

- FOR CONGRESS: THEODORE G. HUNT, of Orleans. PRESTON POND, Jr., of East Feliciana. JOHN BLAIR SMITH, of Natchitoches. JOHN E. KING, of St. Landry. JOHN S. HAWTHORN, of Orleans. A. H. LAMON, of West Baton Rouge. STATE LEGISLATURE: M. C. EDWARDS, JULES LAYZERONE. FOR REPRESENTATIVE DISTRICTS: H. M. SUMMERS, JAMES EDMONDSON, J. H. WINFIELD, DR. SAMUEL HARRY, OUYATE LE BLANC, ALPHONSE DAVIL, J. B. DIONIS, LOUIS SUBRU, ROBERT STARS, JAMES HOOKER, JOHN LAIDLAW, S. W. THOMPSON, JAMES P. FERRETT, JOHN TOUENES.

Independent Candidate for Congress. CHARLES GAYARRI.

FRIDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 4, 1853.

WHEREABOUTS?

The New York Express, with a profigious comprehensiveness of interrogation, asks, "The South—where is it?" "And who answers," "where?" Or, if echo won't, we must, for her. It is certainly her business so to reply; but it she holds her tongue, we won't. We suspect, besides, that we can afford the Express not only the useful information which it asks, but quite as much as satisfactory intelligence of the Southern whereabouts and whatabouts, as echo or any other voice of democracy or what not, that by way of instruction repeats what it has heard, can give.

And, first, as to the Express's "where." The South, we can assure it, down here, generally, at the end of what is called the Union, and is yet so by the courtesy of the secessionists; opposite to that other extreme which is geographically and politically, by situation, manners, morals, and various distinctions of follies and freaks, known as the North. Our own particular part of it is here on the Gulf of Mexico, where, rolling down a vast commerce over swags which strict construction insists on keeping, the great Father of Waters disembogues through sugar plantations, that are only such by the help of the tariff, which we want to cast off, and the delayed annexation of Cuba, for which we are intensely anxious. For we long to be reduced to the cultivation of cotton, in order that, by helping with our rich soil its present over production, we may lower the price of that staple and oblige our beloved friends in the Carolinas, Georgia, Tennessee and Alabama, to grow nothing but corn, sweet potatoes, and goose-peas, and sell us that immoral property, their negroes, or set them free. For we are passionate admirers of the great democratic doctrine of Universal Equality, and ardently attached to the Rights of Man.

So much for our geographical position. As to our historical, we live on the land which Mr. Jefferson bought of Bonaparte (he avers in violation of the Constitution and his oath; but no matter; 'twas a very profitable purchase; and, as to the perjury, it is only that is to suffer for that) with all its inhabitants; by way, no doubt, of proving the truth of his own high principle, that people have a right to choose their own government, and can't be bought and sold by the herd, like cattle. Further, we are just about the spot where Old Hickory whipped the British, and a good while after driving them away, imprisoned legislators and "shopped" judges. We are, however, further from the scene where Taylor and Scott performed a great many of the former kind of exploits, but none of the latter: so that their names are far less bright and beautiful than his. If the Express insists on yet more precise topography, we inhabit in the region which is renowned for the Plaquemine frauds and where arrangements are now on foot for yet greater. For the Express should be aware that there are two things which are infinitely precious in the sight of heaven-born and high-principled lookeefers: first, that immortal part of us, our reputation; our good-name as a city and a people; secondly, the purity and probity of elections, the integrity and fairness with which shall be exercised the people's great and sacred function and right of choosing their own agents. Who but villains would attempt to steal it from them?

But now we must come to the South's whatabout. That is a little various. In the wise land of our own three-fortunate editorial property, they are still building up a towering prepossession and strength on the Resolutions of Ninety-Eight. If they ever come to find out that those men, they will not only beat that astute guesser, Calpurn, hollow, but conquer the world with that triumphant solution of all that has puzzled it the most. The Ancient Dominion, in short, is still laboring at its old destructive vocations of Tobacco and President-making. By-and-by, its soil will produce nothing but Politics. These spring up all over its old fields; a beautiful crop of Abstractions, somewhat more worthless than the ground they grow upon, and even when gone to rotteness, don't manure it. Virginia is, just now, delighted with President Jackson. 'Till he feel her leaders with Madison's Resolutions and their want. By the last estimates, not more than one-half the offices at Washington were filled by Virginians; which is pretty well, considering their instinctive dread of the Federal Government.

GOV. HEBERT AND THE STATE BONDS.

By an act of the Legislature to provide the means necessary for the relief of the Treasury of the State, dated the 20th of April last, Gov. Paul O. Hebert was authorized to issue bonds for the total amount of seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars, in sums of five hundred dollars each, bearing interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually on the first of January and first of July of each year. The Governor was required forthwith to invite proposals, by publication in the State paper and other papers within and without the State, for six months, for the purchase of said bonds.

Gov. Hebert did not forthwith invite proposals by publication for the sale of the bonds; for the Governor is a man of leisurely habits, and is not in a hurry about anything; but postponed the publication, so that the sale of them did not take place until the 18th of July last. At that date they were purchased by Messrs. Corning & Co., who stood ready to lay down the cash whenever the Governor should be prepared to furnish them with the proper evidences of the State's indebtedness, to wit: the bonds. But Governor Hebert was not ready with these—consequences of which, after having briefly glanced at it, we will proceed to tell the reason why.

When the bonds were sold to Messrs. Corning & Co., they immediately placed the money to the order of the State authorities, and the liability of the State attached. Interest began to run at that date on the whole amount of the bonds, amounting to a fraction over a hundred and twenty-three thousand dollars a day. But the State had no money to show for all this commencing interest. And why? Mr. Hebert was not ready to deliver the bonds; and Messrs. Corning & Co. were not willing to put down the cash without some evidences by which they might exact payment. They wanted the bonds. But, many will inquire, why did not the Governor deliver the printed bonds to Corning & Co. and receive the seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars? To use the language of a learned counsellor of the city, that is the "pint" to which we would direct attention.

It was only about three weeks ago that the Governor commenced issuing the bonds, the State in the mean time losing about \$123,800 a day. The loan was intended to relieve the State of pressing liabilities which were all the while bearing interest. Why Governor Hebert did not furnish the bonds to Corning & Co., to receive the money which was placed at his disposal—and which the State was paying interest for three months—and relieve the public Treasury of the liabilities on which it was also paying interest, is the question we wish to solve.

The reasons of the delay, as we are credibly informed of them, are truly ludicrous, and but little creditable to the high position of Governor of the State. The postponement proceeded from a ridiculous vanity on the part of the Governor, who was particularly ambitious to have his likeness on the bonds. To accomplish this, an engraver in Philadelphia was set to work, who vexed the Governor by great delays. Repeated letters and telegraphic messages announced to the engraver that the Governor was growing impatient, and that it was highly essential that the bonds should be completed, likeness and all, to serve vouchers against the State and to delight the eyes of Corning & Co. by the comely presentation of the living majesty of Louisiana. But still time passed, and nothing could be heard of the hands, nor of the engraver, nor of the Governor's likeness. Days sped apace and the Governor grew nervous in the extreme. That very important question often awakened his doubts, as to whether his gubernatorial limitations should grace the engraved evidences of the State's ability to borrow, or be fated as of old, only to be reflected in his native duck pond. The Governor doubtless agonized greatly in his state of extreme dubitation. But time, which cures all sorrows, brought relief to the Governor, accompanied with the intelligence that the thing had been done that was to spread wide the semblance of his gubernatorial countenance, and to illuminate with his features the vaults of Corning & Co. The engraver inscribed a writing, which was duly sent on, informing the State authorities that the engravings had been finished, and that their completion had only been delayed on account of the great difficulty in obtaining a correct likeness of the Governor.

All this looks very strange. It is strange that any man who has been thought worthy to be Governor of the State should have been actuated by such a ridiculous vanity; and it is still stranger that he should have thought the gratification of that vanity worth to the State the large sum of one hundred and twenty-three thousand dollars a day for sixty or ninety days—that sum, added up, being the amount which the Governor's face has cost in hard cash to the public treasury.

A Voter.—The communication signed "A Voter," which appeared in the Crescent yesterday, represents Mr. W. L. Crane as having voted for the bill reported by Mr. Meade, Chairman of the Finance Committee, increasing the tax on professions, &c. We have examined the Journal of the House, and find that Mr. Crane voted against the bill. We believe, therefore, he assures us that the correspondent is right in his facts as to all the other details; but wrong as to him, for that he opposed the tax, upon just the reasons urged by our correspondent with some other reasons of his (Mr. C.'s) own.

Answers to Correspondents.—We have received a well written communication from "B. M.," which, for obvious reasons, we are compelled to decline.

Returned.—Among the recent arrivals from the North we have had the pleasure of meeting with Colonel C. R. West, who, in his absence, was nominated by the Whig Convention for the First Congressional District, and re-elected, and prepared to do good service in the cause.

THE TRUE DEMOCRAT.—This is the title of an independent democratic paper, issued "occasionally" under the editorial management of Junius Smith. The Courier of yesterday speaks of it thus: "The thing is plainly of whig manufacture, and is so clumsily got up that it can deceive nobody." We cannot agree with that Courier that it is "clumsily got up;" but, on the contrary, regard its leading article as a very ably written document. The Courier pretends that it is "of whig manufacture;" but the editor of that paper and Mr. John Slidell are both probably aware of got it up, and the author is one of the ablest members of the disaffected branch of their party.

LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

TO THE NEW ORLEANS DAILY CRESCENT. By the National Mail. NEW YORK MARKETS. New York, November 2. There is a full market in this market, and in-day's sales embracing 2000 bales. Prices steady. Lard is heavy, with sales of 1000 at 57 1/2, and of Prime at 53 1/2 per barrel.

APPROPRIATION IN LOUISIANA. LOUISIANA, November 2. Matthew F. Ward, author of "English Notes" this morning took Professor William Butler for his own. The wound is pronounced dangerous. The cause of the difficulty was the chastisement by Butler of a small brother of Ward, who was a pupil in the Professor's school.

THE RIVER IS NOW FALLING, WITH 4 FEET 8 INCHES WATER IN THE CHANNEL. The river has risen 2 feet higher during the past twenty-four hours, and is still rising.

THE RIVER IS RISING AGAIN. The steamboats Norma and J. S. Chenoweth have departed for New Orleans.

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New Clothing. N. C. FOLGER.

DEALER IN CLOTHING. Wholesale and Retail. No. 17 and 19 1/2 Levee, corner of Customhouse St.

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R. B. SYKES AUCTION SALES.

SAURDAY, November 5, at 10 o'clock, will be sold at the Auction Room, 11 Magazine street, for account of the late Mrs. M. S. Sykes, a quantity of fine, heavy, elegant, and useful furniture, including a bed room, parlor, and dining room furniture, &c. &c. Catalogue on application.

FRIDAY, November 4, at 4 o'clock, will be sold at the Auction Room, 11 Magazine street, for account of the late Mrs. M. S. Sykes, a quantity of fine, heavy, elegant, and useful furniture, including a bed room, parlor, and dining room furniture, &c. &c. Catalogue on application.

SAURDAY, November 5, at 10 o'clock, will be sold at the Auction Room, 11 Magazine street, for account of the late Mrs. M. S. Sykes, a quantity of fine, heavy, elegant, and useful furniture, including a bed room, parlor, and dining room furniture, &c. &c. Catalogue on application.

OUR JOB OFFICE. The undersigned has the honor to announce that he has established a new and complete printing office, in the city of New Orleans, under the management of Mr. J. B. Smith, and is prepared to execute in the most perfect manner, and in the most expeditious manner, all orders for printing, including the printing of books, pamphlets, and all other works of the press.

House Furnishing Store. MILLER, HARRIS & WALDO. 78 and 79 Camp Street. The undersigned have the honor to announce that they have established a new and complete house furnishing store, in the city of New Orleans, under the management of Mr. J. B. Smith, and is prepared to execute in the most perfect manner, and in the most expeditious manner, all orders for furnishing a house, including the purchase of furniture, carpets, and all other articles of the household.

Removal. The undersigned have the honor to announce that they have removed their office to the new address of No. 11 Magazine street, in the city of New Orleans, and are prepared to execute in the most perfect manner, and in the most expeditious manner, all orders for printing, including the printing of books, pamphlets, and all other works of the press.

Day and Boarding School. FOR YOUNG LADIES. CONDUCTED BY MISS M. D. DIMITRY. This school is established in the city of New Orleans, and is prepared to receive young ladies of all ages, and to furnish them with a liberal and useful education, including the study of the French and English languages, music, and all other branches of female education.

Dr. Edw. Jenner Cox. Druggist, No. 75 Camp St. Dr. Edw. Jenner Cox, Druggist, No. 75 Camp St. Dr. Edw. Jenner Cox, Druggist, No. 75 Camp St. Dr. Edw. Jenner Cox, Druggist, No. 75 Camp St.

Dr. F. Smith, Dentist. 115 St. Charles Street. Dr. F. Smith, Dentist, 115 St. Charles Street. Dr. F. Smith, Dentist, 115 St. Charles Street. Dr. F. Smith, Dentist, 115 St. Charles Street.

Charles E. Kells, Dentist. 115 St. Charles Street. Charles E. Kells, Dentist, 115 St. Charles Street. Charles E. Kells, Dentist, 115 St. Charles Street. Charles E. Kells, Dentist, 115 St. Charles Street.

City Bank of Cahoon & Co. 85 Camp Street. City Bank of Cahoon & Co., 85 Camp Street. City Bank of Cahoon & Co., 85 Camp Street. City Bank of Cahoon & Co., 85 Camp Street.

Exchange Bank, 28 Camp Street. Exchange Bank, 28 Camp Street. Exchange Bank, 28 Camp Street. Exchange Bank, 28 Camp Street.

60 Camp Street, 60. NEW PUBLICATIONS.

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NEWS OF THE CITY.

NEWS OF THE CITY. YANKEE DOODLE.—A grand parade and general review will be held yesterday afternoon under the auspices of General Lewis and Palfrey. It was quite a full turnout of the citizen soldiery, and reflected much credit upon their state of discipline and the condition of their arms.

NEWS OF THE CITY. RECORDED WINTER'S COURT.—First District. Mrs. Moushian was arraigned before this Court yesterday on the charge of attacking Mrs. Sheehan, at her residence on Magazine street, breaking the peace. Mrs. Sheehan's head, and a great portion of her knee-holed furniture, were broken to pieces. The defendant was fined \$100, and her costs were \$50.

NEWS OF THE CITY. RECORDED WINTER'S COURT.—Second District. A. W. Hannon was arraigned in this Court yesterday on the charge of attacking Mrs. Sheehan, at her residence on Magazine street, breaking the peace. Mrs. Sheehan's head, and a great portion of her knee-holed furniture, were broken to pieces. The defendant was fined \$100, and her costs were \$50.

NEWS OF THE CITY. RECORDED WINTER'S COURT.—Third District. A. W. Hannon was arraigned in this Court yesterday on the charge of attacking Mrs. Sheehan, at her residence on Magazine street, breaking the peace. Mrs. Sheehan's head, and a great portion of her knee-holed furniture, were broken to pieces. The defendant was fined \$100, and her costs were \$50.

NEWS OF THE CITY. RECORDED WINTER'S COURT.—Fourth District. A. W. Hannon was arraigned in this Court yesterday on the charge of attacking Mrs. Sheehan, at her residence on Magazine street, breaking the peace. Mrs. Sheehan's head, and a great portion of her knee-holed furniture, were broken to pieces. The defendant was fined \$100, and her costs were \$50.

NEWS OF THE CITY. RECORDED WINTER'S COURT.—Fifth District. A. W. Hannon was arraigned in this Court yesterday on the charge of attacking Mrs. Sheehan, at her residence on Magazine street, breaking the peace. Mrs. Sheehan's head, and a great portion of her knee-holed furniture, were broken to pieces. The defendant was fined \$100, and her costs were \$50.