THE DAILY CRESCENT.

THURSDAY MORNING, MARCH 23, 1854.

LIBERALITY.

We thank the Courier of yesterday for copying what it comments upon, in our article of the preceding day. There can be little fairness in treating an adversary in any other manner. We ourselves do it, wherever justice requires it, and often do it at no little inconvenience. When we attack any one, we always desire to let our readers judge for themselves of the grounds we have, and not to shut out of court the party we arraign. Meanwhile, we are always glad to see ourselves copied, by friend or foe. If we did not want to be read, we know our own convenience sufficiently to avoid writing. When we took up our profession, it was not (like some of our brothers) for the purpose of not having nor of hiding our opinions. As editors, "we shun no question and we wear no mask."

In quoting us at large, the Courier prefaces us as follows:

THE INDEPENDENT TICKET AND NATIVEISM. We have more than once asserted that the "Independent" ticket was got up by a clique of Whigs, Nativists and "Know-Nothings." This has been denied by several Whig papers. By way of showing that we did not speak at random, we call the attention of our readers to the following article from the Crescent of yesterday morning. The Crescent is one of the strongest Whig papers in this city, and, withal, a warm supporter of the "Independent," or "Know-Nothing" ticket. We call the attention of all our fellow-citizens of foreign birth to the following extracts from the leading article which appeared yesterday morning in the columns of the Crescent.

Now, what the Courier says is all the natural argument of those who have no better. The Courier has no solid objections to the Independents; but as it dislikes their object, however right, and would have no Reform, however necessary, at the price of endangering what it thinks a far higher object—its party control of this city—it reasons with odious names, and overlooks plain facts.

The first and far the most decisive of these facts—one much too strong for all that the Courier, or any body else can bring against it—is that our city government has, for the persons composing it and for the objects which supremely occupy it, degenerated into a paltry cabal of spoilsmen, who, under pretence of governing New Orleans, are really engaged in but a farce of doing us good, while their only serious thought is electioneering, and wasting the city revenues in buying up party adherents and serving federal politicians, instead of this community, of which they discard the wants and sacrifice the interests. There can be found no man indifferent alike to Whigism and Democracy, who will not say that this is really so. As little can there be found any respectable and intelligent Democrat who will attempt to deny that our city government is strictly as to persons and largely as to things, a mere party government and controlled, all the while, by party objects, in a great part of what it does or omits. Consequently, it is abusing and violating its trust, continually; and consequently, again, it does us but little good and a vast deal of harm.

That all this is, as we say, undeniable, is sufficiently clenched by the fact that we have challenged the Courier to deny, if it could, what we assert—1st, "That Federal Politics have nothing to do with our city government;" 2d, "That the introduction of Federal parties and politics into our city government has been most pernicious to it." We know that the candor of the Courier could not permit it to answer by a direct denial of these assertions; and we foretold, therefore, that it would not answer them. Accordingly, it has not done so, nor will do so. So we have a plain right to take these facts as undeniable and admitted.

This being so, how stands the case? It stands confessed *first*, that our city government by party is a plague and a nuisance: *Secondly*, that all honest and sensible men should join in curing that plague, abating that nuisance: *Thirdly*, that such—democrats like the Courier, whigs like ourself, Independents, Know-nothings, Irish, Germans, Catholics, Protestants, and, in a word, all who are not willing to see our city and ourselves uselessly and senselessly sacrificed to political party, with which they have no business—may perfectly well act together, for that great end; nay, ought to do so. What in the world is there to hinder us from doing so, if we be true men and good citizens? There is no political, no religious question at stake; none of where a man was born or not born: the sole and single question is, whether or not we are all of us, whigs, democrats, Protestants, Catholics, native citizens, adopted citizens, Independents, Know-nothings, Stove-Pipers, Brickbatters, to go to pot together, in order that Stephen O'Leary the Great and his backers may continue to live and misrule at the public expense, until New-Orleans shall become a Babel and desolation?

This being the only real question, we implore our friend of the Courier to return to it. Nay, we heartily invite it to do just as we are doing and strike for the common cause, along with whoever will lift his honest weapon for it. Surely we are just as little as the Courier willing to combine with anybody against the just rights of any of our fellow-citizens. We never were and never will be a party to any such thing; and the Courier, we are sure, is too personally fair and gentlemanly to doubt our sincerity, which it has seen to be invariable. Let it, we say, join with us and lend its strength to accomplish the great yet easy and simple reform of banishing from our city government party politics and politicians, its bane, its canker, its shame, its curse, its mere insanity. The Courier is not more opposed to secret societies than we are. For instance, when applied to, to join the Know-Nothings, we answered "that they were said to have secret objects: that we have none: that when they were ready to come out openly on any question like us, we would stand by them, if we liked their doctrines: that we were in favor of all good citizens, Irish, German, or what not, and opposed to taking away any of their rights from them, but equally opposed to letting the bad ones lord it over us: that we liked the Catholic and all other Christian sects: and that we were very willing to fight with them against every thing bad in Government, but only in the open field." Now, is there anything in this which need be a bar to the Courier's joining us? We hope not: we trust that it does not prefer that pearl of policemen, the immaculate and infinitable O'Leary, who was, no doubt the original Stephen of that celebrated and most affecting song,

> Oh gain! don't trust Stephen!
> Stephen's so deceivin',
> That him there's no believin'!
> Never trust in Stephen!

We noticed among the arrivals at the St. Charles yesterday that of General G. J. Pillow, of Tennessee, and General John A. Quitman, of Mississippi.

ORLEANS THEATRE.—To-night at the Orleans Theatre will be performed Halevy's opera of "The Jewess," in which Messrs. Genibrel, Bordas, Lacroix, and Mesdames Bertini and Berton will appear. The occasion will be for the benefit of Mons. Bordas.

ITALIAN OPERA.—On Friday night will be presented Lonizetti's opera of *Lucia di Lammermoor*, in which Mesdame Rose Devries will sustain the part of *Lucia*. This, we understand, will be the last night but one of her appearance here. Between the first and second acts of *Lucia*, will be given the celebrated music scene from *La Figlia di Reggimento*, the part of *Maria* by Madame Sontag.

THE BLACK WARRIOR CASE.

The President's Message to Congress on this matter will be found in one of our outside columns; together with our Havana Consul's narrative of the case. It appears to be a moderate and just statement of the American side of the affair.

It will not, however, escape the reader's attention that it was accompanied by two probably important documents (a letter of the Captain-General and another of the Intendent or Collector) which ought to have been printed with it, as they no doubt contain the Spanish view of the question.

It must be remarked, also, that, in the Consul's narrative, the important fact appears that the British steamers have *never* enjoyed the exemption now claimed for ours. The very contrary has been clamorously asserted, it is now clear without any foundation. Our Consul had at first adopted the assertion; but has now ascertained the contrary. It is a point which seems to us almost decisive of the case.

The measure for redress which the President's message intimates that he has taken no doubt consists in sending off the Princeton with instructions to Mr. Soulé to press for reparation and to urge afresh that power shall be delegated to the Captain-General to treat with us directly, in all such cases. Were this granted, it would be giving that officer a sort a Kingly prerogative.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Correspondence of the New Orleans Crescent.

WASHINGTON, March 15, 1854.

I alluded very cursorily in my letter of Monday to the personal affair, in the House, between Messrs. Hunt and Lane. This has been the subject of a great deal of conversation in political circles here, and the uniform opinion expressed, so far as I can learn, is highly commendable to your representative. Mr. Lane plumes himself upon his services in the Mexican campaign, and has put on airs that do not wear well here, however they may have made a hero of him at his home. The lesson he has received from Col. Hunt will probably improve his deportment. A full report of what passed, which is rather too extended for my letter, will be found in Tuesday's evening Globe.

The Senate to-day passed the bill, introduced sometime since, providing for a retired list of the Army. It is doubtful whether the House will concur in this measure, as the present majority in this body is more than usually radical.

Mr. Foot, of Vermont, concluded his speech in support of his colleague's right to sit with him until the Legislature of his State elect a successor, but as the Senate was thin no vote was taken.

At an early hour the Senate passed into Executive session to consider the Gadsden treaty.

No response has yet been given by the President to the inquiry concerning the case of the Black Warrior, but the Cabinet have had the subject before them, and a conclusion *had* been arrived at which information subsequently received may modify. The President, so says the Star this evening, will ask Congress to empower him to enforce reparation.

The House has spent the day in Committee of the Whole listening to speeches on what you every truly term the "pes ilent Nobraska bill." The Richmond Enquirer has "pronounced" against the bill in its present "emasculated" shape with "squatter sovereignty and Badger proviso." Quite a number of the Virginia members are likely to go with their monitor.

The city is all alive to hear from New Hampshire; the latest telegraphic accounts make it doubtful, with probabilities for the President.

Yesterday Mr. Slidell introduced two resolutions in the Senate, which were read amidst such confusion that I could not catch their purport: they were as follows, to wit:

The first, directing the Committee on Commerce to inquire into the expediency of making appropriations for buoys or beacons to mark the channels through Atchafalaya, Cote Blanco and Vermilion Bays; also for the erection of lighthouses on Raccoon Point in the Parish of Terrebonne, and at or near Proctorsville in the Parish of St. Bernard; also to inquire into the expediency of removing the Custom-house from Franklin to Pattersonville in the Parish of St. Mary's. The second, directing the Committee on Military Affairs to inquire into the expediency of an appropriation for a fortification at or near Proctorsville, Parish of St. Bernard.

Those of your citizens who are interested in the several bills donating lands in Louisiana for railroad purposes, must not be disheartened by the action of the House in the two cases already decided; unless, as in these cases, there are parties among you ready to be telegraphed to come on here and lobby against their passage.

CHRONICLER.

WASHINGTON, March 16, 1854.

After some unimportant morning business the Senate again recurred to the question of Mr. Phelps's claim to a seat. This subject, involving no controversy about facts, had been decided some time ago, by a sort of private canvass, but more recently it was thought that some Senators had undergone a change of opinion on the constitutional points involved in the case, but the result proved otherwise. There was but a scanty attendance, and when the final vote was taken it was necessary to drum up a quorum, very few of which sustained Mr. Phelps. A resolution was adopted allowing him his mileage and per diem to this date. The Legislature of Vermont does not meet again until October, so that for this session that State will be only partially represented in the Senate.

In the House Mr. Giddings moved a reconsideration of the vote by which the message of the President, relative to the Black Warrior (sent in late yesterday), was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs. Mr. G. attempted to show that no case of outrage could be made out against the Cuban authorities, and in the course of his speech alluded to a statement he had read in some newspaper.

Mr. Jones, of La., interrupted Mr. G. to deny the statement, and "did not believe that he (Mr. G.) had seen any such statement."

Mr. Giddings replied sharply to this piece of rudeness and refused to yield the floor to Mr. J.

Mr. Bayly, of Va., answered the argument of the "free democrat" from Ohio, and highly lauded the President for the position he had taken in the premises.

The motion to reconsider was of course rejected, (having been made only to hang a speech on) and the House went into Committee of the Whole on the Deficiency bill.

In reference to the Cuba difficulty I may say that, upon the state of the case which we have, there is very little difference of opinion to the President's message—its tone is generally approved. You, no doubt, have more detailed information of the circumstances in this case than is possessed here; but to us it seems almost incredible that such fatuity should exist among the Spanish authorities as marks their conduct in this matter. They have certainly put strong weapons into the hands of Filibusters. The N. Y. Herald is already upon them with the cry that now is the time, while France and England are engaged with Russia, for us to look after Cuba; and what the Herald puts, without shame, into print, is doubtless the cherished idea of many less willing to avow it.

Mr. Speaker Boyd has been generally unfortunate in his selection of Committees. Mr. Breckenridge, of Ky., will probably manage to pilot the Deficiency bill through, but there is a sad want of harmony in the democratic majority, large as it is, with regard to most legislative measures; the defeat of everything but the Homestead bill, thus far, and nearly four months of the session gone, shows plainly enough that the House wants confidence in its Committees.

Mr. Gwin has reported to the Senate, the Pacific Railroad bill, from the Select Committee of that body; but where minor enterprises fail what hope can be entertained for this. There is a good chance for log-rolling.

CHRONICLER.

ODD FELLOWS' HALL.—To-night at Odd Fellows' Hall will be performed Rossini's grand oratorio of the *Stabat Mater* by Madame Sontag and Madame Devries, assisted by the force of the entire Italian opera company. Madame Sontag will also sing selections from the *Messiah* and *Creation*. This strong bill is one which will doubtless attract a large audience.

QUICK PASSAGE.—The Baltimore American of the 16th says: The bark Hugh Birkhead, Captain Hudgins, arrived below on Tuesday, having made the passage from New Orleans in six days—the quickest passage, it is believed, ever made. She reported her own clearance from New Orleans, the Captain having arrived here in advance of the letter mailed at New Orleans on the 7th, and announcing that fact.

LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

TO THE NEW ORLEANS DAILY CRESCENT.

By the Southern Line.

EASTERN MAIL.

MOBILE, March 22.—The Eastern mail has arrived, bringing dates from New York of the evening of the 10th and morning of the 17th instant.

MOBILE COTTON MARKET.

MOBILE, March 22.—There was a good demand for Cotton yesterday, with sales of 3000 bales, at a decline of ⅛c. per lb. Nothing of moment was done in the market to-day up to noon.

GREAT STORM AT THE NORTH.

BOSTON, March 20.—Our city was visited by a terrific gale on Saturday last which proved very destructive to property. A large number of vessels were driven from their moorings in the harbor, and more or less damaged. Accounts from the sea coast are looked for with much anxiety, as it is expected that many vessels have been wrecked.

ALBANY, March 18.—A terrible gale is prevailing here to-day, and an immense amount of damage has been done.

TROY, March 18.—The gale to-day has caused great damage in this city. Several buildings have been blown down, houses unroofed, and a number of persons injured. One man was killed.

UTICA, March 18.—A very violent gale is prevailing here to-day, and much damage has already been done.

THE CRESCENT CITY AT NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, March 20.—The steamer Crescent City arrived here yesterday from New Orleans, via Havana, having left the latter port on the 14th inst. She brings no news of importance in regard to the Black Warrior. That vessel was still in the hands of the authorities, and the officers and crew on board the steamer Fulton. Vessels were very scarce in the port of Havana.

MOBILE COTTON MARKET.

MOBILE, March 22.—There was a good demand for Cotton yesterday, with sales of 3000 bales. Prices, however, declined ¼ ct. per lb. To-day the market is very quiet, and up to noon no sales of any moment were reported.

By the National Line.

OHIO RIVER—STEAMBOATS—MARKETS.

LOUISVILLE, March 21.—The river here is falling with 10 feet 10 inches water on the falls. The steamboat R. S. Winslow has arrived, and the J. S. Chenowith has departed for New Orleans.

CINCINNATI, March 21.—The river here has fallen 18 inches during the last 24 hours. Sales of Flour at $6 35 to $6 40 per bbl. Provisions are lower. Sales of Mess Pork at $12 per bbl. Bulk Sides are selling at 5¼ cts. per lb, Bacon Sides at 6½ to 6¾, and Shoulders, packed, 5¾ cts. per lb. Lard, in barrels, 8½ cts. per lb.

PITTSBURGH, March 21.—The river here is falling with 6 feet 8 inches water in the channel.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, March 21.—There is a good demand for Flour, and prices have advanced 6 cts per bbl. Corn is in fair request at 78 to 80 cts. per bushel.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, March 21, 6 P. M.—There has been a fair demand for Provisions to-day, with sales of Mess Pork at $15 50, and Prime at $13 50 per bbl. Lard has sold at 9½c per lb in bbls. Sales of Rio Coffee at 11½c per lb.

OHIO RIVER.

PITTSBURGH, March 21—NIGHT.—The river here is still falling, with 6¼ feet water in the channel

CINCINNATI, March 21—NIGHT.—The river here has fallen 2 inches since noon to-day. Sales of 500 tierces Prime Lard at 8½c per lb. Plain Hams are worth 8½c per lb.

LOUISVILLE, March 21.—Rain has fallen here nearly all day. The river still falling slowly. The steamer A. L. Shotwell has departed for New Orleans.

DISPOSAL OF THE NEBRASKA BILL.

WASHINGTON, March 22.—In the House to-day Mr. Cutting proposed to refer the Nebraska and Kansas Bill to the Committee of the Whole on the State of the Union. The proposition was accepted, thus placing the bill number fifty on the calendar of the Senate, and number twenty-one on that of the House. The bill consequently cannot be again reached until some time next session.

OHIO RIVER.

LOUISVILLE, March 22.—The river here is still falling with 8 feet 9 inches water on the falls and 12 feet in the canal. The steamboat Empress has arrived from New Orleans.

CUMBERLAND RIVER—MARKETS.

NASHVILLE, March 22.—The river here is falling, with 8 feet water on the shoals. The Cotton market is active, prices ranging at 6 to 8¼ cts. per lb. for extremes. The steamboat Nashville left to-day for New Orleans.

THE NEBRASKA BILL.

WASHINGTON, March 22.—The disposal of the Nebraska bill, in accordance with the proposition of Mr. Cutting, is not at all relished by its friends, who wished to have got it through Congress at an early date.

NEW HAMPSHIRE ELECTION.

BOSTON, March 22.—The New Hampshire Patriot claims the election of 160 democrats to the Legislature against 145 opposition.

STEAMER PACIFIC.

NEW YORK, March 22, P. M.—There is yet no sign of the steamer Pacific, considerably overdue.

OHIO RIVER—MARKETS—STEAMBOATS.

CINCINNATI, March 22.—The river here has fallen 5 inches since last evening. Sales of Flour at $6 40 per bbl. Market dull. Provision Market quiet. Mess Pork $12 per bbl. Bulk Sides 5¼ to 5¾. Shoulders 4½ to 4¾c per lb. Prime Lard in bbls 8½c per lb.

PITTSBURGH, March 22.—The river here is now falling slowly with 6 feet water in the channel.

LATER FROM SANTA FE.

BALTIMORE, March 22.—The Santa Fe mail arrived at Independence, Mo., last night.

Business in New Mexico was dull. More Indian depredations are reported. Fourteen companies of Californians are reported on their way to Sonora to join the movement for the independence of that country.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, March 22.—Sales of Flour at $7 37½ per bbl. Corn selling at 77c to 79c per bushel.

STEAMBOATS.

LOUISVILLE, March 22.—The steamboat Eclipse has arrived, and the Sultana and Glendy Burke have departed for New Orleans.

"FIREMEN'S GUARDS."—A new military company has been organized under the above title, to be composed principally—though we do not understand exclusively—of firemen. They held their first meeting at Armory Hall last evening, organized and appointed their officers; it was numerously attended and the greatest enthusiasm prevailed for the success of the enterprise. No where would we expect to find the materials for excellent soldiers so readily as among the firemen, and we look to see this company become the finest in New Orleans.

MR. JAMISON'S BENEFIT.—The leading members of the St. Charles company will to-night appear for Mr. Jamison's benefit, who will likewise be assisted on this occasion by Mr. Josh. Sillsbee. Bulwer's play of "Richelieu" is to be presented, Mr. Jamison taking the part which he is said of all others to excel in, that of the *Duke*. We will merely add, that we shall be glad to see to-night such an audience as will show a just estimation of this gentleman on the part of our citizens, and afford encouragement to an actor who has labored long and ardently with rare devotion for the elevation of the theatrical profession.

PLACIDE'S VARIETIES.—A large audience was present at Mr. Lynne's benefit last night. We have rarely seen the play of "William Tell" brought upon the stage more correctly than it was last night. Mr. Jamison's comedietta of "There's no Such Word as Fail" and "Out for a Holiday" were played with much spirit. To-night the performance will commence with the farce of "The Secret," in which Mrs. Kate Warwick and Mr. Holland will appear; to conclude with Shakspeare's play of "The Tempest," this being the twentieth night of its presentation this season.

DAN RICE'S.—To-night "Uncle Tom's Cabin" is to be played at this establishment for the last time. We would advise all those who have not already seen it to embrace this last opportunity.

NEWS OF THE CITY.

LOST.—Mr. Murray, who lives at 88 Hercules street, yesterday found a small boy, three or four years ofage, who had lost his way, and was unable to tell his name or where he lived. Mr. Murray took the little wanderer to his house.

SMALL MISTAKE.—In stating the length of the stream thrown by Nineteen's new engine at the trial the other day we made a trifling error. The distance thrown was 192 feet 6 inches, instead of 196 feet.

GIVE THE PROPER CREDIT, SIR!—The New York Sunday Times, after expressing its admiration for the fertility of imagination displayed by the New Orleans reporters and its astonishment at the same, and further intimating that the veracity of that brotherhood runs no risk of prominence among their virtues, copies from the Crescent a story about a spindle-legged tailor who eloped with a fat lady, and then pays us the compliment of attributing it to an ingenious neighbor of ours. Thank you, Mr. Times!

YOUNG INCENDIARIES.—Joseph Keating and Cornelius O'Keefe, one apparently about ten years of age and the other in the neighborhood of fourteen, were arrested by officer Newhouse yesterday afternoon on a charge of having set fire to several houses in the upper part of the city, among others to a school-house. They state that themselves and a number of other boys had been employed to fire buildings by a man who offered them a considerable sum of money for their valuable services; and also, that a number of the band went to Carrollton yesterday for the purpose of firing a Dutch church. Promising lads, truly.

TOUCHING TRAGEDY.—That realities, the actual events of life are sometimes romantic as the dreams of fiction, and appeal more deeply to the feelings and sympathies, we do not doubt, and have besides a case in point to demonstrate the truth of the trite idea.

An inquest was held yesterday upon the body of Mrs. Mariana Lowe, a beautiful German lady, aged 16 years, who had been married but a short time, and who up to a few days previous to her death, had lived in apparent happiness with her husband. They resided on Thalia street, between Camp and Prytania, and not long after their marriage the exacting love of the wife became alarmed by strange reports of the conduct of her husband, which were confirmed by various circumstances coming under her own knowledge—his altered manner towards her, his frequent absence from home, etc. Her jealous fears were awakened—she dreaded their confirmation, but she sought and obtained the truth; and that truth brought the conviction with it, that she no longer enjoyed her husband's love; it carried despair to her soul. She learned that her husband had formed an illicit connection with a woman in their immediate neighborhood; and last Tuesday evening she traced him to the house and became convinced of his guilt; she returned home and penned a letter addressed to him, in which she indulged in no reproaches, but expressed her affection for him and her grief at his faithlessness in the strongest terms, declaring that nothing was left her in the world worth living for, and that she would forgive his injustice and die. She then procured an ounce of laudanum from an adjoining drug store, swallowed it, and in a few hours was a corpse.

RECORDER WINTER'S COURT—*First District.*—William Lingin was arraigned yesterday before this court charged with having attacked and dangerously injured with a bar of iron, a man named James Weldon, on the evening of the 20th, near the New Basin. Weldon has since been confined to his bed, and the accused was remanded to await the result of the wounds inflicted.

Discharged.—A man named P. Breheny was arrested night before last on a charge of assaulting and stabbing with a knife a Mr. Keating, with a murderous intention. He was arraigned yesterday for examination, and was discharged upon the testimony of Mr. Keating, who deposed that he had been stabbed and severely beaten about the head, but that he did not know who committed the act, and was quite certain accused was not the person.

Paying Himself.—S Nesler deposed yesterday that some time ago he employed an individual named Thomas Flanagan to discharge a flatboat load with pork, lard, etc., and lying at the levee in this district, and that said Flanagan took the liberty of selling some seventy dollars worth of the cargo and appropriating the money obtained therefrom to his own use. The case was fixed for the 29th inst.

Fined.—John Lewis was brought up for having raised a disturbance in the street by chasing one Mr. O'Brien, and for carrying a "bull-dog" in his pocket. He was fined twenty dollars.

RECORDER RAMOS'S COURT—*Second District.* Recorder Ramos yesterday sent Robert Gardner before the First District Court for trial on a charge of having stolen a dollar from the counter of a grocery store on the corner of Ursuline and Marais streets.

Ungallant Robbers.—Margaret Joseph made affidavit before this court yesterday, that on Monday last, while passing the corner of Burgundy and St. Peter streets, she was accosted by a gentleman named Farrell Boyle, who owned the cabaret on the corner, and who invited her into the same to take a drink; that after a few drinks, a confederate of Boyle, named John Ford, seized her violently and opened the bosom of her dress, whereupon Mr. Boyle thrust his felonious paw therein and abstracted therefrom a pocket-book containing twenty dollars. Wherefore she charges them with having committed a robbery upon her purse and a high-handed outrage upon her person, and asked a warrant for their arrest, which was granted.

Dangerous Assaults.—Jacob Saltzman was required to give $500 security to appear for examination on a charge of having attempted to kill a fireman of the steamboat J. M. Relf with a knife.

Augustin Roseco was arrigned for wounding Jean Roncallo with a knife, at a late hour of the night before last, on Main street. He was remanded for future examination.

Ludwig Daubach was required to give bond for his appearance to answer a charge of having assaulted one Joseph Vogelusen with a knife.

Strong-Bodied Women—An affidavit was made in this court yesterday by Pierre Mayer, who states that he was attacked in a house on Main street, between Royal and Bourbon, by two women named Eliza and Catherine Boret—sisters probably—who pummeled him soundly and thoroughly, tore his clothes, scratched his face and pulled his hair intolerably, and finally ejected him forcibly and ignominiously from the premises, assisting his exit by a vigorous application of feminine shoe-leather. Measures have been taken to afford Mr. Mayer justice and the protection of the law.

Concealed Weapons.—Eugene Mozart and Hector Claudel, who were arrested some time ago on a charge of larceny, were arraigned yesterday and dismissed, no evidence being produced against them. They were, however, fined $20 each for having weapons concealed upon their persons at the time of their arrest.

Inquest—An inquest was held yesterday at Lessep's Plantation, two miles below the city, upon the body of an unknown man, aged about 50 years. Verdict, "Accidentally drowned." Deceased was about 5 feet 10 inches in stature, and was quite respectably dressed.

CONSIDERABLE LARCENY.—A slave woman named Betsy was arraigned yesterday upon an affidavit made by Mr. N. E. Turner, who states that on Monday last, a port-mannaie containing the sum of $191 was stolen from his room at 83 Gravier street, and that he has good reason to believe the same was taken by the aforesaid slave woman. Betsy was remanded for examination on the 29th inst.

FIRST DISTRICT COURT—*Judge Robertson.*—*Trial for Murder.*—Adam Slatter was tried in this court yesterday for the murder of Jacob Kuntze, on the evening of the 3d of January last, in a house on Morales street, between Spain and Mandeville streets. The building in which the homicide was committed was occupied by deceased and his wife as a boarding house, and accused, who was a carpenter, had for some time boarded with them. Some difficulty having arisen between Slatter and Mrs Kuntze a few days previous to the unfortunate occurrence, deceased gave the former notice to leave the house.

Mrs. Kuntze, widow of deceased, stated in her testimony that at supper, on the evening of the 3d of January, her husband asked Slatter why he had not left, and told him that he should not remain in the house another night. Accused replied that he had no money and would not go into the street at that hour of the night; that he must take his tools when he went, etc. Kuntze insisted upon his leaving the house, and gave as his reason for it that Slatter was constantly drunk and disturbing the quiet of the house. The latter then went to his tool-chest and took something out, afterwards renewing the dispute with deceased and applying the most insulting language to him and to witness; her husband then seized accused, and after a short scuffle, in which the supper-table was upset, succeeded in thrusting him through a door out upon the gallery. Accused attempted to re-enter, but the door was held against him. Witness tried to persuade her husband to let Slatter remain that night, but he replied, "I am man enough to turn him out," and opened the door, when he was instantly stabbed. The weapon used was a long dirk knife, the blade of which entered between the second and third ribs, on the right side, and penetrated the lung. Kuntze immediately fell, exclaiming, "I am wounded! he has stabbed me!" and expired in a few minutes. Witness stated on her cross-examination, that when her husband seized accused he was struck several times by the latter, who also declared, after the deed had been committed, that he would not allow any man to turn him into the street at that time of night, and that he would not attempt to escape.

Deceased was about 41 years of age, was a very heavy, athletic man, and it was shown by several other witnesses, that he not only handled accused very roughly but beat him severely.

Messrs. Smith, Sen., and Smith, Jr., conducted the defense very ably, and after a fine argument from the latter, the case was submitted to the jury, who returned a verdict of "Guilty of manslaughter."

The State vs. *William Alexander* alias *Commisky.*—This gentleman was yesterday tried and found guilty of entering the premises of Mr. F. A. Ruelle, 91 Common street, with intent to steal, on the 27th of December last. Mr. Theodore Reader testified that he heard accused go up the stairs at daybreak and enter Mr. Ruelle's office, and that he followed and detected him in the act of robbing a desk.

PROFESSOR HENRY DE MARSAN.—The method and abilities of this gentleman, so highly spoken of in this city, are in great favor among the ladies and gentlemen who study the French Language. Combining the oral system with the use of but one single and adaptable book—it is a reasonable and true method, capable of producing the most satisfactory and incontestible results, and requires a great deal less time than any other system, ridiculously termed "the only successful, the only infallible one." Professor DeMarsan has formed Day Classes for Ladies, and Evening Classes for Gentlemen. He gives Private Lessons as usual, at the residence of the Pupil, or at his own rooms, No. 9 Camp street, opposite the City Hotel.

RUPTURES CURED.—Sherman's Curative Patent Truss and Rupture Remedy is a relief and comfort and certain guarantee in the cure of all Ruptures. To secure a good fit, apply to the proprietor's establishment, 78 S. Charles street, and inquire for Dr. Sherman. For further particulars, see advertisement on third page, or apply to the above for a descriptive pamphlet. feb23 1y

Arrivals at the Principal Hotels.....March 22.

ST. CHARLES....J K Duke, Ky; S N Caughey, Balt; J A Hudson, M Courtenay, W C Winchester, J O Cotfield, La; W B Whitehead, G Dillard, Va; H N Domo, W S Avery, S H Stockett, T G Stockett, W F May, E McJehee, Miss; D R Finley, B Wooteg, Ga; Dr McCrackin, G Dodlies, N O; S Hudson, J Branch and svt, Ark; J Flunt, J H Goodman, J C Henderson, H Mynott and svt, G Little, M Chamberlain, H J Terrell, Ala; W D Nicholson and lady, Ark; J M Finney, Texas; W Henderson, Pa; H Hayes, Ill; G W Baker, G W Turner, N Y.

VERANDAH....J H Wafford, M Hager, W Badger, J W Warle, B Hughes, W W Jenkins, G Strawbridge, La; T B Rower, Texas; F S Jackson, S W Vaughan, P W Turner, M H Daniel, W Ford, W A McAllister, C Y Morris, T Chambers, W H McAllister, H Fields, J H Gorze, Ala; J Branch and svt, Ark; J H Thompson, Va; G Giasscock and lady, Mo; J L Harris, N O; mrs Hopkins, Cola; C H Wilber, N Y.

CITY....D H Penny, W R Buchanan, F Gegen, T Harris, R Peters, R Shannon, J Town, W Pierce, C S Cregg, La; Gen H Lace, W Barnes, John O'Brien, Pa; J N Bretton, S P Manson, Texas; J Thompson, D S Hisup, Miss; J G Newcomer, Md; D J Steves, W J Freeman, Mass; J Harsup, Wm Corney, R T Ranger, John Tracy, S Careman, Ohio; R Laney, Ark; J Peters Kentucky.

ST. LOUIS....M Watson, Tenn; E White, J Verlein, Philips, N O; W Hampstead, Ill; C Bredell, St Louis; M Wilson, Ky; H Lewis, Ivy and svt, Texas; G W Turner, N Y, miss Collins Rev M Trader, La.

ARCADE....R J Elliott, J H Ramsey, J G Kilbourne, W Bostner and son, La; H B McKinly, M H Smith, V J Pope, H Wirrow, Ala; J Finney, Texas; J W Moore, Ga; P McFirley, S C; R R Fleck Miss; J Y Watlors, Ark; H P Ridder, N Y; Gen H Bradberry, Tenn; H S Ruscker, St Louis.

Died:

On Wednesday morning, 22d inst., CATHERINE, daughter of Chas. Fairour, aged 18 years.

Her friends and those of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from her father's residence, Dryades street, fourth door below Terpsichore, THIS (Thursday) MORNING, at 10 o'clock, without further notice.

Complimentary Testimonial to George Jamison.

In accordance with the following correspondence, a Complimentary Benefit will be given to Mr. George Jamison, at the St. Charles Theatre, on the evening of Thursday, the 23d inst.

Particulars in future advertisements.

CORRESPONDENCE.

George Jamison, Esq.:

DEAR SIR—Many of your numerous friends in this city, desirous of paying you the deserved compliment of a Benefit, before the present theatrical season terminates, have appointed us a committee to consult you on the subject, to ascertain your wishes therupon, and to request you, if you accept their proffer, to appoint some night when the proposed testimonial may take place.

An early answer will oblige yours, with much regard,

H. J. RANNEY,
GEO. W. SHAW,
AMOS W. DANA,
JAMES F. OTIS,
Committee.

New Orleans, March 17, 1854.

Messrs Ranney, Shaw, Dana and Otis, Committee:

GENTLEMEN—Your favor of yesterday has been received, and I hope I need not tell you the contents were perused with the deepest sensibility on my part. Though unconscious of deserving so signal a testimony of commendation, and hence always fearful of my friends in New Orleans, I accept it as a mark of their too partial regard, with sentiments of the most sincere and heartfelt gratitude.

If agreeable to the committee and those whom they represent, I would name Thursday, the 23d inst., and the St. Charles Theatre, the time and place for the proposed benefit, and remain, gentlemen, ever most gratefully, your obliged friend and servant,

GEORGE JAMISON.

New Orleans, March 18, 1854.

E. DeBar, Esq.:

SIR—The friends of Mr. George Jamison, in New Orleans, proposing to pay him the compliment of a testimonial benefit, are desirous of ascertaining if it consists with your arrangements to assign a night when the theatre under your management may be had for that purpose.

With much respect,

We are your obedient servants,

H. J. RANNEY,
G. W. SHAW,
JAMES F. OTIS,
A. W. DANA,
Committee.

New Orleans, March 17, 1854.

To Messrs. H. J. Ranney, G. W. Shaw, James F. Otis and A. W. Dana, Committee:

GENTLEMEN—Your note, relative to a complimentary benefit to Mr. George W. Jamison, is received. In reply, I would state that nothing will give me greater pleasure than to comply with your request, both on account of respect due to you, and my friendship for Mr. Jamison. I would most respectfully name Thursday evening, March 23.

Respectfully, your obedient servant,

E. DEBAR.

St. Charles Theatre, New Orleans, March 18. mh20 2t

Louisiana State Medical Society.

An adjourned session of this body will be held at the Medical College, THIS DAY, at half-past 7 o'clock. A full attendance is requested.

D. MACGIBBON, M. D.,
Recording Secretary.

mh22 1tsp

LAW NOTICE.—The undersigned have entered into partnership, in the practice of their profession.

BENJAMIN, MICOU & FINNEY.
E. A. BRADFORD.

mh18 1m

WANTED—An active Man—one who does not drink liquor, and can come well recommended for integrity, etc., to act as porter, discharge messages, and make himself generally useful. To such a one steady employment will be given, by applying at No. 81 Chartres street, to St. Charles st. SILKMAN'S.

BENEFIT BALL, to be given at UNION HALL, Fourth District, on SATURDAY EVENING, March 25, 1854, for the benefit of JAMES BARNES, who is a man of family, now lying in a very destitute condition, with a broken leg.

TICKETS ONE DOLLAR.

....MANAGERS....

John O'Brien,	P. Feenan,	G. W. Butler,
J. F. Gruber,	C. McMillan,	W. J. Dow ch.
J. McMinn,	J. E. Ryan,	J. N. Farwell,
A. Richards,	J. G. Weber,	Wm. Rayburn.
Wm. Henry,		mh22 5t*

CAME TO MY STABLES, on Union street, on Monday last, a fine POINTER DOG, which the owner can have by calling for him and paying for this notice. DR. J. ELLIOTT.

NONE SO EFFECTUAL.—The lessons of experience are the most reliable, and, if not too costly, are sought after by the practical. The following is the voluntary testimony of a worthy and well known physician, relative to his experience of the efficacy of B. A. FAHNESTOCK'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, during a practice of twenty-five years:

GRENADA, Miss., May 18, 1853.

Messrs. B. A. Fahnestock & Co.:

Gents—I am one of those individuals backward in giving certificates, but in the present instance consider it due to humanity to say, that I have been engaged in the practice of medicine for twenty-five years, and have never met with any remedy so efficacious for Worms as your Vermifuge. In adults, even in cases of Fever, I sometimes use it to carry off coloured tokens the previous night, and often find tokens successful and worms to follow. I use no other Vermifuge in my practice, and desire no better. Respectfully,

W. M. HAWKINS.

(Signed)

Sold, Wholesale and Retail, by all the principal Druggists and Country Merchants throughout the United States. mh21 dawlm

BUTTER—25 kegs choice Goshen, ex steamer Star of the South, for sale by

H. L. STONE & CO., 1 Gravier st.

SCOTCH ALE—150 casks Younger's Edinburgh, in pints and quarts, for sale by

H. L. STONE & CO., 1 Gravier st.

LONDON PORTER—250 casks E. & G. Flobertt's, in pints and quarts, for sale by

H. L. STONE & CO., 1 Gravier st.

OATS—1220 sacks St. Louis, landing ex Pacific and for sale by

E. M. DALEY, 68 Tchoupitoulas street.

CORN—200 bags, in store and for sale by

E. M. DALEY, 68 Tchoupitoulas street.

CASTOR OIL—50 bbls. Blow's No. 1, in store and for sale by

E. M. DALEY, 68 Tchoupitoulas street.

HAMS—30 casks plain Smoked, for sale by

S. H. KENNEDY & CO., 75 Tchoupitoulas st.

PRIME MESS BEEF—1000 tierces superior cured and packing, now landing and for sale by

S. H. KENNEDY & CO., 75 Tchoupitoulas st.

MESS BEEF—300 bbls. Mess and Extra Mess, for sale by

S. H. KENNEDY & CO., 75 Tchoupitoulas st.

INDIA BEEF—800 tierces superior quality, landing and for