New Orleans Daily Crescent.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF NEW ORLEANS.

JAMES O. NIXON. WILLIAM R. ADAMS

BY NIXON & ADAMS.

OFFICE, No. 16 CAMP STREET.

AMERICAN STATE TICKET.

FOR AUDITOR,
FRANK. HARBISTY, of East Feliciana.

FOR TREASURER,
J. W. WALKER, of St. Mary.

SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION,
W. A. LACEY, of Caddo.

FOR CONGRESS,
First District—GEORGE EUSTIS, Jr.
Second District—GLENDY BURKE.
Third District—GEO. W. WATTERSTON.
Fourth District—W. H. SPARKS.

TUESDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 1, 1857.

Our Annual Statements.

These documents, under appropriate heads, will be found elsewhere. They almost fill two of the broad pages of this morning's Crescent, and we flatter ourselves that that amount of space is usefully occupied.

Our Annual Statement of the Trade and Commerce of New Orleans is very full, complete and accurate. It embraces everything material or valuable, known to the operations of the commercial year now closed, and is a reliable reflex of the transactions of the past, which will enable the mercantile community to guide themselves in future, so far as such data can accomplish that object. It has been carefully prepared, with an eye to accuracy, information and usefulness.

☞Our Annual Financial Statement comprises everything relative to Banks, Currency, Exchange, and the operations and mutations of the financial world of our city for the last twelve months, with such general remarks as are pertinent to the subject, and calculated to promote the general interest.

With these explanatory observations, we submit our Annual Statements to the commercial and financial public, perfectly willing that they should stand or fall on their own merits.

THE MAILS.—As a matter of course when anything important is expected, Postmaster-General Brown's officials are sure to turn up as delinquents. We have had so many failures of the Great Northern mail the last two months that we are tired of repeating the negligence of contractors. Yesterday our community was expecting the New York mails of the 25th ult., containing the private accounts of the failures there on Monday and Tuesday last. As usual, the mail was reported failed from beyond Augusta, Ga. Increase the amount of the fines, Mr. Brown, and the mails will come through, according to the schedule. Pinch the pockets of contractors, and then they will conform with their obligations.

COMMERCIAL.—We have been favored by Messrs. Martin, Cobb & Co. with their annual chart, showing the variations in the price of lard, bacon, whisky and Ohio flour for the commercial year ending yesterday evening.

TALK ON CHANGE.—The chief topic yesterday was the most remarkable high degree of health our city enjoys at this time. We shall ere long witness the arrival of returning citizens, visitors and new comers—not by hundreds, but by thousands. We verily believe that a larger amount of business will be transacted the coming season in this city of ours than ever before in any one season. Of this we are sanguine. Our community do not care about Western railroads, one-half of which are now bankrupted and broken down, and cannot of course compete with the national highway, the Mississippi river, in the transportation of freight and passengers.

Cotton is the great theme of talk on 'change at this moment, though there is something said at the daily congregations on St. Charles street about sugar, and not only sugar, but the buildings and improvements now going on in every part of the city. Go either way from Canal street, north, east, south or west, and buildings of every class will be found in course of erection. Now, we do not want any cynic to be making remarks, when we say east from Canal street, because there are the villages of Algiers, with its suburbs and Gretna, which will ere many years pass be to New Orleans what Brooklyn is to New York. We have, therefore, only to remark that a business season never commenced in this emporium under more favorable auspices than this, which commences this day.

The European advices by the Atlantic, up to the 19th of August, are considered favorable. Do not however, expect that any material change will be realized before the 1st to the 15th of this present month. It will be observed that the Atlantic's accounts indicate that the decline advised in the accounts of the 12th has been recovered. The India mutiny is now the great question of the day. The accounts which have been received seem to conflict. We are not actually positive whether Delhi has or has not been captured. There is one thing pretty certain—that is, there will be no increase in the receipts of India cotton into England for the present. It is very immaterial how the cotton districts of India are affected. The article will be very scarce "somewhere" during the months of November, December and January next.

There has been very little rain falling within the past three days. We do not learn that the picking of cotton is going forward with any more dispatch than in other seasons. It will be seen that 106 bales of this season's crop was received yesterday morning. This, with the quantity before announced, makes, we believe, 141 bales to go towards those immense receipts figured out by the New York brokers, which were to be in the port or ports during the month of August. Let us see, 141 from 50,000 leaves 49,859 bales short, or to be accounted for. What will be the purport of the next circulars from New York for Liverpool? *Quien sabe?*

COLUMBIA FIRE COMPANY No. 5.—The President of this Company, Mr. G. C. Struve, has our thanks for his polite invitation to accompany the Company on an excursion to Lake Borgne on Sunday week, the occasion being the celebration of their 22d anniversary. It will give us great pleasure to be on hand, if possible.

BROGANS, BOOTS AND HATS.—Large supplies of russet brogans, raid and ditching boots and wool hats, have been received by Messrs. J. B. Valentine & Co., No. 81 Common street. We refer city and country dealers to the advertisement.

SUBURBAN VILLAGES.—Who that has traveled over any one of the lines of railroads running from the great centers of population at the North or West has not been delighted with the beauty, rural grace and quiet loveliness of the suburban villages in their neighborhoods. Wealth has exhausted art and taste in adorning these rustic retreats with all that can add to or enhance the beauties of nature.

We, of New Orleans, have not been able to build up such places, because in our immediate vicinity, yet removed from the influences of the city, no tract of land adapted to every want has been found.

The opening of the Great Northern and Jackson Railroad has however attracted the denizens of our city to the advantages of various points of the country, but there is no one that combines the advantages offered in the town of Kenner. No other is bounded by the river and the lake. No other is within a reasonable distance of the city, and yet is removed from all danger of periodic fevers and deadly miasma. The town of Kenner, situated on the Metairie Ridge where it abuts upon the river Mississippi, is above the influence of floods, out of the reach of swamp miasma, rendered cool and healthy by the Gulf breezes and the river currents, and combines eligibility of position for all purposes of business with the most fruitful soil and the highest capacity for improvement.

The portion of the town devoted exclusively to family residence is above any other point within forty-five miles of the city, and is 1850 off in squares sufficiently large for gardens, orchards, and ornamental grounds around the family residence. The design to line the avenues and streets and all the squares with ornamental trees, warrants the certainty that our Northern suburban villages may be surpassed in beauty and the excellence of refined taste by the Southern town of Kenner. Thirty minutes from the city will place the inhabitant of this new town at his family domicil, surrounded with the social circle and all the endearments of home.

To those who have not the fortune which will enable them to spend months abroad, this place offers inducements of no ordinary character. For manufacturing purposes we have not seen its favorable a position. Vessels of the largest draft, and steamboats of every character, easily and safely land at the wharves, while the products of the interior come by road to the very door, and the access to the heart of business in the city is cheap and direct.

The large area of this town devoted to gardens, not only secures the most accessible associations, but those engaging in this employment will have the advantage of a market, not only at home, but in a short period of the Western cities, at least three months of the year without any competition. Nature has done everything for Kenner. Man may make it a garden spot of beauty. We refer the reader to the advantageous terms offered in the advertisement in another column.

SOUTHERN RIGHTS.

The editors of this paper belong to the American party. As members of that political organization they have been prominent rather than obscure. From the first they have clung to it with a devotion founded on principle, and have been inspired by an unhesitating conviction that they were on the track that would eventually lead them to the haven where justice, truth, patriotism and safety have taken up their residence.

But, we have believed all along, and our belief is now stronger than ever, that the American party was a better Southern Rights' party than the dominant party; and recent events have reduced the opinion to certainty that, unless the Democratic party, as at present controlled, is either reformed or overthrown, but a few years will elapse before the slaveholding States will be utterly at the mercy of the North—mere appanages to minister to the wealth, whims, caprices and luxuries of the fanatics that abound above Mason and Dixon's line. And we now hold, as we have ever held, that the cause of the South is sacred above all other causes, and that he who proves recreant, is a false son if not a positive traitor.

The Democratic party, once so high-toned and honorable, once the depository of lofty principles, and once led on by glorious chieftains, has degenerated into a mere office-holding oligarchy; and men, entirely regardless of their section and of principle, whose chief care is and has been to keep the rank and file in order, so that they may continue to enjoy the honors and emoluments of office, now constitute its leaders. These office-holders have succeeded wonderfully well, although their influence is departing, it is to be hoped forever. Cloaking themselves with a noble name they have deceived and hoodwinked the masses for years, and with shouts of devotion to the South they have won victory after victory—the South steadily losing in power and prestige just in proportion to their triumphs.

It is those very men—it is this office-holding Democratic oligarchy—who wink at Walker's stupendous treason in Kansas—who dare to justify the President's endorsement of that treason—and who are trying to hold the Southern people back from pursuing the work of indignant denunciation of shameless treachery so auspiciously commenced, from which all the danger arises. With an assurance that baffles the power of language to describe, they tell the people that the only hope of the South rests with the so-called "*National* Democracy" of the North — a Democracy that has traded off Kansas to the Free-soilers—a Democracy that has been in authority for a quarter of a century, during which time the South has continuously lost in Congress until both branches of the federal Legislature are arrayed against her—a Democracy that will, before the expiration of Mr. Buchanan's term, bring four Freesoil States into the confederacy — Kansas, Nebraska, Minnesota and Oregon—which bringing in will render us utterly and completely powerless in all the branches of the general goverment!

Let the Southern people, if they would provide against the perils of the future, look to the *facts* of the past, the *actualities* of the present, and shape their course accordingly.

To show the public that partisan feeling does not dictate these remarks, we copy the following article from the Charleston Mercury, a paper that has been ably, honestly and staunchly Democratic, for so long a period that our memory runneth not to the contrary. It will be seen that we have the highest Democratic warrant. Let the people read, reflect and act:

THE WASHINGTON UNION AND OURSELVES.—The Washington Union totally misapprehends the state of things in the South. The same cause which has reduced the Democratic party in the North to the fragment of a party, has had its effect upon the South. It united the South in the late Presidential election, but, at the same time, it loosened the potency of all sectional parties upon the people of the South. They see clearly that if a National party arises in the North, which aims at their subjection in the Union and the overthrow of slavery in the South, self-defense compels them to look to each other, rather than to any party associations beyond them in the North, to protect themselves. Hence a large portion of those who were in affiliation with the Whig party have become strong Southern Rights' men. A large portion also of the Democratic party, whilst still acting with this party, have lost confidence in its ability to carry out the principles of the party, consistently with the rights of the South and a continuance of its existence in the North. Hence, when Governor Walker manifested the policy of wresting Kansas from the South, and making it a free State, in order that the Democratic party might sustain itself in the North, by putting aside the issue of slavery, there was one unanimous condemnation of him by the Democrats of the South. The attempt, whilst it excited their just indignation, manifested the conviction of the Administration of the incompetency of the Democratic party in the North to sustain themselves upon the principles of the party. The terms of party cohesion were then plainly at the expense of the South. Her vital interests were to be sacrificed, in order that a National party might prevail at the North. Such a policy was not only unjust in itself, but must be fatal to the party in the South.

Policy as well as patriotism, therefore, compelled the Democratic party of the South to resist such a sacrifice, not only to save the South but to save themselves. Their old opponents, "the Whigs"—now Native Americans—did not leave them in doubt as to their danger. They openly, in Georgia and other Southern States, took the highest ground against "Executive intervention" in Kansas to make that Territory a free State. But whilst compelled to fight against the dictates of their own party in Kansas, the effect was inevitable—to impair confidence in the Democratic party at Washington and in the Union. And just in proportion as their confidence in the Democratic party was impaired, have their Southern feelings and their convictions of the growing necessity of a distinct Southern party organization been strengthened and increased. When they saw themselves ruthlessly denounced by the Government organs as the "Extremists and Ultraists," and classed with Greeley and Garrison, for supporting the plain principles of the Democratic party in a matter vital to the South, the inquiry naturally arose, is this a party on which the South can exclusively rely in settling her destinies? Can this be her only hope—her only instrumentality for the protection of her rights, and the preservation of her interests and honor? They pause for the development of events; but Southern Democrats are by no means in a blissful state of satisfaction, either with the Administration or with the Democratic party, as exposed in its Kansas policy.

When, therefore, the Washington Union or the Richmond Enquirer assume to play dictator to the party, and determine who shall or shall not belong to it, they totally misapprehend their position. They themselves, by palliating or supporting a clear violation of the principles of the Democratic party, have put themselves out of the party. They are panderers to Governmental or Northern interests, not faithful sentinels of the Democratic party, carrying out its principles in maintenance of the rights of the South. Their denunciation or proscription of those in the South whom they think peculiarly in the way of their anti-Democratic policy, does not harm them. On the contrary, it gives them distinction as the most faithful amongst the faithful, who will not sell the South for Government honors or party supremacy. If they stood upon the principles of the party—if they could show that they supported them, whilst those whom they proscribed had abandoned them—they would, with justice, and with that large moral power which principles always command, send forth a mandate of exclusion which would insure respect. But the day is gone by when mere blustering and denunciation by organs at Washington can have any potency in the South. Their potency is now in their fidelity to great principles; and when they presume to proscribe, their proscriptions will be regarded just as far as they shall appear to be consistent with these great principles, and not a jot further.

HARPER'S FOR SEPTEMBER.—We are indebted to Mr. J. C. Morgan, of Exchange Place, for a copy of Harper's great monthly for September. The first paper, by Porte Crayon, entitled "A Winter in the South," is alone worth more than the price of the magazine.

Mr. B. M. Norman, No. 14 Camp street, also has our thanks for a copy of the magazine.

ST. LOUIS HOTEL.—This renowned establishment is at present undergoing a general renovation—improvements being added, etc.—and will open to the public on the 1st of October. The satisfaction that Mr. Gumbel, as lessee, has afforded heretofore will insure him an ample share of public favor during the coming season. Mr. Gumbel drops a few words for himself in our advertising columns this morning.

CHRISTIAN BROTHERS' SCHOOL.—This institution, at the corner of Foucher and Pocyfarre streets, reopens on Monday next. It affords the highest satisfaction to all who honor it with their patronage.

☞One bale of new cotton has been received from the plantation of Col. E. L. Bowen, Pearl river, consigned to Warren & Gillmore.

NEW SUGAR.—The steamer Lecomte, Capt. Johnston, arrived yesterday with one hogshead of sugar of the new crop. It is from the plantation of Col. Manuel White, parish of Plaquemine, and consigned to Messrs. Kohn & Ryan.

LET HIM GO.—Mr. Humbug Barnum exiles himself from his country, and takes up his permanent residence in England this coming autumn. So says the New York Atlas.

Telegraphed to the New Orleans Crescent.

ADDITIONAL BY THE BALTIC.

(BY THE NATIONAL AND SOUTHERN LINE.)

The Asia arrived out at Liverpool on the 16th. Cotton has advanced 1-16, closing buoyant. Flour closed active, having gone up 6d. Wheat is firm, holders demanding an advance. Corn closed very dull. Provisions closed quiet. Consols for money closed at 91¾.

England.

The submarine fleet had arrived at Plymouth.

The Directors met on the 16th at London to determine on further proceedings.

It is believed that the Atlantic Telegraph Company will take immediate steps to recover the lost portion of the cable.

There was great activity in the Indian corn market, on account of a demand for supplies on the shores of the Adriatic, where the crops have failed.

The crops in England had been much damaged by storms and floods.

Money is plenty on Government securities at 4 and 5 per cent.

The London Times says that British trade will not suffer from Indian events.

France.

The funds closed at 67 15-100 to 67 20-100.

It is rumored that France intends to demand the extradition of Ledru Rollin, who, it is said, is about to leave England for America.

It is stated that France will send a naval force to Cochin China, to demand satisfaction for the insults to her flag.

Russia.

Russia is equipping a flotilla for the Chinese seas. The Russian Imperial Guard is reduced to a force of 30,000 men.

Turkey.

It is rumored that Lord Stratford de Redcliffe will be supplanted by Lord Howden, as Minister to Turkey.

Troops for India.

HALIFAX, August 31.—Orders have been received here for the immediate shipment of four regiments to India.

Washington News.

WASHINGTON, August 31.—The Treasury Department has just paid the State of Maryland $500,000, interest on a debt incurred during the war of 1812. The principal was paid forty-four years ago.

The Secretary of the Interior has instructed the United States Marshal for Minnesota to take the census of that Territory whenever the people wish to form a State constitution.

More Failures.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Aug. 31.—Holdster's Bank failed to-day. There is a heavy run on White's, Oliver, Lee & Co.'s and the Buffalo City Banks. The Reciprocity Bank did not resume payment this morning.

Presbyterian Convention.

RICHMOND, Va., Aug. 30.—The Convention's resolutions substantially declare that nothing can be made a basis for discipline in the Presbyterian Church which is not specially referred to in the Convention as crime or heresy.

The Anti-Davidson Convention—L. J. Sigur Nominated.

BATON ROUGE, August 31st.—The Convention was organized, with Stephen Van Wickle of Pointe Coupee in the Chair.

Five parishes were represented by delegates, viz: Livingston, East Feliciana, East Baton Rouge, Pointe Coupee and St. Tammany.

L. J. Sigur was nominated for Congress by acclamation.

Resolutions were adopted condemning Governor Walker's Kansas course.

A resolution was adopted asking Col. Davidson to withdraw his name as a candidate for Congress in the Third District, in which case this Convention would also withdraw their candidate.

U. S. Agricultural Society.

LOUISVILLE, August 31.—This is the first day of the meeting of the U. S. Agricultural Society.

President Marshall P. Wilder made an eloquent opening address.

Fifteen thousand people are present, of whom one-half are ladies.

The exhibition of horses in the amphitheater, and the trials of speed on the track were well attended.

The weather is fine.

Cotton at Mobile.

MOBILE, August 31.—The receipts of cotton this year amounts to 563,472 bales, against 650,738 last year.

The whole stock on hand here is 5,000 bales.

Domestic Markets.

NEW YORK, Aug. 31.—Cotton is depressed. New Orleans 16. Middling Uplands 15¾. Flour $5 80 to $6. Wheat—Southern White 93c. Mess Pork $25 75. Lard is 1-7 lower. Bacon Sides 13 to 15. Whisky 26¾.

River Intelligence.

VICKSBURG, August 31.—The Maria Denning passed down at 7 A. M., and the Fairchild at 12 M. yesterday. The Pelican passed down at 9 o'clock today.

RED RIVER OF THE NORTH.—Captain Kennedy, the agent sent by the Canadian Government to Selkirk Settlement, on the Red river of the North, for the purpose of observing the resources of the country and the condition of the people under the government of the Hudson's Bay Company, has reached Superior on his way home. According to the Chronicle, he gives an enthusiastic description of the country. The colonists of these distant settlements are highly dissatisfied with the tyrannical government of the Hudson's Bay Company, and are anxious to be relieved of the yoke of that corporation, and to be admitted under the jurisdiction of the Government of Canada.

GAS IN RAILROAD CARS.—The New Jersey Railroad Company has successfully tried the experiment of lighting a car by gas. The experiment was tried on a car of a Newark train from Jersey city on Wednesday night, and on Thursday night one of the cars of the train to Philadelphia was lighted in the same manner. The gas is taken from the pipes of the Gas-light Company and passed into an apparatus to which machinery is attached, which affords force to make the gas flow steadily for several hours.

SHORT CRUISES.—It is stated that the Secretary of the Navy has determined to shorten the cruises of national vessels from three years to two years. It is expected that by this means more efficient seamen will be induced to enter the naval service.

☞**Travelers along our Western waters** should always take the precaution to supply themselves with a genuine article of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, as it is now conceded by all who have tried this invaluable medicine, that they will regulate the stomach, if used as per directions on the bottle, and carry a traveler safe through all the various changes of diet, as well as water, which, without, often will produce sickness and death. Hence one ounce of preventive is worth a pound of cure. For sale by druggists and dealers generally.
au31 2p6t&1tW

☞**Agricultural and Mechanics' Fair Association.**—Books of subscription are open at the office of the Association, 85 ST. CHARLES STREET, during the business hours of each day.

Citizens of New Orleans, and all others friendly to the enterprise, are invited to call and enroll themselves as co-operators in this movement, which is calculated to achieve the most beneficial results to all the industrial interests of the State.

C. H. HORTON, Secretary.
jy29 2p1f

☞**"Woodland Cream." "A Pomade for** beautifying the Hair—highly perfumed, superior to any French article imported, and for half the price. For dressing Ladies' Hair it has no equal, giving it a bright, glossy appearance. It causes Gentlemen's Hair to curl in the most natural manner. It removes Dandruff, always giving the hair the appearance of being fresh shampooed. Price only fifty cents. None genuine unless signed "Partridge & Co., Proprietors of the Balm o a Thousand Flowers." For sale by SICKLES & CO., Agents; MORISON, and all Druggists.
a11 2pcodem

☞**Mrs. Boyd, No. 158 Camp street—Depot** for the sale of SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES. All kinds of Sewing done by machinery for Ships, Steamboats, Grocers, Families and Hotels. Dresses made by model, and with dispatch, at less than the usual rates. Ladies' Under Garments made up to order or for sale ready made.
jel5 2p6t

Daily Commercial Advertiser,

Published every morning, (Sundays excepted,) at No. 79 CAMP STREET, third story, at $6 per annum—containing a COMPLETE and ACCURATE LIST of HOTEL ARRIVALS, etc. ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at LIBERAL RATES.

WILSON & BRISBIN,
Publishers.
oct 2 2p1f

Furnishing and Fancy Goods.

—Just received from Paris, a large assortment of—
SILK UMBRELLAS, for Ladies and Gentlemen.
Linen and Cotton SHIRT BOSOMS.
Linen and Cotton SHIRTS—Colored and White.
FRENCH CORSETS, of all styles.
STOCKINGS, Socks, Cravats, Collars,
Suspenders, Gloves, Mitts, Garters, Embroidered Chemises, Porcelain Vases, Toilet Sets, etc., etc.,
AT VERY LOW PRICES.

LION & PINSARD,
55 and 57 Royal street, corner Bienville.
au31 2p1f

I Have Found a Treasure.

So says the Consumptive, who has been laboring under a distressing Cough, Pain in the Side and Chest, and debilitating Night Sweats, and could not find any relief. So says the Asthmatic, whose difficulty of breathing was such that he could not lay down at night.

So says the person who has been Bleeding at the Lungs, and who failed day by day, until he met with this invaluable help. Would you know its name?

DR. DAVIS' COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY AND TAR

is this invaluable treasure, which has done more during the past ten years in relieving the above diseases than any other remedy in the world.

For sale in New Orleans, wholesale and retail, by

J. WRIGHT & CO.,
21 and 151 Chartres street.
au31 2p3tend1tW

New Goods! New Goods!

—Just Received, at—
D. P. SCANLAN & CO.'S,
Nos. 12 and 14 Chartres street.

Plain and Figured, Black and Colored SILKS, POPELINES, VALENCIAS, CASHMERES, MUSLIN DE LAINES and FRENCH CALICOS, in pieces and in robes-a-volants, a-quilles and Bayadere: EMBROIDERIES, LACES, RIBBONS, FLOWERS and MILLINERY, to which the attention of the Ladies is respectfully called.
au31 2p3tend

Southern Furniture Warerooms

CHARLES A. STEWART,
At Nos. 171 and 173 Canal street, New Orleans,

Has just received from the manufactory, a beautiful stock splendid MAHOGANY ARMORS and BEDSTEADS, in addition to his hitherto large stock of

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

comprising EVERYTHING in his line of business. Parties wishing anything in his line, will find it to their advantage to give him a call before purchasing elsewhere.

CHARLES A. STEWART,
171 and 173 Canal street.
au31 2p6t&1tW

Carpet Warehouse,

No. 19 CHARTRES STREET—CARPETING of all kinds; Medallions, Velvet, Wilton, Tapestry, Brussels, Three-ply, etc. MATTING—300 rolls 2-4, 3-4 and 4-4 White, Cheak and Fancy. FLOOR OIL CLOTH—From 24 feet down to any width, cut to suit Halls, Rooms, etc. Also, Table and Piano Covers, Cornish Cloths, Window Shades, etc., full of which are offered at the lowest market prices.

A. BROUSSEAU & CO.
au31 2p6t

Grover & Baker's

SEWING MACHINE COMPANY'S AGENCY,

—For the States of—
LOUISIANA,
MISSISSIPPI,
TEXAS,
AND ARKANSAS,
—AT—
No. 13 Camp street,
New Orleans, La.

The undersigned is the sole Agent in this city for the GROVER & BAKER SEWING MACHINE COMPANY for the sale of their celebrated Machines to be used in Louisiana, Mississippi, Texas and Arkansas, and is prepared to fill all orders from parties residing in any of the above-mentioned States.

These Machines are now acknowledged to be far superior to any others, the same Machine being used to sew the FINEST MUSLIN, or THIRTEEN THICKNESSES OF LOWELLS.

For plantation use, they are the only Machines which can be used. Any intelligent negro can work them after half an hour's instruction.

Printed directions go with every Machine.

All Machines are sold

AT MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

The following rules of the New Orleans Agency will be strictly observed:

All Machines guaranteed perfect.

All Machines sold here are kept in order, free of expense, for one year.

Any purchaser not fully satisfied with the Machine, can return the same within one week, and the cost of same will be refunded.

No charge made for teaching.

Terms, strictly Cash.

The Machines can be seen at work at our office, No. 13 Camp street.

WM. L. CUSHING, Agent,
No. 13 Camp street.
au31 2pMoif&W

New Books!

—For sale by—
THOMAS L. WHITE,
Bookseller and Stationer,
No. 105 Canal street.

THE BIOGRAPHICAL HISTORY OF PHILOSOPHY—By George Henry Lewes.
THE ROSE OF ASHURST—By Mrs. Marsh.
MARRIED OR SINGLE—By C. M. Sedgwick.
THE LOVES OF THE POETS—By Mrs. Jamieson.
PUNCH'S POCKET-BOOK OF FUN.
THE MAGIC STAFF—By A. J. Davis.
au29 2p3t

Wall Paper! Wall Paper!

BAUMBACH & EVERS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
French and American Paper Hangings,
BORDERS, CORNERS, OAKS AND MARBLES, in every variety,
No. 24 EXCHANGE PLACE, opposite the Post-Office.
Particular attention paid to all work in their line. au25 2p1y

Order Your Shirts

AND WINTER UNDER GARMENTS
This Week, at
S. N. MOODY'S,
Corner of Canal and Royal streets.

As he will leave in a few days for the manufactory, No. 315 BROADWAY, NEW YORK,
and take measures and sample Shirts with him.

Present stock of SHIRTS and FURNISHING GOODS, which comprises the most complete assortment in the South, will be cleared off at COST.

HALF-DOZEN EXCELLENT SHIRTS FOR $6.

Now is the time for GREAT BARGAINS at MOODY'S.
au24 2p5eod

Until the First of January Next,

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!!

ELEGANT STOCK OF CLOTHING,

ALFRED MUNROE & CO.,

No. 34 Magazine street, corner of Gravier,
WILL sell their immense stock of
SUMMER CLOTHING
For Men, Boys, and Children,
At Near Cost!

PATENT, OR CHALLENGE SHIRT—Large stock on hand, of all qualities.
INDIA-RUBBER CLOTHING—Full assortment, at manufacturer's prices.
A PORTION OF THEIR
FALL AND WINTER STOCK
RECEIVED

Call and examine for yourselves,
AT THE ONE PRICE STORE OF
ALFRED MUNROE & CO.,
34 Magazine street,
North-east corner of Gravier street.
au24 2p7t

Immense Sacrifice!

SELLING OFF TO MAKE ROOM FOR
NEW GOODS!!

ROBERT PITKIN,

Nos. 13 and 15 CAMP STREET, opposite the City Hotel, near Canal street,

Would respectfully announce to his numerous customers and the public generally that he has determined to sell during the months of August and September, his ENTIRE STOCK of

SUMMER CLOTHING
—And—
Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods,

AT COST AND UNDER,

And all other goods at a GREAT REDUCTION, to make room for the Fall and Winter stock.

☞Call immediately for BARGAINS.

I would return my thanks for past favors, and respectfully ask for a continuance of the same. In due time I will enlarge and enrich my stock of Fall and Winter Clothing, and it shall be equal to any ever offered in this city.

ROBERT PITKIN,
13 and 15 Camp street.
au21 2p1eod

P. Durel & Co.,

GENERAL STATIONERS, PRINTERS AND BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURERS,

Receive by every steamer supplies of English, French and American BLANK BOOK AND LETTER PAPERS of every style and finish. They also keep constantly on hand a general assortment of ready bound BLANK BOOKS of all qualities and style of binding, to which they would call the attention of merchants who are about opening new acts.

They have also attached to their establishment a complete JOB PRINTING OFFICE, and are prepared to meet all demands in that line.

P. DUREL & CO.,
37 Chartres street.
au18 2p1f

Second-Hand Furniture Store.

THE HIGHEST CASH PRICE paid for all kinds SECOND-HAND FURNITURE; also sold, exchanged and repaired, by

P. M. TOURNE,
No. 22 Baronne, near Canal street.
jy22 2p3m

Read This!

NEW ORLEANS, August 11, 1857.

W. P. COLEMAN, Esq:

Dear Sir—The twenty-four inch Mill which I purchased from you for Mr. T. J. Packwood's plantation, has been attached to the sugar-mill engine, and put in operation last week. I am much pleased with it in every respect, both in regard to its simplicity, durability, and quantity it grinds. I timed the mill when in operation several times, and found to my surprise that it will was grinding one bushel per minute! I therefore expect the mill to grind regularly thirty bushels per hour with ease. To Sugar Planters I would especially recommend your Mills believing them to be superior to any mill ever manufactured.

Yours, respectfully,
JOHN S. McDONALD, Engineer.

Selling Off at Cost!

Housekeepers can supply themselves in the House Furnishing line at my store, for the next two months, by calling at BRAHA & MILLER'S, 19 Camp street. Paper Hangings, Window shades, Cornices, and Oil Cloths, will be continued as before, at No. 75 Camp street, by

HEATH & MILLER.
au24 2p4m

Pocket Directory!

TWELVE THOUSAND COPIES!

A Southern Enterprise.

THE NEW ORLEANS (ILLUSTRATED)
MERCHANTS' DIARY AND GUIDE,
THE MOST COMPLETE CITY GUIDE
Ever Issued in the South!

EACH BUSINESS AND PROFESSION CLASSIFIED!!

Price of Book, (invariably in advance,) with Name and Business inserted,

Only Fifty Cents!

Altogether forming one of the best Reference and Advertising Mediums ever presented to the Southern People, is now in press, and will be issued on or about the 15th of October, 1857, ready for the early fall business.

This valuable work will be illustrated with many spirited Engravings, and will contain a vast amount of accurate, interesting and valuable information, comprising a sketch of New Orleans, with a Chronological Table, a Diary for every day in the year, a Guide to all the Public Institutions, a List of Officers of Government, (City, State and Federal,) Newspapers, Railroads, Steamships, Steamboats, Schedule of Mails and Rates of Postage, Levee Guide, Lawn Governing Hacks, Cabs and Drays, Interest and Time Tables, Calendar for 1857-'58, the Courts, with a list of all the Judges and Attorneys in the City; Advertisements of Prominent Merchants, etc., etc. COPYRIGHT SECURED.

☞No money will be required for Advertising until the work is completed and delivered.

W. A. BRICE,
Publisher and Compiler.

N. B.—This excellent work is being gotten up solely by subscription, among the business and other classes of the community—the list having already reached over 2500, with a fair prospect of its reaching 7000, saying nothing of what will be distributed gratuitously throughout the country. There remains but a few pages for the use of advertisers, and those desirous of advertising should hand in their advertisements at once, for they will certainly regret having missed so rare an opportunity.

☞Orders may be left at L. GARIDTS Music Store, No. 36 Camp street, where, also, any information may be gained in reference to it.
au14 2p1m

Stationers' Hall!

D. FELT, NEW YORK.....H. G. STETSON, NEW ORLEANS.

D. FELT & STETSON,
General Stationers, Printers and Blank Book Manufacturers,
54.....CAMP STREET.....54
And No. 5 Book Place, New Orleans.

The Proprietors of this Establishment would respectfully inform their friends and the public generally, that they have now on hand an extensive assortment of BLANK BOOKS, PAPERS, FANCY AND STAPLE STATIONERY, and would call the attention of merchants to the following list of STOCK, which is offered for sale at the VERY LOWEST PRICES, and on the MOST REASONABLE TERMS.

—ALSO—

In connection with this establishment, there is a large JOB PRINTING OFFICE and BOOK BINDERY, where every description of work can be done in the best manner, at the shortest notice, and at the most reasonable prices.

From facilities offered this house from a recent change in the concern, they are enabled to sell all articles in this list (which is only a portion of the stock,) on the most liberal terms, and would, therefore, solicit the favor of a call to examine the stock previously purchasing.

Paged Blank Books.

Ledgers, Day Books, Journals, Cash Books, Blotters, Receipt Books, Invoice Books, Order Books, Letter Books, Record Books, Bill Books, Check Books.

The above are of all the different sizes of paper, styles of Ruling and Binding. The same and such other books as may be required, made to order of the best English and American Laid and Wove Paper.

Writing and Letter Paper.

Imperial, Super Royal, Royal, Medium, Demy, Folio Post, Bank Post or Bond Paper, Letter, Commercial and Packet Post and Lawyers' Brief Paper, Foolscap, Record and Ladies' Letter paper, ruled or plain, laid or wove, of English, French and American manufacture.

Steamboat Books.

Freight List, Crab Books, Cabin and Passage Registers, Cotton Receipt Books, Wood Receipt Books, Cargo Receipt Books for Cotton or Sugar, General " " Porage " " Purchase Books, Cash Letter Receipt Books, Wages Tables, Long Discharging Books, Discharging Paper, Manifest Heads, Bills of Fare, Measuring Rods, Measuring Books, Trip Books, all sizes and styles of ruling, and generally all articles used by boats. Particular attention paid to this branch.

Gold Pens.

Levi Brown's, Borden's, Morton's Fifo's (Ellipse, and Lady's Extra Gold Pens, with or without Gold or Silver Holders; Gold and Silve Pencil Cases.

Book-Binders' Stock.

Shaved Russia, large and very superior; Sheepskin Skiver, Red and Blue Morocco, Marble and Sprinkled Papers, Blue Paste for making Boiling Ink, Binders' Boards, Plough Knives, French Berries, Brazil Wood, etc., etc.

Cutlery.

Joseph Rodgers' and Jonathan Crooks' Pocket Cutlery—a very fine assortment.

Prout's celebrated Printing Inks, all colors,

Mahogany and Rosewood Writing Desks, from 12 to 20 inch, low priced.

Playing and Blank Cards.

Eagle, Harry VIII., Decatur, Merry Andrew and Highland Playing Cards, assorted backs; Printers' Blank Cards, all sizes; Visiting Cards of a very superior quality.

Inks.

Maynard & Noyes', David & Black's, Felt & Stetson's, and English Writing Inks, English and American Copying Inks, Red Ink and French Carmine.

Sundries.

Inkstands, fancy variety; Sealing Wax and Wafers; Steel Pens, of every description; Fancy Colored Glazed Papers; Paper Weights; Pen Holders, Motto Seals; Letter Stamps; Pear and Ivory Tablets, Porcelain Slates; Letter Clips; Young's Invoice Files; Music Paper and Books; Pad Holders and Portfolios; Ivory Folders; Tin Cutters; Wood Stamps, for Engraving; Brass Blotting Rolls; Ivory Rules; Rubbers; Newspaper Files; Book Rests; Water Colors; Hair Pencils; Lead and Slate Pencils; Quills; Copying Presses; Notarial Presses; Stamping Presses; Paged Copying Books; Oil Paper Copying Brushes; Memorandum Books of every description; Bankers' Note Cases; Tin Cash Boxes; Envelopes for Letters and Notes, in great variety; Revelope Paper; Extra Fine Note Paper; Tissue Paper; Interest and Exchange Tables; Forip Books; Time Books; Dice; Backgammon Boxes and Checkers; Jackson's Shears; Shoes; Twine Boxes; Twine; Perforated Board; Drawing Paper; Gold and Silver Burnished Paper; Blank Notes; Blank Drafts; Bills Lading; Bills Exchange; Pen Racks; Gutsmbone Blanks; India Rubber; Wire Files; Pocket Memorandum Books; Gummed Labels; Sand Boxes; Sand; Wafer Cups; Pink Sances; Red Tape; Cribbage Boxes; Force-Meunies; Calendars, Wrapping and Printing Paper, all sizes; Thermometers; Vesta Match Boxes and Candles; Ready Reference Files; Ladies' Portfolios, with Locks; Erasers and Desk Knives; Red and Blue Chinese Ink, etc., etc.

D. FELT & STETSON,
Next above James Robb & Co's Banking House.
jy10 2p1f 54 Camp street.

Prospectus

—OF—
THE MADISON AMERICAN.

To be published in RICHMOND, Madison Parish, Louisiana.

This paper will be issued every SATURDAY MORNING. In Politics it shall be devoted to the interests of the American Party. One portion will be dedicated to Literary and Miscellaneous matter, comprising selections and compositions suited to family or fire-side reading, poetical effusions and historical and biographical extracts. Another portion will be especially devoted to the interests of Agriculture; while its columns shall be always open to the advertising community.

The size of this paper will be double medium. The price of subscription will be three dollars a year.

The paper will be issued some time during the month of July. All communications to this paper must be addressed to the undersigned, Richmond, Madison parish, La.

PETER ALEXANDER,
Editor and Proprietor.
jy30 2p1f

Toilet Articles.

A full supply of the following TOILET ARTICLES always on hand and for sale 25 per cent. cheaper than by regular dealers:

JONES' LILLY WHITE.
BARRY'S TRICOPHEROUS.
LYON'S KATHAIRON.
PHALON'S PAPHIAN LOTION, for the Face.
" " HAIR INVIGORATOR.
R. & G. A. WRIGHT'S COLOGNE