OFFICIAL JOURNAL.

BOARD OF POLICE.

REGULAR MEETING.

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS,
City Hall, August 19, 1855.

Present—A full Board.

The minutes of last meeting were read and approved.

A communication was received from the Chief of Police, enclosing the suspension of policemen; and, on motion, the investigation was fixed for Thursday next; the parties and witnesses to be notified.

The specifications of charges against Policeman F. Patton were received, and the investigation fixed for Thursday next, the parties and witnesses to be notified.

Charges were preferred by the Superintendent of the House of Refuge against Policeman Pleasant Bar. Charges were preferred by the Commissioners of the House of Refuge, against Pierre Gentien, day watchman, and, on motion, the investigation fixed for Thursday next; the parties and witnesses to be notified.

A communication was received from L. J. Hurd, Under Warden of the Work-house, relative to the complaint against the Chief Warden. On motion of Recorder Bright, seconded and insisted on the statement of Mr. Hurd exonerates Capt. Jaques from any blame, the matter was withdrawn.

Resignations were read from Superintendent A. Lozenge, and Policeman Paul Gregory. Recorder Seuzeneau moved to lay the same on the table, subject to call; Recorder Bright moved to accept the said resignations, which latter motion was carried—the Mayor and Recorder Seuzeneau voting against, because said parties are now before the Board on serious charges.

On motion of Recorder Ramos, and on informing the Board that William H. Phillips, night watchman in the Work-house, has recently had conditions been brought to him for being drunk and ill-conduct, it was resolved that the Chief Warden of the Work-House be suspend said Phillips from duty, and that the matter be investigated next Thursday.

The charge against Policeman L. Bourgeois, for sleeping on his beat, his cap and rattle taken from him, came up. After hearing testimony, Recorder Ramos moved to dismiss him from the police. Recorder Bright moved as a amendment, to suspend him for one month, seconded and lost.

The motion to dismiss from the police being put, was carried by the following vote:

Yeas—Recorders Ramos, Seuzeneau and Jackson.

Nay—Recorder Bright.

The charge against Policeman H. Devoe, for being drunk, disturbing the peace and insulting Sergeant Suarez, came up. After hearing testimony, Recorder Ramos moved to suspend him for thirty days from this date. Recorder Seuzeneau moved an amendment to dismiss accused from the police, which amendment being seconded was carried by the following vote:

Yeas—Recorders Ramos, Seuzeneau and the Mayor.

Nays—Recorders Bright and Jackson.

The charge against Policeman Robert Wilson was called. Happening that he had received no notice, the case was continued till next meeting.

The charge against Policeman J. Moore, for being off his beat, came up. After hearing testimony, Recorder Ramos moved to reinstate him.

Recorder Seuzeneau moved, as a substitute, to dismiss him from the police, not seconded. The motion to reinstate being put to vote, was carried; Recorder Seuzeneau voting against.

Charges were presented by Policeman W. Delaney, against Sergeant Adolph Morrill, for illegally suspending him, duly and on motion, the investigation fixed for next meeting; the parties and witnesses to be notified; and, meanwhile, suspended till trial.

On motion of Recorder Jackson, James Brady and J. P. Raboun, were appointed policemen to fill the vacancies; Recorder Bright voting against.

The investigation of the charges against Policeman P. Padron, was fixed for Thursday next, his suspension to continue till trial.

On motion of Recorder Jackson, the charge against Policeman Thomas J. Roulin, was fixed for trial for Thursday next, the parties and witnesses to be notified.

The Board proceeded to the election of Teacher in the House of Refuge for Boys.

The Mayor nominates John Dyas, recommended by the Commissioners.

John Dyas received the vote of the Mayor.

Gustavus Devron received the votes of Recorders Ramos and Seuzeneau.

John Julius Weyse received the vote of Recorder Jackson.

Recorder Bright voted blank.

No election.

SECOND BALLOT.

G. Devron received the votes of Recorders Ramos and Seuzeneau.

J. A. McKay received the vote of Recorder Jackson.

John Dyas received the vote of the Mayor.

Recorder Bright declined voting.

No election.

On motion, the Board adjourned till Thursday next, the 25th inst., at 10 o'clock, M., Recorder Seuzeneau voting against.

A true copy.

G. W. CEWIS Secy.

BLADON SPRINGS, ALA.—The property of the Bladon Springs Mineral Springs, situated in a healthy region of pine woods, four miles from Tuscaloosa, river, and sixty miles north of Mobile, now beg to call the attention of invalids to the remarkable cures performed during the recent season, that they have completed the additional improvements so much needed, and are now prepared to receive visitors in style of superior comfort. They pledge themselves that nothing shall be wanting on their part to make a summer residence at these Springs the most agreeable.

They beg to note the best of these waters, duly analyzed by Professor Shepard, of the University of Louisiana.

The water of the Alabama Sulphur Spring contains in 100,000 parts, by weight—

Sulphuretted Hydrogen,	0.5146
Lime,	0.5146
Magnesia,	0.3436
Soda,	0.3436
Oxide of Iron,	0.1718
Oxide of Aluminum,	0.0859
Oxide of Manganese,	trace.
Chlorine,	3.4718
Carbonic Acid,	35.4764
Black Acid,	0.1718
Sulphate of Lime,	0.6440
Organic Matter,	2.1024
	43.7466

The water of the Beach Spring contains in 100,000 parts by weight—

Sulphuretted Hydrogen,	trace.
Lime,	3.0576
Magnesia,	0.1718
Soda,	41.2584
Potash,	trace.
Oxide of Iron,	0.3436
Oxide of Aluminum,	trace.
Oxide of Manganese,	trace.
Chlorine,	5.4972
Carbonic Acid,	45.4972
Black Acid,	0.1718
Sulphate of Lime,	4.6218
Organic Matter,	2.3410
	104.2356

In 100,000 parts by weight the water of the Vichy Spring contains—

Sulphuretted Hydrogen,	trace.
Lime,	0.8416
Magnesia,	0.3436
Soda,	46.4616
Potash,	0.1718
Oxide of Aluminum,	0.1718
Oxide of Manganese,	trace.
Chlorine,	1.3748
Carbonic Acid,	39.2356
Black Acid,	0.1718
Sulphate of Lime,	1.4434
Organic Matter,	2.3410
	146.2316

Dilluting the subject, we find, "of these points which may be said to be so just and justice, we may safely mention the water a great effect, in cases of dyspepsia, where the stomach is so much deranged that it rejects all nourishment, and consequently the sickness lies of the incubrance of acids, mixtures with and neutralizing the acid secretions of the stomach, and in doing this given of a portion of carbonic acid contained in the water, and the acid effects and cause a favorable influence on the digestive, renal and cutaneous functions, and consequently, the nervous and cutaneous diseases—diminishing the irritability of the stomach. In gout, brought on by the bilious and lymphatic, arising by virtue of the alkali, in cases of gravel, where the calculus arises from the lithic acid deposition, and the lithate of ammonia, acts as actual solvent by means of the alkali, in some situations, and overcoming the diathesis by which the water is administered, and, in some cases, the diathesis by the water is of great benefit. In cases of Mercurial Salivation, these waters must prove to be of great benefit, in the hands of the medical profession. The Alabama Sulphur Spring is preferable, since it is richer in the bicarbonate than the other springs.

Gallons of such water have been recommended in cases of hypochondria, melancholy, etc. And it is evident that the use of the Alabama water would be of the greatest benefit to the invalids in such cases.

These mineral waters are invaluable in many diseases, and are with great success employed in chronic diarrhoea, dysentery, cutaneous affections, gravel, lithic, gouty, scrofulous, syphilitic, herpes, etc., and accordingly many persons have resorted to the Springs, in the sanatorium of the marine invalids, (consumptives and chronic) diseases, and the cures are great. For proof of the efficacy of the Alabama Sulphur Spring would be preferred, being more the Alabama Sulphur Spring would be preferred, being more the Alabama Sulphur Spring would be preferred, being more