The Orleans Daily Crescent.

JAMES S. NIXON, WILLIAM R. ADAMS.

BY NIXON & ADAMS.

OFFICE, No. 70 CAMP STREET.

TERMS:

The Crescent will be regularly served to subscribers in the city at an early hour every morning, (Sundays excepted,) for $10 a year, in advance; half-yearly and quarterly at the same rates, or 20 cents a week, payable to the carriers.

Advertisements, per square—first insertion, in all cases $1; for every subsequent insertion, 50 cents.

Advertisements on the second page are charged $1 for every insertion.

Advertisements published at intervals, will be charged $1 per square for every insertion.

Advertisements not marked, will be published one month, or longer, and charged accordingly; no advertisement or subscription will be stopped until all arrearages are paid, at the option of the proprietors.

A Liberal Discount will be made to regular advertisers.

THE DAILY CRESCENT

Has a circulation which renders it a desirable medium for advertisers. AS A FAMILY PAPER it circulates largely, reaching many hundreds of houses at an early hour, and being read before the approach of business hours, consequently articles for family use may be advantageously published in its columns.

THE WEEKLY CRESCENT

is published every Monday morning at $3 year, invariably in advance. Having an extensive circulation throughout Louisiana, Mississippi, Arkansas, Alabama, Texas, and other States, it presents a favorable mode to advertisers of making their wants and commodities known. Advertisements inserted for $1 per square, each insertion.

SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 18, 1857.

☞ The clerk of the steamer Antelope has our thanks for late Louisville papers.

☞ We are indebted to Messrs. Snapp & Hite for late Memphis and Vicksburg papers per steamer Cora No. 2.

The Weekly Crescent.

☞ The WEEKLY CRESCENT, issued this morning, contains all the latest information received, foreign and domestic, by mail and telegraph, together with a great amount of valuable and interesting miscellaneous matter.

Persons wishing to obtain copies for the mail can procure them, done up in strong wrappers, at the office, No. 70 Camp street, or at J. C. Morgan's bookstore, adjoining the Post-Office.

Double Sheet Crescent.

The Crescent will again be issued on a double sheet on Monday morning next. It will contain a vast amount of readable matter, including several excellent literary articles, poetry, tales, miscellany, etc. Advertisers will confer a favor by sending in their notices at an early hour, as the large edition we now issue compels us to hasten to press.

☞ We understand from the Nicaraguan agent in New Orleans, that none of the persons reported as having been killed and wounded by the explosion of the J. N. Scott, on the San Juan river, as published yesterday morning in one of the city papers, appears upon the regular list of emigrants on file in his office.

This, of itself, throws grave doubts upon the authority of the telegraphic despatches from New York purporting to be forwarded on information brought from San Juan by the steamship Tennessee.

Whether this surmise be correct or not, one thing is certain: the enemies of the regeneration of Central America in the United States are unquestionably the greatest liars in all Christendom.

CONTESTED.—We learn that Judge Augustin has contested the validity of the election of Mr. H. B. Eggleston to the Judgeship of the Fifth District Court, of which tribunal he is the present incumbent. The case is to be tried before the Fourth District Court. We are not advised as to the precise nature of the grounds urged by Judge A. on behalf of his suit, but understand the legality of the whole election is questioned. Although without pretensions to legal knowledge, it seems to us the case has slender merits to rest upon. At all events, we propose looking into the matter before our next issue, and, mayhap, shall have something to say on the subject.

ODD FELLOWS' ANNIVERSARY BALL.—We take pleasure in commending to the attention of our readers the advertisement of the Odd Fellows in another column, announcing their intention to commemorate the anniversary of the inauguration of their Order in the United States, by a Grand Regalia Ball, under the auspices of the Grand Lodge of Louisiana, on Monday the 27th inst; as, judging from the skillful and spirited manner in which the arrangements for it are being made—something of which we happen to know, having been privileged with a peep behind the scenes—it will be, *par excellence*, the grand ball of the season. Indeed, we are confident it cannot be otherwise, for Odd Fellows, and such as are to be found in the Crescent City, taking high rank in our community, are capable of marvels in labors of love and works of benevolence, and such may be deemed their intended celebration—seeing that it is for the benefit of their noble edifice which so proudly fronts Lafayette Square.

We therefore, bespeak for their ball—nay, venture to predict—a numerous attendance, largely sprinkled with the beauty, gallantry and intelligence of our city. The banners of the several lodges, and the emblems of the fraternity will be picturesquely displayed on the walls, interspersed with mottoes illustrating the principles of the Order. The lodge rooms, which in themselves are a goodly and interesting sight, will be thrown open to inspection, and the ladies can repair to them to rest and recruit when weary of "tripping on the light, fantastic toe;" and the newest and most fashionable dances will be introduced under the accomplished direction of Professor Vegas. In fine, we know enough to promise our ball-going friends all the "poetry of motion," as dancing has been happily called, they can desire, and would exclaim with the noble poet, in anticipation of the jubilant occasion,

"Oh with the dance! let joy be unconfined;
No sleep till morn, when youth and pleasure meet
To chase the glowing hours with flying feet!"

ST. JOHN'S SCHOOL FAIR.—The ladies are still engaged in their noble work of contributing to the liquidation of the debt of St. John's School, on Dryades street. The fair, which has been open all the week in the school-house, will be continued to-night. It is a delightful entertainment in every respect, and worthy the unlimited patronage of the public.

GAIETY THEATRE.—In consequence of preparations for a new and splendid opera at this house, there will be no performance this evening. "Il Trovatore" is to be given on Monday evening.

TROYE'S ORIENTAL PICTURES.—The series of paintings representing views of the Dead Sea and scenes in Damascus, now exhibiting in the lecture room of Odd Fellows' Hall, have received the unqualified approbation of all judges of fine painting, and have afforded a pleasure of a deep and refined nature to crowds of those who love the sacred histories of the Holy Land. The pictures are accurate portrayals of nature, and those of the Dead Sea and the River Jordan were taken at the expense of much exposure and fatigue. Mr. Troye, however, is not remunerating himself by the exhibition, but with the enthusiastic and noble impulse which ever characterizes the true artist, is exhibiting his pictures for the mere honor of the thing, appropriating the proceeds to benevolent purposes. The paintings may be seen at any time from 10 o'clock in the forenoon till 10 o'clock at night.

CAPT. TODD'S CALIFORNIA PANORAMA.—Remember, everybody, that this magnificent and extensive work of art will be thrown open this afternoon, at Armory Hall, to the gratuitous inspection of as many of the Sabbath Schools of the city as have accepted the manager's invitation. If the invitation has been as extensively accepted as it ought to be, it will be a sight to see the children enjoying the sight. The panorama will be exhibited at night, as usual.

ST. CHARLES THEATER.—The Ravels come out in three of their greatest pieces to night: "Mazulm," "The Soldier for Love," and "The Isle of Nymphs." The crowds that go to see them continue unabated in density and enthusiasm.

ORLEANS THEATER.—"The Troubadour," or "Il Trovatore" in French, is to be given at the Orleans to-night, for the third time. An early application for seats will be necessary to those who wish to see and hear the opera to the full extent.

FOREIGN AND AMERICAN DRY GOODS.—The particular attention of city and country buyers is called to the extensive sale of fresh imported dry goods and embroidery, by Vincent & Co., at 10 o'clock this day, at their auction rooms, No. 25 Customhouse street.

STEAMBOAT FOR SALE.—A light draft steamer is offered for sale by Messrs. Shaw & Zunts, at Nos. 39 and 41 Front street. See advertisement.

Others went to join to get rich—MONEY.

THE RIGHT OF SECESSION.

Some of the Charleston papers have recently been exhuming this old subject from the tomb in which common sense deposited it many years ago. We regret the exhumation. The disinterment should not have taken place. It is labor all lost and worse than lost; for fruitless labor leads to exhaustion and apathy, if nothing else. If the advocates of the constitutional right of secession carry the day, nothing is gained of any practical moment. If the supporters of the opposite side of the question carry their point, nothing is secured of the smallest practical value! Why, then, continue an impracticable discussion out of which no good can possibly flow, while the Goths and Vandals of abolition are hovering near and threatening our exposed north-eastern and north-western frontiers? In all seriousness, we put this interrogatory to our South Carolina cotemporaries. We have the present to guard against, a portentous future to provide for, and consequently abstract speculations as to the constitutionality or unconstitutionality of a practically impossible procedure are necessarily out of place and of no account.

The Columbia South Carolinian, speaking of the right of secession, and of the controversy between the Charleston papers, says:

Inasmuch as we are on the subject, we would state that we have been asked our opinion of the ordinance of secession which was adopted by a convention of the people. We would merely say, in answer, that we approve of it, unqualifiedly—we believe now, and have always believe, that a State is the sole judge of the cause, time, etc., and that when we regard the occasion a proper one, we will not fail to give our views freely and unreservedly.

When a dissolution of the union of these States takes place—an event we would like to see postponed forever if possible—the right or wrong, constitutionally speaking, of secession will not be considered or enter at all into the arrangement. The act will be a revolutionary act in all its phases and aspects, and the right of revolution is universally admitted in this country. In fact, this right underlies and sustains the superstructure of our government. Our ancestors fought for and won their liberties, on the principle that "resistance to tyrants was obedience to God;" and on that principle dared the hazards of a fearful struggle in which, if unsuccessful, they knew their doom would be that of traitors, and their deaths the deaths meted out to traitors. Therefore, those who contemplate a reverence of this confederacy, should bear these vital facts in mind, plant themselves squarely upon the universally recognized right of revolution, and be prepared for whatever contingencies the future may bring forth.

White Slavery in the North.

The city of New York numbers, we believe, considerably over a half million of human beings, more than a due proportion of whom are females. The great mass of those adult females—say, at a moderate estimate, one hundred thousand—are the pluched up inheritors of a squalid poverty, and the victims of a severe and miserably requited labor. They are free—they are white—and yet the most toil-burdened class of negresses in these Southern States are not so slavishly the vassals of the white race as are these New York "coolies"—the helots to Northern capital. In making such assertions with regard to the North, says a Mississippi cotemporary, we always prefer the corroboration of proof derived from themselves. In this instance the New York Times is at hand, with a long essay upon the extortion and insult endured by the numerous sewing women of that city, from which we make the appended extract, premising that, had its "unvarnished truth" emanated from a Southern pen, it would have been pronounced either a hideous exaggeration or a foul aspersion:

It is a fact proved that the majority of our sewing women are working for starvation prices, with a fair chance of being defrauded at that. It is rather interesting to know how these things are managed. There is a system about it—these fellows do everything by rule. The shrinking timidity of women, of which poets delight to sing, proves their fruitful source of revenue. A merchant has a quantity of goods to be made up; he tells his sharp clerk to get them done in the cheapest possible manner. They advertise, and women needing work, lured by the advertisement, apply. They are required to leave money as a pledge of their honesty; the thing seems fair enough, for they are strangers to the advertisers, and besides they are glad to get work on any terms, so they leave their dollar, make the coarse garments and return them to the store. The sharp clerk is an acute physiognomist, and he says the hands (a most suggestive term, by the way) according to their activity, keeping the pledge of some on the pretence that the work is spoiled; refusing to pay others; and only pay those whose faces show that they are not to be trifled with. In this way the merchant gets his work done cheaply, and can afford to under sell his neighbor, and, as a matter of course, the people buy of him.

That there is more slavery in New York and the New England States—in all but the name—is a fact we have long been convinced of. Our own personal experience and observation, as well as that of those who have taken the pains to investigate for themselves, confirms and demonstrates this truth. Northern factory life is infinitely more unhealthy, and hard, and oppressive, than Southern plantation life. This has been proved by official reports made to the Legislature of Massachusetts. The poor operatives do twice as much work as a negro field hand is ever called upon to do, are deprived of air and exercise, and if blessed with health seldom make more than enough to keep body and soul together. If taken sick the odds are ten to one that they are consigned to the tender mercies of some poor house, in comparison with which the accommodations and comforts of our parish prison—which are bad enough in all conscience—are a perfect elysium.

Yet the leaders of these people have the effrontery to prate about the evils of Southern negro slavery! Were they not wholly lost to shame—had not fanaticism rooted every noble instinct from their bosoms—they would remedy acknowledged evils at home, before finding fault with their neighbors, and rudely slandering them and their domestic institutions.

Talk on 'Change—The Mails and Post-Office.

The Northern mail, due yesterday, failed from beyond Augusta, Ga. For the past ten days the mails on the Mobile route have been received with some regard to punctuality; yet there are causes for complaint, owing to the parsimonious manner, and we may say the niggardly regard the former Postmaster-General paid to the demands and feelings of the mercantile community. It is hoped that Mr. Brown will act more liberal towards New Orleans, and allow sufficient assistance or clerical force in the Post-Office to ensure more prompt and early delivery of the mails. It does not comport well with reason that the same number of clerks can perform the duties at this time which could easily be completed five years ago in due season, when the duties were one-third less. It appears the late Postmaster-General never could entertain the idea that the business of New Orleans was yearly increasing, and that twice the number of letters and papers are distributed at this Post-Office that there were seven years ago, and yet there has been no corresponding increase of clerks or assistants. We conceive that it comes within the scope of the duties detailed on the Chamber of Commerce to call the attention of Postmaster-General Brown to this matter From the promptitude with which he has acceded to sundry suggestions, as improvements in the mail service, it is reasonable to conclude that a request in behalf of our Post-Office would be favorably received. Though the business season is drawing to a close, yet the increase and decrease of clerks ought to be left optional with the Postmaster, as it is presumed the government can confide in his discretion and judgment.

There were strong symptoms of a falling off in trade yesterday; though it was tolerable lively at the upper steamboat landing, at the lower one it was dull and inactive. There is some freight going up Red river—considerable less up the Yazoo and points on the Mississippi, and still less to come hither. Our marine register shows a great falling off in the receipts of cotton, and the decrease at all the ports this morning, in receipts, will be approximating 400,000 bales. It is about time for us to feel the effects of that "rush" before the water courses all rush out.

In the meantime, we will await our correspondence by the Niagara, the mails by which will be due here this morning.

The next accounts from Liverpool will probably be by one of the screw steamers from Liverpool of the 8th at New York.

COTTON.—The receipts for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 o'clock last evening, were by the steamer Natchez, from Vicksburg, 652 bales; Planter, from Minden, 348; Opelousas, from Ouachita, 104; Cora, from Memphis, 357. Total, 1461 bales.

The receipts for the corresponding day last year were 5371 bales.

The exports yesterday were, for Liverpool, 5824 bales; for Havre, 2574; for Bordeaux, 106; for Boston, 855. Total, 9359 bales.

Telegraphed to the New Orleans Crescent.

THE SIOUX IN MINNESOTA.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

LATER FROM SANTA FE.

SNOW STORM AT LOUISVILLE.

Domestic Markets, River News, etc.

[BY THE NATIONAL LINE.]

ST. LOUIS, April 17.—Our advices from Santa Fe are to the 18th. Considerable excitement had been occasioned by a collision between a Mexican named Gruber, and a soldier. Gruber shot the soldier, and gave himself up to the authorities. A party of soldiers afterwards entered the jail where he was confined and killed him and another prisoner.

The Sioux in Minnesota.

CHICAGO, April 17.—After the destruction of the settlement at Spirit Lake, the Sioux attacked the town of Springfield, in Southern Minnesota, but were repulsed with the loss of ten or twelve of their band.

A detachment of one hundred U. S. troops pursued them, but were compelled to return for want of provisions.

Washington Affairs.

WASHINGTON, April 17.—A Mr. Sayers committed an assault to-day on George B. Herrick, because of certain comments contained in a letter of the latter's to the New York Herald, in regard to the connection of Assistant Secretary Clayton with the payment of Thompson's Indian claim. Sayer's wife is a relative of Clayton's.

Denver entered to-day upon his duties as Commissioner of Indian Affairs.

The Snow Storm at Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, April 17.—9 P. M.—The snow continued to fall the whole afternoon, measuring about four inches on a level. It is now melting and turning to rain. The mercury stands at 37.

Domestic Markets.

NEW YORK, April 17.—Flour is heavy. Southern is unchanged. Wheat firm. Corn steady at 71c. Mess Pork $22 90. Beef steady. Lard heavy. Whisky 27½c. Stocks are lower. The money market is tighter.

NEW YORK, April 17.—6 P. M.—Cotton closed steady, with sales to-day of 1,000 bales. Buyers demand a reduction.

Flour is firm. State $5 65 to $5 80, Ohio $6 10 to $6 40, Southern $6 25 to $6 50. Southern White Wheat sells at $1 62½. Mixed Corn is quoted at 71½c. Eastern Mess Pork $22 70 to $22 95, a decline. Cuban Molasses 62 to 63c.

Money is slightly more stringent. Sterling exchange is firm.

CINCINNATI, April 17.—Flour $5 20 to $5 25. Provisions are firmer. Whisky 22½c.

CINCINNATI, April 17.—6 P. M.—Flour selling at $5 20 to $5 25. Whisky firm at 22½. Provisions are firmer. Sugar and Coffee are firm. Molasses is steady.

The River.

LOUISVILLE, April 17.—The river is about at a stand, with six feet nine inches on the fal , and nine feet three inches in the canal.

LAUNCH.—A new ship of 1100 tons was launched at New York, on the morning of the 9th inst., from the ship-yard of Wm. H. Webb. Like a great many vessels built within the last few years, this one is called a splendid specimen of mechanism and skill. What attracted our notice more particularly was the name of the ship, "Roger A. Hiern." We suppose, then, she is named after our old commodore of the lakes, the present commander of the Mobile mail line boat Cuba. We think a figure head representing the commanding, portly bearing of the commodore on any vessel's bow could not be excelled. We hope the ship will be as fortunate in her career as the name she bears.

AMPHITHEATER.—At 12 o'clock to-day the Amphitheater will be thrown open to the ladies and children who cannot leave home at night, and have not yet feasted upon "Beauty and the Beast" as rendered by the Marsh Children. At night the attraction will be extra. The pretty little dansuse Jeannie is to take a benefit. She will go through some of her choicest terpsichorean exercises, and the rest of the troupe will appear again in "Beauty and the Beast" and "Perfection." Give little Jeannie a rouser, and in order to do it well see to your seats early

FOR LOUISVILLE, ETC.—The fine steamer Ben Franklin, Capt. Clarke, leaves for Memphis, Cairo, Louisville and all intermediate landings, this afternoon, at 5 o'clock. Messrs. John E. Hyde & Co., 66 Poydras street, are her agents.

GEO. S. YERGER, ESQ.—The opinion prevails, says the Vicksburg Whig, of the 14th, that Geo. S. Yerger, Esq., intends to abandon the practice of his profession, in consequence of his acceptance of the Presidency of the Pacific Railroad Company. This is a mistake. Mr. Yerger will continue to reside at Jackson, and will attend to the duties of his profession as well as those of his new position.

GONE OVER.—The Hon. Henry W. Hilliard, of Alabama, has gone over to the Democracy. He had better have gone back to his old vocation, preaching the gospel. So says the Vicksburg Whig. We agree with the Whig; and besides, we never had an exalted opinion of preacher politicians. When a minister mixes up together the pure doctrines of Christ and the doctrines of partisan organizations, he generally makes a poor minister and an unreliable politician. The gospel is all the worse for him, and politics no better.

NATIVE AMERICAN PEARLS.—A late number of the Paterson (N. J.) Guardian, says that quite an excitement has existed for some time in the upper part of that city, owing to a sort of pearl mania. Some parties, a few weeks since, in examining the meat of the fresh water clams, which so abound in the brooks in that vicinity, discovered a pearl of uncommon size and beauty. Upon further searching, others were secured, and the fact becoming known quite a number of the townsmen got wild upon the discovery. About 300 have been found, one as big as a marble, for which $200 has been refused.

FATAL CASUALTY.—In Philadelphia on the evening of the 9th, Susan Colwell was instantly killed in the house of her brother-in-law, the Rev. Mr. Cappers, by the accidental discharge of a pistol which fell from the mantle-piece while she was in the act of taking another article down. The ball entered her head.

NEW ORLEANS AND JACKSON RAILROAD.—The Jackson (Miss.) Flag of the Union, of the 15th inst., has the following encouraging remarks in reference to the progress and prospects of our great Northern road. We trust the work will be pushed forward with as little delay as practicable. When the Jackson connection is made the road will be one of the best paying roads in the United States. It then will lie in connection with the Vicksburg, and the Southern road, with the continuation to Canton in Madison county, and probably with the Mississippi Central Railroad:

In two or three days the cars will run regularly to Brookhaven—128 miles from the city and 60 miles from Jackson. We may then receive our daily city mail through in 18 hours. We learn by a gentleman who has just come up the line, that the remainder of the work is being prosecuted with great vigor. It is thought that by a hard push the road might be opened in January next, but it seems to us that is scarcely to be desired, either by the company or the public. The passage of heavy cotton trains, in the rains and floods of mid-winter, over an entirely new road, would lead to accidents, delays and enormous expense. If the line is opened in the early spring the road, so to speak, will be seasoned during the summer, and the motive power and the rolling stock may be amply provided for the winter's business.

COWPERS.—Mr. C. H. Bradshaw, at No. 32 Old Levee, has received a fresh lot of the above article. See advertisement.

Arrivals at the Principal Hotels Yesterday.

ST. CHARLES.—G G Groves, La; I B Outcalt, N Y; L P Blackburn, Natchez; E A Southgate, Tuskaloosa; R Sedley, Ky; J C Lewis, N O; Jesse Hart, Grand Tete; Geo Stanley, N O; W B Walton, Nashville; B H Mitchell and lady, Miss; E S Matthews and svt, Miss; E Vanzie, A La; S S Bullwell and lady, W B Filley, N Y; W B Phillips, N O; G Schmidt, N Y; Jacob Baptiste, Pascagoula, M S; Ferguson, Ala; H E Barnes, Vicksburg; Henry V Rankin, Baltimore; Edward P Ayr, Tenn; Mrs T Johnson, child and svt, Jas H Johnston, La; J R Bigelow, Miss Bigelow, Miss Eldridge, Boston; F H Chamberlin, Miss C H Chamberlain, Mobile; D P Russell, N O; Miss Hillis and svt, Pas Christian; W G Horner, Ga; Wm F Smith, Miss; J G Pickens, Dr Carrington, Robt Mackay, La; B L Lacy, Va; L W R Black, Wm J Johnson, La; J Morgan, La; J Randall, Ga; R D Gould, N C; Henry J Selby, J V Rutherford, Ga; Mrs J Murray and son, Ky.

CITY.—Dr A B Russell, Maj S W Caney, Col T Johnson, John R Evans, H Brooks, La; Thos Pagan and lady, M Grannan, N O; S S Merrill, lady and 2 children, J B Hallee and lady, Mobile, Ala; P H Johnson, N O; Jno H Torey, Rivas; John A Torey; R B Russell, Bonthron, La; Jas Vaughn and lady, Ark; Hall Fellows, lady and child; O Chamberlin and lady, Rochester, N Y; Levi Kinds, Huntsville, Ala; R F Wharton; C Truman; Albert Bennett, R C Gross, Louis Dery; J J W Merrill; J J Atkinson, St Mary, La; T S Savage, Miss; J S McIlvane, Woodville, Miss; R C Files, East Pascagoula; G W Hardy and lady, Ohio; E D Brown, Miss; Geo W Norris, Virginia; A M Veal, Springfield, Texas.

☞ Guy Duplantier, American candidate for Fourth Justice of the Peace. Election 21st April, '57. a18

☞ The Bitters all they are represented to be.—Jackson, La., August 20, 1854.—Dear Sir: I have used your German Bitters, and find them all they are represented to be, and cheerfully commend them to the public as an excellent medicine. Respectfully yours, W. F. FAULKNER.
See advertisement. a16 2p1m&W

STATE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE AMERICAN PARTY OF LA., NEW ORLEANS, March 28, 1857.
☞ At a meeting of this Committee held on Thursday, 26th inst., at New Orleans, it was
Resolved, That in consideration of the fact that the important election for Charter Officers for the City of New Orleans is to take place on the first Monday of June next, the day upon which the Convention for the nomination of State Officers is held, by a Resolution of the American members of the Legislature, to assemble at Baton Rouge, it is recommended that the meeting of that Convention be postponed until the SECOND MONDAY OF JUNE NEXT, at 12 o'clock M., at Baton Rouge.
Resolved, That papers friendly to the American Party throughout the State be requested to notice the change of time for the meeting of the said State Convention.
J. B. WALTON, Chairman.
R. K. HOWELL, Secretary.—m23 2pt&2W

☞ One and all please remember French's Emporium for bargains in Dry Goods, Table Cutlery, Pocket Cutlery, Jewelry, Cigars, Paper and Stationery, etc. Please remember 130 Poydras street, between St. Charles and Carondelet streets.
Auctions on Mondays and Saturdays only. a13 2p6t

☞ "Woodland Cream." A Pomade for beautifying the Hair—highly perfumed, superior to any French article imported, and for half the price. For dressing ladies' Hair it has no equal, giving it a bright, glossy appearance. It causes Gentlemen's Hair to curl in the most natural manner. It removes Dandruff, always giving the hair the appearance of being fresh shampooned. Price only fifty cents. None genuine unless signed "Ferridge & Co., Proprietors of the Balm of a Thousand Flowers." For sale by SICKLES & CO., Agents; MORISON, and all Druggists. a11 2pod6m

☞ Read This—For all bowel diseases, cholera, diarrhea, dyspepsia, flatulency, constipation and general debility, we know of nothing better than Dr. Hostetter's celebrated Stomach Bitters. One wine-glass taken three times each day, before meals, will be a sure cure for all the above diseases, will remove all heaviness from the stomach; keep you free from costiveness, assist digestion, give a good appetite, and impart a healthy tone to the whole system. Every family should keep these Bitters on hand during the summer season as a family medicine. For sale by all principal druggists and dealers generally. m13 2p6t&1tW

☞ White Teeth, Perfumed Breath and beautiful complexion, can be acquired by using the BALM OF A THOUSAND FLOWERS. What lady or gentleman would remain under the curse of a disagreeable breath, when by using the "Balm of a Thousand Flowers" as a dentifrice, would not only render it sweet, but leave the teeth white as alabaster! Many persons do not know their breath is bad, and the subject is so delicate their friends will never mention it. Beware of counterfeits. Be sure each bottle is signed "Ferridge & Co., N. Y." For sale, by SICKLES & CO., Agents; MORISON, and all Druggists. a11 2pod6m

☞ Mrs. Boyd, No. 158 Camp street—Depot for the sale of SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES. All kinds of Sewing done by machinery for Ships, Steamboats, Grocers, Families and Hotels. Dresses made by model, and with dispatch, at less than the usual rates. Ladies' Under Garments made up to order or for sale ready made. m23 2p7

Carolina Cow Peas.

Just received, 100 sacks fresh CAROLINA COW PEAS, for sale by
C. H. BRADSHAW,
a18 2p6t No. 32 Old Levee.

Bargains in Corsets!

FIVE HUNDRED FRENCH CORSETS, From $1 00 to $2 00 each.
C. M. SIMPSON & CO.,
a16 2p8t 116 Canal street.

White Goods! White Goods!

JUST RECEIVED,
20 CASES WHITE GOODS, composed of Plain Cambric, Jaconet, Nainsook, India Mull, Swiss Mull, Book, Bishop's Lawn and Tarlaton.
Tape Check Cambric, Nainsook and Swiss;
Brilliantines, Sale Spots and Stripes;
Furniture and Furniture Dimity.
All of which we will offer VERY LOW.
P. & E. REILLY & CO.,
Sign of the Golden Fleece,
a16 2p6t 126 Canal street, between Royal and Bourbon.

Thread Lace Goods.

We will from this date offer our stock of REAL THREAD LACE SHAWLS, POINTS and MANTLES at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.
P. & E. REILLY & CO.,
a16 2p6t 126 Canal street, between Royal and Bourbon.

116 **Canal Street.** 116

C. M. SIMPSON & CO.,
Have just received another supply of
SPRING MANTILLAS.
—ALSO—
HOOPED SKIRTS
STILL ON HAND In Every Variety.
A few Dress Patterns of
AT LESS THAN IMPORTATION COST! THOSE CHEAP SILKS,
—With all descriptions of—
PLANTATION, HOUSEKEEPING AND FANCY DRY GOODS.
C. M. SIMPSON & CO.,
a15 2p7 116 Canal street.

Good News to Housekeepers!

Every family in the city should have one of
JOHN MCGHESNEY'S
PATENT WASHING MACHINES,
The Greatest Labor-Saving Invention of the Age for WASHING.
These Machines have been thoroughly tested, both in Liberty and elsewhere, and have proved
ENTIRELY SUCCESSFUL,
as Economical, Time-saving and Labor-saving Machines; and as such they have received the universal approbation of all who have witnessed their operation. Besides, it is a Southern invention, Southern manufacture, and ought to be patronized by the Southern people.
A sample can be seen, and Machines had, by applying at No. 82 Camp street, up stairs.
a15 2p1f GOODWYN, DAUGHERTY & CO.

P. Durel & Co.,

STATIONERS, PRINTERS AND BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURERS,
No. 37 Chartres street,
Have just received a large and complete assortment of PAPERS, BLANK BOOKS, INKS, MUCILAGE and PLAYING CARDS. Also, a splendid lot of Gold Pens; French White Envelope Paper for Silk, to which they call the attention of dry goods merchants. Always on hand Notaries Blanks, Blank Notes, Blank Drafts, Exchange, Custom-House Blanks, Check Books, Scrap Books, etc., etc.
P. DUREL & CO.,
a14 2p6t 37 Chartres street.

Barege and Turkish Shawls.

Just received, a large assortment of—
SILK BROCADE BAREGE SHAWLS,
TURCO'S CHENILLE ..
CRETEUIL LACE ..
CAMBRAI ..
.. FLOUNCED SQUARES.
BLACK FLOUNCING AND TRIMMING LACES,
VALENCIENNES AND APPLICATION ..
J. LEVOIS & CO.,
a13 2p6t corner of Canal and Bourbon streets.

Latest Style.

FLOUNCED ORGANDIES,
To be opened on MONDAY, 13th inst., by
J. LEVOIS & CO.,
a13 2p6t corner of Canal and Bourbon streets.

New Bareges.

An entire assortment of new designs FLOUNCED and BROCADE BAREGES.
J. LEVOIS & CO.,
a13 2p6t corner of Canal and Bourbon streets.

New Style

JACONETS, MUSLINS AND BALZORINES.
200 PIECES—All of our own importation.
J. LEVOIS & CO.,
a13 2p6t corner of Canal and Bourbon streets.

Lawns and Batiste.

2 cases LOUISIANA LIGHT BATISTE—A: 25 cents.
J. LEVOIS & CO.,
a13 2p6t corner of Canal and Bourbon streets.

Low Priced Spring Goods.

—We have just received—
100 PIECES FRENCH MUSLINS at 25 cents per yard.
200 MANTILLAS at very LOW PRICE.
JOSEPH ISRAEL,
111 Circus street,
a13 2p6t and corner of Thalia and Dryades streets.

Lyon's Kathairon.

People troubled by Dandruff, Harsh or Decaying Hair, should use LYON'S KATHAIRON. It is, without doubt, the most desirable Toilet Article and most effective remedy for Nervous Headache in the world.
Price, 25 cents—in large bottles. To be had throughout the world.
For sale in New Orleans, wholesale and retail, at proprietor's prices, by
J. WRIGHT & CO.,
a13 2p3tod&1tW 21 and 151 Chartres street.

Giquel & Jamison,

18 ..... Chartres Street 18
GREAT REDUCTION IN THE PRICES OF
DRY GOODS.
We will, from and after this date, offer our large and well assorted stock of FOREIGN and DOMESTIC DRY GOODS, at greatly reduced prices, as we are anxious to reduce our stock, previous to our leaving for Europe to select our Fall and Winter Goods. Our stock is one of the largest and best assorted in the city, and will be offered at the very lowest prices. It consists, in part, of—
DRESS GOODS, of every description.
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,
HOSIERY, GLOVES, etc., etc.
DOMESTICS, of all kinds.
PLANTATION GOODS, of the most celebrated Southern Manufactories.
All of which we will be pleased to show to our friends and the public.
GIQUEL & JAMISON,
a13 2p6t 18 Chartres street.

Preserve Your Fruit.

SELF-SEALING CANS AND JARS—A new and superior article, constantly on hand and for sale wholesale and retail, by
F. ROBERTS,
a13 2p6t No. 20 Camp street, New Orleans.

Water Coolers,

Of every variety and style, manufactured to order, and for sale by
F. ROBERTS,
a13 2p6t No. 20 Camp street, New Orleans.

Carpeting, Matting, Oil Cloth.

No. 19 CHARTRES STREET—We have a large assortment of English and American CARPETING, such as Medallion, Wilton, Velvet and Tapestry, Brussels, etc. FLOOR OIL CLOTH of all qualities and widths. MATTING—600 rolls 4-4, 5-4 and 6-4, White, Checkered and Fancy, just received. Also, Piano and Table Covers, Comb Cloths, Window Shades, etc., all of which we offer at the lowest market prices.
A. BROUSSEAU & CO.
a13 2p6t

Plantation Articles.

In connection with our establishment for fine goods, we have a general depot of PLANTATION CLOTHING, which contains the following for Spring and Summer:
ATTAKAPAS COTTONADE PANTALOONS, superior to any of the Northern Cottonades, and sewed by Sewing Machines.
Denims, Log Cabin and Brown Linen PANTS.
Denims, Log Cabin and Brown Linen Jackets and Jumper SHIRTS.
Women's and Girls' Cottonade and Calico FROCKS.
.. .. Brown COTTON SHIRTS.
STRAW HATS, White Wool Hats, etc.
F. MALARD & CO.,
a15 2p3&1tW 58 and 60 Canal street, corner of Old Levee street.

Summer Clothing.

F. MALARD & CO.,
58 and 60 Canal street, corner Old Levee.
The subscribers have received by the latest arrivals a fresh assortment of SUMMER CLOTHING, which they offer for sale at moderate prices. Their stock is composed in part of the following:
White and Colored DRILL PANTS.
White DUCK PANTS, COATS and VESTS.
Fancy Striped Grass Cloth and Gingham COATS.
Brown LINEN COATS, PANTS and VESTS.
Alpaca FROCKTERS and SACS.
Merino COATS, PANTS and VESTS.
Cashmerette COATS—Black and Colored.
Queen's Cloth COATS, PANTS and VESTS.
Bombazine and Alpaca VESTS.
White and Colored Marseilles VESTS.
Furnishing Goods.
A full assortment of FURNISHING GOODS, consisting of
Fancy Colored Cotton Shirts.
White Cotton Shirts, L. C. and B.
Lisle Thread Undershirts.
Gauze, Cotton and Merino Undersh'rts.
Linen and Muslin Drawers.
Muslin Undershirts.
Lisle Thread Socks.
White and Brown English Socks, very superior quality.
White and Black Silk Gloves.
Lisle Thread Gloves.
Fancy Poplin Half Cravats.
Summer Neck Ties.
Horse Hair Stocks, etc., etc.
Youths', Boys' and Children's Clothing.
Boys' and Youths' Alpaca, Merino, Cashmerette, Brown Linen and Check Coats.
White and Colored Drill Pants.
Brown Linen Pants and Vests.
Marino Vests and Pants.
Marseilles Vests.
Boys' and Children's Brown Linen, Alpaca and Check Drill Jackets.
Boys' and Children's White Drill, Brown Linen, Colored Drill and Alpaca Pants.
Children's White Linen Jackets.
Brown Linen Blouses, etc.
F. MALARD & CO.,
58 and 60 Canal street, corner of Old Levee.

New Spring & Summer Clothing.

P. STRINGER & CO.,
No. 35 Camp street.
LIGHT CASSIMERE COATS and PANTS to match;
French Merino and Bombazine FROCK COATS;
Barpour and Alpaca OFFICE COATS;
FANCY CASSIMERE PANTS;
COLORED DRILL PANTS;
FRENCH MERINO PANTS;
FANCY MARSEILLES VESTS;
White and Colored Drill PANTS.
SHIRTS—Linen and Muslin SHIRTS; new styles of Colored French Muslin SHIRTS;
Lisle Thread SHIRTS;
DRAWERS and HALF HOSE;
Gauze Merino SHIRTS;
LINEN DRAWERS, all kinds, etc., etc.
SOLE LEATHER TRAVELING TRUNKS—In great variety. m21 2p6d1m

Death on Rats and Roaches.

WILSON'S GENUINE RAT AND ROACH DESTROYER, guaranteed to be the most safe and effective agent ever used for the destruction of these troublesome vermin.
Be sure you ask for WILSON'S RAT AND ROACH DESTROYER, as there are many spurious articles offered for sale.
For sale by
J. WRIGHT & CO.,
a13 2p3tod&1tW 21 and 151 Chartres street.

Dalley's Genuine Pain Extractor

This article will subdue the pain and inflammation from the severest burns or scalds, in from 1 to 20 minutes, and it will heal the wounds without scar, and effectually cure Fever Sores, Salt Rheum, Piles, Inflammatory Rheumatism, Sore and Inflamed Eyes, Cuts, Wounds, Bruises, Old and Inveterate Sores, Scald Head, Burns and Bunions, Erysipelas, Sprains, Swellings, Felons, Chilblains, Bites of Insects, Swelled and Broken Breast, Sore Nipples, Roughness, and all other inflammatory and cutaneous diseases, where the parts affected can be reached.
Don't be incredulous about the many diseases named to be cured by only one thing—not reflect, that the few but positive properties which the Dalley Salve alone contains, and as heretofore mentioned—one to four—can reach not alone the aforementioned diseases, but many more not enumerated.
Query: Do not regular bred physicians prescribe calomel inwardly for scores of different diseases?
Sold in New Orleans, wholesale and retail, by
J. WRIGHT & CO.,
a13 2p3tod&1tW 21 and 151 Chartres street.

Sewing Machines.

Just received, direct from the Factory, an invoice of the latest improved SEWING MACHINES, for sale at the lowest net New York prices.
Parties purchasing will be instructed by a competent person free of charge, at 81 St. Charles street, or 178 Camp street.
LACEY & CO.,
a13 3tp4od 81 St. Charles st.

**Southern Furniture