New Orleans Daily Crescent.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF NEW ORLEANS.

JAMES O. NIXON, WILLIAM H. ADAMS.

BY NIXON & ADAMS.

OFFICE, No. 70 CAMP STREET.

AMERICAN STATE TICKET.

FOR AUDITOR,
FRANK HARDESTY, of East Feliciana.

FOR TREASURER,
J. W. WALKER, of St. Mary.

SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION,
W. A. LACEY, of Caddo.

FOR CONGRESS,
First District—GEORGE EUSTIS, Jr.
Second District—GLENDY BURKE.
Third District—GEO. W. WATTERSTON.
Fourth District—W. H. SPARKS.

FRIDAY MORNING, AUGUST 28, 1857.

☞ We are indebted to the clerks of the steamers City of Memphis and Bella Donna for late papers.

"THE SOUTHERN STAR."—Mr. P. Soullar, the editor of the Southern Star, published in New Iberia, dropped in upon us yesterday, looking as fine and fresh as our rural confreres generally do whilst on leave of absence from home and presence here. The "Star" is an ably conducted and influential sheet, and a fine medium of advertising for our city merchants who may wish to bid for patronage in that flourishing section of the State. Mr. Soullar may be found, for a few days, at the legal office of Mr. B. Van Dalsen, No. 3 St. Charles street, up stairs.

HARPER'S WEEKLY.—We are indebted to B. M. Norman, No. 14 Camp street, for the last number of Harper's Weekly.

TALK ON 'CHANGE.—It was quiet, very quiet yesterday on the great thoroughfares. The arrivals of some three or four steamboats occasioned some little stir at the landing. There was also received seven bales more of new crop cotton, which those New York folks can either add to or deduct from the 50,000 bales which were to be received during the present month of August. In three or four weeks more we may have some hundreds of bales to talk about, but the receipts of new crop will make a very diminutive show previous to the 1st September. Well, as we have remarked, it was quiet. It must not be overlooked that the mail contractors did vouchsafe to allow two or three back mails to arrive at our Post-Office, by which we received our correspondence by the Arabia up to the 8th inst. from Liverpool. As cotton has formed so much food for comment the past six months, and our friends generally are very well satisfied with the results of the season's business, they concluded to let the staple pass for a while, and go on tours of amusement. The last we heard of some of them they were at the Goodwood races, and send us an extract about what some of the Lords did, which appears to have been taken from a London paper. As we like a change occasionally, we can say we have a letter which does not allude to cotton. We append the following in lieu thereof, which gives some information about the winning horse:

Lord Derby and Messrs. Merry and "Howard" had a capital winning time of it at Goodwood, and even Lord Exeter's colors showed twice in advance on the last day. The cup went to a horse who was only French in name and birthplace; and it was pleasant to see Ashmall, who has suddenly become a heavy weight, win upon him. "Tommy" is a great favorite with our gallant sillies, who have won this race four times in eighteen years. The rider of Fryoress certainly got clear of the collision by giving his horses so wide a berth. (It is said that he went sixty yards out of his way at one turn.) But few stable boys of a month's standing could have shown less riding science than this "American Chifney," and Mr. Ten Brock will perhaps trust to the honor of a crack English jock in future. It is, however, very well that the failure should have occurred while the pair were in American hands, as Brother Jonathan would never have believed that he had fair play. Wells declared that if he had been on Fryoress instead of Fishgrman at the distance he could still have won; but jockeys are fond of this sort of weighing-house talk, and after every great race there are at least five of them who "would have won, if," etc.

Well, we must own that we were not so well posted about this great race as we were about the great cotton race, and must trust our correspondents to put us right about the "winning horse." But it might be said there is jockeying in cotton as well as horses. We can only hope that the American horses will make a better show next time. If America is not great in horseflesh it is great in cotton.

The next steamer from Liverpool will be the Atlantic of the 19th inst.—ought to be in New York on Monday next. We do not look for any advance in the general run of cotton for two or three steamers, yet there may be an upward movement about the close of this month. *Nous verrons.*

"SOUTHERN INSTITUTE."—Prof. Wm. Henry Peck, of the Louisiana University, announces that he will, on the 1st of September, open an Institute in Odd Fellows' Hall, for the purpose of dispensing to the youth of the city—and particularly, at the instance of their parents, to those who have gone through the Grammar School of the University—a thorough classical, scientific and military education, with the languages. His terms are moderate, and his references the very best. We would direct particular attention to his card in another part of our paper.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE.—The September number of this great monthly has been received by Mr. George Ellis, at No. 20 Commercial Place. It is a number of peculiar interest, the first illustrated paper being entitled "A Winter in the South"—by that entertaining sketcher with pen and pencil, "Porte Crayon." We may take this occasion to remind our friends that Mr. Ellis's literary depot always teems with the best and latest literature in the shape of books, periodicals and newspapers—a fact of which the public are becoming pretty well aware, and which is rendering the depot the prime feature of Commercial Place. Mr. Ellis has had much experience in the dispensation of literature, and by that knows well how to cater to the literary tastes of the community. We recommend his establishment to our friends, with the assurance that they will always find him well supplied with the latest and best.

APPOINTMENT BY THE GOVERNOR.—Gov. Wickliffe, says the Baton Rouge Advocate of the 25th, this morning commissioned Augustin Duplantier, Esq., as Commissioner of the First Swamp Land District, vice Geo. W. Morse.

ANOTHER THEATRICAL PERFORMANCE.—The success of the recent performance of the Crescent Dramatic Association at the Gaiety theater, for the benefit of Mrs. Wright, is good assurance that the same company would draw another crowd without adding to their force. Our readers will be pleased to know that the Crescent amateurs are to give another performance at the same place, on Saturday evening, September 6th—a week from to-morrow.

The performance is to be for the benefit of Mrs. T. B. Logan, the lady whose personation of *Rachel Haywood*, in the recent performance, gave such high satisfaction. She is eminently deserving of a benefit, and we trust she will receive a good one.

The bill for the occasion will consist of Milman's great play of "Fazio," and the farce of the "Dead Shot." The great feature of the evening will be the debut of Mrs. A. I. Menken in the part of *Bianca*, in the play. Our readers know what a character this is, and will at once say that high ability is necessary to its just portrayal. From what we have heard, it will be beautifully and truthfully rendered. Mrs. Menken comes to us with the reputation of youth and beauty, with fine natural ability, improved by study and polished by a practice on the stage, in which she won the highest honors. She has never appeared in this city; but in the river towns, in which she has performed, there has been but one voice in her favor, and her friends predict for her the most flattering future.

With all this attraction, we may be sure that the public will again second the Crescent amateurs, and give Mrs. Logan a bumper.

DEATH FROM THE BITE OF A RATTLESNAKE.—The Meriden (Conn.) Chronicle says that a man from Plantsville (Southington), name unknown, while whortleberrying on the East Mountain, Meriden, was bitten on the calf of his leg by a rattlesnake, and died shortly after reaching home.

DIARIES FOR 1858.—Messrs. D. Felt & Stetson, on Camp street, next to Robb's Bank, have received a supply of Diaries for 1858. They are complete things in their way.

WHAT HAVE THEY GAINED BY IT?

The new-fangled Buchanan-Walker-Kansas Democracy of Texas are making a great deal of "noise and confusion" over their recent victory in that State. Now, unless they contend with Stephen A. Douglas that "everything is fair in politics," and that "the end justifies the means," the Texas Democracy have nothing to boast over in the result of the late contest. It was a mere triumph of numbers. No definite issue was made; no principle or policy was involved; no question of importance was at stake. The sole aim and object of the leaders of bogus Democracy was, the defeat of Gen. Houston. And to effect this they resorted to every device and trick known to political wire-workers; they heaped upon the old veteran every calumny and opprobious epithet their inventive genius could coin. To slaveholders he was denounced as an Abolitionist, and his votes on the Kansas-Nebraska and other Territorial bills were grossly misrepresented; to the faithful he was represented as a bitter and violent opponent of Democracy; to the Germans and other foreigners he was denounced as an unrelenting Know-Nothing, who was in favor of denying them all political rights; and in the more western counties the Mexicans were told, that if Gen. Houston was elected, their churches would be torn down and they all be driven across the Rio Grande into Mexico. And what has been the result of this unprincipled course? A mere triumph of numbers. Had the leaders of bogus Democracy made a fair, open and manly issue upon principles, they would have been beaten in all probability. Had they attempted to sustain Mr. Buchanan's Walker policy in Kansas, they would have been reduced to a vote that was anything but Southern in its tendencies.

But as it is, they gained a victory, and thus secured the seven principles—the loaves and fishes—for which they mainly contended. To effect this, the leaders had to cajole, wheedle and coax every faction and clique in the State, and make promises and professions to suit each. And after all their efforts, the leaders of the bogus Democracy in Texas are chagrined to find that Gen. Houston received full two-thirds of the native born vote of the State. The returns show, that in the counties where the fewest Americans reside and the smallest number of slaves are owned, there Gen. Houston's vote was small, and that in the counties where most of the population is American and where most slaves are owned, his vote is large. These facts show his opponents that their cry about Abolitionism, Pressoilism and Know-Nothingism had but little effect upon men of sense, who were competent to judge for themselves, and who are not so prejudiced as to endorse everything said and done in the name of Democracy. True friends of the South have seen those professing to be National Democrats bartering away Southern rights and Southern interests, to gain a party triumph. They have seen those who made the most fuss about Southern rights and State rights, endorsing the sale. These facts will account for Gen. Houston's vote in the counties where the people are most interested in the institutions of the South, and show that National Democracy has but a nominal existence.

The Prospect, etc.

The political market in this goodly city of New Orleans has been dull—decidedly lethargic—through the whole season, until within the last few days. Indeed, the article designated political excitement has been barely quotable.

On Tuesday evening, however, there was considerable stir and much animation. The American party held their primary meetings for the election of delegates to a parish Convention. The primary meetings were numerously attended. From all we have been able to gather, such primary meetings were never known in the city of New Orleans. The bone and sinew, the respectability, intelligence and character of the metropolis turned out in full force, and with a harmony, discreteness and enthusiasm rarely equaled and never surpassed, proceeded to the nomination of delegates. From personal observation, we can only speak of the Second and Third Wards. In these two Wards we know that finer meetings were never gathered together. The same statement, we are assured by unquestionable authority, may be made regarding every other Ward assemblage.

The prospect before the American party is, in the highest degree, cheering. Our accounts, which come to us from all quarters of the State, incite to hope, confidence and enthusiasm. We have a good cause—a cause that appeals to the noblest aspirations of the human heart—and good, able, zealous and effective men, to protect and vindicate that cause before the people. With the right on our side, with the advantages of truth all tending in our favor, and with our opponents divided, angry at each other, disorganized, and with the Kansas infamy staring the masses in the face, all we have to do is to join, everywhere, shoulder to shoulder, and fight the battle of our section and our country.

In New Orleans we are all right, and we are determined not to be wrong. We shall roll up an honest majority of thousands for the American ticket. If our brethren in the country will only do half as well as we shall do, the commonwealth will be gloriously redeemed.

HOW, NOW, CHUCKLERS?—Hon. Thomas Green Davidson has been appointed Charge d'Affaires to Denmark. [Vicksburg Sentinel.

So we go! A man whom the people repudiate, is made the recipient of honors from the President. A more barefaced attempt to use the patronage of the President to heal *party* dissentions, has never been made, and we trust there is honesty and manliness enough in the United States to arrest this high-handed measure. Thomas Green Davidson is utterly unfit to represent the country abroad, and we hope the Senate will reject him. He has neither qualifications or character, and those who procured his nomination *know it?* [Vicksburg Whig, 26th inst.

We don't think Davidson has been sent to Denmark. We don't believe Mr. Buchanan will send him to Denmark, or to any other country with which the United States cultivates amicable relations. Still, notwithstanding these opinions, we don't wish to be understood as expressing a desire that he should be retained, for a very protracted period, within the limits of this commonwealth. However, St. Nicholas will, we presume, make his claim good in due season.

SHIPWRECK.—We learn from Boston that a ship of about 800 tuns was fallen in with on the 14th inst., in lat. 43 deg. 50 min., long. 62 deg., bottom upward, with a new round stern. Her masts and bowsprit were gone. She was full of lumber, about eight feet out of water, and at anchor, about fifty miles west of Sable Island, and in the track of vessels.

CURIOUS AFFAIR.—On the 19th the steamer St. Nicholas landed at Annapolis, Md., and her captain went ashore. While transacting some business, the officers left in charge of the boat hauled out without orders and steamed across the bay to Kent Island, where a camp meeting was being held. When the vessel returned, at dark, the captain went aboard and addressed his officers in the following terms:

Gentlemen—For twenty years and more have I been connected with steamers on the Chesapeake, and this is the first instance of this kind of treatment that has in all that time come under my notice; each of you and all others engaged on this boat who participated in this outrage will consider yourselves discharged on our arrival at Baltimore.

FIGHTING FOR WALKER.—Four men, dining together in James street, N. Y., on the 19th, got into a discussion of the merits of Gen. Wm. Walker, and two of them denounced him violently, making use of sundry injurious epithets. This was resented by the other two; a fight followed, and the anti-filibusters received a most unmerciful mauling. One of them had to be taken to the hospital.

PREEMPTION ACT OF 1841.—One of the stipulations in the general preemption law is that the applicant, to bring himself under its provisions, shall "be a citizen of the United States," or "shall have filed his declaration of intention to become a citizen." Under the decision of the Supreme Court of the United States in the Dred Scott case, at the December term, 1856, "a free negro of the African race, whose ancestors were brought to this country and sold as slaves, is not a citizen within the meaning of the Constitution of the United States." We understand that cases of applicants falling under that class of persons have very properly been rejected by the General Land office.

SINGULAR BREACH OF PROMISE CASE.—A suit in which $25,000 is claimed as damages for a breach of promise of marriage has been commenced by Moses Jugler, of New York, against Dr. George Hayward and wife, of Boston. Mr. Jugler met the lady in Europe, who was then the wealthy widow of the late Amos Binney. He alleges that she promised to marry him, but subsequently married Mr. Hayward. The defendants are abroad. Rufus Choate and Peleg W. Chandler are retained for the defense.

A Voice from the North-West.

The following, from the Bastrop (Morehouse parish) Advocate, of the 19th inst., is strong and to the point. We commend it to our readers. With increasing taxation and increasing debts, with special legislation for party favorites, and tyrannical and iniquitous legislation to accomplish party objects, it is time the great body of the people should arouse themselves and ascertain whither they are drifting. We have been drifting sadly to the leeward during the last four or five years. We must set the ship of State on another tack, or else we will soon find ourselves wrecked on the rocks. The roar of the breakers is already as perceptible as it is threatening:

THE AMERICAN CONVENTION.—The American party of Morehouse has a meeting called for Saturday the 22d inst., as will be seen by reference to a notice in another column. The object of this convention we understand is to nominate a candidate for the lower branch of the State Legislature. This office is one of vital importance to the whole people of the State, and more especially to the tax payers of the country parishes. That the tenor of legislation that has been adopted at Baton Rouge for the last two or three years by the Democratic party must be changed, is evident to every sane man that looks to the welfare and perpetuity of his country.

The people overburthened with taxation without the least insight to what becomes of their money, are growing under this heavy load throughout the length and breadth of our State, and are beginning to cry aloud for relief. The foul and polluting innovations that have been committed upon the organic law and long established usages of our once happy State; stamping her once fair escutcheon with stains as black and corrupt as the records of any Court of Inquisition; the thorough and complete prostitution to which our Legislative halls have been subjected for the purpose of propagating a species of partisan legislation as base and corrupt in its character as any that ever emanated from the halls of Pandemonium itself; all unite in their appeals to the voters of Louisiana to redeem in November next the fair fame of their State by effecting a thorough and complete change in the political character of her Legislators. The voters of Morehouse (and when we say voters we do not mean the members of any particular party, but those freemen who are not bound down by party chains, and made subservient to the dictation of some partisan leader) then we say have we a part of this important labor to perform.

To rely upon the Democratic party to furnish legislative material that will work out this great and much-to-be-desired change, is the heighth of folly. This you fully tried in November, '55, and although he whom you elected was a gentleman in the noblest sense of the word, and for whose abilities we have the highest appreciation, yet he was a member of the Democratic party, and therefore had to submit to the dictation of the verdict of demagogues, because he happened to be a leader of that party.

Voters of Louisiana, and especially those of Morehouse parish, we warn you again and again to trust no political party that is managed and controled by such rotten establishments as the firm of Slidell & Co. Then let every voter of Morehouse who desires to see a change wrought in the legislation of our State rally at the court-house on Saturday next, and unite in selecting some man that is *worthy* of representing the varied and growing interests of a parish that is destined ere long to be one of the first in the State in point of wealth and intelligence.

"Boy," said a visitor at the house of a friend to his little son, "step over the way and see how old Mrs. Brown is." The boy did the errand, and on his return reported that Mrs. Brown did not know how old she was.

Local Intelligence.

CORRECTION.—We were in error in reporting that Mrs. Latil had been arrested in the Third District, for beating a slave girl of hers so badly that she had to be carried to the residence of a neighbor—Mr. Pedeschaux. The facts of the case, as we are now informed, are, that the slave belonged to Mr. Pedeschaux, and grossly insulted Mrs. Latil, who is a respectable lady, in the street, for which the latter struck her in the face with her sun-bonnet. Mr. P. charged Mrs. L. with directing to have the darkey sent home on a shutter, or something of the sort, if he did not make her believe, that the lick with the sun bonnet was all the beating there supposed to be.

GOES OFF HALF-COCKED AGAIN.—That funny humorist, the Baton Rouge Comet, has again been cracking its tail over my head. In the local column of the Crescent. Several of our local confreres published their first hearing of an outrage in a horse-car, and they made it terrible enough. We prudently refrained, until the examination took place, by which time the public excitement had risen to such a pitch, that it was necessary to give a full and minute report of the investigation, which we did. Upon reading that report, the Comet is disgusted to find that the latter "had not been violated, and straightway got off half cocked, intimating that it was all a cock-and-bull story, gotten up by us for want of something better to do. We ought to feel flattered that we should thus be the object of the Comet's uncommonly brilliant scintillations; but its way of going off half-cocked, with the recklessness which is generally imputed to comets, needles our nerves, and we are constrained to beg, if we have a friend in Baton Rouge, that he will catch the Comet and hold it the next time he sees it preparing for a fall at New Orleans. Here we a friend up there? And if so, will he keep the Comet away from us?

MORE WARM WEATHER AMUSEMENT.—Our fast men in the vicinity of the New Basin have been in a state of great excitement for a few days past, in consequence of a match foot-race, announced to come off between Messrs. P. and C., the former a well-known lumber-dealer, and the other an equally well-known builder. The distance was to be one mile from the toll-gate on the New Shell Road—"start and start." Although the heat of the weather was calculated to prevent any very severe training, yet Mr. Ned L., who had kindly undertaken to bring his friend C. to the scratch, insisted upon his taking three runs, three times a day, around the block at the head of the Basin—one of the biggest and most unloveliest blocks in town. During the mid-day exercise, the "sleepiness" exuded from C's elephantine corporosity at the rate of about a gill a rod, and wailed passing Mr. Nolde's store that gentleman was obliged to relieve him with a little "lemon on the eye" before he could finish his work. The trainer, Mr. L., compelled him to do his work in fresh-colored tights, which displayed his fine proportions to the finest advantage. Mr. P. was taken in hand by another Mr. P., and the ground selected for the initiatory work was the first straight stretch on the Shell Road, from the toll-gate. Mr. Bill B. was also in attendance, to render any little assistance that might be needed.

The first few days' exercise seemed to cripple up P., and on the third day, bill to 50 was freely offered against him; but a plan of "hot stuff" and a rather quick mile under two hundred, caused him to sweat out and limber up so finely that the odds receded to even, with P., on the night prior to the race, rather having the call. We were informed by Mr. I., that should he succeed in getting a "good scrape" out of him that morning, he would be willing to bet two to one on his man. Public expectation had been on tiptoe, and an immense amount of money bet on the result. At an early hour yesterday morning, a large crowd were in attendance, admiring the stalwart proportions of C., who occasionally brushed up and down the track, with his trainer by his side, giving him an occasional taste of lemon or a little Eau de Danzic. The surprise and disappointment of the crowd, however, one only be imagined, when Mr. P., the trainer of the other P., announced his regret at being compelled to inform them that he, on the part of his friend, must forfeit the stake; that up to the previous night, he had done his work clean and with a fine sweating, strike that showed fin every inch a winner; but that, unfortunately, owing to a mess of soft shell crabs having been left in the manger at night by mistake, P. had been found in the morning with his internal economy reversed, and was just then laboring under the delusion that the absent champion was the proper service-story substrated for his importance, and the judges and officers of the occasion, with the crowd, went off in search of spiritual consolation.

CORONER'S INQUESTS.—*Suicide.*—The Coroner yesterday held an inquest on the body of Francis Boucher, a Prussian carpenter, fifty years of age, found dead in a house on Forest street, between Perdido and Hevia. Verdict, congestion of the brain, caused by intemperance and exposure to the heat. *Intemperance.*—An inquest was held on the body of Mary Fahey, an Irishwoman, fifty years of age, who was picked up senseless and put into a Street Commissioner's cart, and died whilst on her way to the hospital. Verdict, apoplexy, caused by intemperance.

RECORDER SMITH'S COURT.—Mrs. Roach was yesterday sent before the First District Court to be tried for keeping a disorderly brothel, on Dryades street. Bail given.

Albert, a slave belonging to Mr. Moore, was fined $25 for visiting rooms to other slaves, in contravention of the ordinance. Wm. Sullivan was fined $20 for retailing grog without license, in his grocery at the corner of Dryford and Faucher streets. Michael Quinn was fined $20 for raising a drunken row on Hy. Adelsoetter and resisting officer Hines. S. T. Revia, for acting similarly on the same street, was fined $10. Martin Higgins and John Bishop were fined $5 each for plain drunkenness.

Jean O'Grady, charged with selling unlicensed grog, and Henora Donnelly, charged with assaulting her neighbors with deadly weapons, were discharged.

Ernest Potter, alias Hunter, f. m. c., was arraigned on charges of having stolen a memorandum-book, containing a diamond, from T. A. Hovel, at No. 80 Common street, and a revolver from Dr. Knapp, at No. 16 Baronne street. Bail required, $1000.

Mrs. Butler and Mrs. Margaret Mahoney, residing on Baronne street, were arraigned on a charge of having jointly threatened their neighbor, Pat Kelly, and Mrs. Mahoney, charged with having individually threatened to burn his house down. Mrs. Mahoney was also charged with trespass, in illegally occupying her present domicil on Baronne street. Case fixed for the 10th proximo.

RECORDER FABRE'S COURT.—The celebrated Chevalier Dieudonne Roby—who is the minute-hand on the dial of life in the Second District, just as the Old Man of the Cathedral is its pendulum—was yesterday arraigned on the humiliating charge of having harbored and concealed Mr. Terrebonne's runaway slave girl Ellen. He failed to give bail to appear for examination, and in consequence, the aforesaid dial is temporarily deprived of its rotatory embellishment.

Louis Courageoux was arraigned on a charge of having, under false representations, obtained from Mrs. Philomene Loisel, at the corner of Main and Tonti streets, a horse, saddle and bridle, which he sold to some darkey for $10. He was sent to prison.

Mary Barth, of No. 41 Marais street, was arraigned on a charge of breach of trust, in refusing to give up a gold ring which Emelie Sialmont entrusted to her last Sunday night. Bail given.

Modeste Dominique and Philip Dayos were arraigned on a charge of trying to make dog-meat of each other in the Beef Market. Bail given.

Auguste Cognisse and —— De Lignie were arraigned on a charge of having slapped the face of J. C. Maudoux, at his store, No. 229 Royal street. Bail given.

E. Ladite, charged with administering particular fits to L. F. Quesne, was duly inflated into the Peace Society.

Nancy, free colored, was fined $10 for talking too freely to the free colored family of E. Sonnet, at No. 201 Main street.

Pierre Bonnet, charged with breach of the peace, and A. Membertard, charged with assault and battery, were discharged.

American Nominations.

The American nominating Convention met yesterday evening in Odd Fellows' Hall, Mr. J. O. Nixon presiding, and full delegations present. Much interest was manifested in the proceedings of this body, and the lecture room in which it assembled was crowded to its utmost capacity. A noticable and gratifying feature of the convention was the entire harmony with which its deliberations were conducted, and the unanimous approbation with which its decisions were received.

The nomination of E. T. Parker, Esq., for Sheriff, was made by acclamation, (Mr. Harrisson having withdrawn,) as was also that of Mr. Askew, for State Tax Collector of the First District, and of Messrs. Laidlaw and Adams for State Senators. All the nominations were received with sincere satisfaction, and we congratulate the American party of this city upon having a ticket which cannot be objected to in any particular—a ticket composed of men of respectability and standing in the community, who, if elected, will discharge their duties faithfully and fearlessly. Below, we present the ticket complete, with the exception of the nomination for Representatives in the First Representative District, which was postponed:

For Sheriff.—E. T. Parker.
For Coroner.—F. Dumois.
For Senators.—W. B. Adams, John Laidlaw.
FIRST DISTRICT.—*Tax Collector*, Thomas Askew. *Assessor*, Mark Walton. *Justices of the Peace:* First Justice, J. K. Dixon; Second Justice, C. M. Bradford. *Constables:* First Justice's Court, J. B. Haughton; Second Justice's Court, G. W. Simpson. No nominations for House of Representatives.
SECOND DISTRICT.—*Tax Collector*, Jos. Hernandez. *Assessor*, R. D. Hubbard. *Justices of the Peace:* Third Justice, A. Sutlic; Fourth Justice, G. Duplantier. *Constables:* Third Justice's Court, Jules Delmas; Fourth Justice's Court, Jules Sampora. *Representatives:* Fourth Representative District, F. A. Lumsden, Howard Zachariè.
THIRD DISTRICT.—*Tax Collector*, Val. St. Cecon. *Assessor*, Louis Powers. *Justice of the Peace*, Capt. J. P. Barnett. *Constable*, B. Hernandez. *Representative*, Eighth Representative District, J. B. Leefe.
FOURTH DISTRICT.—*Tax Collector*, George Meraman. *Assessor*, J. R. Watkins. *Justice of the Peace*, J. B. Mellin. *Constable*, Gaspard Schrieber.

DYSPEPTIC INSANITY.—The young woman who destroyed herself a few days ago by lying down in front of a train on the Germantown Railroad, was named Grace Ann Miller, and belonged to a respectable family. She was laboring under insanity produced by dyspepsia.

☞ Cramps—The most efficient remedy for cramps in the stomach, cholera morbus or other stomach derangement, is the free use of Dr. J. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. The coming season generally brings its periodical diseases, all of which can be avoided by a timely use of these Bitters. Therefore every family should be supplied with them in time. As a family medicine they have no equal. Their medicinal virtues have been tested by our most eminent physicians, and adopted in their practice whenever a tonic is required. For sale by druggists generally. au24 2p&3aW

☞ Agricultural and Mechanics' Fair Association.—Books of subscription are open at the office of the Association, 25 ST. CHARLES STREET, during the business hours of each day.

Citizens of New Orleans, and all others friendly to the enterprise, are invited to call and enroll themselves as cooperators in this movement, which is calculated to achieve the most beneficial results to all the industrial interests of the State.

jy22 2ptf C. H. HORTON, Secretary.

☞ "Woodland Cream."—A Pomade for beautifying the Hair—highly perfumed, superior to any French article imported, and for half the price. For dressing Ladies' Hair it has no equal, giving it a bright, glossy appearance. It causes Gentlemen's Hair to curl in the most natural manner. It removes Dandruff, always giving the hair the appearance of being fresh shampooned. Price only fifty cents. None genuine unless signed "Partridge & Co., Proprietors of the Rubino a Thousand Flowers." For sale by SICKLES & CO., Agents; MORISON, and all Druggists. all 2pecdlm

☞ Mrs. Boyd, No. 158 Camp street—Depot for the sale of SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES. All kinds of Sewing done by machinery for Ships, Steamboats, Grocers, Families and Hotels. Dresses made by model, and with dispatch, at less than the usual rates. Ladies' Under Garments made up to order or for sale ready made. jel5 2ptol

Diaries for 1858.
Just received by
D. FELT & STETSON,
au28 2ptl A FEW DIARIES FOR 1858.

Harper's Magazine for Sept'r,
Just received and for sale by
GEO. ELLIS, BOOKSELLER,
Newspaper and Periodical Dealer:
au28 2p3 20 Commercial Place.

Wall Paper! Wall Paper!
BAUMBACH & EVERS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
French and American Paper Hangings,
BORDERS, CORNERS, OAKS AND MARBLES, in every variety,
No. 24 EXCHANGE PLACE, opposite the Post-Office.
Particular attention paid to all work in their line. au28 2ply

Dalley's Magical Pain Extractor
is the most remarkable remedy of the age, for the cure of external diseases, or those which affect the Nervous System. It not only cures but heals the most aggravated wounds without leaving a scar. The best possible proof of its infallible virtues is the countless number of certificates which are pouring in upon us in relation to its extraordinary cures of Burns, Piles, Scalds, Nervous Headache, Scurvy, Tic Doloreux, Inflammation of the Eyes, Sprains, Sculle Rash, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Cancer, Scald Head, Erysipelas, Pilous, Fever Sores, Broken Breast and Sore Nipples, Mumps, Tetter and Ringworm, Scrofula, etc.

The greatest caution is required against counterfeits. None genuine without the written signature of H. DALLEY on the box.

This Extractor is warranted to be a safe and efficacious remedy for the PILES.

For sale in New Orleans, wholesale and retail, by
J. WRIGHT & CO.,
21 and 151 Chartres street, New Orleans,
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Order Your Shirts
AND WINTER UNDER GARMENTS
This Week, at
S. N. MOODY'S,
Corner of Canal and Royal sts.
As he will leave in a few days for the manufactory, No. 323 BROADWAY, NEW YORK,
and take measures and sample Shirts with him.
Present stock of SHIRTS and FURNISHING GOODS, which comprises the most complete assortment in the South, will be cleared off at COST.
HALF DOZEN EXCELLENT SHIRTS FOR $6.
Now is the time for GREAT BARGAINS at MOODY'S.
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NUTMEGS, INDIGO, BEESWAX, BRUSHES of every description, BROWN WINDSOR SOAP, PONCINE SOAP, LUBIN'S EXTRACTS, GOSNELL'S ENGLISH PERFUMERY, FLAVORING EXTRACTS, FARINA COLOGNE, TOILET ARTICLES, etc., for sale by
WILLIAM BOGEL,
corner Chartres and Customhouse sts.

Death on Rats and Roaches.
WILSON'S GENUINE RAT AND ROACH DESTROYER, guaranteed to be the most safe and effective agent ever used for the destruction of these troublesome vermin.
Be sure you ask for WILSON'S RAT AND ROACH DESTROYER, as there are many spurious articles offered for sale.
For sale by
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ICED CONGRESS, NATURAL SELTZERS and FRESH BLUE LICK WATER, as well as the AMBROSIAL NECTAR SODA WATER, always on ice and at the Drug Store of
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FIFTY CASES GENUINE FRENCH'S BAY RUM, just received and for sale by
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corner Chartres and Customhouse sts.

Until the First of January Next.
BARGAINS! BARGAINS!!
ELEGANT STOCK OF CLOTHING,
ALFRED MUNROE & CO.,
No. 30 Maraudne street, corner of Gravier,
Will sell their immense stock of
SUMMER CLOTHING
For Men, Boys, and Children,
At Near Cost!
PATENT, OR CHALLENGE SHIRT—Large stock on hand, of all qualities.
INDIA RUBBER CLOTHING—Full assortment, at manufacturer's prices.
A PORTION OF THEIR
FALL AND WINTER STOCK
RECEIVED.
Call at I. examine for yourselves,
AT THE ONE PRICE STORE OF
ALFRED MUNROE & CO.,
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North-west corner of Gravier street.

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No. 19 CHARTRES STREET—CARPETING of all kinds; Medallions, Velvet, Wilton, Tapestry, Brussels, Three ply, etc. MATTING—cotton roll, 2-4, 3-4 and 6-4 White, Check and Fancy. FLOOR OIL CLOTH—From 2½ feet down to any width, cut to suit Halls, Rooms, etc. Also, Table and Piano Covers, Cornice Cloths, Window Shades, etc., all of which are offered at the lowest market prices.
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We are now prepared to receive and forward PARCELS, PACKAGES, JEWELRY, DRAFTS and FREIGHT of every description, to California, through the agency of WELLS, FARGO & CO.
We will receive and forward to any part of EUROPE packages and freight of any kind by every steamer.
Parties shipping will have their freight ready the day previous to the sailing of the steamers.
S. TOBY, Jr., & BRO.,
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Southern Furniture Warerooms
CHARLES A. STEWART,
At Nos. 171 and 173 Canal street, New Orleans,
Has just received from the manufactory, a beautiful stock splendid MAHOGANY ARMOIRS and BEDSTEADS, in addition to his usual extensive large stock of
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comprising EVERYTHING in his line of business. Parties wishing anything in his line, will find it to their advantage to give him a call before purchasing elsewhere.
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Immense Sacrifice!
SELLING OFF TO MAKE ROOM FOR
NEW GOODS!!
ROBERT PITKIN,
Nos. 13 and 15 CAMP STREET, opposite the City Hotel, near Canal street,
Would respectfully announce to his numerous customers and the public generally that he has determined to sell during the months of August and September, his ENTIRE STOCK of
SUMMER CLOTHING
—And—
Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods,
AT COST AND UNDER,
And all other goods at a GREAT REDUCTION, to make room for the Fall and Winter stock.
☞ Call immediately for BARGAINS.
I would return my thanks for past favors, and respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. In due time I will enlarge and enrich my stock of Fall and Winter Clothing, and it shall be equal to any ever offered in this city.
ROBERT PITKIN,
au21 2pcod 13 and 15 Camp street.

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S. N. MOODY'S
CELEBRATED SHIRT EMPORIUM
Is Removed to the Spacious Store,
N. E. corner of Canal and Royal sts.,
(Formerly P. & E. Re lly & Co.,)
From the old stand, next corner.
And will open on MONDAY, July 27th, with a splendid and almost entirely new stock of
MOODY'S EXCELLENT AND CHEAP SHIRTS,
—AND—
Gent's Furnishing Goods.
His friends and the public are solicited to continue the liberal patronage which has compelled him to materially augment his facilities, and in return he promises a strict adherence to the established and successful principles of "Small Profits," "Quick Returns," "Cash Down," "One Price," "Polite Attention," and "Money Refunded if Goods are not Satisfactory," adopted by
S. N. MOODY,
corner Canal and Royal streets.
Try Half-a-Dozen EXCELLENT SHIRTS for $6, beautifully made and buttons warranted never to come off.
☞ Shirts made to order in every style at the Manufactory, No. 323 Broadway, New York. au19 20 22 24 25 2p

P. Durel & Co.,
GENERAL STATIONERS, PRINTERS AND BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURERS,
Receive by every steamer supplies of English, French and American BLANK BOOK AND LETTER PAPERS of every style and finish. They also keep constantly on hand a general assortment of ready bound BLANK BOOKS of all qualities and style of binding, to which they would call the attention of merchants who are about opening new ledgers.
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The HIGHEST CASH PRICE paid for all kinds SECOND-HAND FURNITURE, also sold, exchanged and repaired, by
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