DAILY CRESCENT.

THURSDAY MORNING, JULY 6, 1854.

☞ All persons having bills against the Crescent Office are requested to present them at the office for settlement.

☞ The Proprietor of the Crescent will pay no bill contracted by any person attached to the office, without a written order.

WANTED—A Carrier for the Crescent, on the second best route in the city. *Substantial* security will be required for the performance of the required duties.

The Celebration.

The celebration on Tuesday last was pretty much of a military one throughout, but of course none the worse for that. The sound of cannon, at an early hour in Lafayette Square, brought crowds of the people to witness the somewhat unusual spectacle of a tented field, with all the appendages and attendant circumstances of a military array in the midst of the city. This encampment was formed by Washington Artillery and the National Guards, under the supervision of Brig. Gen. E. L. Tracey and Col. Henry Forno, and it was universally admitted that all the arrangements were in true military style. The Louisiana Greys, under command of Capt. Cavannaugh, paraded upon the Square early in the morning, presenting their usual fine appearance and excellent discipline. At 7 o'clock Governor Hébert reviewed Companies A, B and C of the National Guards. Company D of this fine young battalion was not prepared to turn out, but was represented by its officers, Capt. Salomon and Lieuts. Moore and Laucke. We shall not soon forget the splendid appearance of these companies, nor our astonishment at the rapidity with which they had acquired proficiency in military evolutions. Company C in particular, which has been organized but two weeks, surprised every body by the promptness and accuracy with which it executed orders. This company is under the command of Capt. Chas. D. Dreux, a young man well and favorably known in this city. He is a graduate of the military academy at Frankfort, Kentucky, and the manner in which he has drilled his company in so short a time shows that his education is highly creditable to that institution. The companies B, commanded by Capt. J. A. Jaquess, and A, commanded by Lieut. Smith, were, we believe, in no particular, unless in numbers, inferior to any that turned out in any part of the city.

Captain Jaquess performed the duties of officer of the day, from reveille until 1 o'clock, Lieut. Bannister, of the Washington Artillery, acting as officer of the guard; from 1 until the companies were dismissed, Captain Dreux became officer of the day, assisted by Lieutenants Mark Moore and Oscar Howell, the latter of Company B. Adjutant Chas. Forno, son of Col. Henry Forno, showed himself a "chip of the old block" by the manner in which he executed his difficult and responsible duties. In fact we have never known a set of young officers conduct themselves in a manner more worthy the reputation of experienced soldiers.

At 12 o'clock a splendid collation was given by Gen. Tracey, in the large tent which had been prepared for the occasion, and here we found assembled a considerable crowd of notables, whose names are too numerous to mention. Speeches and toasts, wine and eatables were freely given and taken, and every thing went off in fine style.

Two o'clock was the hour fixed upon for attacking the ample lunch spread out by Col. Dick Nash, but a sudden storm of wind and rain upset his arrangements and spoiled the dinner at the same time. Many persons present were unfeeling enough to make light of this misfortune and treat it as a good joke, but those who had lived on short allowance for a day or two for the purpose of being in good condition for the occasion, felt it to be a very serious matter. At 5 o'clock another collation, comprising innumerable delicacies, was spread for such ladies as chose to grace the scene with their presence.

The Louisiana Legion and Washington Regiment were reviewed in Congo Square by the Governor and his staff. It is not necessary to inform any body in this city that they are composed of soldiers of the finest kind. The Horse Guards, Col. Wood commanding, were also reviewed by the Governor, and presented an exceedingly fine appearance in their new and costly uniform. They numbered rather smaller than usual, in consequence of sickness and unavoidable absence of members. The Guards are very popular, and we learn that no less than ten petitions for membership were presented during the day. At about 11 o'clock they regaled something like 200 guests at 52 Carondelet street, with lunch, wines, etc., upon an extensive and liberal scale. His Excellency the Governor, and staff, Generals Lewis, Palfrey, Cronan and staff, the veteran General Lacoste, the field, staff and line officers of the Legion and 21 Brigade, together with many of our most prominent citizens were present upon this occasion and seemed to enjoy it exceedingly. A beautiful flag was presented to the troops on Rampart street, and was given and received with appropriate remarks. The motto of this troop is "Forward!" and from its fine appearance and what we know of its officers, we are satisfied that it will prove a most fit one whenever it shall become their fortune to face an enemy.

We have not proposed to give a detailed description of the events of the day. That has been already very well done in the evening papers of yesterday. Suffice it to say that the celebration of this Fourth of July was one of the most enthusiastic ever witnessed in New Orleans, and passed off without accident of any kind so far as we can learn, and with but few unpleasant incidents. May we see many such.

THE LETTER LIST AGAIN.—Those who have read the Picayune's last statements in regard to this matter, should also read the Postmaster's card in reply, which we publish in another column. The soundness of Mr. Kendall's position and arguments cannot be doubted by any one who takes the trouble to examine them.

NEW BOOKS.—We have received from Mr. Hayman Packard, at 152 Camp street, a book entitled "Daniel, a Model for Young Men," written by Rev. W. A. Scott, D. D., of New Orleans. We had the happiness and the honor of having our marriage knot tied by this gentleman (not Daniel—the Dr.) and should feel bound to give his book a puff, whether we had seen it or not. The best recommendation, however, which could be given to any book of this character would be the announcement of Dr. Scott as its author, and we need say nothing more than that in favor of this work.

We have also received from J. C. Morgan, Exchange Place, the July numbers of DeBow's Review, and Harper's Monthly Magazine; and from J. B. Steel, No. 60 Camp street, a new novel, "The Deserted Wife," and Harper's Magazine for July.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—By a card in another part of the paper, it will be seen that the partnership heretofore existing between our legal friends, Messrs. Breaux and W. J. A. Roberts, has been dissolved.

AFFRAY.—The Montgomery Advertiser says that on the 29th, in the affray between Capt. B. Meagher, of the steamer Wm. Jones, jr., and his clerk Mr. Daniel, the former received a severe wound from a knife, laying open his left arm to the bone, from the shoulder to the elbow. Though the wound of the captain is not necessarily fatal, it is—in this hot weather—exceedingly dangerous. The difficulty, we learn, grew out of business matters.

LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

TO THE NEW ORLEANS DAILY CRESCENT.

By the Southern Line.

Death of Mr. Ritchie.

WASHINGTON, July 3.—The venerable Thomas Ritchie died in this city to-day at noon.

Treaty Probably Rejected.

WASHINGTON, July 3.—It is reported, but not positively known, that the reciprocity treaty, recently negotiated between the United States and Canada by Lord Elgin and the Secretary of State, was on Saturday rejected by the Senate.

Cholera in the North.

NEW YORK, July 3.—Dispatches from Boston report many deaths as having occurred there from cholera. The disease is also carrying off considerable numbers in this city and in Philadelphia.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, July 3.—The Cotton market here has been quiet to-day. Middling Orleans is quoted at 9¾, and Middling Uplands at 9½c. per lb. Sugar and Molasses unchanged in prices. Flour has been in good request at $8 3¼ per bbl. for good Ohio. Corn dull and declining, with sales of mixed Western at 74 to 77c. per bushel. Lard is lower and has sold in barrels at 9¼ to 9½c. per lb.

Conviction.

NEW YORK, July 3.—Captain Kehrmann, of the brig Glenmorgan, under trial before the United States Court, has been found guilty of being concerned in the slave trade.

Arrival of Steamer Cahawba.

LATER FROM HAVANA.

The United States mail steamer Cahawba, R. W. Shufeldt, Commander, arrived at Mobile on Tuesday forenoon, 4th inst., from New York 26th ult., and Havana 2d inst., at Mobile.

From Havana we have a file of the *Diario de la Marina*, to the 2d, but as usual the papers contain but little news of importance.

The brig Grey Eagle, formerly of Philadelphia, arrived from the coast of Africa on the 25th ult., at a place called Artigosa, near Havana, and made a successful landing of her cargo of six hundred slaves. After they had been got ashore, the English man-of-war brig l'Espegle, discovered the slaver and made a prize of the vessel, but afterwards gave her up to a Spanish man-of-war who was cruizing in the same quarter, the latter claiming that they had previously captured her. After searching on shore for some time, about two hundred of the negroes were discovered, but the balance had not been found at last accounts.

Senor Don Joaquin Roca Togores, Intendente of the Island of Cuba, died at Havana on the 28th ult. It was he who directed the seizure of the Black Warrior.

The Cahawba, on the 24, off Havana, exchanged colors with an English man-of-war steamer, standing to the southward.

The Cahawba had very fine weather during the whole passage. The following is a list of her passengers:

Lieut. A Piessanton, U S A; J Stroad, Jr, J W Shippey, miss Shippey, master Shippey, G Reynaud, D Gonzalez, V Galicon, M Mazas, S Underwood and lady, J Tucker and lady, P Zetins, G V O Farrill, lady, two children and svts.

We have received files of the *Diario de la Marina* to the 2d inst., but they contain very few items of any interest to our readers. The *Diario* publishes Judge Campbell's charge to the Grand Jury, with encomiums, and gives some of the first proceedings of the court in the recent search for Filibusters.

We notice the arrival at Havana of the British war steamer Medea and schooner Scorpion. The French war steamer Acheron and frigate Penelope arrived on the 24th ult. from Patton Prince Hatty.

With the exception of an order of the Captain-General of the 22d ult., which announces his determination to build new walls around Havana, the papers contain no local news.

The *Diario* publishes an official list of the reinforcements which were to come from Spain, giving the names of the ships and number of men each was to bring. The total, as given by the *Diario*, amounts to 4000 men.

The mail steamer Isabel la Catolica, which is officially announced as the first ship to take 450 men, arrived at Havana on the 23d ult., with 275.

The following are the drawing numbers of the principal prizes in the scheme of the Havana lottery, which was drawn on the 28th ult.:

28148	$50,000	13036	$2000	21682	$1000
1069	20,000	21083	2000	20902	1000
11278	15,000	28560	2000	28875	1000
27869	8000	1835	1000	28587	1000
10454	4000	19879	1000	28458	1000
14185	2000	22871	1000		

Porto Rico.

The *Diario de la Marina* has dates from St. John's, Porto Rico, to the 7th June. The French war steamer l'Ardant arrived at Guanica, (Porto Rico,) on the 23d May, in distress, having lost her rudder and been twice on fire in her coal bins from spontaneous combustion; she was immediately succored by the Spanish authorities.

The papers complain of very dry weather which, while it favors grinding the standing cane, is very injurious to the rattoons. Several fires had occurred in some of the interior villages, which caused great comparative losses to the inhabitants. [Evening Picayune.

HOT WEATHER IN PHILADELPHIA.—It appears that New Orleans is not the only place where hot weather has been experienced during the past month. On the 27th, in Philadelphia, the thermometer stood at 96½ in the shade.

"The Irishmen's Civil and Military Republican Union" is the title of an organization which has just been formed in New York city, "to rally and concentrate in a bond of brotherhood all Irishmen; to maintain the constitution of the United States against all foreign powers, but more particularly against those who are devising and carrying out measures eminently productive, if not of civil war, at least of anarchy, throughout the Union." The association prohibits the discussion of all religious or political subjects within the hall of the meeting.

It is understood that the Secretary of the Treasury has thoroughly examined the accounts of the Hon. T. Butler King, formerly Collector of the port of San Francisco, and that the disputed points have been decided in Mr. King's favor.

Coroner Stramler held an inquest at Mobile, on the 3d inst., over the body of a female, named Sarah H. Griff, who, it seems, deliberately committed suicide. She had prepared her shroud, purchased strychnine, and having written a letter stating her intention to take her own life, she went to the porch of the house where she staid, and called to the neighbors to see her drink the poisonous draught. Before any person could reach her, she drank it down. Medical aid was immediately called in, but the poison had done its work, and her spirit appeared unannealed with this awful crime, added to a catalogue of evils, before its Maker. She was a woman of low character, and died as she lived, a scoffer of purity and virtue.

The U. S. frigate Columbia, the flag ship of Com. Newton, was expected to sail from Hampton Roads on Tuesday, the 27th, having on board Gen. Cazeneau and lady, (Cora Montgomery) charged with a special mission to Hayti.

A shocking case of premature burial is related in a Manheim journal. A woman who, according to the official register, had died on Easter Monday, in child-bed, was duly buried. The cure of the parish, whose house was close to the cemetery, afterwards hearing moans from that place, called a medical man and ran to the cemetery—but it was too late. The unfortunate woman was found turned on her side, in the coffin, weltering in her blood, but still warm. Her real death appeared to have been preceded by a severe struggle, as the coffin had been forced open, and the woman had torn her hair from her head. She could not have been dead many minutes before the persons arrived.

A few days ago, $60,000 worth of tobacco and other property at Clarksville, Tenn., were destroyed by fire.

The value of cattle conveyed on the railways of Great Britain last year, was £23,475,707.

Texas Items.

By the steamship Louisiana, which arrived here yesterday morning, we have late dates from Galveston and Houston:

At Galveston, the Civilian, of the 30th, says the mercury went up to 93 degrees in the shade the day before.

The Trinity continued full, even to overflowing in some places, as reported by the telegraph.

Until recently the weather has been quite rainy in the interior; but at last date the atmosphere was extremely dry and warm.

We hear of no damage to the crops, but apprehend some, unless the rains abate.

The Lavaca Commercial, of the 28th, says:

The prospect for fine crops of corn and cotton was never more flattering than at the present time. The corn crop this year will be much larger than that of last year.

We were visited by another terrible gale last evening from the south-east. The wind commenced blowing last evening, and continued all night, accompanied by heavy falls of rain. The tide is very high; several bath houses have been washed away, and some little damage has been done to the wharves. The steamer that was due yesterday has not yet arrived, and some fears are entertained for her safety. She may get in to-day.

The Houston Star, of the 28th, says:

The corn crop of Texas, from the increase of land in cultivation, and the extraordinary heavy yield now promised, will probably exceed that of any other year by at least 50 per cent.

The incessant rains that have visited all parts of the State cannot prove otherwise than seriously detrimental to the cotton crop. The complaint is general that there is not enough dry weather to work out the weeds.

Gov. Pease has offered a reward of $250 for the arrest and delivery to the sheriff of Harris county, of Justus Odum, the murderer of Peter Sauer. In addition to the above, the citizens of Harris county have contributed $100, which will be promptly paid over, on the lodging of Odum in the jail of that county.

The Houston Star announces the resignation of Hon. C. W. Buckley, Judge of the Seventh Judicial District, to take effect on the third Monday in September next. The Star says Judge B. has resigned thus early to enable the Governor to order an election at the usual time, the first Monday in August.

The Star of the 28th ult. says: John Curtis and Joseph Wilks got into a quarrel at Riordan's corner on Monday night, and the latter was stabbed in the abdomen with a knife, supposed to be in the hands of Wilks. No person saw the stab inflicted. Curtis died this morning. Wilks was committed to jail.

The proceedings of the Educational Convention in Huntsville are published in the Presbyterian. They recommend a change in the Constitution, enabling the counties to sell their school lands for school purposes on a long credit. The plan, we believe, is much like that recommended by us some time since, and which has succeeded so well in Wisconsin. They estimate the children of the State, between six and sixteen years of age, as follows: Males, 12,762; females, 12,792—making a total of 25,554 pupils. This number is obtained by adding fifty per cent. to the census of 1850; but they think the increase has been at least one hundred per cent., which would make the whole number, at this time, 28,332 children. Supposing their education costs the State $10 per annum, the whole cost will be $283,320.

The Houston Morning Star, of the 28th ult., says the Brazos river was falling at last accounts. It had overflowed the banks at several points, doing considerable damage. Some of the bottom fields were submerged and the crops destroyed.

The Galveston News understands that Shultz has made a full confession, not only of the murder of Bateman and Fitz, but also of a long catalogue of other murders and crimes during a period of many years. We have not as yet been put in possession of full details, though we hope soon to be. We can only say now that he confesses to having killed an old pensioner in Knoxville, Tennessee, before he came to Texas. He does not remember his name, but says he had just received his pension, and upon the strength of it, he drank a little too much. He adds that when he was on his way home that night, he waylaid and shot him, and then placed his body under a projecting rock—that some school children found the body the next day. That suspicion attached to himself—that he was taken up, tried, and acquitted.

He says he belonged to the "Murrell Gang," and recites many robberies and crimes of which he was guilty, while in that connection. He finally came to Texas in 1835, for greater security. He confesses to having shot Colonel Teal in his tent, in the fall of 1836. Many of our old citizens will well remember that event. The night was one of the most stormy on record, and the darkness was so great, that nothing could be seen but the flash of the gun. Suspicion attached, he says, to several persons, but not to himself.

Louisiana Items.

In our last issue, says the Thibodaux Minerva, of the 1st inst., we mentioned that several sporadic cases of cholera had appeared in different parts of the country. It has now become our painful duty to state that it is beginning to assume an epidemic form on the plantation of Messrs. Pugh & Darden, a short distance above this place. The number of deaths up to yesterday at noon was fifteen. The disease is confined exclusively among the blacks.

Mr. Sylvain Baudoin died from suffocation, at his residence on the Lafourche, on Wednesday, the 27th ult.

Mr. John H. Field, late sheriff of Terrebonne Parish, died on the 25th ult. He was a very kind-hearted man, and at the same time possessed of great resolution and courage.

The thermometer at Thibodaux during the whole week ending the 1st inst., from 90 to 98 degrees.

We learn that Capt. Ferdinand M. Streck, the veteran steamboatman, died at his residence at Donaldsonville on Thursday morning last, 29th ultimo.

SUICIDE.—The Louisville Journal relates the following facts concerning the suicide of a lad of thirteen years, named Henry Merriman, ten miles from that city:

This is one of the most mysterious, as well as one of the most extraordinary cases of suicide ever committed in the country. Henry was a devout christian. He had lost a little sister who had belonged to the church. This sister had given him a prayer book on her death-bed, and desired him to use it. He had become so interested in the book, and on the subject of meeting with a dear sister, that it was a subject of daily conversation and prayer with him. He appeared desirous to be with her. His mother had told him that he would meet his sister in heaven after death. He prayed nightly and daily to see her; and, in his fit of religious insanity, he, upon his knees, cut his throat from ear to ear, severing both jugular veins. This was truly a sorry sight to look upon: a heart-broken mother, afflicted father and distressed relatives—this was a scene to dissolve a heart of stone. Every one present was in tears; every man became as it were a child.

The verdict of the jury was that the child came to his death from the influence of the above facts, causing religious insanity.

Water was introduced, for the first time, into the pipes of the Savannah water-works, last Friday week.

The workmen at the Wheeling Suspension Bridge on Friday week commenced the difficult task of stretching the first new cable.

At Louisville, last week, they were luxurating on ripe peaches and water-melons.

A clipper-ship, of 1000 tons, is being built at Key West, wholly of Florida wood.

There were 172 deaths in St. Louis for the week ending on the 19th.

T. F. Meagher and John Mitchel are in Washington.

Duncan Stuart, keeper of the Bombay Hook Light-house, died on Saturday, aged 93.

A fishing party went on an excursion from Rochester to Canada, last week, and brought back in two or three days 1300 trout.

Miss Mary Cox, an operative in the cotton factory at Zanesville, Ohio, was killed a few days ago by falling from a door-way in the second story.

Two men, Clark and Elkins, were killed by lightning on the 7th inst., while sheltering themselves under a tree, near Defiance, Ohio.

Judge Douglass has been invited to address the Agricultural Fair of Middle Tennessee on the 17th of October next.

Telegraphic Items.

BOSTON, June 25.—The bark Tallyho, from the coast of Africa, has arrived, and reports the frigate Constitution at Port Praya, shortly to sail on a cruise down the coast. The store ship Nevada arrived there on the 28th of May. The sloop Dale was cruising near the river Congo. The Tallyho brings a letter-bag from the Constitution, and an invalid corporal of marines, and two discharged seamen.

NEW HAVEN, June 25.—An American named Tuttle was attacked and nearly killed last night by a large gang of Irishmen who were in pursuit of some one, crying out, "Where is the damned Yankee?" Tuttle told them he was a Yankee. He had two of his ribs broken, and was otherwise terribly beaten. Several arrests have been made.

NEW YORK, June 26.—The engineers on the Erie Railroad have acceded to the demands of the company, and will submit to the rule adopted for immediate discharge of an engineer who throws his locomotive off the track. The entire business of the road will be resumed to-morrow.

BUFFALO, June 24.—The propeller Bucephalus was beached and sunk on Lake Huron, while on her passage down with a valuable cargo of flour and corn. It is thought she will be got off. The loss is covered by insurance.

MONTREAL, June 26.—The Roman Catholic Church at Coburg has been destroyed by fire. [Baltimore Sun.

HORRIBLE MURDER—*Attempt to Burn the Victim's Remains.*—On Thursday last, Esquire Merritt was certified by Mr. S. Shanefelt, that the corpse of a man partially destroyed by fire, had been discovered the evening previous, about a mile from his residence. In the absence of the Coroner, the Magistrate proceeded to summon a jury for the purpose of holding an inquest. On proceeding to the spot, we found the skull and other bones of a man recently deceased, lying in a grove of timber near the railroad, about two and a half miles southwest of Salem.

The place was quite lonely; and such a one as might be selected for the purposes of violence and murder. A fire had been kindled with great care, so as to prevent it communicating to the adjacent timber, grass and leaves. Here some unfortunate wretch had been brutally murdered and his body placed upon the fire for the purpose of being destroyed. Nearly every vestige of flesh had been consumed by the fire, or destroyed by swine. The skull bore evidence of violence, having received a fracture on the back part, or else a hole had been burned even into the brains. Other portions of the skeleton indicated the action of fire.

Pieces of scalp were found strewed around, of sizes varying from a man's palm to a quarter of a dollar. The feet were the only part of the poor fellow's person which remained comparatively perfect. These were not yet attacked by the process of putrefaction, plainly showing the man's death was recent. Having gathered together the detached fragments of the skeleton, the Coroner's jury proceeded to investigate the matter with such faint lights as they could muster. It was then announced that coin had been found in the ashes where the corpse had been burned.

Upon further search a ten-dollar gold piece, (American eagle) three German silver and copper coins, one half dime, one small German coin of the value of three cents, and one copper American cent, were found in the embers. A number of metal buttons of a large size, probably belonging to an overcoat, were also found. In the neighborhood was discovered a knapsack of peculiar construction, containing a pair of pants of fine French cassimere, much worn, two shirts, one of dome-tic linen, a course linen apron, a pair of boots, nearly new of foreign make, probably German, and some other articles of clothing. The conclusion seemed irresistible that the deceased was a German. A quantity of tobacco, coarse cut, was also found near the remains of the fire.

After deliberation, the jury rendered a verdict that the deceased came to his death by violence inflicted by some person unknown, and that, after his death, his body had been partially destroyed by fire in order to conceal crime. (Salem (Ill.) Advocate, June 22.

FINNISH ACT—AN INFERNAL MACHINE.—*Cincinnati*, Tuesday, June 27, 1854.—Last evening a box was sent to the Marine Hospital, corner of Longworth street and Western row, and deposited in the room of the steward, G. H. Allison. About 10 o'clock, the steward and his wife being alone in the room, opened the box when it exploded with terrific force, mangling the bodies of both in a horrible manner. Mrs. Allison had both her arms blown off and her skull fractured, while Mr. A. was dreadfully mangled. The furniture, windows, ceiling of the room, etc., were shattered to atoms. The indications are that the box contained a bomb-shell of about six inches in diameter. No clue has yet been discovered of the perpetrator of this hellish act.

P. S.—The Allisons are both dead. Mr. A. made a statement before his death which, with the information obtained to-day, will probably lead to the detection of the guilty parties. It is said that a fellow named Conwell committed a murder sometime since, and that Allison was acquainted with the facts; consequently it is supposed that Conwell desired to take Allison's life. The description given by the latter of Conwell answers that given by the boy who delivered the box of the person from whom he received it.

CONVICTED OF SEDUCTION.—The first conviction in Jefferson county, under the seduction laws of 1848, was obtained last week against William A. Jenkins, of Ellsburg, charged with seducing Miss Clara Claflin, of the same town, under promise of marriage, in April, 1852, soon after which he was complained of by the overseers of the poor, in bastardy, before Dexter Wilder, Esq., who, upon hearing the evidence, made an order of affiliation against him, from which he appealed to the Sessions, and on the appeal a full and laborious trial was had and the order of Mr. Wilder affirmed. Subsequently he was indicted. The evidence showed that in the month of April, 1852, he seduced her under promise of marriage, and that in January following she was delivered of a child, the result of that illicit intercourse.

The prisoner produced quite a number of witnesses to show that at the time alleged he was visiting Miss C., he was at home or elsewhere.

The jury were out about two and a half hours and returned with a verdict of guilty. Sentence was suspended until Monday morning, when his counsel made a motion to stay sentence until a bill of exceptions could be taken and the case reviewed by the Supreme Court; but the Court denied the motion, and sentenced the prisoner to the State Prison, at Auburn, for three years. He is a young man, twenty-three years old, of respectable parents, and since his indictment has married another young lady. [Utica Daily Observer.

CHOLERA IN BOSTON.—Three deaths from cholera were reported in Boston for the twenty-four hours ending on Saturday week. J. Sweery, a machinist, one of the victims, was at work on Friday, but having drank ice water very freely, was seized with the disease and died in a few hours. Mrs. Kelly, another victim, was sick only eight hours.

Cincinnati, Monday, June 26, 1854.—A riot occurred at Ripley, Ohio, on Saturday night, caused by the inmates of a coffee-house throwing rotten eggs into a temperance meeting. The temperance men rifled the coffee-house and then visited all the liquor shops in the town, and those that did not agree to give up the business were assaulted. No lives were lost.

DISCOVERY OF A COMET—APPOINTMENT IN THE NAVY.—*Washington*, June 27.—Mr. Van Arsdale, of Newark, reports to the National Observatory that he has discovered a bright comet on the evening of Friday last.

Commodore Mervine has been ordered to the Navy Yard at California, in place of Mr. McKeever, declined.

The first fishing vessel of the season, with 18,500 fish from the western banks of Newfoundland, arrived at Manchester, Mass., last Wednesday.

It is said that the lands near St. Paul, Min., which a year ago sold for $20 an acre, are now selling at $275 an acre.

CANCERS CURED.—Dr. Frazee has the honor to inform the public that he is prepared to treat all cases of this fatal disease; and he will GUARANTEE A CURE IN EVERY CASE, except when some vital organ may be seriously affected. Even then, the sufferer may obtain much relief. Those afflicted with Cancerous affections are invited to visit Dr. C.

As an evidence of his sincerity and his confidence in his system of treatment, Dr. F. will undertake to cure every case of Cancer presented, and make no charge until the patient is cured. Patients cured without pain or the use of the knife. Twenty Dollars sent by mail will secure a package of the CANCER SPECIFIC, with full directions for use. Address Dr. FRAZEE,

apl1 tp1y Office, 93 St. Charles street.

NEWS OF THE CITY.

ANOTHER PROBABLE MURDER.—About nine o'clock on the night of the 4th, a brute named Owen Doyle, residing on St. Joseph street, near Levee, (a place known as "Connaught Corner,") returned home slightly drunk, after being absent all day celebrating the 4th. His wife upbraided him in no gentle terms, a slight quarrel was the consequence, when the cold-blooded scoundrel drew a knife and stabbed his unfortunate wife in the back; the knife penetrated to the lungs, she fell mortally wounded, and the murderer fled. The alarm was given, and the police were on the spot almost immediately.

Captain Moynan detailed a select number of officers and started them in pursuit of the villain, and, at 6 o'clock last evening, he was arrested by officer O'Roach while walking stealthily along Rampart street approaching this more civilized District. He is now safely lodged in the lock-up. His wife was not dead up to a late hour last evening, but the probabilities are strongly against her recovery.

A SLIGHT MISTAKE.—At a late hour on the night of the 4th, Mr. Vanderslice and his wife, residing on Julia street, near Baronne, were roused from their slumbers by hearing a noise in the room. Mr. Vanderslice sprung up, struck a light, and commenced a search of the department. Beneath the bedstead, he found a trembling individual of Teutonic extraction. In an instant he was dragged from his hiding-place, a watchman called, and the midnight depredator, who gives Emile Zink as his appellation, was marched off to the guard-house. It appears he had entered the house through the backyard by way of the kitchen, and found his way up into the bed-room, evidently with the intention of robbing, though he stated that he was under the impression he had got into his own room, on the corner of "Bourbon and Baronne streets;" a corner that has no existence, except in the imagination of Mr. Zink.

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.—About 10 o'clock on Tuesday night, a family occupying the back part of a building on Common street, between Circus and Philippa, were aroused by the groans of some person in the front part of the building. On proceeding to the spot they found a Mrs. Conger suffering under the most excruciating pain, from the effects of a large quantity of arsenic, which she had taken at 9 o'clock, a few minutes after returning from the display of fire-works on Canal street. From her own confession, she took nearly an ounce of laudanum on Saturday night last. The dose being too large, produced vomiting, and thus relieved her, and fortunately for her, the dose of arsenic was large, and also produced emesis. By the timely aid and skill of a physician, she was saved from death, and is now probably out of danger. The cause assigned by her for this course of conduct is ill-treatment and desertion on the part of her husband.

DANGEROUSLY WOUNDED.—Michael Murphy and James Delany are under arrest in the First District for having attacked an unknown man in a grog shop on New Levee street, and dangerously wounded him, by striking him on the head with a tumbler. The wounded man was conveyed to the Hospital, and is not expected to survive.

FATAL FALL.—A young man named Patrick Kelly, about ten o'clock on Tuesday night, fell from the balcony to the sidewalk of his residence on Common street, opposite the Claiborne Market, and had his neck dislocated. He was taken to the Hospital and died yesterday morning; an inquest was held on the body and a verdict of "Accidental death" returned. The deceased bore an excellent reputation for sobriety, and was perfectly sober when the accident occurred. It appears there was no railing around the balcony, and he got up in the night to go out and refresh himself in the cool air when he stumbled and fell.

DROWNED.—The Coroner held an inquest yesterday on the body of Charles William Hopkins, late mate of the bark Diana, found dead in the river at post 4, Third District. Verdict, "Accidentally drowned." The deceased was 35 years of age. He fell into the river on last Saturday, while engaged in casting off the line, preparatory to the Diana's leaving port, and was drowned.

ARREST OF A FUGITIVE.—A man named William Sullivan, formerly a resident of this city and well known on Gallatin street, was arrested in Boston during the Burns riots, for knocking down the lawyer who defended Burns in the streets of that city with a colt, and severely injuring him. He gave bail for his appearance before the Criminal Court, but subsequently shipped on board the ship Union, bound for this city, and thus fled and forfeited his bonds. Two policemen were dispatched to this city with a requisition from the Governor of Massachusetts to reclaim him. They arrived here on Saturday, and, accompanied by officer Richard Howard, a very efficient policeman of this city, they repaired to the Balize, and arrived there just as the Union hove in sight. Officer Howard boarded the vessel, and after some difficulty succeeded in arresting this second Hercules, and brought him up to this city on the morning of the Fourth, and he is now confined in the Parish Prison awaiting shipment to Boston again.

RIOTOUS.—On Monday night a disturbance of rather a serious nature occurred on board the ship Clara Wheeler, in the Third District, which vessel had just arrived from Liverpool with a load of Irish emigrants. It got rumored among the Irish laborers on the Levee, it is said, that the crew of the vessel, composed principally of negroes, had during the voyage taken improper liberties with the female portion of the passengers. A large mob assembled and attacked the vessel, threatening with vengeance both the officers and crew. They took possession of the vessel and drove the officers and negroes off, who narrowly escaped with their lives. The Chief of Police, with a posse of his officers, repaired to the spot and soon put a stop to the riotous proceedings, by arressing the negroes and confining them in the lock-up. In the morning, however, another demonstration was made against the vessel for the purpose of destroying it and lynching the officers, but the police soon dispersed the mob, restored quiet, and placed a strong force there to keep order.

BRUTAL OUTRAGE.—A young man named Love, who resides in the Third District, had the misfortune yesterday morning to fall under the displeasure of the mob who had committed the outrages on board the Clara Wheeler, by defending the Captain of that vessel against their aspersions, and while he was standing in a coffee house near the Levee, about a dozen of them attacked and beat him in a most brutal manner, injuring him so severely that he had to be borne home in a cab. The police, we understand, did not interfere to stop these lawless proceedings, but looked on with perfect indifference. One of these guardians of the peace was heard to observe that "the d——n ——— didn't get half as much as he deserved."

SUN-STROKE.—A man fell from the effects of a sun-stroke, at 12 o'clock yesterday, at the corner of Magazine and Common streets. He was taken to the Hospital.

FIRST DISTRICT.

FINED.—A. J. Ross and W. E. Tilton were each fined $10 by Recorder Summers, for disturbing the peace and carrying concealed weapons on the 4th, and E. Masson and J. C. Davenport were fined $10 each for trying to kick up a muss in St. Charles street on the night of the 4th inst.

A GONE CASE.—Patrick Kelly was to have been examined yesterday on a charge of having illegally retained a lot of furniture from Mary Walsh, but the accused having suddenly terminated his existence by baking his neck on the previous night, the case was dismissed.

SECOND DISTRICT.

SELLING LIQUOR TO SLAVES.—Celermo Demonasterio and Francisco Blaco, keepers of a cabaret on Old Levee street, and Peter Pratz and Juan Alaban, who keep a milar establishment on the corner of Crossman and Levee streets, were examined yesterday on a charge of selling liquor to slaves, and were each required to give security in the sum of $800 for their appearance to answer the charge before the First District Court. Angelo Marti, Sr., and Angelo Martin, Jr., were examined on a similar charge and dismissed.

THE CUT DIRECT.—Mrs. Clementine Grant was violently assaulted and severer cut in the face on the night of the 4th inst., in her premises in the rear portion of the Second District, by a young man named Edward Crevin, Jr., who has been arrested and awaits examination before the Recorder.

LARCENY.—Mary Brenan and John Moth were yesterday examined on a charge of having stolen $10 from Julia Collins, who lives on Bienville street. After a full examination the case was dismissed.

The Letter List.

NEW ORLEANS POST-OFFICE, July 4, 1854.

To the Publishers of the Crescent: The Picayune in its writhing under the infliction of yesterday, displays its serpent-like character. It cannot or will not state the simplest fact correctly. It says I published a card to explain why I allowed the Delta to announce itself as the official publisher of the advertised list "last year, while they were entitled to the exclusive right to publish it and refused to apply the same rule this year. The Picayune never had a contract for the printing of the list of letters which was not *subject to revision* at any time by "order of the Post-master General, for good cause shewn." The Delta has a contract now not subject to revision at Washington, where the whole power of making contracts with the Department properly belongs. The doubtful point upon which the Picayune had obtained the Post-master's opinion in its favor was *never conferred* at Washington, and was so palpably erroneous upon its face, as to make an investigation of the subject a matter of duty on my part, when demanded.

The question in dispute is easily understood. The law required the printing of the unsealed-for letters to be given to the paper having the largest circulation within the delivery of the Post-office district. The object was to give the list the largest circulation that could be obtained by one paper. The morning edition of the Crescent was admitted to be more than 800 papers daily larger than the morning edition of the Picayune. This difference was overcome by adding to the morning edition of the Picayune, the whole issue of the evening of the same day. As this evening edition did not circulate exclusively to new subscribers, and did not, therefore, increase the circulation of the list of letters, should not have been counted.

The course adopted in all the principal cities of the Union allowed but one edition to be counted, and upon this ground the Sun outnumbered the Herald, Tribune and others, in New York City. The Department at Washington sustained the decision of the Post-master at New York. The case was *res judicata* against the Picayune and in favor of the Crescent at Washington, and hence the indisposition of the Picayune to have the case go up. Hence their especial distress at losing the Post-master here who had decided the case *for them*. Hence their objection to the new Post-master, who insisted upon sending the case to Washington. And, hence the liability of the Picayune to see the difference between the position of the Delta now and the Picayune last year. The Picayune will not see that the Post-master was consistent and impartial in allowing the Picayune to use the word "official" over the list he published this year, while the contest between it and the Delta was unsettled, because he allowed the same thing to the Delta last year *under the same circumstances*. And now since the Department having decided against the Picayune, on principles which show they have wronged the Crescent out of the job for the whole of last year—principles, governing circulation, adopted in every city in the Union, consider it "*shabby*" in not being "*generously*" allowed to rail under false colors any longer.

In the controversy with the Crescent, about eighteen months since, the Picayune declaimed most feelingly against illegal circulation on the part of the Crescent, and it keeps up the same cry now against the Delta. If my predecessor had happened to have entertained at that time the opinions which governed every other city Postmaster, and now governs here, that one edition per day *only* should be counted, the Picayune would not have been so full of gratitude to my predecessor, and "regretting that he will not "soon see his like again!" When I entered upon the duties of Postmaster, I found the Picayune brim-full of sorrow at the event. The sequel has proved the cause of his great grief. I am not moved by its distress, but shall, as heretofore, measure out to it even-handed justice in its relations with this office while I am the incumbent. So, cry no more!

W. G. KENDALL, P. M.

RUPTURES CURED.—Sherman's Curative Patent Truss and Rupture Remedy is a relief and comfort and certain guarantee to the cure of all Ruptures. To treat a good fit, apply to the proprietor's establishment, 79 St. Charles street, and inquire for Dr. Sherman. For further particulars, see advertisement on third page, or apply to the store for a descriptive pamphlet. 1y sat

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