## THE LATE LIQUOR LAW.

The Maine liquor law has everywhere its difficulties; and such difficulties as go far to show that it belongs to a sort of overstretched legislation, which abandons what is rational, practical and legitimate—the punishing of drunkenness—in order to attempt what is neither possible nor desirable, the hindering men from using what they do not abuse. We ourselves are, privately, good friends of temperance: for, though we love good-fellowship, we never were tipsy in our lives; and, publicly, we hold that positive drunkenness should be punished, even severely, by sober and sensible laws. We would deal with it just as we would with gaming or any such offense against good morals. Now, the mere taking of a glass, once a day or once a week, is no offense against good morals; and the law has no right, therefore, to punish it.

We set out, however, to speak of the history of the Liquor law, not of our own opinion about it. We witnessed some of its troubles, in Maine itself, at its first adoption. For we met there, at a great Railroad celebration, a very large body of the very legislators who had enacted and the very Governor who had signed the law. Upon that occasion, they drank like so many fishes. The Governor himself was particularly jolly. We had afterwards a three-months opportunity to observe the workings of the law there, over much of the State; and we must say that we saw enough to convince us that it it accomplished anything in the enforcing of Temperance, it was at the expense of other virtues quite as necessary. We found that if anybody had ceased to drink, it was not through respect for the law: for that people drank just as before, when they got the opportunity. They drank secretly; which everybody knows, is the worst shape that such indulgence of that beastly appetite can take. The law making it more difficult to get liquor, they drank less often, but perhaps more intemperately. Indeed, we rather came to the conclusion that the difference was more in the quantity than the quality of their drinking: that they got boozy when they could, as before; but on worse liquor, for which they paid more money. In a word, we saw little reason to think that much good had been effected in the object of the law; while, on the other hand, it was producing deplorable mischief, *first*, in making a great body of citizens, who thought it an invasion of their personal liberty, habitual law-breakers; and, *secondly*, in drawing great numbers of persons into a shameful and illicit secret traffic in spirits. Besides these two terrible results, we perceived that it produced a vast deal of lying and hypocrisy: vices of which we have everywhere found a plentiful natural crop, without any pains of the law to sow them.

While, therefore, we shall rejoice to see the Temperance Societies going on, to achieve, by their pious labors, as many personal reformations as possible through the power of persuasion, we should deplore to see the Maine legislation attempted in Louisiana. In refusing her approval to such a law, sent over to her from the provincial Assembly of New Brunswick, Queen Victoria said that she could not sign such laws: "for she held them to be contrary to the liberties of an English subject." We are most heartily of the good little Queen's opinion; and we think, moreover, that the liberties of an American citizen ought to be quite as great as those of an English subject.

In the North, all this sort of legislation has been attended with most serious mischiefs. Angrily resisted by one-half the world, and fanatically urged by the other half, it has kindled up dissensions the most violent, on all sides, in a country where (God knows!) there was already a large superabundance of kinks and quarrels. The liquor law has added to these another pestilent one, which sows divisions in communities, in families, in churches, in parties; and mingling even in politics, has contrived to augment their fury, their confusion and their dishonesty.

Our story of the Liquor law is, for the present, told. Perhaps it would have been more politic to keep it to ourselves. For, in this very free country of ours, every body wants you to help along his own lame opinions; to punish you if you won't; to punish you the more, the more his opinions are limping ones. The fact is that speaking the truth is a very poor trade; and we have very little expectation of ever making a fortune by it. But that the competition is extremely limited, we should never have made our salt at it. We may say of it (Truth) what Goldsmith says of Poetry:

> Until, in these degenerate times of shame,
> To catch the heart, or strike for honest fame;
> Dear, charming nymph, neglected and decried!
> My shame in crowds, my solitary pride:
> Thou art the source of all my joy and all my woe,
> That found'st me poor at first, and keep'st me so!

But to return to the difficulties which the Liquor law is meeting: in the Pensylvania Legislature, a gentleman named Johnston (but not, we suppose, of our own clan of the "gentle Johnstons") has fallen with fury on the whole Temperance cause, as follows:

Mr. Johnston again attacked temperance men, liquor law lecturers, grand jury presentments, etc., etc. He agreed that a prohibitory bill could never be enforced without a clause authorizing the search. He had said he would not vote for such a bill, if asked for by a hundred thousand majority of the people, and having sworn to support the Constitution, he never would vote for submitting a bill to the people, because he considered it unconstitutional. He would obey the popular will, in matters of government, but not in matters of the kitchen and the sideboard. We could "regulate" but not prohibit trade.

In Massachusetts, a very curious case has arisen out of the execution of the law. A New York paper says:

Thomas Adams, the sheriff of Norfolk county, lately seized a quantity of brandy, which, in accordance with the requirements of the law, he disposed of at public auction. He was shortly after arrested for a violation of another section of the law in selling spirituous liquors, and after being tried before a justice of Milton was fined ten dollars and costs, and ordered to give bonds in one thousand dollars that he would not repeat the offense, or stand committed. The sheriff refused to pay the fine or give the required security, stating that the law made it incumbent upon him to sell all liquor which should be seized, and he was under twenty thousand dollars bonds, and also under oath, to discharge his duty. A mittimus was accordingly made out, and he was committed to the county jail on the 16th instant, where he must remain until the Legislature amends or repeals the conflicting sections of the law.

## QUIEN SABE? WHO KNOWS?

A gentleman, who is evidently of a very inquiring mind, addresses to us—as several had done before him—the following interrogatory:

MR. EDITOR: Among the illustrious characters whose deeds should be borne in perpetual remembrance, the Commissioners of the election in the Seventh Ward occupy no mean rank. I am asked on all hands: "Who they are?" Will you be kind enough to give us their names in your paper, in order that they may be fresh in the minds of your readers when memory reverts to the tragedies of the 27th of March, 1854.

INQUIRER.

Now, we have to answer, in the first place, that we originally choose to ignore the names of these persons, for several reasons: we had no personal knowledge of them and therefore no individual ill will; the office of denouncing one's fellow-citizens by name is scarcely proper for a comparative stranger to take upon himself, where there are so many more who could more fitly do it; and we thought if the charges which we preferred were known to be well-founded, they should be legally proceeded against with great severity; and, until legally stigmatized, [illegible]

## By the Southern Line.

### THE HULSEMANN LETTER.

BOSTON, April 6.—The original manuscript of the famous Hulsemann letter has been given up by Webster's executors to Mr. Everett, by whom it is reported to have been written while Mr. Webster was sick.

### THE OPPOSITION TELEGRAPH.

PORTLAND, April 6.—The committee in the Maine Legislature, to which the matter was referred, have reported unanimously against the application for a charter for an opposition line Telegraph to Calais.

### RHODE ISLAND AND CONNECTICUT ELECTIONS.

HARTFORD, April 6.—The Whigs have a large majority in the Rhode Island Legislature.

In Connecticut, the whig majority is five thousand. The majority in the Senate is thirteen, and thirty-eight in the house.

### MR. FILLMORE IN MOBILE.

MOBILE, April 7.—The reception of Mr. Fillmore in this city, to-day, was a most brilliant affair.

### THE EASTERN MAIL.

MOBILE, April 7.—The Eastern mail, due in New Orleans to-morrow morning, and the one due this morning, have arrived. The dates from New York are to the 31st ult. and the 1st inst. The Canadia's letters have arrived.

### MOBILE COTTON MARKET.

MOBILE, April 7.—The receipts of Cotton for the week reach 9300 bales, and the exports 3700 bales. The stock on hand, not cleared, is 148,700 bales. Sales of the week 14,700 bales. Middlings, 8¾c.

### CHARLESTON MARKETS.

CHARLESTON, April 6.—The Cotton market is depressed under the advices received by the Baltic, and a decline of ½ to ¾c. per pound has taken place. The extreme range of prices is 7½ to 10¼c. Low middling is quoted at 8¾ and good do. at 9¼c. The sales for to-day amount to 550 bales, and for the week 3250 bales. The stock on hand, exclusive of that on shipboard, is 46,850 bales, the receipts for the week being 9900 bales. The receipts of Rice during the week amount to 1700 tierces, and the stock on hand is 9200 tierces.

## By the National Line.

### NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, April 7, P. M.—The Cotton market continues depressed, and prices are a trifle lower. There is a better feeling in the Flour market and prices have advanced about 12½c., chiefly for the lower grades. Rio Coffee 11¾c. per lb for Prime. There is a good demand for Pork, and prices have an upward tendency. Sales of Mess to-day at $14 87½ and Prime at $12 50 per bbl. Lard in bbls has been selling at 9½c per lb.

### CINCINNATI MARKETS.

CINCINNATI, April 7, A. M.—The Flour market is firm with sales this morning at $6 25 per bbl. Whisky is quiet, with sales at 19c. per gallon. There is nothing new in Provisions. Sugar is selling at 4¼ to 5c.

The river has risen six inches since last night.

### OHIO RIVER—STEAMBOATS.

PITTSBURGH, April 7.—The river continues to fall, and there is now but five feet water in the channel.

LOUISVILLE, April 6.—There is five feet ten inches water in the canal. The steamers Ohio and J. P. Tweed have arrived from New Orleans, and the William Noble has departed for that port.

## Telegraphic.

HAVRE COTTON MARKET—*New York*, April 5.—The Baltic brings dates from Havre to the 20th ult.

The Cotton market is reported active and unchanged. The sales during the two days, 17th and 18th, amounted to 4000 bales.

The imports during the week amounted to 30,000 bales.

The stock on hand is reported as 114,000.

CHINA.—The overland mail had arrived in England with intelligence from China, in which there is an announcement that a large body of Tartars had arrived at Pekin for the purpose of affording support to the Emperor.

The Imperialists were still besieging Shanghai.

FACTORY BURNT—*Baltimore*, April 6.—White Hall Cotton Factory, situate at Jones's Falls, three miles from this city, was destroyed by fire to-day. The loss is estimated at $100,000, on which there was an insurance for $40,000. The factory was owned by Hoover & Tambril.

CONGRESSIONAL—*Washington*, April 6.—The Senate did not engage in any important legislative proceedings to-day.

An executive session was held for the purpose of considering the Gadsden Treaty. It is supposed that it will be defeated.

In the House, a communication in reference to the public printing, and involving an immense amount, was presented.

Documents were sent in, in reference to the Black Warrior case.

The question of the transportation of the mails between New Orleans and San Francisco was again taken under discussion. [Pic.

The Clerk of the steamboat Europa has our thanks for St. Louis papers of the 1st inst.

CHILE.—We have received a copy of the Valparaiso Herald of March 1.

The Herald suggests that Chile offers as fine a field to the intelligent practical farmer as any country in the world, where it says that with a proper stock of modern farm requisites for economizing labor and doing efficient work, the agriculture of Chile offers as sure and rapid a means of accumulating wealth as any country now known. Labor is cheap and not likely to exceed 37½ cents per day for many years.

Constant efforts are being made to extend the educational system throughout the country. A decree just published by the Minister of Instruction, provides for the establishment of a depot of Government educational books in every *Intendencia*, which are to be sold at government prices, and given away gratis to those who cannot afford to pay. It is highly gratifying to see the government thus laying the foundation of a prosperity in the nation by educating the people.

Don Roberto Simpson is appointed Commissioner to go to England to procure the construction of a war steamer, for which purpose the sum of $200,000 is appropriated.

The government has given pecuniary support to an establishment for the improvement of pottery; the experiments made have been successful, and a superior article has been produced with the clay of the country.

Madame Biscaccianti is engaged to perform at Valparaiso. Most of her time is taken up with her infant, which was born at Lima, recently.

ALABAMA.—A severe frost occurred at Montgomery, says the Journal, on the 3d inst., which has been greatly injurious to the young crops. The cotton, of which, unfortunately, there is little above the ground, has been cut down; the corn, also, is seriously injured, and especially the forward crops, which have jointed. The more sensitive comprising the varieties of garden vegetation, fruits, etc., is, in most localities, completely destroyed. This will be severely felt, though there is sufficient time in most cases to replant.

The Grove Hill Herald regrets to announce the death, by suicide, of Mr. John Woods, an old and respectable citizen of Clarke county.

CASE HEARD FROM.—Harlow Case, the defaulter at Sandusky, Ohio, has been heard from at Malta, in the Mediterranean. His paramour, Mrs. Francis, wrote from that place to her husband in California, saying that Case was about to die, and wished him to come on and forgive him before he died. Mr. Francis sold out a profitable business in California, and went to Malta. When he arrived, the wretches had gone, no one knew whither. Mr. F. is now destitute, and writes to his friends at Chillicothe for means. The affair is unique. Case was a Government collector, Francis his deputy. Case took the Government money and Francis's wife and vamoosed. Francis ran after him; and, after getting half round the world, ostensibly to punish them, has compassed the other half to give the errant couple his forgiveness.

SHOCKING.—A telegraphic dispatch from Ogdensburg, N. Y., states that the dwelling house of Mr. Cooper Tyler, at North Lawrence, near that place, was destroyed by fire on the night of the 28th, together with all its contents, including seven small children, the eldest being only nine years of age. Their parents had, after seeing the children safely in bed, gone to a neighbor's house to pass the evening.

The house of William Flanders, in Londonderry, on the 8 ult., was burned on the same day, and his three young children perished in the flames.

Edward Smith was picked up in the street yesterday by officer Bishony. He was unable to give his place of residence.

FIRE.—At three o'clock yesterday afternoon, a fire broke out in a smoke house on Tchoupitoulas street, between Girod and Hevia, belonging to Mr. Crone. Not much damage was done, the timely arrival of the engines preventing the further spread of the flames.

LARCENY.—John Mortimer and Wm. Brien were arrested and locked up in the calaboose of the First District, yesterday, on a charge of having stolen a quantity of grates and hydrant pipe from him.

FIRST DISTRICT COURT—*Judge Robertson.*—Dennis Morgan was yesterday tried before this court, and found guilty of assault and battery.

Thos. Wilson was found guilty of assaulting and shooting at Anthony Pecova. He was recommended to the mercy of the court.

Wm. Wagner, alias Bassville, was tried upon an information for larceny—stealing a quantity of silver-ware from the house of Greer B. Duncan, a long time ago—and found guilty.

Patrick Flynn, Thomas Greevy, Thomas McDermott and George Pass were tried, and acquitted, on charges of assaults with dangerous weapons.

RECORDER RAMOS'S COURT.—*Second District.* Jean Pierre Boissey, who keeps a dry goods store at the corner of Royal and Hospital streets, made affidavit in this court yesterday, against one of his clerks, charging him with having taken certain liberties with a drawer under the counter. A warrant was issued for the arrest of the unfaithful steward.

*Counterfeiting.*—Michael Reilly and P. S. Brady await an examination before this court, on a charge of having passed a number of counterfeit steamboat tickets or checks upon the steamboat Grenada.

*Heavy Larceny.*—M. S. Hedrick made affidavit yesterday, that the following papers had been stolen from his room, in a boarding house on Canal street: A draft for $2,000, drawn by G. W. McKenzie to the order of deponent, payable at Liverpool by the Bank Sophia, McKenzie and Owners; also, the charter of ship Ambassador; two policies of insurance and other valuable papers. We forbear giving the name of the lady who keeps the boarding house, and who is charged with having taken the above papers, as the affair may be altogether the result of an unfortunate mistake.

RECORDER WINTER'S COURT.—*First District.* We yesterday mentioned the fact that a small boy had been arrested on a charge of setting fire to Mr. Freret's cotton press, on Poydras street. Wm. Dirke deposed, yesterday, before this court, that he saw the boy, John Dane, together with several colored boys, in the act of firing the cotton. The examination was fired for the 12th inst., and the boy was locked up in default of bail.

*Stealing Cotton.*—Geo. W. Parker has made affidavit in this court against Catherine McMahon and Margaret and Thomas Fitzpatrick, charging them with having stolen three bales of cotton from the banquette at the corner of Race and Tchoupitoulas streets. Accused were required to give $500 security each for their appearance on the 12th inst.

*Vagrants.*—Two individuals, Blasco and Wilson, were arrested yesterday as vagrants. Blasco was sentenced to the Workhouse for thirty days, and bond was required for Wilson's appearance before the First District Court.

*Murder.*—Patrick Finn, who has been under arrest, since the 29th of March, for killing his wife, was arraigned yesterday for examination. The greater portion of the testimony went to show that accused had beaten his wife in a most awful manner, from the effects of which she had died in a few hours; but the examination was continued until to-day.

## The New Republic.

The inhabitants of Lower California have addressed the subjoined declaration to President Walker:

*Declaration or Representation of the Inhabitants of the State of Lower California, of the Republic of Sonora, to his Excellency the President, San Vicente, March 7, 1854.*

Your Excellency—The undersigned representatives, citizens and property holders, of and in the State of Lower California, in a convention held this day in San Vicente, have the honor to communicate the result of their deliberations to your Excellency, as follows:

Since the day on which the troops under your command arrived at this point, we have been satisfactorily undeceived relative to the many exaggerated reports previously published to us, of the excesses invariably committed by your soldiers; we are, ourselves, present witnesses that our homes and interests have been respected, and our families treated with all manner of kindness and consideration, we have nothing to complain of, and are satisfied that such will be the case in future. Satisfied, therefor, with the invitation extended by your Excellency, we have voluntarily come forward in order to deliberate upon the promotion of the interests of our country, by the establishment of the Government of the Republic of Sonora. Considering the actual position in which we are placed by the neglect and abandonment of the Supreme Government of Mexico, of which we were subjects, we doubt not we shall be immeasurably benefitted by making public, this, our declaration, because we feel confident of having in the future, laws and justice which will protect us.

Yesterday, in your camp, we solemnly renounced all allegiance to every other flag or government which was not that of the Republic of Sonora, then represented before us, and voluntarily taking the oath of allegiance to the New Republic, we passed beneath the two banners in token of submission, and here offer to serve you faithfully unto death.

Sir, we doubt not that the establishment of the Government in the New Republic, will redound to the honor and happiness not only of ourselves, but of the country at large, because we believe that your Excellency, by means of a wise constitution and protective laws, will guarantee our property and interests for all time to come. Therefore do we ask of your Excellency the establishment of an authority which shall be recognized by us, and sustained by such armed force as your Excellency may deem proper.

We request of your Excellency that the provisions we have in hand, and may receive in future, be subject to your orders, when the requisitions are properly signed by your commissary, which requisitions will always be cheerfully complied with, confident that we will be fully reimbursed hereafter.

We respectfully request of your Excellency to give this, our representation, a favorable consideration, and grant by decree those portions which contain a petition.

SANTIAGO ARCE, JOSE L. ESPINOSA,
JOSE IGNACIO ARCE, EUGENIO MURRILLO,
PEDRO DUARTE, THOMAS BOND,
MIGUEL OSIO, PEDRO E. DUARTE,
ESTANISLAUS ARMAMENTO.

On behalf of sixty-two members in Convention assembled, March 1, 1854.

DON JOSE SAIS, La Grulla.

PRESIDENT WALKER'S REPLY.

SAN VICENTE, March 1, 1854.

*Citizens*—I have been gratified at receiving the representation you have just presented, and the soldiers of the Republic appreciate the loyalty and devotion you express towards the new Government.

I hope and believe the State of Lower California will prosper and improve under the Republic of Sonora, and prove more fruitful of resource than under the misgovernment of Mexico.

It will give me pleasure to fulfill your desires in regard to the establishment of a local authority and of a constitution under which all your rights will be respected and guaranteed.

With wishes for the individual welfare of each of you, and for the national prosperity of the Republic, I am, your President,

WM. WALKER, President of Sonora.

A MAYOR SENT TO NEWGATE FOR PERJURY.—The Mayor of Rye, England, was lately tried for perjury. It appears that he had testified before a committee of the House of Commons, in a contested election case, that he had received no bribery money. Afterwards he acknowledged, so that it came to the ears of the opposition party, that he had received £235 from one of the candidates, to be used in bribing the electors. He was convicted and sentenced to Newgate for one year.

Mrs. Catherine Eliza Rush, wife of Hon. Richard Rush, formerly Minister to England, died at Sydenham, near Philadelphia, on the 24th ult., in the 71st year of her age.

T inity Church, at Cleveland, Ohio, was burned on the morning of the 30th ult., together with a large boarding-house adjoining.

The famous musician Rubini, died at Ramano, in the province of Bergamo, Italy, recently.

Who pass us with the crowd,
Saying, "Ah! just wait till to-morrow."

And though that morrow may dawn
'Midst dark and heavy clouds,
Which every ray of joy
In deepest gloom enshrouds—

Still, *still* will this little girl, Hope,
Still cheer us through that day's sorrow,
Still pat us upon the cheek,
Saying, "Ah! just wait till to-morrow."

[Milford Leader.

DEATH OF THOMAS NOON TALFOURD.—The advices by the steamer Franklin announce the sudden death of this distinguished scholar and jurist, which took place on the 12th of March, while delivering a charge to the grand jury at Stafford, England. In the walk of literature, Talfourd attained an honorable distinction. Commencing with the arduous duties of a reporter for the daily press, he soon became an eminent lawyer, member of Parliament and a contributor to various literary periodicals, and at length produced the tragedy of "Ion," the work by which he is chiefly known to readers in this country. This was brought out by Mr. Macready at the Covent-Garden theatre on the 26th of May, 1836. "The Athenian Captive," and "Glencoe," though inferior to "Ion," are allowed by competent judges to possess a very considerable degree of merit. "Vacation Rambles" is the title of another popular work by the same author.

BETROTHAL OF THE SULTAN'S DAUGHTERS. At Constantinople, on the 24th of February, an interesting ceremony took place, being the legal confirmation of the betrothal of the Sulan's eldest daughter, the Sultana Fathma, aged fourteen years, to Ali Galib, aged twenty-one years, the son of Redschid Pasha, one of the Cabinet Ministers. A long train of men, bearing on their heads trays of fruit, flowers, brocades, jewels, etc., as wedding presents, marched in procession from Redschid Pasha's house to the Sultan's palace, accompanied by a train of pretty Turkish damsels handsomely attired. On the same day were celebrated the first betrothals of the Sultan's three remaining daughters with the sons of high dignitaries of State, all the princesses being quite children. The presents for these different marriages will, it is said, cost 40,000,000 piastres, Redschid Pasha alone having spent 6,000,000 piastres in jewelry.


RUPTURES CURED.—Sherman's Curative Palatable Trusses and Rupture Remedy is a relief and comfort and certain guarantee to the cure of all Ruptures. To secure a good fit, apply to the proprietor's establishment, 59 St. Charles street, and inquire for Dr. Sherman. For further particulars, see advertisement on third page, or apply in the store for a descriptive pamphlet. feb23 1y

Arrivals at the Principal Hotels.....April 7.

ST. CHARLES....J Collins, L V Reeves and lady, J L Pearce, J C barnes, J C Meller, W Matbury, W H Rogers & C McKown and lady, R A McKeen, H M Emerson, La; J W Buck, lady and child, O L Buck, J T Moore, J T Marye, H Huntington, J C Colhoun, Dr Parker, J D Starke, R M Johnson, J Peladeater, G J Hulm, W H Powell, Miss; W A Smith and lady, Baldwin and lady, mrs J W Henson, J Clements, J Hart, mrs Curminis, E Curminis, miss Curminis, mrs Curminis, J A Wafford, Ala; D Repley, R W Rollins, N Y.

VERANDA....R H Jones, D S Collier, La; W H Adams and lady, Ark; P H Gilman, Canada; J W Jones, J E Garrett, Va; J S Nayland; Col Sayre, S Gone, S Rauney, J W Bailey, J M Heaman, N O; J J Dohan, W L Jones, W Cannon, Miss; S M Irwin, Cincinnati.

ST. LOUIS....A Green, Miss; Dr R B Routeeon, A Good man, F M Hughes, A G Schnson, N Y; A Rue, James Leaf, Mo; H B Greene, D A Lynne, N O; J Sterne, Texas.

ARCADE....J Wadsworth, W Perry, H D Denson, J W Ives, S Canfield, M Row, J A Row, Hawthorn, J H Jeter, W J Sharp, J M Keper, W C Anderson, J T Anderson, W C Carothers, J N Armington, C A Gibse, A M McCollom, G Conoch, A S Sloan, J Norris, Ariz; W Buford, V J Jimpin, Texas.

CITY....R M Latemer, R P Hazard, Thos N Tower, Miss; R Cotheil, D Tripp, Mobile; A Sheldon, N Y; Wm Ribbs, John Bishop, W C Pack, O S Grieg, J J Conway, H F Huston, A G Clopton, D Block, A Block, Arkansas.


## Married:

On Wednesday, the 5th inst., by the Rev. N. O. North, Mr. GEO. W. SADLER and Miss LETITIA MOORE EDGAR, both of this city.

☞ New York and St. Louis papers will please copy.


**Southern Military Academy**
LOTTERY!
(BY AUTHORITY OF THE STATE OF ALABAMA.)
*Conducted on the Known Plan.*
☞ TO BE DRAWN MAY 10, 1854. ☜
CAPITALS.....$75,000
" .....25,000
" .....10,000
" .....10,000
In all 939 Prizes, amounting to.....200,000
☞ Tickets $5. Halves and Quarters in proportion.
☞ All communications strictly confidential.
SAMUEL SWAN, Agent and Manager,
Sign of the Rouge Lion.
Montgomery, Ala., March 19, 1854. mh22 1m

**J. Benj. Chandler,**
COLLECTOR.
NOTES, BILLS, HOUSE RENTS, etc.,
☞ Office in CORSON & ARMSTRONG'S, 58 Camp street.
☞ Office Hours from 1 to 10 A. M., and 3 to 5 P. M.
☞ References—H. T. Lonsdale, J. Lamb & Co., and Corson & Armstrong. mh4 1y

**Summer Clothing.**
F. STRINGER & CO.,
No. 85 Camp street.
☞ Invite attention to their superior assortment of
SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING.
A large variety of WOOLEN GOODS, adapted for the season.
FRENCH MERINO, ALPACA, LINEN DUCK,
FROCK AND OFFICE COATS, SAC COATS.
Merino, Drap D'Ete, Silk and Figured Doll and Linen Duck PANTS.
Rich Figured Silk and Marseilles VESTS, of the latest styles.
FURNISHING GOODS.
Silk and Merino SHIRTS, BOSOMS, COLLARS, etc.
Rich Figured Silk and Marseilles VESTS, of the latest styles.
TRAVELING TRUNKS.
Of the latest Philadelphia Manufacture. apr7 2p1m

**Carpeting.**
J. D. DAMERON & CO.,
25 Chartres street and 27 Customhouse street,
☞ Offer for sale a large and choice stock of
RICH VELVET,
WILTON and BRUSSELS CARPETING;
IMPERIAL THREE-PLY and INGRAIN CARPETING;
RUGS, SAIZES, DOOR MATS, etc.
FLOOR OIL CLOTH,
10 to 24 feet wide, of entirely new and beautiful patterns, which we cut to suit any size Room or Hall.
CURTAIN MATERIAL,
SILK AND WOOL AND WORSTED DAMASKS;
EMBROIDERED LACE AND MUSLIN CURTAINS;
PAINTED WINDOW BLINDS;
WINDOW CORNICES, CORDS, TASSELS, GIMP, etc.
MATTING.
400 pieces 4-4, 5-4 and 6-4 CANTON STRAW MATTING, white and colored. apr7 6t2p

METAIRIE JOCKEY CLUB RACES.
Fourth DAY, SATURDAY, April 8, 1854. Race to be run at 3 o'clock, P. M. Club Purse, $1,000, entrance money, $40th. Four mile heats.
1—J. R. Hunter c. g. RUBE, aged, by Lay Trustee, dam Minerva. Dress red and silver.
2—A. L. Kingston ismle b. g. LEXINGTON, 3 years old. Dress, lavender.
3—T. J. Wells names ch. c. LECOMTE, 3 years old. Dress, red and blue.
☞ Strangers' Badges, giving the privilege of the Course for the remaining two days, $10; Public Stands, $2; Field, $1.
☞ No pass-outs except from rain, when a pennant will be displayed near the St. Charles Hotel.
☞ Ladies desiring admission to Ladies' Stand must be accompanied by a member of the Club, or an invited guest.
☞ To prevent delay at the Course, Badges may be obtained at the St. Charles, Verandah and City Hotels.
☞ Passengers can go to or return by the Shell Road, or Bienville street. The Carrollton Railroad also starts hourly. Omnibus will leave the Carrollton Railroad Depot, at a distance of less than two miles. [ap8] R. TEN BROECK, Proprietor.

RACES.—During the [illegible] period a fine Horse on the Metairie Course, the Trains of the Jefferson and Lake Pontchartrain Railway will run as on Sundays, leaving corner Common and Carondelet street and Tivoli Circle Depots, and Hewries from the Lake End.
By order of the Board,
mh22 1m CHARLES BAQUIE, Manager.

BELL CHENEY SPRINGS.—The undersigned respectfully informs the public that they have purchased the WATERING PLACE, and have in the course of considerable many improvements for the accommodation of Visitors. The Springs are situated in the pine woods, parish of St. Tammany, thirty-seven miles north west of Ops ssas, about one mile distant south of Alexandria, and ten miles south of Bayou Chicot. The water possesses highly medicinal qualities, and has proved efficacious in many aggravated diseases which was beyond the reach of ordinary remedies. The Bath is supplied by Spring Water, and such appropriate by invalids. Deer, Fox and Wild Cats are numerous, affording fine sport to the hunter; and the Lake, seven miles in length, with a depth of twenty feet, situated three miles and a half from the Springs, abounds in Trout and other fine fish. A pack of Hounds for hunting, and Boats for fishing, will be furnished to the visitors. Choice Wines and Liquors which the New Orleans market can afford will be kept constantly on hand. Coaches can always be procured at Opelousas and Washington to transport any number of passengers to the Springs. Good Music will be furnished and Balls given twice per week, gratis. Hunting Horses and Vehicles to transport ladies to the Lake will be kept for hire. Gentlemen fond of hunting should bring their guns. Fishing Tackle may be purchased at the Springs. Visitors received from 1st May to 1st November.

TERMS OF BOARD:
By the Month.....$25 00
Per Day.....1 00
Children and Servants half price.
Horses, per Day.....75
apr8 3m DAIGLE & BEAUCHAMP.

NOTICE.—All persons having Claims against the Succession of JOHN W. RICHARDSON, deceased, are requested to present them to the undersigned, and all indebted, to come forward and settle without further delay.
mh26 2m1m S. H. WAPLES, Curator, 8 St. Charles st.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—A first-rate WASHER AND IRONER, one that can give good reference, may offer some good apply. T. B. WINSTON, Lafayette Square. apr

DATES—25 frails fresh Dates just received, for sale by A. FLOCHRAN & HALL, 86 Gravier st. apr

WHEAT SACKS—5000 Second-hand Wheat Sacks, three bushels each, which Yankee Blade, for sale by ROGERY, WILLIAMS & CO., 30 Carondelet st.

LOST.—A medium size Red Leather TRUNK, with short spring back, from on board the steamer Globe. It is supposed to have been taken ashore with the baggage of a Mr. McKENZIE, who came on board at Baton Rouge. The finder will receive a liberal reward by leaving it at this office.
apr 1 2p1m THOS. F. MAHEY.

WALNUTS—100 bales fresh Grenoble Walnuts, now landing ex ship Trenton, for sale by A. F. COCHRAN & HALL, 86 Gravier street.

CAROLINA SEED COW PEAS.—100 bags fresh Carolina Seed Cow Peas, now landing ex bark Roxana, for sale by [apr1] A. F. COCHRAN & HALL, 86 Gravier st.

CODFISH—760 boxes landing and in store, for sale by [apr 1w] M. L. STONE & CO., 1 Gravier st.

60 CAMP STREET. 60

☞ ALWAYS ON HAND, A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF LAW (English and French), MEDICAL, SCIENTIFIC AND SCHOOL BOOKS, CLASSICAL AND LITERARY WORKS, CHEAP PUBLICATIONS, ETC.
☞ STATIONERY, DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN.
☞ BLANK BOOKS AND CARDS of every description.
☞ PRINTING AND BOOK-BINDING executed with neatness and dispatch.
☞ AGENT FOR J. T. WHITE'S PRINTING TYPES, ETC., AND HOE & CO.'S CELEBRATED PRINTING PRESSES.
ap5 6t2p 11W

**Fine Bamboo Fishing Poles.**
☞ A fine lot of very superior selected BAMBOO FISHING POLES, just received and for sale by GUION'S,
ap5 2p4 Corner St. Charles and Canal streets.

**The Gentlemen**
Are now offered greater inducements than ever to purchase their
SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING
.... OF ....
C. B. DREW,
No. 14 Chartres street.
☞ They will perceive, by the following list of prices, that his good's are at least 25 per cent. below the regular rates:

| | |
|---|---|
| FINE BLACK FRENCH CLOTH FROCKS | $15 00 |
| FINE DRAP D'ETE FROCKS | 8 00 |
| FINE FRENCH MERINO FROCKS | 3 00 |
| FINE SILK ALPACA FROCKS | 3 50 |
| FRENCH MERINO PANTS | 4 00 |
| WHITE AND FANCY DRILLINGS | 3 00 |
| WHITE AND FANCY MARSEILLES VESTS | 2 50 |
| LINEN BOSOM SHIRTS | 1 25 |
| ALL LINEN SHIRTS, (warranted) | 2 50 |
| RUSSIA DUCK, OFFICE AND SAC COATS | 3 50 |
| FANCY CRAVATS, per dozen | 1 00 |
| LINEN POCKET HANDKERCHIEFS, per dozen | 3 00 |
| FANCY SILK GLOVES, per dozen | 2 00 |

feb 2 2m C. B. DREW, 14 Chartres street.

**The Great Reform Triumph!**
LOOK OUT FOR THIS CARICATURE!!!
☞ Copies to be had at the CRESCENT OFFICE, STEEL'S, NORMAN'S, and MAGINNIS & CARVER'S, Camp street. apr 6p

**Diarrhœa, Dysentary, Cholera,**
CHOLERA MORBUS.
☞ BEACH'S ANTI-CATHARTIC MIXTURE is a certain, safe, prompt and efficacious remedy for the above diseases, and all diseases of like character, either for children or adults. For sale by
E. D. BEACH, M. D., corner of Chartres and Customhouse streets.
By THOS. RANKIN, corner of Camp and Poydras streets.
And by J. SYMES, cor. Canal and Carondelet sts. ap5 6p2m1d1w

**Carpeting, Matting, Oil Cloth,**
23 CHARTRES STREET. 23
☞ ENGLISH and AMERICAN Velvet and Brussels Tapestry; Three-ply Brussels, Ingrain and Venetian CARPETING; Dugged and Linen Crash Cloths; Window Shades; Hair Cloth; Table and Piano Covers; Stair Rods, Rugs, Mats, etc., etc.
MATTING, 4-4, 5-4 and 6-4 white, checkered and fancy.
FLOOR OIL CLOTH, 24 feet wide, cut to suit all apartments. All of which we offer at the LOWEST MARKET PRICES.
ap7 6m A. BROUSSEAU & CO.

**An Assortment Unequaled,**
IN THE SOUTH OR NORTH.
FASHIONABLE CLOTHING.
ALFRED MUNROE & CO.,
84 Magazine street, corner of Gravier,
Invite an examination of their present superb assortment of Fashionable
SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING.
It is impossible, in the limits of an advertisement, to enumerate the different articles; suffice it to say, the stock embraces every article suitable for a Gentleman's Wardrobe, and all classes of Men and Boys can readily obtain what will please them.
A full assortment of Gentlemen's and Boys'
FURNISHING GOODS,
of the best description, constantly on hand.
.... ALSO ....
TRUNKS, VALISES, CARPET BAGS, UMBRELLAS, Etc., Etc., Etc.
☞ ALFRED MUNROE & CO. are Agents for the sale of all articles of
INDIA RUBBER GOODS,
Manufactured by the
UNION INDIA RUBBER COMPANY OF NEW YORK,
to which the attention of dealers and others is respectfully requested. Dealers will be supplied at Manufacturers' Prices.
ALFRED MUNROE & CO.,
ap1 9p2d1w 84 Magazine street, corner of Gravier.

**Todd & Co.,**
COMMISSION CARPET WAREROOMS,
120 CANAL STREET, TOURO BUILDINGS,
☞ Are now offering their immense stock of
VELVET, TAPESTRY, BRUSSELS,
THREE-PLY AND INGRAIN CARPETING,
at unusually cheap prices, as we are interested to close some payments.
.... ALSO ....
On hand a large and beautiful stock of
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
8 to 24 feet wide, cut to suit any apartment.
WALL PAPER AND TRANSPARENT WINDOW SHADES,
LACE AND MUSLIN CURTAINS. apl 4t3p

**Norris & Way,**
CLOTHIERS,
Corner CAMP and COMMON STS., (under the City Hotel.)
☞ Have just received, and are now opening their usual
NEW AND SUPERIOR ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHING.
The stocks of GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS being very large and complete, they are prepared to furnish their friends and the public generally with every
ARTICLE OF APPAREL
PERTAINING TO A GENTLEMAN'S WARDROBE.
Being constantly in receipt of the latest NOVELTIES by every arrival from the North, they will maintain throughout the season a COMPLETE ASSORTMENT.
NORRIS & WAY,
feb18 3m p1 under the CITY HOTEL.

**To Country Merchants.**
FOR CASH OR CITY ACCEPTANCES.
☞ The largest variety of fine
FANCY GOODS, CUTLERY, GUNS,
RIFLES, PISTOLS, PLATED WARE,
PERFUMERY, COMBS, BRUSHES, and
TOILET ARTICLES, of the best Quality.
.... ALSO ....
PLAYING CARDS, DOMINOES, CHESSMEN, GAMES, IVORY AND BONE CHECKS FOR CARD PLAYING, Etc., Etc.
☞ The Goods are all Imported Direct, and will be disposed of to the Trade at the usual Favorable Rates. Purchasers are invited to examine this extensive variety before purchasing elsewhere.
T. F. GUION,
ap1 3p 15t Corner of St. Charles and Canal streets.

**Hats, Caps, etc.**
AT WHOLESALE.
☞ Constantly receiving HATS, comprising Antoinettes, Gilles, Cassimers, Mexican, Wool, Straw, Panama and Palm Leaf HATS, for sale by
TROST & CO. 10 Magazine street.
ap8 1m

**Boots, Shoes and Brogans,