid-day. I have to advise by this packet that letters received here recently, for Judge Clayton, addressed to him from the Department, or public offices of our Government, have been detained in the Spanish Post-office at Havana, and, when at last delivered, it appears that they had been cut open for examination. The same indignity has been practiced upon the letters received by Colonel Robertson, the Vice Consul, upon the business and duties of the office, while it has been repeated with portions of the correspondence of our commercial houses. The Government here are anxious to ascertain what is to be the policy of General Pierce in relation to outlawed Cuba and their discourteous tampering with public documents.

SHOOTING STARS.—A brilliant meteoric display took place at Boston on the night of the 1st inst. at 11 o'clock. It lasted about a quarter of an hour, was preceded by an aurora of moderate brightness, which hung low in the northern part of the firmament during the evening, and the phenomenon consisted of a broad band of white and glowing flame, almost equal in intensity to that of the moon, and four or five times the breadth of that luminary.

The Pittsburgh Gazette says: "While the people are killed daily in the East by wholesale, Pittsburgh is carrying on a lively retail business in cutting and stabbing, that enlivens the local columns of the papers, and sustains her character abroad. For every railroad accident in New England and Connecticut, we report a man killed by a dirk, or a woman with a throat cut."

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Philadelphia, September 4, 1853.

Still allege to us in full burning heat, and though the Almanac announces the advent of Fall, the atmosphere during the past few days has been almost as oppressive as that of July or June. This prolongation of the warm season keeps away our business men, many of whom still linger at the Springs and summer resorts, and measurably holds in check the Fall trade, which, however, daily shows increased signs of animation.

In a commercial aspect, however, Philadelphia never had so bright a prospect before her as at the present time. I mean especially in regard to the increase and extension of her marine commerce. The Liverpool line of steamships is fully established, and doing a most profitable business. They arrive semi-monthly with great regularity, and always bring large numbers of passengers and handsome freight lists. I have no doubt that from the establishment of this line alone the foreign importations of Philadelphia will be increased three or four millions annually. To Boston, New York, Richmond, Charleston and Savannah, lines of steamships are also running regularly, and are all doing a remunerative and increasing business. A line of first-class packet ships has commenced to run between here and Texas, with every likelihood of securing a desirable share of the lucrative trade of that important and prosperous State. Another important accession to our commerce has been made in the re-establishment of a line of East India packets. Nine fine clipper ships, all heretofore sailing out of New York, have been placed on this line, and the first, the Trade Wind, has already sailed with a cargo valued at full $1,000,000. She will touch at San Francisco, and thence proceed to Canton, and return with a cargo of silks and teas direct to this port. Twenty-five years ago Philadelphia outrivaled every other American city in the importance and extent of her trade with the East Indies, but under the superior enterprise of New York it has gradually declined, until, of late years, it was next to nothing. This effort to regain it is, therefore, looked upon as one of the most important commercial movements in which our city has lately engaged. "Young America" has now got the lines in his hands, and though he has some weight to carry in the way of old fogy "capital," (a very desirable ballast,) yet we think there is a good time coming for Philadelphia.

The money market here has been described for some weeks past as awfully tight, and very strange and laughable stories are told of the dodges and resorts had by some parties caught in a "corner," or "short," as the mysterious jargon of 'Change has it, in order to raise the needful, and save their names from the black list. Notwithstanding this state of the money market, however, our streets tell a very different story. Ostentation and extravagance are every where visible, each man competes with his neighbor in his mode of living, and we seem not only to have entered into a contest with New York for commercial superiority, but also for the extreme of extravagance.

The trial of Bishop Doane, of New Jersey, at Camden, opposite this city, is creating a deep sensation among the moral and religious community. The ferry boats are crowded with the white neckclothed gentlemen and deeply affected pious ladies who make their pilgrimage daily in order to watch the progress of the case, and condole with the Bishopin his persecution. The trial is conducted with the strictest privacy, none but the Bishops and their immediate attendants being allowed the *entree* of the Courtroom, though its vicinity is constantly thronged by the interested parties. The charges against the Bishop are of the heaviest character, involving drunkenness, misapplication of funds entrusted to his care, payment of usurious rates of interest, using dishonest expedients to obtain money, etc., etc.; and of many of these he will doubtless be convicted, should the case ever be pushed to trial, for it is within the knowledge of thousands in this vicinity that his life has been anything but a godly one. The great struggle now going on is to prevent a trial, and as the High and Low Church factions of the Church take adverse sides in the struggle, it is likely to be a violent one. It is thought by many that if the Bishops determine to try Bishop Doane he will deny the jurisdiction of the Court, and withdraw himself and his diocese from union with the Church. Truly, we have here the Church *militant* in more senses than one.

An outrageous piece of villany was brought to light on Saturday night, which occasioned some excitement on Chestnut street, and came near subjecting its author to a taste of Judge Lynch's discipline. About dusk on that evening loud outcries were heard from an upper room used by a writing master, and those who made their way up found there a young woman in a violent state of alarm, and showing, by the disordered state of her person and dress, that she had been subjected to rough usage. She stated that she had come to the room to take writing lessons, and, while thus engaged, her instructor had put out the lights and attempted to violate her person, in which he would have succeeded had not her outcries brought persons to her assistance. He was arrested and taken to the police-office; but as the lady, from motives of delicacy, refuses to appear against him, he may escape the punishment he deserves.

A few days since, a fine looking young Irish girl threw herself into the Schuylkill river, and though she was almost immediately rescued, life was extinct. It has since been ascertained that she was to have been married on that day, and that while her body was lying unrecognized on the river bank, the bridegroom and the bridal feast were actually waiting her coming. No explanation of the cause of suicide has yet been arrived at, but undoubtedly some tale of wrong or deception is buried with this poor girl. QUIZ.

New York Letter.

Correspondence of the Crescent.

NEW YORK, September 4, 1853.

Either you, or some of the postmasters, or somebody else, must be to blame for the irregularity with which we receive your paper. That of the 3d of August did not come to hand until the 25th, although papers of a later date had been received; and some are missing altogether. Now, I am convinced that it is not your fault—and, as "somebody" is a very slippery individual, I feel disposed to throw the blame on those connected with the Post-office Department. This irregularity is the more trying just at the present time, when every mail is eagerly looked for, and every item of news from NewOrleans greedily devoured. One always imagines that the very piece of information one was most anxious to see must have been in the missing paper; and as this is frequently the case, I hope you will take "somebody" severely to task and have the matter remedied in future.

The most fashionable amusements here now are those got up for the benefit of the "New Orleans sufferers," which are sure to be well attended. Jullien's concerts also seem to be very popular, though in my opinion, rather tiresome performances. It may perhaps indicate great lack of feeling, but I must confess that those long, noisy, instrumental concerts, unrelieved by vocal music, weary me exceedingly; and that I am much more pleasurably moved by a simple song, uttered with feeling and expression. Instrumental music, heard accidentally upon the water, softened by distance, or when the listener is perfectly at ease and not expected to admire, is agreeable enough; but to go deliberately, and, sitting for hours on a low backed, shallow, hard, wooden bench, in a crowded, overheated room, by blazing gas, listen to sixty or eighty performers outvying each other in creating a concord of sweet sounds and deluging your ear with an avalanche of harmony, and call it enjoyment, is too much for human endurance, unsupported by the self-sacrificing fortitude which is required by long years of devotion at the shrine of Fashion. All Jullien's concerts, however, are not purely instrumental, but the one I attended was; and if I ever go to another of the same sort, it will not be for sake of the music. The Castle Garden, at which those concerts are held, is divided into two parts, a balcony and the ground floor. The seats in the former cost a dollar, while the promenade tickets, as they are called, cost only fifty cents. Why this difference is made is difficult to conceive, as the dollar seats are such as I have described, hard and uncomfortable, while the down stairs are easy and cushioned. I suppose, however, the arrangement is made to suit some members of the cod-fish aristocracy who are willing to suffer discomfort, and pay extra for it, rather than mingle with the common herd.

We have had here during the week past at the Metropolitan Hall a "Whole World's Temperance Convention," so called, meaning, in their own definition, persons of every country, age, sex and color were invited to participate in the deliberations. The performers were principally middle-aged masculine women, in short, dresses and pantalettes, calling themselves Bloomers, strong-minded women, etc., and genuine old women in pants and coats, fancying themselves philosophers and reformers. The performances consisted mostly of long, winded harangues, setting forth the right of women to use their influence by means of public speeches, etc., in favor of the Maine Liquor Law, and the necessity of clergymen, legislators, politicians, and citizens generally, doing all in their power to promote it. The noble cause of temperance will not be likely to receive much aid from such intemperate violations of social order as were exhibited at this self-styled "Whole World's Convention." Intemperance is certainly an evil, and one that assumes many forms. Whether it is more disgusting to see a man get intoxicated in a legitimate way and retire from society until sobriety returns, or get intoxicated on cold water, self esteem and an extravagant thirst for notoriety and continue to annoy the public with insane ravings, is a question I shall leave for others to decide. One thing, however, is certain, viz: that as no practical good can result from such "Conventions," and as the members cannot force their sentiments down the public throat by noisy reiteration, they had better trust the promotion of temperance to time and the inherent goodness of the cause; and in the meanwhile—mind their own business. The female portion of the assembly, especially, might certainly find better employment for their time than exhibiting themselves as caricatures of their own sex and laughing stocks for the other.

We are to have another "Woman's Rights Convention" here shortly, and I intend, for the novelty of the thing, to be present. I have never seen a professional strong-minded woman in the exercise of her vocation, and as it will very likely be a long time before such exhibitions travel South, I cannot afford to lose this opportunity. I may give you a sketch of their doings, or my impressions on the subject, in my next. CHERRY.

The News.

Silsbee, the comedian, is at Baltimore.

The American Consul at Cape Town is said to realize about $8000 per annum.

NAVAL.—The frigate Savannah has sailed from Norfolk for the Brazilian station.

Mosquitoes and billious diseases have been more prevalent in Washington and Baltimore this summer than usual.

Hartung, condemned to death in Prussia, has petitioned for the postponement of the execution until he can finish an opera, on which he is now engaged.

According to the Cincinnati Railroad Record, sixty millions bushels of corn are raised in Ohio every year. The average crop is 87 bushels to an acre.

Since 1802, fourteen hundred cadets have graduated from West Point. Gen. Jos. G. Swift, who heads the list for 1802, is still living and in excellent health.

REDEMPTION OF STOCKS.—During the first week of the present month nearly 300,000 dollars in stocks were received at the Treasury Department for redemption, and were canceled, of course.

The number of deaths in the city of Baltimore for the week ending the 5th inst. were 109, of which 56 were under 5 years of age, 20 from consumption, 10 from dysentery, and 4 unknown infantile.

CONNECTICUT RAILROAD LAW.—The law relative to railroads, passed by the last session of the Connecticut Legislature, making it necessary for all trains to come to a full stop at drawbridges, railroad crossings, etc., went into effect the 1st inst.

It is stated that Secretary Guthrie has issued orders to dispense with all sinecure offices in every custom-house in the Union. Under this order, a man has been dismissed from the New York custom-house who has held a fat office for sixteen years.

Admiral Sir George Cockburn died recently in England, at the advanced age of 82 years. He will be remembered in the United States by his operations upon the Atlantic coast during the last war with Great Britain. He also commanded the vessel which bore Napoleon to St. Helena.

RE-ARREST OF EDYMOIN.—The final discharge of Edymoin, who was let out of the NewYork State prison through forgery, has been followed by his being re-arrested to answer one of the counts of the indictment on which he was originally tried, but it is argued that he can plead his former conviction in bar, and that it is a good bar, although it has been released by the Governor. A writ of *habeas carpus* has been sued out to test the matter.

ANOTHER STRANGE SUICIDE.—The body of a girl who drowned herself in the Schuylkill, at Philadelphia, has been identified as that of Mary Burke. She was to have been married on that evening, and the groom and his friends remained at the house where the marriage was to take place, until suspecting something wrong, they went in search of her, but failed to discover her until he saw her dead body, which he recognized by a ring on one of her fingers, which he had given to her. It is supposed she was temporarily insane.

A BANK MESSENGER ROBBED IN WALL STREET. On Friday, the 2d inst., the Messenger of the Central Bank, in NewYork, went to Wall street with a bag containing $20,000 in gold and silver coin and bank notes, to make deposits in various banking institutions. He went into the American Exchange Bank, in wall street, and while depositing a quantity of gold, a bank-book was abstracted from his pocket that contained about $700 in bank notes, and also certified checks amounting to $1300, with which the thief escaped. Three arrests have been made.

THE CRYSTAL PALACE.—The Crystal Palace, New York, is now said to be a very attractive exhibition, complete in every particular, except the machine department, which is rapidly under way. A great variety of all kinds of machines, from a steam engine to a sewing machine, will be congregated there, and will, no doubt, afford scientific men a great opportunity for acquiring an extensive knowledge of every kind of invention. The United States contributes the lion's share of articles of this description, and will, in the absence of almost all competition, of course bear off the palm.

ROW AT AN ANTI-SLAVERY MEETING IN NEW YORK.—The NewYork Anti-Slavery Society held two public meetings at Metropolitan Hall, on the 4th inst. In the afternoon, about 1000 persons were present, and speeches were made by Wm. Lloyd Garrison, Lucy Stone, Lucretia Mott, Sojourner Truth, (a colored woman,) and others. At night a still larger crowd was present, with the evident intention on the part of some, to have a row, which soon commenced by the speakers being greeted by hisses, stamping, etc. Miss Stone was hissed down, when the Hon. E. L. Culver attempted to speak. This was the signal for renewed hissing and all sorts of noises, which continued until the lights were put out and the leaders of the meeting had disappeared.

LOCAL MATTERS.

We call attention to the advertisement in another column of J. H. Carter & Co., Nos. 13 and 15 Common street, giving notice of the receipt of a choice lot of groceries. Their stock is equal to any in the market.

Daily Report of the interments in all the Cemeteries of the city for the 24 hours ending at 6 o'clock A. M. on Tuesday, the 13th inst:

	Total.	Yellow Fever.	Other Dis.	Not Stated.
Cypress Grove No. 2	16	14	2	—
Charity Hospital	5	4	1	—
St. Patrick's	9	3	6	—
Catholic No. 2, Second District	3	2	1	—
St. Vincent de Paul, Third Dist.	7	1	6	—
Lafayette, Fourth District	7	2	5	—
Total	47	26	21	—

CHARITY HOSPITAL.—Report for the 24 hours ending at midnight on Monday, 12th inst.:

Admissions	28	Deaths	9
Discharges	30	Yellow Fever	8

DIED OF INJURIES.—The boy Joseph Casnave, heretofore mentioned as having had his head crushed by the "doctor" of the steamer New Latona, died yesterday in the Charity Hospital. Deputy Coroner Terrell, being called to hold an inquest on the body, proceeded to hear testimony in the case, and after examining several witnesses, whose testimony was of the character of "hearsay evidence," postponed the examination until Thursday next, when the vessel will arrive having witnesses on board who are cognizant of the circumstances. This postponement was a measure of prudence, as without the direct testimony of eye-witnesses it is impossible to determine whether the deceased came to his death by accident or by design.

KENTUCKY MUSTARD—100 dozen, in store, for sale by E. J. HART & CO., 79 Tchoupitoulas street.

STARCH—100 boxes Fox's, in store, for sale by E. J. HART & CO., 79 Tchoupitoulas street.

[illegible]

As God's hand is now heavy upon us, and as the Bible abundantly teaches that God hears the prayers of the people, and teaches us that it is our duty to pray to Him for all men, and to call upon Him in trouble—

Therefore, we, Ministers and Pastors of Presbyterian congregations in the city, do hereby, for ourselves and in behalf of our Church Sessions and congregations, appoint a UNION MEETING for humiliation and prayer to Almighty God, to be held at the Second Church, corner of Prytania and Calliope streets, at five o'clock every afternoon, beginning with to-day, during the prevailing of the epidemic. And we cordially invite all our brethren of other churches, and the public generally, to unite with us in humbling ourselves before our Maker and in acknowledging His Sovereignty over us, and in supplicating Him to deliver us from the pestilence that now desolates our city. And we ask, also, the prayers of all Christian people in behalf of our city, and especially that God will be pleased to turn His anger away from us, and give us grace, through His Son Jesus Christ, to repent of all our manifold sins as a city and as a people, and incline the hearts of all men to learn righteousness when His judgments are abroad in the land.

W. A. SCOTT,
I. J. HENDERSON,
N. G. NORTH,
J. TWICHELL.

New Orleans, Tuesday, August 23, 1853. tf

Died:

On Tuesday, Sept. 13, at eleven o'clock P. M., W. K. SLONE, aged about 41 years, a native of Kentucky.

Kentucky papers please copy.

SOCIETY OF ST. VINCENT DE PAUL.—All persons having claims against the Society of St. Vincent de Paul, will present them every first and fifteenth day of the month, for payment, to the Treasurer, who on those days will be found at the house attached to St. Patrick's Church. FRED. A. TRUST, Secretary. s12 3t

WHIG CENTRAL STATE COMMITTEE.—The members of the WHIG CENTRAL STATE COMMITTEE will meet at their Club Room, corner of Conti street and Exchange Alley, on THURSDAY EVENING, September 15, at 8 o'clock....By order,

CHARLES M. WATERMAN, President.

HENRY E. JOHNSON, F. C. LAVILLE, } Secretaries. s12 4t

OFFICIAL.—BOARD OF HEALTH, NewOrleans, September 12, 1853.—The following resolution, passed by the Board of Health, is published for the information of all concerned:

RESOLVED, That, at this time, it is highly dangerous for strangers to visit our city, and very injurious to the health of the city to have new cases to add to the material for the action of the fever, and it is the earnest request of this Board that the authorities of the various cities and towns on the rivers above, as well as the newspapers of the same, to use their influence to prevent the departure of their citizens for our city.

s12 J. C. SIMONDS, M. D., Secretary Board of Health.

THEODORE J. WILKINSON.—We are authorized to announce THEODORE J. WILKINSON, Coroner of the City and Parish of NewOrleans, as a candidate for re-election. s8to

Messrs. Editors: Please announce Dr. ROBERT M. GRAHAM as a Candidate for CORONER OF THE PARISH OF ORLEANS, subject to the decision of a Whig Convention. au29 10t MANY FRIENDS.

MINISTERIAL SERVICES. — Persons desiring the services of the undersigned Methodist ministers, in visiting the sick and burying the dead, during the prevailing epidemic, will leave directions and address on the slate at 56 Camp street, (office of the Christian Advocate,) if between the hours of 8 A. M. and 2 P. M. At other hours, apply at private residences.

Rev. H. N. McTYEIRE, corner Magazine and Felicity sts.
Rev. L. PARKER, 565 Carondelet street.
au12 3t Rev. J. C. KEENER, Carrollton, cor. Third and Dublin sts.

RELIEF COMMITTEE OF PROTECTION FIRE COMPANY NO. 19.—

L. C. DILLARD, 28 Camp and 85 Bacchus streets.
D. L. HOLLIDAY, at the Street Commissioner's Office, City Hall.
JOS. F. RUSHA, 34 Broome and 84 Baronne streets.
CHARLES H. WALDO, 18 and 12 New Levee street.
JONATHAN WORRALL, at the Wire-house.
THOMAS CLEARY, corner of St. Mark and Gravier streets.
M. W. MURPHY, corner of St. Joseph and Tchoupitoulas streets.
JOSEPH CLAVIER, at the Delta office.
A. MONTGOMERY, at Leeds's Foundry.
WM. H. REESE, corner of New Levee and Natchez streets.

No. 19 has selected C. H. BARNES as their Physician, who will give medical advice to any of the sick member, on application to any member of the Relief Committee. au15 2wtp

LOUISIANA GREYS—*Relief Committee.* The following gentlemen have been duly appointed a Relief Committee during the prevailing epidemic:

Lieut. STRONG, 104 St. Charles street.
JOS. F. RUSHA, 34 Broome street.
ROBERT McNAMARA, 351 Magazine street.
P. DALEY, Triton Walk and Hercules street.
DANIEL KELLY, St. Joseph and Tchoupitoulas streets.
P. CURLEY, Hercules, between Gaiennie and Ulio streets.
JOHN McGUIRE, Clarborne, between Common and Jackson sts.
Lieut. CAVANAUGH, 132 Circus street.

au4 3mtp By order. JOS. F. RUSHA, Secretary.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION — New Orleans, July 22, 1853.—The following practicing Physicians have kindly offered their gratuitous services in attending patients under the charge of the Association:

FIRST DISTRICT.

Dr. N. SMITH, corner of Annunciation and Edward streets.
Dr. BENEDICT, Magazine street, near Bartholomew.
Dr. FOLWELL, Carondelet street, near St. Joseph.
Dr. BENSADON, at Tours Infirmary.
Dr. BALL, corner of Hercules and Thalia streets.
Dr. BALDWIN, 607 Magazine street.
Dr. McKELVEY, 12 Carondelet street.
Dr. G. W. CROSS, 19 Nayades street.
Dr. MATHER, Nayades street, between Enterpe and Polymnia.
Dr. G. W. DREMEYER, 11 New Basin.
Dr. McFARLANE, corner of Cirrus and Poydras streets.
Dr. DALTON, St. Charles street, over Tattersalls.
Dr. JACOBSON, 1 Union street.
Dr. GORING, Diamond's Row.
Dr. KISFFY, 8 Philippa street.
Dr. A. N. BAILES, Tchoupitoulas street, near Orange.
Dr. LURTON, 197 Canal street.
Dr. ROBT. MALCOMSON, 146 Circus street.
Dr. JOSIAH HALE, Girod, near St. Charles.
Dr. A. HART, St. Joseph, near Camp.
Dr. HIRE, 137 Annunciation street.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Dr. F. HAGAN, Bourbon and Bienville.
Dr. CRAGG, 48 Dauphin street.
Dr. F. W. BERTRAND, 244 Basin street.
Dr. KEATZ, corner of Conti and Marias.

THIRD DISTRICT.

Dr. KOVALESKI, 13 Hospital street.
Dr. BROWNING, Victory street, below the Railroad.
Dr. J. A. CANTRELLE, 19 Congress street.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

Dr. SCHUBERT, corner of Rousseau and Second streets.
Dr. A. DEDRICH, Magazine street, near St. Andrew.
Dr. P. YEISER, Live Oak street, near Josephine.
Dr. WREN, Rousseau, near City Hall.
Dr. J. K. QUILLING, corner of First and Apollo.
Dr. TEHENDER, corner of Magazine and Seventh.

The Medical Faculty generally of this city are respectfully requested to permit their names to be added to the above list, which they can do by applying to either of the members or the Secretary.

1y13 2ptf D. I. RICARDO, Secretary.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION. — RELIEF MEMBERS.—

V. BOULLEMET, President, 19 Dryades and 4 Magazine street.
G. W. SHAW, First Vice President, Camp street, opposite Female Orphan Asylum, and 35 Poydras street.
C. H. NOBLES, Second Vice President, 9 New Basin.
C. KURSHEEDT, Treasurer, 19 Bourbon and 48 Camp streets.
D. I. RICARDO, Secretary, 40 Camp street, and Tarpalchore street.
J. O. PIERSON, corner of Camp and Orange streets.
W. L. GILES, corner of Camp and Orange streets.
L. C. DILLARD, 28 Camp and 85 Bacchus streets.
E. L. NIMMO, 93 Canal and 93 Camp streets.
W. EMMERSON, 3 Bacchus street.
J. BENSADON, at Tours's Infirmary.
J. E. CALDWELL, 27 Bank Place, and Delord street, near Camp.
W. H. HAMMER, 13 St. Charles street.
W. H. PALFREY, 97 Camp and 122 Julia streets.
W. L. ROBINSON, 16 Bienville street.
P. CONNIFFE, 87 Carondelet street.
S. O'CONNELL, 8 Conti street.
C. W. WHITALL, Exchange Place street, opposite the Mint.
J. W. VANDEGRIFF, Architect Buildings.
J. J. BROWNE, First and Chestnut streets.
J. WILLIS, corner of Josephine and Chestnut streets.
J. LIVINGSTON, 46 Camp, and St. Louis street, near Royal.
J. O. HARRIS, Constance street, near Moliverie.
D. T. DONOVAN, Constantine, between Tacadal and Annunciation.

Persons requiring relief will please apply to any of the above members. It is also requested that those applying for Relief will make their applications to the member residing nearest the Patient, also at the Touro Infirmary, corner of Gaiennie and Levee streets.

jy20 D. I. RICARDO, Secretary, 40 Camp street.

WANTED—At 45 Girod street, 60 Coopers, to make Molasses Barrels at 62½ cents each. Non-med apply except good workmen. S. F. HARE. s14 1w*

FOR RENT—Several desirable offices in the building occupied by the undersigned, corner of Camp street and Commercial Alley. J. P. WHITNEY & CO. s14

SUNDRIES—In store, and daily expected to arrive, by ships Grand Turk, Bennington, Polar Star, Middlesex, Manila, Henry, and Isaac Hamilton—

700 packages of Low, Crushed and Powdered SUGARS.
100 half-chests POUCHONG TEA.
1500 boxes Winchester's, Merrill's, and E. Jackson & Co. Family and No. 1 SOAP.
900 boxes Cuba Sizes CIGARS.
10,000 gallons POLAR OIL;
4000 gallons Winter-bleached WHALE OIL.
200 bbls. Nos. 1, 2 and 3 MACKEREL, large and small.
150 half barrels, quarters do. do.
100 kegs Nos. 1 and 2 SHAD.
160 bags PIMENTO PEPPER.
500 boxes Lewis's PIE FRUITS.
315 " " " Assorted PICKLES.
500 kegs NAILS, assorted sizes.
25 cases Bruce's Extra MATCHES.
50 bbls. Sidgeway's Patent MACHINERY OIL.
100 " " STRAITS OIL.
19 casks English LINSEED OIL.
900 boxes Sperm Sealed CANDLES.
200 packets Old Government JAVA COFFEE.
9000 reams STRAW PAPER....For sale by

J. H. CARTER & CO.
s14 2ws 13 and 15 Common and 3 Tchoupitoulas streets.

THOMASTON LIME.—2000 bbls. Thomaston Lime, cargo bark A. F. Kimball, now landing and for sale by A. DELAGRAVE & CO. 71 Magazine street.

SUGAR LIME.---1000 bbls. Meadon Rock and Thomaston Sugar Lime, now landing and for sale by A. DELAGRAVE & CO. 71 Magazine street.

CEMENT AND PLASTER.---1500 bbls. Cement and Plaster, now landing and for sale by A. DELAGRAVE & CO. 71 Magazine street.

ENGLISH FIRE BRICKS ---15,000 English Fire Bricks, daily expected, and for sale by A. DELAGRAVE & CO. 71 Magazine street.

BROUGHT to the First District Police Prison—FREDERICK, a girls, 3 feet 9 inches high, 71 years old—has several scars on the forehead. Says he belongs to Mrs. Lapeyre's Branche.

The owner will please comply with the law respecting him.

JONATHAN WORRALL, Warden.
NewOrleans, September 14, 1853. s14 1ow2w

TAKEN—HENKEN'S DIGEST (2 vols.) OF THE DECISIONS OF THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF LOUISIANA was taken from my office in Paulding's Buildings, No. 2 St. Charles street, the middle of July last, AND HAVE NOT BEEN RETURNED. I had just borrowed them myself from H. M. HYAMS, Esq., Agent of Sims's Western on Irish volumes. The person who took these Books will oblige me by returning them to my present office, No. 61 Camp street....NewOrleans, September 7, 1853.

s9 3t THO. CURRY.

THE $1,250,000 of the Bonds of the NewOrleans, OPELOUSAS AND GREAT WESTERN RAILROAD COMPANY, which have been advertised for sale by bids to be received up to the 15th of this month, have been withdrawn from the market, the Agents of time to whom were entrusted negotiated $600,000 of the Bonds with Baurer, Winslow, Lanier & Co. The remainder will be held for the future action of the Company....By order of the Board of Directors.

s7 1w BENJ. F. FLANDERS, Secretary.

Carpeting, Floor Oil Cloth, MATTING.

We are now receiving, direct from manufacturers—

CARPETING.

Velvet and Brussels Tapestry, Brussels, Three-ply, Ingrains, Venetian and Dutch, etc.

FLOOR OIL CLOTH,

From 2 to 24 feet wide, of various qualities.

MATTING.

200 pieces White, Checked and Fancy, on hand.

Also, Table and Piano Covers, Crumb Cloths, Window Shades, Stair Rods, Rugs, Mats, etc., all of which we offer at the lowest market prices. A. BROUSSEAU & CO. 32 Chartres st. s19 1w6p

Now is Your Time to Buy

CHEAP SHIRTS.

The stagnation to business here, and the advance in prices at the North for goods purchased for the Fall trade, will suggest the propriety of purchasing at this time.

C. LEIGHTON & CO.

have resolved to push off their present stock at a GREAT REDUCTION, and would invite their friends and the public to CALL AND SEE.

HALF DOZEN EXCELLENT SHIRTS

For $9,

and all the stock of GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS generally, reduced in the same proportion.

TWENTY PER CENT. REDUCTION, AND ONLY ONE PRICE ASKED.

During the prevalence of the epidemic, the store will be closed at 6 o'clock every evening, except Saturdays.

C. LEIGHTON & CO.'S

First Premium Shirt and Gentlemen's Furnishing Store,

au29 tptf S. W. corner Canal and St. Charles streets.

House and Sign Painting.

A. WOODS,

No. 80 Customhouse street, near Royal.

ALL ORDERS LEFT WITH HIM WILL BE PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO. au24 1m3p*

City Bank of Cochran & Co.

88 Camp street.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST paid on Moneys left for accumulation and saving.

FOUR PER CENT. INTEREST paid on Deposits subject to be called for at any time. jy22 3p

Wm. O. Diboll,

CARPENTER AND BUILDER,

No. 170 St. Joseph street,

between St. Charles and Carondelet.

JOBBING of all descriptions, on reasonable terms.....Stores fitted up....Counters made of Black Walnut or Mahogany, and finely finished....Cisterns made and repaired, and guaranteed for one year....Sash Doors and Blinds made and repaired....Lattice Work and Packing Boxes of all kinds made to order. jy11 3m3p

Sewell T. Taylor,

NO. 15 ROYAL STREET,

IMPORTER OF

WINES, LIQUORS, CORDIALS, etc., etc.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

See advertisement in another column. nov10 1ply

To the Ladies.

MADAM PLATEN

Respectfully offers her services to the Ladies of New Orleans for the treatment of the following diseases: PROLAPSUS UTERI, WHITES, PROFUSE AND PAINFUL MENSTRUATION, ENGORGEMENT AND ULCERATION OF THE WOMB.

The treatment adopted by her is that which has met the approval of the most distinguished Surgeons of Paris, London and New York; and its success here, of which she has ample testimony, and the many respectable references she can refer to, justifies her in saying that all disease of the Uterus, not of a cancerous nature, can be cured.

Madam P. devotes herself exclusively to the diseases of Ladies, and can be consulted DAILY, at her residence,

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Dr. Edw. Jenner Coxe,

DRUGGIST, No. 75 Camp st.

DR. E. J. COXE'S PREPARATIONS, in extensive use for nearly fifteen years, have by their intrinsic merits acquired a reputation unsurpassed if equaled by any similar ones made in the North.

SOUTHERN COUGH SYRUP.
EXTRACT OF COPAIVA, SARSAPARILLA AND CUBEBS.
AMERICAN COUGH LOZENGES.
CHOLERA SYRUP AND PILLS.
POWDER AND OINTMENT FOR THE RELIEF AND PERMANENT CURE OF THE PILES.

Prepared at No. 75 Camp street, by Dr. E. J. COXE, and for sale by Druggists generally. jy7 2ptf

Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery, etc.

The subscriber would respectfully call the attention of Planters, Physicians and Families to his well assorted stock, comprising every article in his line of business, all of which, on examination, will be found FRESH AND GENUINE. During season, SODA WATER AND MEAD of the very best quality, will be found at this establishment, with all the popular Mineral Waters, such as CONGRESS, BLUE LICK, etc., etc. Bar Rooms supplied on reasonable terms with PURE HONEY, ESSENCE PEPPERMINT, GOULEY BITTERS, etc. THOMAS RANKIN,

ap1 4aWtyr Druggist and Apothecary, cor. Camp and Poydras sts.

B. F. Smith, DENTIST,

114 ST. CHARLES STREET,

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Charles E. Kells,

(from New York.)

DENTIST,

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