...SCENT

DAILY CRESCENT,
...CHARLES STREET,

...in this city at an early hour ... P. M., in advance, payable to the Carrier.

THE CRESCENT ...
...Daily and Weekly, is now in its ... to offer a desirable ... &c.

A FAMILY NEWSPAPER

...ment, and will be duly found, at the homes of citizens, and ... advertised in ... The paper is the only circulation so extensively among ...

OUR TERMS

...are such as to invite the attention and patronage of the public.

OUR ADVERTISING!

...for one insertion, to ...$1 00
...for ... " ... 50
...shown satisfactorily by the year or ...

...will be published one month and ...

...IC TICKET.

FOR CONGRESS, SECOND REPRESENTATIVE DISTRICT,
THEODORE G. HUNT.

FOR AUDITOR,
...N E. KING, of St. Landry.

FOR TREASURER,
...

FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS,
A. H. LAMON, of West Baton Rouge.

☞ WHIG CENTRAL STATE COMMITTEE.—At a meeting of the Committee, held in the City of New-Orleans, at their ... Thursday evening, September 1, the following resolutions were adopted:

1. That the Whigs of the State of Louisiana, in the country ... be requested to organize as early as possible in their respective ... for the purpose of nominating candidates for SENATORS and ... TO THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, and also candidates for all Parish offices, to be elected respectively ...

2. That this Committee recommend that throughout the State ... Whig Ticket, being one vote for every hundred Whig votes, and one vote for every fraction over fifty votes, cast by the respective Districts and Parishes at the last Presidential Election, be recognized as the ... of representation in Whig Conventions.

3. Resolved, That the Whigs of the First Congressional District, composed of that part of the City of New-Orleans heretofore known as Municipality No. One and Municipality No. Three, and now designated as Parishes Jefferson, Two and Three of said city, the Suburb Transe, and ... Plaquemines, be requested to meet in Parish Conventions lying on the right bank of the Mississippi, and the Parishes of St. Bernard and Plaquemines, respectively, to elect Delegates to serve in the Convention to nominate a Whig candidate for Congress, and District Conventions.

4. That the Delegates to the First Congressional District Convention be elected by the Whigs of New-Orleans on TUESDAY, September 20, at the Club Rooms of the Whig Central State Committee, ... Canal street and Exchange Alley.

CHAS. M. WATERMAN, President.

HENRY E. JOHNSON, F. C. LAVILLE, Secretaries.

☞ The Whig papers throughout the State will please copy, at its ...

TUESDAY MORNING, SEPT'R 20, 1853

☞ See River and Steamboat news see third page.

☞ We are indebted to the officers of the steamer ... for a late St. Louis paper.

We have received from the proprietors a copy of the Annual Statement of the New Orleans Price Current, Commercial Intelligencer and Merchants' Transcript. It is filled with commercial statistics, and is very valuable for reference, showing at a glance, as it does, the entire commerce of this great commercial emporium.

BUSINESS IN MEMPHIS.—The Enquirer of the 14th inst. says:

There were a few wagons in town yesterday from the country, and three or four bales of new cotton sold at 10½ cents. These gave the first indications of the speedy revival of trade, and we expect rapid "coming on" of the business season. "The busy note of preparation" is heard in every quarter. The business of completing new houses, and the repairing and refitting up of old ones, is pressed forward with great activity.

ST. LOUIS MARINE HOSPITAL.—The St. Louis Republican says that Mr. Burnett, Superintendent of the Custom-house in that city, has received instructions to furnish estimates for the completion of the Marine Hospital, and to proceed with the work as fast as possible, and as far as the existing appropriation will permit.

CAPTAIN J. C. SWON.—The St. Louis Republican, of the 16th inst., has the following paragraph about this well known old steamboatman:

We are requested to state that this gentleman, who was reported suffering in Philadelphia from a paralytic stroke, is well and on his way homeward.

LATER FROM RIO DE JANEIRO.—The clipper ship Eagle, Capt. Farren, arrived at New York on the 16th, in thirty-two days from Rio, whence she sailed on the 7th ult. Capt. Farren reports that when he left Rio Janeiro the markets were very dull; coffee high, and no freights offering. The U. S. ship Jamestown, Commander Downing, was in port, also a number of American vessels.

Advices have been received at New York from Maracaibo to August 20. The revolutionary outbreak in Venezuela had been quelled, and the troops disbanded. The vessels taken by the Government for war service had been given up to their owners. No confidence was, however, felt, the Treasury was empty, and a renewal of hostilities anticipated. Business was dull. The country was remarkably healthy.

SOMETHING NEW.—William Lloyd Garrison stated, at the recent Convention at Metropolitan Hall, New York, that he was opposed to the Maine Liquor Law, because, by voting for it, he would be recognizing the laws and Constitution of the United States, which he could not conscientiously do.

HEALTH OF CUMBERLAND.—We learn from the Alleganian that since the first of August there have been, in all, 164 deaths in Cumberland, Md., of which 72 were adults and 32 children. It is probable, adds that paper, that two-thirds of the whole number died of the prevailing epidemic. There were three or four cases within the last week; which, like a majority of the previous cases, were the result of imprudent eating or drinking. The number of deaths last week was 11, against 22 the previous week. The citizens are now returning home, business becoming active, and the cholera looked upon as having disappeared.

EXECUTED.—The St. Louis Evening News learns from the officers of the Banner State that ... convicted and sentenced at St. Joseph ... being one of a party concerned in whipping a man to death, that place, was executed on Friday, the 23d ult., surrounded by a crowd of at least five thousand spectators. Jennings's wife and brother were present and saw the unhappy man launched into eternity. After the execution, they took passage on the Banner State to Kansas, near which the father of Jennings's wife resides.

WISCONSIN REGIS.—An engine of powerful capacity is to be tried in sinking a shaft 300 feet deep, or more if necessary, near Shulsburg, ... for the purpose of proving the theory that gold exists in the lower magnesian rock.

Col. Freemont left St. Louis on the 8th inst., on board the F. X. Aubrey, for Kansas. He took two or three companions with him to that point, but had equipments for a small party across the plains.

A sprightly young carpenter of Indianapolis eloped recently with the beautiful daughter of a wealthy, crabbed old widower of that place. The old fellow has done little else but swear ever since.

A rumored attempt to rob the mail in Virginia turn out to have arisen from a drunken quarrel between the mail rider and some of his ... The rider got the worst in a fistcuff ... interlude, and then threw himself on his ... dignity.

CONTRACT CASES.—Legal proceedings are being heard in Washington against three persons, named Sharp, Cox and Reese, who are charged under three indictments with conspiring to hold a colored girl, who is a slave for ... years, in perpetual bondage.

THE EASTERN AFFAIR.

We have but little new except rumor and conjecture regarding the probabilities of a final adjustment of the difficulties in the East. The English and French presses afford us nothing more satisfactory, their correspondents seeming bewildered in attempting to account for the singular diplomacy which is taking place and the singular policy it indicates. The lukewarm espousal of the Turkish interest by England and France—the signal manner in which they have failed to fulfill the great things promised by their formidable array of guns beyond the Dardanelles, and the indisputable fact of their wavering policy and irresolution in matters requiring decision of purpose and firmness of execution, deserve the censure and ridicule of the world, and are receiving a good share of it certainly, if we account as anything the bitter articles upon the subject appearing in many of the leading London journals—articles conceived in all the acrimony of wounded English national pride. And in contradistinction to the course pursued by these two great powers, they point, with an earnestness that is amusing, to the conduct of an American naval officer at Smyrna, who, in his zeal to vindicate the rights of an individual under the protection of an American passport, went so far as to violate the law of nations—though surely he was justified in doing so by the example which had been placed before him in the seizure of the Hungarian; and not the least ridiculous feature of this whole affair is the Austrian circular, in which that Government appeals to the European powers, and solemnly protests against the infringement of a code which the world knows how *she* has respected. Those of our cousins across the water who so severely lash their Government and hold up for its imitation the spirited conduct of Captain Ingraham, can't dispute the fact of such a violation by both parties, nor do they; but they overlook it. It does not suit their purpose, nor would it appear reasonable, to find fault with conduct directly the reverse of what they so earnestly condemn; and they have boldly declared that it was an example which the American officer dared set, with full confidence that his Government would sustain him, but which the English and French Governments dared not follow in their conduct towards the Czar. And they exhibit in contrast also the course of this latter personage—so firm and unyielding, so full of confidence and self-reliance, so defiant of them all. And truly, one must admire, however much he may condemn, the determination with which Nicholas pursues a purpose to its accomplishment, good or bad. And we confidently predict that he will not be baffled now. The claim he sets up to the protectorate of the Greek Church is but the shadow which hides the substance, and whatever assurances he may make of his wish for a pacific settlement of the difficulties, he has yet shown no disposition to abandon his menacing attitude by withdrawing his troops from Turkish soil.

Before he occupied the Principalities no one, or at least no English statesman, would have believed, much less admitted, that the haughty Autocrat could commit such a bold and clearly unjust act without bringing down upon himself a visitation of French and English arms. But now his turbaned Highness, the Sublime Porte, must feel forcibly that the support of his two politic friends is not to be depended upon. The sagacious Czar knows that it will be impossible for hostile fleets to winter in Besika Bay, and it is more than probable that his aim will be to prolong the negotiations and preserve the present condition of affairs until the approach of that period; and in the meantime his own countless legions may hover like clouds on the Turkish frontier, ready to burst in a storm of war and desolation upon the unprocted mussulman, who must then turn his face eastward and abandon his ancient city.

People in Europe whose interest it is to desire such a state of things pretend to believe confidently that the difficulties are at an end, or at least that the crisis is past; but every thing connected with the subject contradicts this expression of confidence and proves that such confidence does not exist in any quarter. Among the thousand rumors that are borne to us across the Atlantic is a rather singular one, to the effect that a new feature of the pending negotiations is a demand by Russia that the political refugees in Turkey be committed to safe keeping or sent beyond the Ottoman jurisdiction. Certainly she has as much right to demand this as to claim the Greek protectorate, and it only exhibits in a clearer light her readiness and her determination to seize upon every pretext for a quarrel. The Sultan himself, while making vast preparations for war, has shown his dread of the posture affairs may assume by making unjust concessions and submitting to flagrant wrong, and we may yet expect someting more from the rapacity of Nicholas than a peaceful abandonment of his ambitious designs.

The Epidemic.

By reference to the table below it will be perceived that the prevailing epidemic has varied but little during the past week. This is to be attributed more to the lack of material than to any other cause, and we cannot impress it too much on the minds of absentees not to return until all signs of the dread scourge have vanished:

INTERMENTS IN THE CITY OF NEW ORLEANS FROM THE TWENTY-EIGHTH MAY TO DATE.

Week ending	Total.	Yellow Fever.	Other Dis.	Not Stated.
May 28	140— 140	1— 1	139—139	..
June 4	142	1	141	..
" 11	154	4	150	..
" 18	147	7	140	..
" 25	167— 610	9— 21	158—580	..
July 2	177	25	152	..
" 9	188	59	129	..
" 16	244	204	140	..
" 23	617	429	188	..
" 31	884—2210	692—1409	192—801	..
August 1	142	106	26	11
" 2	135	115	14	6
" 3	146	124	17	5
" 4	166	135	15	16
" 5	150	128	9	13
" 6	238	194	30	14
" 7	209—1186	165— 967	40—140	4—69
" 8	219	187	23	9
" 9	201	166	21	14
" 10	230	193	33	4
" 11	223	192	13	18
" 12	207	180	25	2
" 13	274	170	22	13
" 14	232—1526	191—1288	26—163	15—75
" 15	217	187	24	6
" 16	193	163	19	11
" 17	219	191	21	7
" 18	219	188	22	9
" 19	234	203	15	16
" 20	224	184	29	4
" 21	260—1575	230—1346	24—153	15—68
" 22	283	230	24	15
" 23	258	220	24	14
" 24	222	188	23	11
" 25	218	186	19	13
" 26	193	151	29	13
" 27	185	151	26	8
" 28	148—1207*	117—1243	24—169	7—31
" 29	114	99	14	1
" 30	139	114	14	11
" 31	137	98	27	12
Sept. 1	119	96	17	7
" 2	133	103	23	1
" 3	116	87	29	9
" 4	110— 868	90— 684	15—120	5—49
" 5	98	71	26	1
" 6	95	63	25	5
" 7	70	48	17	5
" 8	59	48	8	3
" 9	64	43	17	4
" 10	64	56	19	5
" 11	68— 534	43— 374	20—132	5—28
" 12	55	33	18	7
" 13	47	26	21	..
" 14	46	32	10	3
" 15	52	32	19	1
" 16	51	31	19	1
" 17	47	24	22	1
" 18	46— 343	28— 206	15—121	3—16
Total	10,535	7508	2724	303

*This total does not include the interments in St. Patrick's, which the Secretary of the Board of Health computes at 240.

†Only six days reported from St. Patrick's this week.

ENGLISH STATUETTE OF MR. WEBSTER.—Mrs. Webster received, a few days ago, from Alderman Copeland, of London, a copy of the statuette of her distinguished husband, made at Mr. Copeland's celebrated Parian works.

TELEGRAPHED TO THE CRESCENT.

By the Southern Line.

Four Days Later from Europe.

ARRIVAL OF THE ARCTIC.

COTTON STILL DEPRESSED.

BREADSTUFFS DECLINED.

NEW-YORK, Sunday, September 18.

The Collins steamer Arctic has arrived here, bringing dates from Liverpool to the 7th inst., four days later than the accounts brought by the Niagara. Her advices represent the Cotton Market at Liverpool to have presented a heavy appearance at the date of her departure, the sales of the three business days having reached barely 14,000 bales. Of these, 1000 were taken for speculation, and 3000 for export. Holders generally were pressing their stocks on the market, and prices were more in favor of buyers, though without any quotable decline, the brokers mostly quoting as follows at the close: Fair Orleans 6⅞, Middling Orleans 6 to 6⅛, Fair Uplands 6⅞, and Middling Uplands 5¾ to 5¾d. per pound.

The Flour Market has been dull, and prices have fallen off 6d. to 1s. per bbl., holders being anxious to sell. Western Canal was quoted at 28 shillings.

Corn has met with only a moderate demand, but prices were unchanged.

Lard had declined 1s. per cwt.

Beef and Pork were dull at previous rates.

Money and Trade.

The London Money Market continued tight, and Consols were rather lower, closing at 97⅛ to 97¼ for money and account.

Trade at Manchester was dull, and prices had slightly declined since the Niagara left.

Havre Cotton Market.

The demand was moderate in the Cotton Market at Havre, and prices were without any alteration of consequence.

Railroad Opening.

BOSTON, September 16.

The opening of the North American Railroad took place yesterday at St. John's, N. B., with appropriate ceremonies and amid great enthusiasm.

Senator Dickinson.

NEW-YORK, September 16.

Senator Dickinson has published a letter, indignantly denying the charges made against him by the Washington Union newspaper.

Impeachment Case.

Mr. Mather, Canal Commissioner, has been acquitted by the Court of Impeachment.

Baltimore Markets.

BALTIMORE, September 16.

The Coffee Market continues active, and the sales of the week here embrace 21,000 bags. Rio is quoted at 11¼ to 11¾c. per lb.

Sugars are in request, and with a small supply in the market, prices maintain an upward tendency.

Yellow Fever in Mobile.

MOBILE, September 19.

The interments in this city yesterday were 20, including deaths from Yellow Fever, 18.

Among the victims of the epidemic is Mr. P. M. Clayton, Chief Operator of the Telegraph office in this city, who died this afternoon.

Eastern Mail.

The Eastern Mail has arrived, bringing dates from New York of the 13th inst., as late as due.

TELEGRAPHIC ITEMS.

NEW YORK, *September* 15, 6 P. M.—The resolutions adopted by the Soft-shell branch of the Convention at Syracuse are identical with those adopted by the Hunkers. The Convention adjourned in high spirits. The Albany Argus supports the nominations of the Hards.

BALTIMORE, *September* 15.—The brig Shamrock, bound for New Orleans, is lying in the Delaware Breakwater, with the crew in a state of mutiny.

The cholera is again increasing in Cumberland, Maryland.

NEW YORK, *September* 15.—The steamship Georgia has arrived here from Norfolk. The George Law has sailed for Havana and New Orleans.

The accounts of the yellow fever in New Orleans have excited great interest in Europe.

The war party in Turkey is in the descendant. It expresses hostility towards Great Britain and France, and accuses those Governments of acting towards Turkey in a cowardly manner.

The Vienna note, it is said, grants all the concessions demanded by the Emperor Nicholas. Its author is believed to be Count Nesselrode.

The sum of $10,000 has been raised here for the aid of the sufferers in Mobile.

NEW YORK, *September* 16.—The returns from 204 towns in Maine have been received, Crosby, for Governor, was 2500 ahead. The democrats claim the House.

A freight-train on the New York Central Railroad was run into at Oneida by an express-train. One person was killed, and several others fatally injured.

An accident has taken place on the Hudson River Railroad by which three persons were killed.

A fugitive slave has been arrested at Philadelphia and remanded to his owner. Much excitement was the result.

Bishop Doane made a statement before the House of Bishops, in which he confessed the truth of the charges against him. The trial was then dismissed and the Court adjourned.

The freesoilers in Massachusetts have nominated Wilson for Governor. He will undoubtedly be elected.

The democrats of Wisconsin have nominated Barstow for Governor. [Evening papers.

PHILADELPHIA, *September* 11.—During an alarm of fire at 12 o'clock last night the Franklin Hose Company ran into Kensington; and, when passing the Hibernia Hose House, were fired at by persons in the building. None of the members of the Franklin were injured, but a ball took effect on Hugh Meertha, living in a house opposite, who was looking over a fence, causing death in a few minutes. It is not known who fired the fatal shot.

CINCINNATI, *September* 9.—A hackman named Greene, and a city watchman named Bloom, were held to bail to-day in $10000 for arresting and attempting to kidnap Walkins, a free mulatto. They were conveying him in a carriage last night, and had nearly reached the river, when their progress was arrested by a mob.

There is now strong hopes of the recovery of Mr. James C. Hall, who was recently shot by Dr. Ames.

On the application of Kissane and Findlay, Judge Flinn to-day ordered a change of venue to Warren county, and the prisoners will be tried at Lebanon.

Mobile Items.

The steamer Black Warrior, J. D. B. Bulloch, U. S. N., commander, arrived at Mobile on Saturday, 17th inst., from New York, Sept. 9, and Havana 15th inst.

There was nothing of importance transpiring at Havana.

The total interments on the 16th were 26, of which 22 were of yellow fever. On the 17th the interments were 30, of which 26 were of yellow fever.

The number of patients admitted in the infirmaries on the 16th was 11; discharged, 11; died, 7; remaining, 68. On the 17th, admitted, 10; discharged, 9; died, 7; remaining, 65.

The whole number of interments for the week ending at 6, P. M., on Friday, 16th, was 212—a decrease of 29 on the previous week.

The Mayor has received $494 50 from Mr. O. Sibley, of Baldwin county, and from citizens of Greensboro and Eutaw, the whole sum being handed over to the Samaritan Society and the Can't-Get-Away Club.

The Tribune says:

We stated a few days ago that there were some signs of an abatement in the epidemic Those signs, we regret to say, were delusive. The disease has begun to invade those classes within whose reach are all the comforts and securities against sickness

The disease is by no means confined to the city limits. It exists in almost all parts of the surrounding country. On Ann street, between that and Spring Hill; on Spring Hill, and almost everywhere within the neighborhood. It is not either the result of communication with the city, but makes its appearance spontaneously

HEALTH OF ST. LOUIS.—The following is an abstract of the mortality in that city for the week ending September 12. City, 30; Bellefontaine, 8; Wesleyan, 7; Holy Ghost, 19; Rock Spring, 39; German Protestant, 8; Lutheran, 3; Presbyterian, 2. White males, 75. White females, 39. Children, under five years of age, 42. Slaves, 1. Total, 116.

Louisiana Interior.

The Baton Rouge Comet says that the Board of Selectmen have appropriated $1000 for the relief of the sufferers, in addition to which liberal subscriptions have been made by the citizens. The same paper says that two out of the band of seven young men who so nobly volunteered their services to assist the sick in this city, have fallen in the service.

A man named Caleb Hunt blew out his brains in Baton Rouge on the 15th inst. in a fit of temporary insanity.

Le Messager announces the death on the 10th inst. of Mr. Gaston Carrière, aged twenty-nine years, a native of Nimes, France. Mr. C. was banished from his country by Louis Napoleon, and was recently connected with the Donaldsonville Vigilant.

YELLOW FEVER AT ALEXANDRIA, LA.—The Louisiana Democrat, of Alexandria, of the 13th inst., comes as a half sheet, with the prefatory editorial remark that all hands were sick, and no assistance could be got. This is followed by the following account of fever prevailing there:

Since our last some six or seven persons have died of fever. Four died yesterday. This, we think, will be the maximum. It is due to truth to say that those who have died were, with a single exception, we believe, in a state of the most appalling destitution up to the time that they received the prompt and efficient attention of the Rapides Charitable Association. But, unfortunately, the fever, invited by a condition of things and a want of the common necessaries of life, upon which it is painful to dwell, run its fatal career.

The Harrisonburg Independent of the 14th instant says they have been favored with all kinds of weather in that parish (Catahoula), and adds:

During this and last week we have conversed with numbers of our planters, and they assure us that they will make an average crop. Many of them inform us that they have seen the caterpillar in their fields, but, as yet, has done no damage. Our planters have made an abundance of corn, fodder, potatoes, etc. Surely, ought not peace, joy and happiness to reign in their midst?

The Farmerville Inquirer of the 10th says:

The weather has been cloudy and cool for the last week. The Cotton crop in this Parish, from all accounts, will be a good one.

The National (Parish of Plaquemines) of the 16th says:

THE LEVEES FALL IN.—For some time past, the fallings-in of our levees are the order of the day. A short time since, it was Mr. Morgan's levee which tumbled into the river; yesterday, Mr. Grant's portion of the public road threatened to fall into the yawning abyss, and to-day, a large breach is made in the levee in front of Mr. Fazende's plantation, and falls into the river with a crash that is heard for miles. We would advise the planters of our parish to keep a sharp look out, and do the necessary repairs to their levees and roads.

THE HURRICANE.—This week will long be remembered in our parish, owing to the hurricane which swept over our fields in the early part of it, laying whole acres of the finest cane waste. The rain fell in torrents, and the demon of the storm, hurrying through space, left nothing but ruin and devastation in his track.

Alabama.

Gov. Collier has published a notice calling upon the benevolent to contribute to the relief of the sufferers by the epidemic in Mobile.

We find the following in the Alabama Journal, of Montgomery, of the 16th:

No case of yellow fever has been reported to the Board of Health since the cases from the Octavia on Sunday last. No case has originated here within the last nine days.

The Mobile Tribune learns that the Tombigbee river had recently risen twelve feet at Demopolis.

The State Guard, Wetumpka, of the 16th, says:

We have had some heavy rains lately, and the river is considerably swollen—a rise of some 12 or 15 feet, which, however, we presume, has been principally caused by the heavy rains above us.

The health of our town has been pretty good, though we have had some deaths, and there are now a few cases of sickness in town, of diseases, though, which are incident to any and all places. We have no epidemic among us, nor any symptoms thereof.

From all we can learn, our crops, on an average, will turn out well, much better than was expected during the summer drouths. And upon the whole, we think that we have reasons to rejoice for our health, morals and prosperity in general.

The Pickens West Alabamian says:

The commissioners appointed to canvass that county for subscriptions to the railroad to connect Tuscumbia with the Mobile and Ohio road at or near Macon, Miss., have been very successful in their efforts—$200,000 have been subscribed unconditionally, and a considerable upon certain conditions. The whole sum will be doubled upon the location of the road, and its construction it regards as a positive certainty.

The Postmaster-General has placed upon the Alabama and Tennessee River Railroad a daily mail from Selma to Montevallo, and thence to Talladega by stages. The Department has also made another alteration in the mail arrangements, and that is the establishing a tri-weekly mail to be carried by stages between Randolph on the railroad and Tuscaloosa and Greensboro' from a daily to a tri-weekly.

EXPEDITIONS FOR LIBERIA.—It is proposed to dispatch three emigrant vessels to Liberia, as follows:

1st. From Baltimore, November 1, with persons from Virginia, Maryland, and the surrounding States.

2d. From New York, November 10, with those who apply from Pennsylvania, New York, and the East.

3d. From New Orleans, in December, in which parties from the extreme West and Southwest will embark.

As the effort to send these will bring into requisition all the resources which can be obtained, it is hoped that our friends will not relax, but rather give new vigor to their exertions. The disposition to remove is daily increasing among the people of color, and hence all who desire the improvement of their condition, or Africa's redemption, should go forward with more burning zeal and mightier resolution. [Colonization Herald.

A FAMILY OF RAILROAD MEN.—The Southern Tier Times instances a family of the name of Brown as illustrative of the bent of certain families to the same calling. There are six brothers, all of whom are eminent railroad men. I. S. Brown, the oldest, is an Engineer on the St. Petersburgh and Warsaw Railroad, Russia; Sam. Brown is Superintendent of the Canandaigua and Niagara Falls Railroad; R. M. Brown is Superintendent of the New York and Erie Railroad; W. H. Brown is an extensive builder of locomotives in Philadelphia; J. R. Brown is an Engineer on the Catawisa (Pa.) Railroad; J. W. Brown is connected with the freight department of the New York and Erie Railroad.

TO KEEP A STOVE BRIGHT.—If you wish to keep a stove as bright as a coach body by only two applications a year, make weak alum water, and mix your British Lustre with it; let the stove be cold, brush with the mixture, then take a dry brush and dry lustre and rub the stove until perfectly dry. Should any part, before polishing, become so dry as to look gray, moisten it with a wet brush and proceed as above.

SIGN.—When a man finds a great deal of fault with a newspaper which he never fails to read, it is a *sign* he has not paid for it. People seldom pick flaws in their own property.

FLOUR—350 bbls. fresh ground St. Louis Superfine, in store and for sale by
FERD. KENNETT & CO. 93 Magazine street.

FLOUR—150 barrels Extra and Superfine St. Louis and Illinois, for sale by
E. M. DALEY, 88 Tchoupitoulas street.

CORN—2200 sacks Prime, in store and for sale by FERD KENNETT & CO. 93 Magazine street. s17

HAVANA COFFEE—150 bags Prime.
CONVERSE & CO 97 Tchoupitoulas street.

STARCH—100 boxes Fox's, in store, for Sale by
E. J. HART & CO 79 Tchoupitoulas street. s18

ESSENCE OF PEPPERMINT — 300 boxes of Crossley's, in store, for sale by
E. J. HART & CO. 79 Tchoupitoulas street.

LOCAL MATTERS.

Daily report of the interments in all the Cemeteries of the city for the 24 hours ending at 6 o'clock, A. M., Monday, 19th inst:

	Total.	Yellow Fever.	Other Dis.	Not Stated.
Protestant, Girod street	4	4	—	—
Cypress Grove, No. 1	1	—	1	—
Cypress Grove, No. 3	5	2	3	—
Charity Hospital	4	4	—	—
St. Patrick's	6	4	1	1
Catholic No. 1, Second District	1	1	—	—
Catholic No. 2	3	1	2	—
St. V. de Paul, Third	4	3	1	—
Lafayette, Fourth District	6	2	3	1
Total	34	21	11	2

BRUTAL ASSAULT ON A CITIZEN.—A man by the name of Fred. Schmidt was arrested on Sunday evening, charged with making a most brutal assault on Dr. J. B. Dowler, at his premises on Tchoupitoulas street. The accused had entered the Doctor's yard, and on being discovered and requested to leave he attacked the Doctor and beat him shamefully, so that his life was considered in danger. Recorder Winter sent the accused to prison yesterday morning, there to await the result of the Doctor's injuries

THE PERFORMANCES HAVE COMMENCED.—We are happy to be able to state that they are likely to lose no time in making the new Hippodrome useful. A large number of persons—quite a crowd in fact—went in free of expense yesterday, attracted by the loud cries of some person who was undergoing apparently a thorough pummeling. We did not attend this exhibition, but suspect, from the happy and grateful countenances of those who did, that it was gotten up in the first style.

FIRE.—The alarm of fire on Sunday night was caused by the burning of a negro cabin on a plantation below the city.

Died:

At San Francisco, Cal., August 13, of Dysentery, GEORGE GORDON, Printer, aged about 32 years—a native of Newburyport, Mass., for a number of years a resident of New-Orleans, and, for the past two, of San Francisco.

☞ WHIG MEETING.—The Whigs of the Second Representative District will meet at the Coffee-house, corner of Apollo street and Triton Walk, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, Sept. 21, at 7 o'clock, for the purpose of selecting Delegates to the Parish and District Conventions.

John T. Gruber, John Wolf, J. Drummond, A. Richards, J. D. Ryan, T. L. Leech, o. J. Louis, G. W. Shaw, C. H. Nobles, Dr. Eastman, J. Murray, H. Foster, E. Blossy, G. D. Rosolina, J. H. Wingfield, Michael Hughes, John Welch, F. Alison, W. Delaney, C. Dodling, J. J. Hoppe, L. C. Gaiennie, J. Bosch, J. Spigler, E. J. Carroll, J. E. Caldwell, and 57 other Whigs.

☞ Bulletin please copy. s20

☞ RALLY, WHIGS, RALLY!—First Ward, First District.—The Whigs of the old First and Second Wards of the First District are respectfully requested to assemble at Godfrey Kentel's Coffee-house, corner of Polymnia and Nayades streets WEDNESDAY EVENING, September 21, at half-past 7 o'clock precisely, for the purpose of appointing Delegates to the City Convention, to nominate Parish and City Officers, etc. COME ONE, COME ALL!

W. J. Ahern, J. O. Pierson, Thos. W. Hollis, J. F. Wild, John Coleman, Patrick Henry, Thos. Kirane, E. McFarland, I. N. Marks, H. J. Leary, Charles Wolfe, Richard H. Prendergast, Ramon Kostal, Philip Dupe, Nicholas Zimmer, Benjamin Lewis, F. A. Adde, Wm. W. Blunt, I. Cragin, M. M. Somerville, Wm. H. Wheaton, Wm. J. Andrews, Henry Renshaw, Erastus Wells, Felix Figuery, Timoleon Figuery, Michael Fritz, Joseph Frohicher, Sen., Joseph Frohicher, Jun., Conrad Frank, Jacob Frohicher, A. Devoll, John Devonport, Peter Nass, George F. Rappel, Godfrey Kestael, Henry Eberman, Jacob Kline. s19d

☞ WHIG MEETING.—The Whigs of the Third Representative District are requested to assemble at the Shades, Perdido street, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, September 21, at half-past 7 o'clock, for the purpose of electing Delegates to attend the Parish and District Convention. s19

☞ WHIG CENTRAL STATE COMMITTEE.—The members of the WHIG CENTRAL STATE COMMITTEE will meet at their Club Room, corner of Conti street and Exchange Alley, on THURSDAY EVENING, September 22, at 7 o'clock.... By order,
CHARLES M. WATERMAN, President.
HENRY E. JOHNSON, F. C. LAVILLE, Secretaries. s19 4t

☞ WHIG CENTRAL STATE COMMITTEE.—A Special Meeting of the Whig Central State Committee will take place on TUESDAY, September 20, at Half-Past 8 o'clock M., at the Committee Room, corner of Exchange Alley and Conti street.

☞ Members will please be punctual.... By order
CHARLES M. WATERMAN, President.
HENRY E. JOHNSON, F. C. LAVILLE, Secretaries. s17

☞ OFFICIAL.—BOARD OF HEALTH, NEW-Orleans, September 19, 1853.—The following resolution, passed by the Board of Health, is published for the information of all concerned:

Resolved, That, at this time, it is highly dangerous for strangers to visit our city, and that every physician in the health office be requested to have no excuse to aid to the material for the action of the fever, and it is the earnest request of this Board that the authorities of the various cities and towns on the rivers above, as well as the newspapers of the same, to use their influence to prevent the departure of their citizens for our city.

J. C. SIMONDS, M. D., Secretary Board of Health.

☞ MINISTERIAL SERVICES.—Persons desiring the services of the undersigned Methodist ministers, in visiting the sick and burying the dead, during the prevailing epidemic, will leave directions and address on the slate at 86 Camp street, (office of the Christian Advocate,) if between the hours of 8 A. M. and 2 P. M. At other hours, apply at private residences.

Rev. H. N. SPYKER, corner Magazine and Felicity sts.
Rev. L. PARKER, 265 Carondelet street.
s17 2t Rev. J. C. KERNER, Carrollton, cor. Third and Dublin sts.

☞ RELIEF COMMITTEE OF PROTECTION FIRE COMPANY NO. 18.—
L. C. DELLARD, 98 Camp and 83 Bacchus streets.
D. L. HOLLIDAY, at the Street Commissioner's Office, City Hall.
JOS. F. RUSHA, 76 Broome and 87 Bacchus streets.
CHARLES H. WALSO, 15 and 19 New Levee street.
JONATHAN WORRALL, at the Work-house.
THOMAS CLEARY, corner of St. Mark and Gravier streets.
M. W. MURPHY, corner of St. Joseph and Tchoupitoulas streets.
JOSEPH CLAYTON, at the Delta office.
A. MONTGOMERY, at Leeds's Foundry.
WM. H. REESE, corner of New Levee and Natchez streets.

☞ Nos. 19 has selected E. H. BARTON as their Physician, who will give medical advice to any of the sick member, on application to any member of the Relief Committee. s16 2w5p

☞ LOUISIANA GREYS—*Relief Committee.* The following gentlemen have been duly appointed a Relief Committee during the prevailing epidemic:

Lieut. STRONG, 84 St. Charles street.
JOS. F. RUSHA, 76 Broome street.
ROBERT MCNAMARA, 231 Magazine street.
P. DALEY, Triton Walk and Hercules street.
DANIEL KELLY, St. Joseph and Tchoupitoulas streets.
P. CURLEY, Gravier, between Talloups and Dos streets.
JOHN MCGUIRE, Clouberne, between Common and Jackson sts.
Lieut. CAVANAUGH, 163 Circus street.
s16 2w5p By order. JOS. F. RUSHA, Secretary.

Dry Goods and Fixtures
FOR SALE.

☞ HOPE'S well-known CHEAP DRY GOODS STORE, opposite the Dryades Market, is for sale, on account of the death of Mr. H.'s family, and his retiring from business. This can be proven to be one of the best Retail Dry Goods Stands in the city. For particulars, apply at the Store, or to D. Camp, 70 Canal street. s19 1w3p

E. O'Sullivan,

☞ Having reopened his BOOT AND SHOE STORE, (which has been temporarily closed during his recent illness,) invites the attention of Gentlemen desiring a well made and fine fitting Boot. He also keeps a general assortment of Goods of his own manufacture. s18 3w3p

Carpeting, Floor Oil Cloth, MATTING.

☞ We are now receiving, direct from manufacturers—
CARPETING.
Velvet and Brussels Tapestry, Brussels, Three-ply, Ingrains, Venetian and Dutch, etc.
FLOOR OIL CLOTH,
From 3 to 24 feet wide, of various qualities.
MATTING.
200 pieces White, Checked and Fancy, on hand.
☞ Also, Table and Piano Covers, Crumb Cloths, Window Shades, Slab Rods, Rugs, Mats, etc., all of which we offer at the lowest market prices.
A. BROUSSEAU & CO. 83 Chartres st. s19 1w3p

J. B. Steel,
PUBLISHER, BOOKSELLER & STATIONER,
60 ☞ CAMP STREET. ☜ 60

☞ ALWAYS ON HAND, A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF LAW (English and French), MEDICAL, SCIENTIFIC AND SCHOOL BOOKS, CLASSICAL AND LITERARY WORKS, CHEAP PUBLICATIONS, ETC.

☞ STATIONERY, DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN.

☞ BLANK BOOKS AND CARDS of every description.

☞ PRINTING AND BOOK-BINDING executed with neatness and dispatch.

☞ AGENT FOR J. T. WHITE'S PRINTING TYPES, ETC., AND HOE & CO.'S CELEBRATED PRINTING PRESSES. s16 6t2p1W

BANK OF NEW ORLEANS—NEW-ORLEANS, September 19, 1853.—This Institution will commence business on Saturday, the first day of October next. Discount Days, TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS. Offerings, the day preceding.
WILLIAM F. CONVERSE, President. s20 1m

CORN—514 sacks, landing from steamer Grand Turk.
E. M. DALEY, 88 Tchoupitoulas street. s20

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