OFFICE OF THE CHIEF OF POLICE.

MONTHLY REPORT of the Chief of Police to his Honor the Mayor of the City of New Orleans, showing the number of Persons arrested in each District of the City of New Orleans during the month of June, 1855, and the causes of their arrest.

OFFENCES, &c.	1st Dist.		2d Dist.		3d Dist.		4th Dist.		TOTAL	TOTAL
	WHITES.	BLACKS.	WHITES.	BLACKS.	WHITES.	BLACKS.	WHITES.	BLACKS.	WHITES.	BLACKS.
Affray								1		1
Assault with Intent to Murder			1		1		1		3	
Assaulting Policemen	3		3		1	4	1		8	4
Assault and Battery	37	8	49	22	31	6	10	1	127	37
Accessory to Murder								1		1
Attempt at Rape								1		1
Assault with dangerous weapons			1		2		10		13	
Bigamy								1		1
Breach of the Peace	20		26	27	22	10	4	6	92	43
Breach of Trust								1		1
Burglary							1		10	
Contempt of Court								2		2
Carrying Concealed Weapons								1		1
Cruelty to Animals										
Disorderly Houses								5	11	5
Dueling							1		1	
Disturbing the Peace	18	2	19	14	6	1	2	1	53	18
Dangerous and Suspicious							11		11	
Enticing School										
Escaped Convicts										
Fighting and Disturbing the Peace	34	9	21	2	26	3		1	87	1
Forgery										
Fraud										
False Returns in the State in Contravention of Law	2		2		2		1		6	
Freedom. (No Evidence)	6		2		1				9	
Gambling										
Highway Robbery										
Harboring Slaves	3		1		1				5	
Ill Treatment	3		1						4	
Indecent Exposure of Person										
Infanticide										
Insanity	3		3		2		2		17	6
Late Executions	106		58	153	8	44		9	313	56
Intoxication and Disturbing the Peace	37		5	20	2	16	8	2	72	38
Illegal Pass									1	
Larceny	34	13	17	5	14	4	5	1	70	23
Lodging	19	17	1	1	22	2	1	1	43	10
Lost Children									1	2
Lewd and Abandoned		13		15		10			38	
Mayhem										
Murder										
Obtaining Money or Goods under False Pretences	1		1						2	
Passing Counterfeit Money									1	
Perjury									3	
Pickpockets									1	
Poisoning										
Rape										
Receiving stolen goods or money										
Renting rooms to slaves										
Robbery	1		7		8		3		26	
Selling spirituous liquors to slaves	1						1		2	
Slaves committing larceny	3		2	4			8		17	
Slaves without Pass	3		7	38	5	1	31		84	1
Slaves runaway	21	12			3		16	6	37	18
Slaves in gaming									2	
Slaves in unlawful assemblies				43					49	
Slaves renting rooms										
Stabbing									2	
Selling spirituous liquors									7	
Slaves for sale keeping	12		3	2	6	2	2		23	4
Trespass				2	2	2			12	4
Violations of Law	1		4		2	20			30	1
Unlawful assemblies				24					24	
White Persons for Safe Keeping	5		2		1		1		9	
Vagrants	156	16	105	3	40		27	3	328	22
Violation of City Ordinances	9		9	16	10		2		29	16
TOTALS	645	155	627	153	314	54	134	22	1720	384
GRAND TOTAL									2104	

Certified Correct

A. P. MOYNAN, *Chief of Police.*

BOARD OF POLICE.

REGULAR MEETING.

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS, City Hall, July 19, 1855.

Present: Mayor Lewis, and Recorders Bright, Sauvageau and Jackson.

Absent: Recorder Ramos.

On motion, the reading of the minutes of last meeting was dispensed with.

Recorder Bright informed the Board that he had investigated the complaint preferred by Dr. McFarlane against Sergeant Dryden for an illegal arrest of his slave, and was satisfied that the arrest was legal, and that the officer had done nothing but his duty; and on motion the complaint was dismissed.

A communication was received from the Chief of Police, including suspensions of policemen; and on motion, the investigation was fixed for Thursday next, the parties and witnesses to be notified.

A communication was received from the Chief of Police, enclosing the report of the operations of the police for the month of June, 1855; and on motion, said report was ordered to be published in the Official Journal.

A communication was read from the Chief of Police, stating that Wm. H Stephens charged Supernumerary M. Roth With having illegally arrested him, charging him with being drunk When he was perfectly sober, and locking him up all night. On motion, the investigation was fixed for Thursday next, the parties and witnesses to be notified.

Complaint was made by John Daly against Policeman Tilton and Sergeant, for discharging a prisoner in their custody; and on motion, the investigation fixed for Thursday next, the parties and witnesses to be notified.

A communication was read from Policeman Peter Schmidt, demanding an investigation of the assertion made before the Board on Thursday last, by Lieutenant Hunt, that he, said Schmidt, had been discharged from the police for larceny. On motion of Recorder Jackson, said letter was laid on the table; and on further motion of Recorder Jackson, said Peter Schmidt was discharged from the police.

Leave of absence for one month was granted to Policeman C. Morgan, on account of sickness.

A communication was read from the Board of Commissioners of the House of Refuge, relative to the appointment of the officers of said institution; and on motion of Recorder Sauvageau, laid on the table, subject to call.

The charge against Supernumerary Anderson, for neglect of duty, was called, and after hearing testimony, on motion of Recorder Jackson, he was dismissed from the police.

The charge against Lieutenant Hunt for having stated to John Roach that the Board had appointed a set of thieves on the police, came up again, and after hearing testimony, Recorder Bright moved to dismiss the complaint, on the ground that there is no proof whatever. Recorder Sauvageau seconded said motion to dismiss the complaint, although he believed the Roach swore to what he believed to be true; and as he thought that Lieut. Hunt had acted indiscreetly, he was willing to overlook the matter for this time. The motion to dismiss the complaint, was therefore carried, the Mayor taking the same view as Recorder Sauvageau, and believing that Roach had sworn to the truth, and was not actuated by any malice.

Recorder Bright then moved that John Roach, for having so insolently and improperly addressed his superior officer, be dismissed from the police; which motion was not seconded.

The charge against Policeman Nixon, for using language unbecoming an officer, was called, after hearing testimony, on motion of Recorder Bright, charge was dismissed, accused to receive no pay for the time of suspension.

The charge against Policeman D. Gaudy, for throwing a tumbler in Joseph Treen's Market, and brought to the peace, came up. After hearing testimony, Recorder Sauvageau moved to dismiss him from the police; Recorder Jackson moved to amend by suspending him for one month, compared from this date; which amendment being seconded, was carried, Recorder Sauvageau voting against.

The charge against Policeman W. H. Hornick, for an assault and battery on Mrs. Jean Beaudet, was called. The prosecuting witness, Mrs. Beaudet, being absent, the case was continued till Thursday next; an attachment to issue for the witness, and accused to go on duty in the meantime, with loss of pay for time of suspension.

On motion of Recorder Sauvageau, the places of Policemen Joseph Sarpas and James D. Boylan were declared vacant, they having never reported for duty.

On motion of Recorder Sauvageau, Jos. Lizaso and Jose Firagoje were appointed to fill said two vacancies in the police; Recorder Bright voting against.

The following persons were proposed and appointed supernumeraries on the police: Benjamin Bright voting against, on the ground that there is no necessity, there being twenty more than sufficient.

Thomas Pratt, Adolphus Fronty, Samuel Jobson, Diedrich Backwinkel, Peter Eagleman, Thomas Gibney, S. S. Rickey, Daniel Dever, John O'Neil, Hugh Sheridan.

On motion of Recorder Jackson, the Board adjourned to meeting Thursday next, the 19th inst., at 12 o'clock, M.

A true copy. G. W. LEWIS, Secretary.

V OORHIES, GRIGGS & CO., No 15 Tchoupitoulas street, have in store and for sale:
BACON—400 tierces Cincinnati sides and shoulders.
FLOUR—300 bbls. Lake Superior family.
LARD—80 kegs and tierces, and 200 kegs prime.
LARD OIL—20 bbls. Lin Oil, Tubs, Buckets, Butter's, Washstands and other stands.
PORK—200 bbls Mess and Prime.
BEEF—100 bbls and half-bbls Extra Mess; Davis' extra Family Mess; also, Sugar Cured, Dried Beef and Tongues of the best brands.
HAMS—Hoffman's, Chilton's, S. S. Thomas', John Shelby's, and John H. Davis' choice Family Hams.
WHISKY—100 bbls Oliver's, Dean's and Hollman' and Cornwell's rye.
SOAP—400 boxes Gov. Shelby's Olive Oil.
ADAMANTINE CANDLES—100 boxes 1s, 2s and 3s, put up in fancy colored papers, a choice article for the Mississippi trade.
STAR CANDLES—1000 boxes and half boxes, 1s and 2s, of various brands.
BUTTER AND CHEESE—500 pkgs A. W. Brown's Western Reserve.
OLD WHISKY—95 bbls of superior Old Monongahela and Bourbon.
CATAWBA WINE—120 boxes of Longworth's celebrated Sparkling, Still, Sweet Wine and Dry. jel 20

Coldspring Fire-Brick.

THESE EXCELLENT FIRE BRICKS have for sale at his Brick Yard, improved in their composition, and are now offered for sale in the City and Market, at the following prices: The range of prices for the brick of 1854, are $30 per 1000; for the improved of 1855, $35 to $40.
Hamilton & MOODY,
No. 66 Commercial Place, New Orleans.

CERTIFICATES.

New Orleans, March 19, 1855.

During the year 1854, the hospitals in the Medical Department of the U. S. Branch Mint, in this city, have all been cured of the following diseases: Fever and Ague, Chills, Fever and Ague, Dysentery, Diarrhoea, Rheumatism, Sore Eyes, Sore Throat, Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, and other Bowel Complaints, which have been encountered in this climate during several months, without the least casualty, and attributed in the United States Hospitals, to the use of Coldspring Fire-Brick, in the construction of the hospital buildings, from foreign countries. M. F. GONZALEZ,
Master and Surgeon U. S. Branch Mint, New Orleans.

New Orleans, March 8th, 1855.

In the summer of 1853, I used plenty the Coldspring Fire Brick, partly in the Hospital and Penitentiary, in constructing a furnace burning furnace or any furnace, plantation in the parish of St. Charles, in the following year, (1854,) I made some alterations to that furnace, which, with the Coldspring Fire Brick, I used in the Hospital Brick. This furnace during the two grinding seasons was subject to intense heat, and was injured by some accidents each year, and I found that the Coldspring Brick had more fire in them as well as the English and better than the Pittsburgh.

References to other Plantations:—P. Sarpy, P. Gaudry, Jefferson parish. Dr. J. H. Kouthbouough, St. John Baptist; Michael Moore, Plaquemine; W. W. T. E. King, St. Martin. mw4m

TO LET—Stores Nos. 5 and 7 Notre Dame street, corner of Notre Dame and Commercial Place, Nos. 108 Commercial Place, and Nos. 5 and 7 Notre Dame street, formerly occupied by F. M. Tourne as Warehouses for storage, for which they are well adapted. Inquire of
jy 19 WM. S. LEVERICH & CO. Agents, 54 Old Levee, 1st floor.

SCHEDULE OF MAILS.

NEW ORLEANS POST-OFFICE.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.
From 1st June to 31st October, 1855.

OFFICE HOURS—Week Days, from 7 o'clock A. M. to 6 o'clock P. M.; Sundays and Holidays, from 9 to 11 o'clock A. M.

EASTERN MAIL—Due daily at 8 A. M.; closes daily at 10½ A. M. for pre-paid letters, at 11 A. M. for foreign letters.

LAKE COAST MAIL—Say St. Louis and Pass Christian daily at 10½ A. M.; Biloxi, Ocean Springs, Mississippi City, on Tuesdays and Thursdays at 8½ A. M., and Fridays and Saturdays at 2 P. M.; Pascagoula on Tuesdays and Saturdays at 10½ A. M.; D'Hourke's on Tuesdays at 10½ A. M., and Saturdays at 2 P. M.

GREAT WESTERN MAIL—Supplying Baton Rouge, St. Francisville, Natchez, Grand Gulf, Vicksburg, Lake Providence, Worthington's Point, Greenville, Grand Lake, Columbia, Napoleon, White River, Helena, Memphis, Randolph, New Madrid, Hickman, Columbus, Ky., Cairo, Paducah, Shawnestown, Henderson, Evansville and Louisville—four times a week. Closes at 3 P. M.; and supplying Natchez, Vicksburg, Napoleon, Memphis, Cairo, Paducah, Evansville and Louisville—twice a week. Closes at 3 P. M. Arrives daily—hours irregular.

ST. LOUIS MAIL—Supplying Natchez, Vicksburg, Napoleon, Memphis, Hickman, Cairo and St. Louis. Closes daily (Sundays excepted) at 3 P. M. Arrives daily—hours irregular.

VICKSBURG MAIL—Supplies Donaldsonville, Plaquemine, Baton Rouge, Port Hudson, St. Francisville, Morganza, Red River Landing, (supplying Alexandria, Grand Ecore, Natchitoches, Shreveport, and Eastern Texas,) Fort Adams, Natchez, Waterproof, Rodney, Saint Joseph, Grand Gulf, Warrenton and Vicksburg. Closes on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 3 P. M. Due on Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 10 A. M.

ST. FRANCISVILLE OR COAST MAIL—Supplying Labranche's Landing, Taylor's, Bonnet Carre, Edgard's, Bringier's, Tarascal's, Donaldsonville (2d interior,) New River, Bayou Goula, Iberville, Plaquemine, Manchac, Brely's Landing, Baton Rouge, (2d interior,) Lobdell's Stores, Port Hudson, Hermitage, Waterloo, St. Francisville and Pointe Coupee, (2d interior.) Closes on Sunday at 7 A. M., on Wednesday and Friday at 8 A. M. Due on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday by 7 A. M.

COVINGTON MAIL OR LAKE MAIL—Closes on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 9 A. M. Arrives on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, by 4 P. M.

JEFFERSON CITY MAIL—Closes on Tuesday at 12 M.; due same time.

ALGIERS MAIL—Daily, except Sunday; closes at 12 M.; due same hour.

LAFAYETTE MAIL—Closes daily (except Sunday) at 1 P. M. Arrives daily (except Sunday) at 11 A. M.

CARROLLTON MAIL—Closes on Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 1 P. M. Arrives on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, by 1 P. M.

BALIZE MAIL—Supplying English Turn, Point-a-la-Hache, Grand Prairie, Jesuits' Bend, Bonaquille Settlement and Bunce's Settlement. Closes on Saturday at 7 A. M. Due on Tuesday by 3 A. M.

GALVESTON, SABINA, INDIANOLA AND PORT LAVACA—Closes every Sunday and Thursday at 7 A. M. Due every Tuesday and Saturday at 4 P. M.

BRAZOS SANTIAGO, POINT ISABEL, BROWNSVILLE AND RIO GRANDE—Closes every other Thursday at 7 A. M. Due every other Monday at 2 P. M.

VERA CRUZ AND TAMPICO—Supplying all Mexico. Closes on the 1st and 14th of each month at 7 A. M. Due on the 11th and 26th. Postage, 10 cents per half ounce. Newspapers, 2 cents each, pre-paid.

HAVANA MAIL—Closes, direct, on the 5th, 9th, 20th and 25th of each month, at 7 A. M. Due on or about the 4th, 12th, 18th and 28th of each month. POSTAGE PAYABLE IN ADVANCE. On Letters 10 cents, on Newspapers, 2 cents.

WEST INDIA ISLANDS, BRITISH POSSESSIONS IN THE GULF OF MEXICO AND SOUTH AMERICA, AND THE ATLANTIC COAST OF SOUTH AMERICA, via HAVANA. Closes on the 5th and 20th; due on or about the 12th and 28th of each month. POSTAGE PAYABLE IN ADVANCE, as follows:

BRITISH POSSESSIONS.

When the distance from the U. S. mailing office is—	Half-oz. letter.	Newspaper.
1500 miles or under	6c.	2c.
Over 1500 miles	10c.	2c.

NON BRITISH POSSESSIONS.

When the distance from the U. S. mailing office is—	Half-oz. letter.	Newspaper.
2500 miles or under	5c.	2c.
Over 2500 miles	10c.	2c.

When received in the United States, and the distance to the office of delivery is—

	Half-oz. letter.	Newspaper.
2500 miles or under	5c.	2c.
Over 2500 miles	10c.	2c.

NEW GRENADA, WEST COAST OF SOUTH AMERICA, CALIFORNIA AND OREGON, SANDWICH ISLANDS, AUSTRALIA, VAN DIEMEN'S LAND, NEW SOUTH WALES AND CHINA—closes on the 4th and 19th of each month, at 3 P. M. Arrives on or about the 12th and 28th of each month.

Postage to New South Wales, Victoria, South Australia, etc., via England, by packet or private ships, 33 cents single rate, PREPAID; via France, 10 cents each quarter ounce PREPAID, is added to the above postage. Via New York, by private ships, 5 cents PREPAID.

The postage to places on the West Coast of South America, via Panama, is on each single letter 43 cents, and on each newspaper 2 cents, when sent; and 10 cents on each letter, and 2 cents on each paper, when received.

The postage to New Grenada direct, is 10 cents single rate, and 2 cents each newspaper; and to the Sandwich Islands, Australia, Van Diemen's Land and China, (via San Francisco) is, on each single letter 10 cents, payable in advance.

The single letter rate to California and Oregon is 10 cents PREPAID. On newspapers, etc., the domestic rates apply.

jy10 A. S. NEVITT, P. M.

BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS.—We have just received per Lowndes, Mary Ward and North America, a splendid assortment of every thing in our line, which we will sell on account shipping terms.
Planters' and Factors' orders particularly attended to.
NEWHALL VALENTINE & CO.,
54, 56 and 58 Common street.

OCULIST—DR. GUSTINE'S OFFICE, No. 1 Carondelet street, opposite Lafayette Square, New Orleans. All Social every disease in the EYE attended to. Such as CATARACT, SQUINTING, the INSERTION OF ARTIFICIAL EYES, etc., etc. mh19r

JESSUP & CHILDS.—Paints, Oils, Window Glass, etc. Fronts and American ZINC PAINTS. Store, No 1 Water street, New York. jel 1

LIBERAL ADVANCES will be made on ship ments to our friends in Marseilles, or any other port in the Mediterranean. HALL & CO., 61 Common st.

THE SPRINGS.

CULLUM'S SPRINGS, CHOCTAW CO., ALA., eighty six miles above Mobile, twenty-five miles east of Mobile and Ohio Railroad, and five miles west of the Tombigbee river.

The undersigned takes pleasure in announcing to his friends and the public generally, that the establishment is now open for the reception of visitors. During the past winter and spring improvements have been made, with a single view to increased comfort and comfortable, not only to the invalid, but to others seeking recreation and pleasure, together with an experience in the management of a Public House of more than twenty-five years, and a determination to keep up on the level of first class hotels, with, as it ought, ought to be, a liberal share of patronage. A splendid Band of music has been engaged for the season. Billiard Tables, Ten Pin Alleys and other amusements on the premises. The Cottages are all separate, and are neat, clean and airy.

Arrangements have been made by which safe and commodious flat boats will ply regularly three times a week to the landing on the Tombigbee river, at which place will be found ready for the Mobile and Ohio Railroad cars, connecting at the State Line with the splendid four horse coaches of Messrs. Powell & Mitchell. By this last route passengers can leave the Springs at 4 o'clock in the morning and arrive in Mobile at half-past 4 o'clock. This line will be found very tempting daily trips to and from the Springs from the Mobile Bay.

As to the curative virtues of the waters, they have not only surpassed the most sanguine expectations of the scientific, but I believe that the cures are with perfect propriety that these are springs in the United States, for the short time they have been known, have effected so many cures of obstinate chronic disease, some certainly present no great a variety of free and valuable medicinal combinations. The following is a list of diseases of distinguished physicians will show the class of diseases for which the different kinds of water will be beneficial:

CERTIFICATES.

It would be difficult to describe to exact terms the number and nature of the diseases for the treatment of which Mr. Chas. Cullum's Corrupting Springs, discovered by Mr. Acworth, are adapted, more particularly as disorders being often complicated, they require the continuous employment of various kinds of water. Nevertheless, by detailing those diseases in separate groups, we will:

ALKALINE.

SULPHUR. FERRUGINOUS.

we may state in general terms, 1st, that Alkaline Waters are especially useful in cases of Gravel, Stone, Gout, and other forms of embarrassment of the mucous system.

2d. That Sulphur Springs are used in diseases of the Skin, Rheumatism, Scrofulous Affections, certain kinds of Paralysis, and some Cutaneous Disorders.

3d. That Ferruginous Springs act particularly as Tonics in a multitude of affections arising from the weakness of the nervous system. We now offer opinions that Mr. Cullum's Springs may be highly useful, when over prescribed and administered with judgment and discretion.

S. Sengstock, D. M. P., H. Duval, D. M. P.,
Bartes, D. M. P., E. Alonzo, D. M. P.,
Ch. Tarpen, D. M. P., E. Marmolejo, D. M. P.,
N. Fontanelle, D. M. P., W. B. Vaught, D. M. P.,
A. Mercier, D. M. P., Ch. Delery, D. M. P.,
Ch. Pages, D. M. P.

New Orleans, April 26, 1854.

A. Lambert, D. M. P., J. Labatut, D. M. P.,
R. Pampel, D. M. P., J. Mercier, D. M. P.,
A. Lefout, D. M. P., D. Thierry, D. M. P.,
James Jones, M. D., T. Pitcher, D. M. P.,
E. Sotardi, M. D. P., J. H. Lewis, D. M. P.,
Joseph Martin, D. M. P.

Mobile, April 15, 1851.

MR. CHAS. CULLUM—*Dear Sir*—I have just received the analysis by Mr. Acworth, of your new Springs, which I requested you to send me.

These springs are unlike any in the country, resemble some of the most celebrated springs in Europe, and are very remarkable for the large amount of mineral ingredients they contain. The value of an Chalybeate Spring is the combination of equal strength, and the Alkaline Springs have no parallel except the Bladen Springs, which are not quite as strong.

The great value of these waters in all Chronic Diseases of the Digestive Organs (more particularly, and in almost all cases accompanied by general debility), they will be found invaluable.

Very respectfully yours, etc., J. C. NOTT, M. D.

To remedy the difficulty of obtaining a sufficient supply for an assertion on an part will be wanting to make short comfortable and contented.

ANALYSIS.

The Analysis of the following Springs was made by Mr. J. S. Acworth, of New Orleans, a gentleman of whose reputation as a scientist is unknown, and I believe, not only in this country but in France also:

ALABAMA VICHY SPRING.

Proportions of the several mineral substances contained in an English pint, of the eighth part of a gallon:

	Grains Troy Weight.
Carbonic Acid—Free and Half Combined	7.115
Alkaline Sulphates of Soda	
Alkaline Bi-Carbonates of Soda	
Iron Fixed in a very small proportion compared with the Soda	
Alkaline Bi-Carbonate of Lime and Magnesia	0.811
Silicate of Potash	0.125
Acid Free Sulphate of Soda and Magnesia	0.367
Chloride of Sodium	0.367
Alumina	0.003
Lime of Sodium	0.003
Soda combined	0.013
Carbonate of Iron	0.043
Organic matter, extracted and non-extracted	0.325
	10.409

Conclusions—The Alabama Vichy Spring is remarkable:

1. For the large quantity of alkaline bi-carbonate, almost pure, which they contain, to wit: 60-60 grains per gallon, or 8.57 grains per pint, or 0.143 grains per fluid ounce.

2. For the presence of a salt (ether) perceptible only in the gallon of water.

3. For the very small proportion they contain of the sulphate of soda and chloride of sodium.

4. For the presence of sulphate of magnesia, but in small proportion. Few springs on the United States contain this salt.

5. For the absence of chloride of calcium—a salt of rare most abundant and disagreeable in other springs.

As the Alabama Vichy Springs are extremely analogous to the Vichy Springs in France, it is to be presumed that they will prove preferable for all those diseases in which the Vichy waters are recommended, and will obtain equal success by their use. These waters are quite as agreeable to drink as any; they stimulate the digestive organs without derangement or overloading the stomach. They tend to stimulate the mucous tract, by the action of the alkaline bi-carbonate which and thus moderate and satisfy, anxious an alkaline character in those persons who, for several days have drank freely of the waters. In a word, they possess precisely the same properties as those of the celebrated Vichy Springs.

SULPHUR SPRING.

Philosophically speaking in composition is the other Aix in Provence, in Europe. It, however, contains a larger relative proportion of the bi-carbonate of soda than the Aix-Provence Spring.

ANALYSIS.—The following are the ingredients contained in an English pint (wine pint):

	Grains Troy Weight.
Bi-carbonated Hydrogen—1.81 ccs. cubic inch	
Bi-Carbonate Soda	
Potash	1.46
Lime	0.13
Magnesia	0.08
Hydrochlorate Soda	0.50
Sulphate Soda	0.38
Magnesia	0.05
Silica and Silicate Soda	0.10
Iodine Sodium, a trace perceptible in the residue of four gallons	
Organic matter	0.09
Charcoal	0.64
	3.73

All these salts are anhydrous.

FERRUGINOUS OR CHALYBEATE SPRING.

As the present day, the principal chalybeate ferruginous preparations are a high value, a chalybeate spring at the very doors of new and accessible to the public, is a valuable acquisition. Its properties are well adapted to the treatment of the numerous and serious affections of the digestive organs, and to the accidental obstructions of men, whether in consequence of a long sedentary life, or of a long and laborious exercise, or of a long and laborious exercise, or of a long and laborious exercise