New Orleans Daily Crescent.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF NEW ORLEANS.

JAMES O. NIXON, WILLIAM B. ADAMS.

BY NIXON & ADAMS.

OFFICE, NO. 70 CAMP STREET.

TERMS:

The Crescent will be regularly served to subscribers in the city at 19 cents per week, (Sundays excepted,) for $10 a year, in advance; half-yearly and quarterly at the same rates, or 20 cents a week, payable to the carriers.

Advertisements, per square—first insertion, $1 all cases. $1 for every subsequent insertion, 50 cents.

Advertisements on the second page are charged $1 for every insertion.

Advertisements outlined or interlined, will be charged $1 per square for every insertion.

Advertisements not marked, will be published one month, or longer, and charged accordingly; in advertisements of no subscription will be stopped until all arrearages are paid, at the option of the proprietors.

A Liberal Discount will be made to regular advertisers.

THE DAILY CRESCENT

Has a circulation which renders it a desirable medium for advertisers. As a FAMILY PAPER it circulates largely, reaching many hundreds of homes at an early hour, and being read before the approach of business hours, consequently articles for family use may be advantageously published in its columns.

THE WEEKLY CRESCENT

Is published every Monday morning at $3 a year, invariably in advance. Having an extensive circulation throughout Louisiana, Mississippi, Arkansas, Alabama, Texas and other States, it presents a favorable mode to advertisers of making their wares and ideas widely known. Advertisements inserted for $1 per square, each insertion.

MONDAY MORNING, JUNE 9, 1856.

THE COURTESY PAGE.

☞ After our paper had gone to press, we received some important dispatches from Cincinnati, by the Electric Grape-vine line. We stop the press, and hasten to lay them before our numerous readers. They will be found somewhere in this paper.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL AND OHIO AND MISSISSIPPI RAILROADS.—Those visiting the Eastern cities, should not overlook the advantages which the above roads offer to their consideration. The Illinois road begins at Cairo, and connects at Sandoval with the Ohio and Mississippi road. The latter road, besides passing through the principal inland cities of Indiana and Ohio, connects with various other roads at Indianapolis. Its advantages are a saving of twelve to twenty hours time over any other route; the comfort of the cars, which are eleven feet in width; and the cheapness of the fare, baggage being checked through to any point without charge for handling. Mr. B. F. Longley is the Southern Agent of the route, and may be found at the St. Charles Hotel.

RESUMPTION.—We take pleasure in calling the attention of our readers to the fact, which is announced in another column, that Messrs. Williams, Bathurst & Co., have resumed payment in full for all claims against them. They have associated with them Mr. R. B. Mayes, of Nashville, Tenn., and will continue the cotton factorage and commission business under the style of Jno. Williams & Co.

POINT CLEAR HOTEL.—This delightful and popular watering place, so well known throughout the South-west, will open for the season on Wednesday next, 11th inst., under the management of Messrs. P. H. Chamberlain & Co., the universally appreciated proprietors of the Battle House, Mobile.

The buildings and grounds are now in perfect order. Both have been much improved since last season. Bloch's superb band has been engaged, and every variety of amusement attendant upon fashionable summer resorts provided. The superior salt water bathing, fish and oysters of Point Clear, are above commendation, as all the "world and the rest of mankind" well know.

The steamer Southern Star, Capt. Carson, will ply regularly throughout the season between Mobile and Point Clear.

DE BOW'S REVIEW FOR JUNE.—This valuable periodical is on our table, and as usual is full of interesting matter. The "Reply to Abolition objections to Slavery," is an able paper which we recommend to all. "Climate, Soil and Productions, and Health North and South," by Dr. E. Barton of this city, is like everything which is from the pen of the Doctor exceedingly interesting. Besides those we have noticed, this number contains the following papers: "Nicaragua and the Filibusters," "Centralization and Socialism," and "Kansas," in the literary and miscellaneous department; also, articles on Tropical Agriculture, Internal Improvements and Commerce.

☞ New classes commence this week at Dolbear's Commercial College, 106 Canal street. Penmanship, Book-keeping, English, French, Spanish, German, Arithmetic, Algebra, Geometry, Surveying, Navigation and Phonography. Persons wishing to perfect themselves in any of the above important branches should commence immediately.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.—William Flemming, corner of Magazine and St. Andrew streets, Fourth District, advertises in another column a large stock of school books, mathematical works, dictionary, etc. Our friends up town could do well by calling on him, as he sells at the lowest prices.

SILKS, LINENS, ETC.—C. C. Wayland, corner of Poydras and Carondelet streets, is now selling his fine stock of silks, linens, etc., at great bargains. The ladies should not overlook the announcement, and in their shopping expeditions would do well by calling on him. Read his advertisement.

SHIRTS—SHIRTS.—A handsome well-made shirt at all times gives a dandy to a gentleman's appearance, more particularly does it do so at this season of the year when vests are pronounced nuisances, and cravats are only worn to meet the requirements of custom. Moody, corner of Canal street and Exchange Place, ever awake to the calls of the season, advertises in another column a large stock of shirts of all kinds and qualities.

PATENT MEDICINES.—J. Wright & Co., Nos. 21 and 151 Chartres street, advertise in another column, Winer's Canadian Vermifuge, a sovereign remedy for worms; Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills, which are said to improve digestion and purify the blood, and, in so doing, add health and vigor to the whole frame; Mortimer's Bitter Cordial, calculated for convalescents. Messrs. Wright & Co. have a large stock, embracing all kinds of medicines, perfumery, etc., well worthy the attention of merchants and planters.

REDUCTION IN PRICES.—With a view to the reduction of their large stock of clothing and gentlemen's furnishing goods, Messrs. Alfred Munroe & Co., No. 34 Magazine, corner of Gravier street, have marked their prices down to cost, in many cases, and in others, to near cost. The prices are put on all goods in figures, so that purchasers may see for themselves, and to avoid the loss of time occasioned by haggling. Those in want of any articles in the clothing line would do well to consult the advertisement, and then call at the store, with the assurance that in Munroe's large stock they can certainly please their tastes, however fastidious it may be.

SELLING OFF.—D. P. Scanlan & Co., Nos. 12 and 14 Chartres street, finding it necessary to sell off their stock, for the convenience of rebuilding, are offering great bargains in summer silks, bareges, muslins, embroideries, laces, Paris bonnets, mantillas, English crapes, and, in short, their entire stock, embracing almost everything required for a lady's toilet.

SOUTHERN FURNITURE WAREROOMS.—Our readers who are thinking up their houses across the lake, should not overlook the advertisement of Chas. A. Stewart, Nos. 171 and 173 Canal street. He can supply them with any article of furniture on as good terms as any other concern in the city.

MATTINGS AND OIL CLOTHS.—Messrs. Broussean & Co., No. 19 Chartres street, offer at very low prices a fine assortment of the above named articles, as well as other goods in their line. See the advertisement.

SECOND-HAND FURNITURE BOUGHT.—P. M. Tourne, No. 22 Baronne street, is prepared to buy, sell, exchange or repair, second-hand furniture on favorable terms. See his advertisement.

GREAT BARGAINS.—Our fair readers are referred to the advertisement of H. Harby, No. 185 Camp street. He offers his entire stock, embracing all kinds of staple and fancy dry goods, embroideries, etc., at prime cost. Famed as Harby has heretofore been for cheap goods, this last announcement is an assurance that he is determined that his store shall always be known as one of the cheapest in the city.

FRESH FRUIT.—Anthony Astredo has just received per steamboat Princess a large lot of choice fruit, consisting of pears, apples and apricots. He has also opened a branch of his establishment at No. 80 Canal street, which will be more convenient to families. His old stand, No. 16 Royal street, will as usual be well supplied by every steamer from Vicksburg.

BILLINGS' CARMINATIVE AND ASTRINGENT SYRUP is said to be one of the best preparations in use for the cure of diarrhea and looseness of the bowels. It is prepared and sold, wholesale and retail, by the proprietor, O. O. Woodman, corner of Common and Magazine streets.

☞ **Dyspepsia.—There are but few who do** not at some time experience the unpleasant effect of temporary indigestion, such as a sense of fullness, weight and uneasiness of the stomach, foul tongue, bitterness in the mouth, nausea, sick headache, etc., etc. All such feelings are evidence of approaching dyspepsia, which should always be checked and cured by the use of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which are known to be an infallible remedy for all such complaints. To this thousands will testify who have tried them and proved the facts. Hostetter's Bitters are for sale by our principal druggists and dealers generally. Sold wholesale by R. J. Hart & Co., No. 79 Tchoupitoulas street, and Cady & Holmes, 7 Gravier street.

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THE REGISTRY OF VOTES.

Mr. Louis St. Martin, appointed by the Governor Register of Votes for the city of New Orleans, announces to the public, by advertisement in another column, that he has taken an office in the basement of the City Hall, and will enter upon the discharge of his official duties this morning. The office will continue open every day, except Sundays and holidays; and the office hours, as specified by the law, are from 9 o'clock, A. M., to 3 o'clock, P. M.

The Register displays a commendable desire to facilitate the operations of the law, and earnestly invites his fellow-citizens to come forward with as little delay as possible and avail themselves of its provisions.

We trust the invitation will be complied with, because if there is too much procrastination on the part of the people, there may be such a rush towards the close of the fall months as will not only annoy the Register considerably, if, indeed, it does not put it out of his power to complete the registrations in time for the November election. Many, maybap hundreds, will view this matter of registration as of small moment; think, as it can be be accomplished in a few moments, there is no use of hurrying. Very well, So it is. But, suppose seven or eight thousand voters come to the same conclusion, practice the same neglect, and about the middle of October all commence a regular blockade of the Register's office!

The advertisement of Mr. St. Martin gives a very clear synopsis of the Registry Law, according to our recollection. We take pleasure in directing the attention of the public to it. And, we beg leave to suggest that it several thousand copies of the act were printed on slips and thrown into every house in the city, a complete knowledge of its spirit and requirements might thereby be generally diffused.

The Register has an arduous and delicate task before him. We trust he will fulfil it faithfully and firmly. The law under which he was appointed is not perfect. As first introduced it left the door wide open to fraud—deliberate, systematic fraud. It was, however, improved by amendments in the House.

Great care should be taken to prevent the registration of individuals on the naturalization papers of dead men! This infamous practice will be attempted we are fully persuaded. The "dodge" is a common one; and that vile instruments are abundant—perjurers lamentably plentiful—we have only to cite the *admission* of a distinguished Democratic lawyer pleading on behalf of a Democratic plaintiff—we allude to the case of Auld vs. Walton—that forty of the witnesses on the Democratic side, had perjured themselves! A simple reference to this horrible fact should be sufficient to excite the suspicions of the community, and cause the Register to exercise continued, unsleeping vigilance.

Then, again, none of the parties claiming the right to vote under naturalization papers granted by the present First District Court, should be registered. Those papers are all worthless—all fraudulent. That Court is prohibited by the law *creating* it, from issuing certificates of naturalization. We are aware that many good men have taken out papers in this court, and that it would be a hardship to deprive them of the right of suffrage. But law is law, and must be obeyed, or else it becomes a dangerous mockery. Any Recorder, Justice of the Peace, Alderman, or Constable of New Orleans, has as much right to naturalize foreigners as the Judge of the First District Court.

Furthermore, any and all of the naturalization papers granted by the other five District Courts of the city, between the fourth of July and the first of November are illegal and valueless, as the law *creating* those courts distinctly prescribes their powers and functions within those months. These, too, should not be registered.

There are, we believe, four or five hundred naturalization papers in existence of which there is no record among the archives of any of the courts. It would be manifestly wrong to register persons bearing such papers.

These are a few of the difficulties the Register will have to encounter, and if he does so with an eye single to the law and well-being of society, there will be no trouble at the polls in future. Nobody objects to legal voters voting. The perjured scoundrels who would corrupt the purity of the elective franchise are the ones who have created all the disturbance from first to last.

Mr. Buchanan Nominated.

As will be seen by our telegraphic dispatches, Mr. James Buchanan, of Pennsylvania, was, on the seventeenth ballot, unanimously nominated by the Cincinnati Convention as the Democratic candidate for the next Presidency. This unanimity was brought about by the withdrawal of the names of Messrs. Douglas and Pierce.

Mr. Pierce ran better than we expected, and Mr. Douglas ran worse, up to the fifteenth ballot, when Mr. P. "let down" and was withdrawn from the track. Whether he fainted, or his horse fell with him as in Mexico, the telegraph leaves us in the dark. Buchanan led the race throughout and finally distanced both his competitors.

Although we are without information in the premises, we venture the "guess" that the Louisiana delegation voted for Mr. Buchanan whenever it was deemed necessary.

Mr. Buchanan is a strong man, but Millard Fillmore is a stronger man, and will defeat him next November.

The official proceedings will, we opine, develope singular conjunctions and arrangements. The admission of the New York "Soft" delegates—alias abolitionists—should startle and alarm the Southern people.

P. S.—At a late hour the second day's balloting was received, wherein it will be seen Mr. Breckenridge (of Kentucky, we presume,) was nominated for Vice President.

The News from Nicaragua.

Our columns are full of interesting news this morning; although the intelligence from Nicaragua is more absorbing to hundreds of our citizens than the political news from Cincinnati. It is more interesting to us, at all events. As we have all along predicted, the regenerators under Gen. Walker have triumphed—not an enemy treads the soil of Nicaragua—the boasting and cruel Costa Ricans have retired in disgrace—and the star of "manifest destiny" is beaming effulgently upon that gloriously endowed land known and designated on the maps as Central America. Nothing now can prevent the redemption and reunion of that noble country.

The letter from our Granada correspondent, although old, will be found unusually interesting. We have a whole package of letters somewhere, which will probably reach us in a day or two. We shall lose no time in spreading their contents before the public. A full and authentic history of the stirring events that have recently transpired in Nicaragua is contained in them.

The conclusion of our correspondent's letter is extremely significant. "Gen. Walker," says our correspondent—and he is well posted—"refuses to receive propositions of peace from Costa Rica." Well, why should he? Costa Rica deserves no mercy at his hands; and is, besides, sadly in need of the influences which control the operations of renovation and improvement. Give Costa Rica a stable and intelligent government, like that of Nicaragua—we mean the Rivas-Walker government—and she will advance and prosper amazingly within a few years.

As the avenues to Nicaragua are now unobstructed, we expect to hear of a large emigration in that direction in a few weeks. That—not Kansas—is the country for Southern men to go to. The wave will soon begin to roll Northwardly, and fifteen years will witness the realization of a great fact, now considered an extravagant figment of imagination.

[COMMUNICATED.]

Editors Crescent—My attention has been called to an article in the Louisiana Courier, of the 8th inst., headed "A Model Jury." I do not exactly understand what the article aims at.

It was my purpose, as Coroner of the city and as a good citizen, to find out the authors of the outrages committed at the eleventh precinct, Orleans street, at the election of the 24 June, and to that effect I summoned twelve citizens of this city, from different sections thereof, who are remoted, and I believe to be among its best citizens, viz: W. M. Perkins, W. Bogart, H. Bier, J. H. Caldwell, W. C. C. Claiborne, G. de Feriet, Wm. Fercret, J. B. Lepretre, A. D. Crossman, B. Dessmuier, J. C. Morgan and J. Eager. Several of these gentlemen are personally unknown to me, nor do I know their political predilections. Five did not appear, though summoned, and I supplied the vacancy by other gentlemen, certainly as unimpeachable. I endeavored to furnish all the testimony that could throw any light on the subject; and no man will presume to say or insinuate that I showed any partisan feeling, and I challenge the Louisiana Courier or the world, to bring the slightest charge against the integrity of my character, or the purity of the motives by which I have been actuated, either in my private or official capacity.

CHAS. N. OLIVIER.

HATS! HATS!!—Any one in want of a good hat at a low price, can be accommodated at D. C. Johnston's, No. 79 Poydras street.

TELEGRAPHED TO THE CRESCENT.

THE CINCINNATI CONVENTION.

THE AGONY OVER!!

Pierce and Douglas Withdrawn.

BUCHANAN NOMINATED!!

MR. BRECKENRIDGE FOR VICE PRESIDENT.

BY THE NATIONAL LINE.

CINCINNATI, June 5.—The Convention went into balloting with the following result:

First Ballot—James Buchanan, of Pennsylvania, 135½; Franklin Pierce, of New Hampshire, 122½; Stephen A. Douglas, of Illinois, 33; Lewis Cass, of Michigan, 5.

Second Ballot—Buchanan, 139; Pierce, 119½; Douglas, 31½; Cass, 5.

Third Ballot—Buchanan, 139½; Pierce, 119; Douglas, 30; Cass, 5½.

Fourth Ballot—Buchanan, 141½; Pierce, 119; Douglas, 30; Cass, 5½.

Fifth Ballot—Buchanan, 140; Pierce, 119½; Douglas, 30; Cass, 5½.

Sixth Ballot—Buchanan, 135; Pierce, 107½; Douglas, 28; Cass, 5½.

Seventh Ballot—Buchanan, 143½; Pierce, 89; Douglas, 58; Cass, 5½.

Eighth Ballot—Buchanan, 147½; Pierce, 87; Douglas, 58; Cass, 5½.

Ninth Ballot—Buchanan, 146; Pierce, 87; Douglas, 56; Cass, 7.

Tenth Ballot—Buchanan, 150½; Pierce, 80½; Douglas, 59½; Cass, 7½.

Eleventh Ballot—Buchanan, 147½; Pierce, 80; Douglas, 63; Cass, 5½.

Twelfth Ballot—Buchanan, 148; Pierce, 79; Douglas, 63½; Cass, 5½.

Thirteenth Ballot—Buchanan, 150; Pierce, 77½; Douglas, 63; Cass, 5½.

Fourteenth Ballot—Buchanan, 152½; Pierce, 73; Douglas, 63; Cass, 5½.

The Convention adjourned at a quarter before five.

SECOND DAY.

CINCINNATI, June 6.—The Covention re-assembled at ten o'clock, and proceeded with the balloting, with the following results:

Fifteenth Ballot—Buchanan, 168½; Pierce, 32½; Douglas, 118½; Cass, 4½.

Mr. Pierce Withdrawn.

At this juncture the name of Franklin Pierce was withdrawn by the New Hampshire delegation.

Sixteenth Ballot—Buchanan, 168; Douglas, 121; Cass, 6.

Mr. Douglas Withdrawn.

At this stage of the proceedings, the name of Stephen A. Douglas was withdrawn by Mr. Richardson, of Illinois, who acted by authority from Mr. Douglas.

Mr. Buchanan Nominated.

James Buchanan was unanimously nominated on the seventeenth ballot, receiving two hundred and ninety-six votes.

After the announcement of the nomination of Mr. Buchanan as the National Democratic Candidate for the Presidency, the Convention adjourned (at twelve o'clock,) to meeting at two.

June 6th, 2 o'clock, P. M.—The Pacific Railroad resolutions were again brought up, and carried by a vote of 265 to 57. The Convention then proceeded to the

Balloting for Vice President.

Mr. Meade, of Virginia, proposed Hon. Lynn Boyd, of Kentucky.

Mr. Harris, of Illinois, proposed Gen. John A. Quitman, of Mississippi.

Col. Lewis, of Louisiana, proposed Mr. Breckenridge, of ——, who being present, returned thanks and withdrew his name.

Mr. Chapman nominated Senator Fitzpatrick, of Alabama.

Mr. Brown, of Tennessee, nominated A. V. Brown, of that State.

A delegate from North Carolina nominated Mr. Ledom, of Virginia. Mr. Ledom declined the honor.

Mr. Avery, of North Carolina, nominated Mr. Dobbins.

The Maine delegation nominated Rusk, of Texas, who was withdrawn by Mr. Pollock, of that State.

First Ballot—There being no choice on the first ballot, the names of Brown and Boyd were withdrawn, and the States of Delaware, Tennessee and other States, cast their vote for Breckenridge, amidst much excitement. Mississippi withdrew the name of Gen. Quitman, and voted for Breckenridge.

The votes being counted, it was announced that Breckenridge was duly nominated as the candidate for the Vice Presidency.

Mr. Breckenridge returned thanks for the high honor done him in a brief and pertinent speech.

The Closing of the Convention.

A vote of thanks was unanimously accorded to the President and other officers of the Convention.

The Committee of Organization reported the names of a committee to appoint a General Democratic Committee.

The same committee also reported a resolution naming Charleston as the place of holding the next Convention.

After further unimportant business the Convention adjourned *sine die*.

Charity Hospital—Mr. Huard.

The card of Mr. Huard, appended to this notice, we publish with satisfaction. We are glad Mr. H. has been restored his rights, which would have been vindicated at all hazards, and pleased that the authorities of a State institution have done justice to an estimable and irreproachable gentleman, even if they had to take the back track to do it. As the card explains itself, no other remarks are necessary:

NEW ORLEANS, June 8, 1856.

Messrs. Editors of the Crescent,

Gentlemen—When I said in the communication I addressed you on last Friday, that "the gates of the Charity Hospital were shut to me in conformity with the orders of its Board of Administrators," I spoke the *truth*, for I repeated the words of Dr. Chopin, the gentlemanly House Surgeon of the Hospital, so specially instructed in concerning the abominable action I complained of was given by proper authorities.

Since the publication of my communication, the Board or its Monthly Committee, have amended their orders; they no more deny to a medical student his right of entering the hospital; they say, that they have been misunderstood, and that they meant that I should not enjoy the privileges accorded to resident students only.

Well, I deny that I have ever enjoyed those privileges, except when permitted to do so, and then, no medical gentleman found fault, or that I was committing an atrocious act!

But, as such is the wish of the Board, I will submit, for they have the right to forbid me privileges belonging to resident students only. As regards not entering the institution, that I never would have submitted to.

Now it remains for me to say that there are gentlemen of moral and intellectual worth—Democrats—who know that my political convictions have more than once caused great injustice to be done me. Some of them have expressed to me their regret, and I have accepted them with sentiments of pride, while thanking them for their sympathies.

But to return to facts. I contend that there is not a gentleman in the Hospital who did not understand that "no more were I to be permitted to enter that institution!" that there is not a medical man who did not feel offended at the idea "that a medical student was no more to enjoy the advantages of examining patients in a public institution of the State;" and that I would be doing injustice to the chief officer of the Hospital, were I to suppose that he had communicated to me instructions which he had not received.

In conclusion, Messrs. Editors, I have two duties to fulfil before I leave forever this subject. The first is to return to you and the editors of the Creole my thanks for the support you have given a medical student in this case. The second, to assure the gentlemen who were displeased to take the action of the Administrators of the Hospital before the tribunals, that I shall never forget them.

Offering you, individually, my respects, I desire to state as a last word, that Mr. Huard disclaims having had any part in the transaction I complain of.

Yours, truly,

LOUIS O. HUARD.

THE GREAT RUSSIAN REMEDY—*Pro Bono Publico*—"Every mother should have a box in the house handy in case of accidents to the children." Redding's Russia Salve is a Boston remedy of thirty years' standing, and is recommended by physicians. It is a sure and speedy cure for burns, piles, boils, corns, felons, chilblains, and old sores of every kind; for fever sores, ulcers, itch, scald head, nettle rash, bunions, sore nipples, (recommended by nurses,) whitlows, stiffs, fistulas, fox bites, spider bites, frozen limbs, salt rheum, scurvy, sore and cracked lips, sore nose, warts and fresh wounds. It is a most valuable remedy and cure, which can be testified to by thousands who have used it in the city of Boston and vicinity for the last thirty years. In no instance will this salve do an injury, or interfere with a physician's prescriptions. It is made from the purest materials, from a recipe brought from Russia—articles growing in that country—and the proprietors have letters from all classes, clergymen, physicians, sea captains, nurses and others who have used it themselves and recommend it to others. Redding's Russia Salve is put in large tin boxes, stamped on the cover with a picture of a horse and a disabled soldier, which picture is also engraved on the wrapper. Price, 25 cents a box. Redding & Co. For sale by J. Wright & Co., O. O. Woodman and all druggists. fe14 eod6m&W

NICARAGUAN CORRESPONDENCE.

GRANADA, May 1st, 1856.

Editors Crescent—On the 29th ult., I wrote to you, just as we were on the start for Virgin Bay and San Juan del Sur, in pursuit of the Costa Ricans and to clear the Transit Route of all obstructions, provided we must any. As we only "marched up the hill" to have the pleasure of "marching down again," and as orders are given to close the mail to-day, I will add a few lines more to the letter of the 29th. We embarked in the evening of that day about four hundred troops, all told, Gen. Walker in command, and yesterday morning early rounded up opposite to the burnt wharf at Virgin. As we did so, a small party of Americans was seen to come down to the flagstaff opposite the Transit Company's house and hoist the stars and stripes. At sight of this, our troops gave three as hearty cheers as ever came from the glad throats of men; but at the same time there was a shadow of disappointment visible on almost every brow, for we had come down to *surprise*, and we were to be disappointed of our game, as the signal proved. The force was landed as soon as possible, and we learned that the enemy had all left Virgin and Rivas the day before for San Juan, en route for Costa Rica, Mora himself leading the way by a start of several days in advance of his army, declaring he had been deceived by the "Serviles" who had joined his army. However, we were not sure but we might yet get hold of some of them, and the command was given to march to San Juan. We were soon under way, and had gone about four miles down the San Juan road, when Gen. Walker met a courier from there with a letter from Hernandez, the Commander of the Costa Ricans, stating that he left behind him at Rivas some two hundred sick and wounded, recommending them to Walker's mercy, and promising to *exchange* prisoners with him when they were all well. As we were also told that the entire army was gone by water to Costa Rica, and there being no necessity for marching the whole American force there, we were countermarched to Virgin—two companies sent to occupy San Juan, one to Rivas, and the balance were left at Virgin under command of Gen. Hornsby, to wait *further orders*. Gen. Walker and his aids, and a few officers returned last night to this place. It is but an act of justice to the Costa Ricans proper, to say that Mora disowned the act of burning the wharf at Virgen and the killing of the Americans, saying that he would pay for all property destroyed and ordered all prisoners to be treated according to the rules of war. The acts of barbarism and cruelty were done by order of the Nicaragua serviles, and several of the officers were immediately *disgraced* by Mora when he came up with the main body of his army and learned what had been done. The transit route is again *clear*, and five hundred American troops now occupy the road. As the mail closes to-day the *Nicaraguense* will not be published until Saturday, so you will get none by this steamer.

The cholera has raged terribly among the Costa Rica troops during the last ten days, carrying off nearly five hundred of them. *Gen. Walker refuses to receive propositions of peace from Costa Rica.*

LAFAYETTE.

DIED:

Yesterday, 8th June, at 12 o'clock M., JOHN HAGAN, aged 46 years, a native of South Carolina, and for the last twenty three years a resident of this city.

His friends and acquaintances are requested to attend his funeral, which will take place this Evening, at 4 o'clock, from his late residence No. 23 Esplanade street, Third District.

At half-past 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon, EDWARD INALL, aged 38 years, a native of London, England.

His friends and acquaintances are invited to attend his funeral This Morning, at 10 o'clock, from his late residence No. 105 Burgundy street, between Toulouse and St. Peter streets.

Reduction in Prices.

ALFRED MUNROE & CO.,
34 Magazine st., corner of Gravier.

The house find themselves with a large stock of MEN'S, BOYS' and CHILDREN'S CLOTHING; also an immense stock of FURNISHING GOODS, all of which will be disposed of at NEAR COST.

This the public may rely on. SHIRTS, formerly sold for $30 a dozen, will be sold for $24; and those for $21 for $18; those for $18 for $15 per dozen; half a dozen at the same rate. And all other goods in the furnishing department the same reduction will be made. The desire to reduce stock and get the cash, is the cause. No exception will be made; any and all goods, cloth coats, pantaloons or vestings—all will be sold at the same LOW RATE. The different styles of goods are all separate, and the prices put on in figures, and in no case will that be deviated from.

A large stock of RUBBER CLOTHING at manufacturer's price.

ALFRED MUNROE & CO.,
34 Magazine street, corner of Gravier.

Important to Travelers.

All who travel in this climate, and especially those who travel upon the Mississippi, and other Southern rivers, are peculiarly liable to attacks of diarrhea. The suffering and danger from such attacks may be entirely avoided, if all will provide themselves with a supply of

Billings' Carminative and Astringent Syrup

Letter from Rev. Alexander Chapell, D. D. formerly President of Mississippi College, Clinton, and now of New Orleans:

DR. BILLINGS: *Dear Sir*—It is but simple justice to yourself and the public generally, for me to say, that after having labored for several months during the last year, under the ravages of the scourge of our climate, the Diarrhea, still, in spite of the usual remedies applied by gentlemen of the faculty deservedly high in public estimation, my bodily organs were wholly maintained, I found your Astringent Medicine the sovereign remedy in the case. I also found it equally effective in curing one of my children of the same miserable complaint. Since it effected a cure on myself, I have taken it whenever, from any cause, there were symptoms of a recurrence, and have always found it as effectual to prevent as it had been previously in cure.

In this Southern country, every traveler, whether by land or water, ought to carry with him this invaluable medicine, by which, without detention and with almost no expense, he might cure himself as he passes on his way. Families and Plantations would not only save much disease, but save many dear and valuable lives, by always keeping it as a part of their medical stores.

Yours, etc.,
ALEX. CAMPBELL.

Clinton, Miss., May 13, 1856.

Prepared and sold by the sole proprietor,

O. O. WOODMAN,
corner of Common and Magazine streets.

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Second-hand Furniture Bought.

The highest Cash Price paid for all descriptions of Second-hand Furniture. Persons leaving the city and wishing to dispose of their furniture, will find it to their advantage to call on the undersigned.

Also—Second-hand Furniture sold, exchanged and repaired.

P. M. TOURNE,
22 Baronne street.

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Madness, Idiocy, Convulsions,

And a long train of other horrible diseases are the frequent consequences of permitting Worms to generate and multiply, without check, in the intestines and the stomach. Such neglect is as inexcusable as the dangerous inexpertness of WINNER'S CANADIAN VERMIFUGE, without continuance to the house or trouble to the sufferer, will cure the disease in a few days, and at the same time improve the condition of the digestive organs, purify the blood and regulate all the secretions.

☞ Be particular and remember the name, "Winer's Canadian Vermifuge." This is the only article that can be depended on. Remember this.

For sale wholesale and retail in New Orleans, by

J. WRIGHT & CO.,
21 and 151 Chartres st.

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Horace Harby,

185 CAMP STREET. 185

Informs his customers and the ladies generally, that he has determined to sell off at FIRST COST his entire Spring and Summer stock. All in want of dry goods can now find

GREAT BARGAINS.

A deduction of over 30 per cent. has been allowed upon the following articles:

Satin Stripe and Plain BAREGE ROBES;
Organdy and French Jaconet ROBES;
Swiss, India Mull and Nainsook MUSLINS;
Plain and Solid Colored BAREGES;
English, French and American LAWNS;
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A large and beautiful assortment of Embroideries, Valenciennes COLLARS and COLLARETTS.

VALENCIA RACHEL COLLARS.
SWISS AND JACONET COLLARS.
EMBROIDERED BANDS.
LACES, etc., etc.

HORACE HARBY,
No. 185 Camp street.

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21 AND 151

Dr. Mortimer's Bitter Cordial.

The blood, reviving air of Spring is not more welcome to the world than MORTIMER'S BITTER CORDIAL is to the invalid, whose regained strength is but evanescent. Nothing in the multiplicious compounds of the Materia Medica can compare with this delightful remedy in point of simplicity and efficacy.

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ON ACCOUNT OF REBUILDING.

D. P. SCANLAN & Co.,

Nos. 12 and 14 Chartres street,

Are offering great bargains in SUMMER SILKS, BAREGES, MUSLINS, EMBROIDERIES, LACES, PARIS BONNETS and MANTILLAS.

Just received, Valenciennes LACES, Filet MITTS, Organdy MUSLINS, English CRAPES and White MUSLINS. jel 2p3i

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Mr. F. has on hand a large and well selected stock of SCHOOL BOOKS of the latest and most approved editions, consisting in part of the following:

100	Goodrich's 1st Reader;	50	Mitchell's Primary Geog.;
250	do 2d do	200	do Geog. and Atlas;
200	do 3d do	90	Mitchell's Ancient Geography and Atlas;
175	do 4th do	100	Perkins' Primary Arith.;
200	do 5th do	250	do Elementary Arith.;
150	Butler's 1st Less. in Gram.	100	do Practical Arith.;
75	Butler's Pract. Grammar;	100	Davies's 1st Less. in Arith.;
100	Smith's Grammar;	200	do 2d do Arithmetic;
50	Carlin's Geog. and Atlas;	50	Davies's University Arith.;
500	Smith's Primary Geog.;	300	Webster's, Town's and Emerson's Spellers.
300	do Quarto Geog.;		
50	do Geog. and Atlas;		
50	McNally's School Geog.;		

Mathematical Works.

Davies's Algebra;	Parker's Philosophy;
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Legendre's Surveying;	Cornwell's Chemistry;
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To Those Going North.

SILKS! SILKS!!

AT A GREAT BARGAIN.

BROCADE SILKS at 50 cents per yard.
RICH STRIPED AND PLAID SILKS, 60 and 75 cents yard.
RICH SATIN STRIPED SILK DRESSES at $18, worth $25.
COLORED SILK MANTILLAS at $6, worth $10.
RICH SILK GRENADINES at 62½ cts., worth $1 00.
FRENCH ORGANDY TISSUES at 25 cents, worth 50 cents.
COLORED LINEN CAMBRICS at 37½ cents.
A very choice style of JACONET FLOUNCED DRESSES at $6, worth $10.

LINENS! LINENS!!

of the best brands, very cheap.
LINEN SHEETINGS, Damasks, Napkins, etc.
LINEN EMBROIDERED SETTS, a very cost style, adapted to morning wear or serious use, exceedingly cheap. Fine Embroideries, in great variety, very low.

From this date the whole stock will be closed out at reduced prices.

AT C. C. WAYLANDS,
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Carpeting, Matting and Floor

OIL CLOTH, at 19 Chartres street.

Lately received, a large assortment of CARPETINGS, such as Velvet, Wilton, Tapestry, Brussels, Threeply, Imperial, Venetian, etc. FLOOR OIL CLOTHS, of every qualities and widths, cut to any room, hall, etc. MATTING—200 pieces 4-4, 5-4 and 6-4 White and Checkered, now landing, all of which we offer at the lowest market prices.

A. BROUSSEAU & CO.,
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COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,

No. 106 Canal Street.

French, Spanish, German, English, Arithmetic, Geometry, Surveying, Navigation, Penmanship, Phonography, Book-Keeping, etc., are taught by able Professors. Children and strangers are invited to call. New classes this week. There are also evening classes.

RUFUS DOLBEAR,
No. 106 Canal street.

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Half a Dozen Excellent Shirts

FOR $7.

HALF A DOZEN FINE SHIRTS FOR $8.
HALF A DOZEN CUSTOM MADE SHIRTS FOR $12.
HALF A DOZEN GOOD LINEN SHIRTS FOR $18.

A good fit guaranteed, beautifully sewed, and buttons warranted never to come off.

A splendid assortment just received.

Shirts made to order from $3 to $100 per doz.

GET YOUR SHIRTS AT

S. N. MOODY'S,

Gentlemen's Furnishing Emporium,

Corner Canal Street and Exchange Place.

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A Card.

THE UNDERSIGNED, MEMBERS OF THE BAR, respectfully recommend Mr. ARTHUR SAUCIER as a fit and proper person, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of the late Richard Richardson, Third Justice of the Peace for the Parish of Orleans.

Mr. Saucier is a member of the Bar, and is, in our opinion, well qualified to fill the office.

J. Lavergne,	Randell Hunt,
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Cyprian Dufour,	H. D. Gimbrede,
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H. D. Boyle,	Robert H. Wood,
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William C. Hammer,	B. J. Sage,
	M. E. Silverstein

New Orleans, June 3, 1856. jel 2p6f

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