STEAMBOAT DEPARTURES

Wednesday, August 30.

BAYOU SARA.....C. D. Jr., Delferme.....9½ AM
COVINGTON.....AFTON, Dennis.....11 AM
MOBILE.....FLORIDA, Grant.....10 AM
MEMPHIS.....T. P. LEATHERS, Bennett.....5 PM
FORT HUDSON.....GIPSEY, Ure.....5 PM
RED RIVER.....FULTON, Lewis.....6 PM
RED RIVER.....S. S. CLARK, Lathurst.....5 PM
ST. LOUIS.....BELFAST, Taylor.....5 PM
ST. LOUIS.....CRESCENT CITY, Young.....5 PM

Thursday, August 31.

GALVESTON.....NAUTILUS, Thompson.....8 AM
BRAZOS ST JAGO.....8 AM
ASPINWALL.....UNITED STATES, Schenck.....8 AM
OCEAN SPRINGS.....CREOLE, Poor via Carrollton.....9½ AM
" " " via Pontchartrain 3 AM
LAFOURCHE.....FRANK KEELING, Terrebonne.....9 AM
MOBILE.....FLORIDA, Grant.....12 M
ATTAKAPAS.....JEAN WEBBE, Bowles.....12 M
VICKSBURG.....H. M. WRIGHT, Clarke.....1 PM
ST MARTINSVILLE..MAJ. AUBREY, Jones.....2 PM
ST LOUIS.....SULTANA, Jackson.....6 PM

Friday, September 1.

VERA CRUZ.....ORIZABA, Fosdick.....8 AM
COVINGTON.....AFTON, Dennis.....11 AM
MOBILE.....FLORIDA, Grant.....12 M
OCEAN SPRINGS.....CREOLE, Poor via Pontchartrain.....5 PM

☞ NOTICE.—The packet schooner IMOGENE, from New York, is now discharging opposite Post 91, First District. Consignees are requested to attend to the receipt of their goods on the levee, otherwise they will be stored at their expense and risk.
aug29 BOGERT, WILLIAMS & CO, 90 Common street.

☞ THE Consignees of one hundred bags merchandise marked 1 2, per schooner Imogene, will make himself known to the discharging clerk on the Levee, otherwise the goods will be stored at his expense and risk. aug29

☞ Consignees per schooner STAR, from Baltimore, will please attend to the receipt of their freight on the Levee, otherwise it will be stored at their expense and risk. The schooner is discharging at the New Basin.
aug28 J. H. ASHBRIDGE & CO. 32 St. Charles street.

☞ Ship NIAGARA, Capt. Drummond, from Liverpool, is now discharging at Peter's, First District. Consignees are requested to attend to the receipt of their freight on the Levee. All goods not permitted within five days will be sent to the public stores at the risk and expense of the owners thereof.
aug29 J. F. WHITNEY & CO, 61 Camp st.

☞ NOTICE—Ship ROBERT L. LANE, Cornell, master, from New York. Consignees of goods by this vessel who have not yet named in their invoices, are requested to do so without delay to Bird & Clark, Adjusters, so that the damages (if any) can be ascertained and the goods delivered out.
aug28 BOGERT, WILLIAMS & CO, 90 Common st.

THE DAILY CRESCENT.

INQUESTS.—An inquest was held on the body of Jean Baptiste Le Compe, aged 18 years, a native of France, found floating in the river yesterday morning opposite St. Peter street, Second District. Verdict, "Drowned." The deceased had fallen from the wharf the previous evening.

Another was held on the body of John Harline, aged 35, a native of Germany, found dead at No. 25, Third District. Verdict, "Sun-stroke."

A third was held on the body of Stephen, a slave of Mrs. Wise, aged 70 years, a native of Virginia, found dead at the house of his mistress, corner of Conde and Madison streets. Verdict, "Old age."

A fourth inquest was held on the body of Battosa Amado, aged 25 years, a native of Spain, found floating in the river, opposite the Fourth District. Verdict, "Accidentally drowned." This is the sailor previously reported as having been knocked overboard during an affray last Sunday on the Spanish ship Julia, and drowned.

FIRST DISTRICT.

A MODEL DRAY-DRIVER.—John Divan got very drunk and fell asleep on his dray; in this state his team instinctively carried him to the police station, where he was lodged for the night, and yesterday the Recorder fined him $5, in default of paying which he was committed to jail.

ASSAULT AND BATTERY.—Mickey Duffy was examined yesterday and committed to stand his trial before the Criminal Court on a charge of having assaulted and beaten Bill Higgins.

BOARDING SCHOOL.—Mrs. T. S. Williams, *alias* Santa Anna, was committed to the Work-house for thirty days for being drunk on St. John street.

LARCENY.—A youth, named Michael Dwyer, was arrested yesterday at the request of Mr. Maillat for stealing copper from the roof of his house on Magazine street. Young Mickey was examined before the Recorder and sent to the Work-house.

SECOND DISTRICT.

PETTY LARCENY.—A demure young lady, with a small mole on the right side of her neck, named Margaret Dillon, stands charged with having stolen a cambric handkerchief valued at $4 from Catherine White, on Barrack street. She has not yet been arrested.

GRAND LARCENY.—An affidavit was made yesterday by Matilda Duralde, f. w. c., charging one Peter, f. m. c., with having on the 7th inst. stolen jewelry to the value of $140 from her, consisting of a watch, bracelet and necklace. A warrant has been issued but Peter is still at large.

ASSAULT, ETC.—A mulatto named John Brown is under arrest in this District, charged with having attempted to choke Andre Clavelin and beat his brains out with a paving-stone.

THE RIOTERS.—The never-to-be-forgotten immortal twenty-six rioters who were to have had a re-hearing yesterday, were not prepared for trial; the case was postponed till next week.

In Boaden's Life of John Philips Kemble is the following curious account of an attempt half a century ago upon the life of George the Third, King of England. The intention appears to have been rather more murderous than was that of Jeffards when he discharged the hard boiled egg at the head of Frank Pierce the First:

"But I am now to speak of an event, so horrible in its nature, so surprising in all its circumstances, so perfectly without a motive, and yet so transcendent in its mischief, that I need these few lines of preparation to assume the proper tone for a detail so unparalleled. On the 15th day of May, 1800, the late amiable sovereign, George the Third, upon his entrance into the royal box at Drury Lane Theatre, was fired at by a frantic miscreant in the pit, with a pistol loaded with two slugs. And on the same day, His Majesty, in the morning, attending the field exercises of the grenadier battalion of the Guards in Hyde Park, a gentleman named Ongley, standing in the direction, and not twenty yards from the royal person, was shot by a ball fired from the musket of some soldier in the ranks unknown. I put the two events together, because, in all probability, they were instantly associated in the royal mind; and His Majesty must have conceived, that some assassins that day were taking every means to destroy him. The King, upon hearing the report of the pistol, stood firm, at about four paces in advance from the door of the box; but amid the alarm and horror, and the thousand voices that called to seize the assassin, with the self possession that became a sovereign, perhaps expecting to have a second shot fired in the tumult from some other quarter, His Majesty calmly advanced to the very front of the box, where he remained, as such a man only could be, perfectly undismayed. Upon seeing the Queen enter, he at first with his hand waived her back; but upon her enquiring what was the matter, the King considerately replied "only a squib! they have been firing squibs." After the assassin, across the orchestra, had been taken out of the pit, the Queen, in great agitation, came forward and curtsied, and asked His Majesty, "whether they should stay?" His answer was, "We will not stir; we will stay the whole of the entertainments."

"The Princesses, in their alarm, fainted, except the Princess Elizabeth, whose more powerful nerves enabled her to assist in their recovery. The heroism of their Sovereign, and his escape, exalted the joy of the people to rapture; and, it was with no common feelings that the national anthem was delivered. God had indeed that day saved the King.

"James Hadfield, the assassin, was about 29 years of age, had served on the Continent under H. R. H. the Duke of York, who remembered him in the 15th Dragoons, as one of his orderlies. On the 26th of the following month, this man's trial for high treason took place, before Lord Kenyon. It was what is termed a trial at bar in the Court of King's Bench. Mr. Erskine was assigned to him for counsel; and whether with respect to his stating the law upon the case, or his elucidations of mental aberration, his speech was among the most interesting efforts of his powerful talent. When he called his witnesses, such a stream of facts, that could not have been colored for the purpose, flowed in full conviction of the prisoner's insanity, that, by Lord Kenyon's direction, and Mr. Attorney General's entire concurrence, the jury, without retiring, recorded a verdict of 'Not guilty.' He was of course taken proper care of for his life.

"The dreadful wounds which he had received in the service had injured the brain, and produced, at various times, very alarming results. When not in the paroxysm of his disorder, the man gentle, kind and industrious; but he had tried to bayonet the preserver of his life in 1796, and attempted to murder his infant child but two days before his attack upon the person of the King. Yet of his child he was dotingly fond, and he never mentioned His Majesty without blessings, because it was from his bounty he derived his pension.

"I wish to make but one reflection upon this business, and I could have desired it to come with all the authority of the seat of Justice. It is this; that when the relatives of persons acting in the manner of Hadfield, pass over the ravings or the violence of their lunacy, satisfied with an interval of calmness, a glimpse of returning reason, and allow such unhappy beings to be the actual masters of their conduct, they incur a fearful responsibility indeed before God and man. It is not a matter for their speculation or indulgence—they are bound to ask the judgment and the aid of a branch of the profession of the highest importance in society, and whose studies lie in that region of our structure, which, all, all of it 'fearfully and wonderfully made,' is there more peculiarly wonderful and to feared.

"It is hardly of consequence to inquire the motive that frenzy assigns for an act so atrocious; but Hadfield was possessed with an opinion that it was proper he himself should die. Suicide, as he conceived, would rob him of decent burial; he therefore, without intending the death of the King, fired into his box, knowing that the deliberate attempt alone was sufficient to bring about that death, which he persuaded himself was necessary to society. Before the exact state of the man could be known, (for the Attorney-General did not know it even upon the trial,) the King, as I heard, entertained some notions of systematic violence; because, he said, 'If with my family I cannot enjoy my amusements in the midst of my people, let them take my life, for existence is not worth holding upon such conditions.'"

ALLIES AND ENEMIES.—A soldier writes from the camp to England as follows:

"Our soldiers have to deal in unknown languages, with French, Italians and Greeks, and numberless are the ruses which spring up in consequence. No pen, no painting, could give the faintest idea of the state of the streets towards evening, when the pickets begin their march to clear the men off to their camps. The fraternity established between the French and English troops becomes every day more affectionate, and individual friendships are springing up, all the closer, perhaps, for a squabble now and then, which ends in the old *redintegratio amoris*. A huge Highlander, last Monday, walked through a crowd of drunken Chasseurs, knocked them down like nine-pins, because one of them had slapped his cheek, and was only just stopped in time to prevent the affair becoming serious, by an officer who happened to be present. Later in the day, a gigantic Irishman, with his coatee off, his eyes staring out of his head, and an oak paling in his hand, went dancing through the principal market place, and for some imaginary offence commenced an attack on Turks, French and Greeks indiscriminately, whom he routed with signal discomfiture, first breaking a sword bayonet which a soldier drew to stop his vagaries; he then walked into a café where he broke up the *conversazione* of the place very rudely, and finished by running a muck through a whole mob of assailants, and getting off through the gate into the fields. In a squabble last week a Frenchman ran a Turk through the body and killed him on the spot. He has not been discovered."

THE FILIAL LOVE OF AN INDIAN.—A correspondent of the Stockton Journal, writing from Don Pedras Bar, Toulumne county, Cal., relates the following touching incident which exhibit in a strong degree the Indian:

"A few days since an accident occurred here. A party of Indians, having struck a good lead, commenced, in imitation of their white brethren, excavating the bank, but had not proceeded very far when, from their ignorance of this mode of mining, not having left sufficient supports, the upper part of the bank caved in, and two men of their number were killed, and a little girl very badly crushed. The child was properly cared for by the American miners in the vicinity, and the remains of the victims were attended to by their Indian friends, who built a funeral pyre, while all hands, white, red or black, Europeans, Africans, Chinese, Kanakas and Indians, who mustered to attend the fiesta. And now occurred an instance of devotion unlooked for among a race who stand so low in the scale of humanity as the poor Cawillos (Ka-weges. When the flames were at the height, a son of one of the objects of those funeral rites, in an agony of grief, rushed into the blazing pile, to take one last fond embrace of his old father, and was with difficulty rescued by the bystanders."

AN ENGLISH HOUSE DESCRIBED BY A FRENCHMAN.—You enter. The house, which is not usually wider than two or three ordinary windows, can afford only the narrowest possible space for a staircase. This staircase is nearly always of wood, and creaks dreadfully when trodden upon. It is covered with a band of carpet or oil cloth. The windows are ornamented with painted blinds. You enter your sitting-room. A carpet covers the floor all the year round, but carpet, linen bands, and scraps of oil cloth, almost hide the fundemental carpet. The walls are covered with a blazing pattern after a French design. Some friends gave me some prints to hang up, but the landlady was horrified at the idea of driving nails into her splendid paper, and placed my presents upon chairs. This accounted for what I had noticed in England, and had mistaken for carelessness, viz: that in order to avoid driving nails into the walls, the English will stand pictures upon chairs about their rooms. Even for a Rubens or a Lawrence they will not drive a nail through paper of the value of two shillings a piece! An immense table, covered with an immense fringe, takes up an immese space in my sitting room. I lift the cloth and discover a table, as substantial as a bridge, supported by enormous columns. It cannot be a table; it must be an entresol. I can throw my papers and books carelessly about it—even when the vast breakfast tray is upon it—and then desert steppes of great extent are left around. Should this table become in the course of ages fossil it will discover to future generations a specimen of the colossal furniture of our time.

Then there is a long massive, faded sofa, that has suffered the effects of the carboniferous atmosphere; it is hard, and in no way inviting. The eye even does not care to rest upon it, and the eye is right. People who try it leave it, wondering whether it was originally built to contain coals. Chairs which can be lifted only with two hands, are distributed here and there, but the most curious part of the furniture is a huge ebony affair opposite the windows. Think of two towers united by a platform or terrace. Each tower has two stories. The first tower is divided in two parts—let us say two rooms. Under the platform, which is ornamented with a massive sculptured balcony, is a secret passage, which, but for its Babylonian proportions, might be called a drawer. From the flat and polished terrace there must be a fine view. I never asked the use of this wooden edifice; it might be either a fortress or an organ. If we were all about the size of Polyphemus I should say it was perhaps an ugly sideboard in some dining-room inhabited by Cyclops. But as human affairs stand, I cannot see what use it can serve, except, perhaps, for a barricade! Do you wish by chance to roast an ox, come to my room in London—every thing is collossal here. The grate is so large that it is impossible to make a little fire in June. It wants no little effort to lift the shovel or tongs. Above this colossal grate is a glass; but placed so high that I can but just catch a glimpse of my eye-brows in it. Two immense bell-ropes, with cockades as large as the top of a hat, complete this formidable furniture; in the midst of which a man is a Lilliputian. I need not dwell upon the details of my bed-room furniture. The bed, which should be capacious, is narrow, like the berth on board a steamboat; the mattress is, as I have said, about as elastic as a sea biscuit—"Un Voyage de Desagremens a Londres." [By Juleous Lecount.

ARKANSAS GIRLS.—The Memphis Express tells the following story of a friend of the editor's who went over into Arkansas recently, to attend a "break-down," that is, a dance:

"The ladies, upon the occasion, were arrayed in their best, with all the gay colors that an uncultivated taste could suggest. The gentlemen were dressed in homespun clothes, and none but our friend had broad-cloth upon his back. During the evening, sweet potatoes of an enormous size, roasted in the ashes, were handed round to the company, together with a handful of salt for each guest. A beautiful young lady soon became smitten with our friend (perhaps with his magnificent moustaches,) and resolved to dance with him. She thereupon turned to a friend, and addressed her in these words:

"'Sal, hold my tater while I trot round with that nice hoss what's got on store clothes.'

"Our friend was clinched accordingly; he could not extricate himself from the grip of the rustic beauty, and was obliged to 'trot round' after her for one mortal hour before he could obtain a respite from his labors. He made his escape the first opportunity, resolving that he would never again go to an Arkansas 'break-down.'"

The girls employed at the American Hotel in Bucksport, N. Y., quarrelled last week about their respective departments of work. One being larger than the other, thought herself the better man of the two, and commenced compressing the breathing apparatus of the smaller. In this state of the game, the little one as a dernier resort, clutched a chopper, and commenced making mince-meat of her assailant's face, chopping her nose and one ear nearly off. The flow of blood was stopped, and the several adjuncts replaced, where they are in a fair way of growing on again!

MURDER.—On the 12th inst., in the northern part of Macon county, Ala., a young man House accused another young man named Phillips of having written an anonymous and scurrelous letter to a sister of the former. Phillips protested his innocence and desired an interview with the lady that he might convince her of it, but House would not listen to him and and shot him dead on the spot.

SAD ACCIDENT.—Last Thursday while a party of laborers were engaged in undermining through a deep cut of about thirty feet, on section 45 of the Alton and Terre Haute Railroad, at Hillsboro', Ills., the earth gave way, burying two of the men, a Norwegian named John Evans, and an Irishman named Peter McNaughton, beneath it, which killed them almost instantly. The amount of earth which covered them is variously estimated at from sixty to one hundred tons. Several others narrowly escaped. [St. Louis Democrat, 22d.

TOO OLD.—The Sunday Atlas, in a fit of revolutionary enthusiasm, says: Hurrah for the girls of 76! "Thunder!" cried a Jerseyman, "that's too old. No, no, hurrah for the girls of 17." The Jerseyman got all to shout with him, we are told, and the old women about his ears.

A DARING EXPLOIT.—One day last week after the *spires* of the new Presbyterian church were raised, one of the hands, Mr. H. Gifford mounted to the top, a distance of one hundred and twenty feet, putting a large iron over the timbers to hold them together, after which Mr. Dennis Van Buskirk climbed to the top and stood erect on the ends of the timbers, a space less than a foot in measurement, and deliberately lighted and smoked a cigar apparently with as little concern as though he were on the foundation of the church itself. [Ishaca Chronicle.

FIRE.—On the morning of the 21st a fire broke out in the brass foundry of John W. Burd, on Main street, St. Louis, and before it could be extinguished greatly damaged that and several adjoining buildings. It was supposed to have been the work of an incendiary.

STABBED.—On Saturday evening two Germans were stabbed on the Levee near Spruce street. Several of them were sitting out on the Levee when a difficulty occurred between a party of Irish and themselves, and a fight ensued. In the course of the melee one of the Germans was cut through the right ear, the blade of the knife literally dividing this organ; and one of his companions was stabbed in the back very dangerously. They were brought to the police office, and one of them sent to the Hospital and the other to his boarding-house. [St. Louis Republican, 22d.

The Nova Scotia colliers are amazed at the rapid increase of coal produced in the United States. It is said our Pennsylvania mines sent to market last year about one hundred tons of coal for each chaldron shipped from the Nova Scotia mines. Nay, more, the annual increase of the production of coal in Pennsylvania is about eight times greater than the total yield of coal in Nova Scotia. But then the mines of Pennsylvania are wrought by keen sighted and enterprising individuals, or by rival and competing companies.

A RELIC.—We were recently shown a ring which was purchased in St. Augustine, Florida, in the year 1758, now nearly one hundred years ago. In the mean time it had served as a pledge of love in four engagements, and had once remained ten days in St. Mary's River, upon the finger of a fair girl of about seventeen summers, who had been drowned by the upsetting of a canoe, in which she and an only brother were indulging in the pleasure of angling. The ring was of Spanish importation. [Memphis Eagle.

ARREST OF TOLIVER CRAIG.—Toliver Craig, the celebrated land warrant forger, who was arrested last spring, and released on giving $8,000 bail, which he afterwards forfeited, and fled from justice, was arrested at Rock Island, Ill., a few days since, by Messrs. Boggers and Fisher, of that place.

The Boston fishing schooner Ellen, seized a short time since by a British cruiser, and taken into Nova Scotia, has been given up to her owners since the ratification of the Reciprocity Treaty between England and the United States.

A hotel-keeper in Pawtucket, Mass., was arrested a few days ago, together with four assistants, and committed to jail for selling liquor. Their faces were disguised with masks.

BREAKING UP A DACE.—The Greenville Alabamian comes out in an indignant article upon some unknown person who had broken up a ball in that place by drugging the drink of the party with some purgative agent of a powerful nature which converted the dance into a trot.

☞ The London Times, in the course of a recent editorial review of the various naval invasions chronicled in the world's history, admits that "the success of the British force that dashed up the Potomac, landed, and, after a quick march, destroyed Washington, and then speedily beat a retreat, can hardly be considered an affair of legitimate warfare, being little more than a piratical and fruitless surprise on an unarmed and unsuspecting population." This is a noteworthy confession.

CONVICTED.—Oxford, who assaulted lawyer Dana in the streets of Boston on the night of the rendition of the fugitive Burns, has been convicted before the Municipal court of that city.

FIGURATIVELY SPEAKING.—Brown sent Smith a present of a pair of ducks, nicely finished in oil, and accompanied the gift with this note:

"Dear Smith: I send you a present of game, which please accept; a pair of ducks, 'real canvas backs.' Yours, BROWN."

Smith acknowledged the gift, and in return, sent an engraving of "The Catching Green Turtle in the West Indies," with his note as follows:

"Dear Brown: Thank you for your ducks. I send you a nice dish, a 'plate of turtle.' Please accept, Yours, S."

NEW ORLEANS MARKETS.

CRESCENT OFFICE,
Wednesday Morning, August 30, 1854.

COTTON.... There was rather more demand yesterday, and we noticed sales of 500 bales, without any material change in prices:

NEW ORLEANS CLASSIFICATION.

Inferior	5 @6	Middling Fair	9½@9¾
Ordinary	6½@7¾	Fair	10 @—
Middling	7¾@8½	Good Fair	—@—
Good Middling	9 @9½	Good and Fine	—@—

COTTON AND TOBACCO STATEMENT.

	Cotton—bales.	Tobacco—hds
Stock on hand Sept	10,672	29,466
Received since	1,441,450	49,426
" yesterday	69—1,441,519	56—48,522
	1,452,091	77,988
Exported to date	1,421,621	53,976
" yesterday	3,281—1,424,902	32—54,236
Stock on hand not cleared	27,189	23,753

TOBACCO.... We heard of a further sale of 54 hhds Mason county on Monday at 6½ ₱ lb.

SUGAR AND MOLASSES.... Sales confined to small lots at unchanged prices.

FLOUR.... Prices tending upward, with sales of 230 bbls Superfine St. Louis in two lots at $7 87½; 150 Fancy at $8, and 200 country Extra at $8 25 ₱ bbl.

GRAIN.... We noticed sales of 1000 sacks Corn, including 450 ordinary at 70; 150 White and Yellow at 75, and 400 White at 80c ₱ bushel.... Oats were higher, with sales of 670 sacks St. Louis at 45c ₱ bushel, and 2500 in two lots at a larger price.

PROVISIONS.... The principal sale of Pork was 50 uninspected Mess, light weight, at $14 50 ₱ bbl.... In Bacon, we noticed only retail transactions at 7¾@8c for Western and 7¼c ₱ lb for city smoked Sides.

COFFEE.... Advancing and 210 bags Rio sold at 11¾c ₱ lb.

HAY.... Sales 200 bales Western in two lots at $32 ₱ ton.

CANDLES....150 boxes Star sold on Monday at 22½, equal to cash, and 100 in two lots at 23½c ₱ lb.

LARD OIL....25 bbls were taken at 80c ₱ gallon.

FREIGHTS.... We heard of no new engagement.

EXCHANGE.... Market dull and Sterling rather lower.

Sterling	108½@110
France	5.10@5.22½ ₱ dollar
New York Sixty-day Bills	1½@2 ₱ ct. disc.
Sight Checks on New York	¼@¾ ₱ ct. prem

NEW ORLEANS CATTLE MARKET

JEFFERSON CITY,
Tuesday Evening, August 29, 1854.

Arrived to-day 129 head of Texas Cattle, 90 Western Veal Cattle, and 400 head Sheep. A good supply of stock offers, but the market was rather dull to-day.

—PRICES.—

BEEF CATTLE, Rough Western	3¼@— ₱ lb net
" Fine to Choice	9@9½ ₱ lb net
" Texas and Attakapas	4¾@6 ₱ lb net
" Choice	7 @8 ₱ lb net
Hogs	5@7 ₱ lb net
SHEEP (in lots)	$2 50@$3 25 ₱ head
" (Choice)	$3 50@$4 — ₱ head
MILCH COWS	$25 00@$35 00 ₱ head
" (Choice)	$50 00@$75 00 ₱ head
CALVES AND YEARLINGS	$6 75@$10 50 ₱ head

PORT OF NEW ORLEANS.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY CRESCENT,
Wednesday Morning, August 30, 1854.

CLEARED YESTERDAY.

Ship Helena, Nason, for Liverpool, Jenkins, Williams & co
Schr J P Bradford, Taylor, for Apalachicola and Cedar Keys, Newton & Farrelly
Mexican schr Constante, Laferla, for Tabasco, F Camerden

ARRIVED.

Steamship Perseverance, Talbot, from Indianola, via Galveston, to Harris & Morgan—1st district.

Below—Coming Up.

Brig Marito, from Genoa.
Schr Major Barbour, from Arkansas.

Steamboats.

Sultana, Jamesox, from St. Louis.
Ophelia, Dimitry, from Grand Prairie.
Gipsy, Ure, from Port Hudson.
C D Jr., Delferme, from Bayou Sara.

EXPORTS.

TABASCO—Schr Constante—250 bags corn, 25 bbls flour and mandrels.

APALACHICOLA—Schr J P Bradford—192 bbls flour, 47 do whisky, 19 bbls molasses, 2 bbls and 2 bbls sugar, 15 tierces lard, 25 ahs hams, 75 sacks corn, 124 coils rope, 27 pieces bagging and sundries.

LIVERPOOL—Ship Helena—2321 bales cotton, 200 bbls tobacco, 6000 staves.

IMPORTS.

INDIANOLA AND GALVESTON—Steamship Perseverance—398 bbls Kelly & Frazier—20 do A Bear &co—15 do Yeatman &co—115 head cattle J Meale—19 bales cotton to order—21 do McDowell, Mills &co—4 do Shurts &co—10 do Groves, Harding &co—sundries to order—Total, 53 bales cotton, 250 hides.

RECEIPTS OF PRODUCE.

BAYOU SARA—Steamer C D Jr—19 hhds sugar Roman & Kenton—101 bbls molasses J W Burbridge &co—4 bales cotton Byrne, Vance &Creed do new B Buckeroo—sundries to order—Total, 16 bales cotton, 19 hhds sugar, 101 bbls molasses.

FORT HUDSON—Steamer Gipsy—8 hhds sugar A J Pearce—8 do Cazaurie, Kenn—1 &co—19 bales cotton, new to S G Nelson & co—6 do new M Kaufman &co—4 do new Anderson & Mitcoff—sundries to order—Total, 20 bales cotton.

GRAND PRAIRIE—Steamer Ophelia—32 sacks rice Aver & Breed—5 hhds sugar J B Bellery—3 do F Cazaurie—3 bbls do, 4 bbls molasses G Tracy—24 do A H & G W Lee—47 do A Thompson—sundries to order—Total, 8 hhds sugar, 118 bbls molasses.

ST LOUIS—Steamer Sultana—406 bbls flour Ogdoby & Macaulay—120 do G W Shaw &co—914 do, 188 bags bran J Connolly &co—863 bbls flour Kennedy, Diz &co—182 do, 44 sacks bran Price, Converse &co—528 sacks, 200 dry hides R L Mann—45 bales hemp J Bolton—30 kegs tobacco Turner, Wilson &co—10 do R H Shors &co—29 do Yeatman &co—20 do Levy, Bluestein & Bruns—sundries Swinny, Green &co—1 do Long & Magelas—7 do Adams &co—109 bales hay, 3 ahs bacon, 127 boxes and bbls apples, 15 sacks wheat E W Benton &co—40 head mules, 1 horse, 421 sheep, 80 yearlings—Total, 85 hhds tobacco.

LIST OF VESSELS IN PORT NOT CLEARED.

Ships.				Brigs.	
Alpacdorra	46,63	Silas Greenman	97,68	Angle Saxon	10,62
Clara Wheeler	63,64	Sol Isaacs	95,03	Annie M Roberts	21,65
Cromwell	99,61			Ella	48
Chaos	84,61	**Barks.**		Ellen	30,82
Ellerslie	96,69	Ardenstone	90,68	J F Bricks	30,82
Fanny Lackey	84,61	Almira	68	The Alliance	Point
Geo Green	87,64	Valencia	96,61	Tartar	32,61
Helena	99,61	Emigrant	89,63	Telegraph	LPT
Hector	84,61	Fanny Fisher	88,63		
Julia	83,63	Glen	96,61	**Schooners.**	
Lone Star	87,63	Great Ada	98,61	Apassalia	LPT
Mandamus	99,63	Greenhorn	43,61	Experiment	61,64
Mediator	84,63	Julia Dean	90,61	Ed Dorsey	LPT
Meridian	86,63	Lowell	99,69	Ed Sawyer	Point
Middlesex	93,63	Margaret	81,63	John J Taylor	LPT
Polar Star	95,63	Mary Smith	93,61	L F Rogers	LPT
Richmond	96,63	Sophia	49,63	Mary Caroline	LPT
Robert L Lane	47,63	Virginia	99,61	Mary	LPT
Sofia Pulg	81,64			Red Fox	LPT
				Star	68

Proclamation by the Governor for Canceling Bonds.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE,
BATON ROUGE, August 21, 1854.

WHEREAS, application has been made to me by William G. Vincent, of the city of New Orleans, for canceling of following Bonds, to wit: A Bond in sum of ten thousand dollars, signed by said W. G. Vincent as principal, on 14th July, 1851 together with the following parties as sureties, viz: W. D. Denegre, S. Phillips, J. Courcelle, and Maland & Armistead. Also, a Bond in sum of ten thousand dollars, signed by said W. G. Vincent as principal, on 16th July, 1853, together with the following named persons as sureties, viz: W. D. Denegre, S. Phillips, and C. J. Courcelle; the said Bonds having been entered by said W. G. Vincent for and in consideration of faithful performance of his duties as Auctioneer, in and for the parish and city of New Orleans.

Now, therefore, this is to notify all persons interested therein to show cause, at the office of the Secretary of State, within ninety days from the last publication hereof, why same should not be canceled and annulled.

Given under my hand and seal of State at Baton Rouge, August 21, 1854, and in the year of independence of the United States the seventy-ninth. By the Governor:

P. O. HEBERT,
ANDREW J. HERRON, Secretary of State. aug25 30t

Beware of Strangulated Hernia, with all its Horrors!!

☞ Yearly security—the only efficient means of *RELIEF* and *COMFORT*—is the use of the following described PATENT TRUSS!

THE ONLY CERTAIN CURE EVER DISCOVERED!!!

☞ Those infallible means for the cure of *RUPTURE* in all its forms are daily increasing in popularity, as the once afflicted proclaim to their friends with heartfelt joy, "I am cured—I am cured—radically cured, by the use of

SHERMAN'S PATENT TRUSS AND RUPTURE REMEDY!!!

The Medical Faculty of this country, as well as throughout England and France, have universally expressed their appreciation of this Curative Truss, while they pronounce it the only one that is constructed in accordance with the principles of Surgery. As it differs in effect, so it differs in action from all others, it is light, elastic, and comfortable to wear, closes completely the hernial ring, and perfectly retains the rupture under any exercise. But here let it be observed that it is not solely in the construction of the truss that the unfortunate must look for a cure, they must look equally as much to the correct application by a person familiar with the anatomy of the body, for the proper adaptation of a truss, so that good will result from it, as Dr. Lawrence, the celebrated English writer on Hernia, aptly argues, it is one of the nicest operations in mechanical surgery.

☞ The RUPTURE REMEDY is an external application, which is taken up by absorption, facilitating and adding permanency to the cure. Its use is a certain preventive when there is a weakness in the lower abdomen, or a predisposition to rupture.

The experience of the proprietor of this popular Truss and Remedy, who has devoted many years to the study and treatment of Hernia or Rupture, enables him, on examination, to select among some of the right size and shape to promote a speedy and radical cure.

☞ Particular attention given to Ruptured Children.

PLANTERS and others may save their SLAVES CURED, without interfering with their labor, and enhanced in VALUE and USEFULNESS.

☞ Persons to secure the Patent Curative TRUSS and RUPTURE REMEDY, and to avoid worthless imitations, must be particular to remember the name and observe the number of the store, and to inquire or and have a personal interview with

DR. SHERMAN,
70 St. Charles St.

feb22 1y

LIGHT'S SOLUTION
WILL CURE
DIARRHEA AND BLOODY FLUX.
MADE BY GEO. S. LIGHT.
Wholesale Druggist, Cincinnati, O.
For sale by Druggists generally. J. WRIGHT & CO
Agt. 181

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—140 bbls., for sale by A. DELAGRAVE & CO., 79 Magazine st. jy24

PICKLES—50 boxes half assortment, (Underwood), for sale by A. F. COBURN

WANTS—WANTED.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.—Three or four good BLACKSMITHS to whom good wages and constant employment will be given. Apply at MATTHEWS & DEMAN, cor. Carondelet and Gravier sts.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.—An experienced NURSE, to an infant. Apply at No. 8 Prytania street.

WANTED—A COLORED COOK; one who thoroughly understands her business. Apply No. 8 Prytania street.

WANTED—A COLORED WOMAN, who is a good Plain Cook and excellent Washer and Ironer for a family of two persons, living a short distance from the city. Apply corner Felicity and Prytania streets, up stairs. aug18 3t

WANTED TO LEASE—A Respectable RESIDENCE in the Second District, by a responsible party. Apply at 95 Bank Place

WANTED—Copies of the New Orleans DAILY CRESCENT, as follows:
October—18th and 22d, 1853, two copies each.
February—10th, 1854, two copies.
Any one having them will confer a favor by leaving them at the Office, 95 St. Charles street, where they will receive a suitable reward. myl6 tf

NOTICES SPECIAL.

TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS REWARD will be paid to any person who will apprehend and lodge in jail the NEGRO MAN BILL or WILLIAM, who ran away from the subscriber N. W. Moble about the 9th inst. Bill is about 24 years of age, over six feet high, very black color, tall as well, has on a blue shirt and gray pantaloons, although since then may have changed his clothes; is a good boat hand and worked on the Sylvania and P. F. Kimball on Red river previously; he has been seen about the Levee, Old Basin Canal and the Lake within a few days past, and may attempt to get up the river on a forged pass and over to St. Mary's parish. Captains of vessels and steamboats will be on the lookout for him. Apply to Mr. J. J. Spira Sprigett, at Messrs. Fosdick & Co., 67 Camp street, for payment.

NOTICE—DR. JOSEPH ELLIOTT is on the eve of departure for the North, intending to return on or before the 15th of October next, with a good number of the best HORSES, in pairs, and for single work, the price of which his means and skill will enable him to purchase for the New Orleans market.

During his absence the veterinary department of his Stables in Pensdicola street will be under the professional care of Dr. DELRIEU—to whom he believes he may with confidence recommend his friends as one well versed in the diseases of horses.

aug28 3m. JOSEPH ELLIOTT.

NOTICE TO DRAYMEN.—We pay no Drayage from the shipping except to our Draymen, THOMAS DUNNE, or those authorized by him.

aug18 tf E. M. DALEY & CO., 67 Tchoupitoulas st.

NOTICE TO CARPENTERS AND BUILDERS.—PATENT SAWED WEATHERBOARDING, both rough and dressed, from the very best Heart Timber, for sale at $14 per M for rough, and $20 per M for the dressed, in lots to suit purchasers. LUMBER sawed to order. Also, a second-hand side-frame ENGINE, about 12 horse power, for sale at the

aug14 6m STAR PLANING MILLS, New Basin.

Notice.

☞ E. J. HART & CO. inform their customers and correspondents that they will continue business as usual at No. 107 Tchoupitoulas street, above Lafayette.

aug 25p

DISSOLUTION—The firm of R. F. NICHOLS & CO. is THIS DAY dissolved by mutual consent. Each member of the late firm is authorized to use the name of the late firm in liquidation. All persons having claims against the late firm will please present them for settlement, and those indebted will call and settle.

R. F. NICHOLS,
A. HEWSON,
H. R. YENNI. aug 1m

MR CHARLES BLACK holds my full Power of Attorney during my absence. jy10 S. WOLFF.

ATTENTION! COMPANY C, NATIONAL GUARDS!—You are hereby ordered to attend Drill on WEDNESDAY EVENING 6th of each week at ½ o'clock, at the Armory, corner Nevila and St. Charles street. By order of the Captain.

jy19 E. SHAW, O. S.

ATTENTION RIFLEMEN! COMPANY A, NATIONAL GUARDS.—Attend Drills EVERY THURSDAY EVENING, at ½ o'clock, at the Armory, corner of Nevila and St. Charles streets, until further orders. By order of the Captain.

W. BUZANT, O. S. jy26

NOTICE.—Any person who will furnish positive proof of the present residence of ROBERT EMMET WHITTAKER, late of Nashville, Tennessee, formerly of Nashville, Tenn., afterward of Kentucky, near Eddyville, will be handsomely rewarded.

jy28