New Orleans Daily Crescent.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF NEW ORLEANS.

JAMES O. NIXON. WILLIAM R. ADAMS.

BY NIXON & ADAMS.

OFFICE, No. 70 CAMP STREET.

AMERICAN STATE TICKET.

FOR AUDITOR,
FRANK HARDESTY, of East Feliciana.

FOR TREASURER,
J. W. WALKER, of St. Mary.

SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION,
W. A. LACEY, of Caddo.

FOR CONGRESS,
First District—GEORGE EUSTIS, Jr.
Second District—GLENDY BURKE.
Third District—GEO. W. WATTERSTON.
Fourth District—W. H. SPARKS.

FRIDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 4, 1857.

☞ Mr. H. H. Eggers, clerk of the steamer Luther M. Kennett, has our thanks for late St. Louis papers.

☞ Our thanks are due to Mr. R. H. Campbell, clerk of the steamer New Uncle Sam, for late St. Louis papers.

☞ We are under obligations to the purser of the steamship Robert Waterman for manifest and late Brownsville papers.

TALK ON 'CHANGE.—It rained the greater part of the business portion of the day yesterday, and of course the gatherings at the usual places of resort were rather slim. Here and there might be seen a knot of persons, of various callings, commenting on the money panic in New York, which, by the way, is not so bad as croakers and alarmists would wish to see. The full particulars of what has occurred up to this time will not be fully explained until Tuesday or Wednesday next. But while all this talk is going on, by way of an interlude, the cotton question comes up in all its various details, crop prospects, how many bales new arrived by this or that boat, and how the market is going? The accounts of the 22d ult. by the Vanderbilt, which we published yesterday, came on a still market. The advance quoted will go towards relieving late shipments. There have been sales of Middling at 8¾d. and even 8¾d., so that the quotations of 8 9-16d. show that the market is well sustained, and will in all probability top 9d. There is no stock in this market at this moment for buyers to operate on, nor do we expect any real activity in the market until sometime next month.

It appears the Vanderbilt, from Havre, has beaten the Cunard steamer Asia, which was to have left Liverpool on the 22d ult.

The next steamer to arrive from Liverpool with later dates will probably be the North America (screw) at Quebec with dates to the 26th ult.

The Northern mail failed yesterday from beyond Montgomery, Ala. The mails from Liverpool, of the 15th ult., will be due here this morning, as the America arrived in Boston on Thursday night last.

☞ The dispatch by telegraph, published yesterday, that the Collins steamer Atlantic would leave New York on the 2d, in place of the Adriatic, must be wrong. The days of departure from New York of the Collins line are on Saturdays, not Wednesdays. The Adriatic was not to leave till Saturday, the 12th inst., and we hope she will at least get off this time, after being so long delayed.

THE TOWN OF KENNER.—Those desirous of purchasing, on moderate terms, delightful rural residences, are referred to the advertisement of the town of Kenner, to be found in another column.

BALL AT BROOKHAVEN.—We acknowledge the receipt of a polite invitation to attend a grand ball to be given at the Bowen House, in the town of Brookhaven, the present terminus of the Jackson Railroad, on the 10th instant. We have no doubt it will prove an agreeable and joyous affair, and, if avocations permit, shall take pleasure in availing ourselves of the invitation.

TWO CHILDREN BURNED TO DEATH.—In Hennepin county, Minnesota, on the 21st ult., two little children, while playing in a barn, ignited the hayroom with matches and were burned to ashes with the building.

EMBEZZLING DRY GOODS.—A well dressed young man called at a land office in Fulton street, New York, on the 25th ult., and offered a quantity of silk for sale so very cheap that he was immediately arrested on suspicion of having stolen it. It turned out that his name was Matthew Welch, and that he was a salesman in a large dry goods store.

BURGLARY IN MOBILE.—The Mobile Tribune informs us that on Tuesday night the dry goods store of Mr. P. H. Pepper was entered and robbed of property and cash, amounting in all to about $300. The rascals blew the safe to pieces with gunpowder, but awoke nobody.

THE RIOTERS CONCEAL THEIR LOSS.—The New York Times, of the 27th ult., says that not all of the persons wounded in the Dead Rabbit riot on the 4th of July were mentioned in the papers. Many of the maimed rioters were cunning enough to hide their shame and their wounds in St. Vincent's Hospital, corner of Eleventh street and Seventh avenue, where no one ever thought of looking for them.

THE VICKSBURG WHIG.—We notice that Major McCardle has retired from the editorial department of this old and influential journal. It is needless to say that Major McCardle is an able and polished journalist.

MRS. CUNNINGHAM.—The reporters of the New York Express and Times publish recent interviews with Mrs. Cunningham, in which she reiterates her innocence of all charges that have been made against her, denounces Dr. Uhl, bewails the loss of the baby they call bogus, expresses her determination to publish the intrigues of numerous married ladies in high life with Dr. Burdell, and finally intimates the possibility that she may write out the history of her life for the benefit of mankind. In the present condition of public morals and taste, we have no doubt that an autobiography of this sort would have a great sale.

HEAVY FREIGHT BUSINESS.—A heavy freight business, the Parkersburg News says, is now being done over the Northwestern Virginia Railroad, and with scarcely any delay, though the capabilities of the depot buildings at that place cannot be fully employed in consequence of the unfinished state of the hoisting apparatus. The whole will be in full blast by the time the fall business commences, when a thousand tons a day can easily be shipped each way, and, if necessary, a much larger amount.

SOUNDS QUEER IN PRAYER.—Just previous to the departure from the Irish coast of the telegraph squadron a chaplain of the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland pronounced a prayer in presence of the crews, in which he preferred the following modest and reasonable request:

Control the winds and the sea by Thy Almighty power, and grant to us such favorable weather that we may be enabled to lay the cable safely and effectually.

FINE RESIDENCE FOR SALE.—A fine tract of land on the other side of the river, three miles below the Canal street ferry landing—with elegant brick dwelling, handsomely laid out grounds, choice shrubbery and fruit trees, vegetable garden, etc.—is offered for sale. It is altogether a most desirable piece of property. For particulars, see the advertisement in another column.

REMEMBER "OLD JOE."—M. Jose Domingo, whose handy matters—as every body knows, or should know if they do not—are at No. 16 Customhouse street, and whose outpoints are in the bar-rooms of the St. Charles, St. Louis, City and Arcade Hotels, is just as ready to supply the best cigars and tobacco to the public as he was sixteen years ago, and has been ever since. For a good smoke or a good chew, call upon Old Joe, and you will be sure to get it. He imports his supplies direct, and deals by wholesale, on the most liberal terms, as well as by retail.

BLANK BOOKS AND STATIONERY.—Messrs. P. Durel & Co., at No. 32 Chartres street, have just received fresh additions to their already large and well-assorted stock of stationery. The new supplies include the finest varieties of French, English and American papers, for blank books, with fancy bronze and glass inkstands, suitable for banking, insurance and mercantile offices. The fact which the business community should particularly bear in mind is, that Messrs. Durel & Co.'s stock of material, with their printing and binding facilities, enables them to furnish to order, in the best style and at the shortest notice, sets of blank books for any branch of monetary or commercial book-keeping. We would direct attention to the advertisement in another column.

ROBERT A. HUNTER—THE VOTER OF FREE NEGROES.

A card from this notorious individual appeared in yesterday's Courier. But for its unmixed vulgarity, its gross mis-statements, and its lack of gentlemanly tone and language, we would re-publish it at length, in order that the people of the State might know the mental and moral characteristics of the person they are called upon to elevate to the important and responsible position of State Treasurer.

The card starts out with untruth, continues in the lowest strain of vituperation, and winds up with a description of vulgar bullyism, which no man, having any respect for himself, would resort to.

Mr. Hunter commences by saying that: "The New Orleans Crescent and other papers of the same kidney have, since the opening of this canvass, never ceased to slander me," etc. This is false. We have never slandered Hunter, nor wished to slander him. We never slandered anybody. Such a procedure would be radically at war with our nature, habits, inclinations and practices. Furthermore, Mr. Hunter is an utter stranger to us, and we could not, therefore, by any possibility, entertain feelings of personal ill-will towards him. We have written and published some severe articles about him. In this we were warranted by our duty as a public journalist, and the relation he holds to the people as an aspirant for lofty public position. But, all our editorial references were founded upon data given to the world at the same time, from what we considered then, and consider now, responsible and honorable sources. Had we assailed him without this authority, or without this public warrant, then Mr. Hunter might have had reason to complain of us. But, as in every instance wherein we have alluded to him lengthily, we have quoted our authority, given names, places and dates, every candid reader will admit that Mr. Hunter's attack upon us is alike uncalled for and false.

What we have written about Mr. Hunter has been mainly founded upon the editorial statements of the Alexandria American—published in the parish of his residence—and an editorial report of his speech at Richmond, published in the Madison American. If Mr. Hunter was wronged, why did he not right himself *at home*, before proceeding elsewhere? Why did he not bring the editor of the Alexandria American to account for slandering his fair fame, if slander was committed upon it? Did he anticipate he could not make his cause good where he was best known? Was he fearful of home scrutiny, and home investigation? It looks so; for when a man flees his neighbors, and writes cards of defense from distant points, his affairs wear a repulsive aspect, and unchartitable people will maintain that there must be "something rotten in Denmark." And, if the editorial report of his speech at Richmond, published by the Madison American, outraged him, why did he not go there and demand redress? But for the statements of the two papers named, there is no likelihood his name would ever have appeared, except incidentally, in our columns.

Referring, incidentally, to the charge of his complicity with free negro voting in Rapides, Mr. Hunter says:

The Crescent says "that gentlemen of the highest character and first respectability, both in a moral and political sense, have vouched for the truth of those reports" against me. I dare the Crescent to *name those* gentlemen. I defy that paper to name one man, who is recognized as a gentleman, who will endorse this slander upon the citizens of Ten-Mile and upon me.

We reiterate the original statement, but do not care about mentioning the names of our informants just now. It is not at all necessary. If Hunter will only go to Rapides, they will probably make themselves known. And if he will consult the Crescent of yesterday morning, September 3, 1857, he will find enough Rapides names attached to sworn affidavits to satisfy his curiosity, to fix the *status* of the "citizens of Ten-Mile," and to convict him of promoting and defending free negro suffrage. Then, there are responsible names at the head of responsible journals in Alexandria and Richmond, to which he might as well pay his attention.

But, we will gratify Mr. Hunter, to a sufficient extent that any gentleman would require, respecting *names*. If, after settling those little difficulties about his free negro voting propensities in Rapides and elsewhere, he will come to New Orleans and apply to us, we pledge ourselves to give him the name of a gentleman, once a citizen of Rapides, from whom we have derived much information concerning this free negro business, and upon which information we have written considerably—a gentleman altogether superior to him in intellect and education, his superior in most other respects, and his equal in all. If this isn't a fair proposition, we have no idea of the definition of fairness.

Towards the conclusion of his card, Mr. Hunter says: "That the Crescent will continue to reiterate this, and every other slanderous charge that it can get hold of or manufacture against me, I have no doubt." Now, Hunter, why *will* you persist in slandering *us?* Whenever we have written anything about you, we have invariably given our authority, and yet you, passing by the fountain heads, seek to befoul us by throwing filth several hundred miles.

As to *manufacturing* anything against you, the man would be a fool indeed to attempt it, when the truth is at hand in sufficient quantities to overwhelm and hide you from the gaze of disgusted white men.

Hunter, don't attempt to play the bully. You are unequal to the task, morally or in any other sense, and you know it—you *feel* it through every fibre of your system. Do you imagine for a moment that a man who bore, tamely and submissively and to his face in a crowd of gentlemen, the most degrading epithet the language supplies, can frighten people in Louisiana? That you have so submitted to stinging insult we have been informed by a gentleman of truth, veracity and character, who will make his statement good whenever you dare the alternative.

A Ruinous Trust.

The Mobile Register, of Tuesday morning, says: "Believing as we do, that the Democratic party is sound and faithful, and that the federal administration, *if allowed proper time*, will assume toward Gov. Walker's conduct in Kansas a position of rebuke and censure, we have avoided, as far as possible, any strictures upon the course of certain Democratic journals which have arrogated the functions of oracles and spoken, *ex cathedra*, upon topics which are open to general discussion and about which some difference of opinion seems to exist."

The Register's trust is ruinous to the South. We question not the honesty of its Southern proclivities, but we ask, in the name of common sense and Southern rights, how *long* does an honest "federal administration" require to be "allowed proper time" to punish, by recall and disavowal, an ingrate and a traitor? Mr. Buchanan has had several months in which to make up his mind respecting Walker's conduct. He has not recalled him—has not signified the smallest wish to censure him—and there is every indication that the Governor's course meets with the President's hearty endorsement. The President's special organs defend Walker, and the President continues Walker in power. Now, what other proof can be necessary to demonstrate that the smiles of Presidential favor rest upon the head of Walker?

The Washington Union, for instance, continues the Register, says:

The position of the great body of Southern Democrats who differ from Governor Walker, but who are determined, notwithstanding that difference, to sustain the administration of Mr. Buchanan, is one thing, and the course of such avowed extremists and disunionists as the "Charleston Mercury" is quite another.

Upon the foregoing "cohesive power of public plunder" proposition, made by the pensioned organ of the federal administration, our Mobile cotemporary observes:

Now, we must disabuse the Union of a mistaken notion of the attitude assumed by the South. We know of no party in the South willing to support Mr. Buchanan's administration unless he censures Walker, and we make a prediction which we beg our friends and enemies to remember. It is this: If Mr. Buchanan, despite the deep, thorough, wide spread condemnation of Walker's course throughout the South, sends in his name to the Senate, *the appointment will not be confirmed*, and the large body of the Southern Democracy will be driven into opposition. Such a step will be very impolitic on the part of the President, and we earnestly hope will not be taken. We have great confidence in Mr. Buchanan's sagacity as well as patriotism.

Perhaps the Register is right in its speculations; but, right or wrong, it makes no difference to the South, if Walker is continued in office until his confirmation or non-confirmation by the Senate. Long before the Senate will be called upon to act on his case the *mischief will be done*—the Freesoilers will be in complete possession of Kansas! What good, then, would it do us to have him rejected? Not a particle. It would be like locking up an empty stable after thieves had stolen all the horses, when a timely locking would have preserved the property from the depredations of scoundrels.

Telegraphed to the New Orleans Crescent.

UNITED STATES AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

[BY THE NATIONAL AND SOUTHERN LINES.]

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 3.—*Fourth Day.*—The premiums on saddle, carriage and match horses, were principally awarded to Kentucky.

Vice President Breckenridge and many distinguished strangers are present.

The premiums to Moore's Reaping Machines, exhibited at Syracuse last July, will be awarded to-morrow.

Duel near Vicksburg.

VICKSBURG, Sept. 3.—A duel took place opposite this city at 4 o'clock this afternoon, between S. S. Calhoun and E. J. Bowers, both of Canton, Miss. Calhoun was shot through the left leg just above the knee, while Bowers escaped with a shot through the leg of his pantaloons.

The weapons were rifles—distance 50 yards, and only one round fired. The duel arose from a ball room difficulty.

Domestic Markets.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3.—Cotton quiet. Flour firm. Wheat dull. Corn depressed. Pork and bacon steady. Lard heavy. Whisky 29c. Coffee 11 to 12. Linseed Oil 88c. Lard Oil firm.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 3.—Flour unchanged. Wheat $1 to $1 10. Whisky 29½c. Linseed Oil 65 to 66c.

River Intelligence.

VICKSBURG, Sept. 3.—The Gladiator passed down at 11 o'clock this morning.

Arrival of the Illinois.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3.—The Illinois has arrived bringing the California mails and $1,600,000 in treasure.

Who is Ahead Now?

The doctrine of compensation holds good yet. It is true, the trite sayings that "the best man is sure to find a better," and that "misfortunes never come singly," have found fresh illustrations in the defeat of our crack horses and the parting of the international cable on board an American ship. These are disasters which have come upon us, and for which universal lamentation went up all over the land. The loss of the Goodwood cup was a national calamity and disgrace; the mishap to the electric cable, through the direct agency of the pride of our navy and of American ships generally, must have blasted our marine reputation forever—but for the inevitable and ineffable doctrine of compensation. Our coursers did not prove the fleetest—the cable that was to connect the two hemispheres snapped in spite of the prestige of the magnificent Niagara—but what of all that? The honor of the American name, the glory of Yankee go-aheadativeness, are still safe and untarnished. John Bull has scarcely time to utter a lusty bellow of triumph over our equine defeat, or shake his gilded horns at our deep-sea disaster, before his exultation sticks in his throat, and he chews the bitter end of envy over a fresh proof that he is either a little behind this fast age, or that his trans-Atlantic relatives are a little before it.

A few days ago he was incontestibly ahead of us. He had made the quickest trip across the Atlantic. That account had been squared by a contemptible little, rakish, piratical-looking yacht—a yankee yacht—beating ignominiously in his own waters all the fast sailers of yachtdom in the triple kingdom. But the pride of our racing stock had challenged him to a trial of speed upon his own turf, and at the first essay he had seen them almost distanced. He was still ahead, and the Agamemnon had not shared in the odium of snapping asunder the telegraph wire and sinking to the bottom of the sea all hope of the present accomplishment of the most wonderful and gigantic enterprise of the age. But alas! in an evil day an American ship with an evil name set sail and got up steam and sailed and steamed away from New York for Liverpool, and by virtue of her essential superiority, and by dint of skillful handling—that is, by rushing her, spreading her, firing her up patriotically and indefatigably, she actually performed the passage from New York to Liverpool in thirty minutes less time than it had ever been performed in by a British vessel. In proof whereof, we append the following extract from the log of the United States steamship Vanderbilt, E. Higgins commander, on her third voyage:

Cast off from dock at New York at 12:20, P. M. Passed Sandy Hook, 2 10; discharged pilot, 2:30, August 1, 1857:

Date.	Days out.	Latitude.	Longitude.	Dist.
Aug. 2	1	41 37	67 30	290
3	2	42 48	61 27	330
4	3	45 21	55 02	317
5	4	48 08	48 43	310
6	5	48 49	41 29	305
7	6	50 43	33 05	328
8	7	51 04	24 19	333
9	8	51 03	15 10	302
10	9	49 30	6 31	297

11. Arrived at the Needles at 1 20, A. M.

Apparent time.....9 days 13 hours.
Deduct difference of longitude.....5

Time of passage.....9 days 8 hours.

Making the passage equal to 9 days 1 hour to Liverpool.

The best British passage on record (that of the Persia,) being set down at nine days one hour and thirty minutes, it will thus be seen that the transitory but much coveted glory of being a little ahead is taken from John Bull, and awaits his grasp across a yawning chasm of exactly thirty minutes.

The portly gentleman in check pants, carrying a big stick and wearing a ruddy complexion and immense but well trimmed side whiskers, who met us just after the Goodwood race and said—"Well, I *told* you so, d'ye see. Wot the bloody 'ell's the use o' your sending your blawsted horses over *there?* They cawn't run, d'yd see?"—has not been seen about his accustomed haunts since the news of the Vanderbilt's time. We hardly expect to see his face again, until the Great Eastern is launched and beats nine days and one hour.

An Inquiry from Chicago.

A real estate broker in Camp street received yesterday the following letter:

CHICAGO, August 24, 1857.

Dear Sir: Being desirous of making some inquiries as to real estate in your place, I know of no person who will be more likely to give me the true information than yourself; therefore, I beg to make some inquiries: First, for what prices can I purchase property in your place—any good business lots and residence lots? Also, what are farms worth in your vicinity, and for what are the lands best adapted?

What is the chance for school teachers in your vicinity, and what are the wages given? Also, are settlers coming into the St. is rapidly?

And further, have you any good water leads in your State, if so, can you inform me where they lay, and for what prices they can be purchased? Yours truly, T. C. L.,

Box 4871—Care 77 Clark street.

IBERVILLE PARISH.—The Convention wound up yesterday by a speech from Mr. Balch of Iberville, who was not a delegate, but who pledged that parish "to give three or four hundred majority for Laurent J. Sigur for Congress." We are inclined to think that Mr. B. has a vast imagination of his own. Why didn't Iberville send delegates to the Convention if she approved its objects? Will our dighty friend of the Gazette answer? [Baton Rouge Adv., 1st.

Mr. Balch is the editor of the Gazette, the official organ of the Democratic party in Iberville. Whether, in his speech, he drew on his imagination for his facts, we are unable, as a matter of course, to determine. Still, it is quite clear that a man in his position ought to be well posted regarding parochial matters—better than those at a distance, at all events. A few weeks will settle the question.

AMERICAN NOMINATION.—We learn from the Morehouse Advocate that a meeting of the American party of that parish was held in Bastrop on the 22d ult., and J. W. Boatner unanimously nominated for the Legislature. The Advocate says:

Mr. Boatner is a gentleman of talents and intelligence and worthy the distinguished position assigned him. Personally he is very popular, and with thorough organization and an effort among his friends, he will be elected by a handsome majority.

DEATH ON THE TRACK.—On the 26th ult. a gentleman named Thos. Sewell, a retired merchant of Baltimore, 68 years of age, was instantly killed on the Hudson River Railroad, at Peekskill. He attempted to get upon the cars while they were in motion, and missed his footing and fell between them, three cars passing over his body.

HOW GIZZARD FOOT BECAME GOVERNOR.—We find the following in a recent number of the New York Herald:

It is still fresh in the recollection of our readers how Governor Wise made war upon us on his stump campaign through Virginia for daring to send a reporter to preserve to posterity the winged words of his eloquence. The Governor has, however, seen the error of his ways, and we forgive him for the hard epithets which he at that time lavished upon us. He is now, we believe, fully convinced that but for our efforts he would not be half the man that he is, and perhaps would not now be Governor of Virginia.

A HIGH PRICE FOR WOOD.—A Miss Wood recently recovered ten thousand dollars damages for a breach of promise from a faithless swain. High price for wood, we think.

American Meeting in St. Martin Parish.

We find, in the St. Martinsville Courier, of the 29th ult., the detailed proceedings of a meeting of the American party of that parish, held in St. Martinsville on the 23d of last month. The meeting was large, harmonious and enthusiastic, and the action taken gives earnest of a cheeringly auspicious future.

The meeting was organized by appointing Mr. Jacques Fontenette, President; Messrs. Alfred Duperier and James S. Robertson, Vice-Presidents, and S. V. Martin, Louis E. Laloire, Secretaries.

A motion was carried, authorizing the President to appoint a committee of nine members to select candidates for the House of Representatives, subject, however, to the approval of the meeting. After due deliberation, the committee reported the names of Messrs. W. E. Fuller and John E. Darby for the sanction of the assemblage. The nominations of the committee were unanimously confirmed, as they deserved to be. The old parish of St. Martin is certain to be ably and faithfully represented in the next Legislature, as Messrs. Fuller and Darby are sure to be elected.

A committee, consisting of Messrs. Alfred Duperier, John A. Smith, V. A. Fournet, Fred. L. Gates and Gabriel Fuselier, was then appointed to draw up and report a preamble and resolutions expressive of the sense of the meeting. The report of the committee, on being read, was unanimously adopted. From it we append copious extracts:

Whereas, the American party of the State of Louisiana mourned the defeat of that tried patriot, Millard Fillmore, as one of the greatest misfortunes which could befall our country, it nevertheless rejoiced at the election of James Buchanan, it being as they thought at the time, and as represented by the Democrats North and South, a triumph of conservatism over J. C. Fremont, the exponent of Black Republicanism.

Whereas, in the appointment of R. J. Walker, a Southern man, as Governor of Kansas, the entire South exulted at the prospect of the administration being *true to the Constitution*, and *determined to protect the threatened rights of the South* in the Territory of Kansas.

Resolved, That in R. J. Walker the South has met with a second Arnold, worthy the fate of the revolutionary traitor.

Resolved, further, That inasmuch as James Buchanan has not recalled Walker, that his organ the Washington Union and numerous other journals assuming to speak the sentiments of the administration have applauded at the position taken by Walker, we Southerners, members of the American party of the State of Louisiana, have every reason to believe and do believe, that R. J. Walker is nothing more than the political satrap, the base tool of the administration; that he has merely carried out the Pressell doctrines which James Buchanan so well concealed during the last Presidential campaign under the Northern and Southern interpretation of the Kansas Nebraska bill.

Resolved, further, That in the appointment of R. J. Walker, a Southern man, James Buchanan only sought to conciliate as long as possible the feelings of the South and to conceal his Pressell tendencies.

Resolved, further, That, distressing as it may appear, we Southern members of the American party of the State of Louisiana recognize no national party; we think it time for the South to organize in defense of its threatened rights; to maintain, at all hazards, the constitution.

Resolved, further, That in the admission of Kansas as a free State we foresee the balance of power in the hands of the Black Republicans and their triumph in 1860.

Resolved, That the American party of the State of Louisiana favor the invasion of Nicaragua by Walker, and the honorable annexation of all Southern territories wherein slavery can be introduced, as the only means of protection for the South in the future.

Resolved, further, That, whilst we recognize no national party, we have unbounded confidence in the American party of the State of Louisiana for the administration of our State affairs; its untiring opposition to the majority has done much to relieve the State of that species of arbitrary legislation which has unfortunately much characterized the two last sessions of the General Assembly.

Resolved, further, That in the passage of such laws as the General Election law, we recognize an arbitrary assumption of power on the part of the Democratic party of the State.

Resolved, further, That in their neglect to organize constitutionally the Board of Public Works, when such an organization would have saved millions to the State, the Democratic party has been recreant to its most sacred duty.

Resolved, further, That in refusing to lease the State Penitentiary to responsible parties for specified sums and proportions exceeding the offer of the present lessees, the Democratic party has sacrificed the interests of the State for party favoritism.

Resolved, further, That by the passage of the Election law for the parish of Orleans, the Democratic party has not only been arbitrary towards the citizens of New Orleans, but has imposed an unjust tax upon the country parishes in making them contribute towards the maintenance of the police of the city of New Orleans.

Resolved, That the open opposition of Glendy Burke, the candidate of the American party for Congress in this district, to the present administration, meets our entire approbation; that we pledge to him the unanimous support of the American party of St. Martin.

Resolved, That the American party of the parish of St. Martin pledge their support to the nominees of this Convention and the State ticket; that they in their turn pledge themselves to carry out the principles enunciated in the resolutions adopted by this Convention.

Resolved, That we approve the course adopted by our Representative to Congress, the Hon. Geo. Eustis, in opposing all reduction to the tariff on sugar.

Everything is right in St. Martin, and, indeed, in all other quarters, according to the best information we have been able to obtain. We can redeem the State, and save the State, if we only exercise proper energy and perseverance.

☞ Travelers along our Western waters should always take the precaution to supply themselves with a genuine article of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, as it is now universally sold by all who have tried this invaluable medicine, that they will regulate the stomach, if used as per directions on the bottle, and carry a traveler safe through all the various changes of diet, as well as water, which, without, often will produce sickness and death. Hence one ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure. For sale by druggists and dealers generally. aug31 2p6t&tiW

☞ White Teeth, Perfumed Breath and beautiful complexion, can be acquired, by using the PALM OF A THOUSAND FLOWERS. What lady or gentleman would remain under the curse of a disagreeable breath, when by using the "Palm of a Thousand Flowers" as a dentifrice, would not only render it sweet, but leave the teeth white as alabaster? Many persons do not know their breath is bad, and the subject is so delicate their friends will never mention it. Beware of counterfeits. Be sure each bottle is signed "Partridge & Co., N. Y." For sale, by SICKLES & CO., Agents; MORISON, and all Druggists. all 2p6t&tiW

☞ "Woodland Cream."—A Pomade for beautifying the Hair—slightly perfumed, superior to any French article imported, and for half the price. For dressing Ladies' Hair it has no equal, giving it a bright, glossy appearance. It causes Gentlemen's Hair to curl in the most natural manner. It removes Dandruff, always giving the hair the appearance of being fresh shampooned. Price only fifty cents. None genuine unless signed "Partridge & Co., Proprietors of the Palm of a Thousand Flowers." For sale by SICKLES & CO., Agents; MORISON, and all Druggists. all 2p6t&tiW

☞ Mrs. Boyd, No. 158 Camp street—Depot for the sale of SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES. All kinds of Sewing done by machinery for Ships, Steamboats, Grocers, Families and Hatts. Dresses made by model, and with dispatch, at less than the usual rates. Ladies' Under Garments made up to order or the sale ready made. jel5 2p6tf

P. Durel & Co.,
GENERAL STATIONERS AND BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURERS,
37.....Chartres Street,.....37
Have just received, per Empire City, a choice selection of Bronze and Fancy Glass Inkstands, suitable for Banks, Insurance Companies and Merchants' offices; also a numerous selection of English, French and American Blank Book Papers from the best manufacturers. We have the best of workmen to execute our work, and now feel prepared to meet the wants of our friends and the public in general. Merchants and others desirous of having a full set of Books made for the coming season, would do well to give us a call before giving their orders elsewhere, as we are confident, after an examination of our stock, to gain a liberal share of their patronage. Our stock comprises everything that the public may want in our line and of the best quality. We solicit a call.
P. DUREL & CO.,
32 Chartres street.

Liverpool and London Insurance Company, Capital $10,000,000,
Offices, corner Carondelet and Camp-Sts. streets.
DWELLINGS, GIN HOUSES, SUGAR HOUSES, etc., taken upon the most favorable terms. The well-known management of Agency here guarantees promptness and liberality in all its dealings.
HENRY V. GUIDEN, Agent.
CHAS. J. DARGO, Advisory Director. se1 2p6t

Languages.
NEW CLASSES BEGIN THIS WEEK
IN THE
FRENCH,
SPANISH,
GERMAN
AND
ENGLISH
LANGUAGES,
MATHEMATICS,
PENMANSHIP,
BOOK-KEEPING, etc.
All who wish to be ready for winter business should begin immediately.
There are special apartments and Professors for each branch, so as to save the time of business men.
☞ Merchants apply here for Clerks and Book Keepers.
RUFUS DOLBEAR.

Wanted.
SIX PAVERS AND TWELVE LABORERS will be immediately employed by the undersigned, by applying at their office, No. 161 Poydras street. None but good workmen and steady men need apply.
S. L. & J. M. FORDAY,
161 Poydras street.

Furnishing and Fancy Goods.
—Just received from Paris, a large assortment of—
SILK UMBRELLAS, for Ladies and Gentlemen.
Linen and Cotton SHIRT BOSOMS.
Linen and Cotton SHIRTS—Colored and White.
FRENCH CORSETS, of all styles.
STOCKINGS, Socks, Cravats, Collars, Suspenders, Gloves, Mits, Garters, Embroidered Chemizes, Porcelain Vases, Toilet Sets, etc., etc.,
AT VERY LOW PRICES.
LION & PINSARD,
66 and 68 Royal street, corner Bienville.

I Have Found a Treasure.
So says the Consumptive, who has been laboring under a distressing Cough, Pain in the Side and Chest, and debilitating Night Sweats, and could not find any relief. So says the Asthmatic, whose difficulty of breathing was such that he could not lay down at night.
So says the person who has been Bleeding at the Lungs, and who failed day by day, until he met with this invaluable help. Would you know its name?
DR. DAVIS' COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY AND TAR
is this invaluable treasure, which has done more during the past ten years in relieving the above diseases than any other remedy in the world.
For sale in New Orleans, wholesale and retail, by
J. WRIGHT & CO.,
21 and 131 Chartres street.

New Goods! New Goods!
—Just Received, at—
D. F. SCANLAN & CO.'S,
Nos. 12 and 14 Chartres street.
Plain and Figured, Black and Colored SILKS, POPELINES, VALENCIAS, CASHMERES, MUSLIN DE LAINES and FRENCH CALICOS, in pieces and in robes-a-volants, a-Quilles and Bayadere. EMBROIDERIES, LACES, RIBBONS, FLOWERS and MILLINERY, to which the attention of the Ladies is respectfully called. au31 2p3tos4

Southern Furniture Warerooms
CHARLES A. STEWART,
At Nos. 171 *and* 173 *Canal street, New Orleans,*
Has just received from the manufactory, a beautiful stock of solid MAHOGANY ARMOIRS and BEDSTEADS, in addition to his Hitherto large stock of
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
comprising EVERYTHING in his line of business. Parties wishing anything in his line, will find it to their advantage to give him a call before purchasing elsewhere.
CHARLES A. STEWART,
171 and 173 Canal street.
au31 2p6t&tiW

Carpet Warehouse,
No. 19 CHARTRES STREET—CARPETING of all kinds; Medallions, Velvet, Wilton, Tapestry, Brussels, Three-ply, etc. MATTING—Colored, 2-4, 3-4 and 4-4 White, Check and Fancy. FLOOR OIL CLOTH—From 2-4 feet down to any width, cut to suit Halls, Rooms, etc. Also, Table and Piano Covers, French Cloths, Window Shades, etc., full of which are offered at the lowest market prices.
A. BROUSSEAU & CO.

New Books!
—For sale by—
THOMAS L. WHITE,
Bookseller and Stationer,
No. 105 Canal street.
THE BIOGRAPHICAL HISTORY OF PHILOSOPHY—By George Henry Lewes.
THE ROSE OF ASHURST—By Mrs. Marsh.
MARRIED OR SINGLE—By Rev. M. Sedgwick.
THE LOVES OF THE POETS—By Mrs. Jameson.
PUNCH'S POCKET-BOOK OF FUN.
THE MAGIC STAFF—By A. J. Davis. au22 2p3t

Wall Paper! Wall Paper!
BAUMBACH & EVERS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN French and American Paper Hangings, BORDERS, CORNERS, OAKS AND MARBLES, of every variety.
No. 24 EXCHANGE PLACE, opposite the Post-Office.
Particular attention paid to all work in their line. au25 2ply

Order Your Shirts
AND WINTER UNDER GARMENTS
This Week, at
S. N. MOODY'S,
Corner of Canal and Royal streets,
As he will leave in a few days for the manufactory, No. 214 BROADWAY, NEW YORK,
and take measures and sample Shirts with him.
Present stock of SHIRTS and FURNISHING GOODS, which comprises the most complete assortment in the South, will be cleared off at COST.
HALF DOZEN EXCELLENT SHIRTS FOR $6.
Now is the time for GREAT BARGAINS at MOODY'S.
au24 2p6tos4

Immense Sacrifice!
SELLING OFF TO MAKE ROOM FOR NEW GOODS!!
ROBERT PITKIN,
Nos. 13 and 15 CAMP STREET, opposite the City Hotel, next door to Barnum's Hotel,
Would respectfully announce to his numerous customers and the public generally that he has determined to sell during the months of August and September, his ENTIRE STOCK of SUMMER CLOTHING
—And—
Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods,
AT COST AND UNDER.
And all other goods at a GREAT REDUCTION, to make room for his Fall and Winter stock.
☞ Call in and satisfy for BARGAINS.
I would return my thanks for past favors, and respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. In due time I will enlarge and enrich my stock of Fall and Winter Clothing, and it shall be equal to any ever offered in this city.
ROBERT PITKIN,
13 and 15 Camp street.
au21 2p6tos1

Second-Hand Furniture Store.
The HIGHEST CASH PRICE paid for all kinds SECOND-HAND FURNITURE; also sold, exchanged and repaired, by
P. M. TOURNE,
No. 22 Barrone, near Canal street.
jy22 2p3m

Read This!
NEW ORLEANS, August 11, 1857.
W. P. COLEMAN, Esq.:
Dear Sir—The twenty-four hoss XII which I purchased from you for Mr. T. J. Parkison's plantation, has been attended to the entire satisfaction of the operator, and put in operation last week. I am much pleased with it in every respect; both in regard to its simplicity, durability, and quality it grinds. I timed the mill when its operation several times, and found to my surprise that the mill was grinding one hundred per minute; I therefore expect the mill to grind regularly thirty bushels per hour with ease. To Sugar Planters I would especially recommend your Mills believing them to be superior to any mill ever manufactured.
Yours, respectfully,
JOHN S. McDONALD, Engineer.

Selling Off at Cost!
Housekeepers can supply themselves in the House Furnishing Dry Goods line, for the next two months, by calling at HEATH & MILLER'S, 75 Camp street. Paper Hangings, Upholstery Goods, and the Paint and Oil business, will be continued as before, at No. 75 Camp street, by
HEATH & MILLER.

Singer's Sewing Machines,
With all the late improvements, for sale by
MRS. BOYD,
158 Camp street.

All Kinds of Sewing
DONE BY MACHINERY, by
MRS. BOYD,
158 Camp street.

Notice.
Our customers and others, wishing their FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER, will please call at our store and leave their measures and orders.
NORRIS, MAULL & CO.,
corner Camp and Common streets, under the City Hotel.

Lubin Extracts
FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF—WARRANTED GENUINE.
Price, 50 cents per bottle. For sale by
MRS. BOYD,
158 Camp street.

Coal! Coal!
R. & J. WATSON,
New Levee, foot of Julia street,
Are constantly receiving large supplies of the VERY BEST QUALITY OF SCREENED
PITTSBURG COAL,
and are now prepared to furnish, by the boat load, DEALERS, PLANTERS and STEAMBOATS at the SHORTEST NOTICE and LOWEST MARKET PRICE.
☞ Planters desiring to purchase a part only of a boat load of Coal, can have the same delivered at their plantations without extra charge, except the actual cost of towing. jy24 2p3m

Lea & Perrins'
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.
The attention of Hotel Keepers, Proprietors of Eating Houses, Caterers for Clubs, Messrs., and Private Families, is commended to a trial of Lea