DAILY CRESCENT.

MONDAY MORNING, JULY 31, 1854.

☞ All persons having bills against the Crescent Office are requested to present them at the office for settlement.

☞ The Proprietor of the Crescent will pay no bills contracted by any person attached to the office, without a written order.

New Orleans.

The summer solstice is fairly upon us—warm weather has made its full advent and we now sweat and swelter through such *torrida æstiva*—such hot days and comfortless nights as would have astonished the ancients: hotter they hardly have even in New York.

The summer here has, nevertheless, its own pleasures, comforts and matters of interest, which those who make an annual flitting northward on or before its appearance know nothing of. The skies are then bluer and brighter than at any other period; the fields are greener; the birds—caged though they are—sing more sweetly; men move with less haste and act with more hospitality than when driven by the business of the winter months; and the women, God bless them, bloom with a greater beauty than when locked up and congealed by the cold.

It is a matter to be chronicled and rejoiced over that thus far none of the sickness, disease and death, which rage so fearfully in the North and East, have affected or approached us. Cholera and yellow fever seem satisfied with the decimation of the last year, and we of the Crescent City—ones reported as the most dangerous place in the Union—have now the pleasure of considering ourselves the healthiest and heartiest people in all the States of the Republic.

So far as business is concerned, little of any moment can be said. The ships seem to have deserted our wharves, and but few steamers are to be seen on the Levee. Instead of the magnificent Eclipse, the Shotwell, the Magnolia and the Ward, we have a multiplicity of stern-wheelers, all reporting the drouth which prevails in the country above. But little produce and but few passengers arrive. The storehouses are comparatively empty, and the Levee is almost entirely deserted. Nevertheless we of the Crescent City are enjoying the best of health, the most agreeable weather, and the finest possible opportunity for exertion, labor and speculation. If our country friends would only encourage us, the present summer would rival any past winter in the amount of business transacted and the amount of profit flowing to parties interested.

In the interval of active business, however, we are by no means idle. Hotels and houses, public and private resorts and residences are being rebrushed, renewed and renovated. Paint and putty are at a premium, and it will be owing to no fault of the citizens of New Orleans, if the metropolis of the Southerner does not present a fairer and more improving aspect in the September ensuing than ever before. New buildings are going up in almost every direction, and every thing betokens the expectation of an early and lucrative business in the fall.

See First and Fourth Pages.

LIFE INSURANCE.—The semi-annual statement of the New York Life Insurance Company, which appears in our columns this morning, is worthy of something more than a common, casual and cursory notice. It is too late a day to argue the advantages flowing from life-insurance, but it is not too late to assert that among all the different offices and corporations spread through the country, there is none superior to or more excellent than the one we to-day advocate. Its own statement is the best guarantee of its safety and respectability, and those who desire further proof have only to call upon Mr. Lathrop on Camp street, to be satisfied.

Chambers's Edinburg Journal, one of the best of the British monthly publications of literature, science and arts, is republished in a neat form by P. D. Orvis, 130 Fulton street, New York, at the low price of $1 50 a year.

We are indebted to the steamer Crescent City for late St. Louis papers.

Dr. Coxe's well known cholera remedy, and the directions appended, should be in the possession of all at this time; as, although we are now free from the least symptoms of the disease, yet prevention is better than cure. We regard the doctor's remedy as one of the best offered to the public, and again advise all to have a bottle in their family.

A German translation of Benton's Thirty Years is now in course of publication at St. Louis in weekly parts.

MORTALITY IN THE NORTHERN CITIES.—The total number of deaths in New York during the week ending on the 29th instant was 915. The number of deaths from cholera was 188, children under ten years of age 558, of which 317 were under one year of age. The deaths by cholera the preceding week were 147.

The total number of deaths in Philadelphia for the same week was 482, including 47 from cholera.

In Boston, same week, there were 98 deaths; the number from cholera was 14.

THE ELOQUENCE OF DISTRESS.—A Western Editor appeals in the following eloquent language to the sympathies of his delinquent subscribers:

"We cannot help thinking how much easier an editor's life might be made if his generous patrons could only hear his 'better half' scraping the bottom of the flour barrel! A man that can write editorials with such music sounding in his ears can easily walk the telegraph wires and turn somersets in the branches of a thorn bush."

SHIPPING AT NEW YORK.—The New York Shipping List says:

The shipping interest continues to be profitable, though less so than it was a few months since. About a hundred ships have been taken up during the last three months to load in the British provinces for England, and more will be wanted before the first of September. About the same number have also been taken for guano freights, and for thirty or forty of them very high rates were paid to proceed directly to the Chinca Islands, and load for the United States and England. These engagements giving employment to ships in the dull season, will have the effect to keep up the rates of freight for some time, even though a large amount of new tonnage be put afloat.

RAILROAD ACCIDENT.—We learn that the locomotive on the Mexican Gulf Railroad ran off the track yesterday morning about twelve miles below the city, and the conductor being thrown from the train, the wheels of one of the cars passed over and broke both of his thighs. The cars were crowded with a large party of our citizens who were going on a pleasure excursion to Proctorville, but fortunately nobody, except the conductor, was injured. The steamship Perseverance was passing at the time on her way up, and kindly took the excursionists on board and brought them to the city, as also the wounded conductor, who is suffering great pain and is not expected to live.

The Baton Rouge Comet of the 28th inst. says that Mr. Arthur Choppin, while out hunting on Tuesday evening, in the suburbs of that city, accidentally discharged the contents of his gun in his left hand. The wound, though very severe, is not considered dangerous.

The Washington Union thinks the Administration will lose New York, but comforts itself with the idea that the Democracy can carry the country without it.

SPANISH AFFAIRS.—The Washington correspondent of the New York Courier writes:

I learn that no dispatches have been received from Mr. Soulé by recent arrivals, which place a new aspect on our relations with Spain. If the insurrection of O'Donnell results in the deposition of the Queen, the first act of the successful party will be to transfer Cuba to the States, for the price which Mr. Soulé is instructed to offer. The temptation of so ample a supply to the military chest of the revolutionary Government could not be and would not be resisted. No part of the Spanish Empire in America can survive a serious insurrection like that of 1820, or that of Don Carlos from 1835 to 1842. The success of Don Carlos is believed here to depend altogether upon the degree of union that can be brought about between the chiefs of the opposition. Should Narvaez and Espartero, with their partizans, unite, or as we should say, form a coalition, and should thereupon join O'Donnell, the dethronement of the Queen would immediately follow. But who would succeed is the question, and it is the question on which alone the fortune of the reigning sovereign may be restored. But for the opposition of Louis Napoleon, the Duchess of Montpensier, the sister of the Queen, might assume her vacant place. The other crowned heads of Europe—England excepted—would be likely to sympathise with and support the claims of the son of Louis Philippe. The best informed here on Spanish affairs are of opinion that the insurgents contemplate the deposition of the Queen and a Tory regency.

IMPORTANT TREATY BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND RUSSIA.—Secretary Marcy, it is reported, has just concluded a treaty of neutrality between the United States and Russia, with the Russian Charge at Washington. The Star says:

This treaty, as we understand it, covers and guarantees—as between the great powers of the European continent and that of the Western Hemisphere—all the important principles which this Government sought to incorporate—or rather, initiate—into the law of nations, in their recent efforts to effect similar treaties with Britain and France. It will be remembered that these two latter powers, though declining so far, to treat with the United States on such a subject and basis, have formally declared their intentions of being governed throughout the present European war by the principles and international policy involved in these efforts of ours. We therefore presume that Russia, having thus honorably come forward and divested herself of the power of taking advantage of any such stipulations with the United States made by her antagonists in the current war, they, too, will hasten to carry out formally the views which they have, as above explained, informally endorsed as those which should govern powerful and enlightened nations in the era when, unfortunately, engaged in war.

THE BRITISH MINISTRY.—The following list of members of the British Cabinet is published in consequence of the recent changes:

Earl of Aberdeen, First Lord of the Treasury; Marquis of Lansdowne, without office; Lord Kranworth, Lord Chancellor; Lord John Russell, President of the Council; Viscount Palmerston, Home Secretary; Earl of Clarendon, Foreign Secretary of State; Duke of Newcastle, War Secretary of State; Sir George Grey, Secretary of State for the Colonies; Mr. Gladstone, Chancellor of the Exchequer; Sir James Graham, First Lord of the Admiralty; Sir Charles Wood, India Board; Duke of Argyle, Privy Seal; Earl of Granville, Duchy of Lancaster; Sir W. Molesworth, Office of Works; Hon. Sidney Herbert, Secretary of War.

THE RUSH FOR THE NEW TERRITORIES.—A letter to the St. Louis Intelligencer, dating from St. Joseph, which is a great centre and halting place for the emigration, writes:

"They come by boats, stages, carriages, wagons, on horseback and muleback, and it is no unusual thing to see troops of hardy pioneers passing on foot, with their axes and knapsacks upon their backs, making their way into the forests of Kansas and Nebraska, to hew out a home. The emigration to these territories is unprecedented, except in the history of California. Thousands of sturdy and enterprising men are flocking thither to select the choicest spots for their future homes. The ferry boats here are busy in transporting them from daylight to dark. They are, thus far, all from slave States, except a few from Illinois and Indiana, and these are of slavery proclivities."

NATURALIZATION.—Orestes A. Brownson, the Roman Catholic journalist, is said to have come out in favor of what is called "Nativism;" but the Pilot, a Roman Catholic newspaper, appears to have preceded him by the publication of the following paragraph:

"Would it not be well to naturalize all respectable Catholic emigrants as soon as the laws will permit, and *then*, in order to check-mate the German, French, Italian, and Irish imported radicals and anarchists, to agree to an alteration of the naturalization laws?"

The Richmond Enquirer understands, on authority which it has no reason to discredit, that there are already about three hundred and fifty organized lodges of Know-Nothings in Virginia. We quote:

"It is surprising that an institution should be springing up around and amidst us, as impalpable, but yet as ubiquitous as the atmosphere, and for the moment, at least, as irresistible as the storm."

The pass-word of the Know-Nothings has been discovered by some cute Western editor, by dint of great industry and sharpness. Here it is: "Ctemm-Ca-Knourumbummumus-Keljimmpst ksamiuxlminux."

Sullivan, alias Huxford, charged with committing an assault upon Mr. Dana, in Boston, because of the part he took in the Burns trial, has been committed to jail in default of $4000 bail.

The Cricket match between the New York Club and the Canadian Club of Toronto, resulted in the defeat of the New Yorkers. This is a turning of the tables, for last year the Gothamites were the victors.

The lifeless body of Mrs. Reed was a few days ago found in the canal in Washington. She had left an almost wholly illegible note, to explain the cause of her desperation and suicide. Her husband is a stone-cutter, and she had kept a boarding-house.

The Charleston (S. C.) Standard of the 25th inst. makes the following note of an attempted robbery on the office of that journal:

"Some miscreant accomplished the most unprofitable feat of breaking into our office on the night of Saturday last. He entered by the cellar, and breaking open the door in the rear of our establishment, examined our drawers very thoroughly. A half dozen quires of paper, some Post-office stamps, and a few dimes of loose change were all the things of value he succeeded in securing; and if he found the place as uncomfortable as we have generally found it, we have little fears of his returning."

The Chattanooga (Tenn.) Reporter of the 24th says:

"Mr. William Johnson was drowned in the Sequatchee river, a short distance above the mill of Col. J. H. Hornbeak on Thursday last. He had been in a canoe which was about to sink, when he jumped out, and being unable to swim, he found a watery grave before assistance could reach him. His remains were shortly after recovered and placed in charge of relatives."

The Louisville Democrat of the 21st inst. says:

Pittsburg coal is retailing at sixteen and eighteen cents per bushel.

Our hotels are crowded to overflowing with strangers.

We are informed that the corn in some sections is suffering for want of rain.

The Cincinnati papers state that there is an intense excitement among a portion of the German born-citizens, at a villainous attack made upon the life, as is supposed, of Catharine Myers, the girl who made the charge of assault against Father Kroeger, the Roman Catholic priest. On Friday afternoon, while in the yard at her place of residence, near the Fifth Street Church, she was struck in the face with a stone, thrown from some hand as yet unknown, causing a severe wound, and one that occasioned her friends much apprehension. Efforts are being made to ferret out the offender.

Mr. Davis, of Clermont county, Ohio, took the first lot of ripe peaches of this season to Cincinnati, and sold them for eight dollars per bushel.

The Baltimore Democratic City Convention have passed resolutions denouncing Know-Nothingism.

Upwards of 33,000 barrels of flour were sent from St. Louis up the Ohio River, during the month of June.

Fifty-six deaths per day was the greatest mortality experienced from cholera at Montreal up to the 13th inst.

The Liverpool Journal says the large English steamship companies have been unable to make any dividend the present season.

A new political paper, called the State Rights Register and National Economist, has just been issued at Washington. It is under the editorial management of C. C. Baylor, of Baltimore.

The Board of Trade of Alexandria, Va., ask the concurrence of the merchants of Baltimore and Fredericksburg, Va., on the subject of buying corn by weight, 56 pounds to the bushel.

The Secretary of the Treasury has made arrangements to send a million of dollars of silver bullion to the San Francisco Mint for coinage and distribution.

A contract has been made with Gilbert & Secor, of New York, for the construction of a marine basin and railway near San Francisco for $840,000.

Two men were arrested in Baltimore, the other day, and held to answer, for beating their wives. Their names are Martin Buck and William Donohue. Have they in Baltimore a punishment adequate to the case?

The New York and Havre Steam Navigation Company announce that the large steamer St. Louis, just completed for the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, has been chartered to replace the Franklin.

In the heavy gale which lately swept over Lake Ontario, the schooner Duke of Darlington foundered about twenty miles from Toronto, and six hands, including the captain, perished. A boy named Bailey was the only person saved.

The total population of Pennsylvania born citizens in the United States, in 1850, was 2,094,649; the number of inhabitants of Pennsylvania born in foreign countries, 296,872; unknown, 2236.

A young man named Norcross was killed in Salem, Massachusetts, on Tuesday, by the explosion of a soda fountain which he was charging, a fragment of the copper fracturing his skull.

Capt. S. Dudham, of Hancock, Vermont, shot a bear in his pasture, on the 5th inst., measuring eight feet from his nose to his heels. This is the ninth bear the Captain has dispatched within twelve years.

The Milwaukee Sentinel learns from Madison that the Grand Jury in the United States District Court have indicted S. M. Booth, J. A. Messenger and John Ryecraft, all of that city, for alleged participation in the rescue of the fugitive slave Glover.

In Albany, N. Y., recently, a boy 13 years of age got up in the morning perfectly well, ate some green apples and a pint of cherries before dinner, drank plentifully of milk at his dinner, and was buried in the cemetery before dark of the same day.

The taxation for the ordinary purposes of municipal government in New York city, is estimated, for the ensuing year, at nearly five million dollars. The rate of taxation is one dollar five and three quarter cents on every hundred dollars of valuation.

The Belfast (Ireland) Mercury says the extent to which the sale of Indian Meal is carried on through the rural districts seems really wonderful. At one steam-mill the average quantity turned out, for the last couple of months, exceeded fifty tons per week.

Capt. Richards, of the British brig Queen, arrived at New York from Limerick, reports that on the 2d instant, in latitude 43 degrees 27 minutes, longitude 48 degrees 42 minutes, he, saw an iceburg about five miles in circumference and three hundred feet high.

Little iron steamer J. C. Lee, from Wilmington, Delaware, where she was built, bound to Nicaragua, to ply on the lake, foundered at sea on the 10th inst., when two days out from Havana, where she had put in for coal. The crew were all saved.

An English paper states that a number of English gentlemen have associated themselves together for the encouragement of the long neglected fisheries of Ireland. Twenty thousand pounds have been subscribed, and the services of practical men secured for carrying on the operation.

It is said that the Japanese would not agree to the recent treaty with the United States, till it was stipulated that no American woman should be allowed to set her foot on the Japanese territories. This was a concession they probably thought was due to the Japanese women.

Fishing for sword fish seems to be a lucrative business at the Eastward. The New Bedford Mercury says that operations have been commenced this season with great activity, and about forty of the fish were brought into the New Bedford market a few days since.

The Buffalo Chief of Police received notice on Thursday morning that a reward of $500 for the arrest of Robert Scuyler was offered. It is said that he is in some Canada retreat near by, and is almost daily in correspondence with his friends by the wires.

Among the incidents of the celebration of the late national anniversary was the laying of the corner-stone of a monument to Washington at Fort Necessity, in Union county, Pa., which was the first battle-ground of the great chief of the armies of the Revolution. The corner-stone was laid with military and masonic honors, in the presence of a large assemblage of citizens.

A river pirate, in the shape of a yacht called the Robert Marshall, was recently captured in New York harbor. She was in the practice of anchoring along side of honest lighters and stealing their cargoes. Seven barrels of flour led to her pursuit and captured by a steam tug, a resolute member of a lighterage firm and four police officers.

A letter dated St. Vincent, Cape Verde, June 19th, says that a Russian frigate called at Porto Prays, St. Jago, about a month previous, and sent boats on shore. She kept under sail in the offing, but did not anchor, and at first showed English colors. She was visited by the American Consul at the invitation of some of her officers, and found to be in excellent order, carrying guns of large calibre.

The city of Charleston, S. C., will soon, it is thought, become much more desirable as a place of residence, by the introduction of pure drinking water by means of an artesian well. The depth of 1777 feet has been attained, 300 of which, or more than one-fourth, have been bored through solid rock. Another rock was struck last week, but the perseverance that has thus far been manifested will not shrink at this new obstacle, but will accomplish the object sought. Success to the enterprise.

Personal Items.

Dickens has received about £200,000 from his pen since 1836; he has spent it all—and more!

Dr. Avery Downer, who had practised medicine for seventy years, died last week in Preston, Conn., aged ninety-two years, a Jeffersonian Democrat through life, and the sole surviving witness of the massacre at Fort Griswold, where he assisted his father in dressing the soldiers' wounds.

Sir William Don is playing in Pittsburgh.

General Sam Houston addressed the Democracy of Berks County, Pa., at Mineral Springs, on the 4th instant. He met with a very cordial reception.

The name of Mdlle. Rebecca Felix, a sister to the more renowned Mdlle. Rachel, but herself, too, an actress attached to the theatres of Paris, must be added to the obituary for June. Mdlle. Rebecca died at Pau, after a sudden and severe illness.

Vieuxtemps, the violinist, after playing at the grand Rhine festival, at Aix la Chapelle, has arrived in London.

Judge Bayly, of the Accomac District, Va., Chairman of the House Committee on Foreign Relations, is to have an opponent, if he runs for another election, in the person of the celebrated Joseph Segar, Esq., who has distinguished himself for many years in the Virginia Legislature, as a champion of Whig principles and State Internal Improvements.

Col. Becquit, son-in-law of Senator Dodge, of Wisconsin, will probably be appointed United States Naval Storekeeper at San Francisco, vice Col. Joseph C. McKibben, appointed Commissioner of Public Buildings in California.

Hon. Smith Miller, one of the followers of Douglas, from Indiana, has been nominated for re-election.

Messrs. Florence, Trout and Curtis, members of the United States House of Representatives, are hatters by trade, so the Washington Star says.

Among the passengers who were in the Franklin at the time of her running aground, was a son of the late Gen. Narcissa Lopez, the Cuban patriot. He has been for some time past in France, but designs, we believe, to take up his residence in this city.

Horace Greeley is to be one of the speakers at a negro celebration, at Pittsburgh, on the 1st of August.

Miss Julia Dean's young sister, Edwina, we see it stated, is preparing to make her debut in opera.

Among the recent distinguished arrivals at Saratoga Springs, were Hon. Caleb Cushing, of Massachusetts; Ex-Governor Merwin, of Ohio; Patrico Paz, Collector at Havana at the time of the Black Warrior trouble; ex-Governor Seward, and ex-Governor Price, of New Jersey.

Texas News.

The steamship Perseverance arrived at this port yesterday, bringing late dates from Texas. The news are of little importance. The summer has created a general stagnation in all kind of business, and almost all that is doing is in preparation for the fall trade.

The Galveston News of the 25th says:

For the last few days, the weather has been unsettled and oppressively warm; and mosquitoes have been more troublesome than at any previous time this season. We have had, ever and anon, dark and portentious looking clouds floating over us, with distant ramblings of thunder, and occasional lightning in the North-east, almost every day during the past week; and we should not be suprised if we were visited with more heavy rains, ere the weather again becomes entirely settled—visitations which, at present, we would most earnestly deprecate.

A good deal of apprehension seems to be felt in the interior, that the showery weather of the last month will produce the cotton worm; but it has not yet appeared to such an extent as to do any damage. Should the weather now continue dry and hot, the crop will no doubt escape the ravages of these insects.

The Planter understands that the worm has appeared on some of the plantations of the Bernard; but we believe that it has done no material injury.

The horse and equipments of some person supposed to be drowned, were found in Austin County on the 11th inst. The name of J. Chambers was written on a book in the saddle-bags.

FATAL AFFAIR.—An affray occurred in the streets of Clarksville, Texas, on the 2d inst., between Chas. H. Peabody, Albert Western and Miles Husbands, which resulted in the death of Mr. Peabody, from a pistol shot by the hands of Mr. Western. Western and Husbands were immediately arrested, and have been recognized to appear at the next term of the District Court, when the matter will undergo judicial investigation.

The Houston Star says: "The citizens of the lower part of the country are taking steps to obtain a division of the territory and the erection of a new county, to be called San Jacinto, out of parts of Harris, Liberty and Galveston. A public meeting is to be held on the subject at San Jacinto on the 7th of August next, the day of election.

A gentleman in this town, a few days since, uncorked a can of milk which had been left at his house, when out jumped a fine plump frog. His frogship, however, seemed to be much startled at finding himself clothed in white, and after a single glance around him, turned about and plunged to the bottom of the can. It is a matter of serious regret that milkmen should be so careless where they scoup up their water. [Manchester Mirror.

Some Indians of a large tribe living on the shores of the Russian territory have visited San Francisco. The females of the tribe have a curious custom of boring a hole in the under-lip, when quite young, and inserting a silver pin in the cavity. They allow it to remain until they become about thirty years of age. The pin is then taken out, and the cavity gradually enlarged until it becomes about an inch square. A block of wood is then inserted to make the lip protrude much beyond its natural size, giving to the whole face an unseemly and uninviting aspect.

OMNIBUSES AND RAILROADS IN NEW YORK. According to Valentine's Manual, just issued, these rival interests in New York city compare as follows: 38 lines of omnibuses, with 521 stages; 5 lines of city railroads, with 164 cars. The New York and Harlem Railroad has 13 cars; Sixth Avenue Railroad, 43; Eighth Avenue Railroad, 50; Second Avenue, 18; and the Third Avenue Railroad, 40 cars.

NEW YORK, July 22.—The steamer Franklin has commenced going to pieces. About eight hundred packages of goods have been saved with but little damage. Fifteen feet of water in her hold.

THE CHOLERA IS NOT CONTAGIOUS.—Some persons suppose that there is infection about the disease. A simple fact will dispel this belief. In the Franklin street Hospital, New York city, there are three female nurses, and three permanent male nurses, who have been in attendance since the 24th of June; yet neither the nurses nor the physician, nor any one connected with the Hospital, has been attacked by the disease.

The following recipe, if laid by till next "wash day," and then experimented upon, will not fail to produce an interesting "domestic tempest:" Before the tea things go out, tie a stout cord across the kitchen stairs, about nine inches from the floor, strew orange peel on the hall floor, place a tub of water on the first landing, harness the dog to the coal bin, shut the kitten up in the piano, ring the bell for the servants and then wait for the result.

THE CZAR NOT A COLPORTEUR.—Recently, the British and Foreign Bible Society went to considerable trouble and expense to have the Bible translated and printed in the language of the Mongol Tartars; but the Czar of Russia, who is the master of the Mongols, having, in advance, forbidden its circulation, the whole edition remains useless on the Society's shelves in London. The Czar evidently does not want Christian civilization among his Tartar subjects. Religious light is no part of his system.

WEATHER, CROPS, ETC.

The Lake Providence Herald says: The heat in this section is awful. We are having that old-fashioned, orthodox hot weather we have heard of in the days of yore. The crops are flourishing finely throughout the parish.

The Camden (Ala.) Republic says: As far as we can learn the crops of this county are said to be very good. Some of our planters have made most extraordinary corn crops, while others whose crops are not yet matured may suffer materially for want of rain. Cotton is generally looking well.

THE WEATHER.—That venerated gentleman, the "oldest inhabitant," is in a perfect sweat upon the subject of the weather. He says that it passes his comprehension—never heard of or experienced the like before. He thinks all nature must have been converted into a monster new patent cooking stove, where boiling, stewing and roasting are all going on at once! The old gentleman is evidently becoming restive under the drying and evaporating process. Well, it is some warm, and no mistake. [Griffin Union, 22d.

The Georgia Federal Union of the 25th says: After a drought of two weeks or more, attended by a burning sun, we were refreshed last Friday with a fine shower. Corn has suffered, not to the extent we had feared, but the injury is material, and will shorten the crop in this neighborhood. We hear unfavorable accounts of the cotton crop, but cotton is a secondary matter just now, and most generally takes care of itself if the Fall is propitious. The danger now is the ears of corn, though promising in external appearance, will be found to be deficient in grain. Our country never enjoyed better health.

GEORGIA CORN CROPS.—A gentleman, who had traveled from Burke to Whitfield county informs the Penfield Banner that the prospects for the growing crops of corn in Georgia were never better. Without some disaster, he gave it as his opinion, that the crop will be the largest ever raised in the State.

CROPS OF ILLINOIS.—Accounts from Northern Illinois state that all the various crops in that section promise an almost unprecedented yield. The number of acres of wheat sowed is one-third larger than last year, and the yield bids fair to surpass the usual yields by an average of from three to five bushels per acre. Oats are luxurirnt, and corn is thrifty.

CROPS IN INDIANA.—The Huntington Herald says the weevil is doing much harm to wheat in some parts of that country. Some fields, it is feared, will be totally destroyed.

The Lawrenceburg Register says the weather has been unusually favorable in that neighborhood, and the grain has profited by it greatly. The yield in that county will be more than an average one.

The Franklin Democrat says that the wheat harvest is over in that vicinity, and the yield is over an average one. The corn crop is good where it was put in early enough, but in some places it looks poorly. The oats, grasses, etc., all look fine.

The Bluffton Banner says it has made diligent inquiry and has ascertained that wheat looks well, rarely better than now. From different parts of the county the farmers bring the news of a full average crop.

The Fort Wayne Times says in that vicinity wheat is poor from winter frosts, and, besides, the weevil is destroying what is left.

The Danville Advertiser says that it is informed that wheat crops in many places are as good as ever was known.

The Connersville Telegraph says that the wheat crop in Fayette County turns out much better than was expected a few weeks ago, and the Valley Times says it will be a full average, if not more, taking the county through.

THE CROPS.—The farmers of Shelby, Ky., are getting through with their harvesting; the crop is not good. The oats are very fine. The hemp crop will be short, not better, if as good as last year, and that was hardly worth the breaking out in a great many cases. The drought and excessive heat is rapidly injuring the prospects for an average corn crop.

The Evansville (Ia.) Enquirer of the 22d says:

The river is still slowly falling, boats extraordinarily scarce. The Martin Wagner, a dilapidated stern-wheeler, some six days from nowhere, being the only arrival for the last twenty-four hours, and she towing any quantity of barges.

The only theme of any interest that seems to agitate the public is, "Where shall I go to get cool?" "When do you think we'll have rain?" In fact, the state of the weather is all the talk. While the mails are irregular, and no particular time for their arrival, by the river. Taking all these things into consideration, we feel that it is a hard case to scare up an item.

A SHOOTING AFFAIR.—Last night between eight and nine o'clock, a shooting affair came off at Owen's Hotel, corner of Fourth and Jefferson streets.

The parties were Henry C. Hemingway and Charles M. Eads, of Lexington, Ky. One, perhaps both of them, had been drinking. Hemingway shot twice at Eads, one of the balls passing through the fleshy part of his thigh. The wound, we understand, is not dangerous. We did not learn the provocation, but it would scarcely justify shooting at a person in a crowd, where the lives of bystanders were jeopardized. As late as 10 o'clock last night Hemingway had not been arrested, although we were informed that he was still about the hotel. [Louisville Democrat.

The New York papers are publishing a good anecdote of a Hard at Buffalo, who was urged by a particular friend of the Administration to join the "Know-Nothings." The Hard replied that he was a Democrat, and *nominally* supported the Administration of Gen. Pierce, and if there was any organization in the country that knew less than the Administration, he wanted nothing to do with them.

RUPTURES CURED.—Sherman's Curative Patent Trass and Rupture Remedy is a relief and comfort and certain guarantee in the cure of all Ruptures. To secure a good fit, apply to the proprietor's establishment, 78 St. Charles street, and inquire for Dr. Sherman. For further particulars, see advertisement on third page, or apply to the store for a descriptive pamphlet. feb23 1y

CANCERS CURED.—Dr. Frazee has the honor to inform the public that he is prepared to treat all cases of this fatal disease; and he will GUARANTEE A CURE IN EVERY CASE, except when some vital organ may be seriously affected. Even then, the sufferer may obtain much relief. Those afflicted with Cancerous affections are invited to visit Dr. C. gratuitous and advice free. As an evidence of his sincerity and his confidence in his system of treatment, Dr. F. will undertake to cure every case of Cancer preserved, and make no charge until the patient is cured. Patients cured without pain or the use of the knife. Twenty Dollars sent by mail will secure a package of the CANCER SPECIFIC, with full directions for use. Address Dr. FRAZEE,
ap11 2ely Office, 58 St. Charles street.

Life Insurance.

SEMI ANNUAL STATEMENT OF THE NEW YORK LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, FROM JULY 1, 1853, TO JULY 1, 1854.

Two hundred and ninety-two policies have been issued.
The premiums during the same time amount to $151,561 42
Losses paid during the same time, including epidemic, were, according to list in hands of agent for exhibition, 199,998 00

ASSETS.

Invested in New York State securities	$181,504 41
Cash	6,863 64
Bonds and mortgages	535,501 87
Notes received for 40 per cent of premium on life policies	353,604 24
Premium on policies in hands of agents	17,629 26
Interest accrued up to 1st July	19,319 74
	$1,114,483 16

MORRIS FRANKLIN, President.
FINEY FREEMAN, Actuary.

☞ Policies in the above side company issued on the most favorable terms by the undersigned. C. C. LATHROP, Agent,
jy31 1m 86 Camp street.

Boots, Shoes and Brogans,

AT WHOLESALE.

Now landing from ship Norfolk, and in store, a general assortment of BOOTS, SHOES, BROGANS, HATS, CAPS, etc. Plantations supplied with prime DITCHING BOOTS, RUSSET BOOTS, BROGANS, WOOL, MEXICAN, PALM LEAF, STRAW and CAMPEACHY HATS, at the lowest market prices, by
jy13 2p4w FROST & CO, 10 Magazine st.

Hats, Caps, etc.

AT WHOLESALE.

☞ We are constantly receiving a general assortment of Silk, Fur, Cassimere, Panama, Leghorn, Straw, Palm Leaf, Mexican and Wool HATS, at the AT THE LOWEST MARKET PRICES.
Jy19 2p4w FROST & CO., 10 Magazine street.

F. H. Knapp'S W S. Chandler, DENTAL SURGEONS,

104 COMMON STREET,
(Opposite the Private Entrance of the St. Charles Hotel.)

☞ F. H. KNAPP having had more than twenty years' practice in his profession, and being associated with Dr. CHANDLER, a gentleman of skill and experience, is confident they can please all who may honor them with their patronage. jan16 d&Wtp

COXE'S CHOLERA REMEDY—Too long and well known to require further notice than is being prepared and for sale by DR. E. J. COXE,
jy31 2t 98 Camp street.

CONSUMPTION, BRONCHITIS, and Other Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, treated by MEDICAL INHALATION, with other appropriate treatment, principally of a tonic character. DR. E. J. COXE, 98 Camp street.
☞ The third edition of Remarks on Modern Inhalation as a Means of Cure, shortly to be received, and for sale by all the booksellers. Je21

McILHENNY & CO., R., Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants, 45 Carondelet street. jy2 2m&6mW

New Books,

☞ JUST RECEIVED BY
THOMAS L. WHITE,
105 CANAL STREET. 105
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER.
AGATHA BEAUFORT, or FAMILY PRIDE.
LIFE AND ITS AIMS.
UTAH AND THE MORMONS; by B. G. Ferris.
WEAKNFORT COMMON; by Leitch Ritchie.
FOOTPRINTS OF FAMOUS MEN.
TALES OF OLD TIMES, translated from the German.
FIRST NO. OF HARPER'S NEW GAZETTEER OF THE WORLD.
PART 28, BRAITHWAITE'S RETROSPECT. jy29 3t2p

Sewell T. Taylor,

NO. 15 ROYAL STREET,
IMPORTER OF
WINES, LIQUORS, CORDIALS, etc., etc.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
☞ See advertisement in another column. 499 2p1f

The Gentlemen

☞ Are now offered Greater inducements than ever to purchase their SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING
.... OF ....
C. B. DREW,
No. 14 CHARTRES STREET.

☞ They will perceive, by the following list of prices, that his goods are at least 25 per cent. below the regular rates:

FINE BLACK FRENCH CLOTH FROCKS	$15 00
FINE DRAP D'ETE FROCKS	8 00
FINE FRENCH MERINO FROCKS	9 00
FINE SILK ALPACA FROCKS	5 50
FRENCH MERINO PANTS	5 00
WHITE AND FANCY DRILLINGS	3 00
WHITE AND FANCY MARSEILLES VESTS	2 50
LINEN BOSOM SHIRTS	1 25
ALL LINEN SHIRTS, (warranted)	2 50
RUSSIA DUCK, OVERCOATS AND SAC COATS	5 50
FANCY CRAVATS, per dozen	3 00
IRISH LINEN DRAWERS, per dozen	18 00
FINE BLEACHED COTTON DRAWERS, per dozen	6 00
FANCY SILK HALF HOSE, per dozen	7 00

☞ These prices will be strictly adhered to. All goods sold are guaranteed.
jy24 1m 3p d&W C. B. DREW, 14 Chartres street.

Pass Christian Hotel

☞ Will open for the reception of Visitors on SATURDAY, the 10th of JUNE. jel 3m 2p d&W R. H. MONTGOMERY.

Southern Military Academy Lottery.

CLASS C.

LIST OF NUMBERS AND PRIZES DRAWN AT THE ESTELLE HALL, ON THURSDAY, JULY 20, 1854, UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE COMMISSIONERS, JUSTUS WYMAN AND THOMAS WELCH, Esqs.

Numbers.	Prizes.	Numbers.	Prizes.	Numbers.	Prizes.	Numbers.	Prizes.
100	$5	9218	$5	9904	$5	7819	$5
115	$5	9273	$5	9916	$5	7805	$5
144	$5	9416	$5	9919	$20	7820	$5
147	$5	9423	$5	9919	$5	7499	$5
159	$100	9516	$5	9984	$5	7519	$5
160	$5	9555	$5	9987	$5	7453	$5
162	$5	9565	$5	9009	$5	7711	$5
170	$5	9580	$5	9017	$5	7721	$5
171	$5	9680	$15	9040	$5	7785	$5
188	$5	9848	$5	9095	$5	7810	$5
219	$5	9732	$5	9203	$5	7837	$5
244	$5	9158	$5	9261	$5	7846	$5
458	$5	9173	$5	9263	$5	8015	$5
467	$5	9179	$5	9275	$5	8016	$5
471	$5	9279	$5	9281	$5	8047	$5
592	$50	9331	$5	9340	$5	8108	$5
596	$5	9321	$5	9347	$5	8117	$5
675	$5	9395	$5	9365	$5	8150	$5
690	$10	9345	$5	9380	$5	8231	$5
701	$50	9049	$5	9519	$5	8547	$5
740	$5	9101	$5	9548	$25	8499	$5
820	$50	9130	$5	9565	$5	8492	$5
847	$5	9169	$5	9569	$5	8471	$5
861	$5	9212	$5	9646	$5	8826	$5
876	$5	9364	$5	9650	$50	8832	$5
915	$50	9314	$5	9639	$5	8838	$5
937	$5	9346	$5	9846	$5	8888	$500
946	$5	9354	$50	9871	$5	8879	$25
1010	$5	9363	$5	9892	$5	8707	$5
1050	$5	9365	$5	9895	$5	8749	$5
1119	$5	9392	$5	9897	$25	8785	$5
1121	$5	9158	$5	9961	$5	8787	$25
1236	$5	9191	$5	9971	$5	8811	$500
1265	$5	9234	$5	9669	$5	8864	$5
1273	$5	9244	$5	9695	$5	8866	$5
1309	$5	9290	$5	9125	$5	7763	$5
1323	$5