New Orleans Daily Crescent.

TUESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 18, 1859.

Anniversary Hymns.—Jan. 18.

[illegible]—Simon Bolivar proclaimed the Republic of [illegible] day Judah Touro died at New [illegible] leaving nearly two millions of [illegible] institutions of that city.

[illegible]—Roger Williams died at Providence. He [illegible] of Roger Ashe, and a woman by pro[illegible] He is the author of Mariner's Sketches, [illegible] and Old Sailor's Yarns.

[illegible]—Thanksgiving throughout England on the re[illegible] of peace.

[illegible]—Chevalier de Boufflers, died at [illegible]. He was the son of the Marchioness [illegible], mistress of Stanislaus, King of Poland. [illegible] himself in the army, which, how[illegible] not to give his attention to literature. He was considered one of the most ingenious men of his [illegible] and was noted for the elegance of his manners [illegible]. The epitaph on his tomb, written by himself, is characteristic of him: Mes amis, croyez [illegible] Ci gît le Sage." The same day the British de[illegible] from before Fort St. Philip, on the Mississippi, [illegible] the 8th. About 12 [illegible] back to their boats, leaving 80 [illegible] 14 pieces heavy artillery, and a [illegible] of ammunition.

[illegible]—Battle of Frenchtown, in Michigan, between [illegible] and the British and Indians, [illegible] defeated. American loss, 17 [illegible]

[illegible]—Wellington wounded in the face by a musket [illegible] the British lines.

[illegible]—Louis Levy, a jeweler, threw himself from [illegible] in London.

[illegible]—Prince Napoleon Bonaparte married to [illegible], daughter of the King of Bavaria.

[illegible]—Goree taken by the French from the English.

[illegible]—Francis Lightfoot Lee, an American states[illegible], died at his residence in Virginia, aged 63.

[illegible]—The French under Salm took Utrecht in Holland, and Gen. Van Damme took Arnhem; the Prince of Orange and his family escaping to England, [illegible] Amsterdam taken possession of by the French.

[illegible]—Roger Bolton, an English nobleman, after five years' imprisonment, appeared to give bail; but [illegible] refused to accept of it. He was [illegible]

[illegible]—Count Rudolf died at Harzburgh, at the [illegible] age of 140.

[illegible]—Battle of Kinderhook, N. Y., between the [illegible] under Gen. Heath and the Hessians.

[illegible]—Samuel Bernard, one of the richest and most [illegible] of Europe, died at Paris. His [illegible] amounted that of a prince in point of [illegible] and in the train of distinguished attendants.

[illegible]—Frederick II. of Brandenburgh crowned first King of Prussia, by the title of Frederick I.

[illegible]—The first English tragedy performed, Whitelock, before the Queen. It was entitled Gorboduc, [illegible] the death of a supposed ancient British King, and written by Thomas Sackville and Thomas Norton. It consists of five acts, each preceded by a dumb show, foreshadowing what is to occur; the first four acts [illegible] in rhyme, and the fifth by a didactic speech of nearly two hundred lines. Sir Phillip Sydney pronounced it "full of stately speeches and well sounding phrases, climbing to the height of Seneca his style, and full of notable morality, which it doth most delightfully teach."

[illegible]—The Council of Trent assembled and agreed upon a confession of faith.

[illegible]—Lima, the present capital of Peru, founded by Pizarro; thirty years before a single town was founded within the limits of the United States, St. Augustine, Florida, being founded 1565.

[illegible]—Henry VII married the princess Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Edward IV. Thus uniting the houses of York and Lancaster, blending the Roses.

KEY WEST CORRESPONDENCE.

Special to the New Orleans Crescent.]

KEY WEST, Jan. 10, 1859.

Messrs. Editors—The ship Oregon arrived on the 5th, leaking eighteen inches per hour. She struck a sunken fast-boat in the Mississippi, and probably started a bolt. Asa F. Tift has contracted to discharge her cargo, heave her out, caulk and repair all damages, reload and fit her perfectly for sea—paying all wharfage, storage and labor bill—for the sum of $4,750. The Oregon has a cargo of 730 hhds. sugar and 500 bbls. molasses. She was bound to New York, consigned to Wall & Co.

The brig Wingold, Loring, from Minatitlan, arrived on the 1st, with captain and all hands down with the Chagres fever. All have been removed to the Hospital. The Wingold will be detained until the 12th.

The brig Hatch Benner, Capt. Stoddard, from Minatitlan, bound to New York, ran upon the Marquisas Shoal on the morning of January 1st, and was obliged to leave her, assistance of the wreckers, who got her afloat and brought her to this port. The Court have awarded the salvors $650. The expenses are $227 95.

The brig Enterprise, from New York, had a very hard passage; and in a gale of wind, the 25th inst., threw over part of her deck load, and fourteen bbls. of cement—broke bulwarks, injured rudder, tore sails, rigging, etc. She will be able to continue her voyage without repairing.

The schooner James Henry, Capt. Wood, has arrived with loss of foremast gone. She will make the little repairs, and continue on her voyage without much delay.

Capt. Townsend, of the brig Echo, is in the city, having been brought here by the Deputy U. S. Marshal of Boston.

The New Orleans schooner Tortugas, Capt. Wilson, arrived from Fort Jefferson on the 6th. By this arrival we learn that the ship Edward D. Peters, of Bucksport, Maine, in ballast, from New York, bound to New Orleans, got ashore on Flap Jack Shoal on the 4th inst. She got clear the next day, and Capt. Curtis proceeded on his voyage. Damage sustained not known.

The brig Sequin, Capt. Beard, from Baltimore, bound to Havana, with a full cargo of machinery for the Matanzas and Havana Railroad, and with forty passengers, ran ashore on the 7th inst. on Long Reef. She received assistance from the wrecking vessels Dolphin and Libby Shephard, who took out ninety tons freight, and then succeeded in hauling her off. She is consigned to Parker & Clark.

The yacht Oriental, Capt. Hoyt, agent New York Underwriters, arrived on the 10th from Nassau, and reports having seen the brig Kate Anderson ashore on Berry Island the 5th inst. Could not board her on account of bad weather. Learned that she was loaded with rice and naval stores. She had hinged.

The schooner Eclipse, Capt. Wood, from New York, for New Orleans, arrived on the 9th. She put in to avoid heavy seas in the Gulf. She will take the North western passage.

The schooner Virginia, from Charleston, for New Orleans, passed Sand Key on the 8th inst.

SPIRIT RAPPING IN ENGLAND.—Spirit rapping has come out in a new style in England, and rather an aggressive attitude. A body of these singularly endowed people in Dudley have assumed a mission from the spirits to convert the religious bodies in the neighborhood to the Spirit Truth, and for that purpose have went in a body to the Primitive Methodist Chapel, where they fell to raving and raving and smiting their breasts, and making a full disturbance.

A MOHAMMEDAN PASSPORT TO PARADISE.—When a devout Mohammedan on his death bed gives to his spirit guide the requisite amount of money he is furnished with a passport to Paradise, which is carefully placed near his head in the coffin. The following is a free translation of one of these passports:

"Angel Gabriel: Dear Sir—In consideration of the sum of Rs. ——, received of my friend by Sheik Abdul Karim Sahe our common treasury, you will please deliver to him on arrival at your place three pomegranate trees, two date do., one tamarind, and other trees in proportion. Also seventeen houris and seven palaces and cattle in abundance, and things, yours, etc., ——."

SAYING (?) A SAGE!—The Detroit Free Press, in noticing the recent burning of the Tribune building, says:

"The safe in the building was undoubtedly saved by the Scotchmen of Chief Engineer Lee, who, having secreted its locality, kept a stream of water constantly playing upon it. When it was opened the books were found charred in such a manner, that the binding was ready to fall to pieces, and had it not been for the water thrown upon it, the probabilities are that it would have burned up with all its contents. Whose safe was it?

EDITORIAL PARAGRAPHS!

Illiteracy.

Public estimation in effect allows that if a man generally writes good things, all that he writes must be good; and hence it is that vast amounts of trash are accepted as of value because they are from a pen which has earned a merited reputation, while much that is valuable does not receive the award of merit due because the author has not yet established a name to endorse it. To the question "What's in a name?" we should answer, there's everything in a name if it be attached to a bit of verse; and to prove this, a queer experiment has been in progress for two years, reaching its denouement on the 31st of December, on which day the editor of the Buffalo Republic republished a piece of verse entitled "Autumn," and accredited to William Cullen Bryant, confessing that he himself wrote it two years before, and endorsing it with the name of that poet, sent it forth to try its fortunes throughout newspaperdom. They were brilliant, for the verses have been copied into hundreds of papers, among them the first critical journals of the country, who were dazzled to their demerits by the shining forgery of an author's name which was appended. All of our readers, probably, have seen the verses, which are a fair imitation of Bryant's style.

Bryant, who is the principal editor of the Evening Post, and who, during the two years, did not expose the fraud, talks somewhat bitterly about it in the columns of his paper, remarking that "it was in the highest degree unfair and unhandsome to make an author, [himself] who has had verses enough of his own to answer for, responsible for verses which he never wrote."

Operatic.

Jonco, the basso, who was reported by New Orleans papers to have died in New York, did nothing of the kind, but is very much alive and in good voice..... The New York Post has a certain contempt for New Orleans operatic taste, which it asserts inclines to the little Parisian comic operas—the farces of the musical drama—rather than to the grand productions of the masters. Relates: "We seldom see one of Verdi's operas announced for production at New Orleans." If the Post seldom sees such announcements, it is because it does not take the trouble of looking, for Verdi's operas are announced as frequently, if not more frequently, than those of any other master. A pretty place, indeed, is New York for criticisms upon the operatic taste of another community—especially that of New Orleans—to come from, when her half a million of people cannot support an opera company for a single season! Recent Piccolomini experiences have given editors and critics there a smattering of operatic ideas, which they are airing most pompously, spreading them out very thin, to make them cover columns of space in their papers.....Ullmann is making preparations for a tremendous enterprise in the amusement line. He has leased the Boston Theater for a year, and intends that it shall always be in use; and to effect this, he will engage a ballet troupe to dance, a German dramatic company to play, and Everett and Spurgeon to lecture, on the nights when opera is not on. He is treating with Ristori, whom he is trying hard to coax across the water, to appear at his house, in her role of Italian plays. These arrangements he is endeavoring to make, and whether he will succeed remains to be seen.

A Boston Prayer Meeting.

Religion must be falling into melancholy disrepute in and about the modern Athens when, to secure propriety in their religious meetings, the brethren have to go armed with long poles, wherewithal to flog the evil one out of the boys during the sacred services. We presume that such irreverence is a consequence of religion having been so abused by its being mingled with abolitionism, spiritualism and other isms, that the young have lost their respect for what they should regard with an awe which would compel, as it were, decorum amid the scenes of its observance.

The Moslem disciples carried the koran in one hand and the cimetar in the other—these the bible in one hand and a cudgel in the other. The *fortiter in re* has taken the place of Christian *suaviter in modo*—muscle preferred to moral suasion. A decorous scene of this kind is described in the following paragraph:

"At a religious meeting, a few evenings since, not far from Boston, when the services were most interesting, some rowdy boys began their antics in the way of making a buzzing noise; when slowly and dignifiedly, from various parts of the meeting, arose brethren, with long poles, which descended on the heads, or poked forcibly into the ribs of the wicked, who, not anticipating such visitations, started to their feet in alarm, and rushed out of the place as if the police were after them."

We should like to see, for the thing would have a charm of novelty, the phalanx of strong-armed brethren marching into the meeting-house, each armed with a hoop-pole of dimensions of which the mere sight would be sufficient to cause a bad boy's soul to quail within him.

The Extraordinary Libel Suit

Of the homeopathic physicians of Paris in behalf of their absent system, against an abusive allopathic journal, to which we referred in this column some weeks since, came up for trial and was dismissed, the tribunal refusing to entertain the proposition that a system could be libelled in a legal sense. The injurious words were, that "homeopathy was neither a doctrine, nor a science, but a trade," and that "if an epoch had ever presented itself when the method of Hahneman could be employed by any one who was not abjectly ignorant—a crack-brained visionary, or a wretched charlatan—it was certainly not the present one."

Letter from Senator Douglas.

The Washington States of the 11th inst. publishes the following:

To the Editor of the States: Since my arrival in New York, I have seen, for the first time, a publication made by the Hon. John Slidell, denying positively that he authorized or in any manner countenanced the statement published in the Press and Tribune of Chicago, just before the late Illinois election, to the effect that the slaves belonging to my children in Mississippi were cruelly and inhumanly treated. In this denial Mr. Slidell does justice to himself. He goes further, and says: "that the alleged statement, let it come from whatever source it may, is a base fabrication, in whole and in part, without a shadow of foundation in truth." In this he does justice to me; for, as the guardian of my children, I hold myself responsible for the manner in which these slaves are treated. I should not consider myself called upon to notice Mr. Slidell's publication had he passed here, and not have added the following paragraph:

"Mr. Douglas has, by authorizing and countenancing anonymous attacks on me, through a person officiating as his private secretary, lost all claim to the explanation that I would otherwise have promptly volunteered to give him."

It is due to myself to publish an emphatic denial of the truth of the implication in the above paragraph. It is not true that I have authorized or countenanced anonymous attacks upon Mr. Slidell. It is true, however, that when the fact was first brought to my notice, that Dr. Brainard, a federal office holder and my enemy, had caused to be published, during my absence, in the Abolition organ of Chicago, this "base fabrication," with the name of the Hon. John Slidell as authority for its truth, I denounced it as such a calumny deserved, and expressed the opinion to my friends that it should be copied and circulated for the purpose of showing the base means employed to defeat my re-election, and also with the view of drawing forth such disclosures as would expose to public contempt the real author of the calumny, which object has been fully accomplished by the letter of Mr. Slidell.

Jan. 7, 1859. S. A. DOUGLAS.

PUGNACIOUS JURY.—A row occurred in a jury room in Pittsburg a few days ago. They stood eleven against one on a knotty case, when the one becoming insolent, and giving the lie to an old man, he was put through in good style. Three broken chairs were found in the jury room, and there were other evidences of a general mêlée.

COOL.—The hight of impudence was well illustrated recently in the United States Circuit Court, New York. A man named McAdam was tried on a charge of larceny on the high seas, in stealing some sovereigns in a woman's corset, which he obtained by cutting the corset; but he was acquitted through the exertions of his counsel. As soon as the verdict had been rendered, the accused coolly stepped up to one of the jury, and addressing one of their number said: "You have acquitted me, but I am the man that took the money," and then walked out of the court, leaving a rather funny look on the face of the juror addressed.

BOILER EXPLOSION.—On the 10th inst. a steam boiler in Whitaker's lard oil establishment, Cincinnati, exploded, killing seven persons. The concussion was tremendous, uplifting the floor and forcing out all the doors and windows in the rear part of the building.

WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENCE.

Special to the New Orleans Crescent.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11, 1859.

Editors Crescent: Saturday the cold snap commenced. Since then the stinging weather has sent people hopping along the streets like distracted trap-balls. The wind has been high, the dust insupportable, and hot apple-toddies in constant demand. Heaven help the hack and omnibus drivers and their dumb beasts. What is a little curious, the wind has whipped round from north to south without any diminution of the cold. If snow falls now, and there is every promise of it, it will stick equal to that sheepskin and beeswax plaster so famous in Ethiopian song.

It is to be hoped this intensely cold and pure air will put a stop to erysipelas, which has become almost an epidemic. Mr. Ruffin, of N. C., has just recovered from a severe attack of it. Hon. Jno. Letcher is now confined by it to his bed, and many other cases are reported among private citizens. It seems to confine its attacks to the face and head.

Hon. Mr. Goode, of Va., is also quite sick, but whether from erysipelas or not, is not mentioned.

The French Spoliation bill passed the Senate yesterday. Twice before it has passed both Houses, and was vetoed first by Polk and then by Pierce. Gov. Crittenden is of opinion that it will pass both Houses a third time and that Buchanan will sign it. I hope so. Fifty-nine years is long enough for a just claim to be before Congress.

Mr. Washburne, Jocko Washburne, as the States felicitously calls him, on account of his monkey antics, on yesterday favored the house with his excellent individual opinions upon pretty nearly everything. Down on Democracy, down on aristocracy, down on slavery, down on the Dred Scott decision, down on the Lecompton Constitution, down on any "entangling alliances"—with the American party—and up on the Black Republicans, up on freesoil and abolitionism. Great is Jocko, very great, but he would be even greater if he could, and he could if he would only tune his harp to a different and more refreshing key.

Mr. Anderson, of Ill., from yesterday's performance, must be considered an Ostend Manifesto man. So used to be an old gentleman now inhabiting the White House. But the "cession or seizure" feature of the renowned Manifesto remains where it was, a dead abortion, showing not the least symptoms of vitality.

Mr. Preston, our new Minister to Spain, looks like the fit man for the mission—a gentleman whose face bears every evidence of the intellect, the courtesy, the determination necessary to a successful execution of the difficult task entrusted to him. But appearances are deceitful, and unless the programme outlined by the gallant Davis of Mississippi be carried out, unless Congress take the matter out of the palsied hands of the Administration, the Manifesto will rest in "cold obstruction" until a foreign war forces a solution. Barksdale, of Mississippi, made a step in the right direction, when on yesterday he called on the President to communicate the correspondence between this Government and France and England, in relation to the acquisition of Cuba by the United States. The resolution was agreed to, and if honestly complied with by the President, the thorough "ventilation" of this important subject will begin in earnest

Nichols, of Ohio, has pitched into the Pension bill lately passed by the House. With an annual expenditure of $81,000,000, and an annual deficit of $20,000,000, he considered the country was in no condition to adopt a pension system, which $36,000,000 would be just enough to start in operation. This is a specimen of the exaggeration of the opponents of the bill. Instead of $36,000,000, a tenth of that sum would be nearer the mark made by the friends of the bill. It is noticeable that the letter writers of the Administration papers are more furious than any others in their denunciations of this pension.

Mr. Douglas took his seat in the Senate yesterday morning, to the sound of applause from the galleries. He looks a little worn. Exception has been taken to his remaining out of his seat so long after arriving in the city. His friends say he has been collecting his thoughts for a eulogy upon his friend Harris, whose death was to have been announced yesterday. Others, seeing Senator Jones and "Dug Wallack" of the Star in thick confab, have been predicting a duel, "for," say they, "Jones will certainly fight, and Wallack is known to be a man of the most fearful ferocity."

Mr. Douglas does not hesitate to define his position upon all questions to anybody who interrogates him. He is not a candidate for the Presidency, but if his friends at Charleston insist upon nominating him he will not resist their pleasure. He has not yielded in favor of Wise, nor any other man. He is for conciliation, and the recent triumph of Breckinridge over Boyd, in the Kentucky Democratic Convention, is regarded as a triumph for Douglas; for Breckinridge, like Douglas, is disposed to let bygones be bygones, and Mr. Buchanan is disposed for anything else. It is confidently asserted that the delay in the meeting of the Illinois Legislature was caused by the arrival of four or five Federal office-holders from this city, who promised the Republicans to buy over four of the eight Democratic majority for Douglas. "Ropes," says the friends of Mr. Douglas, "were ready to hang these traitors as high as Haman," and this not metaphorically but literally. The actual hempen ropes were ready. And hence the would-be traitors were stopped of their treasonable intentions, and Old Buck and his minions completely foiled. So you see how determined Mr. Buchanan is to fight Douglas to the very last, never to forgive, never to forget, never to make friends "for the good of the party." And why? Plainly because Douglas is his most formidable rival for the next nomination.

Say what the papers will, Douglas is not dead. I have seen enough to convince me that Virginia is fast warping round to his support. He promises to make the squatter sovereignty business "all right." If he can do that to the satisfaction of the South, his nomination is a thing almost morally certain. For, Buchanan to the contrary notwitstanding, the mass of the Democracy are anxious for "conciliation"—a restoration, at any price, of the ancient harmony and unity of the party.

Douglas promises to give Mr. Seward and his Rochester speech a proper reviewing, and is almost angry with Iverson for anticipating him in this matter. Seward he considers his private property, and is unwilling for any one but himself to take him to task.

I have just come from the Senate Chamber where I left Wilson, of Massachusetts, floundering over the Pacific railroad, and denouncing the El Paso route, of course, and criticizing Iverson's anti-Seward speech. He got along very well until Iverson sprang to his feet and in a voice of thunder told him not to misrepresent him. At the sound of Iverson's voice, everybody who had been asleep in the gallery pricked up their ears, expecting some fun. But Wilson replied very feebly, and continued his speech in the mildest of tones. It was amusing to see old Hale (old in the sense of fat and jolly) rush to the door of the anti-chamber and stand there listening and wiping his hands on a towel.

It is now thought this bill will not pass the Senate. The lowest estimate is $93,000,000 for the Southern and $160,000,000 for the Northern route. "Double these amounts and you arrive at something like what the cost will be in the end." So a Senator said in my hearing as I was leaving the Capitol.

Mr. Slidell wants to lend the President $30,000,000 to buy Cuba with. Spain will refuse it. Then we will have a big war, will we? and if we don't have war, can pay the whole of the annual deficit—twenty millions—and have ten millions left as a first installment to the Pacific railroad. Unfortunately, though, we we will have to borrow the $30,000,000 in the first place.

One pitiful effect of the retrenchment movement now going on in Congress is to deprive the House clerks of their pay. Eventually they will be paid, but to keep the poor creatures out of their money for a month is contemptible.

The town is laughing at a young Southerner who was on the point of challenging Bean Hickman the other day, having mistaken him for a gentleman.

We have a religious paper here—the National Recorder—a monthly, just started, and much needed by the simple resident population.

Hops are all the rage at the hotels. There are parties every night at the houses of the Secretaries and others. Floyd's first comes off Wednesday night. The first levee takes place to-night. The Chanfrau's are at the theater, badly supported by the poor stock company. The season has fairly begun, and therefore I will end. MALOU.

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CAPS:

SCOTCH BONNETS, YORKSHIRE CASSIMERE, French Cassimere and Cloth, English and American do.

Oil Silk CAPS and CAP COVERS—Plaid, Black and Colored Silk.

Black, Blue and Brown Silk Velvet CAPS—All patterns.

United States Army and Regulation CAPS.

FANCY CAPS, with Plumes—for Children.

Common Cloth and Cassimere CAPS, for Servants, etc., etc

FOR THE LADIES

—They have—

RIDING HATS

In the following variety:

EMPRESS EUGENIA, BEAVER, with Magnificent Ostrich Plumes.

Rich Black and Colored HATS, with Plumes to suit.

American Ladies' HATS, with Eagle Plumes.

Besides the above named Goods, they have a fine assortment of—

UMBRELLAS AND CANES,

Of all Descriptions of French, English and American manufacture.

FINE LEATHER HAT BOXES,

HAT AND COAT BRUSHES,

And last, though not least, a SPLENDID ARTICLE of

FURRED GLOVES

—And—

GAUNTLETS,

—For—

PILOTS AND EQUESTRIANS!

—Also—

RIDING AND HUNTING WHIPS.

LADIES' RIDING WHIPS, with Magnificent Gold Heads.
GENTLEMEN'S RIDING AND HUNTING WHIPS, with Gold Heads, and splendidly mounted with fine Ivory Carvings, etc.
FINELY MOUNTED COACH WHIPS, with Gold, Silver and Ivory Mountings.

The prices for all these Goods are at as low a figure as they can be bought anywhere in the Southwest, and all articles are warranted good.

JOHNSTON & TURNER,
St. Charles Hat Emporium,
n8 2p5m Under the Hotel.

PEBBLE SPECTACLES.—THE undersigned—successors to Gregor & Wilson—will continue to keep the largest assortment of Pebble SPECS in this city, and have reduced the prices—

Steel Frames	$3 00 to $4 50
Silver	6 00 to 7 00
Fine Gold	12 00 to 16 00

We make no "professorial humbug pretensions," neither are we agents for any particular manufacturer, yet we guarantee to suit any person's vision with an article equal to any to be found in the United States.

N. B.—PEBBLE LENSES cut to suit any frame.

GEO. W. GREGOR & CO.,
d27 tf corner Camp and Canal sts.

CHAS. R. RAILEY & CO.

CHAS. R. RAILEY & CO., GENERAL GROCERS

—And Dealers in—

LIQUORS, WINES, CIGARS AND TOBACCO,

No. 17 Tchoupitoulas and

No. 24 Gravier street,

Offer for sale, on reasonable terms, the following articles:

Brandy—
200 packages, various qualities.

Whisky—
250 packages OLD BOURBON,
MONONGAHELA,
IRISH,
SCOTCH,
RECTIFIED,

Gin—
HOLLAND,
AMERICAN.

Wines in Wood—
MADEIRA,
PORT,
SHERRY,
SWEET and DRY MALAGA.

Wines in Glass—
CLARET,
WHITE WINES,
SAUTERNE,
PARSAC, etc., etc.

Champagne—
200 baskets assorted.

Sundries—
BRANDY CHERRIES—Glass and cork stops.
BRANDY FRUITS—Assorted.
ABSYNTHE—Various brands.
ANISETTE—All qualities.
CHERRY BRANDY and CHERRY BOUNCE.
CURACOA.
CORDIALS—Assorted, all kinds.
KIRSCH.
MARASCHINO.
PEPPERMINT.
ORANGE FLOWER WATER.
WOLFE'S AROMATIC SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS.
BLACKBERRY BRANDY.
RASPBERRY BRANDY.
APPLE BRANDY—Old and fine.
PEACH BRANDY.
CHAMPAGNE CIDER.
LONDON PORTER—Quarts and pints.
SCOTCH AND INDIA ALE—Quarts and pints.
PORTER AND ALE—In boxes, qts. and pts., Amer'n.

Tobacco—
500 boxes, of all styles.
Pounds, half pounds, 5's, 10's, TWIST.
POCKET LUMP, etc., from the lowest grade to the highest quality and price.

Cigars—
All the approved brands of fine Havana CIGARS.
An assortment of German CIGARS.
Cuba Sixes, etc., etc.

Snuff—
Lorillard's, Garrett's, Goodwin's,
Roome's, etc., etc., etc.

Pipes—
PIPES of every description.
PIPE HEADS of assorted qualities.
Goodwin's Smoking and Yellow Bank TOBACCO.
Gall's " " " "

Tea—Tea—Tea—

IMPERIAL, in half chests, of every quality		100	pkgs
"	in 6, 12 and 17 lb. boxes	200	"
"	in canisters of 1 and 2 lbs. each.	100	"
GUNPOWDER, in hf. chests, of every quality,		50	"
"	in 5 lb., 12 lb. and canisters,	100	"
YOUNG HYSON, hf. chests, ass'd quality,		50	"
OOLONG POUCHONG,		100	"
" "	in 10, 15 and 20 lb.,	100	"
POUCHONG, in 5 and 8 oz. papers,		100	"

Pickles, Preserves, Ketchups, etc.

Ground Spices.

Wood and Willow Ware.

Spices—
100 bags PEPPER.
20 bales and half bales CLOVES.
50 bags ALLSPICE.
500 mats CASSIA.
1000 pounds NUTMEGS.
200 " MACE.

Paper—
Hardware, Straw,
Cap and Letter,
Tea, News, etc., etc.

Playing Cards—
American and Spanish, every variety.

Oils—
Lard, Sperm, Whale, Cotton Seed.

Sweet Oil—
Quarts and pints—200 baskets.

Soap—
Magnolia, Colgate, Winchester, Western, etc.

Coffee—
RIO, JAVA,
WHITE AND BROWN,
MOCHA, LAGUAYRA.

Candles—
STAR—1500 boxes.
SPERM,
CHEMICAL SPERM, etc.,

Butter—
GOSHEN—Fresh, landing constantly by steamers and sail vessels, from the best Eastern Dairies.
WESTERN—Fresh, landing constantly by steamers.

Cheese—
250 boxes now in store—
Western, English Dairy,
Durham Farm,
Gloucester,
Sutton, etc.

Sugar—Lovring's Refined—

"	"	200 bbls.	Crushed.
"	"	50 "	Pulverised.
"	"	60 "	Coarse Pulverised
"	"	50 half boxes	Loaf.
"	LOUISIANA, in hhds. and bbls.		
"	"	Crushed, Powdered and Lo	

Molasses—
New Orleans Refinery Reboiled.

Fruits—
RAISINS, MR and Layers, in boxes, halves and qrs.
CURRANTS—15 casks.
SEEDLESS RAISINS—In Mats.
DATES,
CITRONS,
PRUNES—Dry, etc.

Nuts—
PECANS, Texas.
ALMONDS,
BRAZIL NUTS, etc., etc.

Hams—
Sugar Cured, choice brands.
Plain " " "
SIDES, SHOULDERS, MESS PORK, etc.

Beef—
Mess and Prime, bbls. and half bbls.
Dried Beef, Plain and Sugar Cured.

Lard—
Kegs and barrels.

Flour and Salt.

—Together with—

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF ALL ARTICLES

—In the—

GROCERY LINE,

For sale by

CHAS. R. RAILEY & CO.,
No. 17 Tchoupitoulas and
n27 d&W6m 24 Gravier street.

DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

G. N. MORISON & CO., WHOLESALE DRUGGIST, No. 14 Magazine street,

Having received a new and extensive stock of fresh DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, PERFUMERY, SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS, PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, etc., etc., respectfully inform Merchants, Planters and Physicians that they are prepared to supply them with every article in the Drug line they may require, all of the purest quality, at as reasonable prices as they can be purchased in the city. Among the articles already on hand and coming in store are the following:

2000 ounces Sulphate Quinine, French and American;
200 pounds Blue Mass, English and American;
100 pounds Calomel, English and American;
200 pounds Mercurial Ointment;
500 pounds Honduras Sarsaparilla;
150 pounds best Turkey Opium;
100 ozs. Sul. and Acetate Morphine,
25 ounces Otto Roses;
20 casks Sal Soda;
100 kegs Sup. Ch. Soda;
10 kegs Ger. Elne Wash;
20 bbls. Circums, light;
5 cases Indigo, Cur. and Manilla;
10 casks Pot and Pearlash;
50 packages Saleratus;
25 bbls. pure Castor Oil;
25 demijohns Spt. Nitre;
25 bbls. Alcohol;
40 bbls. Copperas;
20 bbls. Epsom Salts;
10 bbls. Flour Sulphur;
10 bbls. Roll Sulphur;
2 bales Senna, East India and Alexandria;
200 pounds Gum Arabic, select, fine and sorts;
25 carboys Sulph. Nitric and Muriatic Acid;
25 jars Carb. Ammonia;
25 carboys Aq. Ammonia;
300 pounds Acetic Acid;
1000 pounds Tartaric Acid;
200 ozs. Tannic Acid;
20 kegs Pearl Barley;
150 kegs Turkey Opium;
1000 lbs. Arrow Root, Amer.;
500 lbs. Arrow Root, Bermuda;
200 lbs. Assafœtida, in case;
200 lbs. Balsam Copaiba;
5 bbls. Black Lead;
10 bbls. Ginger Root;
10 bb