

THE NEW ORLEANS DAILY CRESCENT, OFFICE NO. 100 CHALMERS STREET, WILL BE PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING...

WHIG TICKET. FOR CONGRESS. THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT. THEODORE G. HUNT, of Orleans.

FOR STATE SENATOR. JOHN BLAIR SMITH, of Natchitoches.

FOR STATE ATTORNEY. JOHN E. KING, of St. Landry.

FOR STATE TREASURER. JOHN N. HAWTHORN, of Orleans.

FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF THE PUBLIC EDUCATION. A. H. LAMON, of West Baton Rouge.

MEMBER LEGISLATURE—PARISH OF ORLEANS. M. C. EDWARDS, JULES LAVERGNE.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE DISTRICT. H. M. SUMMERS, J. W. E. GRAYBELL.

SECOND REPRESENTATIVE DISTRICT. JAMES BRIDGEMAN, ROBERT M. KEARNEY.

THIRD REPRESENTATIVE DISTRICT. W. A. BARNES, J. M. WINGFIELD.

FOURTH REPRESENTATIVE DISTRICT. G. R. WILSON, M. A. FORT.

FIFTH REPRESENTATIVE DISTRICT. F. A. LUMBERG, C. M. EMERSON.

SIXTH REPRESENTATIVE DISTRICT. ALMONSTER DAVID, F. BISSON.

SEVENTH REPRESENTATIVE DISTRICT. HENRY ST. PAUL, J. NEMA DEFOUR.

EIGHTH REPRESENTATIVE DISTRICT. MOORE STARR, OSCAR DONNER.

NINTH REPRESENTATIVE DISTRICT. JAMES BROOKS, P. A. MAILLOU.

TENTH REPRESENTATIVE DISTRICT. JOHN LAIDLAW.

ELEVENTH REPRESENTATIVE DISTRICT. B. W. THOMPSON, BUFUS WAPLES.

FOR SENATOR. JAMES P. FRERET.

FOR GOVERNOR. JOHN YOUNES.

CHIEF OF COURTS. FIRST DISTRICT COURT—ALBERT ROUSSEAU.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT—ALBES C. POOLE.

THIRD DISTRICT COURT—ALBES C. POOLE.

FOURTH DISTRICT COURT—ALBES C. POOLE.

FIFTH DISTRICT COURT—ALBES C. POOLE.

SIXTH DISTRICT COURT—ALBES C. POOLE.

SEVENTH DISTRICT COURT—ALBES C. POOLE.

ELECTION—Monday, November 7, 1888.

Candidate for Congress. FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT. CHARLES GAYARRE.

FRIDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 21, 1888.

We return thanks to the Clerk of the steamer Pansy Smith for Louisville papers.

We acknowledge our indebtedness to Mr. W. A. Smith, Clerk of the steamer New Lucy, for late dates from St. Louis.

YAZOO PACKET.—By reference to the advertisement it will be seen that the steamer Planter will commence her regular trips for the season in the Yazoo river trade, on next Thursday, the 27th instant.

Attention is called to the card of Dr. James Jones, in this morning's paper, announcing his retirement from the canvass as an independent whig candidate for Congress from the Second Congressional District. The retirement of Dr. Jones was prompted by party obligations and motives of attachment to the whig cause, he having no desire to create discussion in the ranks by opposing the regular nominee. His motives are worthy of all approbation.

NOMINATION FOR CONGRESS.—Mr. Samuel Boyer Davis has been nominated as the democratic candidate for Congress from the Second Congressional District. We must confess that when no real bid for the nomination, we could not call to mind who Mr. Davis was; and it was only after some little difficulty that we were enabled to identify him with the Mr. Davis who has member of the Assistant Board of Aldermen.

Attention is called to the communication in another column, signed "Republican." We agree with the writer in his condemnation of that unworthy jealousy which would array classes and nationalities in opposition, or that would condemn the natives of any country for the accident of their birth. Ours is a free Republic, where all men are supposed to be equal, and where social distinctions should depend on the merits of individuals alone.

The paper which is referred to by our correspondent contained, last summer, a very violent and unjustifiable attack on the Sisters of Charity, which no prosecution could palliate. Although we are not of the same persuasion with the writer, we cannot avoid entertaining a sympathy with them; the more because they are unable to defend themselves.

THE GOVERNOR AND GENOS.—The Courier of yesterday, defends Mr. Genois against the inference of the Delta that if Mr. Genois was infirm in running against Mr. Ramos, Mr. Gayarre would be justified in opposing Mr. Dunbar for Congress from the First District. The Courier says in defense of Mr. Genois, that when he ran against Mr. Ramos for Recorder of the First Municipality there was no whig candidate in the field. The Courier is evidently not posted. There was a whig candidate in the field at the time referred to, and that candidate was Mr. Buisson. What then becomes of the assertion of the Courier that Mr. Genois "would have withdrawn had the whigs brought out a nominee"? Your argument, neighbor, is all in favor of the course of Mr. Gayarre, and we thank you for suggesting it.

SKINNING OF THE GEORGETOWNS.—We learn from the Clerk of the steamer Pansy Smith, that the steamer Georgetown, Capt. A. McPherson, sunk at Flower Island, 60 miles below St. Louis. She was loaded with produce from St. Louis for New Orleans. The boat is a total loss. The cargo will be partly saved in a damaged condition. No lives were lost.

MANDEVILLE MARIIGNY AND HIS P. FRERET—THE SHERIFFALTY.

In a few days the voters of the Parish of Orleans will be called to decide on the respective merits of the two gentlemen whose names are at the head of this article. In view of the near approach of the election, a few remarks relative to the respective merits of each of the candidates may not be out of place.

Of Mr. Freret, profane citizens of New Orleans will be well-known to our hands. Our business is chiefly with his opponent. Entertaining as we do that high regard for Mr. Mandeville Marigny, which is the due of every gentleman of moral standing and civil deportment, we shall in our remarks treat him with a uniform courtesy, although the facts will state may savor somewhat of offence.

It is fresh in the minds of every one that in 1851 these two gentlemen opposed each other for the same office which they are now contending, both as the candidates of the two great parties. It is also well remembered how closely party lines were drawn and how ardently the friends of each backed their pretensions. Considering the warmth of the canvass the full strength of each party was brought out and the result could not have shown other than a full and decided expression of the popular will. Mr. Freret was elected by a majority of three hundred and eighty-three votes, clearly demonstrating that he was the choice of the people.

Mr. Marigny, not contented with the verdict of the people, determined to contest the election by an appeal from the popular judgment to the decision of a court of law. We took occasion at the time freely to express our opinion of the course of Mr. Marigny, and unhesitatingly to condemn it. The reasons urged on the part of Mr. Marigny for contesting the election of Mr. Freret were, as we expressed it at the time, unfounded and frivolous; for information sake at certain points where Mr. Freret's formalities were practiced in fact the same formalities were practiced at the residence where the majorities were for Mr. Marigny. Kneading the votes at the different precincts where formalities were practiced, Mr. Marigny found himself in precisely the same predicament in which he was after counting all the votes cast in the parish. A judgment of the First District Court confirmed this view of the case, and finally, after the most vexatious delays, Mr. Freret was finally installed in an office to which he had been elected by the free suffrages of the people more than a month before.

The act was an injustice to Mr. Freret, inasmuch as it deprived him of the emoluments of the office during several weeks, all the fees of which, during that time, fell into the hands of General Lewis, then incumbent. It was an insult to the intelligence of the people, to whom appeal in such a place had been made, and who, after a consideration of the merits of the two candidates, had set the seal of their unqualified approval upon Mr. Freret. Not only this, but the indignity of an injustice, as by keeping Mr. Freret's office out of his post, thereby depriving his enemies an opportunity to impute to him the motive of intending to injure Mr. Freret for the advantage of General Lewis. These charges were made at the time, and we infer that the impression of them is entirely eradicated from your mind.

By his conduct in the matter referred to, Mr. Marigny showed his utter disregard of the verdict of the people by attempting against their expressed wish, to get himself placed in an office over them, which by their solemn decision they had declared another should fill. With what grace then, can he now come before the tribunal of public opinion and ask a decision which there is no assurance that he will be content to abide by? How can he solicit the votes of those for whom opinion his actions have declared he has no certain respect? We must mistake the sentiments of this intelligent public, if they will be content to lay at the feet of Mr. Marigny the compliment of their suffrages, being doubtful, as they may well be, whether he will accept it with thanks or spurn it with contempt!

THE NATURALIZATION FRAUDS.

A stern word of indignation has been raised against us for having dared to call public attention to the unusual proceedings carried on in the Sixth District Court, by which some scores of persons are being daily invested with all the rights and privileges of citizenship. We have stated that testimony of the qualifications of applicants was being irregularly taken, inasmuch as certain of the applicants who do not understand a word of our language have taken the oath translated to them without having the oath translated—have been questioned and have given their answers through the medium of a translator who was not sworn as such. We have stated that applicants have been taught to commit to memory the answers necessary to be made, and that some of the witnesses in attendance in the Sixth District Court to prove the identity of persons indiscriminately, without regard to previous acquaintance with them, are persons of notoriously bad character, who have been proven to have been perjured in parallel instances heretofore. We have also stated that naturalization papers when made out, instead of being handed to the persons whose citizenship they establish, have been handed over to the possession of an officer of the State, (having nothing to do with the Court,) who with unblushing effrontery sat there to receive them. We have stated further, that attempts have been made to suborn persons to commit perjury in that Court. All these charges can be established by the affidavits of respectable persons, who are ready to make the requisite oath when the occasion shall demand it.

Police Officers used by the city to do the city service, are in constant attendance in the Sixth District Court, acting as witnesses for the identification of applicants. That they are there with the knowledge of those by whom they are employed, and that their purposes are evil. An anonymous scribbler in the Delta of yesterday has taken offence at our course on this subject and has made it the subject of a column of invective as ridiculous as it is unfounded in its conclusions. He unblushingly tells us "the opinion was expressed by some persons that the editor of the Crescent should be arrested and called to account for contempt of Court!" He designates it, too, as "a contempt that was very apparent." If by "contempt" the writer means a want of respect for the proceedings of a Court that are without precedent in the history of jurisprudence, we are surely amenable to the charge. Indeed we know of but few shaming men who, under this definition of a contempt, could be sure of their liberties for an hour.

We have heard of some entertainers of high regard for General Anagnost, who is the presiding Judge of the Sixth District Court, and in the face of the facts were charitable to suppose that he had become truant in the law. We certainly displayed great ignorance if he contemplated that his authority to arrest for contempt extended beyond the limits of his Court. There is an audacity and presumption in the bare suggestion that a citizen may be arrested on a suggestion of contempt of Court for expressions uttered in the course of a trial, which might throw in the shade the bloody carnivals of the Spanish Inquisition. Without further considering a matter so utterly preposterous, it is certain that fraud

LOCAL MATTERS.

FIRE.—A fire occurred about 12 o'clock yesterday in the rear of the house No. 124 Old Levee. Not much damage done.

AN EYE.—An incredible number of affidavits, preferring trivial charges, are every day filed in the several police Courts; and in the majority of cases no prosecution appears when the day fixed for examination arrives. The officers of the city are not to be occupied for nothing. If an offence committed by a citizen is not to deserve the full punishment the law can afford, no prosecution, of course, ought to be commenced; and when a prosecution is commenced for an alleged offence, it should be carried through, and certainly the machinery of the law should not be made the instrument of gratifying personal malice or a momentary impulse of anger. When a deposition is entered charging an offence, and the arrest made, the complainant should be compelled to enter into an obligation of some sort to come forward at the time appointed and urge the prosecution. There might perhaps be some strong objections to such an arrangement, but it is plain that it would exclude much frivolous and useless litigation and thus facilitate the operations of justice.

Can a Man Hold Two Offices at Once?

Members, I have read in your issue of the 17th inst. an article in your valuable journal, entitled, "Can a man hold two offices at once?" The question is raised in relation to the State Legislature, which is holding office. I find upon looking over the democratic ticket, that the following gentlemen holding office under the Federal Government are candidates of them for Congress—1889.

Handwritten list of names and offices.

Answer to the query of our correspondent. We are certain that no one can hold more than one office of trust and profit under the Government at the same time. Whether, in the event of their election, the persons above named would be eligible to seats, is questionable. If the terms of the offices to which they are elected date from the moment of their election, they would not be eligible, because under the terms of the Constitution they could not hold a second office, not being divested of the first. We think their safest course would be to resign before the election. [Delta Crescent]

RECORDED WINTON'S COURT—First District.

W. D. Rader yesterday entered a deposition before this Court against Pat. Moore and James Walsh, charging them with attacking him on St. Peter street on Wednesday night last, knocking him down, beating and kicking him, and with the intent of taking his life. Money was arrested and held to bail in the sum of \$500. A warrant was issued for the arrest of Walsh.

RECORDED RAMOS' COURT—Second District.

Mangel Lopez was sworn before the First District Court under a charge of assault and battery, preferred by a master with whom he is employed, and believed to be a native of the State. Lopez was arrested and held to bail in the sum of \$500. A warrant was issued for the arrest of Lopez.

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New Clothing.

N. C. FOLGER, DEALER IN CLOTHING. WINTER AND FALL CLOTHING. The advertiser has received, by express, a fresh lot of the very latest styles. He is at all times ready to offer to the public a well varied assortment of goods, at his stock of CLOTHING is constantly renewed by every arrival of seasonable goods from New York.

60 VALUABLE ENGLISH BOOKS. [London Editions.] THE EPIDEMIC TO OBER. THE CLOTHING DEPOT. ALGER MUNROE & CO. MAGAZINE STORE, Corner of Gravier.

New Books.

105 CANAL STREET. THE NATURAL HISTORY OF HALICHTHUS. THE POLITICAL AND MILITARY HISTORY OF THE CAMPAIGN OF WATERLOO. LORENZO BENONI, or, Progress in the Life of an Italian. By a Priest.

To Females.

THE FEMALE MANAGER. Female are subject to many peculiar ailments, which are not generally understood. It is necessary to have a full and complete knowledge of the system of the female, and to be able to detect and cure the various diseases to which she is liable.

NEW ARTICLES OF OIL CLOTH.

OIL CLOTHS, with new patterns, and in great variety. OIL CLOTHS, with new patterns, and in great variety. OIL CLOTHS, with new patterns, and in great variety.

Shirts! Shirts! Shirts!!!

LEIGHTON & CO. We have just received a large stock of the following: WHITE AND BLUE SHIRTS, WHITE AND BLUE SHIRTS, WHITE AND BLUE SHIRTS.

Rich Curtains Goods.

WE have just received a very large assortment of the following: RICH CURTAIN GOODS, RICH CURTAIN GOODS, RICH CURTAIN GOODS.

Wall Paper Hangings.

WE have just received a large stock of the following: WALL PAPER HANGINGS, WALL PAPER HANGINGS, WALL PAPER HANGINGS.

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ETC.—The Suburban.

WE have just received a large stock of the following: DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ETC.—The Suburban. DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ETC.—The Suburban.

New Fall Goods.

GIQUEL & JAMISON, 18 Chartres street. WE have just received, by express, a fresh lot of the very latest styles. He is at all times ready to offer to the public a well varied assortment of goods, at his stock of CLOTHING is constantly renewed by every arrival of seasonable goods from New York.

REMOVED. WE have just received a large stock of the following: REMOVED, REMOVED, REMOVED.

Plantation Clothing.

GENERAL DEPOT OF PLANTATION CLOTHING. WE have just received a large stock of the following: PLANTATION CLOTHING, PLANTATION CLOTHING, PLANTATION CLOTHING.

Boots, Shoes and Brogans.

WE have just received a large stock of the following: BOOTS, SHOES AND BROGANS, BOOTS, SHOES AND BROGANS, BOOTS, SHOES AND BROGANS.

Day and Boarding School.

CONDUCTED BY MRS. M. B. DIMITRY. WE have just received a large stock of the following: DAY AND BOARDING SCHOOL, DAY AND BOARDING SCHOOL, DAY AND BOARDING SCHOOL.

"Remember the Orphan."

WE have just received a large stock of the following: "REMEMBER THE ORPHAN," "REMEMBER THE ORPHAN," "REMEMBER THE ORPHAN."

Swell T. Taylor.

WE have just received a large stock of the following: SWELL T. TAYLOR, SWELL T. TAYLOR, SWELL T. TAYLOR.

To the Ladies.

MADAM LATEN. WE have just received a large stock of the following: TO THE LADIES, TO THE LADIES, TO THE LADIES.

Dr. Edw. Jenner Cox.

WE have just received a large stock of the following: DR. EDW. JENNER COX, DR. EDW. JENNER COX, DR. EDW. JENNER COX.

Various small advertisements and notices on the right margin.