New Orleans Daily Crescent.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF NEW ORLEANS.

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TERMS:

Mail Subscriptions—Ten Dollars per annum, payable to subscribers in the city at our office, or delivered in the city at the rate of ten cents per week, payable to the carriers.

Advertisements, per square, first insertion, in all cases $1, for every subsequent insertion, 50 cents.

Advertisements on the second page are charged $1 for every insertion.

Advertisements published at intervals, will be charged $1 per square for every insertion.

Advertisements not marked, will be published one month, or longer, and charged accordingly; for advertisement or exhibition will be stopped until all arrearages are paid, at the option of the proprietors.

A Liberal Discount will be made to regular advertisers.

THE DAILY CRESCENT

has a circulation which renders it a desirable medium for advertisers. As a Family Paper it circulates largely, reaching a large number of families in each house, and being read by many who may be advantageously published in its columns.

THE WEEKLY CRESCENT

is published every Saturday morning at $5 per, invariably in advance. Having a large and extensive circulation throughout Louisiana, Mississippi, Arkansas, Alabama, Texas, and other States, it presents a favorable mode to advertisers of making their wares and commodities known. Advertisements inserted for $1 per square, each insertion.

SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 14, 1858.

☞ Persons leaving the city during the summer, who desire the Daily or Weekly Crescent forwarded to them, can have either of them regularly mailed for any specified time, by leaving their orders and address at the office.

A PROPOSITION TO ADJOURN.—The Board of Assistant Aldermen last evening passed a resolution to adjourn on Tuesday week, to the Second Tuesday in October. If the other branch of the Council concurs in this, Aldermen will be suspected of intentions to cool off, and luxuriate for a while at the watering places.

THE INDEPENDENT SOUTH.—We have received the first number of a large and neatly printed weekly paper, bearing the above title and published in Griffin, Georgia. Its columns show decided editorial ability, and the "Independent South" identifies itself with no existing party, but, as its name indicates, advocates the interests and welfare of the South.

THE MISSISSIPPI SOUND COMPANY.—There was a meeting of the stockholders of this Company last evening, for the purpose of taking into consideration the necessity and propriety of building a boat to run in connection with the Company's fine steamer Virginia. The proposition was received with favor by all present, and nearly $30,000 was subscribed on the spot. The sum of $30,000 was promised, and the meeting then adjourned to the 27th inst. We doubt not that another boat will be built.

WIFE MURDER.—A wretch named McNamel murdered his wife recently in Chicago by beating her. The unfortunate woman was literally covered with bruises and wounds from head to foot. The physician testified that not one of the wounds was necessarily mortal, but in the aggregate they were sufficient to kill a dozen women.

THE ANNIVERSARY IN NEW YORK.—The Fourth of July was celebrated on the 5th in New York in the usual style. The papers give the names of nineteen persons injured in that city on that day by carelessness with fire-arms, gunpowder, etc. One man was shot through the head, and was not expected to survive.

INDIAN AFFAIRS.—On the 8th instant the Indian Bureau in Washington received a letter from Dr. Forney, Superintendent of Indian Affairs in Utah. He writes that he has made several treaties with tribes who have been at enmity for many years. The nations that he had visited have always been faithful to the United States, but are in a position to have done, if so disposed, much more harm than the Mormons. Indian affairs are represented to be in a very mixed up condition, and he intends to visit all the tribes from Salt Lake City to Carson Valley.

Agent Redfield writes from Fort Pierre, Nebraska Territory, that the Sioux Indians are much excited on account of the treaty made by the United States with the Yanctons. They claim the lands belonging to them, and protest against the Yanctons being paid anything. They are in an irritated and disturbed state of mind, and Mr. Redfield could not have transacted any business with them if it had not been for the presence of the troops. They are insolent and boastfuling, and it may be necessary to chastise them severely. The stipulations of the Laramie treaty are not observed, nearly all the nations and tribes being at war and depredating on one another as well as on the whites.

A dispatch of the 7th from Washington says:

The Commissioner of Indian Affairs, with the approbation of the Secretary of the Interior, has taken prompt measures with the view of preventing further Indian depredations in the Sioux Agency. Recently a special agent, B. Pritchette, was dispatched to the scenes of the disturbances, and to-day full instructions were sent to the Superintendent of Indian Affairs at St. Paul. The claims of the Indians against the Government are to be satisfied, presents distributed and other measures initiated to promote their domestic comfort.

The Indian Bureau long ago anticipated difficulties in that quarter, but was unable effectually to act in the premises until Congress at the late session made an appropriation in accordance with its urgent recommendations, to satisfy treaty and other demands of these disaffected savages.

A RUSSIAN VIEW.—The pro-Russian organ, *Le Nord*, discusses with ability, and with marked compliment to the United States, the international question of the right of search as attempted to be enforced by Great Britain, and as always successfully resisted by this country.

SUICIDE.—The dead body of a respectably dressed man about 60 years of age, was found in New York, on the morning of the 7th, in one of the water-closets of the St. Nicholas Hotel. The deceased was not a boarder at the hotel, but had no doubt gone there for the purpose of destroying his life. He had been dead but a short time when the discovery was made.

A vial of prussic acid was found lying by his side, and, from indications, he had evidently partaken of this potent drug for the purpose of suicide.

SUFFOCATED IN A CISTERN.—A few days ago, in Newport, Ky., Mr. T. G. Clephane lost his life by descending into a cistern in which he had been burning charcoal to purify it. A person who attempted to rescue the victim came near sharing his fate.

WEATHER AND CROPS OF MISSISSIPPI.—We extract the following from the Granada Republican of Saturday last:

It has been quite warm and oppressive the present week. The mercury has been as high as 98 deg. Had a fine shower on Tuesday evening, but it was not general. Accounts from the country represent cotton in a good condition. Corn in very many localities is suffering greatly for rain. Rains have been very partial and a drought of four or six weeks has begotten more or less of despondency in many portions of the country.

The Lexington Advertiser, of Friday last, says that the planters, on all sides, express much satisfaction with the present prospects of their crops. The late rains have been very beneficial.

JEALOUSY AND SUICIDE.—Mrs. Ellen Rest, wife of a hotel proprietor in Aurora, Indiana, committed suicide a few days ago because she was jealous of her husband. She left a letter asking him to think of her when caressing a certain lady.

SUCCESSION SALE.—N. Vignie, auctioneer, sells to-day, at near No. 81 Chartres street, a large assortment of leather and country goods, to close a succession. See the advertisement under the head of auction sales.

TENTS, CARPET BAGS, ETC.—As a large portion of our citizens are now packing themselves up to go over the lake, to go somewhere in search of an atmosphere that will check the mother process they are undergoing here, we embrace the opportunity of calling attention to the large and splendid assortment of trunks, carpet bags, satchels, life preservers, etc., to be found at the establishment of H. W. Roy, added A Co., No. 3 Magazine street, one door from Canal. No one wanting any article in their line can fail to suit themselves, at No. 3 Magazine street.

FOR MEMPHIS.—The regular passenger steamer Montauge, Capt. George H. Kirk, leaves this evening, at 5 o'clock, connecting at Memphis with the Memphis and Charleston Railroad for all Eastern points; also with the fine packet Arkansas for Cairo, Evansville, and Philadelphia for St. Louis. For freight (which by the above route, apply to J. H. Fretts, at the Memphis packet office, under the St. Charles Hotel.

WHAT WILL BE DONE WITH THEM?

Nothing yet received, either from Salt Lake City or from the army of Utah, throws any more light upon the probable course of events hereafter in that Territory, so far as regards the future conduct of the "Saints," than we had when the news came that they were evacuating their city and moving toward the South. It seems that neither Gov. Cumming, the Peace Commissioners the officers of the army, the newspaper correspondents, nor anybody else, can offer anything more than random conjectures in regard to the future movements of the Mormons—whether they intend to bestow their families in a place of safety and then return to fight the troops and defend their city, to establish themselves in a fine tract of country said to lie far to the South or South-West, surrounded by mountains and deserts, to colonize Sonora, or to seek a home in some one of the Pacific islands, where their foul abominations and the tyranny of their elders may be practiced, free not only from the interference but the observation of the world.

Only in the first of these contingencies is there any hope that this Utah expedition will result in the destruction of the Satanic hierarchy of Brigham Young and his followers in crime—a result greatly to be desired by every friend of humanity and every believer in the common decencies of life. Should the Mormon leaders decide to settle anew anywhere within the Territory of Utah, out of the neighborhood of the transit routes, and have the wisdom to abstain from all outrages upon "Gentiles," we think it quite probable that the present Administration would conclude that it had performed its whole duty in the premises, and deem it unnecessary to interfere with them further for the present. This would leave Cumming the nominal Governor of Utah, but Brigham Young would be as completely the Governor of the actual population of that Territory as ever he was. With sufficient cunning to conceal his designs even from his own followers, Young did not find it at all difficult to deceive and completely bamboozle Governor Cumming. He had him received with great show and parade, treated him with marked respect and deference, caused him to believe that the Saints had been wronged, misrepresented, and were quite ready to bow to the will of the General Government, and so soon as his back was turned, preached a sermon, in which he pronounced Cumming "a poor, lousy old curse," who had come among them with an offer of protection but was unable to protect himself. "Why," said Brigham, "I have to send a guard about with him to keep the boys from cutting his throat."

It seems reasonable to suppose that Young thus tampered and temporized with Gov. Cumming in the hope that his influence might delay the advance of the troops until the Saints could gather their crops which would enable them to winter in another part of the Territory, when they could next season commence in earnest the work of re-establishing themselves.

Young certainly has pretty good grounds for believing that, if he should remove his community from contact with the "Gentiles," the Government will be glad to relieve itself of any further trouble concerning him. The blundering and irresolute manner in which the expedition was set on foot, in the first place, showed a lack of that indomitable will and energy necessary to the prompt crushing out of a rebellion a thousand miles away, and the wretched measure of granting an amnesty for all past offences (including, it appears, not only political offences but even the innumerable atrocious crimes that have been committed in the Territory) indicated clearly that the Government would rather parley with the Mormons and wink at their misdeeds than to enforce justice upon them with the strong arm, and thus incur perhaps the cost of a campaign against them.

We published a telegraphic dispatch yesterday morning which stated that the Commissioners had "concluded a treaty of peace with the Mormons." We have no faith in any "treaty of peace" which leaves that community under absolute and despotic domination, either civil or ecclesiastic, and we are curious to learn the particulars of this arrangement.

Talk on 'Change.

There were no showers of rain yesterday. There was considerable business going on at the landings. Boats arrive daily loaded deep with the rich and varied products of the Great West. The talk is that though many people have gone away, there is a good number remaining. We notice that the steamers from New York last month carried out from twenty-five to forty passengers, hailing from New Orleans and Louisiana. It is thought that this is helping along New York and Freesoil Boston with a liberal hand. If these same two hundred individuals would contribute with the same freedom to establish a line of steamers between New Orleans and Europe the benefits and advantages of a direct communication would soon be realized. The South is aiding the North more than perhaps is generally known, and not only do we encourage and patronize Northern and foreign ship owners in the passage and freight way, yet if a steamship is owned in the South, she must be sent North every summer for repairs, as recently in the case of the Charleston, Key West and Havana packet Isabel. This ship was lately sent to New York for repairs, though owned and hailing from Charleston, yet South Carolinians would be independent if they could. If they cannot furnish the necessary conveniences to repair one steamship, it does not look well for Southern independence. But the talk is that we have instances nearer home that ought not to be overlooked. Now, it is well known that over at Algiers there are some of the most spacious and best contrived docks and yards for the building of and repair of vessels that are in any other sea port; that there are engine builders, steam works, foundries for casting, the best of machinists and engineers, with ship-wrights, master builders, and journeymen of all trades, equal to any in the world, and not excelled in all the various requirements which go to make up competency and ability to perform any work, and repairs to any extent required; still, with all these appliances, the talk is that two or three steamships which have been enjoying a most lucrative trade the past season (as many have seasons before) have been sent to New York for repairs and new equipments. Possibly, some folks may talk that it is nobody's business what steamship owners do with their money or earnings. Our talk is that money earned in the South ought to be disbursed in such cases among the mechanics in the South; nor do we like to tread on the toes of some of our great folks (F. F.'s) who send to Paris for their coats, pantaloons, gloves, and so on, and to London for bed linen, to New York for household furniture. We might as well send to these places for our breakfast this morning. The further talk is that more than one-half of the people feel disposed to pay tribute to snobbism and flunkeyism. Where is our new-fashioned ruffle shirt, made to order in Paris?

The Northern mail came through yesterday with dates as late as due. We have not yet received any papers by the Jackson Railroad. This route has hardly got into trim, but will ere long. The Cape Race speculators had a chance by the Canada, from Liverpool, which we reported yesterday. The Asia is the steamer of the 10th, from Liverpool.

SUDDEN DEATH.—At Buffalo, a few days ago, a young man named McCabe was working on a pile-driver, when the iron fell directly upon his head, leaving scarcely a relic of bones or flesh to be found.

A WOMAN FRIGHTENED TO DEATH.—The Rowlandsville correspondent of the Elkton (Md.) Whig, under date of July 2, writes as follows:

A son of Alexander Ewing, who lives near Mount Pleasant, became overheated in the harvest field on Monday, and was thrown into a state of delirium. In this condition he went to the house of Jno. Brown, jr., a near neighbor, where his actions and appearance so frightened Mrs. Brown that she fell into violent convulsions, which caused her death on Tuesday morning.

DEATH ON THE TRACK.—The New York Times thus relates a shocking tragedy which occurred on the afternoon of the 5th inst. on the Hudson River Railroad:

As the G P. M. express train from New York was passing Sixty-eighth street, a man named George W. Gidney, who was walking on the track, was hit by the locomotive, thrown several feet into the air, and so fearfully mangled that he died within a few minutes. John McShaffer was on the other track, and was calling to Mr. Gidney, cautioning him to get out of the way of the approaching train, when a downward train suddenly ran against him, mutilating him in a terrible manner, from the effects of which he died in less than half an hour.

THE VAINEST BIRD.—The general opinion is that the vainest of all birds is the peacock. We think the goose is the vainest. A goose, when entering a barn through the door-way, invariably bobs her head to avoid hitting the top. Evidently every goose thinks herself at least fifteen feet high.

DAMAGES AGAINST BENNETT.—The libel suit of Fry vs. James Gordon Bennett received a final adjudication in the Superior Court of New York on Saturday, the 3d inst. It will be remembered that, on the first trial of the case, a large sum of damages was awarded to the plaintiff. This judgment was set aside and a new trial ordered, the jury giving a verdict of $6,000 to Mr. Fry. The defendant presented a bill of exceptions, and moved for a third trial. This motion, after several years' delay, has been finally set aside by the General Term, and judgment ordered for the plaintiff.

COMMON COUNCIL.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.—This Board met last night, Mr. Wilson in the chair and a quorum present.

The reading of the minutes was dispensed with.

A message was received from the Mayor enclosing a list of appointments which he had made for Commissioners of the different asylums and Insane Asylum, as follows:

Patty Wheeler, Keeper of Female Asylum; F. Polk, Assistant Keeper of Female Asylum; E. Bringier, Commissioner of Bryndes market; Joel Gleason, of Poydras market; H. English, of Clothorne market; F. P. Gallaher, of St. Mary's market; J. H. Dolan, of St. Mary's meat market; R. Chenaudra, of St. Mary's vegetable market; L. Courville, of Treme market; V. Pachemin, of Fort market; A. Pulcin, of Washington market; T. Schwarz, of Bazaille market; R. Arnoult, of Ninth street market, F. M. Ancrum, of Soniparis market. Other messages were received from the Mayor informing the Board that several of the police stations were in bad order. Referred to Committee on Streets and Landings. Also, that the office of Journal and Laws the necessary security and had been qualified. Referred to Finance Committee.

A communication was received from F. C. Laville, late Assistant City Attorney, making a demand for costs in all cases in which he had commenced up to the time of the election of his successor. Referred to Finance Committee.

The Board of Assistants by message asked concurrence in the following:

A resolution approving the proposal of Nicholson & Co., for paving the Peters market, and providing that the Mayor enter into contract with said party. Referred to Finance Committee.

A resolution approving of the proposal for making a brick road on Front street, between Good and Notre Dame streets. Concurred in.

A resolution approving the proposals of Nicholson & Co., for making two brick culverts for draining Julia street. Concurred in.

A resolution annulling the contract between the city and Denis Cronan, for taking up and relaying the pavements on Royal street, and directing the sale of said contract to some other party. Referred to Committee on Streets and Landings.

Also a resolution annulling Cronan's contract for the same kind of work on Tchoupitoulas street. Referred to same committee.

A resolution for reimbursing the proprietors of property on Magazine street, between Harmony and Felicidas streets, the amount which they have paid for battering said street, provided they will pave said street with square blocks. Referred to Committee on Streets and Landings.

A resolution for paving the crosswalks and all the end streets leading thereon in good old French sixty days. Concurred in.

Also a resolution directing the Surveyor to have certain improvements and repairs made, which were recommended.

A resolution authorizing the purchase of 1000 feet of lumber for the repairing of bridges and levees. Concurred in.

A resolution granting permission to J. Pine, one to obtain his slave meat on Perdido street. Concurred in.

A resolution authorizing the City of Police to take possession of the office now occupied by the Register of Voters, which office is to be removed to the old Treasury office. Referred to Committee on Streets and Landings.

A resolution to appropriate $161 to Col. Jacques, for services while Chief of Police. Concurred in.

A resolution directing the Surveyor to issue to F. Morgan and —McCorwin, certificates for certain work done on streets. Concurred in.

Also a like resolution in favor of Mr. —Nolan, was concurred in.

A resolution appropriating for the payment of sundry bills, for Incidentals, Contingencies, of Police and Lighting, expenses provided men during the Vigilance excitement, pay for Jurors in Criminal Court for services since 1856. Concurred in. The last two of the resolutions to be taken out of the fund of which all holders of jury scrip are very likely to appreciate.

An ordinance relative to the City Work-House and providing for the proper management thereof. Referred to Committee on Streets and Landings.

A resolution inviting this Board to a joint session to elect a School Director for the First District. Concurred in.

A resolution increasing the salary of the Secretary of the Finance Committee to $300 per month. Concurred in.

Mr. Delsarte offered a resolution authorizing the Street Commissioner to hire an office for his department in the Third District, at $10 per month. Referred to Finance Committee.

Mr. Landry offered a resolution for the appointment of a keeper of the public park, with the pay and power of a day policeman. Adopted and sent to Board of Assistants for concurrence.

Mr. DeLabarre moved that the Committee on Streets and Landings be directed to report at the next meeting an ordinance for the proper management of the park. Adopted.

The Standing Committees presented their usual weekly routine reports.

On the recommendation of the Finance Committee, the resolution fixing the salary of the book-keeper in the Treasury office was adopted.

On the recommendation of the Committee on Streets and Landings, the resolution establishing a police station near the Barracks in the Third District was adopted.

On the recommendation of the same Committee, a resolution was concurred in for purchasing a piece of property from W. O. Claiborne, for the section of a Recorder's office and lock-up in the Third District, was concurred in.

The Board then went into executive session, after which they adjourned.

BOARD OF ASSISTANT ALDERMEN.—This Board met last evening, Mr. Waldo in the chair, and nine members present.

The security of the Crescent as official journal, was referred to the Finance Committee.

The Mayor called the attention of the Board to the bad condition of the Second District lock-up, the fire-alarm bell in the First District, and the insecurity of the City Work-House. Referred to Improvement Committee.

The tax-payer announced by letter that he had adjudicated the different contracts for putting a railway round City square, and able for lots during the city offices with a money during the evening year. Several other adjudications were mentioned and they were appropriately referred.

The report of the Treasurer shows a balance on hand of $422,297 45.

A communication was received from the Surveyor, referring to various matters connected with his department. Referred to the Committee on Streets and Landings.

A message from the Board of Aldermen, announced concurrence in several resolutions, and the appointment of others. The following resolutions from the Board were concurred in:

One to cancel the bonds of the late Street Commissioner; another to close the sale of the "Gallaher" property on price, and one directing the Street Commissioner to have the central ground in Canal street cleared of the rubbish, granite and other materials now in it. It is represented that the improvement would be made in the unsightly appearance which the center of Canal street, from Magazine street to the levee, has for many years presented.

A communication in regard to disturbances by the commissioners of the McDonogh estate, was read and referred to the Finance Committee.

D. F. Rittenell resigned his office as School Director of the First district. Accepted.

The dealers in dry goods, clothing, etc., about the meat and vegetable markets, Second Boulevard, complain that their legitimate business is injured by unlicensed hawkers and peddlers.

A resolution was adopted, granting the Recorder of the First District an assistant clerk at a salary of $40 per annum; and another to run on a new alarm bell for the Second District.

A resolution was passed, as earlier concurred in, for the payment of $50 to Charles Hopkins for his services as Assistant Secretary.

Report of Committees.—Favorable in favor of allowing the Chairman of the Committee on Streets and Landings $25 per month for carriage hire. A resolution in accordance was adopted. The Committee reported adversely upon an ordinance to re-organize the Street Commissioner's Department, and considerable discussion of the subject ensued.

The ordinance proposes to increase the Street Commissioner's force by Deputy Assistants, and the difference in expense is about $3,000. There was considerable discussion, and the ordinance was finally adopted.

A resolution was adopted, fixing the salary of the Secretary of the Finance Committee at $200 per month.

Streets and Landings.—The committee report in favor of the adjudication of several contracts, among them one for lighting a sufficient number of gas lamps for the remainder of the Jackson wharf in the upper part of the city. The committee recommend various changes in the resolution from the Board of Aldermen, relative to the proceeding levee from Nayades street to the lake. Resolutions for the construction of a new levee and wharf were adopted. The contract with L. Lengl, for building a bridge across Canal Carondelet, at the intersection of Broad street, for $6,000, was rescinded, and the contract ordered to be re-sold.

An ordinance was reported, creating a city park keeper, who is to have the powers of a police officer, and a salary of $60 per month. Adopted.

The committee rejected a resolution authorizing the sale of a contract for building a protection levee on the upper line of the city. Said levee to be sixty feet wide at the top, and, when completed, a contract for making a like levee on the lake to be adjudicated. Mr. Bigelow was anxious to know the probable cost of the work. Mr. Huyghe said the levee itself would cost about $60,000. The resolution was adopted.

A resolution was received from the Board of Aldermen authorizing the sale of a contract for the building of a Recorder's office and lock up in the Third District. Received to the Committee from that district.

A resolution for building a school house at Milneburg was concurred in.

In accordance with a resolution the Board of Aldermen met the Assistants in joint session, and Moses Greenwood was elected School Director in place of Mr. Mitchell.

The Board then adjourned.

Auction Sales This Day.

By N. Vignie, at 10 o'clock, at No. 81 Chartres street, leather, goods, etc.

By R. T. Parker, Sheriff of the Parish of Orleans, at half-past 10 o'clock, at 71 Old Levee street, the contents of a bakery shop.

By B. Arnfield, at early gas light, at No. 53 St. Charles street, books, stationery, etc.

See advertisements under proper heads.

☞ Shake and Burn!—Shake and Burn!—This is the life of agony endured by the sufferer from Fever and Ague. He wanders like an uncertain shadow, never knowing what moment he may be prostrated, and therefore disinclined to give any serious attention to business. He is a burden to himself and a burden to his friends, who are worn out in administering to his wants. This is the condition of thousands in town and country. It is no exaggeration to say that Fever and Ague kills more people than any twenty other diseases in America. For a sure and speedy cure of this terrible affliction, we take great pleasure in recommending Dr. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which have already achieved a wide reputation for rapid and powerful effects in restoring the system prostrated by this disease.

For sale by druggists and dealers generally. jy12 2p6t&1tW

☞ Another Case of Dyspepsia—Baldwinsville, N. Y., March 4, 1856.

Dr. C. M. Jackson—Dear Sir: Having received great benefit from the use of Hoofland's German Bitters, I think it my duty as a friend of mankind to let them know it. I had for years been afflicted with dyspepsia, arising from an affection of the liver and derangement of the stomach. I was under the care of the physicians of this vicinity but obtained no relief. I was induced, through the advice of a friend, to commence the use of your Bitters, and took faithfully according to directions three bottles, which entirely cured me, and I now find myself in as good health as I have ever enjoyed.

Respectfully yours,
JOHN C. QUEENES.

Ask for Hoofland's German Bitters. Take nothing else, and see that the signature of C. M. Jackson is on the wrapper of each bottle.

Principal office, 418 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa. Sold by druggists or storekeepers in every town and village in the United States, Canadas, West Indies and South America, at 75 cents per bottle.

Sold in New Orleans, wholesale and retail, by J. WRIGHT & CO., Nos. 21 and 151 Chartres street. jy1 2p1md&W

☞ Beware of Quack Nostrums and Quack Doctors—Use Helmbold's Highly Concentrated Extract Buchu, for all Diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys and Sexual Organs. Read the advertisement headed "Helmbold's Genuine Preparation."

For sale, wholesale and retail, by J. WRIGHT & CO., Nos. 21 and 151 Chartres street. jy12 2p6tend

Trunks, Carpet Bags,

VALISES, LIFE PRESERVERS, RETICULES, &c.

A large assortment of everything in the Traveller line for sale at moderate prices. Persons about leaving town for the country or the North, are respectfully invited to call.

B. W. REYNOLDS & CO.,
No. 3 Magazine street,
one door from Canal street.

jy14 2p12t

Removal.

L. W. LYONS & CO.,
CLOTHING AND FURNISHING GOODS,
Removed to Nos. 26, 28 and 30 St. Charles street, corner of Common. jy13 2p6t

Twenty-Five Dollars Reward.

Left about the 10th of June, boy MILT, a mulatto, about 24 years of age, 5 feet 10 inches high, weighing about 175 pounds; has a scar on the back of his right hand; has been seen several times on the levee.

L. W. LYONS,
jy13 2p3t corner St. Charles and Common streets.

New Juvenile Books

FOR VACATION READING,
—For sale by—
THOMAS L. WHITE,
BOOKSELLER,
No. 105 Canal street.

ABBOTT'S SERIES OF HISTORIES.
ROLLO BOOKS—In 14 volumes.
SUNNY SIDE SERIES—In 8 volumes.
THE JUVENILE LIBRARY—In 14 vols., comprising "The Boy of Spirit," "Happy Days," "I'll be a Lady," "I'll be a Gentleman," "Onward, Right Onward," etc., etc.
AUNT MAVOR'S PICTURE STORY BOOK.
ADVENTURES OF A DOG AND A GOOD DOG, TOO.
ADVENTURES OF A BEAR AND A GREAT BEAR, TOO.
WOODS ILLUSTRATED NATURAL HISTORY.
N. B.—A complete assortment of JUVENILE BOOKS, at
jy12 2p3t No. 105 CANAL STREET.

Near Cost, for Cash Only!

SUMMER CLOTHING
—And—
FURNISHING GOODS.

ALFRED MUNROE & CO.,
34 Magazine Street,

Will, for one month only, dispose of their large stock of MEN'S, BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING at near cost, and many styles at less.

Furnishing Goods.

COTTON SHIRTS, Linen Bosoms, Collars and Wristbands, $3 per dozen under old prices; half-a-dozen, same rate.
Gauze Cotton, Merino and Lisle Thread SHIRTS, near cost.
LINEN DRAWERS, full assortment, near cost.
TIES, splendid assortment, near cost.

NO GOODS CHARGED AT THE ABOVE RATES.

After which time the Old Depot will undergo painting and extensive alteration.

ALFRED MUNROE & CO.,
No. 34 Magazine street,
jy12 2p6t corner of Gravier.

As Fair as a Lily.

There are none of our fair readers but wish to be lily fair, and as there are in the market numerous poisonous materials purporting to be removers for the skin, we feel bound to say, don't use any but JONES' LILY WHITE. If you do, you will find your skin worse every day, but the LILY WHITE of Dr. Jones is excellent—it moves all the roughness from the skin, and is at once a guardian to the bloom and beauty of female loveliness.

For sale in New Orleans, wholesale and retail, by

J. WRIGHT & CO.,
21 and 151 Chartres street,

General Agents for the Southern States, and to whom all orders should be addressed. jy12 2p3tend&1tW

Merchants and Parents

Who wish to have their Clerks or Sons prepared for business, are informed that Summer Classes begin THIS WEEK, at

DOLBEAR'S
COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,
No. 106 Canal street.

There are Apartments and Professors for Penmanship, Book-Keeping, Mathematics, English, French, Spanish and German.

N. B.—Some persons in this city are paid $40, $0 a year—others $3,000—others $800—and others nothing; and why? The first are qualified for business; the last are not.

Merchants apply here for Clerks and Book-Keepers.

jy12 2p3t* RUFUS DOLBEAR.

The Effects of the Wet Weather.

Whether the weather is wet or not, people must be up and doing; hence the deluge of wet clothes, and the result—Fever and Ague. A word of advice will not, we presume, be thrown away on our friends and the public when we recommend them to be provided with

OSGOOD'S INDIA CHOLAGOGUE,

Every one that has ever had this fearful disease, will naturally be thankful when we tell them that they need no longer repine, for the India Cholagogue is a never-failing antidote.

For sale, wholesale and retail, in New Orleans, by

J. WRIGHT & CO.,
21 and 151 Chartres street.

General Agents for the South, and to whom all orders should be addressed. jy12 2p3tend&1tW

Selling Off

TO MAKE ROOM FOR NEW STOCK.

Now is the Time to Purchase

CLOTHING

CHEAP!!

I now am offering my large and fine stock of CLOTHING at such prices that those in want will do well to call immediately and supply themselves with

MEN'S, BOYS' AND YOUTHS'
Summer Clothing.
—ALSO—

A large assortment of—
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.
—ALSO—

300 dozen SHIRTS of the Latest Pattern and Best Make
PHILADELPHIA SOLE LEATHER TRUNKS,
VALISES,
CARPET BAGS,
UMBRELLAS, etc.

☞ The above Goods are got up expressly for the retail trade.

Strangers visiting the city are invited to call and examine this stock before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ Don't forget the number.

R. PITKIN,
Nos. 12 and 15 Camp street,
jy12 2p12t New Orleans.

Still Further Reductions!

JOHN TODD,
(SUCCESSOR TO D. P. SCANLAN & CO.,)
12 and 14 Chartres street,

Will, from this date, offer his WHOLE STOCK, comprised in part of

DRESS SILKS,
BAREGES,
MUSLINS,
LACES,
EMBROIDERIES,
RIBBONS,
FLOWERS and
MILLINERY,

At such prices as will insure

A RAPID SALE,

In order to make room for his

Fall Importations.

He respectfully solicits for the new firm a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on the late house of D. P. Scanlan & Co. jy12 2p3t

Yacht Crocodile.

This fine schooner, of 14 tons burthen, will be disposed of by raffle, on or about the 20th July inst.

A few chances may be obtained at the

PHOENIX HOUSE,
jy12 2p6ty20 96 St. Charles street.

Dalley's Magical Pain Extractor

Will subdue the pain and inflammation from the severest burns or scalds in from one to twenty minutes, heal the wounds without scar, and effectually cure Fever Sores, Salt Rheum, Piles, Inflammatory Rheumatism, Sore and Inflamed Eyes, Cuts, Wounds, Bruises, Old Sores, Scald Head, Corns and Bunions, Sprains, Swellings, Palsies, Chilblains, Bites of Insects, Sore Nipples or Sculds and Broken Breasts, and all other Inflammatory and Cutaneous Diseases, where the parts affected can be reached.

For sale in New Orleans, wholesale and retail, at proprietor's prices, by

J. WRIGHT & CO.,
21 and 151 Chartres street,

General Agents for the South, and to whom all orders should be addressed. jy12 2p3tend&1tW

Southern Furniture Warerooms

WILLIAM H. STEWART,

At Nos. 171 and 173 Canal street, New Orleans,

Has just received from the manufactory, a beautiful stock splendid MAHOGANY ARMOIRE and BEDSTEADS, in addition to his little otherto large stock of

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

comprising EVERYTHING in his line of business. Parties wishing anything in his line, will find it to their advantage to give him a call before purchasing elsewhere.

WILLIAM H. STEWART,
jy12 2p6t&1tW 171 and 173 Canal street.

Wanted.

EIGHT GOOD PAVERS AND FIFTEEN LABORERS—those accustomed to work with pavers preferred. Apply to

JAMES M. FORGAY,
jy10 2p6t No. 162 Julia street,
Contractor for Paving.

Palm Leaf Fans.

Just received, a large assortment of PALM LEAF FANS, of various styles and sizes.

LION & PINSARD,
my17 2p1f 66 and 68 Royal street, corner Bienville.

For Sale.

On account of our intention to remove to No. 108 Canal street, we offer for sale the fixtures in Store 84 Common street, consisting of SHELVES, GAS FIXTURES, DRAWERS, COUNTERS, etc. They will be sold low. Apply to

READ, HEDGES & DREW,
jy12 2p1m Druggists, 84 Common street.

Bladon Spring Waters.

Messrs. JAMES CONNER & CO., the proprietors of the Bladon Springs, in Choctaw county, Alabama, respectfully inform the public that the Hotel is now open for visitors to the Springs.

Steamers leave Mobile for Bladon four times a week, and every Saturday evening.

The virtues of these waters have been fully tested for many years, and can be confidently recommended for the cure of Gout, Rheumatism, Scrofula, Skin Diseases, Dyspepsia, diseases incident to Females, Dropsy and General Debility.

The Bladon waters are especially recommended to all suffering from diseases incident to warm climates, such as Liver Complaint, affections of the Bowels, Kidneys, and all diseases arising from impure blood. The water acts as an alterative, restoring the organs affected to their natural healthy functions.

The proprietors are permitted to refer to the following eminent physicians of Mobile and New Orleans, who are acquainted with the waters, and have sent patients to them with unfailing success:

Dr. J. C. Nott, Mobile.	Dr. W. Stone, New Orleans.
Dr. H. S. Levert, "	Dr. Wedderstrandt, "
Dr. J. P. Barnes, "	Dr. Roshton, "
Dr. L. Le Fearn, "	Dr. Lambert, "
Dr. J. S. Colf, "	Dr. Graham, "

Further information can be obtained from our Agents,

MYRK & PESOVAN, Druggists,
No. 134 Canal street,

At whose establishment a constant supply of the water can always be had in quantities to suit purchasers. je7 2p2m

Southern Enterprise Ahead!

EMERY'S
PATENT CORN HUSKING MACHINE,
Now on Exhibition at No. 90 CAMP STREET.

This machine, for simplicity, utility and durability, surpasses anything for that purpose ever brought before the public. It is worked by a treddle, with the foot, and fed with the hands, thus husking from 300 to 600 bushels per day, against the old fashioned way by hand, of which 40 bushels is a large day's work.

Another advantage, besides the saving of time in the husking, is that this machine prepares the husk in the most perfect manner for mattresses, which are worth from $80 to $100 per ton as they fall from the machine.

Planters, and the public generally, are invited to call and test the merits of these machines.

A. CAMPBELL, 90 Camp st.,
n27 2p1f Owner of the Patent for the United States.

Great Louisiana Remedy.

GOINS' KAPERLAPEUM,
Office, No. 14 Exchange Place.

The proprietor and sole manufacturer presents this preparation to the public as a remedy of great value for a variety of very troublesome and dangerous diseases, after twenty-five years' experience in its efficacy.

He can safely recommend it to all Consumptive Diseases of the Skin, for Baldness, Dandruff in the Hair, Disorganization of the Digestive Organs, Chills and Fever; Bilious, Congestive and Intermittent Fever; Diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, Female Complaints, etc., etc. And in proof that he does so upon good grounds, he would respectfully call the attention of the public to the following certificates from persons living in this city:

New Orleans, January 29, 1858.

N. B. Goins—Dear Sir: On my return from Aspinwall in July last, I had a severe attack of Chagres fever, and after trying every imaginable remedy without effect, I was induced to try your "Kaperlapeum," or Fever and Ague Tonic, and am happy to say that, although it is over two months since I took the first dose, I have not been troubled with a chill since, and I have every reason to believe that your medicine has had the effect of so freely removing the disease from my system. It therefore affords me pleasure to recommend it as a most valuable medicine.

Respectfully yours,
L. A. CLARK,
74 Dauphine street,
New Orleans, La.

New Orleans, January 30, 1858.

N. B. Goins—Dear Sir: I take pleasure in stating that, some four months ago, when suffering with Chills and Fever, which had stuck to me for several months, I was induced to try a dose of your "Kaperlapeum" just before a chill was expected, and such was the effect it had upon me that I determined upon giving it a fair trial, and bought a bottle and took it according to directions. The result was, that before I had half finished the bottle, my chills had left me, and have not since returned. I am now in the enjoyment of perfect health, never having experienced any of the effects of quinine or other drug usually put in medicines for such diseases, and do cheerfully recommend the "Kaperlapeum" to all who are afflicted like I was.

Your friend,
WILLIAM A. GIBSON.

New Orleans, January 30, 1858.

Mr. Goins—Dear Sir: I know not how to inform you of the wonderful change your "Kaperlapeum" has made in me. For eight years and four months I suffered with the falling of the womb, and had several of the most eminent physicians of the city, who finally thought my case hopeless and refused to do anything more for me, when my husband found you on the old steamboat Southern Belle and purchased a bottle of your tonic, so justly celebrated as a hair tonic among the most refined of the city. It really seems to me that it must be of divine origin. I can hardly realize my great change. I never (all) believe in my life that I do at this moment. There every poor woman afflicted as I was may get your great tonic, is my most fervent prayer.

MARY SIDIS,
56 Hevia street,
New Orleans.

New Orleans, March 15, 1858.

I have used "Goins' Kaperlapeum" for chills and fever, and it has cured me entirely; I believe it will cure when everything else fails.

A. W. SMITH,
New Orleans.

New Orleans, March 15, 1858.

Mr. Goins: I have been using your "Kaperlapeum" for a family that I have suffered with for the last eighteen years, having during that time been operated upon by Dr. Johnson, of St.