New Orleans Daily Crescent.

PLANKE & FLEMING. WILLIAM R. ADAMS.

BY NIXON & ADAMS.

OFFICE, No. 70 CAMP STREET.

TERMS:

The Crescent will be regularly served to subscribers in the city at its early hour every morning, (Sundays excepted,) for $10 a year, in advance; half-yearly and quarterly at the same rates, or 20 cents a week, payable to the carriers.

Advertisements, per square—first insertion, in all cases $1, for every subsequent insertion, 50 cents.

Advertisements on the second page are charged $1 for every insertion.

Advertisements published at intervals, will be charged $1 per square for every insertion.

Advertisements not marked, will be published one month, or longer, and charged accordingly; no advertisement or subscription will be stopped until all arrearages are paid, at the option of the proprietors.

A Liberal Discount will be made to regular advertisers.

THE DAILY CRESCENT

Has a circulation which renders it a desirable medium for advertisers. As a Family Paper it circulates largely, reaching many hundreds of homes at an early hour, and being read before the approach of business hours, consequently articles for family use may be advantageously published in its columns.

THE WEEKLY CRESCENT

Is published every Monday morning at $5 a year, invariably in advance. Having an extensive circulation throughout Louisiana, Mississippi, Arkansas, Alabama, Texas, and other States, it presents a favorable mode to advertisers of making their notices and commodities known. Advertisements inserted for $1 per square, each insertion.

FRIDAY MORNING, APRIL 10, 1857.

☞ The clerks of the steamers H. D. Newcomb and H. Chouteau have our thanks for late Louisville and St. Louis papers.

☞ We are under obligations to the clerks of the steamers Wm. M. Morrison and Natchez for late St. Louis and Vicksburg papers.

Personal.—His Excellency, Governor Wickliffe, and judge James L. Cole, Associate Justice elect of the Supreme Court, arrived in town yesterday. These distinguished gentlemen, we are pleased to learn, are, as usual, in excellent health and spirits.

☞ The Custom-House will, we presume, in consequence to custom on days set aside by enactment, be closed today from 12 o'clock, and the Post-Office from 11 o'clock. Good Friday is a blank day in this State.

Cotton Brokering Extraordinary.—In another column will be found the preliminary examination of a cotton dealer or spinner in Manchester, who went into bankruptcy some time last fall. Selling and reselling imaginary parcels of cotton seem to have attained a dignified stand in England; according to the testimony it appears that there were thirty-eight fictitious invoices of cotton, made for the purpose of rising money. We have neither time nor room to go into an elaborate examination of the proceedings; but our high opinion of the system and manner of transacting business in New Orleans is greatly strengthened. The straight-forward course in which our factors, merchants and brokers, one and all, conduct their business; the candor and openness which attend the transactions from day to day; the promptness and punctuality with which all verbal agreements are performed; the undeviating regard paid to implied and express negotiations, causes us to rejoice that our lot has been cast in the city of New Orleans.

The Mississippi Sound Company.—The new boat building for this Company is, we learn, to be called the Virginia. Though we have a very high regard for the ancient dominion, yet we think a more appropriate name might have been selected. There is something in a name, and as a friend at our elbow inquires what is the necessity of going to Virginia for a name, when we have Pontchartrain at our door.

Cotton.—The receipts for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 o'clock last evening were, by the Jos. Holden, from Jefferson, 86 bales; Rapides, from Red River, 321; Bluff City, from Ouachita, 236; Bella Donna, from Stump's Landing, 99; C. D., Jr., and other boats, 117. Total, 913 bales.

The receipts for the corresponding day last year were 1868 bales. Exports yesterday were, for Liverpool, 6,635 bales.

The Arctic Panorama.—This magnificent painting will be on exhibition at Armory Hall but two nights more—to-night and to-morrow night. We would say to those who have not yet seen it, that if they let this last opportunity slip, they will not soon, if ever, have an opportunity of beholding any in the panorama line so perfectly beautiful and so deeply interesting. The Arctic Panorama is a thing to remember and talk about, long after having been witnessed.

The Amphitheater.—The Marsh Children appear to-night in "The Invincibles" and "Toodles." Both are capital—the first being full of songs, marches and drills, and the latter "clock full" of fun. Master George's *Toodles*, we will say to those who have not yet seen it, is worth coming a long way to see, and once seen it will not readily be forgotten. To-morrow there will be a day performance, and at night "Beauty and the Beast" will be brought out for the first time.

St. Charles Theater.—This establishment was again densely crowded last night, and the performances gave the most intense satisfaction and delight. The ballet of "Rose and Papillon" was very pretty, Yrca Mathias's dancing being equally charming and astonishing. To-night the ballet will be repeated, with the great pantomimes of the "Magic Trumpet," and "The Conscript." The theater will of course be crowded nightly for some time to come.

Vancouver's Island.—Letters have reached Quebec from this island, with dates to the 4th of January. The summer had been cold, the crops short and the inhabitants sickly. Gold has been discovered on Tete Plate river, about forty miles above Colville's Fort. The miners were earning from four to six dollars per day, and all kinds of necessaries had grown extravagantly dear.

Good Ground for a Lawsuit.—A case was tried in a Memphis court recently, in which a Mr. and Mrs. Helbing had sued Philip R. Bohlen for a breach of marriage contract, in failing to marry Mrs. Helbing when she was Miss Agnes Handwerker, and the jury awarded the injured parties $1,250 damages. The idea of Helbing suing Bohlen because he did not marry his wife, is certainly the richest thing of this fast age. Bohlen should have compromised by running away with her.

A New French Colony.—The Chicago press states that a number of French gentlemen of this State have purchased a tract of land on the line of the Illinois Central Railroad, near Tacusa, where they intend locating a colony of French immigrants during the coming year.

Patent Loaf Bread.—Mr. John Cottle, of the Louisiana Bakery, has, we perceive, bought the right of baking and selling something new under the sun, entitled the "patent loaf bread." It is represented as being something altogether extra; being more uniform in quality, handsomer in appearance, even in texture, and less liable to grow stale, than any other kind of bread—having no kind of drug in it, and being pleasant food when even a week old. The patent bread has been in use over a year in other parts of the country, having taken the first premium at the Fair of the Metropolitan Institute, Washington in 1855, and the patents being now issued and in force in this country, Great Britain, France and Belgium. As bread is a matter in which everybody is interested, we presume it will not be long before the new article will be universally tested in New Orleans. See Mr. Cottle's advertisement on the subject.

Linen Shirts.—Messrs. P. & E. Reilly & Co., No. 126 Canal street, have just received a large lot of superior shirts, made to order in Belfast, Ireland, which they offer at prices ranging from $27 to $36 per dozen—thirty per cent. less than the usual price of such shirts. See advertisement.

Sewing Machines.—An invoice of these valuable articles has just been received from New York by Messrs. Lacy & Co., at No. 81 St. Charles street, who offer them for sale cheap. Those who buy will be instructed in the use of the machines without extra charge. See advertisement.

The French, Spanish, German and English Languages.—New classes begin this week in these languages at Dolbear's Commercial College, 106 Canal street; also in mathematics, penmanship, book-keeping, etc. There are special assistants and professors for each branch.

Hoops for the Ladies.—Messrs. C. M. Simpson & Co., No. 115 Canal street, announce the receipt of a large supply of hoop skirts of all kinds—steel spring, flat bone and skeleton, with hoop skirts for children. Roll up, ladies, and supply your wives with hoops for the summer—since you saw them than! See Messrs. S. & Co's card.

Spring and Summer Clothing, White Shirts, Leghorn Hats, etc.—We call the attention of the trade to the sale of an extensive assortment of spring and summer clothing, white shirts, Leghorn hats, etc., to take place this day, at 10 o'clock A. M., at Blache & Lemonnier's auction rooms, 77 Chartres street. Terms at sale.

The Expanding Pocket-Book.—Mr. Guion, at the corner of St. Charles and Canal streets, has received something new for pocket use, entitled the "patentable, or expanding pocket-book." It is particularly recommended to business men and travelers, and should be inspected by them. See Mr. Guion's advertisement in another column.

HYPOCRISY OF ABOLITIONISM.

One of the worst signs of the times is the continuance of the hold of abolitionism upon the public sentiment of the North. It foreshadows the direst results for the future. Notwithstanding the leaders of the abolition army have been expelled from Congress for dishonest and corrupt practices; notwithstanding its leading editorial champions are known to have received bribes; notwithstanding they have been caught and exposed in falsehoods innumerable; notwithstanding their daily walk in life is such as to exclude them from even the pale of christian charity; notwithstanding their home practices give the lie direct to their home precepts; notwithstanding they inculcate one doctrine and practically enforce a different doctrine; notwithstanding it has been proven time and again that their so-called principles are founded upon delusion and deceit; and notwithstanding it is as apparent as the noon-day sun that the efforts of abolitionism have worked nothing but injury to the African race, and can work nothing but injury to that race in every conceivable contingency, the furor of fanaticism abates not—there is no ebb in its flow—and its malign current surges onward with accelerated speed and a mightier momentum each succeeding election.

This can be accounted for only on the ground that abolition fanaticism, like

"—Faith, fanatic Faith, once wedded fast
To some dear falsehood, hugs it to the last"—

and that Northern fanaticism must run its course, even if it dash this Union into fragments before its strength is exhausted. We have little or no hope of its exhaustion before the consummation of the final catastrophe. The last November election demonstrated that the abolitionists wielded a fearful power, and the spring elections, thus far, have shown that that power is increasing instead of diminishing. We have no doubt their strength will continue to augment until 1860, when Senator Seward will be elected to the Presidency of the United States. With such an event staring them in the face—and becoming less and less able to prevent it each year—it behooves the people of the South to consider seriously the times that are upon them, and to take such steps as will vindicate their own rights and secure their own safety, either in or out of the Union. Under no conjuncture of circumstances, if they take time by the forelock, and act wisely, practically and judiciously, have the Southern people anything to apprehend. Their own inherent strength, their as yet half developed resources and their unequaled natural advantages, will enable them to form a magnificent and mighty confederacy of their own, if fanaticism compels a dissolution; and to take the worst aspect of the case, if they are destined to fall, they will have the consolation of knowing that the commercial fabric of the earth tumbles to the ground with them. And, to run the parallel a little further, any condition would be preferable to serf-like and slavish dependence upon the arch-fanatic Seward and his contemptible myrmidons, Greeley, Weed, Sumner, Parker, Cheever and company.

But a truce to digression: we started with the view of pointing out some of the vile hypocrisies of abolition, and find we have diverged slightly from our subject. The Albany Evening Journal, next to the New York Tribune, is the most influential organ of the Freesoil party of the North. It is, to all intents and purposes, when any artful move is to be made on the political chess board, Senator Seward's confidential mouthpiece. If we are not mistaken, a younger brother, or a son of the Senator, is one of its editors. Such was the case, at all events, not many months since. The Journal always looks Southward with a jaundiced eye. It never contemplates Southern institutions except with a sour stomach. It never alludes to the Southern people unless to find fault with them, magnify their errors, enlarge upon their infirmities, depreciate their social and political systems, attribute all violations of law to the institution of slavery, and to make them out worse than they are in every imaginable respect. And then, its philanthropy in behalf of the negro slave is always stirred to its uttermost depths without regard to the time or the occasion.

Referring to its course on this and kindred subjects, the Albany Atlas—a sound national paper—has the following truthful and stinging remarks:

Yet the Journal, with all its predilections in favor of the African race, refrains from advocating that equality which may bring the interdicted class within its arms. No negro writer supplies its paragraphs; no negro printer draws wages from its till; no negro child sits on the common-school forms beside the children in whom it is interested; no negro sits in the pew to hear or stands in the pulpit to preach where it worships; no negro lawyer, no negro doctor, no negro merchant, is heard of through its columns. The "sweet voices" which it invokes to the decision of the electoral question are never heard in the social circles it patronizes. As we have before said, the Legislature, which proposes to invite this class to form a part of the electoral body, refuses to hear the prayer of a colored clergyman.

If the Journal and its allies believe in negro equality, let it speak and act up to it. Let it invite the negro to his place, in the schools, in the workshop, in the church and in social life.

Even the free-State men of Kansas, who voted for the Topeka Constitution, not only declared against negro suffrage, but positively and directly for the exclusion of free negroes from Kansas, on the ground that they are not citizens of the United States—the Black Republicans of that State affirming in advance the doctrine of the Supreme Court of the United States on this subject.

We copy from the proclamation of Gen. Lane, declaring the adoption of that constitution, his rendering of the verdict of the free-State party on this point:

"And I do further declare and make known, that of the votes cast at the aforesaid election 'for and against' the passage of laws by the general assembly providing for the exclusion of free negroes from the State of Kansas—the result of such vote to operate as instructions to the first general assembly upon that subject—a majority are in favor of 'exclusion' as ascertained by the returns of said election now on file in the office of the executive committee.

"Given under my hand, at the office of the Executive Committee of Kansas, at the city of Topeka, on this 27th day of December, 1855.

"J. H. LANE, Chairman.

"C. K. Holliday, Secretary."

The vote upon this question is given in detail in the report of the special committee on Kansas to the last Congress, and shows that 1,150 voted for the exclusion, while only 533 voted against it. Even without this provision, the free constitution prohibited negro suffrage; and this popular vote of "exclusion" related to the right of the negro and mulatto to reside in the State.

Nothing further is necessary to show the disgusting hypocrisy, the shameless charlatanism, of the abolitionists. We would as soon look for integrity from a thief or chastity from a prostitute as honesty from a New York abolitionist. They are all gangreened with falsehood, deceit and corruption, and have uttered lies so often and so long that they would not know how to tell the truth were they so disposed. They pretend to be friendly to the slave, and yet the laws in many of their States against free negroes are more severe and stringent than the laws of Louisiana! There is no blush of shame for the cheeks of such caricatures upon human decency.

Talk on 'Change.

The movements yesterday on the street were not of any great importance. At the upper steamboat landing it was tolerable lively; in fact, very lively for the season of the year. Heavy receipts of Western produce continue from day to day. Breadstuffs under the depressing accounts from Europe are tending downwards, so much so that there is every reason to expect that we shall have much cheaper bread this year than last. It will be observed there have been good purchases of flour and wheat in our market for Spain; that triple the quantity of flour has been shipped to Brazil this season over any previous season; that corn is now admitted into Cuba on rather better terms than heretofore; in fine, our market is becoming the center of purchase for almost every kind of produce which is wanted for foreign countries. Freights to all parts of Europe, Northern ports and everywhere, are at the very lowest rates, which will increase the shipments from the West. We shall have, in all probability, a brisk business in Western produce for at least two months to come.

Cotton Manufactury.—The committee of the Boston Board of Trade on the sale of cotton manufactures, report that it appears, by a careful estimate, that the capital stock of the cotton manufacturing companies whose head-quarters are in Boston is $30,680,000, and that the annual sales of cotton goods produced by these companies amount to $32,450,000; and they estimate the sales of cotton goods made by twenty-six commission houses in Boston (exclusive of the above) at $14,250,000; making a total of $46,700,000.

The Missouri Railroads.—The railroad bill lately passed by the Legislature of Missouri provides for granting additional State aid to railroads, as follows: To the Pacific road, $1,000,000; Southwest Branch, $1,500,000; North Missouri, $1,000,000; Iron Mountain, $600,000; Platte Country, $700,000; Cairo and Fulton, $400,000. Total, $5,200,000. The State reserves in all cases a first lien on the roads to secure the payment of bonds. The entire State aid to be given to all the roads when it shall be absorbed and all the roads built, will not be far from $25,000,000.

The Associate Justiceship.

As yet full returns of the election held last Monday have not come to hand. We have to alter our figures somewhat from yesterday morning, without, however, materially varying the result. We understand no polls were opened at Barataria or Chenière, in Jefferson parish. This would make:

	Cole's maj.	Lea's maj.
Jefferson	180	..
New Orleans, above Julia street	808	..
Terrebone	227	..
Assumption	111	..
West Baton Rouge	17	..
Lafourche	..	55
Iberville	..	217
St. James	..	35
St. Charles	..	100
Ascension (remote)	..	200
St. John (estimated)	..	100
	912	717
	717	
Cole's majority over Lea	195	

We are confident the authentic returns will increase instead of diminishing Judge Cole's majorities. The reported vote against him in Ascension and St. John we believe to be over instead of under the mark. That he is elected, is beyond all question. A day or two will determine exactly the result.

Eighth Judicial District.—We were in error yesterday morning when we spoke of Judge Watterston's having been elected Judge of the Eighth Judicial District, composed of the parishes of St. Helena, Livingston, Washington and St. Tammany. We should have said Wilson—Judge Watterston not being a candidate. Since then we have heard of the vote of St. Tammany. It elects Wilson, in the District, by a majority of six votes. Mr. Wilson is a young lawyer of fine attainments, and will make a most excellent Judge.

Editorial Change.—Messrs. Addison & Houston have transferred the Greensburg Imperial, published in the parish of St. Helena, to Mr. Alfred W. Yerzley, formerly of this city. Mr. Yerzley is an industrious, intelligent young man, highly respected by his numerous friends and acquaintances here. The Imperial is a good paper, and will remain so in his hands.

The Effects of Judicious Advertising.

We have often had occasion to remind our readers that one of the most essential requisites of success in business is to bring the article for sale prominently before the public. In no case has this fact been so effectually proved as in the success of the "Balm of a Thousand Flowers." This is an article possessing of itself every element which can make it beneficial for the uses to which it is designed, viz: It is an admirable dentrifice, an excellent article for shaving, and also for the improvement of the complexion. The manufacturers, W. P. Fetridge & Co., New York, have round an ample fortune by its sale. Their contracts with the newspaper press alone amount to $40,000 a year, and the result of this advertising has been that last year there was sold 750,000 bottles. This is unexampled, surpassing as it does anything of the kind in the market. Considering the commendable energy which Messrs. Fetridge & Co. have exhibited, it is shameful to perceive the enemies to which some men resort to injure its sale. A host of counterfeiters, in unknown localities, have carried on their nefarious plans, endeavoring to imitate not only the preparation, but the signature and label. There is but one "Balm of a Thousand Flowers," and that is manufactured by Fetridge & Co., New York; all others are miserable counterfeits. The decisions of the courts in New York has been given in favor of them, and an opinion strongly condemnatory of the course pursued by the counterfeiters.

The proprietors of the genuine article were compelled to stop advertising last year in consequence of the immense demand and the inability to supply it; but having removed to their new marble front store, (opposite A. T. Stewart's,) they possess ample means for continuing its manufacture to any extent, and they have, therefore, determined to place it again prominently before the public, satisfied that its claims as a toilet article surpass that of any other in the market. They are also introducing an elegant pomade for the hair, which has been prepared by a French perfumer, and which is pronounced unequaled as a means of giving a rich gloss and color to the hair, the effect being gradually, but imperceptibly, to turn the hair black. "The Woodland Cream" is the name of the article, and it can be found at all our fashionable druggists.

The most prominent druggists in this country have presented the following certificate, which we take much pleasure in publishing:

February 20, 1857.

We, the undersigned, who have been extensive dealers in the genuine "Balm of a Thousand Flowers," manufactured by W. P. Fetridge & Co., of New York, hereby certify that that preparation is in great demand, and has given general satisfaction to all their customers:

Cary, Howard & Sanger, New York.
Haviland, Harrell & Risley, ..
Barnes & Park, ..
Hegeman, Clark & Co., ..
Cone ley H. Ring, ..
Seth W. Towle, ..
W. P. Peterson, Philadelphia, Penn.
Thos. H. Peters & Co., ..
Saint, Ecklein & Co., Cincinnati, O.
Henry Taylor, Baltimore, Md.
W. H. Brown & Bro., Baltimore, Md.
P. Shillington, Washington, D. C.
Purcell, Ladd & Co., Richmond, Va.
Bennett Herrn & Fisher, ...
F. H. Robertson, Petersburg, Va.
Simms, Walke & Co., Norfolk, Va.
Haviland, Harrell & Co., Charleston, S. C.
John Ashburn, ..
A. A. Solomons & Co., Savannah, Ga.
Hatchard, Ricks & Co., Augusta, Ga.
Smith & Keard, Atlanta, Ga.
R. R. Jones & Co., Montgomery, Ala.
Somers & Greene, Mobile, Ala.
J. Wright & Co., New Orleans, La.
Sexton & Co., ..
G. N. Morlock, ..
W. P. FETRIDGE & CO.,
Sole Manufacturers, N. Y.

Arrivals at the Principal Hotels Yesterday.

ST. CHARLES.—Robert Grant, La; David W. Magill, Jno S Minor, family & s c, Baton Rouge; C A Bacon, Miss; J S Barnes, Miss; J D Bryan, Miss; H Watson & lady, J W Hopkins, H Greene, David Thomson, A Green, F Moss, 3 sons, Ala; H Oberweshlager, N Y; M H Clarke, J A Hopkins, Tenn; Dr R T Thayson, W M Thomas, S C; D Blair & lady, D C; L M McGill, H Marshall, La; W Moore, Ark; Col Hotle, Bayou Sara; W Webb, H Eshom, La; C Gaulter, T M Mathews, Miss Mathews & serv, Miss E H aid, Miss M Heard, Ala, Col Butler, Iberville; J N Brown, Mrs M H Brown, M Brown, W J Brown, J N Brown Coast; L B Burrow, Bayou Sara, J B Ryan, S Alexander, J W Alexander & son, W F Alexander, Ky; A Hebert, A Verder and family, Bayou Goula; L H Williams, Ky, J Bean, Pa; Dr J L Green, G H Green, Miss, D McLeod, Lafourche.

CITY.—R A Sheppard and lady, Baton Rouge; Dr R O New, Mansfield, La; J M Leon Mobile; T E Gwens, Natchez; A Hinford, New York; W M Lykes, Miss; E S Smith, R C Cunningham, Mobile; F Gallagher, Plaquemine; J R McIlhenny, J Eckfeld, Mobile; S O Rhea, East Feliciana; T J Pugence, Iberville; H Doyle, La; O Barbee and lady, Baton Rouge; R Cutts, Maryland; T D Meghee, Ark; J O Robinson, Ga; Dermot, Ark; J McNeal, do; W Mefiane and son, Clarke; M Hogeman, Ark; J B Everett, Columbia; R S Stylman, Ark; J Brodes, San Antonio; J Thacker, Houston, La; J T Ferguson, Miss; W A Elliott, J G Soules and lady, Camden, Ark; C Kidd, Vernon, La; R S Holden, Mr Holden and lady, Miss; H Quitt, N Y; J Hurt, J A Hart, T Roberts, Miss; R W Cunningham, N O; D Wilcox and lady, Miss Mississippi; L D Brewer, Bayou Sara; Mrs A Fields and dau, Texas; C West, Miss; G S Rollins, Ky; J S Kirby, H C Calliton, La; R M Boone, C F Duncan, D Beatty; J H Cason, J Norwood, La; T A Blackley, J Pugh, Texas; M Wertefield, La; D H Cooper, Miss; E Goodridge, Va; W A Patterson, Miss.

☞ At a meeting of the Board of the Southern Railroad Company, held on Wednesday evening, the 8th inst., it was—

Resolved, That in conformity to the resolutions passed by the Board on the 27th of March last, the office of the Southern Pacific Railroad Company, heretofore established in the city of New York, be and the same is hereby removed to the city of New Orleans, to remain here permanently until the road is completed.

Resolved, That in conformity with the spirit of said resolutions, the books of subscription to the stock of said Company, and the terms and conditions of said resolutions, be continued open at the Sun Mutual Insurance office, corner of Camp and Common streets, until Saturday evening next, at 7 o'clock.

Resolved, That a majority of the Directors residing in the Southern States shall be elected to this Board as soon as possible. m10 2t

☞ White Teeth, Perfumed Breath and beautiful complexion, can be acquired by using the BALM OF A THOUSAND FLOWERS. What lady or gentleman would remain under the curse of a disagreeable breath, when by using the "Balm of a Thousand Flowers" as a dentrifice, would not only render it sweet, but leave the teeth white as alabaster? Many persons do not know their breath is bad, and the subject is so delicate their friends will never mention it. Beware of counterfeits. Be sure each bottle is signed "Fetridge & Co., N. Y." For sale, by SICKLES & CO., Agents; MORISON, and all Druggists. a10 2teod6m

State Executive Committee American Party of La., New Orleans, March 28, 1857.

☞ At a meeting of this Committee held on Thursday, 26th inst., at New Orleans, it was

Resolved, That in consideration of the fact that the important election for Charter Officers for the City of New Orleans is to take place on the first Monday of June next, the day upon which the Convention for the nomination of State Officers is held, by a Resolution of the American members of the Legislature, to assemble at Baton Rouge, it is recommended that the meeting of that Convention be postponed until the Second Monday of June next, at 12 o'clock M., in Baton Rouge.

Resolved, That papers friendly to the American Party throughout the State be requested to notice the change of time for the meeting of the said State Convention.

J. H. WALTON, Chairman.
R. K. Howell, Secretary.—m30 2ptf&W

☞ One and all please remember French's Emporium for bargains in Dry Goods, Table Cutlery, Pocket Cutlery, Jewelry, Cigars, Paper and Stationery, etc. Please remember 130 Poydras street, between St. Charles and Carondelet streets.

Auctions on Mondays and Saturdays only. a6 2p6t

☞ A Word to the Ladies—In recommending to your use Dr. J. Hostetter's celebrated Stomach Bitters, it is but justice to state that, as a stimulant to the system, in imparting strength and vigor, preparatory to periodical stages, which are oft times attended with much pain and trouble, we know of no preparation more happily adapted to all infirmities consequent upon this cause, and for cramps in the stomach, cholera morbus, and all ailments arising from over indulgence in the fruits, vegetables, ice-creams, etc., etc., it is a certain and almost instantaneous remedy, and as family should be without it. Directions for use on the bottle. Sold by druggists and dealers generally. a6 2p6t&1tW

☞ Mrs. Boyd, No. 158 Camp street—Depot for the sale of SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES. All kinds of Sewing done by machinery for Ships, Steamboats, Grocers, Families and Hotels. Dresses made by model and with dispatch, at less than the usual rates. Ladies' Under garments made up to order or for sale ready made. m26 2pif

☞ Hoofland's German Bitters superior to all preparations now in use.—Jackson, La., Aug. 1, 1854. Dear Sir: I feel bound to express my gratification to you for the incalculable benefit I have derived from the use of two bottles of your German Bitters. I have found them to be all you recommend them to be, and cheerfully recommend them to the public as a safe and sure remedy for the diseases they are intended for, and superior to all preparations now in use. Very respectfully yours, H. OPPENHEIMER.

See advertisement. m16 2p1m&W

The Greatest Novelty of the Day.

THE PARATONIC OR EXPANDING POCKET-BOOK. Its advantages over every other article, for men of business or travelers, are unquestionable.

Sold wholesale and retail, at low prices, at

GUIONS',
a10 2p6t corner St. Charles and Canal sts.

Linen Shirts! Linen Shirts!

JUST RECEIVED—120 dozen assorted styles at $27 to $36 a dozen.

The above are very superior goods, MADE TO ORDER IN BELFAST, IRELAND, and are 20 per cent. cheaper than such goods are usually sold.

P. & E. REILLY & CO.,
Sign of the Golden Flax.
a10 2t6t 126 Canal street, between Royal and Bourbon.

Hoops!

HOOPS!!

HOOPS!!!

JUST RECEIVED,
BY STEAMSHIP BLACK WARRIOR—
STEEL SPRING SKIRTS:
FLAT BONE SKIRTS;
ROUND BONE SKIRTS:
SKELETON SKIRTS, AND
CHILDREN'S HOOPED SKIRTS.

C. M. SIMPSON & CO.,
a10 2ptf 116 Canal street.

The

FRENCH,
SPANISH,
GERMAN and
ENGLISH
LANGUAGES,
MATHEMATICS,
PENMANSHIP
And BOOK-KEEPING,
PHONOGRAPHY, etc.,

are taught in a practical manner, as used in business, at

DOLBEAR'S COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,
No. 106 Canal street.

New Classes this week. All attend until as perfect as they wish to be.

RUFUS DOLBEAR,
a10 2t2t 106 Canal street.

That Pistol Challenge.

Having observed in the Crescent and Picayune of the 3d inst. a card signed James Montgomery, proposing a trial of skill with pistols against any "gentleman in Louisiana," and excluding myself except upon condition that I "second him three inches in the measurement of the twenty shots," I have waited until the present time in order to afford others the opportunity of making the match.

I now accept the challenge on the terms offered, including the advantage of measurement, but prefer that the stakes should be increased to $2,000 or $2,500, and that the contest should take place in public.

Money deposited in the hands of Mr. David Bidwell, Picayune Saloon, 36 St. Charles street.

F. S.—And, I offer to shoot with any gentleman in the United States for $1000 a side—distance twelve paces, at the word or deliberate aim, twenty or more shots, at the line or spot, and with the aid of but one hand, using measurement from center to center. The match to come off publicly either in New Orleans or St. Louis.

JOHN TRAVIS.
a9 2p2t

The Pacific Railroad.

To the Editors of the Crescent:

Gentlemen—Inquiries have been made as to what the Southern Pacific Railroad has done, or is doing, to complete the twenty miles of road which the charter requires to be finished by the 15th February next. I have, in reply, to state that 2,273 tons of iron have arrived in New Orleans, part of which has been sent, and the balance is being sent to Swanson's landing, where the iron is wanted. Ten miles of the road was graded and cross-tied before the 15th last February, and I have just seen Mr. Hall, a director of the company, residing in Marshall, Texas, who arrived here a few days ago. He states that three more miles are graded, making thirteen in all. A contract was made, a week ago, with responsible parties, to grade eight miles more; in addition to which, the company has between two and three hundred hands on the road, as Major Blanch, the engineer, informed me. Thus, you will see that of the whole twenty miles necessary to be made, only seven miles remain to be finished, and eight are under contract.

GEO. S. YERGER, President.
a8 2p3t

Plantation Articles.

In connection with our establishment for the goods, we have a general depot of PLANTATION CLOTHING, which contains the following for Spring and Summer:

ATTAKAPAS COTTONADE PANTALOONS, superior to any of the Northern Cottonades, and sewed by hand by Machines.
Denims, Log Cabin and Brown Linen PANTS.
Denims, Log Cabin and Brown Linen Jackets and Jumper
Brown COTTON SHIRTS.
Women's and Girls' Cottonade and Calico FROCKS.
STRAW HATS, White Wool Hats, etc.

F. MALARD & CO.,
58 and 60 Canal street,
a7 2p6t&4tW corner of Old Levee street.

Great Reduction in Silks!

We will from this date offer our entire stock of SPRING SILKS at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

P. & E. REILLY & CO.,
Sign of the Golden Flax.
a6 2p6t 126 Canal street, between Royal and Bourbon.

Low Priced Spring Goods.

We have just received a large assortment of Ladies' Spring and Summer DRESS GOODS, which we will sell extremely low.

—Also—

20 cases BLEACHED COTTON, at all prices.

JOSEPH ISRAEL,
111 Circus street,
a5 2p2 and corner of Thalia and Dryades streets.

Flounced Robes, Linen Lawns,

Mantillas, etc.

MRS. E. NOBLE,
No. 133 Dryades street, opposite Dryades Market,
—Is now selling—

Rich Flounced BAREGE ROBES, by 18 yards, at $6.
.. .. ORGANDY ROBES, by 18 yards, at $7.
.. .. JACONET ROBES, by 14 yards, at $4.
Printed LINEN LAWNS, pure and fast colors, at 25 to 35 cents a yard.
Pure IRISH LINENS, fine quality, by 25 yards, $7 50 to $10 a piece.
Rich Moire and Black SILK MANTILLAS, at $2 50 to $5.
New Style PARASOLS and MARQUISES, from $1 50 to $3.
4 4 Bleached COTTONS, 8 and 10 cents a yard.
CALICOS, fast colors, 10 cents.
Ladies' KID GLOVES, good, at 50 cents a pair.
.. .. .. slightly spotted, at 25 cents.
SILK GLOVES, at 20 cents a pair.
Black SHIRT GLOVES and MITS, at 50 a pair.

—Also—

Just received, a splendid stock of DRESS GOODS, WHITE GOODS, Housekeeping and Domestic Goods, EMBROIDERIES, Rich FANS and Gash RIBBONS—all at very low prices.

E. NOBLE,
a6 2p6t 133 Dryades street.

Fishing Apparatus.

SEINES,
NETS,
BAMBOO RODS,
GENUINE LIMERICK HOOKS,
—And a full assortment of—
FISHING TACKLE.

In store and for sale by

McCUTCHON, HOWELL & CO.,
a5 2p1m&W No. 55 Camp street.

Spring and Summer Clothing.

I am now receiving by every steamer from the North, new accessions to my already extensive stock of CLOTHING, consisting of—

Black Drab D'ete FROCK COATS and PANTS.
.. ALPACA .. ..
SUMMER CASS SUITS—A variety of Colors.
WHITE and FANCY LINEN SUITS.
—Also, a large Stock of—
WHITE and FANCY LINEN SHIRTS—Desirable Patterns.
Lisle Thread, Gauze Merino and Gauze Cotton UNDERSHIRTS.
LINEN and COTTON DRAWERS.
—A large assortment of—
PHILADELPHIA SOLE LEATHER TRUNKS, and a full stock of everything in my line, to which the attention of Strangers and the public is invited.

ROBERT PITKIN,
a1 2p6t 13 and 15 Camp street.

Joseph Israel,

General Dealer in Foreign and Domestic STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS, SILKS, EMBROIDERIES, LACES, RIBBONS, TRIMMINGS, etc., etc.,

No. 111 Circus street,
a6 2p1m and corner Thalia and Dryades.

Clarified Cotton Seed Oil.

P. MARTIN & DROMEL,

FACTORY—Bienville street, corner Johnson. OFFICES—36 Gravier street and 35 Chartres street, up stairs, New Orleans. a6 2p1m

Dailey's Genuine Pain Extractor

This article will subdue the pain and inflammation from the severest burns or scalds, in from 1 to 20 minutes, and it will heal the wounds without scar, and effectually cure Fever Sores, Salt Rheum, Piles, Inflammatory Rheumatism, Sore and Inflamed Eyes, Cuts, Wounds, Bruises, Old and Inveterate Sores, Scald Head, Corns and Bunions, Erysipelas, Sprains, Screllings, Felons, Chilblains, Bites of Insects, Swelled and Broken Breast, Sore Nipples, Eruptions, and all other inflammatory and cutaneous diseases, where the parts affected can be reached.

Don't be incredulous about the many diseases named to be cured by only one thing—but reflect, that the few but positive properties which the Dailey Salve alone contains, and as hereto'ore enumerated—one to four—can reach not alone the aforementioned diseases, but many more not enumerated.

Query: Do not regular bred physicians prescribe calomel inwardly for scores of different diseases?

Sold in New Orleans, wholesale and retail, by

J. WRIGHT & CO.,
a6 2teod&1tW 21 and 151 Chartres street.

At the Mammoth Establishment

—OF—

ALFRED MUNROE & CO.,
No. 34 Magazine street,
—May be found—
THE MOST COMPREHENSIVE STOCK
—OF—
Fine and Fashionable Clothing

Ever exhibited at the South.

It is impossible in an advertisement to enumerate all the different articles now for sale at the above store, but the following are a few of the LEADING STYLES.

Spring and Summer Coats.

Single Milled Black Cloth FROCKS and SACS.
.. .. Cold .. .. ..
.. .. Fancy Mixed Cassimere FROCKS and SACS.
Fancy Cashmere and S. M. Tweed .. ..
.. Drap de Napoleon .. ..
.. Ermineet .. ..
.. and Black Alpaca .. ..
Black Drab D'Ete .. ..
.. Bombazine and Barpour .. ..
Fancy Figured Linen Drill .. ..
Checked and Striped French Drill .. ..
.. .. Mode Col'd Marseilles .. ..
&c., &c., &c., &c., &c., &c.

Spring and Summer Pantaloons.

Single Milled Black Doeskin PANTALOONS.
.. .. Fancy Cassimere .. ..
.. .. Mixed Tricord Cassimere PANTALOONS.
.. .. Cashmere and Tweed .. ..
Fancy Drap de Napoleon .. ..
Super Black French Drap D'Ete .. ..
Fancy Figured Linen Drill .. ..
Checked and Striped French Drill .. ..
.. .. Mode Col'd Marseilles .. ..
&c., &c., &c., &c., &c., &c.

Spring and Summer Vests.

Super White Marseilles VESTS, R. C. and D. B.
.. Fancy .. .. ..
Single Milled Cassimere .. .. ..
.. .. Cashmere and Tweed Vests, R. C. and D. B.
Checked and Striped Drill .. ..
.. .. Mode Col'd Marseilles .. ..
Black Bombazine and Barpour .. ..
&c., &c., &c., &c., &c., &c.

Spring and Summer Under Garments.

Linen and Muslin SHIRTS, all styles, warranted to fit.
Gauze Merino Undershirts and Wrappers, splendid assortment.
Gauze Cotton .. .. ..
Lisle Thread .. .. ..
Lisle Thread, Linen and Muslin DRAWERS.
Linen and Silk HANDKERCHIEFS; SUSPENDERS, HALF HOSE, GLOVES.
Muslin and Silk CRAVATS and TIES.
&c., &c., &c., &c., &c., &c.
TRUNKS, VALISES, CARPET BAGS AND UMBRELLAS.
India Rubber Clothing and India Rubber Goods, all kinds and of the best quality only.

☞ Boys' Clothing of every description. ☜

The whole comprising the most perfect assortment of well-made Clothing and Under Garments ever offered to our customers.

Call and examine for yourselves,

AT THE ONE PRICE STORE OF
ALFRED MUNROE & CO.,
a5 2p6t 34 Magazine street,
North east corner of Gravier street.

Summer Clothing.

F. MALARD & CO.,
58 and 60 Canal street, corner Old Levee.

The subscribers have received by the last arrivals a fresh assortment of SUMMER CLOTHING, which they offer for sale at moderate prices. Their stock is composed in part of the following:

White and Colored DRILL PANTS.
White DUCK PANTS, COATS and VESTS.
Fancy Striped Gauze Cloth and Gingham COATS.
Brown LINEN COATS, PANTS and VESTS.
Alpaca FROCKETES and S