DAILY CRESCENT.

THE NEW ORLEANS DAILY CRESCENT,
OFFICE NO. 70, CAMP STREET,
Will be regularly served to Subscribers in this city at an early hour every Morning (Sunday excepted), for $10 a year, in advance, payable to the Office, or to carriers weekly, payable to the Carriers.
THE CIRCULATION
of the Crescent, Daily and Weekly, is such as to offer a desirable medium to Advertisers.
A FAMILY PAPER
is circulated largely, and also early hour, at the homes of citizens, and articles sold to families may be most advantageously advertised in its columns. No paper in the city circulates so extensively among families.
OUR TERMS
are such as to invite the attention and patronage of the public.
TERMS OF ADVERTISING:
Per Square of Ten Lines in Pearl—First insertion, $1 00
Every subsequent insertion.....50
Advertisements on the Second Page are charged at two cents each line.
A liberal discount will be made with those who advertise by the year, or for a shorter time.
All Advertisements not marked will be published one month, and charged accordingly.
THE WEEKLY CRESCENT
is published every Monday morning for $4 a year invariably in advance.

MONDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 27.

☞ The Proprietors of the Crescent will pay no bills contracted by any person except Mr. J. O. NIXON or his written authority.

☞ SANNE, who has carried the Crescent in the Third District since the 1st of July last, is requested to call at the office and settle his account.

"SEBASTOPOL EST PRISE!"

"Dick Tinto's" patriotic wish that the Almighty would, in his infinite mercy, cause every Anglo-French soldier to be shot, and every Allied ship to be sunk, during the present war, seems likely to be realized. The telegraphic news received this morning, by the Baltic, announce another great battle at Sebastopol, in which it is very evident the Allies came off second best. They may claim the victory of the 5th until doomsday—the mere fact that the contest was renewed on the 6th, by the Russians, is convincing proof that the Czar's forces did not suffer such demorilization as to prevent their readiness for trying the fight again. The urgent call for fifty thousand recruits gives additional evidence to the same effect, and it is freely confessed that the Russians re-took more "real estate" fortified by the English, spiked the guns and destroyed the magazines.

The news this morning, moreover, confirms the previous reports of a Russian victory on the 24, in which one thousand English cavalry were killed. It is plain that the Russians are determined to fight to the last, as they did at Borodino, Friedland, and Eylau. The capture of Sebastopol is indefinitely postponed. Old Menchikoff is nobly redeeming his promise to defend the city to death. The dividends to be collected from the Czar are growing momently more dim and indistinct, and it may yet be that the Allies will rejoice in an opportunity for withdrawding their forces and crying quits.

What if we do exult over the turn of events? It is the American nature to sympathize with the weakest side, and three to one is great odds. Moreover, we have not been allowed sufficient time to forget the insult of Louis Napoleon, and the threatening language of the English press. Some, at least, of those troops that were to protect Cuba and garrison our cities, will never see this country. Sebastopol is taking the Allies! We much fear that the London Sun will be compelled to postpone for some time that 'extra' which it has lately announced at the head of its editorial columns in the following language:

"The coming capture of Sebastopol will be published in an extraordinary edition of the Sun, the moment the extraordinary Gazette is issued, together with a list of killed and wounded!"

THE ELECTION TO-DAY.

The election which takes place in this city to-day is of a comparatively unimportant character. There are no momentous measures to be settled, nor any great offices to be filled. The result, whatever it is, will scarcely affect the interests of the city or the welfare of the State—much less will it influence the policy of the nation.

Yet, although the results of this immediate election are not likely to be important, the principle involved in it is exceedingly so—so much so as to render it desirable that every citizen having the right of suffrage should exercise that right. A great many of the more influential and business class having no apparent direct interest in these minor elections, stay away from the polls and allow a low order of men to do as they please. The ignorant and uneducated thereby acquire strength and power, and when a really important election comes off the better class find themselves unarmed and overpowered. It should not be so. Our institutions were purchased with blood and treasure, and were bequeathed to us pure and unsullied. Pure and unsullied they should ever remain. One or two hours out of the twenty-four is certainly not too much time for us to devote, even if asked ten times in the year, to perpetuate that which our fathers won.

Little things grow out of great ones—oaks from acorns. If these primary elections are attended to, the great ones will go right; for in our government there is the same intimate connection between the different parts, that there is in a nice piece of machinery. The municipal elections are the smaller wheels, and the more easily moved. If they go right, all goes right; but if they are out of gear no amount of steam or patriotism can make a fitting compensation. Let the little wheels, therefore, be attended to. Let every man vote on every occasion.

The election to-day is a mere State matter, and cannot in any way affect the National policy. It is an occasion wherein the character, ability and qualifications of the candidates should over-ride every other consideration, as in our opinion they should in every election. So far as we know, all the candidates are competent men and capable of filling the stations to which they aspire. We have no preferences to express, and only desire that the best men may be elected. To secure that we trust that all of our readers will vote, and vote for the man that their calm judgment shall pronounce the best fitted for the station, without reference to party considerations.

THE SCREWMEN.—This stalwart body of our citizens celebrated the anniversary of their Benevolent Association on Saturday, by the usual parade and public exercises. They had a fine day for their turn-out, and presented an unusually brilliant appearance in their procession. Our old friend Sam Risk marshaled the long procession in his happiest style, and Captain Chas. D. Dreux acquitted himself as orator of the day with great credit, in the St. Charles Theater, where the procession terminated. Besides the members of the Association, a large assemblage, mostly of the fair sex, graced the theater with their presence, and all departed highly gratified with the celebration. An association more admirable in the *physique* of its members, and in the nature of its organization, does not exist any where.

GENTLEMEN'S SHIRTS AND WINTER CLOTHING.—Mr. H. Huard, No. 69 Common street, has a large stock of French Shirts on hand, which he offers at very low prices. He has also a complete stock of Winter Clothing, comprising every desirable article of a gentleman's wardrobe. See his advertisement.

SILKS.—Desainville & Co., No. 6 Chartres street, has just received a large assortment of Plain, Changeable and Plaid Silks, the descriptions of which are more fully set forth in their advertisement, elsewhere. The high reputation of this store for the quality of its Silk Goods, renders the announcement all that is needed.

CARPETINGS, OIL CLOTHS, AND MATS.—J. D. Dameron & Co., 26 Chartres and 27 Customhouse streets, are capable of supplying orders in their department to an unlimited amount. The firm enjoys a high reputation for the quality of its goods, and is worthy the confidence and patronage of the community.

AUTOBIOGRAPHIES AND ADVERTISEMENTS.

We are being constantly placed under obligation to Northern publishers for advance sheets of new works which they are about issuing, containing extracts which it is expected we shall transfer to our columns, with laudatory notices, as a stimulant to futures sales. Were we to publish all of these specimens and extracts "of a highly thrilling character" which we receive, we should hardly have space for any thing else; and as, in nine cases out of ten, they are utterly devoid of interest, at the expiration of six months we should hardly have six subscribers left. Were we, in addition, to fill up our advertising columns with the favors of Northern patent medicine manufacturers, at the highly remunerative prices offered, we might calculate on a certain failure at an early day.

It seems to be supposed by a certain class of men that country newspapers in general and Southern newspapers in particular can find nothing more valuable to set before their readers than what is directly or indirectly linked to some private speculation, for the advocacy of which the publisher is to be recompensed by a copy of the book or a box of the pills puffed. Our opinions on the subject are somewhat different and lead us to decline the new system of gratuitous advertising for any man. If Northern publishers wish their works advertised here we shall be happy to accommodate them, even to the publication of the entire work, for a fitting compensation; and if pill doctors desire to have the efficacy of their medicines made known, we will publish every recommendation they have received or written on the same terms; but we will not take their pills at any price.

We are induced to make this statement by the receipt of about the coolest, as it certainly is the lengthiest, of all the puffing circulars which have ever reached us. Mr. J. S. Redfield, of New York, proposes to publish Barnum's Autobiography, and, in order to make it sell he has struck off a large sheet containing the table of contents and about three columns of matter extracted; all of which we are politely requested to copy "with such remarks as we may deem proper." Having done so we are to be furnished with a copy of the work. Price about $1 25. We respectfully decline. We haven't the room, and if we had, could fill it with much more valuable matter than Mr. Barnum's account of his different deceptions and rascalities. Nor in fact do we think that Mr. Redfield has any need of the press. The Life of Jack Sheppard and the Adventures of Murrell find a ready sale without being advertised, and though Barnum's rogueries are not so grand they are infinitely more numerous and most unblushingly avowed. We have no doubt that the book will sell rapidly and extensively, and advise Mr. Redfield to save his money instead of uselessly spending it on advertisements.

Among other notabilities in the same quarter who aim at an early immortality, we observe Horace Greeley and Chevalier Wikoff—the former an ardent Abolitionist, etc.—the latter nothing more than an ardent lover. When Barnum, Greeley and Wikoff are fairly worked off and sold, we shall anticipate the autobiographies of Capt. Rynders and the remaining celebrities of New York. Can't we have them at once? The public mind is on the rack. The lives and speeches of Calhoun, Clay and Webster can only be sold by the hundred, but Barnum is to be "simultaneously published in New York, London, Paris, Madrid, Vienna, Berlin and Leipsic." *Viva la humbug!*

"TAKING OF THE ALLIES BY SEBASTOPOL."

One of the best squibs we have seen concerning the siege of Sebastopol by the Allied forces appears in the Wall Street (N. Y.) Journal, with the caption which we have quoted. How so much fun could have come out of such a locality we are puzzled to know, but come it did, and the best part of the joke is its truthfulness. Our latest news from the seat of war give the the facts on which the Journal's comments are predicated. The English forces marched to within a comfortable distance of the Russians and threw up several redoubts, which they mounted with heavy guns and garrisoned with Scotch and Turkish troops—then retired in preparation for the morrow's labors. But, incredible as it may seem, and much as it militated against the expectations and comforts of Her Majesty's troops, these same Russians did not await the proper time for being attacked, but, on the contrary, marched out and made the attack themselves!—took the redoubts, drove off the Turks at a hard run, changed the direction of the cannon and killed one thousand English before they could be induced to return! At this rate we entertain fears lest the Journal's article may prove more true than even its writer anticipated.

"TAKING OF THE ALLIES BY SEBASTOPOL.—By the late advices received per steamship Asia, we have information of a very extraordinary character; in fact, of a nature so unexpected, that we had serious doubts as to its authenticity. We refer to the taking of the Allies by Sebastopol. Believing, as we did, that the Allies were engaged in the very agreeable proceedings necessary to accomplish their boast of soon occupying this important position, we confess ourselves completely taken aback by this unlooked-for reversal of our anticipations. We cannot very sincerely regret the change of affairs in that quarter, although we do sympathize with all that portion of their joint majesty' subjects who are sacrificing life and health to accomplish they know not what, and possibly do not care either. It appears that two redoubts were projected and completed by the very able engineers on the part of the Allies; and we should think from the celerity with which the building of them was finished, and the promptitude with which they were delivered in good fighting order to the Russians, that it was merely a business contract.

After taking possession of their easily acquired real estate, the Russians felt some anxiety to try the range and capacity of Her Majesty's artillery which had been presented to them: and no better mark being within range, actually commenced a game of ball with a regiment of her aforesaid Majesty's light dragoons. This enlarged game of cricket resulted in a loss of five hundred men to the Allies, before the Russians were satisfied as to the quality of their guns. Shy jokers, those Russians; we actually believe they mean to fight it out to the last."

The Purser of the steamships Orizaba and Perseverance have our thanks for their usual kind favors.

We are indebted to Mr. D. D. Atkinson, clerk of the steamer Fulton, for late Red River papers.

MISS LOGAN'S BENEFIT.—The tragedy of "Macbeth" will be performed this evening, for the benefit of Miss Eliza Logan, at the St. Charles Theater. Mr. Hield will personate *Macbeth*, Mr. Pope *Macduff*, and Miss Logan, of course, *Lady Macbeth*. There can be no doubt of a full house. The eminent ability and great popularity of the lady ensure it.

MR. JOHN CALDER'S BENEFIT.—By the correspondence which appears in another column of this morning's paper—equally creditable to the signers, to Mr. Calder, Mr. DeBar and Miss Logan—it will be seen that the worthy treasurer of the late Varieties Theater is to have a complimentary benefit at the St. Charles to-morrow evening. Complimentary benefits in general are the most brazen and patent of all modern dramatic humbugs; but in the present instance it must be acknowledged that the original significance of the proceeding is restored to its proper use. Mr. John Calder is one of the old "standby's" of the city and one of the most popular in it. The scope of his acquaintance is not easily given, yet large as it is, it would be exceedingly difficult to find any who entertained other than the most kindly feelings for him. Indeed, we do not believe he has an enemy in the world, while blessed with hosts of warm and influential friends.

The effect of this general and deserved popularity is manifested in the moment of misfortune by the benefit to which we refer. The burning of the Varieties has placed Mr. Calder *hors de combat* for the time being. We feel confident that a knowledge of the circumstances in all that need be known to induce our citizens to turn out in large numbers and make the benefit both complimentary and profitable. If none but John's personal friends attend the St. Charles will be crowded.

Seats can be secured by application to the box-office of the St. Charles to-day, and we are assured that Mr. Chesley will be as much gratified in seeing them all taken as if the benefit were for himself.

CHEAP SHIRTS AND HANDKERCHIEFS.—The present rage for cheap things certainly cannot ask for any lower tariff than is advertised by Mr. S. N. Moody, on the corner of Canal street and Exchange Place. Refer to his advertisement and see.

Telegraphed to Daily Crescent.

By the Southern (Morse) Line.

Four Days Later from Europe.

Exciting News from Sebastopol.

TERRIBLE BATTLE FOUGHT.

BOTH SIDES CLAIMING THE VICTORY.

Allies Nearly Overmatched.

Reinforcements Hastening to the Allies.

Cotton Steady—Breadstuffs Unchanged.

CONSOLS DECLINED.

NEW YORK, Nov. 26.—The Collins steamer Baltic has arrived here, bringing dates from Liverpool to the 15th inst., four days later than the accounts brought by the Canada. She brings important intelligence from the seat of war, of which the following is a summary:

Terrible Battles near Sebastopol.

The report of the massacre of the English Light Cavalry, under the command of Lord Cardigan, is mainly confirmed. It appears that Lord Cardigan and his command charged some of the Russian batteries, mounting about 30 guns, and met with a tremendous resistance. Four hundred of his men were killed, and of the whole force which he led to the attack only about 200 returned.

From the time of Lord Cardigan's attack to the latest accounts, the fighting was incessant and sanguinary.

The 5th instant was marked by a terrible combat, which lasted from daybreak until four o'clock in the afternoon. Both the Allies and the Russians claimed the victory in this affair, the advantages being divided. The English succeeded in taking a few hundred prisoners, but the Russians had stormed several of the batteries and spiked the guns which were mounted in them. The loss of the Allies during the engagement is stated at 6000, and that of the Russians is reported to have been 8000.

On the 6th inst. the battle was re-commenced by the Russians, and was proceeding when the courier left, so the result of the day is unkown.

It is said that the Allies were preparing to storm the city before the Russians could recover from their losses, but the accounts prove that they (the Allies) were almost overmatched. Most urgent requests were forwarded to France and England for reinforcements, and fifty thousand French troops were to proceed immediately to Sebastopol by the quickest possible mode of conveyance. A large number of steamships has been chartered to convey their reinforcements, among which are the Europa, the Alps, the Indiana, the New York, and all the other steamers that could be made available.

Liverpool Markets.

The circulars brought by the Baltic report a good demand for cotton in the Liverpool market, with sales during the three business days preceding her departure of 27,000 bales, of which 3000 were taken for speculation and 2000 for export. Holders were generally firm in their pretensions, though the demand for speculation and export was moderate. Milligan, Evans & Co. quote as follows: Fair Orleans 6¼d., Middling Orleans 5½d; Fair Uplands 6d, Middling Uplands 5½ to 5¾d per lb.; the market closing rather heavily.

Broadstuffs were without any material change. Flour was quoted at 43s for Western Canal, and 46s per barrel for Ohio brands. Corn was easier, and Yellow closed at 45s per quarter.

Money and Trade.

The Money market at London was stringent and consols had further declined, closing at 92⅝. Trade in the manufacturing districts was dull and the rates rather lower.

FURTHER BY THE BALTIC.

Liverpool Markets.

NEW YORK, Nov. 26.—The sales of cotton at Liverpool on Wednesday, the day of the Baltic's departure, were estimated at 8,000 bales, prices remaining without any change of moment, but rather more in favor of buyers. Brown, Shipley & Co. report the market quiet, and unchanged at the close, with a full supply offering. Breadstuffs were also quiet, and most descriptions were quoted at rather lower prices. Flour had declined 6d per bbl.; Corn 6d per quarter, and Wheat 2d per 70 lbs.

A WORD ABOUT LANGUAGES.—It is a well known fact that every Frenchman arriving in this city in the space of three or four months succeeds in speaking English. Why do not Americans succeed as well and as quickly in learning to speak French? Simply because the former practices before studying, and the latter studies before practicing. Practice and practice alone insures success. We would, therefore, recommend our readers to call at 13 St. Charles street, where no other language but French is allowed to be spoken by Professor Brette's students, who cannot fail to acquire the language in three months, being compelled to converse entirely in the daily spoken French. Ladies' hours are from 8 o'clock A. M. to 3 o'clock P. M.

MEETING OF THE ISRAELITES.—We understand that the mass meeting of the Hebrews of our city, held yesterday, was for the purpose of taking into consideration the necessity of establishing an Asylum for the Widows and Orphans. The initatory steps were taken and a committee appointed to report the most feasible plans to an adjourned meeting to be held next Saturday, at 11 o'clock, at Masonic Hall. Subscriptions will be received for the object indicated from such persons as may feel disposed to further this laudable undertaking.

"RENDER UNTO CÆSAR," ETC.—We are requested to state that, on account of information received by Mr. Placide that a number of fine dresses belonging to the Varieties Theatre were taken away by spectators at the fire which have not yet been returned, he has opened an office at No. 35 Gravier street for their reception. Those who saved any thing on that occasion can now restore it. We understand, furthermore, that some young men of this city have been seen with spangled dresses of very theatrical fashion on their backs. As their names are known it would be highly advisable for them to take an early moment for "rendering unto Cæsar the things which are Cæsars."

SEWING MACHINES.—If the millennium has not yet reached all professions—and we mournfully confess it has not dawned upon ours—those who sew for convenience, or necessity, or a livelihood may exult in its advent to them. If Wheeler, Wilson & Co.'s Sewing Machines had been invented ten years ago, Tom Hood could not have written his "Song of a Shirt." They do in one day ten times the work of ten seamstresses, and do it as well as fingers could have done it. They manufacture every thing; from brogans to baby dresses, neatly and expeditiously. Mrs. McKenzie & Powell have a stock of Machines at No. 13 St. Charles street, which we commend to the attention of those who have sewing to be done.

WINTER CLOTHING.—The advertisements of Leighton & Barbot, corner of St. Charles and Canal streets, though well worthy of an editorial, must be content with a notice. In fact they themselves are their own best comment, and being perused will convey to the reader a better idea than we probably could in twice the space occupied. To those suffering from bitter cold weather, we commend the warmth and comfort implied in their language, and every one who needs additional or renewed defences against the season should examine them with an open eye. Such literature is very attractive at present.

SILKS AND EMBROIDERIES.—We think the ladies will agree with us that Mr. Hebrard has taken no unwarrantable liberty in placing convenient to their notice the different styles and qualities of Silk Goods and Embroideries that can be found at 118 Canal street. Ignorant as we confess ourselves of the mysteries of dry goods, we can comprehend that a great field for analytic investigation is opened to our fair readers by to-day's announcement. We refer them to it and hope they will find something suitable and not be avaricious of the whole.

FOR ALEXANDRIA.—The steamer Fulton will positively leave this afternoon at 5 o'clock.

Messrs. Smith & Cooper, No. 109 Tchoupitoulas street, advertise, in another column, India Bagging, Oakum, Manilla and Tarred Cordage, White Lead, Tin Plates, etc.

Amusements This Evening.

ST. CHARLES THEATRE—*Miss Eliza Logan's Benefit.*—The grandest of all Shakspearian tragedies—Macbeth—will be presented this evening. It is announced with new scenery, dresses and properties. Miss Logan will of course personate *Lady Macbeth*. We hope the other characters will be in keeping. "The Seidler's Daughter" will conclude this very attractive bill.

ORLEANS THEATRE.—The grand opera of the "Jewess," by Halevy, will be performed at the French Theatre this evening with Madame Laget Planterre as *Rachel*, and Dulac, Genibrol, and Lacroix in the cast. It is one of the most splendid spectacles in all the range of the opera.

DAN RICE'S.—The drama entitled "Helen Lovett, or the Cincinnati Tragedy," will be played this evening with Miss Crampton as *Helen Lovett*. Mrs. McMillan sings a favorite song, and the amusements close with the "Serious Family."

ARMORY HALL.—The Campbells have become a permanent institution with us, and will remain through the season. They have leased the Armory Hall and rechristened it "Peel's Southern Opera House." A series of laughable burlesques, burlesque operas, pantomimes, farces and amusing songs will be produced, worthy the patronage of the public. They perform to-night.

VANNUCHI'S MUSEUM.—The display of Wax Statuary at No. 52 St. Charles street is exceedingly large and wonderfully life-like. All who have seen Clay, Cass, Calhoun, and Webster, must acknowledge that these counterfeits are of admirable execution. The Death Chambers of Clay, Calhoun, and Webster, are alone worth the price of admission.

MR. BRENNAN'S LECTURE.—The Lecture by Mr. Joseph Brennan, of this city, to which we have before referred, will be given this evening at the Mechanics' Hall, on Philippa street. The subject will be "England, France and America." Probably no more interesting theme could have been selected at the present moment, nor one which presents a better opportunity for a popular, and at the same time able address. We are ignorant of the manner in which Mr. Brennan intends to treat it, or how he looks upon the existing relations of this country and Europe. Whatever his opinions may be, we risk nothing in saying that they will be strongly advanced and eloquently supported. The intelligent people of the city should be sure to attend.

TAPESTRY CARPETINGS.—A very large and excellent assortment of rich Tapestry Carpetings can be found at A. Broussean's, No. 23 Chartres street. The finer patterns are of foreign manufacture, and almost equal painting in the delicacy of their colors. They are offered at reduced prices for the present, and will suit the taste of the most fastidious.

CARPETINGS—*Fresh Arrivals.*—Todd & Co., No. 120 Canal street, have increased their previously large stock of carpetings, mattings, oil cloths, etc., by still larger recent arrivals, and offer, now, to the inspection of purchasers, every thing that can be desired. Mr. Todd's selections are made with much judgment and will please every body.

CURTAINS, DAMASKS AND CARPETINGS.—If the earth were about to be carpeted with Brussels, as it is figuratively said to be with verdure, we believe a large proportion of the necessary amount could be found in this city, and Messrs. Robinson & Olroyd, of 19 Chartres street, might contract for at least one State. They have a stock that ranges between the two extremes in price and elegance with curtains to match. Housekeepers, old and young, may examine with a certainty of satisfaction.

GOLD PENS.—"The pen of the ready writer" can be found at D. Felt & Stetson's 24 Chartres street, made of gold and tipped with diamond.

The season of splendid Annuals and Illustrated Works of Art is fast approaching. Read Norman's advertisement in this morning's paper.

LIME.—Messrs. J. G Hardill & Co., No. 97 Magazine street, have received two cargoes of Lime. See advertisement.

NAVAL.—The frigate Congress and the sloop-of-war Sabine are both fitting out for service at Brooklyn. The Falmouth has been fitting out at Norfolk for the Gulf of Mexico. The latter vessel has been officered without any difficulty. None of the officers have applied to be released from their orders except the master. He did not wish to go to sea, but as Mr. Dobbin has adopted the rule go when ordered or quit the service, the master resigned. Lieut. J. N. Barney asked to be detached under some peculiar circumstances and was excused.

We understand, says the Richmond Whig of the 21st, that Mr. Nathan B. Clarke, a resident of Hanover county, on Sunday last attempted to arrest a negro man, a runaway, somewhere near the terminus of the Mechanicsville Turnpike, when the negro resisted and was killed in a personal encounter with Mr. C.

There was considerable excitement at Hartford, Conn., on the 18th inst., in reference to the interment of the remains of Father Brady, late Pastor of the Catholic Congregation there, who died on the previous Thursday evening, of cholera. The Roman Catholic Bishop refused to allow the remains to be interred near the church, or with Catholic rites. It appears that, in consequence of some difficulty, the Bishop had recently suspended father Brady, and the treatment the latter received, it is alleged by many, induced the illness which terminated in his death. Some persons, in consequence of the Bishop's edict, espoused the cause of the deceased, and dug a grave for the remains, which the Bishop caused to be filled up. The grave was again opened, and despite the further opposition of the Bishop, the funeral ceremonies were carried through, including the mass, etc.

An "affair of honor" came off in the vicinity of Burlington, N. J., on Saturday morning the 18th. The parties were Philadelphians, one of them a married man, the other single. A quarrel about a female was the cause of the difficulty. After the exchange of shots and the wounding of the principals, the friends of the latter interfered and a reconciliation was effected.

Correspondence.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 22, 1854.

John H. Calder, Esq.:

Dear Sir—Many of your personal friends—among whom the undersigned are proud to number themselves—feeling keenly the misfortune which has befallen, not only you, but all those composing the Varieties Theater, have taken the liberty of using your name and indefatigable zeal, to cover, in part, the losses you have sustained by the late calamitous destruction of the theater, of which you have so long been the able and courteous Treasurer.

We are happy to inform you that the lessee and manager of the St Charles Theater, Don De Bar, Esq., has promptly and cheerfully acceded to our wishes, and we now await your acceptance of his name, to carry out the views of the undersigned for a substantial proof of their appreciation of your worth as a friend and citizen.

With the kindest regards,

We are your friends and obedient servants,

JAMES H. CALDWELL,	JAMES DAVIS,
CHAS. M. WATERMAN,	JOHN STROUD, Jr.,
A. P. SIMPSON,	R. B. SYKES,
WM. H. GARLAND,	J. L. JOHNSON,
JOHN LESLIE, Jr.,	M. A. FRASER,
C. V. JONTE,	R. W. ADAMS,
H. KEATING,	P. B. MCELVEY,
JOHN N. HAWTHORN,	R. ESTERBROOK,
O. DE BUYS,	DANIEL EDWARDS,
JOHN LAIDLAW,	CHARLES A. LABUZAN,
C. W. LYTLE,	J. BONNER,
H. J. RANNEY,	J. HUFFY,
S. W. OAKEY,	M. O. H. NORTON,
W. F. WAGNER,	A. M. HOLBROOK,
HENRY BIER,	GEO. S. MANDEVILLE,
A. G. WILSON,	J. E. MCCLURE,
WILLIAM H. HUNT,	G. W. SHAW,
W. G. MULLEN,	JAMES H. MCCORMICK,
GEORGE ALLAN,	JOSEPH ETTER,
THOMAS BAILEY,	J. A. BEARD,
ROBERT KELLETT,	GEORGE MAY,
P. CONNIFF,	DR. C. BEARD,

and many others.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 22, 1854.

Gentlemen—With feelings better imagined than expressed, I readily accede to your wishes, and hereby tender you my warmest gratitude. Misfortune is always, in any shape, an unwelcome visitor, only to be borne philosophically when our friends and the public sympathize in the loss. In this instance, all have come cheerfully to my relief. I am extremely happy in bearing evidence to this fact, particularly as regards my old friend, De Bar, of the St. Charles, of whom you have been no less evidence of his good will. Be so good as to tender him my kindest regards, and accept for yourselves the unfeigned thanks of

Yours, most respectfully,

JOHN H. CALDER.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 23, 1854.

Don De Bar, Esq.:

Mr. John H. Calder having accepted your kind offer of a free benefit in view of his late losses by fire, the undersigned hereby place at your disposal the correspondence, leaving the time and details in your hands, knowing well that nothing will be left undone by you to make the occasion a benefit indeed.

With great respect, your friends and obedient servants,

[Signed as above.]

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 24, 1854.

Gentlemen—I have received your letter requesting the use of the St. Charles Theater for the benefit of my friend, Mr. John H. Calder. In answer thereto, I most cheerfully agree to give up a night, and hope it may prove a substantial benefit to make some amends for the late misfortune which has befallen him. If agreeable to yourselves, I would propose next TUESDAY, the 28th inst. It gives me much pleasure to inform you that Miss Logan has, in the kindest manner, volunteered her services on the occasion.

I am, gentlemen, yours respectfully, D. DE BAR.

To Messrs. James H. Caldwell, Chas. M. Waterman, A. P. Simpson, William H. Garland, etc. n21 2t

☞ V. HEERMANN is a candidate to represent the Fourth Representative District in the State Legislature, vice Hon. Thos. McKnon, resigned. n26 1t

☞ STATE LEGISLATURE.—Capt. JOHN A. JAQUESS is a candidate to represent the First Representative District in the State Legislature, made vacant by the resignation of Hon. H. M. Summers. n11

☞ JULES LAVERGNE, Esq., is a Candidate for the State Senate, to fill the vacancy created by the resignation of the Hon. J. A. Strong. n14

Overcoats,

☞ Of all styles and qualities—adapted to all kinds of weather, for sale by LEIGHTON & BARBOT, n27 2dptf corner Canal and St. Charles streets.

Frock Coats,

☞ Of Black, Blue, Amelia, Green, Olive, Purple and Brown French Cloths, latest styles, for sale by LEIGHTON & BARBOT, n27 2dptf corner Canal and St. Charles streets.

Dress Coats,

☞ Of Black French Cloth, all qualities and best styles, just received and for sale by LEIGHTON & BARBOT, n27 2dptf corner Canal and St. Charles streets.

Business Coats,

☞ Of Cloth, all colors, qualities and styles—plain, mixed, plaid, check and Omer Pacha Cassimere, for sale by LEIGHTON & BARBOT, n27 2dptf corner Canal and St. Charles streets.

Pantaloons,

☞ Of Black Cassimere and Doeskin, all qualities. Colored Cassimeres, a large variety, embracing all the newest and most desirable patterns, just received and for sale by LEIGHTON & BARBOT, n27 2dptf corner Canal and St. Charles streets.

Vests.

☞ Black and rich Colored Velvet and Plush; Black and Colored Silk, of all the best styles; Black and Colored Cashmere, latest patterns; Colored Woolen Velvet, various styles, For sale by LEIGHTON & BARBOT, n27 2dptf corner Canal and St. Charles streets.

Leighton's Premium Shirts.

☞ A full supply of these celebrated Shirts always on hand, of all styles, sizes and qualities, at LEIGHTON & BARBOT'S, n27 2dptf corner Canal and St. Charles streets.

Jouvin's Kid Gloves.

☞ Just received, a complete assortment of all Colors, manufactured expressly for us. LEIGHTON & BARBOT, n27 2dptf corner Canal and St. Charles streets.

Furnishing Goods.

☞ DRESSING GOWNS, of Rich Cashmere, Mosalin de Laine, etc.; UNDER SHIRTS, Of Merino, Silk, Cotton, Assorts, Lamb's Wool, Cashmere, Shaker, and Welsh Flannels; DRAWERS, of Merino, Silk, Cotton, Cashmere, Shaker and Welsh Flannels; HALF HOSE, of Merino, Silk, Cotton, etc.; LADIES' UNDER SHIRTS AND DRAWERS; LADIES' AND MISSES' UNIONS; BOYS' SHIRTS AND SOCKS; THEATRICAL HIGH HOSE; THEATRICAL TIGHTS; Handkerchiefs, of all kinds; Suspenders, of all styles; Pocketing, a large variety; Umbrellas, silk and cotton; Cravats, of all styles; Black and colored Ties; Scarfs, new styles; Gloves, all kinds; etc., etc., etc., etc., To which almost daily additions are being made from our manufactory, No. 16 Park Place, New York. LEIGHTON & BARBOT, n27 2dptf corner Canal and St. Charles streets.

Carpeting! Carpeting!

☞ We are receiving a large and choice assortment of VELVET, BRUSSELLS, THREE-PLY and INGRAIN CARPETING. .... ALSO .... FLOOR OIL CLOTHS, three to twenty-four feet wide, of choice quality and new pattern. All of which we are offering at very low prices.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS.

☞ We have on hand a large assortment of FLOOR OIL CLOTHS of the best and ordinary qualities, from three to twenty-four feet wide, which we cut to suit any room or hall. We are enabled to offer to purchasers unusual advantages in quality and price. .... ALSO .... TABLE OIL CLOTHS, TABLE COVERS, DOOR MATS, WINDOW CURTAINS, PAINTED WINDOW SHADES, etc., etc.

SHEEPSKIN MATS.

☞ We have a choice assortment of very fine and beautiful Sheepskin MATS, for bedside and doors, of English manufacture. Just received and for sale by J. D. DAMERON & CO, 26 Chartres and 27 Customhouse streets.

Gentlemen's Shirts.

H. HUARD,
69 COMMON STREET.

☞ A LARGE STOCK OF SHIRTS now on hand, such as—FRENCH LINEN SHIRTS, French and Straight Cuffs; FRENCH LINEN BOSOM SHIRTS, French and Straight Cuffs; LINEN AND LINEN BOSOM SHIRTS, without Collars, with French and Straight Cuffs—latest style, AT GREAT BARGAINS. ☞ YOUTHS' AND BOYS' SHIRTS always on hand. n27 2dptf

Lime.

☞ Cargoes of schooners L. F. Jones and Louisa Dyer—5500 bbls. landing and for sale by J. G. HARDILL & CO. n27 2dptf No. 97 Magazine street.

Consumption Curable.

☞ BEACH'S BREAST LINIMENT not only cures all chest pains and aches in the breast, sides and back, subduing the inflammation and soreness in the chest and throat which consumptive persons are liable to, but prevents entirely the further formation of tubercles. The use of this Liniment, with the directions and regimen given in the directions, is invaluable, either to persons already afflicted with the disease or in any way predisposed to it. The principle of this treatment is founded upon the latest and most scientific opinions of all the eminent medical men of the day, and can not but be approved of. For sale by E. D. BEACH, M. D., Chemist and Apothecary, corner Chartres and Customhouse streets. THOS. RANKIN, corner Tupelo and Camp streets. JAS. SMYE, corner of Canal and Carondelet streets, and by Druggists generally. n17 2dp4t&W1t

New Goods.

SILKS, EMBROIDERIES, ETC.

The undersigned takes the liberty of calling the attention of the ladies to his splendid stock of rich SILKS AND EMBROIDERIES, which he has just received per ship Methuese, from Havre. All these articles are of the LATEST STYLES and selected with great care, and will be sold at VERY LOW PRICES. They consist in part of—

British Plaid SILKS, all colors.
Plain GROS DE NAPLES, all colors;
Plain Black TAFFETAS, all widths;
Black and Drab SATIN DE CHINE;
De ROYAL ARMUR;
De VENETIENNE;
De and Colored PEKIN SATINS;
Do do SATINS;
Do do GROS D'ECOSSE;
De Purple and Drab Watered SILKS;
De and Colored DAMASKS;
Do do Plain and BROCADE MOIRE ANTIQUE;
White GROS DE TOURS Damask, for Bridal Robes;
Colored do do do very rich;
do POMPADOUR do do
Brocaiele DAMASK DRESSES, with rich Flounciings;
Black and Colored SILK VELVETS, for Cloaks;
Rich Evening GAUZE DRESSES, with Flounciings;
Do do CRAPE do do
Do White MUSLIN DRESSES do
Do GUIPURE TOILETTES;
Do APPLICATION DE BROXELLES VIOLETTES;
Do MEDALLIONS with Lace do
Do JACONET VIOLETTES, for Ladies and Children;
CREPE COLLARS AND SLEEVES, for Mourning and half Mourning;
Embroidered Swiss Cambric HDKF'S with Embroidered Medallions;
WORSTED DAMASK, for Curtains;
Do and SILK do
Real JOUVIN'S GLOVES, all colors, for Men, Ladies and Children;
Real French Linen SHEETING (Cretonne);
Woolen and Cotton RED BLANKETS;
Do do do for Children, etc., etc.

He has also constantly in store, a full assortment of GOODS SUITABLE FOR PLANTATIONS. He would call the particular attention of Planters to his large stock of READY MADE CLOTHING, manufactured in this city by various asylums—it leaves nothing wanting, either for the quality of the goods or the workmanship. P. A. HEBRARD, n27 2dp4t 118 Canal street, near Royal, Touro Buildings.

Cheap Shirts and Handkerchiefs.

☞ HALF DOZEN FIRST RATE SHIRTS FOR $1 50; LINEN CAMBRIC HANDKERCHIEFS FOR 25 cents each, large size and ready hemmed.

☞ A fair sample of the low price at which you can buy any thing a gentleman needs for his toilet, at S. N. MOODY'S NewOrleans Shirt and Furnishing Emporium, Corner Canal street and Exchange Place.

☞ SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER—A FIT GUARANTIED. n27 2pd

A Card.

☞ One of the most elegant and choice collections of ANNUALS AND ILLUSTRATED BOOKS that has ever been exhibited in this country at any one establishment, will be ready for inspection and offered at New York prices, early in this season, at NORMAN'S BOOK ESTABLISHMENT, n27 2dp2t 14 Camp street, New Orleans.

Gold Pens—Gold Pens,

.... AT ....
STATIONERS' HALL,
24 CHARTRES STREET. 24

LEVI BROWN'S CELEBRATED GOLD PENS, a very superior article—medium, large and mammoth size, with or without holders; MORTON'S, of the same description; BAGLEY'S, do do do; W. B. BROW'S, of the same description; FELTS, do do do; LADIES', do do do. .... ALSO .... A fine assortment of Gold and Silver PENCIL CASES, for sale low by D. FELT & STETSON, n27 2d2t Stationers' Hall, No. 24 Chartres street.

Silks! Silks! Silks!

DESAINVILLE & CO.,
6 CHARTRES STREET. 6

☞ JUST RECEIVED—One case of PLAIN, CHANGEABLE and PLAID SILKS at 50 cents a yard. These Silks have been bought at auction at 50 per cent. less than cost. Also, on hand a large assortment of all kinds of DRY GOODS, RICH SILKS DE