several times before been chased by Jack, when it always took to the river, and had thus lost him several fine hounds.

We had many a hearty laugh over my adventure in the quicksand and the chase of the "big buck."

THE DAILY CRESCENT.

THURSDAY MORNING, APRIL 6, 1854.

REFORM IN NEW ORLEANS.

The general and the pressing need for a Reform in our entire City Government has happily brought about an entire overthrow of our old tyrants and corrupters, the wicked co-alition of demagogues, who have been holding, by the forces of organized bribery and terror, the usurped dominion of our town and used it wholly for the personal advantage that is to be made out of unprincipled misrule. The anti-reformers have been overthrown. Reduced to a numerical minority, they are rendered still more impotent, by their consciousness that they stand condemned, by the most decisive public judgment, and that if a new and general election were now to be had, probably not a man of them would be left in power. In a word, they must now, through the force of the consciousness of which we have spoken, regard themselves as civilly, politically, municipally and morally defunct, for all their former practices or purposes, and as only left alive to aid, however reluctantly, in bringing about the good work, which their own abandoned doings have rendered so necessary.

The first step towards good is to cease from evil; the first step towards a civil reform was to get rid of the abuses of power. That step having been made, the next is, to examine soberly into all the particulars of existing abuses and carefully to set them right. But this must be done about most cautiously, and, we need hardly say, most honestly.

For there are few things which, even when sincerely meant, are more subject to carrying with them great ill, and even wrongs, than a large Reform. If insincere, it not only adds (as did the famous Jackson Reform) to the subsisting mischiefs which it found, but creates a general and deplorable one, in casting discredit on any better effort towards that which it has turned into a cheat. If, on the other hand, sincere, it is apt to be overhot and to rush into excesses. For they who are called to any considerable work of this sort are always invested with an unusual power; and such power is sadly apt to rush into wrong. There is, then, the double difficulty of hindering those who are to be the agents of a Reform from either doing too little or doing too much.

How is this to be hindered? In but one way. The public—the author and the proper beneficiary of the Reform—must itself carefully watch over it, and keep it straight. For even Reformers are not to be blindly trusted. Like all other rulers, they require much looking after.

We trust, however, to see the thing set about, with a cheerful good will, an earnest but a sober zeal. The citizens generally must lend themselves heartily to the good work which it is for their magistrates to take directly in hand. We hope to witness no rashness, no slowth, no over leniency, no unjust prescription; and, above all things, we shall deplore to see any thing permitted of that which has come to be the great bane of our public affairs—the lust of office, the spirit of the spoils. Short and anything but fortunate will be the reign of any Reform which shall once let in that uncleanest of all unclean spirits. On the other hand, all the world will judge and must judge the honesty and the value of the promised Administrative Revolution, by its outward and visible token—the persons whom it shall employ and their known character and competency. Let us come back to the reality of government from empty theories, on one hand, from the furies of party, on the other, and recur to the solid old truth of the couplet:

> For forms of government, let fools contest:
> That which is best administered is best.

The "Reform Triumph."

We have been much amused at the severe manner in which some of our cotemporaries handle this little caricature, which we hoped to see all sides take in good part. The Bulletin comments upon it in the following strain:

"CARICATURE.—We have received a sheet containing a series of caricatures which are designated 'The Reform Triumph.' Such as are of a *political* cast are good enough in their way, and according to the usages of political warfare entirely justifiable; but such as are of a sectarian complexion, casting ridicule upon a religious denomination, are censurable in the highest degree. Trifling with sacred things shows a want of decency as well as a want of sense. The opinion of people upon religious subjects are to be respected in this land of freedom, and their peculiar forms and ceremonies are not the proper objects for caricature."

We noticed this etching when it at first appeared, as a good joke; nor fancied, for an instant, that any sneer was intended at any religion or form of religion; neither do we think so yet, in spite of an anonymous gazette near us, which (as may be seen by the following quotation) is almost violent in its criticism:

"THE REFORM TRIUMPH."—This is the title of a lithographic caricature which has just made its appearance here, heralded by the prelusive encomiums of those journals which supported the Native American, Know Nothing ticket, at the recent election.

A more stupid and disgusting affair cannot well be imagined, its chief point consisting in a disgusting attempt to turn the Catholic religion and its ministers into ridicule and contempt. We had hoped better things from the Picayune and Bee, if not from others, than any laudation of anything calculated to throw disgrace and odium on the religion of any citizen; and we hope our Catholic readers will have the good sense to despise this atrocious attempt to outrage their feelings, if there be not sufficient liberality to put down the sale of such filthy and obscene rubbish in this community, where it is published, apparently, with no other object than to provoke the outraged parties to a breach of the laws.

Certainly nothing is more unmanly, outrageous and ill-bred than an attempt to cast ridicule on any form of religious belief whatever. Religion is a sanctuary wherein a man's heart may take shelter, and where no one should rudely follow. No matter what form of belief a man's may be, that which he holds sacred, other people should respect. But we confess we see nothing in the "Reform Triumph" calculated (or intended) to wound any one's religious feelings. There is in it (and it is the only thing we can imagine the gentlemen of the Bulletin and the Anon. to refer to) a picture of a priest holding a club to a man who is kneeling. This, we take it, is a parody on the custom in all parts of the world of consecrating the colors of regiments, when they are first presented to them, and is merely intended as a hit at the false shepherds who, instead of suppressing, countenance riotous outbreaks. For our own part, we think with Hood:

> 'As for the rest—Indifferent to none
> Whatever shape the plane rite may bear,
> Were in the poor Pagan's homage to the Sun
> I would not hardly scruple, let, even there
> I spurned some element of Christian prayer—
> An idea that' mixing it a "world apart"—
> Acknowledgement of good—of man's futility,
> A sense of weakness, and, indeed,
> That very thing on many Christians want—Humility.
> Shall into Parsee, Jew or turbaned Turks,
> Such is my spirit? * * * * * *

Such is our spirit, and we cannot conceive that such remarks as are made by the gentlemen we have quoted are calculated to carry desirable ideas to the minds of those for whom they write. It is a great pity that a thing which has caused so much merriment and good feeling generally, should have excited so little in those gentlemen.

LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

TO THE NEW ORLEANS DAILY CRESCENT.

By the National Line.

Further by the Baltic.

EASTERN AFFAIRS.

NEW YORK, April 5.—The report that the Emperor of Russia had prohibited the exportation of gold from his dominions, is confirmed.

THE MONEY MARKET.

Bills of Exchange on Prussia were unsaleable. In London, it was reported, at the time the Baltic sailed, that the Bank of England was about to raise the rate of interest. All kinds of securities had declined in Paris, in consequence of the decline in English funds.

THE OPERATIVE DIFFICULTIES.

The difficulties among the operatives at Preston had not yet been adjusted. Several of them had been arrested on charges of conspiracy.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, April 4.—Flour is dull and Ohio is quoted to-day at $7 25 per bbl. Corn ranges from 76 to 81c per bush.

OHIO RIVER—MARKETS.

PITTSBURGH, April 5.—There is 7 feet scant water in the channel to-day and the river is at a stand.

CINCINNATI, April 4.—The river has fallen six inches since yesterday. Flour is selling at $6 25 per bbl. Whisky 19½c per gal. The Provision Market is fast, and no sales of moment are reported.

LOUISVILLE, April 4.—The steamers Fanny Smith and Empire State have arrived from New Orleans.

THE W. B. CLIFTON SUNK.

LOUISVILLE, April 4.—The steamer W. B. Clifton sunk at Cairo yesterday. No particulars have been learned.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, April 5.—There is a better demand for Flour, and Ohio is quoted at an advance of from 6¼ to 12½c per bbl. Corn is dull, at prices ranging from 74 to 80c per bush.

OHIO RIVER—MARKETS.

CINCINNATI, April 5, A. M.—The river has receded twelve inches since last evening. Whisky is lower, with sales at 19 to 19½c per gal.

The Provision market is perfectly stagnant.

PITTSBURGH, April 5.—There is but six feet water in the channel to-day, and the river is falling.

Arrival of the Steamship El Dorado,

FIFTEEN DAYS LATER

FROM CALIFORNIA.

IMPORTANT FROM ACAPULCO.

Later from the Isthmus, South America and Australia.

The U. S. Mail steamship El Dorado, Captain Alfred G. Grey, arrived at this port last evening at 9 o'clock, bringing the California mails, $34,000 in gold dust, for the Louisiana State Bank, and 128 passengers. She left Aspinwall at 8 o'clock on the evening of the 30th ult., having made the run in six days. On the 2d she encountered a heavy norther.

The following is a list of passengers by the El Dorado:

Capt A M Barnes, S B Dewey and lady, master Wm Dewey, master Rug Dewey, J C Young, J G Hubbell, A J Gamble, J Waterman, Jas Wallis, St Paul and lady, Geo Hagan, R F Stone, S J Spofford, R W Woodruff, J M Woodruff, mrs Lucken and srv, C H Waits, J M Tuttle, A Chasbly, W Hunter, E J Hopkins, Isaac Day, James Campbell, J P McKee, J P Hamilton jr, J P Hamilton sr, Anson Rudd, J Shab, L D Cook, J Folsom, C Rhan, H E Asbury, Geo Roote, A Hardy lady and child, G H Grady, T B Taylor, David Skaggs, G Parker, W Scott, E Beninger, mr Wells, J A Blake, S L Cheatham, A Crawford, Jno Godey, J S Greyson, J McCarty, J W Winter, T J Juggle, W W Wotton, B Elliott, S M Albertson, M Vickers, B Fetterback, C Dooley, A Dooley, P H Bailey, Jas Simons, D C Crosh, J Stowns, J B Bannister, P Perry, J L Philipps, C Mayers, G Westley, Thomas Head, J E Head, M Cross, C P Rollins, Sam Patrick, Jno Hammond, H Griggs, R G Walters, W Parker, G B Davis, S M Davis, G W Jamison, J Parker, Jas Stybin, J C Anderson, B F Brush, R Redmond, Jos West, J Hagleman, Wm Loper, J G Adams, J A Lytle, W Bowers, O Rand, Jno McCoy, J Sully, R Wilson, W Hawline, O B Sanford, J Henderson, J B Bingham, S G Walker, L S Coffee, W R Coffee, G S Kimbrough, N J Schnappius, C Schnooor, D Franse, J H Posey, Chas Lawson, James Bansil, G Bansil, L Bansil, Joseph Bansil, Julius Booth, F Jones, L Thomas, D Sherry, R W Crosby, W Davis.

The steamship Geo. Law was to leave Aspinwall on the 31st ult., at 10 o'clock, direct for New York, with the mails, one million in specie and five hundred passengers.

The Golden Gate, which left San Francisco the 16th, made the passage down to Panama in eleven days.

The steamship Cortes was to sail for San Juan on the 16th.

CALIFORNIA.

The last news from Walker's Expedition is up to the 3d of March. It was carried to San Francisco by the U. S. steamer Columbus, which left San Diego on the 11th of March. Walker, at the head of a force which had dwindled down to ninety men by desertion, was at San Vincente. The accounts of his proceedings are contradictory. It is, however, a fact that a few of the natives had been induced to sign a declaration of independence, acknowledging Walker as President of the new Republic. One statement states that the proceeding was voluntary on the part of the natives, and that everything had been done properly. T. F. Nelson and Arthur Morrison, of Illinois, were arraigned and tried before a court-martial for attempting to desert, and with a view to steal and rob. After a session of three days they were, on the 3d of March, convicted and shot. Theodore Ryan, charged with the same offense, received fifty lashes, and E. C. Barnes twenty-five, and were then drummed out of the camp. Major Frederick Emory, Secretary of State, and Senor Cordovn, one of Walker's right-hand men, having gone to San Diego, were there arrested by the officers of the U. S. ship Portsmouth, by order of Capt. Dornin, and brought on the Columbus to San Francisco for trial. On arriving there, they were discharged on bail. The trial of Col. Watkins, who was previously arrested, commenced in the U. S. District Court, at San Francisco, on the 16th ult. The Portsmouth is observing a vigilant guard along the lower coast.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.

The San Francisco Herald of the 16th contains the following general intelligence:

On the 9th inst., Col. Babbitt, bearer of resolutions adopted at Great Salt Lake City, in relation to the Pacific Railroad, arrived in San Francisco, eighteen days out. He is on his way to Washington City. On the 9th of February he came across Col. Fremont and his party, who were on their way to San Francisco by the Central Route. Col. F. had been caught in the snow, and had lost several men from starvation and cold. He was reduced almost to destitution, but by means of the assistance rendered by Col. Babbitt, he believed he would be able to complete his journey by the route originally contemplated. The place at which he was left by Col. B. is 20 miles from Little Salt Lake, in Parawan Valley, and 160 miles south of Great Salt Lake.

Lieut. Mowry, of the 3d U. S. Artillery, is also the bearer to Washington of the first information of the surveys of two routes for the Pacific Railroad from the Rocky Mountains to Puget's Sound. Both routes will be reported by Gov. Stephens, of Washington Territory, entirely practicable.

Indian difficulties have again broken out in our State, and in different points in the North large numbers of them have been massacred by the whites, who pursued them after their thieving aggressions and shot them down without mercy. Among those killed were several squaws. The U. S. troops are kept constantly employed in the Indian country.

The agitation of the election of U. S. Senator this winter, has been for the time quieted in the Legislature, by the indefinite postponement in the Senate of the bill providing for bringing on the election, as well as the whole subject.

At Sacramento, on the 9th inst., Dr. Dickson, of the State Marine Hospital, fell in a duel with P. W. Thomas, District Attorney of Placer county. He was shot through the body on the first fire, and died in a few hours after.

Ex-Gov. H. S. Foote has published a card in the Herald, declaring that it is his intention to take no part in the local politics of the State now or hereafter, under any circumstances which can possibly arise.

A combination of River Steamboats has been formed with a capital of $2,500,000, governed by a company organized in accordance with the laws of the State. Most of the steamboats running on the bay have been bought up or taken into the combination.

Capt. Aubrey brought across the Plains to San Jose, 15,000 sheep, with a loss of but 500.

There has been within the past two weeks a great deal of attraction in the theatrical world. At the Metropolitan Madam Thillon and the Montplaisirs are appearing. On Tuesday night the Sisters Rousset took a complimentary benefit, before their departure for Lima. "Uncle Tom's Cabin" is now being played at the American, under the management of Mr. Thorne.

The most flattering accounts pour in from all quarters of the mining region. The recent rains have enabled the miners to go to work everywhere, and accounts are uniformly encouraging. During the week ending March 3d, Wells, Fargo & Co. transmitted from their office in Sonora, in Tuolumne county, to this city, 2087 ounces of gold dust, and during the week following 5506 ounces. On Tuesday night last, the same Express brought down from Sacramento $197,597. This looks as though the influx of gold had again commenced, and it is to be hoped it is the harbinger of better times.

Trade of every kind is still very much depressed in the city.

John D. Whipple, from Clinton, N. Y., was accidently killed by a friend at the Crescent City Hotel, who discharge l a pistol at him without knowing that it was loaded.

Great dissatisfaction exists in consequence of the operation of the new system of grades, and workmen have been enjoined from proceeding further with the grading of one of the streets.

Capt. Chas. Gilman, who was wounded at Ensenada, and returned to this city, has had his leg amputated.

There have been a number of failures in the city, which, however, produced but little excitement.

The Mexican Consul has advertised to give a free passage to a thousand men who will agree to go to Guaymas and fight the Indians. It is undersood that no Americans will be received into this new force.

Mr George Kerr, one of the proprietors of the Times and Transcript newspaper, died recently in Stockton. Wm. M. Eddy, late Surveyor General of the State, is also dead.

The Chinese still figure prominently in the Recorder's Court. They have recently become a great pest to the city. A few days since they had another grand celebration.

A slight shock of an earthquake was felt in this city a few nights since.

At a vote of the citizens of Marysville, 861 were in favor and 32 opposed to the subscription of $800,000 to the capital stock of the Marysville and Benicia Railroad, and 944 in favor and 32 opposed to a subscription of $300,000 to the Marysville and Nevada Plank Road.

IMPORTANT FROM ACAPULCO.—When the Golden Gate left Acapulco it was reported that Governor Alvarez with 3000 men would meet Santa Anna's troops the following day about 100 miles from Acapulco.

SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS.

Flour—Gallego, $9 62½; Chile, half sacks, $7 60, from first hands.

Provisions—Dull; Mess Pork, $7; half bbls. $9 50; Mess Beef, $11; Clear Bacon, inferior, 9c per lb.; Shoulders, 6½c; Hams, 11c.; Butter, 20 to 21c. per lb.

Rice—China No. 2, 3c.

Preserves—At Eastern cost.

Bags—Gunnies, 11c.

Candles—Adamantines, 25c.

OREGON AND WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

Some apprehensions in regard to the safety of Lieut. Grover, who left the Mississippi for Puget's Sound, is entertained.

There has been another eruption of Mount St. Helens.

Capt. McClellan, of the Surveying Expedition, has made discoveries of the Columbia and its tributaries.

The Indians are still troublesome in the South.

THE ISTHMUS.

LIEUT. STRAIN'S PARTY SAFE.—News has been received at Panama that Lieut. Strain's party, for at least the most of them, are safe, having been found at the mouth of the Sacramento River, on the Pacific side, by H. B. M.'s steamer Virago. The Virago was daily expected at Panama with the party on board. The Panama Star says Lieut. Strain and his men had been forty-nine days in getting from the Atlantic to Point Yavisa, near the outlet of the Chucunaque River on the Pacific—that after being out fifteen days from the Atlantic, their provisions became entirely exhausted, after which they had to subsist principally upon the nut of the crupa, a species of the palm. Lieut. Strain, accompanied by two of his men, then set out in search of provisions and boats, which he found at the junction of the Savanna and Lara Rivers, and obtaining the necessary supplies, hastened back.

The nineteen men left by Lieut. Strain on the Chucunaque, were mostly disabled from sickness and debility. The sufferings of the whole party must have been intense, especially those of Lieut. S. and his two companions, who, in their weakened and nearly exhausted state, had to cut their way for four weeks down the banks of the Chucunaque River.

Lieut. Strain reports that the Indians habitating the route over which he traveled, always fled on his approach, first setting fire to the ranches or huts, destroying their canoes and carrying off all stock and provisions. At one of their settlements he found the remains of no less than five canoes.

The Indian murderers of the four men belonging to the Virago, it is said have been discovered.

Much excitement exists at Aspinwall on account of the imposition of certain taxes on the profits of American vessels bringing passengers to or from that port. Capt. Hollins, of the U. S. sloop-of-war Albany, had addressed a letter to the Governor of the Province, stating that he should resist all attempts to recover the tax; to which the Governor replied that the tax would be immediately carried out.

So, a collision may ere this have taken place between Capt. Hollins and the Government authorities.

The health of the Isthmus still continues good. The Railroad Company are pushing the work on as fast as possible, and every one speaks in the highest terms with respect to the comfortable way in which the Isthmus can now be crossed.

SOUTH AMERICA.

By the arrival of the steamship Bogota at Panama on the 20th ult., the Panama papers have dates from Valparaiso to March and from Callao to the 10th. The Herald says:

PERU.—From the Peruvian papers we gather there but very little information relative to the revolutionary movements now going on in that country, headed by Gen. Ramon Castilla and Don Domingo Elias.

From all we can gather from the papers, as well as from private information, we are assured that the party of General Castilla is every day growing stronger, and that the rule of President Echenique is drawing quickly to a close. Arica and Tacna have declared against the Government; Arquipa has now, for some time, held out against Gen. Torrico, who won't fight. Gen. Moran is most opportunely sick, and the Government is on its last legs.

President Echenique is still at Lima, which place he dares not leave, and it is thought that Gen. Castilla will march against the capital, when it will declare in his favor.

In the meantime "peste" rages with increased violence in Callao and Lima, defies the efforts of the physicians; numbers die daily, and many physicians have fallen victims to it.

General Daniel Florence O'Leary, for many years British Charge d'Affaires at Bogota, died recently.

General O'Leary was of Irish descent, and was one of those who, in 1818, came out to this country to aid the people in the war of independence. From that time, until 1824, he was constantly engaged in the field, and took an active part in some of the severest battles. He was aide-de-camp to Bolivar, whose confidence he possessed, and gradually rose to the rank of General in the Colombian service.

AUSTRALIA.

The Panama Herald has received by way of Callao, dates from Melbourne, Australia, to the 12th January. The Melbourne Argus contains a very strong leading article against the new Governor, Sir William Dennison, whom it calls a "mere gaoler," and concludes by saying, "if we are to be insulted by his presence, the worst fate to which he could be sentenced would be infinitely too good for one who has injured us as he has done." In speaking of immigration and labor, it notices the temporary stoppage in the emigration from Great Britain, and after reasoning upon the cause and consequence thereof, comes to the conclusion that, "there is ample room and abundant work, first rate wages, and a certain prospect for every industrious artizan and laborer who chooses to come to it, and there is hardly any assignable limit to the number of such workers who could find immediate employmentin it."

The gold market remains dull, and the price may be quoted at from £3 15s 6d. to £3 15s 9d. At the Bendigo markets flour was quoted at £42 to £45 per ton.

On the 23d ult., a small boat in the Northeast River, about fourteen miles above Wilmington, N. C., was upset, and a female named Hines and two children of James Picket and one of James Parker were drowned.

They are having fine sleighing now in many sections of Vermont and Maine.

Amusements.

At the St. Charles theatre, to-night, occurs the farewell benefit of Mr. Geo. Jamison. The new drama, written by Mr. Jamison, "The Old Plantation; or Uncle Tom As He Is," is to be presented on the occasion, and also the comedy entitled "There's no Such Word as Fail," which was likewise written by Mr. Jamison. In addition to these attractions, "The Toodles," in which Mr. De Bar as Toodles has scarcely an equal, will be presented. As Mr. Jamison appears before the public in both the character of actor and author, we shall expect to see a full house, which his great merit as an actor alone should draw.

Shakspeare's comedy "Twelfth Night" is to be performed at the Variaties theatre to-night, and also the farce of "Mr. and Mrs. Peter White." All the leading members of the company will appear in the two pieces.

A FAMILY MATTER.—A benefit has been tendered the lady of Mr. Rice at the Amphitheatre to-night, and we infer from that fact and the character of the bill announced that the performance will be unusually attractive. Mrs. Rice, her husband and his Amphitheatre deserve anything that may be said in their favor, and as everybody knows it, everybody ought to prove Dan's popularity by waiting upon him in this little family affair.

Rossiter's Paintings.

There are three paintings in this gallery. The first and most important is of the "Captive Israelites," and is full of thought and graceful feeling. The sun is setting on a group of fair women and venerable men, whose features and garments seem half transformed into shining vapor by its rays, conveying a feeling of calm which well accords with the attitudes of melancholy languor in the figures. Children in the foreground are plucking the lotus (the emblem of hope) from a quiet creek. A beautiful Hebrew maiden is hanging her harp on a willow bough, and answering to those who are importuning her to sing, "How shall we sing the song of the Lord in a strange land?"

Every detail of the picture is fraught with meaning, and shows the artist to be what he is, not only a painter but a great poet also.

There is a little incorrectness in the perspective, to which artists in this country pay far too little attention. The faces, also, want expression and life.

The second picture is "Miriam exulting over the Destruction of Pharaoh's Host." This is spirited, and like the former, fine in coloring, but lacks the true expression of exultation in the face, whilst the very attitude of Miriam, on the very edge of a precipice, is rather unnatural.

The third painting represents "The Return of the Dove to the Ark," and is an allegorical representation of Faith. It is a magnificent picture—the coloring beautiful, and the faces full of character, though wanting the proper expression.

The faults we have to find with "The Return of the Dove to the Ark" are, that it is a little flat. The perspective is not good, and the animals are evidently not painted from nature, besides being out of proportion to one another, and to the human figure.

The great beauty of Mr. Rossiter's paintings is that there is an exquisite poetic feeling in them, great grace and beautiful color. In fact, the faults are few, and not likely to strike the uncritical We would sincerely advise those who love the beautiful in art not to lose the great treat that is open to them in this exhibition.

The Clerk of the steamer Glendale, of the Star Line, has our thanks for Louisville papers.

Capt. Harry I. Spotts, of the steamer Mary Hunt, has our thanks for Louisville papers.

Thanks to our friend Mr. John Hume, the excellent and accommodating Purser of the steamship El Dorado, for California papers of late dates.

TWO SHIPS ASHORE.—Captain Hughes, of the ship Vicksburg, from New York, arrived yesterday, reports having seen two ships ashore on the 28th ult., on Berry Islands, apparently on but a short time, with all sails furled, and five or six wreckers around them. Could not make them out.

BARK FRANCIS WATTS SUNK.—We learn from Capt. Steele of the tow-boat Anglo-American, arrived yesterday from Pass-à-l'Outre, that the bark Francis Watts, from Rio de Janeiro, with a cargo of 8500 bags Coffee, consigned to A. Foster Elliott, sunk at Pass-à-l'Outre on the 2d inst. The tow-boat Anglo-American saved 700 bags in good condition, which she brought to the city yesterday. The tow-boat Olivia has about 200 bags on board, making 900 bags saved in good order, the balance may be saved in a damaged condition.

SUMMER CLOTHING.—We beg to call the attention to the advertisement in another column of Mr. C. B. Drew No. 14 Chartres street. An examination of his stock and tariff of charges will prove interesting to all in want of Summer gear.

We have been requested to call the attention of ticket-holders in the Grand Stock Raffle to the hour fixed, which is Saturday evening, 7 o'clock, at the Tattersalls Exchange. Several chances are yet unsold, which by early application may be secured.

DR. D. SYDNEY COLLIER CURED OF HERNIA.—This gentleman's testimony in proof of the curative agents invented and discovered by Dr. Sherman, is well worthy an attentive perusal by all who are interested in the subject, especially those who disbelieve in the radical cure of the disease.

Dr. C. has attained an enviable reputation and position in his profession by his superior skill in the practice of medicine and surgery.

It seems from his statement that he, with all his knowledge of ruptures, was a total unbeliever when he made the application, but a trial convinced him—cured him—and prompted him to make the facts known for the relief of others no less than to illustrate how rapidly old prejudices are driven from the mind in this progressive age.

E. R. OLCOTT and S. L. WOOLDRIDGE have formed a Partnership for the PRACTICE OF LAW. Office, 81 Royal street. Address OLCOTT & WOOLDRIDGE.
apr 6 1t

THE GENTLEMAN who borrowed a COLT'S REVOLVER, at the Crescent Office, on SUNDAY, (Earlier Day,) March 27, will confer a favor by retu rning it without delay. T. D. VAN HORN.
apr 6 1t

LANDING—From ships Liberty, Eliza Malloy, Nabob and Atlant:—
250 dozen BRC MS; 250 boxes COD FISH;
40 firkins selected GOSHEN BUTTER;
500 pieces Sweet oil Smoking and Chewing TOBACCO;
25 bbls CROTON OIL; 50 bbls TURS;
250 dozen PAINTED PAILS;
50 boxes Underwood's LEMON SYRUP;
10 bbls CRANBERRIES; 20 boxes CAPERS—For sale by H. L. STONE & CO., 1 Gravier street.
apr 6 1w

RICE—50 tierces Choice Carolina, for sale by LITTLEJOHN, NORCOM & CO., Corner Gravier and Fulton streets.
apr 6

SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS—50 cases Wolff's Arcanum, pint's and quarts, for sale by LITTLEJOHN, NORCOM & CO., Corner Gravier and Fulton streets.
apr 6

BEEF—800 bbls and tierces Prime Mess Beef, of the celebrated Norwood's Brand, packed from selected cattle, lard ng ex Harry Chorles and Grand Turk, for sale by S. H. KENNEDY & CO., 75 Tchoupitoulas st.
apr 6

OLD SHERRY WINE—6 quarter casks very superior Cabinet, for sale by LITTLEJOHN, NORCOM & CO., Corner Gravier and Fulton streets.
apr 6

CLARET—200 boxes in store and for sale by LITTLEJOHN, NORCOM & CO., Corner Gravier and Fulton streets.
apr 6

STAR CANDLES—100 boxes for sale by LITTLEJOHN, NORCOM & CO., Corner Gravier and Fulton streets.
apr 6

TEAS—500 packages Imperial, Hyson and Black, for sale by LITTLEJOHN, NORCOM & CO., Corner Gravier and Fulton streets.
apr 6

CLARET—300 cases of various brands and qualities, for sale by S. WOLFF, 84 Camp st. apr 6

NEWS OF THE CITY.

FIRE.—Between the hours of 12 and 1 o'clock yesterday, a fire broke out in the kitchen of Mr. Frazer's house, we are told, near the corner of Prytania and Melpomene streets. Mr. Frazer's house was destroyed, and the flames communicated to several small wooden out-houses in the rear of Mr. Labatt's dwelling, entirely consuming them. The house of Mr. Labatt, a fine two-story frame cottage, fronting on Prytania street, was considerably injured in the upper chambers, but was saved by the strenuous exertions of the firemen. That of Mr. White was also somewhat injured and narrowly escaped destruction. Several of our most efficient fire companies were on the spot in time, and displayed their usual activity, otherwise the loss of property must have been much greater.

PETER ROHRBACHER AGAIN.—We received a report of this individual's death some days since, together with the verdict of a jury of inquest, and supposed of course that it was all right. We were somewhat mystified the next day by receiving a contradiction to our statement of the circumstance, and were altogether astonished yesterday to learn that Peter had undergone another investigation by the Coroner's jury who had returned a verdict similar to the former one. It was a natural suggestion at first that this was merely by way of a clincher, but we have since learned that the person upon whom the first inquest was held was named Foulk, and that the mistake occurred from an accidental transposition of names at the Charity Hospital, whereby Rohrbacher obtained the credit of being insane and of having "shuffled off this mortal coil." He, it appears, had received an injury similar to that of Foulk and in the same manner—by the railroad cars—hence the mistake in names. Mr. Rohrbacher unfortunately died yesterday, and the matter may now be considered cleared up and settled.

RECORDER WINTER'S COURT—*First District.*—Margaret Lawler was arraigned before this court yesterday for knocking down Maria Logan with a brick-bat on Triton Walk. Her examination is fixed for to-morrow.

Stabbing.—Francis Richards, arraigned for dangerously stabbing Ophelia Duperer, a free colored woman, some days ago at the corner of Basin and Jackson streets, was required to give bond in the sum of $1000 for his appearance on the 13th inst.

RECORDER RAMOS'S COURT—*Second District.*—Henry Grabner was arraigned before this court yesterday to answer a charge of having appropriated certain money collected by him for Andre Schinkler. He was placed under bord for his appearance.

Bigamy.—John Mannion made affidavit yesterday to the following effect: That, about nine years ago, he was lawfully married to one Jane Wade, in Galway, Ireland. That he has lived in this city for some years with his wife, and that lately he has had business which has frequently taken him "up the country." That on last Monday he returned from one of these up-country excursions, and found that his uncertain spouse had contracted a matrimonial alliance with an individual named Thos. Lally. The bereaved husband immediately proceeded to the police-office of the Second District, and laid a charge against the parties for bigamy, affixing to his affidavit the certificate of their marriage on the 31st of January, duly signed by Father Mahon, of St. Joseph's Church. The law will probably deprive Jane of both her husbands.

The Boarding House Runners.—Thos. Hawthorn, D. Lambert, Hamilton Rowan and Michael Driscoll, the individuals who were arrested some days ago for brutally beating Captain Dennis on board his ship, the St. Louis, were yesterday arraigned and sent before the First District Court under bond of $1000 each.

A Black Horse Thief.—Jean Jacques Bordas made affidavit yesterday, charging a slave named Washington with having stolen a horse from a stable at the corner of Bayou Road and Dorgenois street. A warrant was issued for the arrest of the black rascal.

He has since been arrested.

PROFESSOR HENRY DE MARSAN.—The method and abilities of this gentleman, so highly spoken of in this city, are in great favor among the ladies and gentlemen who study the French Language. Combining the oral system with the use of but one single and admirable book—it is a reasonable and true method, capable of producing the most satisfactory and incontestible results, and requires a great deal less time than any other system, ridiculously termed "the only successful, the only infallible one." Professor DeMarsan has formed Day Classes for Ladies, and Evening Classes for Gentlemen. He gives Private Lessons as usual, at the residence of the Pupil, or at his own rooms, No. 6 Camp street, opposite the City Hotel.

RUPTURES CURED.—Sherman's Curative Patent Truss and Rupture Remedy is a relief and comfort and certain guarantee in the cure of all Ruptures. To secure a good fit, apply at the proprietor's establishment, 76 St. Charles street, and inquire for Dr. Sherman. For further particulars, see advertisement on third page, or apply to the same for a descriptive pamphlet. febt3 1y

Arrivals at the Principal Hotels.....April 5.

VERANDA....M Isaacs, S D Richardson, La; W Barron, John Brooks, A S Morand, R Starr and son, Ala; W Rogers, R Ramsey and lady, N Y; Geo Cox, R Wooldridge, Col A Sage, N O; W H Kirkland, J M Puckett, G C Tore, Mi; J Brooks, England; C C Hicks and lady, Ga; H S Crampton, W Allman, Cal; W G Hale and lady, Texas; C H McLancon, Ohio; B Cushing, Boston.

ST. LOUIS....E D Bruce, Ky; W M Thompson, A Carr, L Alesee, B Azaretto, C Matthews, P Johnson, Geo Whitman, E Dejean, La; E B Ballon, Fla; E T Howell, S C; Geo J L Hunter, Ala; W A McKnight, Ark; D D Bowen, Aspinwall; R L Judson, N Y; F Rodriguez, Havana.

ARCADE....C B Hastings, Boston; A Harwood, L A Ellis, Ark; D N Jackson, Ind; John Quirk, W H Pulse, S L Jewett, O B Ground, Fla; C Moulton, Mobile; L Newberger, M B Hand, Miss; G W Tigner, John P Tigner, J A P Knox, N Phillips, C G Rayner, H G Summers, A Doughty, La; J B White, Ky; A S Ford, Ga; M Kilpatrick, Tenn; T C Clark, Phil.

CITY....J McDanivady, Texas; S J Williams, J G Bagan, N O; R Otis, Mobile, J T Johnson, J A Williams, W K McKeen, Col Wm Wynn; Ark; J P Longly, W Harton, Mrs Berault, La; J Quick, T M Nash, Miss; S C Seguin, B R Griffith, Ohio; J Lancaster, John L Lancaster, Tenn; M B Greene, N Y.

Died:

On Wednesday night, April 5, at half-past 11 o'clock, WM. HART, aged 38, a native of the county of Kilkenny, Ireland, and about 5 years a resident of this city.

The friends of the deceased are respectfully invited to attend his funeral THIS AFTERNOON, at half-past 3 o'clock, from his late residence, corner of Girardo and Gravier street.

BANKS ARCADE, N. O., April 5, 1854.—DR. SHERMAN: DEAR SIR—On the 27th March, 1853, I called at your office and purchased one of your PATENT SPRING TRUSSES, certainly all guarantee that it would cure me of inguinal Hernia, which was of two years duration. The great pain was forever at an end, and I have been expecting for almost two years the practice of Medicine and Surgery, I have always considered such cases as incurable, and very little from the slightest relief—become stereotyped. After the use of your Truss and Fluid for six month, during which time I was actively engaged, I was pleased to find that I was as free from the Rupture with the further use of the Truss. I found no inconvenience from the use of the Truss. I now feel confident that I am a RADICAL CURE and have no fear, for fear, however, of accident, I continue to wear the Night Bandage.

Should any person apply to you and be of opinion, as I was, you are at liberty to use, and I will take pleasure in advising the use of your Spring Truss, and Fluid as a certain means of cure.

Please accept my thanks for your kindness.

I remain yours, etc., D. SYDNEY COLLIER, M. D., Onachita River.

Dr. C. may be seen at the Arcade Hotel until 3 o'clock This Evening. If not now would be to consult him on the subject.

Dr. SHERMAN'S TRUSS and LIQUID can only be procured of Dr. SHERMAN, 76 St. Charles street. To be sure you are right, observe the name and number on the door. apr 1 tu 1 1w

METAIRIE JOCKEY CLUB Second Day, THURSDAY, April 6, 1854. First Race to be run at 2 o'clock, P. M., MAIDEN Trial, similar Stake, for two year olds, to carry three year old weights—Mile Heats—$300 Subscription, $100 Forfeit, $50 added by the Club.

John Turnbull names ch c NAHMEOKEE, by imp Glencoe, out of Sally Shannon.

A. L. Bingaman and R. Ten Brook name ch g, by Glencoe, out of Sallie Ward.

Wm. Jones, b f, by Bundle and Go, dam by Raffin, out of Sarah Bladen. Pace declaration.

Wm. J. Minor names ch c, by Voucher, out of Norma.

Also, br f, by Voucher, out of Lady Jane.

Also, ch c, by Bachanner, out of Vorsoity, by Pacific.

W. W. Hayden names gr c, by Glencoe, out of Brenda Offline.

F. Blakely names b c TERRIFYER, by Sovereign, out of Jane Mitchell.

Second Race to be run at 3 o'clock.

SECOND RACE—Same Day—Club Purse, $300—Mile Heats—Three Best in Five.

J. A. L. Bingaman names ch g WADE HAMPTON, 8 years old, Drone, harlequin jacket and cap.

J. Charles M. Wade and names (S. Sievens) ch g CONRAD THE CORSAIR, by Voucher, out of Lady Jane, by imp Leviathan. Drone, fancy.

S. S. M. Reed names br f MAID OF ORLEANS, 4 years old, by Berbiene, out of Alice Carroll, by imp Sarpedon. Dress, white.

A. A. Iacomin & Co. name ch f by Dutchman, dam Miss Riddell, 5 years old. Dress, red, white and black.

S. D. F. Kenner names ch c ARGENT, 3 years old, by imp Glencoe, out of Pizarro. Dress, red and red.

G. T. S. Moore names (W. T. Chenham's) ch g COMPROMISE, 5 years old, by Glencoe, dam by Stockholder. Colors, fancy.

Strangers' Badges, giving the privilege of the Course for the five days, $15; Public Stands, $1.

No compartment except from rails, when a premium will be displayed from the St. Charles Hotel.

Ladies desiring admission to Ladies' Stand must be accompanied by a member of the Club, or an invited guest.

To prevent delay at the Course, Badges may be obtained at the St. Charles, Verandah and City Hotels.

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