New Orleans Daily Crescent.

The Song of Steam.

BY G. W. CUTTER.

Harness me down with your iron bands;
Be sure of your curb and rein;
For I scorn the power of your puny hands,
As the tempest scorns a chain.
How I laughed as I lay concealed from sight,
For many a countless hour,
At the childish boast of human might,
And the pride of human power.

When I saw an army upon the land,
A navy upon the seas,
Creeping along—a snail-like band—
Or waiting the wayward breeze;
When I marked the peasant faintly reel
With the toil which he daily bore,
As he feebly turned the tardy wheel,
Or tugged at the weary oar;

When I measured the panting courser's speed,
The flight of the courier dove,
As they bore a law a King decreed,
Or the lines of impatient love—
I could not but think how the world would feel,
As these were outstripp'd afar,
When I should be bound to the rushing keel,
Or chain'd to the flying car.

Ha! ha! ha! ha! they found me at last;
They invited me forth at length;
And I rushed to my throne with a thunder-blast,
And laughed in my iron strength.
O! then ye saw a wondrous change
On the earth and ocean wide,
Where now my fiery armies range,
Nor wait for wind or tide.

Hurrah! hurrah! The waters o'er
The mountain's steep decline;
Time—space—have yielded to my power;
The world! The world is mine!
The rivers the sun hath earliest blest,
Or those where his beams decline;
The giant streams of the queenly West,
Or the Orient floods divine!

The ocean pales where'er I sweep—
To hear my strength rejoice;
And the monsters of the briny deep
Cower, trembling, at my voice.
I carry the wealth and the lord of the earth,
The thoughts of his god-like mind;
The winds lag after my going forth,
The lightning is left behind.

In the darksome depths of the fathomless mine,
My tireless arm doth play;
Where the rocks never saw the sun decline,
Or the dawn of the glorious day;
I bring earth's glittering jewels up
From the hidden caves below,
And I make the fountain's granite cup
With a crystal gush o'erflow.

I blow the bellows, I forge the steel,
In all the shops of trade;
I hammer the ore and turn the wheel
Where my arms of strength are made;
I manage the furnace, the mill, the mint;
I carry, I spin, I weave;
And all my doings I put into print
On every Saturday eve.

I've no muscle to weary, no breast to decay,
No bones to be "laid on the shelf,"
And soon I intend you may "go and play,"
While I manage this world myself.
But harness me down with your iron bands;
Be sure of your curb and rein;
For I scorn the power of your puny hands,
As the tempest scorns a chain.

[Translated from the French for the Phila. Sunday Dispatch.]

The Widow's Muff.

BY E. T. WOLBERT.

CHAPTER I.

The first cold day which announces the close of autumn and the approach of winter, is a solemn and important epoch to a lady of fashion. She must, then, make due preparations for the coming season. Winter is on his way, accompanied by concerts, and routs, and balls. What pleasures, what triumphs, brings he in his train? What dresses shall we invent to do him fitting honor? These are momentous questions, but cannot be decided until the reigning deities have issued their fiat, fixing the fashions for the season. Until then, we must content ourselves with last winter's velvet mantles, and thick cashmeres, and comfortable furs.

So thought Madame Dubreuil, one of the most celebrated of the *élégantes* of Paris. On that day—it was in the early part of last November—winter had suddenly announced himself, and with more asperity than usual. Madame Dubreuil was making her arrangements against this sudden and unforeseen attack of the white-headed old gentleman, and she could not help reflecting, while occupied in these matters, on the rapid progress of time, on the happy days which had flown so quickly by, and on her own twenty-eighth year, which was drawing near its close.

Twenty-eight certainly cannot be considered a despairing, or even a desponding age, and Madame Dubreuil, as she glanced at one of the mirrors in her boudoir, was right in thinking that she had never been more lovely than at that moment. Up to that time, every day appeared to have only added to her beauty, to have furnished her with some new charm; but now she had reached a perfection which she could not hope long to retain. It is not, therefore, to be wondered at if the sight of her last winter's habiliments produced such various thoughts in the mind of Madame Dubreuil, as one by one she drew them forth from their snug retreats. In a box of sandal-wood reposed one of the most lovely muffs ever produced from Siberian sables. The fair lady looked at it with a melancholy smile, and asked herself, "How many things have happened since the last day I wore that muff? and what will be my fate before I again deposit it in that box?"

From these philosophical reflections my readers will already have imagined that Madame Dubreuil is a widow. It is true. She had been married to a man much older than herself; he was immensely rich, lived in magnificent style; his house was visited by the first people. He had not been a kind or attentive husband, and, by way of making his wife lament his loss, he, just before dying, made a will, by which he left the greatest bulk of his property to distant relations, with whom he had scarcely exchanged a word. "This will be a very effectual method to make her regret me," thought this good husband, as he penned his last wishes. "I have habituated my wife to luxury, to spending large sums of money. How will my widow weep for me when she finds herself reduced to mediocrity, and is compelled to observe the most rigid economy? If I left her all my fortune, she would, perhaps, marry some one for whom she has an affection, and the comparison might not be to my advantage."

Thus was Madame Dubreuil made the victim of the self love and the posthumous jealousy of her amiable spouse. To renounce the pleasures of fashionable life was impossible; they had become a necessity with her; to shine in the great world was her only happiness, and the young widow did what many dandies do; her income not being sufficient for her expenses, she encroached upon the capital, and continued living in grand style. She calculated upon the future, upon her charms, upon her accomplishments; marriage was a resource which could not fail her; so many admirers thronged around her, all of whom were prodigal of the most fervent protestations.

The day had, however, arrived when Madame Dubreuil perceived that it was absolutely necessary she should bring her widowhood to a close. Her capital had seriously diminished; time was running on; and although her looking-glass still gave her the most brilliant assurances, although her admirers still poured their ardent vows and adulations into her ear, she must now listen to the voice of reason or be exposed to the dread alternative of finding herself without a louis. These considerations had led her to exclaim so philosophically, "How many things have happened since the last day I wore that muff!"

She took a rapid view of past events. Two incidents had occurred which might seriously influence her future life; with these were connected two names; the recollection of one produced a smile, the other a slight knitting of the brows. These names were Theobald and the Baron de Grany.

Madame Dubreuil had an excellent memory. She remembered perfectly that the last time she had worn her muff was on a fine day in the month of April. The night before she had been at a grand ball given by her banker. Her dress on that occasion was of the most elegant description—a lace robe, a necklace of large pearls, and natural camelias in her hair. She had never had so great a crowd of admirers; her coquetry had never been more attractive or more killing; but in the midst of this great triumph her own heart had been severely scathed. A timid and amiable young man whom she had tormented for her own amusement, during the whole of the winter, at last obtained grace in her eyes, and she had confessed to herself, and then but whisperingly, "I love him." To acknowledge this to him, it was necessary to wait a more suitable place and opportunity; such an avowal could be made during the intervals of a quadrille or a gallop; and Madame Dubreuil well knew that Theobald de Sarnaud was too assiduous to allow her to wait long for the opportunity she desired.

As chance would have it, she met him the next day, the last appearance of the muff, at the Marchioness de Lascelle's, one of her intimate friends. She had gone there to make a morning call. The drawing-room was full of company, and Theobald could only express his admiration by the eloquence of looks. However, at the moment Madame Dubreuil rose to take leave, and as she took her muff from a table on which she had laid it, Theobald approached, and whispered to her with mysterious emotion:

"Remember, I wait my sentence."

"Poor young man," thought the compassionate widow, "he has suffered so long! The first time I can see him alone he shall know that he has gained his cause."

That evening Madame Dubreuil remained at home to repose herself after the fatigues of the ball. Her sleep was attended with the most enchanting dreams. On waking, her first thoughts were of Theobald. "Shall I tell him to-day?" said she musingly; "it would be very silly of him not to call."

The weather was most beautiful; it was the first day of spring. Madame Dubreuil was walking out in the hope of meeting Theobald. In the evening she went to the opera, where he was a constant attendant. In vain she directed her opera glass to the stalls and to the boxes. Between the acts a gentleman visited Madame Dubreuil in her box, and talked over the occurrences of the day. Among other matters he said—

"By-the-by, madame, are you aware that you have lost one of your most indefatigable dancers? fortunately, the season for balls draws near its close."

"And who is this devotee?" asked Madame Dubreuil.

"It is M. Theobald de Sarnaud, who has set off this morning for Italy."

Gone! and at such a moment—without waiting his sentence! This was the most poignant grief that Madame Dubreuil had ever suffered. In what way could she account for this precipitate departure? He must have felt terrified at the decisive moment! He was so modest, so timid!

CHAPTER II.

Some time after this event, which had made a deep impression on the mind of M'me Dubreuil, she left Paris. Since her widowhood, she usually passed the summer at the country house of one of her aunts, who had dignified it with the name of Chateau. M'me Ronneval did not receive much company; her country guests were usually grave personages, some old friends of hers. On the present occasion the youngest of the society was a certain Baron de Grany, who was only fifty years old; he was a complete original, proud of his nobility—which was, to say the least of it, but doubtful—and of some military exploits that he took care to recount to every new comer, and which were still more apocryphal. He affected the frankness and rudeness of an old soldier, and whenever he had forgotten himself so far as to make use of terms not generally admitted in society, he excused himself by saying, "You need not expect that an old warrior, bred in camp, can have the soft tones and effeminate manners of a city fop."

Nothing could be more ludicrous than his mode of expressing his admiration for Madame Dubreuil, for he had become desperately in love with her, and took every opportunity of paying her attention. The lovely widow laughed at his awkward declarations, and appeared to consider them as in jest. This went on for some time; but one morning the Baron, finding Madame Dubreuil alone in the saloon, made her a formal tender of his hand and fortune, and by way of convincing her, *en militaire*, that he was really in earnest, threw his arms around her and insisted upon sealing the contract, which he thought too advantageous to refuse, with a salute. Madame Dubreuil, incensed at his rude conduct, violently rang the bell, called for her aunt, and declared to her that, if M. de Grany remained there she would leave the house. The Baron, who had coldly seated himself in an arm chair, appeared much surprised at the unnecessary alarm evinced by the lady, and said "that he would give her time to consider the folly of her conduct, and that he should proceed to Paris, where he would expect to receive a more favorable reply to his proposals." He then very quietly took leave of Madame Dubreuil, kissed his hand to the widow, and then left the house.

"Why should you not marry him?" asked M'me Bonneval. "I grant to you he is uncouth and insolent, but he is a good-hearted creature, and besides which, he has an income of thirty thousand francs."

Madame Dubreuil had at first said no; after that she reflected seriously upon the matter, and had almost made up her mind to say yes before she left Paris.

These were the reminiscences which presented themselves to the mind of Madame Dubreuil; these were the adventures which had occurred since the day on which the muff had been put out of service.

"Juliette," said Madame Dubreuil to her waiting maid, "I am going out; is the carriage ready?"

"Yes, madame; but there is a gentleman to visit you."

"Say I am not at home."

"But, madame, it is the Baron."

"Myself!" added the Baron, with all the coolness and familiarity of an invincible warrior.

"A thousand pardons, Baron," said Madame Dubreuil, "but I cannot now grant you a long interview. I am absolutely obliged to go out—some indispensable affairs."

"There is one more indispensable than all the rest, and it is precisely that I am come about. But I will be brief. I will speak to you with the frankness of a soldier—when is our marriage to take place?"

"We can talk of that another time."

"Excuse me! My love cannot accommodate itself to these indefinite delays. I have already waited four months. I have resolved upon being married within the next three weeks. Consider if that will suit you. I must, however, with the candor of a soldier, warn you that should you not consent, I have another party quite ready! She is a widow, not to be compared with you, certainly, but still will make a very agreeable substitute. You have the first offer, but I must have your prompt determination, and I give you till six o'clock this evening, when I shall expect your irrevocable answer."

"Very well," replied Madame Dubreuil.

"Do you authorize me to hope?"

"Have I not till to-night to decide? Juliette, take my muff and put it into the carriage."

"That would make a magnificent cap for a grenadier," said M. de Grany; "what a pity that it should be employed for idle show. But you like these muffs, you ladies; they serve you for hiding places; it is into these things your love-letters are slipped. Ah! take care not to let me catch you at it! When I am your husband I shall inspect your muff."

When Madame Dubreuil had got rid of the Baron, who accompanied her to her carriage, she looked after him with a contemptuous smile, and exclaimed:

"The simpleton!"

But she did not mean to say that she would not marry him! Men with thirty thousand francs a year are not easily found, and a woman who must live in luxury, who must have her carriage, must learn to tolerate even a ridiculous husband.

Theobald was rich also, but Madame Dubreuil had not seen him again, and doubtless he had forgotten her.

These reflections made her melancholy, and to divert her attention, she ordered the coachman to drive her to a sumptuous shop in the Rue Montmartre. Here they unrolled before her piece after piece of costly stuffs, which she turned over with a careless and disdainful air. After having purchased some five or six dresses, she looked around to discover where she had lain her muff. At that moment she observed a young man going out of the shop, who strongly reminded her of Theobald. Unfortunately she could not see his face. Should it be him?

Agitated, distressed, she regained her carriage, and whether it was mechanically, or whether she felt cold, she put both her hands, which she had not done before, into her muff. Here she found a paper; it was a letter, which she eagerly read:

"You know my love for you. It is time to put an end to torments which I can no longer endure. If you have any pity for me, if you do not reject the offer of my hand, come to-night to my sister's, where I will wait for you. One word will save me from despair. Should you not come, I shall know how to consider your absence, and you will hear no more from the unhappy THEOBALD."

"It was Theobald! I was not deceived!" exclaimed M'me Dubreuil. "At his sister's this evening. I will be there."

And in the meantime, in order to prevent all disagreeable rencontres, and to prepare properly for her coming happiness, M'me Dubreuil at once wrote to the Baron these simple words:

"I will not marry you. M'me Dubreuil."

And then, at the appointed time, she went to M'me de Merange's house, who happened to be alone, and received her with the cordiality of an old friend.

"It is an age since I saw you, lovely widow. Have you only just arrived from the country? They say that this winter is to be very brilliant. Shall I tell you a secret? I am tired of being a widow, and am thinking quite seriously of marrying again. What do you think of it? By-the-by, have you received a letter from my brother, from poor Theobald?"

"Certainly, and it is that letter which brought me here."

"To offer your congratulations? Yes, he has made a capital match—she is a country girl, but is worth a million francs."

"What can you mean?"

"Oh, you must know, as you have received the letter from Bordeaux, where Theobald has just married a rich heiress."

Madame Dubreuil was petrified.

"Ah!" continued Madame de Meranges, "he had other projects formerly, and I did think that I should have you for a sister-in-law. One evening last spring the poor fellow was waiting for you here until past midnight. The next morning he set off for Italy, and you know the rest."

Madame Dubreuil understood in a moment that the letter had remained in her muff since the last day of the last winter. Theobald had placed it there while it lay on the table at the Marchioness de Lascelle's, and the weather was unfortunately so fine that Madame Dubreuil had no occasion to make use of it—she had hardly put the ends of her fingers into it. Odious spring! why didst thou come a day too soon?

Madame Dubreuil passed an agitated night, and the next morning, very early, having reflected very maturely that there was no remedy for an evil that had already occurred, she made up her mind to write again to the Baron:

"I wished to try you last night. If you are not dead from despair, come and receive my consent to your proposal. MADAME DUBREUIL."

"I am not dead," replied the Baron, "but I did not understand that you meant only to try me; and not having any time to lose, I have just now officially addressed a letter to the other widow, Madame de Meranges. You are, therefore, too late. I have pledged my word, and an old soldier does'nt trifle with that!"

Two husbands lost! This will teach the ladies not to lay by their muffs without examination, and to take special care that nothing unread is left in them.

A well dressed and respectable looking woman, passing a furniture store on Main street, Cincinnati, and seeing a dressing bureau on the sidewalk, walked up to it, removed her bonnet, adjusted her hair, then drew a powder bag from her pocket and proceeded to give her face an artistic and elaborate whitening. She was engaged five minutes in her labor, and although a crowd stopped and stared, she continued her toilette with imperturbable *sang froid*, and at its completion put her bag away and passed on as if nothing had happened.

Men of power are seldom wordy or diffuse—they indulge not in the decorative trappings of rhetoric—but by a few bold master-strokes, give determined expression to the essential and central idea, to which all minor thoughts are subordinate.

[From the Port Gibson Herald.]

Mounds and Curiosities in Claiborne County, Mississippi.

Everything which relates to the history and accidents of man are interesting to man. America is the home of a great and mighty empire; but its future greatness none may yet predict. Yet this empire is built upon the ruins of others which have passed away. The soils we cultivate, and from which is derived the wealth of this great and growing country, are enriched with the dust of millions of our race, who once dwelt where we now dwell. If the shades of the departed linger about the forms they once inhabited, awaiting some great future event when they shall be restored to them, what multitudes of disembodied human spirits must now fill this great land! Every field—every forest—all our gardens are peopled with them. Our pleasure grounds are the places of their pastime, with which they are more familiar, and in which they are more at home than we ourselves.

We have just dug into a small mound on the Woodland plantation, owned by J. E. Calhoon, Esq., about ten miles from Port Gibson. This mound is about five feet high with a number of small trees and one large one on it. On the top about two feet beneath the surface, were found eleven skull bones or heads, and in another ten, as close together as they could lie, with their body severally radiating; and all, except one of the former group, lying horizontally. One seemed to have been interred standing. It was the central head, and was in a state of almost complete preservation, viz: the whole skull or head from the socket where the neck bone entered; the forehead high, cheek bones prominent, and half the upper jawbone with its teeth, and all the bony structure of the nose. This head measures from the root of the ear behind over to the corresponding point on the opposite side, fifteen inches; from the eye brow over to the insertion of the neck bone, thirteen and a half inches; and across the brow, three and a half inches.

Several of the other skulls were equally perfect, except the facial portions; and some of them much larger. There were also small skulls apparently of children. Most of the bones of the body were found, many of them entire. One, supposed to be the thigh bone, measured sixteen inches; and another seventeen and three-fourths. And one, supposed to be an arm-bone, measured eleven inches. Some of the bones of the lower extremities were complete, that is the whole frame from the hip down. But the ligaments being dissolved they parted on removal. Two large smoking pipes were taken out, either cut out of soft stone or made out of whitish or greyish clay, and burned very hard. One of these is very large and heavy, and has on each side the print of a pipe with its handle shaped as our clay pipes. In the bolls of the pipes effects of use are very palpable the interior being calcined or blackened by the action of fire, precisely as our pipes now are in smoking.

Some of the persons present thought they could perceive the stale smell of tobacco, as we perceive it on an old and much used pipe. This, of course, was all fancy. Also a hollow cup two and a half inches square at the base, at the height of two inches drawn in and made circular, and higher up bulging so as to give a diameter of three inches, then narrowed again to two inches at the top, the whole height being four and a half inches. Also, two vessels, similar to our kitchen pots, without feet, capable of holding three or four quarts each. Also, one bottle which would hold about one pint, and shaped precisely as our water bottles on a dinner table. These vessels were made of clay. A smooth hard stone, three-fourths at one and two inches broad at the other end, sharpened to an edge. And another circular something, of grey stone, two inches in diameter and three-fourths of an inch thick, and strikingly resembling in shape a common table biscuit.

At a colored ball, the following notice was posted on the door-post: "Tickets fifty cents. No gemman admitted unless he comes himself!"

Schedule of Mails.

NEW ORLEANS POST-OFFICE.
WINTER ARRANGEMENT.
From 1st November, to 1st June, 1858.

OFFICE HOURS—Week Days, from 8 A. M. to 6 o'clock P. M.; Sundays and Holidays from 9 to 11 o'clock A. M.

EASTERN MAIL—Due daily at 8 A. M.; closes daily at 2½ P. M. for prepaid letters, at 3 P. M. for prepaid foreign letters.

LAKE COAST MAIL—Fort Pike, Bay St. Louis, Pass Christian, Mississippi City, Biloxi, Ocean Springs, on Tuesdays and Saturdays at 3 P. M., and on Thursdays at 8 A. M.; Pascagoula Tuesdays and Saturdays at 3 P. M.

CAIRO MAIL.—ROUTE 7,809—Supplying Baton Rouge, Natchez, Vicksburg, Lake Providence, Grand Lake, Worthington, Greenville, Columbia, Napoleon and Little Rock, Helena, Memphis, Randolph, New Madrid, Hickman, Columbus, Cairo and St. Louis. Closes daily at 3 P. M. Due daily by 5 P. M.

VICKSBURG MAIL.—Supplying Donaldsonville, Plaquemine, Baton Rouge, Port Hudson, St. Francisville, Pointe Coupee, Morganza, Red River Landing, (supplying Alexandria, Grand Ecore, Natchitoches, Shreveport and Eastern Texas,) Fort Adams, Natchez, Waterproof, Rodney, St. Joseph, Grand Gulf, Ashwood, Warrenton, New Carthage and Vicksburg. Closes on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 3 P. M. Due on Monday, Thursday and Friday at 10 A. M.

KEY WEST MAIL.—Closes on the 12th and 26th of each month at 7 A. M. Due on the 6th and 22d of each month.

BALIZE MAIL.—Supplying Bienvenue, English Turn, Pointe-a-la-Hache, Grand Prairie, Jesuit's Bend, Ronquillo Settlement and Buras Settlement. Closes on Saturday at 9 A. M. Due on Tuesday at 8 A. M.

GALVESTON, SALURIA, INDIANOLA AND PORT LAVACA.—Closes every Sunday and Thursday at 6½ A. M. Due every Monday and Friday at 6 P. M.

BRAZOS SANTIAGO, POINT ISABEL, BROWNSVILLE AND RIO GRANDE.—Closes first and third Thursday of each month at 7 A. M. Due every first and third Monday at 4 P. M.

VERA CRUZ AND TAMPICO.—Supplying all Mexico. Closes on the 1st and 15th of each month at 7 A. M. Due on the 10th and 24th. Postage, 10 cents per half ounce; Newspapers 2 cents each, pre-paid.

HAVANA MAIL.—Closes, direct, on the 5th, 12th, 20th and 27th of each month at 7 A. M. Due on or about the 5th, 12th, 20th and 28th of each month. POSTAGE PAYABLE IN ADVANCE. On letters 10c; on Newspapers 2c.

ST. FRANCISVILLE OR COAST MAIL.—Supplying McCutcheon's, St. Charles, Taylor's, Bonnet Carre, Edgard's, Vacherie, Bringier's, Cantrell's, Tureaud's, Donaldsonville, (and interior) New River, Bayou Goula, Iberville, Plaquemine, Manchac, Bruly's Land'g, Baton Rouge, (and inter'r) Lobdell's Store, Port Hudson, Hermitage, Waterloo, and St. Francisville, (and interior.) Closes on Sunday, Wednesday and Friday, at 7 A. M., and Mondays at 3 P. M. Due on Monday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday by 8 A. M.

COVINGTON MAIL, OR LAKE MAIL.—Closes on Monday, Wednesday, Friday, by 9 A. M. Arrives on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, by 4 P. M.

JEFFERSON CITY MAIL.—Closes on Tuesday at 12 M.; due same time.

ALGIERS MAIL.—Daily, except Sunday. Closes at 12 M.; due same hour.

LAFAYETTE MAIL.—Closes daily (except Sunday) at 1 P. M. Arrives daily (except Sunday) at 11 A. M.

CARROLLTON MAIL.—Closes on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 1 P. M. Arrives on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, by 1 P. M.

OSYKA MAIL.—Closes daily at 7 A. M. Due daily at 3½ P. M. Supplies Amite, Independence, Tangipaho, Ponchatula, Osyka, Magnolia, Summit, Brookhaven, Jackson and Vicksburg, Miss., and counties North and East of Jackson.

OPELOUSAS MAIL.—(Per New Orleans and Opelousas Railroad)—Supplies all the Attakapas parishes. Closes on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6½ A. M. Due Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays by 6 P. M.

WEST INDIA ISLANDS, BRITISH POSSESSIONS IN THE GULF OF MEXICO AND SOUTH AMERICA, AND THE ATLANTIC COAST OF SOUTH AMERICA, via HAVANA. Closes on the 5th and 20th; due on or about the 12th and 28th of each month. POSTAGE PAYABLE IN ADVANCE, as follows:

BRITISH POSSESSIONS.	Half Ounce Letter.	Newspaper.
When the distance from the U. S. mailing office is—		
2500 miles or under	10c.	2c.
Over 2500 miles	20c.	2c.
NOT BRITISH POSSESSIONS. When the distance from the U. S. mailing office is—		
2500 miles or under	34c.	4c.
Over 2500 miles	44c.	6c.
When received in the United States, and the distance to the office of delivery is—		
2500 miles or under	10c.	2c.
Over 2500 miles	22c.	2c.

NEW GRENADA, WEST COAST OF SOUTH AMERICA, CALIFORNIA AND OREGON, SANDWICH ISLANDS, AUSTRALIA AND VAN DIEMAN'S LAND, NEW SOUTH WALES AND CHINA.—Closes on the 4th and 19th of each month, at 6 P. M. Arrives on or about the 12th and 28th of each month.

☞ Postage to South Pacific: Letters, 34c.; papers, 6c.

☞ Postage to New South Wales, Victoria, South Australia, etc., via England, by packet or private ships, 33 cents single rate, prepaid; via France, 10 cents each quarter ounce, prepaid, is added to the above postage; via New York, by private ships, 5 cents, prepaid.

☞ Postage to Peru: Letters, 22c.; papers, 6c.

☞ Postage to Bogota (New Granada,) Letters, 18c.; papers, 6c.

☞ Postage to China, New South Wales, Sandwich Islands, via San Francisco; 10c., prepaid.

☞ The postage to places on the West coast of South America, via Panama, is: On each single letter, 34 cents; and on each newspaper, 6 cents, when sent; and 10 cents on each letter, and 2 cents on each paper, when received.

☞ The postage to New Grenada direct is 10 cents single rate, and 2 cents each newspaper; and to the Sandwich Islands, Australia, Van Dieman's Land and China, (via San Francisco,) is, on each single letter, 10 cents, payable in advance.

☞ The single letter rate to California and Oregon is 10 cents, prepaid. On newspapers, etc., the domestic rates apply. R. E. McHATTON, P. M

NEW ORLEANS WHOLESALE CURRENT PRICES.

CAREFULLY CORRECTED EVERY WEEK.

	From	To
BAGGING, ℔ yard—		
Kentucky	— 14	— 15
East India	— 11¾	— 11¾
BALE ROPE, ℔ lb—		
Kentucky	— 6¾	— 8¼
Northern		
BRAN, ℔ 100 lb	— 55	— 60
BRICKS, per 1,000—		
Lake	12 50	12 00
English—fire	21 00	22 50
COFFEE, ℔ lb—		
Rio	— 8	— 9¾
Havana, Good Prime Government	— —	— —
" Inferior to Middling	— —	— —
Java	— —	— —
Laguayra	— —	— —
St. Domingo	— —	— —
CHOCOLATE, ℔ lb—		
No. I	— —	— —
No. II	— —	— —
COPPER, ℔ lb—		
Braziers'	— 28	— 29
Sheathing	— 30	— 31
" yellow metal	— 26	— 27
CANDLES, ℔ lb—		
Sperm, New Bedford	— 38	— 39
" Nantucket	— —	— —
Tallow	— —	— —
Adamantine	— —	— —
Star	— 17	— 19
CORDAGE, ℔ lb—		
Manilla	— 17	— 18
Tarred American	— 14	— 15
Russia	— —	— —
CORN MEAL, ℔ bbl	3 50	3 50
COAL, ℔ ton—		
Cannel	— —	— —
Western, ℔ bbl	2 00	2 15
CIDER, ℔ bbl—		
Northern	1 00	5 00
CORKS, ℔ 1,000—		
Velvet	1 50	2 75
DOMESTIC GOODS, ℔ yard—		
Brown Shirtings, 3-4 to 7-8	— 05	— 7
" Sheetings, 4-4 to 6-4	— 08	— 12
Bleached Shirtings 3-4 to 7-8	— 04½	— 10½
" Sheetings 4-4	— 09	— 15
Brown Lowell Osnaburgs	— 10	— 12
Brown Virginia "	— 08½	— 10½
Tickings, 3-4 to 4-4	— 09	— 18
Stripes and Checks	— 09½	— 16
Denims	— 09	— 12
Cottonades	— 12½	— 35
Satinets	— 25	— 75
Calico Prints	— 05	— 15
Jeans, Kentucky	— 40	— 45
Linseys, Kentucky	— 30	— 35
" Eastern	— 18	— 22
DUCK, ℔ bolt—		
Russia	— —	— —
English	10 00	16 50
Ravens	— —	— —
American, Nos. 2 to 10, ℔ yard	— 18	— 27
DYES, ℔ ton—		
Logwood, Campeachy	18 00	20 00
" St. Domingo	13 00	14 00
Fustic, Tampico	10 00	15 00
Indigo, ℔ lb	— 80	1 15
Madder	— 12	— 13
EGGS, ℔ bbl	— —	11 00
FLOUR, ℔ bbl—		
Ohio, etc., superfine	4 62½	— —
Illinois and Missouri, Superfine	— —	4 70
St. Louis City	4 75	— —
Extra	5 00	5 50
Fine	4 00	4 25
FEATHERS, ℔ lb	— —	— —
FLAXSEED, ℔ tierce	— —	— —
FISH—		
Cod, ℔ box	1 50	1 10
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ bbl	17 00	20 50
" No. 2	9 50	12 00
" No. 3	6 00	9 00
Herring, ℔ box	— 60	— 80
FRUIT, ℔ box—		
Prunes	— —	— —
Raisins, MR	— —	2 35
" London Layers	2 45	2 75
" C	— —	— —
Lemons	3 00	3 75
Oranges	2 50	— —
Figs, drum, ℔ lb	— 5	— —
Currants, Zante	— —	— —
Almonds, soft shell	— 20	— 21
" hard shell	— 05½	— 06¾
GRAIN, ℔ bushel—		
Wheat	— 90	1 00
Oats	— 40	— 45
Corn, in ear, ℔ bbl	— —	— —
" shelled, ℔ bushel	— 57	— 60
Beans, ℔ bbl	— —	1 35
GUNPOWDER, ℔ keg—		
Common	4 00	— —
Sporting	7 00	— —
GLASS, ℔ box of 50 feet—		
American, 8 by 10	1 65	1 80
" 10 by 12	1 80	1 95
" 12 by 18	2 40	2 00
GUNNY BAGS	— 10	— 12
HEMP, ℔ ton—		
Western, water-rotted	— —	— —
" dew-rotted	— —	142 50
" hackled	— 00	— 00
HAY, ℔ ton	16 00	18 00
HIDES, ℔ lb—		
West Indies and Mexican Flint	— 12	— 13
Dry-salted Mexican	— —	— —
Wet-salted, heavy	— 4	— —
Dry, country	— 7	— 8
Kip and Calf	— —	— —
LEAD, ℔ 100 lb—		
Pig	— —	7 25
Bar, ℔ lb	— 06	— 06¾
Sheet	— 06½	— 09
LIME, ℔ bbl—		
Western	— —	— —
Thomaston	— —	1 50
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—		
In the City	— 13½	— 17½
On Plantation	— —	— 15
NAILS, ℔ lb—		
assorted	— 4	— 04½
NAVAL STORES—		
Lake Tar, ℔ bbl	1 50	2 25
Pitch	— —	2 00
Rosin	1 25	2 50
Spirits Turpentine, ℔ gallon	— —	— 40
Varnish, bright	— 20	— 25
OILS, ℔ gallon—		
Lard	— 80	95
Linseed	— 55	60
Sperm, winter	1 25	1 40
Sperm, fall	— —	— —
Sperm, summer	— —	— —
Whale, refined	— 94	— 96
Castor	1 18	1 20
Olive, in casks	— —	— —
Pr. Basket, 12 bottles	5 00	— —
Tanners', ℔ bbl	— —	— —
OIL CAKE, ℔ ton	— —	— —
PROVISIONS, ℔ bbl—		
Beef—Mess, Northern	— —	— —
" " Western	— 15	— 15
" " " hf bbl	8 50	8 75
" India Mess, ℔ tierce	— —	— —
" Prime Mess	— —	15 00
" Prime, ℔ bbl	7 00	8 00
" R	— —	6 50
" Cargo	— —	— —
" Dried, ℔ lb	— 07½	— —
" Tongues, ℔ dozen	— —	— —
Pork—Clear, ℔ bbl	— —	— —
" Mess	13 75	14 00
" M. O.	— —	13 75
" Prime	11 50	— —
" Prime Mess	— —	— —
" Hoground, ℔ lb	— —	— —
Bacon—Hams, ℔ lb	— 13	— 14
" " Canvassed	— 15	— 16
" Sides	— 12	— 12½
" Shoulders	— 7½	— 8
Lard	— 8	— 10
Butter—Goshen	— 14	— 17
" Western	— 17	— 23
Cheese—American	— 8½	— 9½
" Pine Apple	— —	— —
Potatoes, ℔ bbl	— —	— —
RICE, ℔ lb—		
Carolina	— 3½	— —
SPICES, ℔ lb—		
Cassia	— 36	— —
Cloves	— 19	— 40
Ginger	— 06	— 22
Ginger, ground	— 10	— 06½
Nutmegs	1 05	— 12½
Pepper	— 11½	1 15
Pimento	— 15	— 12
SUGAR, ℔ lb—		
Louisiana, in the city	— 2	— 7½
" on Plantation	— —	— —
Havana, white	— —	— —
" yellow	— —	— —
" brown	— —	— —
Loaf, Boston and Philadelphia	— —	— —
" Louisiana	— —	— —
Clarified	— 6½	— 10½
SALT, ℔ sack—		
Liverpool, fine	— —	— —
" from store	— —	— —
" coarse, cargo	— 50	— —
" from store	— 45	— 50
Turk's Island, etc., ℔ bushel	— —	— —
Cadiz	— —	— —
SALTPETRE, ℔ lb—		
Refined	— —	— —
SHEETINGS, ℔ piece—		
Russia white	— —	10 00
" brown	8 50	— —
STEEL, ℔ lb—		
Cast	— —	— —
English blistered	— 15	— 19
American	— 11	— 15
German	06	— 06½
SOAP, ℔ lb—		
Northern, extra No. 1	— 10	— 12
" No. 1	— 07	— —
" No. 2	— 06½	— 09
	— 05½	— 07
SPIRITS, ℔ gallon—		— 05
Brandy, Champagne	4 65	— —
" Bordeaux	3 00	10 00
" American	— 35	3 30
Gin, Holland	1 35	1 00
" American	— 40	1 50
Rum, Jamaica	1 65	— —
" New England	— —	1 80
" New Orleans	— 22	— 24
Whisky, rectified	— 15½	— 16½
" common	— —	— 15½
Alcohol	38	40
SKINS, ℔ robe—		
Buffalo	2 00	— —
Bear	— 75	3 00
Deer, shaved, ℔ lb	— —	1 50
" in hair	— 24	— —
Fox, gray	— 10	— 28
SHOT, ℔ bag—		25
American	2 25	— —
All sizes, ℔ 25 lb	2 00	2 50
TOBACCO, ℔ lb—		2 10
Choice and Cigar Leaf	— —	— —
Fine	— —	— —
Fair	— —	— —
Common	— —	— —
Inferior	— —	— —
TALLOW ℔ lb	8½	— 9

BILLIARD TABLES CONSTANTLY on hand and for sale from the manufactory of Messrs. J. M. BRUNSWICK & BRO., Cincinnati. Superior Rosewood Billiard Tables, Brunswick's patent Cushions; also, Cloths, Balls, Cues, and all other trimmings belonging to this line. All orders thankfully received and promptly attended to. A. W. MERRIAM, St. Charles Billiard Room, N. O. nl7 1y

GILMAN'S PNEUMATIC STEAM GRANULATOR is now in use on seven plantations, comprising the largest and smallest classes; on some of which it has taken off three crops, with a combination of the following advantages over any other known application of steam to a steam Granulator or an entire steam train:

1. It requires but a pressure of 30 pounds of steam to "strike a Battery."
2. It requires no additional water for the boilers.
3. Its pipes never "scale" or require cleaning.
4. Its heating surface is equally distributed throughout the body of juice, so that an even and hard grained sugar is made.
5. The steam being all condensed and returned to the boilers direct, no additional boilers are required where the sugar-mill boilers are large and Gilman's Bagasse Furnace is used—one pair of cylinder boilers 30 inches in diameter, and 34 feet long, with Gilman's Bagasse Furnace, now furnish steam to grind the cane and run the Pneumatic Battery, making 10 hhds. sugar per day.
6. The Pneumatic Battery or Granulator is put in operation at much less expense to the planter than any other steam battery or application of steam to making sugar, in part or entirely by steam.

For further information, a pamphlet with full specifications and drawings will be furnished on application to the subscriber, who is now prepared to make contracts for the Battery, Evaporators or Clarifiers, to be used with direct or exhaust steam. SAMUEL H. GILMAN, 70 Gravier street, New Orleans, La. d4

THE BAGASSE KETTLE TRAIN AND FURNACE.—The subscriber is now prepared to close contracts with full guarantee, to take off crops with GILMAN'S PATENT BAGASSE FURNACE AND KETTLE TRAIN, with a consumption of Wood not to exceed one-half a cord per hogshead for the entire boiling of the juice into Sugar, or one cord per hogshead for both grinding the Cane and Boiling the juice into Sugar.

The management of the Bagasse Kettle Train is precisely the same as that required for the old kettles, employing an equal number of hands to clean the juice. The Furnace needs the attendance of but one hand, as the Bagasse is never touched after it enters the Furnace.

For further particulars, inquire of SAM. H. GILMAN, 70 Gravier street. ja1

DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

B. A. FAHNESTOCK'S VERMIFUGE IN TENNESSEE.

Brownsville, Tennessee, January, 1851.

Messrs. B. A. Fahnestock & Co.:

Gentlemen—By common consent, B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge is acknowledged to be a standard article in this section of country, and if our opinion can serve any good purpose, we freely say that we consider it much the best Vermifuge in use; we prescribe it regularly in our practice, and with uniform success, and sell more of it than of any or all other similar preparations put together. Truly yours,

HOWELL & TURNER, Physicians and Druggists.

Sold wholesale and retail by all the principal druggists and country merchants throughout the United States. ja31 1m&W

DOCTOR HOOFLAND'S CELEBRATED GERMAN BITTERS,

Prepared by Dr. C. M. JACKSON, PHILADELPHIA, PA. Will effectually Cure Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Chronic or Nervous Debility, Diseases of the Kidneys, and all Diseases arising from a disordered Liver or Stomach.

—Such as—

Constipation, Inward Piles, Fullness or Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fullness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or suffocating sensations when in a lying posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, etc., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and great Depression of Spirits.

The proprietor in calling the attention of the public to this preparation, does so with a feeling of the utmost confidence in its virtues and adaptation to the diseases for which it is recommended.

It is no new and untried article, but one that has stood the test of a ten years' trial before the American people, and its reputation and sale is unrivalled by any similar preparations extant. The testimony in its favor given by the most prominent and well known physicians and individuals in all parts of the country is immense, and a careful perusal of the Almanac, published annually by the proprietor, and to be had gratis of any of his Agents, cannot but satisfy the most skeptical that this remedy is really deserving the great celebrity it has obtained.

Principal Office and Manufactory, No. 418 ARCH street, Philadelphia, Pa.

For sale in New Orleans, wholesale and retail, by J. WRIGHT & CO., 21 and 151 Chartres street. d30 1y&W

HOWARD ASSOCIATION, PHILADELPHIA.—A Benevolent Institution, established by special endowment for the relief of the sick and distressed, afflicted with Virulent and Epidemic Diseases.

To all persons afflicted with SEXUAL DISEASES, such as Spermatorrhoea, Seminal Weakness, Impotence, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Syphilis, the vice of Onanism or Self-Abuse, etc., etc.

The "Howard Association," in view of the awful destruction of human life, caused by Sexual Diseases, and the deceptions practised upon the unfortunate victims of such diseases by Quacks, several years ago directed their Consulting Surgeon, as a CHARITABLE ACT worthy of their name, to open a Dispensary for the treatment of this class of diseases, in all their forms, and to give MEDICAL ADVICE GRATIS to all who apply by letter, with a description of their condition, (age, occupation, habits of life, etc.,) and, in cases of extreme poverty, to FURNISH MEDICINES FREE OF CHARGE. It is needless to add that the Association commands the highest Medical skill of the age, and will furnish the most approved modern treatment.

The Directors, on a review of the past, feel assured that their labors in this sphere of benevolent effort have been of great benefit to the afflicted, especially to the young, and they have resolved to devote themselves with renewed zeal to this very important but much despised cause.

Just published by the Association, a Report on Spermatorrhoea, or Seminal Weakness, the vice of Onanism, Masturbation or Self-Abuse, and other Diseases of the Sexual Organs, by the Consulting Surgeon, which will be sent by mail, (in a sealed letter envelop,) FREE OF CHARGE, on the receipt of TWO STAMPS for postage.

Address, for Report or treatment, Dr. GEORGE R. CALHOUN, Consulting Surgeon, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pa.

By order of the Directors:
EZRA D. HEARTWELL, President.
GEO. FAIRCHILD, Secretary. d5 3m&W

J. WRIGHT & CO.'S CATALOGUE OF GENUINE and popular Family Medicines, which they offer to supply Druggists and Dealers at Proprietor's lowest wholesale prices. General Depot Special Agency, No. 151 and 21 Chartres street, New Orleans, La.

VERMIFUGES. Winer's Canadian, Swain's, Perry's Dead Shot, Jayne's Tonic, Kerl's, B. A. Fahnestock's, McLean's.

BALSAM and COUGH REMEDIES. Winer's Balsam of Wild Cherry, Hasting's Naptha, Sherman's Balsam, Buchan's Hungarian, Davis's Wild Cherry and Tar, Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, New England Cough Syrup, Bartholomew's Expectorant, Hall's Balsam, Swayne's Syrup of Wild Cherry, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, Taylor's Balsam Liverwort, Jayne's Expectorant, Winer's Elecampane, Rogers' Liverwort and Tar, Mrs. Gardiner's Liverwort, Stadler's Cherry Expectorant, London's Indian do., Dr. Rose's do., McLean's Strengthening Cordial, Hibbard's Wild Cherry, Richardson's Sherry Wine, Hutching's Vegetable Dyspepsia, Genley's Vegetable, Coleman's, Hoofland's German, Oxygenated.

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PLASTERS. Well's Strengthening, Ewen's Strengthening, Jew David's or Hebrew, Batteau's, Knapp's Indian, Alcock's Porous, Griffith's Adhesive, Holloway's Arnica.

HAIR DYES. Phalon's Magic, Batchelor's, Gilman's Instantaneous, Ballard's, Jules Hanel's, Jayne's American, East India.

MISCELLANEOUS. Dr. Morse's Invigorating Cordial, Thorn's Extract, Tarrant's Aperient, Tarrant's Elixir of Rhubarb, Carter's Spanish Mixture, Mother's Relief, Toothache Drops, Lyon's Magnetic Powders, Mrs. Kidder's Cordial, Thompson's Eye Water, Watt's Nervous Anti., Billing's Astringent, Hyatt's Life Balsam, McMunn's Elixir of Opium, Radway's Ready Relief, Radway's Resolvent, Tarrant's Indelible Ink, Dr. Fitch's Body Braces, Dr. Fitch's Shoulder Braces, Dr. Fitch's Inhaling Tubes, Dr. Rose's Preparations, Winer's Arcanum Extract, Toneur's Specific, Marshall's Catholicon, Dr. Fitch's Preparations, Morse's Compound Syrup of Yellow Dock, Perry Davis's Pain Killer, Brown's Essence of Ginger, Mortimore's Rheumatic Compound, Mortimore's Cordial Bitters, Myer's Extract of Rock Rose, Grossman's Specific, Dr. Ward's Specific, Upham's Pile Electuary, Steer's Opodildoc, Godfrey's Cordial, Turlington's Balsam, Dr. Cullen's Preparations, Bateman's Drops, Dr. Jayne's Family Medicines, Seidlitz and Soda Powders, Eppling's Fluid Extract Buchu, Lucina Cordial, Juno Cordial, Hart's Remedy for Fits, Wilson's Death on Rats etc., Leidy's Erasive Soap, Kirby's Cholera Drops, Hall's Cholera Syrup, Spohn's Headache Remedy, Connell's Mixture, Dr. Marchisi's Uterine Catholicon, Cowan's Lithontriptic, London's Preparations, Houghton's Pepsin.

LINIMENTS. McLean's Volcanic Oil Liniment, Mexican Mustang, Farrell's Arabian, Butler's Nerve and Bone, Hunt's, Hayes's, Tobias's Venetian, Howe's Nerve and Bone, Kellinger's, Gardener's, Bertine's Horse, Merchant's Gargling, Cherokee, Jayne's.

AGUE REMEDIES, etc. Osgood's Indian Chologogue, Rowand's Tonic Mixture, Smith's Tonic Syrup, Wynkoop's Tonic, Spood's Febrifuge, Vegitable Febrifuge.

LOZENGES. Sherman's Cough and Worm, Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, Locock's Pulmonic Wafers.

HAIR PREPARATIONS. Lovett's Walpeneer Hair Restorer, Barry's Tricopherous, Lyon's Katharion, Boyle's Hyperion Fluid, Phalon's Hair Invigorator, Jayne's Hair Tonic, Van Deusen's Wahpene, London's Oriental Hair Tonic, Hanel's Eau Lustrale, Oldridge's Balm of Columbia, Radway's Circassian Balm.

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OINTMENT AND SALVES. Dalley's Magical Pain Extractor, Professor Holloway's Ointment, McAllister's All-Healing, Brook's Magic Salve, Fryor's Pile, Gray's Harrison's Specific, Trask's Magnetic, Judkin's, Louden's All-Healing, Russia.

OILS. Rushton's Cod Liver Oil, McNair's Acoustic, Scarpa's do., British, Harlaem.

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WOLFE'S AROMATIC SCHEIDAM SCHNAPPS.

☞ Druggists and Merchants, and all dealers in any of the articles contained in the above catalogue, will find it to their advantage by calling or sending their orders as above, where will be found the most extensive assortment of GENUINE PATENT MEDICINES in the United States, and at the lowest prices. Please address, J. WRIGHT & CO., GENUINE MEDICINE WAREHOUSE, Nos. 151 and 21 Chartres street, New Orleans. a24 tf

TO SMOKERS OF CUT TOBACCO.—THE UNdersigned respectfully informs city and country dealers, and consumers generally, that he has lately added to his manufactory of SNUFFS, which obtained a medal at the Universal Exhibition at Paris in 1855, the manufacture of all kinds of SMOKING TOBACCO, which he guarantees as good, at least, as those of the most celebrated houses, besides being perfectly pure and of a pleasant taste.

General Depot at his Store, No. 16 St. Louis street. Manufactory at McDonoghville, La. o7 6m A. DELPIT.

PRIESTLEY & BEIN, 89 AND 91 CAMP STREET, Importers and Dealers in HARDWARE, CUTLERY, IRON, COPPER AND TIN PLATE, have now a well assorted stock of Foreign and Domestic Hardware, Cutlery, English and American Bar, Hoop, Sheet and Boiler Iron, which they are offering for sale at low rates.

Are agents for Hillman Brothers Premium Tennessee Iron, manufactured at the Rolling Works on the Cumberland river. Their iron, by test, has proved itself superior to any other made in the United States.

Are also agents of G. L. Hanks' Cincinnati Bell Manufactory, and of a New Jersey Copper Company.

We invite the attention of the country dealers, planters, merchants and the public generally, to our large and well assorted stock. o29 Mo tf

TAX NOTICES.

STATE TAX COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, Fourth District of the City of New Orleans.

NOTICE TO TAX PAYERS.—THE UNDERsigned, Collector of State Taxes, does hereby notify all persons indebted to the State for Taxes for the year 1857, and those for Licenses for the year 1858, within said Fourth District, to call at my office, Recorder's Court, first floor, and pay the same within the time prescribed by law.

Office hours from 9 A. M. to 2 P. M.
GEORGE MENSMAN, Collector.

BUREAU DU COLLECTEUR DE TAXES D'ETAT, Quatrième District de la Ville de la N'lle-Orléans.

AVIS AUX CONTRIBUABLES.—LE SOUSsigné, collecteur de taxes d'Etat, donne avis par le présent à tous ceux qui doivent des taxes à l'Etat pour l'année 1857, et des taxes de licences pour l'année 1858, dans les limites du dit Quatrième District, de venir à mon bureau, Cour du Recorder, premier étage, et de payer les dites taxes dans le délai prescrit par la loi.

Heures de bureau de 9 A. M. à 2 P. M.
GEORGE MENSMAN, Collecteur. ja12 30t

TREASURER'S OFFICE, City of Jefferson, January 1st, 1858.

NOTICE TO TAX PAYERS.—NOTICE IS hereby given to all persons, residents or non-residents, indebted to the city of Jefferson for taxes of the year 1857, and previous years, that the said taxes are due and payable from the 1st day of January, 1858, to the 1st Monday in June, 1858.

Notice is further given that I will be at my office, corner of Valence and Levee streets, from 9 o'clock A. M. to 3 o'clock P. M., to receive said taxes, and if the same is not paid within the above mentioned time, they will be dealt with according to law. E. R. CHEVALLEY, Treasurer.

BUREAU DE TRESORERIE, Ville de Jefferson, le 1er janvier 1858.

AVIS AUX CONTRIBUABLES.—PAR LE PRÉsent avis, toutes personnes, résidantes ou non résidantes de la ville de Jefferson, qui sont tenues au paiement des taxes imposées conformément à la loi, pour l'année 1857 et les années précédentes, sont notifiées que les dites taxes sont dues à dater du 1er janvier 1858, et que je serai à mon bureau, dans la chambre du conseil, encoignure des rues Valence et Levee, ville de Jefferson, de 9 heures A. M. à 3 heures P. M., pour recevoir les dites taxes.

Toutes personnes, devant des taxes à la dite ville, sont par le présent requis d'avoir à s'adresser à mon bureau, d'ici au 1er juin 1858, sous peine de la loi.

ja7 30t E. R. CHEVALLEY, Trésorier.

LIGHTNING RODS—LIGHTNING RODS.—

N. NUTTING GOULD, DEALER IN LIGHTNING RODS—Orders left in Box No. 18, Mechanics' and Dealers' Exchange, will receive prompt attention. a2 1y

INSURANCE.

SECOND ANNUAL STATEMENT —OF THE— SUN MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW ORLEANS.

New Orleans, January 12, 1858.

In conformity with the requirements of their charter, the Sun Mutual Insurance Company publish the following statement:

Amount of Premiums received for the year ending December 31, 1857 ... $707,753 73
Amount of Unterminated Risks December 31, 1856 ... 101,997 91

Total amount of Premiums for the year ending December 31, 1857 ... $809,751 64

Viz—For Premiums on Fire Risks ... $382,205 22
" Marine Risks ... 243,296 73
" River Risks ... 184,249 69 — $809,751 64

Less Premiums on Risks not terminated December 31, 1857 ... $111,227 00
Return Premiums ... 6,689 97 — $117,916 97

Net Earned Premiums for the year ending December 31, 1857 ... $691,834 67

Losses paid during same period, viz—
On Fire Risks ... $129,150 64
On Marine Risks ... 92,711 09
On River Risks ... 116,217 67 — $338,079 40

Re-Insurance, expenses, interest on Scrip; less interest, discount, etc. ... 25,673 39 — $349,752 79

Net Earned Profits for the year ending December 31, 1857 ... $342,081 88

The Company have the following assets—
Invested in Bank Stocks ... $63,453 50
Invested in City and State Bonds ... 47,120 00 — $110,573 50
Loans on pledge of Bank Stocks, etc. ... 345,907 16
Bills receivable at short time for premiums ... 164,338 60
Bills receivable, balances due on subscription notes ... 111,158 06
Premiums due, in course of collection ... 25,905 18
Insurance Scrip of other companies ... 4,580 00
Cash on hand ... 86,889 37

Total amount of assets ... $849,340 90

STATE OF LOUISIANA, Parish of Orleans, City of New Orleans.

Be it remembered, that on this twelfth day of January, 1858, before me, the subscriber, a Justice of the Peace in and for the city aforesaid, personally appeared Thos. Sloo, President, and James Edwards, Secretary, of the Sun Mutual Insurance Company of New Orleans, who, being duly sworn according to law, do depose and say that the above accounts are just and true, and a correct transcript from the Books of said Company.

THOMAS SLOO, President.
JAS. EDWARDS, Secretary.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this twelfth day of January, 1858. C. M. BRADFORD, Second Justice of the Peace for the Parish of Orleans.

The Board of Directors have resolved to pay an interest of Six per cent. in cash, on the outstanding Certificates of Profits, to the holders thereof, or to their legal representatives, on and after the second Monday in February proximo. Also, to declare a dividend of Forty Seven per cent. on the earned premiums of the Company ending 31st December, 1857, for which Certificates will be issued on and after the 15th March next.

THOMAS SLOO, President.
JAMES D. DENEGRE, Vice President.
JAMES EDWARDS, Secretary.

DIRECTORS: James D. Denegre, A. D. Kelly, Hugh Wilson, J. Y. de Egana, Henry Renshaw, A. C. Tremoulet, R. J. Hart, Jno. C. Ricks, J. H. Stauffer, H. T. Lonsdale, John G. Gaines, Thos. Sloo. ja15 1m

LOUISIANA MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, March 1, 1857.

In conformity with the requirements of their charter, the Company publish the following statement:

Amount of premiums from the 15th March, 1856, to the 28th February, 1857 ... $570,059 67
Amount of unterminated risks, March 12, 1856 ... 91,401 62

Total amount of Premiums ... $661,461 29

Viz: Premium on Fire Risks ... $263,317 56
Premium on Marine Risks ... 249,222 03
Premium on River Risks ... 148,921 70 — $661,461 29

Less premiums on risks not terminated, reserved ... $90,211 21
Less return premiums ... 7,971 45 — $98,182 66

Net earned premiums ... $563,278 63

Losses paid during the same period:
Viz: Fire Losses ... $46,635 87
Marine Losses ... 182,692 25
River Losses ... 83,065 72 — $292,393 84
Re-insurances ... 45,090 38
Expenses, interest, etc. ... 30,459 51 — $361,533 43

Net earned profits for the year ending February 28, 1857 ... $201,745 20

The Company have the following assets:
Invested in mortgage on real estate worth double the amount loaned thereon ... $43,670 00
Invested in bank stock, 250 shares, cash value ... 27,250 00
Invested in city bonds, $20,000 at 82c. ... 16,400 00
Loaned on pledge of bank stocks and bonds ... 93,200 00
Bills receivable, at short date, for premiums ... 158,392 38
Bills receivable, being subscription notes ... 70,417 09
Premiums in course of collection ... 22,575 58
Due from other companies ... 10,000 00
Insurance scrip, etc. ... 21,636 36
Cash on hand ... 52,141 34

Total amount of assets ... $514,992 61

STATE OF LOUISIANA, Parish of Orleans, City of New Orleans.

Be it remembered that on this 17th March, 1857, before me, the subscriber, a Justice of the Peace in and for the city aforesaid, personally appeared Charles Briggs, President, and H. P. Janvier, Secretary of the Louisiana Mutual Insurance Company of New Orleans, who being duly sworn, according to law, do depose and say, that the above accounts are just and true, and a correct transcript from the books of said Company.

CHARLES BRIGGS, President.
H. P. JANVIER, Secretary.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 17th day of March, A. D. 1857. C. M. BRADFORD, Second Justice of the Peace for the Parish of Orleans.

The Board of Trustees have resolved to pay an interest of six per cent. in cash on the outstanding certificates of profits, on and after the second Monday in May next, and have declared a scrip dividend of THIRTY-FOUR PER CENT. on the net earned premiums of the year ending February 28, 1857, for which certificates will be issued on and after the first day of June, 1857.

CHARLES BRIGGS, President.
A. CARRIERE, Vice President.
H. P. JANVIER, Secretary.

TRUSTEES. Christian Roselius, A. Reichard, E. H. Pomeroy, W. A. Violett, A. Lecourt, G. A. Fosdick, S. S. Green, A. Carriere, E. Ganucheau, J. Thornhill, Mason Pilcher, John Fox, R. Brugier, Thos. Byrne, R. G. Cammack, A. R. Montgomery, Wm. Urquhart, Richard Nugent, C. Facey, G. W. Dunbar, Henry Rodewald, A. F. Nobiom, J. W. Burbridge, N. M. Benachi, F. W. Kirchhoff, W. A. Johnson, A. Cammack, Wm. Frobo, Thos. I. Dix, J. S. Wallis, Chas. Lafitte, Leon Queyrouse, J. L. Macaulay. m18

LATTING, HITCHCOCK & CO., GENERAL INSURANCE and COLLECTING AGENTS.

Howard Fire and Marine Insurance Company of Philadelphia.

Franklin Buildings, No. 24 Walnut st., Philadelphia.

CHARTER PERPETUAL.

Capital paid in and invested ... $408,180
Chartered Capital ... 600,000

Insure against loss or damage by Fire, Marine and Inland Navigation, at the lowest rates.

DIRECTORS. P. M. Potts, R. T. Kensils, W. H. Woods, Ab'm P. Eyre, G. G. Sower, John H. Lawars, Nathan R. Potts, Wm. F. Leech, Ab'm Rex, Jos. R. Withers, J. Edgar Thompson, Chas. F. Norton, Herman Haupt, H. N. Burroughs, C. E. Spangler, H. H. Houston, Geo. Howell, Wm. Raiguel, John W. Sexton, James S. Stiles.

PERCIVAL M. POTTS, President.
C. E. SPANGLER, Vice President.
W. H. WOODS, Secretary.

New York Life Insurance Company.

No. 106 Broadway.

MORRIS FRANKLIN, President.
PLINY FREEMAN, Actuary.

Cash Capital, $1,153,740 22—and rapidly accumulating on the Mutual Plan. Dividends from 30 to 50 per cent. annually.

N. B. BENEDICT, M. D.,
E. J. COXE, M. D.,
Medical Examiners.

American Life Insurance and Trust Company.

Capital Stock ... $500,000

CHARTER PERPETUAL.
ALEXANDER WHILDIN, President.
JOHN C. SIMS, Secretary.

Risks taken on both WHITE and SLAVE LIVES, on the most favorable terms.

AGENCY—No. 104 Camp street, corner of Poydras st., New Orleans.

R. G. LATTING,
D. G. HITCHCOCK,
J. S. COPES.

fe26 1y

HITCHCOCK & LATTING, COMMISSION, FORwarding, Bagging, Rope and Produce Merchants, Corner of Camp and Poydras streets, New Orleans.

D. G. HITCHCOCK, R. G. LATTING, New Orleans. A. W. MACKLIN, in commendam, Frankfort, Ky. fe26 1y

UNION INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW ORLEANS.

CASH CAPITAL—$250,000.

The Union Insurance Company of New Orleans is now prepared to take the usual FIRE, RIVER and MARINE RISKS at their office,

No. 11 CAMP STREET.

This Company offers to insurers the security of a Cash Capital of a Quarter of a Million of Dollars, and also permits the insurers to participate in the profits of the Company upon the MUTUAL PRINCIPLE—they receiving Scrip bearing six per cent. interest, redeemable in FOUR YEARS; or, if insurers prefer, they may receive a return of TEN PER CENT. in cash upon the amount of their premiums.

All losses will be adjusted promptly and equitably.

A. CHIAPELLA, President.
JULES DOLHONDE, Secretary.

DIRECTORS.
R. W. OGDEN, of the firm of P. Conrads, Bro. & Co.
CARL KOHN, of the firm of C. Kohn & Ryan.
L. F. GENERES, of the firm of Abat, Generes & Co.
VICTOR MAIGNAU, of the firm of V. & E. Maignau.
M. J. ZUNTS, of the firm of Shaw & Zunts.
P. LOBIT, of the firm of Lobit & Charpentier.
JOHN DOLHONDE, of the firm of Martin, Owen & Cobb.
A. CHIAPELLA. JOS. DEYNOODT. s6 1y

NOTICE.—THE CITIZENS' MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY, of New Orleans, have this day commenced operations, and are prepared to take Fire, Marine and River Risks at the usual rates.

DIRECTORS. Geo. W. West, Jas. A. White, Evan J. McCall, D. Jamison, Antonio Costa, Omer Gaillard, D. Bouligny, R. P. Hunt, M. Musson, Martin Gordon, Jr., Paulin J. Martin, Cesaire Olivier, John Eaton.

OMER GAILLARD, President.
GEO. W. WEST, Vice President.
A. SCREIBER, Secretary. n20 1y

BATHS—BATHS—BATHS—BARBERIZING, No. 26 St. Charles street.

ROLLINS once more at his post. The Verandah fire for a while stopped the operation of his well known establishment but Time, the great physician, has restored to him a better one where he can give at all hours Hot, Cold, Vapor, Shower or Medicated BATHS.

His BARBER'S SALOON is supplied with the best artists the country can afford, and as Shaving, Hair Cutting, Cleaning, Dyeing and Dressing have been reduced down to a science, he feels assured that he can serve with alacrity and dispatch the most fastidious.

He has for sale a well assorted stock of fresh PERFUMERY, Furnishing Goods, Cosmetics and the best Dyes and Tonics for the hair.

☞ Call at his Diamond Hair Cutting and Bathing Saloon. m13 JOSEPH ROLLINS.

INSURANCE.

THE FIRST ANNUAL STATEMENT OF THE CITIZENS' MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

In conformity with the requirements of their charter, the Citizens' Mutual Insurance Company make the following statement:

Amount of Premiums received for the year ending 30th November, 1857 ... $300,643 75
Premiums on Fire Risks ... $164,496 47
do Marine Risks ... 96,169 17
do River Risks ... 39,978 11 — $300,643 75

Less Premiums on Risks not terminated ... 54,245 00
Less Return Premiums ... 1,512 65 — $55,757 65

Net earned Premiums ... $244,886 10

Losses paid during the same period, viz—
On Fire Risks ... $35,623 42
On Marine Risks ... 32,092 10
On River Risks ... 1,221 28 — $71,936 80
Reinsurances ... 18,832 13
Expenses, etc., less interest ... 24,210 74 — $114,969 67

Net earned profit for the year ending 30th November, 1857 ... $129,916 43

The Company has the following assets, viz—
Bills receivable at short date for premiums ... 44,813 27
Bills receivable, being balance due on subscription notes ... 107,580 67
Due for premiums in course of collection ... 26,244 15
Invested in bank stocks ... 50,094 50
Invested in notes secured by mortgage on real estate, worth double the amount due thereon ... 10,000 00
Invested in notes secured by pledge of stocks ... 17,125 29
Scrips of Mutual Insurance Companies ... 3,560 00
Cash on hand ... 21,455 54

Total amount of assets ... $280,660 33

STATE OF LOUISIANA, Parish of Orleans, City of New Orleans.

Be it remembered, that on the 12th December, 1857, before me, the subscriber, a Justice of the Peace in and for the parish and State aforesaid, personally appeared Omer Gaillard, President, and A. Schreiber, Secretary, of the Citizens' Mutual Insurance Company of New Orleans, who being duly sworn according to law, do depose and say that the above accounts are just and true, and a correct transcript from the books of said company.

O. GAILLARD, President.
A. SCHREIBER, Secretary.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 12th day of December, A. D. 1857. C. M. BRADFORD, J. P.

The Board of Directors have declared a dividend of 40 per cent. on the net earned premiums of the year ending November 30, 1857, for which scrip certificate will be issued on and after the 8th of February, 1858—reserving the balance to meet losses in course of adjustment.

O. GAILLARD, President.
GEO. W. WEST, Vice-President.
A. SCHREIBER, Secretary.

DIRECTORS. Geo W. West, James A. White, D. West, D. Jamison, Antonio Costa, John Eaton, R. P. Hunt, M. Musson, Martin Gordon, jr., Numa Augustin, Cesaire Olivier, D. Bouligny, Omer Gaillard.

The Company continues to insure against the perils of the seas and rivers and loss and damage by fire, at the current rates of premiums.

OFFICE—No. 3 Carondelet street.

O. GAILLARD, President.
GEO. W. WEST, Vice-President.
A. SCHREIBER, Secretary. d12 tf

OFFICE OF THE CRESCENT MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW ORLEANS.—In conformity with the requirements of their charter, the Crescent Mutual Insurance Company submit the following statement, viz:

Amount of Premiums received for year ending June 30, 1857 ... $848,958 96
Amount of unterminated risks, July 1st, 1856 ... 139,969 45 — $988,928 41

Premiums on Fire Risks ... $385,359 80
" Marine Risks ... 288,192 28
" River Risks ... 316,282 10
" Life Risks ... 3,494 23 — $988,928 41

Less Premiums on Risks not terminated ... 128,281 00
Less Return Premiums ... 15,085 89 — 143,366 89

Amount of earned Premiums year ending as above ... $845,561 52

Losses paid during same period, viz:
On Fire Risks ... $11,668 55
On Marine Risks ... 213,196 31
On River Risks ... 200,731 98
On Life risks ... 5,000 00 — $435,096 81

Deduct for interest, profit and loss, discount, etc. ... $128,396 35
Less general expenses and reinsurances ... 87,? 38 — 41,129 97 — 394,566 84

Net Profit ... $450,992 68

The Company have the following assets:
Amount outstanding on bond and mortgage ... $389,247 23
Loans on bank and public stocks ... 691,243 22
Premium notes ... 139,711 42
Cash ... 114,987 63
Scrip of the Company (taken in settlement of suspended debts) $40,850, cost ... 27,395 83
Scrip of other companies, 20,940 ... 19,475 00
1,000 shares bank stock, cost ... 113,212 50
49,000 of consolidated bonds ... 42,230 69
Real Estate ... 60,066 25
Due for premiums in course of collection ... 24,926 78 — $1,543,497 72

STATE OF LOUISIANA, Parish of Orleans, City of New Orleans.

Be it remembered, that, on the 25th July, 1857, before me, the undersigned, a Justice of the Peace, in and for the city aforesaid, personally appeared Charles J. Mansoni, Secretary of the Crescent Mutual Insurance Company of New Orleans, who, being duly sworn, according to law, does depose and say, that the foregoing accounts are just and true, and a correct transcript from the books of said Company.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 25th July, 1857.
[Signed] C. J. MANSONI, Secretary.
[Signed] CHAS. M. BRADFORD, Second Justice of the Peace for the parish of Orleans.

The Board of Trustees have resolved to pay an interest of Six per cent., in cash, on the outstanding certificates of profits, to the holders thereof, or to their legal representatives, on and after the 2d Monday of August proximo; also to declare a dividend of forty-five (45 per cent) per cent on the net earned premiums of the company for the year ending the 30th of June, 1857, for which certificates will be issued on the 25th September next; and resolved further, that after reserving ONE MILLION DOLLARS of profits, that all the outstanding certificates of the company of the issue of 1850 and 1851, and seventy-five per cent of the issue of 1852 be redeemed, and paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, as follows—

That of 1850 on and after 12th of August next.
That of 1851 on and after 12th of September next.
And 75 per cent. 1852 on and after 12th of October next, from which date all interest thereon will cease. The certificates to be produced at the time of payment and cancelled to the extent paid.

THOS. A. ADAMS, President.
GEO. JONAS, Vice President.
C. J. MANSONI, Secretary.

TRUSTEES. John Watt, J. A. Barelli, Samuel Bell, J. W. Zacharie, M. O. H. Norton, C. T. Buddecke, W. F. Vredenburg, S. H. Kennedy, R. B. Sumner, H. Frellsen, W. P. Saunders, G. S. Hawkins, W. T. Hartley, W. G. Robinson, P. N. Strong, P. Simms, R. W. Estlin, Wm. R. Miles, John D. Bein, J. W. Carroll, C. Fellowes, Lionel C. Lay, E. B. Smedes, Thos. Henderson, M. Avendano, R. W. Adams, M. M. Wright, Sam'l Smith, E. Marquese, Geo. MacGregor, S. B. Newman, J. J. Person. jy27 1y

MILLINERY

MRS. I. JEFFERS RESPECTfully informs her patrons that she reopened on Monday, the 23d inst., at her old stand, at the corner of Camp and Julia streets, a large and magnificent assortment of PARISIAN MILLINERY and FANCY GOODS.

An extensive variety of every article in the Millinery business will be found at her establishment. All business entrusted to her will be attended to with promptness. n24 1m

LADIES, ATTENTION!—OUR OPENING DAY, MONDAY, 2d November.

NEW AND RICH MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS
NEW STORE,
Corner Poydras and Carondelet streets.

Mrs. O. W. ROPER begs leave to inform the Ladies of New Orleans that she opened in the new and magnificent store, southeast corner of Poydras and Carondelet streets, on Monday, November 2, a large and splendid assortment of
MILLINERY GOODS,
RICH SILK BONNETS,
VELVET BONNETS,
SATIN AND PLUSH BONNETS,
RIBBONS,
FEATHERS,
FLOWERS,
LACE VEILS,
DRESS TRIMMINGS, &c.,
which Mrs. R. respectfully invites the Ladies and the country trade to call and examine. n5 6m

MRS. ROBERT, No. 11 CHARTRES STREET, respectfully informs the Ladies that she has received from Paris a rich assortment of Millinery and latest style Goods, comprising Ladies', Girls' and Children's Bonnets and Capotes of every style; Burnous, Cloaks, Mantillas, White and Chantilly Laces, Embroideries, Furnishing Goods, Jouvin Gloves, Artificial Flowers, Ball Head Dresses, Veils and Voilettes, Wedding Veils and Wreaths, Ribbons, Imitation Jewelry, Children's Caps, etc.

☞ Dresses, etc., attended to by a skillful mantuamaker from Paris. d14 1m

NEW FALL GOODS—MRS. NORTON, 161 Poydras street, has just received from Paris and the North a rich assortment of FALL BONNETS of every style, RIBBONS, EMBROIDERIES and FANCY GOODS, to which she invites the attention of the Ladies and country visitors.

☞ Old Bonnets cleaned and renewed. Country orders promptly attended to. se28 5m

AMERICAN AROMATIC BITTER CORDIAL.—This Cordial, whose delicate flavor and aroma are unsurpassed, is the most successful tonic and restorative known in cases of general debility and nervous complaints; it restores the appetite, invigorates the action and functions of the stomach, and thereby prevents dyspepsia, so often brought on by continued attacks of indigestion, the prevalent complaint of hot and humid climates. Said Cordial may be administered with equal efficiency to the infant and the aged, by following the directions printed on the label of each bottle; and its agreeable taste is not the least of its recommendations.

This Cordial has been introduced into general use in the principal coffeehouses of this city, such as Sazerac, Gem, Ruby, the Age, etc., as far superior to Baker's Stomach Bitters, so celebrated throughout the United States of America; and there can be no doubt that all who have tested the American Bitter Cordial give it the preference over all other Bitters hitherto in use. For sale by A. A. PEYCHAUD, No. 108 Royal street. B. TURPIN, 55 Old Levee street. DEVERGES & ST. ROMES, 12 Exchange Alley. d2 3m

THE GEM FANCY AND FAMILY GROCERY STORE, No. 23 Baronne street; E. L. MERCIER, Agent.

☞ A large assortment of Choice GROCERIES, WINES and LIQUORS.

☞ CHAMPAGNE, of the best brands, in quarts and pints; other FINE WINES; Superior OLD BRANDY and other Liquors; Superfine CORDIALS, and a variety of Fancy Articles of the very best qualities always on hand, at low prices.

☞ Goods delivered to families free of drayage. 1y

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.—THE SUBSCRIBERS have this day associated themselves under the name of V. B. PALMER'S ADVERTISING AND COMMISSION AGENCY, for the transaction of a General Advertising and Commission Agency business in the cities of New York and Philadelphia.

We respectfully solicit the orders of the old customers of V. B. Palmer, and the public generally, hoping that with the increased force and enlarged facilities, we may be enabled to insure satisfaction to all who may entrust business to the agency.

V. B. PALMER,
J. E. COE,
E. C. TALLMADGE,
W. W. SHARP,
H. B. JOY.
May 1, 1857.—jy8 tf

PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES—FROM 1 TO 25 horse power, of the celebrated patent of Hoard & Sons, (late Hoard & Bradford,) differing essentially in their economy and durable qualities from engines of any other patent or manufacture, are now in very extensive use in twenty five States of the Union. Pamphlets, with full description, and letters from 137 different persons who are using them, will be sent by mail on application to the subscriber, who is sole agent in New Orleans.

Hoard & Son being sole proprietors of the patent, they only can furnish or warrant the engines to which they have given a reputation; and all pretended imitations are frauds upon their purchasers, as they will learn by dear experience with them. n19 SAMUEL H. GILMAN, 70 Gravier street.