THE DAILY CRESCENT.

FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 26, 1854.

☞ The Proprietor of the Crescent will pay no bill contracted by any person attached to the office, without a written order.

The Great Eclipse of the Sun.

At about four o'clock this afternoon, let all persons who may desire to see a spectacle which, although not unaccountable or wonderful, will be grand and awe-inspiring, congregate upon the house-tops or other elevated positions of observation, and turn their attention to the declining Sun. Within a few minutes of the time we have mentioned, if the day be clear, a dark, round object will appear to be gathering upon the Western limb of the Sun, and in a little less than two hours will sweep across and disappear from the Eastern limb, obscuring a considerable section of his disc and of course producing what we may call a sort of artificial night. This will be, the lunar orb passing between us and the Sun and intercepting a portion of his rays—in other words, standing in our light. Should the sky at the time be covered with clouds, the process noted above will, of course, not be visible, but in that event a gloom, like the peculiar approach of night upon the wide prairies or the ocean, will settle suddenly over the land.

New Orleans will be situated in the penumbra of the Moon's shadow, and therefore the eclipse here will be partial, but it will be actually annular in Vancouver's Island, a portion of the Territories of Washington and Minnesota, in a portion of Canada West, of the States of Michigan, New York, and the New England States, presenting the appearance, to observers situated at those points, of a dark globe in the heavens surrounded by a ring of fire. The part of the central eclipse first touches in the North Pacific Ocean, near the Caroline Islands, and, taking a northeasterly direction, reaches our continent near Cape Flattery, in Washington Territory; it passes to the Atlantic Ocean in the line indicated above, the southern penumbra extending as far as some of the Southern States of Mexico, and leaves the Earth at about latitude 36 degrees, longitude 52, after a duration of nearly four hours altogether, and of the annular observation not more than four minutes at any one place.

The occurrence of an annular eclipse at any particular place is very rare, and a total eclipse of the Sun never takes place unless the Moon at the time be sufficiently near the earth to present an apparent disc of greater diameter than that of the Sun.

In olden times an eclipse of the Sun or Moon was not looked upon with less terror than was the appearance in the skies of the flaming comet, the dread harbinger of pestilence or war. Armies have thrown down their weapons and fled the approaching battle as the mysterious darkness at noon-day began to creep through the skies and settle like a pall upon the world; and nations have prostrated themselves in the dust, under the fearful apprehension that the end of all things was at hand. Now, however, it will be looked upon as a sort of business transaction between the three planets, with which terrestrials have no concern, except to look on as idle spectators.

IMPORTANT JAIL DELIVERY.—Yesterday Judge Beecher and his companion in bondage were liberated from confinement, the vengeance of Cotton being satiated. A large concourse of the friends of the Judge, from the Fourth District, as well as other parts of the city, stood at the gates, anxiously awaiting the exit of the culprit. When he did come forth to the light of day, a shout went up to heaven like the sound of many waters. His friends had provided a band of music, and after making a circuit of the Sixth District Court, the procession proceeded to escort the Judge to the house of his family in the Fourth District.

We are happy to state that during the whole period of his incarceration, the friends of Judge B. were not backward in their sympathies or visitations. Not a day passed that he was not made sensible of public opinion in reference to his *wretched condition*; yet still the Judge bore it all with Christian resignation and heroic fortitude, though

Keen were his pangs; but keener far to feel
A second Judas flung the cursed steel.

LETTERS FROM AN UNEXPLORED COUNTRY.—Dr. Livingston, an adventurous and persevering explorer and missionary, is at present prosecuting his labors in the interior of Africa. He writes occasionally to a newspaper of Cape Town, and a recent arrival at Boston from that distant port brings one of his letters, which is of a most interesting character. Going boldly into regions which the foot of the white man had never before penetrated, the Doctor states that he was every where received with confidence and treated with kindness. He however gives a very unfavorable account of the moral condition of the natives, and cites as an instance the refusal of a young rural chief to listen to his teachings "lest they should change his heart and make him content with one wife." In canoes the Doctor explored great and beautiful rivers, and *on the backs of hippopotami*—so he says—rode through magnificent forests in the midst of a country unknown to geographers. But in spite of the beauties of nature, the hills and valleys, the shining rivers and the sylvan wildernesses along their shores, fevers and deadly diseases prevail, he says, to a fearful extent, and the climate generally is insalubrious and unhealthy.

HYDROPHOBIA.—A sort of panic seems to prevail among the people of some of our Northern cities in regard to this horrible disease, and not without cause. We find cases of it, resulting from the bites of rabid dogs, mentioned in the New York, Boston and Philadelphia papers, so many in fact as to indicate an alarming increase of the malady recently. The authorities are strongly appealed to in those cities for edicts of extermination against the canine race, the other modes of security usually resorted to not being deemed sufficient. In New Orleans, under such circumstances, there would be a great increase in the demand for *mad tobacco* and sausages.

The Appletons, of New York, issued on the 21st a complete report of the trial of Matt. F. Ward, Esq. The evidence is certified as correct by the officers of the Court and by Judge Alex. Walker, of this city. To this report, Mr. Ward has appealed for a suspension of public opinion upon his case. The work will embrace, with the testimony, the speeches of Senator Crittenden, Gov. Helm, T. F. Marshall, Esq., Nathaniel Wolf, Esq., and the reply of Alfred Allen, Esq., Attorney for the Commonwealth.

We return our thanks to the clerk of the steamer Eclipse, in last night from Louisville, for Louisville papers.

The clerk of the steamer L. M. Kennett has our thanks for St. Louis papers.

Willard Richards, editor of The News, and a mighty man among the Mormons, died in Deseret on the 11th of March. The following is an extract from a prayer made on the occasion of his burial:

Bless the widows of Thy servant Willard, who are called to part with a dear and beloved companion. Inspire them with the power of the Holy Ghost, and wisdom to bear with patience and resignation the trials they were called to encounter, and to live in such a manner as to prepare them to enjoy his society in the possession of thrones, principalities and powers in the celestial world.

At Black Rock, N. Y., a few days since, a house was struck by lightning, and completely demolished. The occupants, who were at supper, all fortunately escaped.

Later from Mexico.

By the arrival of the steamship Orizaba we have dates from Vera Cruz to the 21st, and the City of Mexico to the 17th inst.

General Santa Anna arrived at the capital on the 16th inst. from the campaign of the South. The Mexican journals state that a battle had occurred between Santa Anna and Alvarez at the pass of Peregrino, in which the latter had been defeated with great loss. But little confidence, however, is to be given to the Mexican papers, as they are not allowed to publish any thing which may work against the Government. They do not state the day on which the battle occurred, or give any of the details which should follow a great victory. We attach little credit to this report. According to the dispatches, Alvarez, though defeated, is still in possession of Guerrero. Santa Anna was received at Mexico with every demonstration of joy. Many of the other cities had joined in these rejoicings and had sent in their felicitations on his happy return.

A conspiracy was detected in the fort of San Juan de Ulua, headed by two sergeants, who got up a pronunciamiento on their own account, to facilitate the flight of Gen. Avalos, who is confined there. The plot having been discovered, Manuel Gonzalez, one of the sergeants, was condemned to death by a court martial and shot on the 11th.

Three criminals, who had been condemned to death, and who were to have been executed on the 14th, were pardoned as a token of gratitude for the happy return of the President from the Southern campaign.

The Mexican steamer-of-war Iturbide arrived at Vera Cruz from New Orleans on the 11th inst., having made the voyage in eighty hours. She took out the first information of the passage of the Gadsden treaty.

The earthquake on the 5th inst., to which we alluded in our last summary of news from Mexico, was also felt slightly at Jalapa. The town of Orajaca suffered most, several edifices being badly injured.

The *Trait d'Union* has been fined $400, and the numbers of that paper of the 13th seized, for having published an item of Mexican news displeasing to the Government.

Mme Sontag's opera troupe continued to draw immense houses in Mexico, and the performances met with the greatest success.

General Woll has transferred the Government of Tamaulipas to Camargo, under orders from Mexico.

There was to be a grand representation at the Theatre of Santa Anna, on the 16th inst., in honor of the return of the President, on which occasion was to be sung, for the first time in public, the new National Hymn, the words of which are by Sr. Gonzalez Bocanegra, and the music by Sr. Bottesini.

There was considerable vomita among the troops at Vera Cruz, though little among the citizens.

Several women, wives of the revolutionists, have been arrested and imprisoned, and other women have fled and are concealed from the police, who are in hot pursuit of them for political offences.

New Publications.

Mr. Thos. L. White, bookseller, No. 105 Canal street, has laid upon our table a work just published by Dewitt & Davenport of New York, by John Baree Duds, entitled "Spirit Manifestations Examined and Explained." This work consists of a series of lectures delivered by the author in 1851, and in our mind one of the most thorough refutations of the spiritual theory we have ever read. It will doubtless do much to arrest the spread of this fatal delusion.

We have also received, from Mr. White, a novel entitled "The Monk's Revenge," by Samuel Spring, Esq., published by Dewitt & Davenport; another, published by the same house, entitled "Helen Musgrove; or the Jesuit Executorship," and "The Life and Aventures of a Country Merchant," by J. B. Jones, published by Lippincott, Grambo & Co., of Philadelphia.

AMUSEMENTS.—At Placide's to-night, is to be performed Shakspeare's comedy of "As You Like It," and the farce of "Alarming Sacrifice."

At Dan Rice's the bill for this evening will be the same as that of last night.

BENEFIT OF MISS SOMERS.—It will be seen by a card in another portion of the paper that this lady takes a benefit at Placide's Theatre to-morrow night. The performances will be such as are calculated to bring together a full house, but more particularly should the public extend favor to the charming young beneficiary.

FOR LOUISVILLE.—It should be borne in mind by those about journeying to the North, that the Eclipse, which is, unquestionably, the most magnificent and commodious steamer upon our Western waters, leaves for Louisville to-morrow (Saturday) evening at 5 o'clock. We know of no way of reaching New York and the other Northern cities more agreeably than this, for what with the gay company usually on board the Eclipse, the luxurious table, airy staterooms and ever-ready attentions of servants, a trip on this superb steamer can only be looked forward to with pleasure. The passage from this city to Louisville is usually made by the Eclipse in from five to five and a half days, making the time to New York by this route little more than seven days, which is but one day more than the time occupied by the mail route, with its tediousness and inconvenience, and less than that usually taken by the ocean steamships. The Eclipse is under the command of Capt. Sturgeon, one of the most manlike and efficient steamboat officers it has ever been our good fortune to meet.

THE EMPIRE.—The steamer Empire, Captain Meekin, leaves for Louisville this evening at 5 o'clock. Passengers by her may expect a pleasant trip, as she is a commodious boat and is managed by able and attentive officers.

THE ST. LOUIS MURDER.—Laidlaw, the scene-painter of the Varieties Theatre at St. Louis, whose murder we noticed a few days since, was the affianced husband of Sallie St. Clair, a favorite dancuse at St. Louis, and it is said that some one who was desperately in love with her paid Jackson to murder her husband.

THE KNOW-NOTHINGS.—There seems to be some trouble among the members of this association, growing out of the fact that they know something. An anonymous letter was addressed to a Catholic clergyman of New York, which found its way into the papers, and mightily stirred the members of the order. The writer proposed, for the sum of $10,000, to expose all the secret operations and ceremonies and the objects of the institution. Suspicion fell upon an officer of the organization, who had in his possession all the private books and papers. To gain possession of these, certain men effected a forcible entrance into this man's office, broke open his trunks and bore off the booty. He has caused their arrest, and the whole affair will be investigated by the police. Considerable interest is felt among the New Yorkers as to the issue of the affair.

The American whale ship Hudson, Capt. Cliff, seized at the Falkland Islands lately, by a British man-of-war, on the charge that the crew had killed several wild hogs on one of the Islands, against which there was a special prohibition. It seems, however, that the animals had been placed on the island by Capt. Cliff some time previous, and this was shown on trial; nevertheless, he was fined £880, which was subsequently reduced to £27.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Correspondence of the New Orleans Crescent.

WASHINGTON, May 18, 1854.

The proposition to add to the Senate's subscription to the Globe was agreed to after a protracted debate, while that which proposed to employ the Intelligencer, Union and Sentinel to copy the reports of the Globe, paying these three papers at the rate of $4 50 per column therefor, was rejected: this rejection, however, was by a close vote, and notice of a motion to reconsider was given by Mr. Weller. The Union and Intelligencer do not want this boon, but the Sentinel is in a feeble condition, and without some of that pap which nourishes so many persons and concerns in this lazy metropolis, it must languish and die. Mr. Rives, proprietor of the Globe, has succeeded in making his paper an essential part of the machinery of Congress; his reports are well and promptly made, and it is but just that he should be fairly remunerated. It is amusing, however, to see Senators engaged in a calculation as to how much profit a printer makes—perhaps a like number of men so poorly qualified for this task could not be found in the country. Mr. Rives is already wealthy, and, if he continues to report for Congress, will not grow poor. Mr. Stuart, of Michigan, read some extracts from the Sentinel which bore hard upon the Administration, and did not feel willing to encourage a paper which was thus damaging the democracy. Mr. Weller justified the charges of the Sentinel, and said that the present democratic party wanted purgation, that physic might make it thinner for a while, but it would be all the healthier in the end. Mr. Badger, of North Carolina, wanted the subject disposed of (the question of employing the Sentinel, etc.,) because it was really painful to him and the other whigs present to witness these dissensions in the democratic party. (Laughter.) Seriously, if we ever do have a reform in our Governmental management, this item of printing will have to be reduced; the books and papers that the people have to pay for constitute an enormous charge upon the Treasury, very much of which is idle, few get the documents, as they are called, and fewer still read them.

The House holds evening sessions now, and does nothing but discuss Nebraska. I am told there was good speaking to-day by Banks, (democrat), of Massachusetts, and Peckham, (democrat), of New York.

The Democrats who are opposed to the bill have made overtures to the Whigs to join them again in resisting the final vote, but the Whigs are shy of them, and I doubt if there will be any more efforts to defeat the measure by main strength. The bill will be passed. It will never be of the least benefit to the South, but it will embitter that portion of the North which has been heretofore most potential in protecting Southern interests; the wrong is deeply felt, and the more so that it is wanton and gratuitous.

Mr. Breckenridge will make another speech. It is said that Mr. Cutting will finally vote for the bill. The Hards are in a quandary yet.

You may dismiss all thoughts of the Pacific or other railroad bills.

The press is beginning to utter its condemnation of Slidell's movement about Cuba, and the probability is that filibusterism will receive such a rebuke from the country as will make it lie down again. CHRONICLER.

WASHINGTON, May 19, 1854.

This is Friday, a day generally given to private bills, and it was so devoted by the Senate, but I believe without touching any thing of particular interest to your readers. In the House, of course, we are still nauseated with Nebraska.

A portion of the Whigs have held a caucus to-day and will still resist the final passage of the bill, but their efforts will be irregular and spasmodic, if confined simply to parliamentary rules, and can have no other effect than to weary themselves and their opponents; beyond parliamentary resistance it is not in the least probable that a sufficient number can be got to unite to defeat legislation; although with organization and adroit leaders the bill might still be defeated.

Mr. Dean, of N. Y., one of the "Soft" democracy, defined his position to-day, and came out more emphatically against the bill than almost any Democrat who has spoken. This open opposition on his part was nuts for the "Hards," for Mr. Dean is an especial favorite and constant visitor at the White House.

Mike Walsh also spoke, and as much as I heard of him was a compound of vulgarity and egotism, with fulsome laudation of Dickinson and rather liberal abuse of the Administration. It did not speak well for the taste of several Senators that they honored this rapscallion by listening to his rigmarole. It must be admitted for Mike, however, whose boast it is that he represents the lower-strata Democracy of New York City, that he has been more consistent in his public career than his wealthy colleague the shrewd lawyer Cutting. In thorough subserviency to the South, Mike was so emphatic as to prefer the condition of the black slave to that of the white laborer of the North, thereby proving the truth of the adage that it is "a foul bird which dirties its own nest."

Mr. Morrison, of N. H., opposed the bill. He came here, he said, a friend and supporter of the Administration, and was still such, and ready to go as far "as an honest Administration could ask an honest man to go." This was decidedly a cruel thing to be said by a New Hampshire Democrat; but, perhaps, all this is understood. Whether Mr. Morrison is to be the anti-Nebraskaite I cannot say, but it has been settled, I believe, that if there be a Locofoco majority in the N. H. Legislation there shall be a division of Senatorial honors between a friend and an opponent of this bill; this will furnish a beautiful illustration of Yankee Democracy which could not possibly let such a chance for a dicker slip from them, especially if at the same time they can cheat the Whigs.

The printing question was not renewed to-day, and it is to be feared that the Sentinel's chance for getting at the crib with the Union and Globe is rather slim. The printing for the Senate alone is insufficient to sustain a daily paper here. CHRONICLER.

THE GOLD FIELDS OF SOUTHERN AFRICA.—The alleged discovery of extensive gold fields in Southern Africa is producing its usual effects on the Cape Colony; and a rush has been at once made to the mines. The Cape Town Mail of March 18 says:

Letters from Burghersdorp, from respectable parties, remove all doubts respecting the discovery of gold and copper deposits near Smithfield. One letter, dated March 10, says: "Gold is now found in large nuggets. We have some splendid specimens here that have been dug up in the past two days. Copper mixed with gold is found in abundance on another farm." The extent of country, or rather the two extreme points at which gold has been found, is at least five hundred miles, the whole of which, it is supposed, will be found auriferous. The whole of this immense tract of country is almost unknown, with the exception of a small strip. The gold in some places is found in the centre of a ridge of iron stone (which has evidently been thrown up by volcanic action) in a vein of quartz. The upper part of the vein is small, which gradually widens as the shaft is sunk. The copper is found on the surface in "wagon loads," and contains a considerable per centage of gold. The British Government has just withdrawn from any further control over the region of country where this gold is found, and a Provincial Government has been established, with J. P. Hoffman as President. The Cape Town colonists, since the gold excitement, wish England to re-annex the territory to her dominions, on the ground that the establishment of a republic will only lead to bloody border warfare, with bad results to both parties.

Kate Lawrence, daughter of Hon. Abbott Lawrence, has been presented with a most magnificent silver service of plate, by George Peabody, Esq., the London banker. It is to be manufactured in London, at the cost of $12,000. Miss L., it is said, is about to be married.

Mr. John C. Waddell, a compositor in the office of the Democrat, at Columbus, Miss., was seriously wounded on the night of the 14th, by a pistol ball, while in an affray with Benj. F. Ford, a compositor in the Standard office, of the same place.

Mrs. Mowatt, the accomplished authoress and actress, will be married on the 6th of June, at Ravenswood, Long Island. The marriage ceremony will no doubt be very unique and elegant, and the party a very select one.

Owing to a difficulty which has occurred at the State University at Tuscaloosa, Ala., between the teachers and students, the Mobile Advertiser learns that about fifty students have withdrawn from the University.

By a telegraphic dispatch from Boston we learn that the Hon. Edward Everett has resigned his seat in the United States Senate, in consequence of ill health—the resignation to take effect in June.

Mr. John Rowe, of Chattanooga, Tenn., was instantly wounded on the 13th by the accidental discharge of a gun, in the hands of another man.

It is rumored that Lewis Cass, Jr., our Chargé at Rome, is about to espouse a Miss Ludlam, of New York, at Rome, where the fair *fiancée* is sojourning.

Hon. Nicholas McCarty, of Indiana, a Whig politician of some eminence, died in Indianapolis on the 17th.

The ship Progress arrived at New York on the 18th. She sailed from Liverpool with 757 passengers, 42 of whom died on the passage.

Deaths by hydrophobia in the Northern States are very frequent, too numerous to be noticed particularly.

A married lady named Virginia Potete committed suicide near Dahlonegar, Ga., on the 15th, by cutting her throat with a razor.

The "fly" is ravaging the tobacco crop in different portions of Maryland, and already, it is said, serious damage has been done.

A Mr. Edmonson, in McCraken county, Ky., last week, on sitting down to breakfast, discovered the biscuit on the table of an unusual color; he called his cook and required her to eat one of them, which she did very reluctantly, and died in fifteen minutes afterwards from the effects of the poison she intended for her master and mistress.

LIBERAL DONATION.—The Hon. R. F. W. Allston has given $6000 to the South Carolina College, to educate poor scholars.

MORMON MISSIONARIES.—Six elders of the Mormon Church at Salt Lake, Utah Territory, are now on their way to the British Isles.

HYMENEAL INSTRUCTOR.—Somebody advertises for agents to sell a work entitled "Hymeneal Instructor." A cotemporary adds: "The best hymeneal instructor we know of is a young widow. What she don't know, there is no use learning."

DEGENERACY OF THE FIRST FAMILIES OF VIRGINIA.—A Rev. Charles Brookes submitted a paper to the American Statistical Association upon the effect of intermarriage between blood relations. In the course of it he stated "some of the 'first families' of Virginia have degenerated to a painful extent, on account of the repeated intermarriages of the members, in their attempts to keep the property in the family. Some of the 'best blood' has thus so degenerated that those who now represent it are dwarfs in more than a single sense."

FRIGHTFUL LOSS OF LIFE IN ENGLISH MINES. From a statement in the London Times, we ascertain that "about one thousand persons are killed annually in the mines of this country" (England.) This is a fearful statement, when it is recollected that the total amount of deaths in the British squadrons on the African station, for twenty-one years, was 1328, out of 20,601; so that one year and a half in the English mines destroys more lives than the casualties of sea service and the climate of Africa has done in twenty-one years.

A SLIP.—Holford, the American who amassed an immense fortune by banking in London, and who died a week since, was reported to have willed all his property, worth $400,000, mostly in American stocks and real estate in New York, to the Prince of Wales, Queen Victoria's oldest son, and the future British King. It seems to have been a mistake. The London Illustrated News, of the 22d of April, states that Mr. H.'s will, making the above bequest to the young Prince, was fully prepared, but he died before he was able to sign it! That sends his poor relations into high clover.

BABY SHOW IN CANADA.—A correspondent of the Burlington Free Press gives an amusing account of a baby show in Bytown, Canada, on the 2d inst. The prizes were $60 each to the three largest, fattest and handsomest babies in the town of March. There were but two babies presented, one 16 and the other 17 months old, each of whom received a prize. After some appropriate speeches by the judges, one of the lucky mothers made the announcement that "she should have another baby to show at the same time and place next year, if there was a premium to be given," which caused rounds of applause.

NEWS OF THE CITY.

MYSTERIOUS.—On the 23d inst. a man was brought to the Charity Hospital in a cab, insensible, and apparently in a dying condition, having received a fracture of the skull and other severe injuries. The cabman stated that he had been hurt by falling down a pair of stairs in a boarding-house, at the corner of Levee and Girod streets, but the name of the man was not given, and the clerk neglected to take the number of the cab in which he had been brought. The unfortunate man lingered until yesterday, and died. An inquest was held upon his remains, and a verdict rendered that he came to his death from a dislocation of the neck and a fracture of the back part of the skull. The jury then proceeded to the house indicated as the one in which the accident occurred, but could not learn, either there or any where in that neighborhood, that any such affair had occurred in that section of the city.

CHARGE OF MURDER.—A free man of color, named Robert Hill, was arrested by the police of the Third District yesterday, on board the ship Moses Taylor, charged with having murdered the mate of said ship, Mr. Drinkwater, during the passage to this port from Havre. The affair originated in a dispute or quarrel of some kind, when a few days out from the latter port, and Hill stabbed the mate with a knife, inflicting a wound which produced death almost immediately. The murderer is in prison awaiting examination.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.—This body met last evening, Mr. Caldwell in the chair and a bare quorum present. On motion, the reading of the minutes was dispensed with, and a message from the Mayor was read, informing the Board that the law rendered it necessary for the yearly separate appropriations to the public schools in each District to be made, in proportion to the number of pupils in each District; that the number of said pupils in actual attendance at the present time is 10,855, and that the basis assumed by the ordinance of $20 to each pupil had been found sufficient. The increase of pupils over the preceding year he stated to be 1423. The message was referred to the Committee on Education.

A resolution from the Committee on Streets and Landings was passed, authorizing the Street Committee to letter and number the heads of piers and wharves along the Levee.

Also a resolution assigning a portion of the levee at the head of Canal street for depositing materials to be used in the construction of the new Custom-house.

A resolution to authorize the City Attorney to employ a clerk, at a salary not exceeding $100 per month was laid on the table.

A resolution from the Lower Board for placing Geo. Cronan in default for non-fulfillment of his paving contract was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

A resolution from the same source, providing for the sale of a contract to provide the fire companies of the city with hose for one year, was referred to the Fire Committee.

A resolution declaring that hereafter no fire-work exhibition shall be held in Lafayette Square, was laid on the table, after a long debate upon the propriety of concurrence.

A resolution authorizing the payment of numerous bills for the current expenses of the city, was concurred in.

An ordinance providing for the establishment of two additional city pounds, one in the Fourth and one in the Second District, was concurred in.

A resolution authorizing the Surveyor to make the necessary repairs to the Levee in the vicinity of the Tobacco Warehouses, at a cost not exceeding $500, was concurred in.

A resolution authorizing the sale of a contract for keeping in repair all the wharves of the First, Third and Fourth Districts, was concurred in.

An ordinance re-organizing the Street Commissioner's department, was presented by Mr. Gilmore and unanimously adopted.

The Board soon after adjourned.

RECORDER'S COURT OF THE FIRST DISTRICT.—*Properly Punished.*—James Lyon was arraigned before this court yesterday, upon an affidavit made by Sophia Eitel, who charges him with having (although an entire stranger to her) grossly insulted her on Drayades street, making use of the most obscene language and applying to her the most abusive epithets. The Recorder very properly fined the blackguard twenty-five dollars.

Recorder Summers yesterday suspended a watchman who had made a charge against an individual for breach of the peace and then failed to appear. Some action of this kind is needed at all our police courts.

The examination of John McNagle and Martin Carroll, for the murder of Henry Connolly, is fixed for this day at 4 o'clock.

PROFESSOR HENRY DE MARSAN.—The method and abilities of this gentleman, so highly spoken of in this city, are in great request among the ladies and gentlemen who study the French language. Combining the oral system with the use of but one simple and admirable book—it is a reasonable and true method, capable of producing the most satisfactory and incontestible results, and requires a great deal less time than any other system, ridiculously termed "the only successful, the only infallible one." Professor DeMarsan has formed Day Classes for Ladies, and Evening Classes for Gentlemen. He gives Private Lessons as usual, at the residence of the Pupil, or at his own rooms, No. 9 Camp street, opposite the City Hotel.

CANCERS CURED.—Dr. Frazee has the honor to inform the public that he is prepared to cure all cases of the foregoing disease, and he will GUARANTEE A CURE IN EVERY CASE, except when some vital organ may be seriously affected. Even then, the sufferer may obtain much relief. Persons afflicted with Cancerous affections are invited to visit Dr. C. for further information and advice free. As an evidence of his sincerity and his confidence in his system of treatment, Dr. F. will undertake to cure every case of Cancer presented, and make no charge until the patient is cured. Patients cured without pain or the use of the knife. Twenty Dollars sent by mail will secure a package of the CANCER SPECIFIC, with full directions for use. Address Dr. FRAZEE,

apl1 2ply Office, 28 St. Charles street.

RUPTURES CURED.—Sherman's Curative Patent Truss and Repture Remedy is a relief and comfort and certain guarantee in the cure of all Ruptures. To secure a good fit, apply to the proprietor's establishment, 70 St. Charles street, and inquire for Dr. Sherman. For further particulars, see advertisement on third page, or apply to the store for a descriptive pamphlet. febs4 1y

Arrivals at the Principal Hotels.....May 25.

ST. CHARLES.—H Marks steamer Pampero; G R Gilmer, I G Johnson, F Webb and family, W C Webb, W R Webb, G W Webb, J A Miller, P H Hapworth, E J Grace, J F Harrison, L E Lone, M A McLeod, C R Robinson, G W Miles, J C Thorne, Mrs L L Taylor, P Morfit, La; J O Bolling, John M Gray, J Hardie, Ala; J W Jones, Va; Dr Thos Williams U S A; T S Savage, James Allen lady and son, B Butler, C McCoy, T Ford, Miss; G M Daniel, Dr James, N O; Capt Hatale, Texas.

ARCADE—H Levassour, H Levy, P Levy, H Pickett, C Hirt, T Davis, W H Atkinson, G A Hudson, R W Fort, H B McKee, D W Thompson, B D Day, M P Day, A Spears, H Regenburg, La; R C Sappold, C A Folsom, E Sufford, H W Holloway, W L Robertson, W H Cooper, Miss; W L N Tarmater, N O; J Howlett, Texas.

CITY—G B Miller, W Gibbon, O H Anderson, S H M Williams, M Leip, T W Walton, S H McMullin, J J McGehee, M De la Vega, Mrs Langkins, W Wheliurer, La; W C Blanton, Ambrose Salapeta, Miss; C B Gallagher, Mexico; J Shepard, S F Shatter, J Gonzales de Sorre, J S Miller, N O; Jas W Lynn, C Balmes, Dr Durivage, N Y; J P Van Biascom, N J; H Marks, steamer Pampero.

ST. LOUIS—Dr Jas Metcalf, Miss; H Claes, S L Pratt and lady, M Huguet, A Huguet, A F Righton, La; W A Pouqueau, O Silber, A Duroupeau, N Y; Geo W Johnson, E Lawrence, La; C F Sargent, John Mattock, Ark.

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