PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY.—This company, which was chartered by the New York Legislature, was organized on the 16th inst., and books of subscription opened in New York city. Mr Robert J. Walker commenced the subscription to the stock with the sum of *ten millions of dollars*. Dr. Newcombe, of Albany, and others, in behalf of themselves and others, subscribed the sum of two million eight hundred thousand dollars, and the company then adjourned to meet on the 1st of October. The capital stock of the company is one hundred millions of dollars. The New York Times says that Mr. Walker's subscription is on behalf of certain interests made up at Washington, and other parties stood pledged for over five millions, making together $15,800,000. Government aid, in the form of a mammoth land grant, is to be made the talisman to the scheme, to which will be added the usual exercise of credit upon doubled security, and a Government mail contract of $2,000,000 a year.

IMPROVED STEAM BOILER.—Judge W. E. Bird, of Cahaba, says the Selma (Ala.) Sentinal, has invented an improved steam boiler, for which he has taken measures to secure a patent. The boiler is composed of cylinders or tubes, arranged in layers or tiers, having return flues passing through them and connected with fire chambers. The flues of the lower tubes or cylinders terminate in a trunk or chest, with hollow bars, through which the smoke passes to the smoke chamber. The flues of the upper cylinder communicate directly with the smoke chamber.

THE FEVER IN VICKSBURG.—From the Sentinel of the 31st inst. we take the following paragraphs:

It is refreshing to walk the streets and hear men with great emphasis swear that there has not been a real "genuine case of yellow fever in town this season," when every inhabited house in town is a hospital. It is no uncommon case for a whole family, of half a dozen or more, to be sick at once, and not one able to give another a drink of water. There were more deaths in Vicksburg and vicinity on Sunday and Monday last, in proportion to the population, than there were by the same space of time in New Orleans when the pestilence was at its worst. We are indifferent about names, but let no one be deceived; call it what you may, a pestilence is raging here which is no respecter of persons.

We have issued the last Tri-Weekly we will attempt to issue until the sickness abates. We will furnish all our subscribers with our Weekly, provided we are able to get it out, though we feel no assurance that we will be able to issue it regularly, as our pressman and roller are both sick, and we have only two compositors at work, one of whom is in delicate health.

THE FEVER IN YAZOO CITY.—The Yazoo Democrat, of the 21st inst., has the following:

The yellow fever at this place is now in an uncertain attitude; the number of daily cases have fallen off very much, also the number of deaths. The weather has been unsettled, and it is impossible to say or conjecture what may be the condition of things in a few days. At present the physicians seem to be in better spirits; the disease is apparently much more controlable than at first. The number of cases now in town can not be much short of one hundred, many of whom are convalescent.

The black population is now suffering more from the disease than when it first made its appearance in our town; with them, however, the disease is of a milder character.

YELLOW FEVER IN PHILADELPHIA.—The Philadelphia Sun, in recording the fact that the Board of Health reports two fatal cases of yellow fever in that city, remarks that the disease exists still in the neighborhood of South and Swanson streets, to which locality it was brought by the bark Mandarin; but it is of a mild type, and, in most instances, yields to medical treatment. Many houses in the vicinity have been deserted, and several factories closed. The disease, however, it is said, is confined almost exclusively to badly ventilated localities, to purify which the Board of Health is doing every thing in its power, but it is supposed it will require a few heavy frosts to kill it off effectually.

SERIOUS AND MYSTERIOUS ACCIDENT.—On Saturday night last, about twelve o'clock, as the express train of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, bound from Baltimore for Wheeling, reached the mouth of a deep cut in the North Mountain, a few miles west of Martinsburg, one of the engineers saw from the front of his locomotive a man lying across the track. The whistle was immediately blown to stop the train, but before this could be effected the unfortunate man was caught in the cow catcher and instantly killed. Upon examination the body proved to be that of John Smith, who had been placed on duty that night at his own request, as a substitute for the regular watchman who guarded the east end of the cut. It is thought by some that he met his awful death by design, as he had been observed to be for several days past possessed of a heavy melancholy, occasioned, it is said, by domestic difficulties. But a few moments before the train arrived he was known to be awake and singing, and although he had ample notice of its approach by the customary whistle of the engine, he was found lying at full length across the track, with his neck upon one rail and his legs upon the other. His remains were interred in Frederick, the place of his late home. [Baltimore Sun.

The Vera Cruz papers were, as usual, devoid of interest.

From the *Siglo*, published at the City of Mexico, we learn that Gen. Don José Maria Tornel y Mendivil, Minister of War and Marine, died on the morning of the 11th inst., at Tacubaya, from an attack of apoplexy. His remains were deposited in the Cathedral at Guadalupe on the 13th. A nine-days' mourning had in consequence been decreed.

Senor Don Juan Soares y Navarro had been appointed to fill the vacancy left by the deceased Minister, and it was thought probable that he would continue in the office, although many prominent names had been proposed to succeed Senor Tornel. Among them were Don Ignacio Mora y Villamil, Don Francisco Pacheco, Don Mariano Salas, Don Romelo Diaz de la Vega, Don Manuel Lombardini, Don Lino Alcorta.

Don Luis M. Del Valle had received the appointment of Consul for Mexico for the port of Francisco.

The cholera continues to rage at Oaxaca. Don José Haroli, the second in command, died with the disease on the 8th inst.

In Orizaba the disease had altogether disappeared.

A telegraph line had been completed between Irapuato and Guanaxuato.

The town of Tixapam el Alto, in Jalisco, had suffered from an inundation on the 10th ult., in consequence of a three days' rain in the hills of Terrero.

Rayzo Baltazar, Juan de los Regis and José Albino had suffered the penalty of death for being concerned in numerous robberies. Mateo Gonzales, one of the convicted had his life spared in consequence of his youth, and other circumstances in his favor.

In Durango and Chihuahua the Indians still continued their ravages. On the 19th, 20th, 21st and 22d eighty or a hundred of the savages attacked the mines of Panuco, and killed several persons. The papers are filled with the details of their thefts, murders and robberies.

LATEST BY THE ARCTIC.—The Turin Gazette publishes the law authorizing the Sardinian Minister of Finance to carry out the convention with the trans-Atlantic Company at Genoa, to establish steam communication between Sardinia and America.

The rise in the price of raw silk had been much felt by the manufacturers at Lyons, Nismes and St. Etienne, but fortunately for them, the large orders received from the United States enabled them to keep their operatives employed.

There are several failures of second-rate mercantile houses reported from Amsterdam, chiefly in the oil and corn trade.

Gen. Sir Neil Douglas is dead.

Three new cases of Asiatic cholera had appeared at Liverpool.

FROM VENEZUELA.—The brig Chief arrived at Baltimore on the 19th inst., with dates from Porto Cabello to the 8d inst., at which time the revolutionists were quiet. A number of prisoners had been brought to Laguayra. The comet was seen on the 1st inst., and created a good deal of interest. Two earthquakes had occurred at Barcelona, attended with great loss of life and property. At Caracas the yellow fever was raging. Hides were scarce, and had advanced in price, as had coffee.

TELEGRAPHIC ITEMS.

New York, September 25.—The steamship Northern Light has arrived here, bringing dates of September 1 from San Francisco. She has on board one and three-quarter millions of dollars in gold. The steamer Oregon, with which the Northern Light connected, left San Francisco, on the 1st instant, with nearly two millions of gold on board. The news from California is not important. The markets were dull.

Philadelphia, September 25.—There were nine deaths from yellow fever in this city during the past week.

New York, September 24.—The soft shell democrats held a grand ratification meeting last night, at which the attendance was very large. The Collector of the Port, Judge Bronson, and Charles O'Connor, Attorney General, were invited to attend, but sent letters declining to attend, and refusing to support the ticket of the soft shells, declared in favor of the hards.

New York, Sunday, September 25.—There was more inquiry for cotton yesterday in this market, and 1250 bales were disposed of at steady prices.

Mobile, September 26.—The interments in this city yesterday were 14, including deaths by yellow fever 9. [Eve. papers.

Syracuse, Sept. 19.—A collision occurred yesterday between two trains, near Lyons, by which two men were killed.

The recent accident on the Oneida road is attributed to the fact that a competent engineer had been discharged and a fireman substituted, from motives of economy.

New York, September 19.—The weekly statements of the Banks of this city for the week ending on Saturday, presents the following exhibit: Capital $46,492,000; loans $90,190,000; specie $11,860,000; circulation $9,566,000; deposits $57,612,000.

Cumberland, September 19.—There has been no new cases of cholera for several days, and the excitement has nearly subsided.

FINANCES OF THE UNITED STATES.—*Receipts and Expenditures.*—A statement of the finances of the United States, for the year ending 30th June, 1853, shows an increase in the receipts from customs on the year ending June 30, 1852, of $11,591,538 90. The receipts from the sales of public lands had declined from $2,043,239 58 to $1,667,084 99, exhibiting a falling off of $376,194 57. The receipts from miscellaneous sources increased $109,163. Total receipts $61,837,572, of which $58,931,865 was from customs, and $1,667,084 from public lands. The balance in the Treasury at the beginning of the present year exceeds that of the preceding by $7,810,756, and on the 1st of July, 1853, amounted to $21,042,802. The total available means for the year were $75,986,-050 87.

The amount of public stock redeemed in the course of the year was $6,894,508, on which there was paid an amount of premium equal to $389,737. The amount of commission paid on purchases of stock was $2,541 61. During the preceding year there was extinguished of the funded and unfunded debt $6,045,000, including $3,180,000, being the last instalment of the Mexican indemnity. The total payment out of the Treasury during the last fiscal year, exceeded the aggregate of the preceding one by $8,096,000. Exclusive of payments during both years for the redemption of public debt, and other expenditures on account of public debt, the expenditure of the two years representing the ordinary disbursements for the support of Government were as follows:

Year ending June 30, 1852	$35,962,099
" " 1853	43,546,000
Increase for 1853	$7,583,901

It is expected that the revenue from customs for the current year will reach $65,000, and the surplus in the Treasury will amount on the 1st of July, 1854, to $43,000,000, unless kept down by the redemption of the public debt before maturity, or otherwise appropriated by Congress.

The Great Western Railway in Canada, leading from Windsor, opposite Detroit, to Niagara, is now complete about 18 miles from Windsor, and it is intended to finish the whole by the 1st of January next. The whole distance is 280 miles, nearly a straight line throughout. It is to be laid with compound rail, and, it is predicted, will be one of the best railways on the American Continent. The wire-bridge over the Niagara is in a good state of progress, and when the whole is completed, the time from Detroit to New York city will be made in twenty hours.

The construction of the Louisville and Knoxville Railroad is fully determined upon. The estimated cost of the road, including outfit, to the State line, is about $8,000,000, or $30,000 per mile.

The Episcopalians in Jackson are about to erect a church.

The Southern (Jackson) Mirror of the 23d says: The cotton crop has been injured by rain and winds, it has been attacked by the boll-worm and caterpillar, and the prospect is a gloomy one.

There has been a remarkable change in the weather since our last; a cold rain, and then a cold wind, have thrown our citizens into—winter clothing and fireside arm chairs.

The same paper says: The most reliable information in our possession warrants us in saying that the fever in the various towns around us is rapidly abating—that it will have entirely disappeared by the first of the coming week.

Centenary College, at Jackson, will open its annual session on Monday the 3d of October. It is expected that about four hundred students will be in attendance.

The Sharon Female College will open its annual session on the same day.

THE FEVER AT PLAQUEMINE.—The Southern Sentinel of the 24th says:

Another week has passed, and we are happy to say that the health of our town has become no worse. Five or six deaths have occurred since last Saturday; which is about the same number as the previous week. We begin to feel more confident than ever that we have had the worst of it. The Vigilant Committee of the Relief Association are active in visiting the sick, and affording to the needy all the comforts they require.

The Gazette, of the same date, says:

Thus far the fever has been very fatal; not one out of ten recovers who is really attacked with the yellow fever. To-day (Tuesday) there are more cases than on any previous day. On Wednesday and Thursday there were three deaths. Some fifteen or twenty are still sick.

WIDENING OF BAYOU PLAQUEMINE.—At the last session of the Legislature of Louisiana, that honorable body appropriated the sum of ten thousand dollars towards defraying the expenses of making a survey, and in some manner repairing the mouth of Bayou Plaquemine.

What is to be done in the premises? The Bayou is now dry, and there is nothing to prevent those entrusted with the matter from commencing operations at once. If the matter is long delayed, the fall rains will prevent the erection of any permanent work. The mouth of the Bayou is continually winding, the banks crumbling and caving, and if something is not speedily done, there will soon be a shorter route to the Gulf of Mexico, for the largest class of vessels, than by the way of New Orleans; then "good-by John" to our flourishing town. [Iberville Gazette.

The inhabitants have already commenced removing their buildings, and other obstructions in the way of the new levee to be built, commencing at the mouth of Bayou Plaquemine. [Ibid.

THINGS IN BATON ROUGE.—The weather continues cool and bracing, and we are informed that there was a white frost in several places in Mississippi on the nights of the 22d and 23d, all of which is most favorable for the rapid decline of the fever. There have been several new cases of fever daily in this city, but few deaths, as compared with the daily record of last week, but we believe the epidemic has spent its greatest virulence, and now yields more rapidly to the treatment of the physicians than it did at first. The Howard Association, of New Orleans, sent up on Thursday six nurses and two physicians, which were very importune, as nurses have been hard to get in sufficient numbers here, for love or money; besides, two of our young physicians (Drs. Ludlow and Williams) have been arrested in their career of usefulness by the enemy which they have been battling, night and day, since its first appearance among us. We are happy to say they are recovering and doing well. We had heard that the fever had spread into the country, and had reached the Comite and Amite rivers, but we have nothing authentic, and therefore can say nothing positive as to its progress or fatality there. [Comet, 24th.

WEATHER AND CROPS.—In our last issue we stated that we had seen and conversed with numbers of our planters in relation to the prospects of the growing crops, and that we were of opinion that there would be an average crop of cotton raised in our parish. We are sorry to learn that our anticipations will not be realized. The crops, we are informed, are good in the pine hills; but on Sicily Island, Tensas Bayou, Black and Little rivers, the crops are not near so good. We are informed that the crops in the above named places are suffering sadly from the caterpillar and rot. The late rains have not been beneficial to the open cotton, and has somewhat retarded our planters in gathering that which is now open in their fields.

The weather has been cloudy and rainy since our last publication. On Tuesday morning (yesterday) the sun rose clear and beautiful—the early part of the day being remarkably cool, having much the appearance of autumn. Such weather must necessarily cut short the present cotton crop at least one-third, if not more. [Harrisonburg Independent, 21st.

ALEXANDRIA AND NATCHEZ TELEGRAPH.—The citizens of Harrisonburg, Parish of Catahoula, La., held a meeting on the 17th instant for the purpose of taking into consideration the propriety of establishing a telegraph line between Natchez and Alexandria, by the way of Harrisonburg. Resolutions were passed recommending that immediate measures be taken to raise subscriptions to the stock thereof, and that three Commissioners be appointed to draft a charter for the company, to open books of subscription, and to take charge of the business connected with the telegraph line until the company is organized. Commissioners were appointed to carry out the objects of the resolutions.

HEALTH OF PORT HUDSON.—The Feliciana Whig, of the 21st, says that Port Hudson is nearly deserted, and "yellow Jack finds none but customers too tough for his scythe. We suppose, like other strangers, he bluffed up against a Port Hudson 'fall' and being a nervous old codger he didn't 'call.'"

The same paper says the rumors that the fever had made its appearance at Clinton is unfounded. Clinton was never more healthy than it is at present. The town is full of strangers, who have fled before the death dealing pestilence, but even among them we hear of no case of sickness resembling yellow fever.

HEATH OF WATERPROOF.—We are gratified to say that our little town of Waterproof is yet healthy. There are no serious cases of sickness among us, and indeed, none at all but chills and fevers. We may consider ourselves as being much favored in this matter, as the yellow fever is almost depopulating many of the communities around us. May we continue so throughout the fall is our most earnest prayer. [Tensas Herald, 22d.

COTTON CROP IN TENSAS.—We have good reason to believe, from conversation with the best informed of our cotton planters, that the cotton crop of Tensas parish will fall far short of an average one in its production to the acre. There are a great many more acres in cultivation, and more hands at work in the field this, than last year, but it is believed by many that no more, or if indeed as much, cotton will be gathered. The rains, which have fallen in some places very hard and in great quantities for the last ten or twelve days up to last Friday, have very much interrupted the picking. The rot has seized upon the bolls and they are destroyed by it in immense quantities, and to cap the climax the army worm has made its appearance, and is creating very serious havoc among the small and tender leaves which surround the boll, thereby causing them to decay and fall off. The corn crop is pretty much all gathered, and is, we are informed, a very fair one. [Ibid.

CROPS IN MISSISSIPPI.—The Lauderdale Republican of the 20th inst. says:

In this county our remarks, made a week or two since, still apply. The boll worm and rot together will reduce the crop at least one-half. Accounts from other counties are quite as discouraging, though we have had no personal observation; but here we can speak with positive certainty, because we have *seen* the effects of the weather and the worm.

LOCAL MATTERS.

CHARITY HOSPITAL.—The following is the report for the twenty-four hours ending at 12 o'clock on Sunday night, 25th inst:

Admissions	16	Deaths	4
Discharges	11	Yellow fever	1

THE ASSAULT ON DR. DOWLER.—The following note from Dr. Dowler, relative to an attack on him by Frederick Schmidt, was received yesterday by Recorder Winter. The examination of the case is to take place on the 26th inst.:

HON. RECORDER WINTER—*Sir*: I beg leave to inform your honor, that when notified to appear at your office, I will endeavor to do so at any time which you may fix for the examination of the villain Schmidt, who, on Sunday, the 18th inst., forcibly entered, and for two hours remained in my house, (having committed a nuisance in the same,) and, who, without any provocation, not only attempted to murder me but Mobasani, an officer of the law, while the latter was discharging his duties as such.

My life has been, and still is, in danger from the injuries received—which recently threatened to terminate in *tetanus* or lock-jaw. As yet I have not been down stairs; but supposing, as I do, that the administrators of the law desire to perform their duties without delay, and that you will fix the preliminary trial as early as possible, I will, so far as I am able, have neither the violators nor the administrators of the law any excuse.

Your obedient servant,
September 26, 1853. B. DOWLER.

STEALING JEWELRY, ETC.—Eliza Adams made a complaint yesterday before Recorder Ramos, charging one Wm Rice with having illegally detained a trunk belonging to her, and also with having stolen a gold watch and chain, which deponent lost about three months ago. A warrant was issued for the arrest of Rice.

TARPAULINS.—John Murphy found some tarpaulins in a skiff, in the possession of one Seinfritz and Miss Grosey, the which he identified as being some of a lot stolen from his brother five years ago. Seinfritz and Grosey were required to furnish bonds in $200 each to appear for examination.

COMMITTED.—Charles Stultz and Dominick Craig were yesterday sent by Recorder Winter to be tried before the First District Court on the charge of an assault and battery on Henry Popp.

John Bowles and John Turner for an assault on Patrick Moon were sent before the same tribunal.

HIS NOSE OFF.—Thomas Corcoran complained that Thomas Griffin attacked him on Girod street, knocked him down and bit his nose off. Griffin is to be examined on the 30th inst.

[Communicated.]

Messrs. Editors—I beg to ask of those who are named "City Authorities" if it would not be well to dispense with a night guard, and erect a tall steeple on which to post a single watchman, there to go to sleep? It certainly would save a part of the taxes collected to pay one man to go to sleep, than to employ such a number as we have to do the same thing. On the night of the 24th instant three houses on the corner of St. Andrew and Apollo streets were robbed of money and jewelry. Had the watchmen detailed for that post been on their duty, the thief must have exposed himself to the eyes of two of them; but they being absent, as he must have been aware, the robbery was committed with impunity. I have often thought and asked myself the question, "Was not the plan of striking on the bricks with their clubs a good idea to warn the thieves of the whereabouts of our guardians of the night?" If the hours of the night were called, and the silent attention of the watchmen given thereafter, do you not think it would give more satisfaction to the public? B.

Married:

In the Church of St. Alphonsus, on Monday, Sept. 19, by the Rev. P. McGrane, Mr. JOHN O'BRIEN and Miss ROSALIE REGARD, both of this city.

In Biloxi, Miss., on the 15th instant, by the Rev. Mr. Gossard, JACOB SMITH, of New Orleans, and Miss MARY W. HAWTHORN, of Biloxi, Miss.

WHIG CENTRAL STATE COMMITTEE.—The members of the WHIG CENTRAL STATE COMMITTEE will meet at their Club Rooms, corner of Carondelet and Exchange Alley, on THURSDAY EVENING, September 29, at 8 o'clock.... By order,
CHAS. M. WATERMAN, President.
F. C. LAVILLE, } Secretaries.
HENRY E. JOHNSON, }

OFFICIAL.—BOARD OF HEALTH, NewOrleans, September 24, 1853.—The following resolution, passed by the Board of Health, is published for the information of all concerned:

RESOLVED, That, at this time, it is highly dangerous for strangers to visit our city, and very injurious to the health of the city to have new cases to add to the material for the action of the fever, and it is the earnest request of this Board that the authorities of the various cities and towns on the rivers above, as well as the newspapers of the same, to use their influence to prevent the departure of their citizens for our city.

J. C. SIMONDS, M. D., Secretary Board of Health.

LOUISIANA GREYS—*Relief Committee.* The following gentlemen have been duly appointed a Relief Committee during the prevailing epidemic:

EMIL STRONG, 304 St. Charles street.
JOS. F. RUSH, 4 Bienville street.
ROBERT MCNAMARA, 281 Magazine street.
P. DALEY, Union Mills and Harrison streets.
DANIEL KELLY, St. Joseph and Tchoupitoulas streets.
P. GURNEY, Howard, between Calliope and Ulin streets.
JOHN MOORE, Charles, between Common and Jackson sts.
Lieut. CAVANAUGH, 183 Circus street.

oct 3mlp By order. JOS. F. RUSH, Secretary.

New Books,

JUST RECEIVED BY

THOMAS L. WHITE,

105 CANAL STREET. 105

THE ROMAN TRAITOR; Or, The Days of Cicero, Cato and Catiline. A True Tale of the Republic. By H. W. Herbert.

THE COUNTESS DE CHARNY; Or, The Fall of the French Monarchy. By A. Dumas.

....ALSO....

JOURNEY ROUND THE WORLD. By F. Gerstaecker.

MICHAUD'S HISTORY OF THE CRUSADES.

MARMADUKE WYVIL. A Historical Romance of 1651. By H. W. Herbert. oct1 3dlp

Carpeting, Floor Oil Cloth, MATTING.

We are now receiving, direct from first manufacturers—

CARPETING,

Velvet and Brussels Tapestry, Brussels, Three-ply, Ingrains, Venetian and Dutch, etc.

FLOOR OIL CLOTH,

From 3 to 24 feet wide, of various qualities.

MATTING,

300 pieces White, Checked and Fancy, on hand.

Also, Table and Piano Covers, Crumb Cloths, Window Shades, Hair Rods, Rugs, Mats, etc., all of which we offer at the lowest market prices.

A. BROUSSEAU & CO. 23 Chartres st. sp6 1ulp

Commission Carpet Warerooms.

TODD & CO.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

180 Canal street, near Royal street,

TOURO BUILDINGS.

Are now receiving on consignment, direct from the manufacturers of America and England, choice styles of

Axminster Velvet TAPESTRY,

Brussels THREE-PLY,

Ingrain and Dutch

CARPETS;

FLOOR OIL CLOTH, Three to Twenty-four feet wide;

CORNICES AND CURTAIN GOODS,

COCOA AND INDIA MATTINGS,

PAINTED WINDOW SHADES,

RUGS, MATS, DRUGGETS, etc.

WALL PAPER HANGINGS

In great variety;

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. oct6 6dlp

Fall and Winter Clothing,

AT STRAKOSCH ST. GERARD.

GENTLEMEN, BOYS AND CHILDREN,

ALSO

Furnishing Goods,

Rubber Goods, Trunks and Umbrellas,

ALFRED MURRAIN & CO.,

52 Magazine corner of Gravier street. sep 1ulp

Dry Goods and Fixtures

FOR SALE.

HOPE'S well-known CHEAP DRY GOODS STORE, opposite the Exchange Market, is for sale, on account of the death of Mr. H. S. Hope, and his retiring from business. This can be proven to be one of the best Retail Dry Goods Stands in the city. For particulars, apply at the Store, or to D. Stevens & Co. 72 Canal street. s19 1mlp

Houses and Sign Painting.

A. WOODS,

No. 80 Customhouse street, near Royal.

ALL ORDERS LEFT WITH HIM WILL BE PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO. aug6 1mlp

City Bank of Cochran & Co.

25 Camp street.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST paid on Moneys left for accumulation and saving.

FOUR PER CENT. INTEREST paid on Deposits subject to be called for at any time. jy26 tp

Wm. O. Dibell,

CARPENTER AND BUILDER,

No. 170 St. Joseph street,

between St. Charles and Carondelet.

JOBBING of all descriptions, on reasonable terms.....Stores fitted up.....Counters made of Black Walnut or Mahogany, and finely finished.....Cisterns made and repaired, and guaranteed for one year.....Sash Doors and Blinds made and repaired.....Lattice Work and Packing Boxes of all kinds made to order. jy11 3mlp

Sewall T. Taylor,

No. 16 ROYAL STREET,

IMPORTER OF

WINES, LIQUORS, CORDIALS, etc., etc.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

See advertisement in another column. nov18 1ulp

To the Ladies,

MADAM PLATEN

Respectfully offers her services to the Ladies of New Orleans for the treatment of the following diseases: PROLAPSUS UTERI, WHITES, PRURITUS AND PAINFUL MENSTRUATION, ENLARGEMENT AND ULCERATION OF THE WOMB.

The treatment adopted by her is that which has met the approval of the most distinguished Surgeons of Paris, London and New York; and in its success bows, of which she has ample testimony, and the many respectable ladies she can refer to, justifies her in saying that all diseases of the Uterus, not of a cancerous nature, can be cured.

Madam P. devotes herself exclusively to the diseases of Ladies, and can be consulted DAILY, at her residence,

sep15 2ptf 188 St. Joseph street.

Dr. Edw. Jenner Coxe,

DRUGGIST, No. 75 Camp st.

DR. E. J. COXE'S PREPARATIONS, in extensive use for nearly fifteen years, have by their intrinsic merits acquired a reputation unsurpassed if equaled by any similar ones made in the North.

SOUTHERN COUGH SYRUP,

EXTRACT OF COPAIVA, SARSAPARILLA AND CUBEBS.

AMERICAN COUGH LOZENGES.

CHOLERA STRAMP AND PILLS.

POWDER AND OINTMENT FOR THE RELIEF AND PERMANENT CURE OF THE PILES.

Prepared at No. 75 Camp street, by Dr. E. J. COXE, and for sale by Druggists generally. jy7 tpsf

Charles E. Kelts,

(from New York.)

DENTIST,

160 Canal, 2d door from Bourbon st. N.O.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH inserted in the best manner, by C. E. will refer to persons now wearing full or partial sets, which for BEAUTY, UTILITY AND COMFORT TO THE WEARER cannot be excelled. au30 6p

Day and Boarding School

FOR YOUNG LADIES,

CONDUCTED BY MRS. M. D. DIMITRY.

The above Institution has THIS DAY, September 19, 1853, opened its Eleventh Annual Session, and is now ready to receive Boarders, Half Boarders and Day Scholars.

No new Teachers of eminence of superficial instruction, or text books of questionable propriety, are adopted. Strict attention is paid, "1st to the physical welfare as to the moral training and intellectual development of the pupils.

The Institution offers great advantages for the learning of the French language.

Apply in person, or by letter, at the institute, TIVOLI CIRCLE, South-eastern side. dec21 1ytp

DuMesle's American Westphalia

HAMS,

THE PIONEER BRAND,

ESTABLISHED IN 1827, AND FOR WHICH

A PRIZE MEDAL

WAS AWARDED AT THE WORLD'S FAIR, OR LONDON INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION, IN 1851,

Can be had in this city, throughout the present season, at the following establishments:

PETERS, MILLARD & CO., corner of Old Levee and Bienville st.
R. M. McALPIN & CO., No. 96 Common street, and No. 4 street Row;
HALL, KEMP & CO., corner of Grand and Tchoupitoulas streets.
J. L. JOHNSTON & CO., corner of Magazine and Poydras streets;
WHITCOMB & LANIER, corner of Tchoupitoulas and Poydras sts;
A. J. ROBERTS & CO., 63 Poydras street;
JOHN S. WALLIS, 106 Magazine street;
DUDLEY & NELSON, 36 Common and 19 Canal street;
B. M. BAYLY & CO., 58 Common and 18 Canal street;
KENDALL, YOE & CO., corner of Gravier and Tchoupitoulas street;
R. W. ADAMS, 92 Tchoupitoulas street;
HOLMES & CLAUSS, 9 Gravier street;
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