New Orleans Daily Crescent.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF NEW ORLEANS.

PUBLISHED BY NIXON & ADAMS. WILLIAM R. ADAMS.

OFFICE, No. 15 CAMP STREET.

TERMS:

When delivered within the regularly served or subscribers in the city, the daily Crescent will be served on Monday, Wednesday and Friday mornings, at the following rates, in advance, half-yearly and quarterly at the same rate: Daily, per annum—Eight Dollars. Tri-Weekly, per annum—Six Dollars. Weekly, per annum—Two Dollars. Single copies, per annum—Four Dollars. Tri-Weekly, per quarter—One Dollar. Weekly, per quarter—Fifty Cents. Single copies, per quarter—Twenty-Five Cents. Tri-Weekly, per month—Fifty Cents. Weekly, per month—Twenty-Five Cents. Single copies, per month—Twenty-Five Cents. Tri-Weekly, per week—Twenty-Five Cents. Weekly, per week—Twenty-Five Cents. Single copies, per week—Twenty-Five Cents. Tri-Weekly, per issue—First insertion, Fifteen Cents. Weekly, per issue—First insertion, Twenty-Five Cents. Advertisements in the Daily Crescent will be charged $1 per square for each insertion.

Advertisements in the Tri-Weekly Crescent will be charged $1 per square for each insertion.

Advertisements in the Weekly Crescent will be published one month, or four times, for $5 per square, for every insertion; no advertisement to be published for less than $1.

Advertisements will be published in the Daily Crescent, the Tri-Weekly Crescent and the Weekly Crescent, all for one charge, at the rate of $1 per square for each insertion.

A liberal discount will be made to regular advertisers.

THE DAILY CRESCENT

is published every morning, Sundays excepted, at Ten Dollars per annum, which rendered it a desirable medium for advertisers. Its Foreign Policy is conservative, and its circulation largely, reaching every post-office of importance in the country, and being read by the leading men of the South. Consequently articles of a character that may be advantageously published in its columns, will find it a desirable medium.

THE WEEKLY CRESCENT

is published every Monday morning at $3 per annum, invariably in advance. Being an extensively circulated publication throughout Louisiana, Mississippi, Arkansas, Texas, Alabama, Tennessee, and other States, it presents a favorable medium to advertisers of making known articles and commodities known. Advertisements inserted for $1 per square, each insertion.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JULY 20, 1859.

Subscribers leaving the city during the summer, who desire the Daily or Weekly Crescent forwarded to them, can have either of them regularly mailed for any specified time, by leaving their name and address at the office.

THE ELECTION TO-DAY.—A special election for an Assistant Alderman of the First Ward, First District, takes place to-day. The election is held to supply a vacancy in the Board of Assistant Aldermen, caused by a resignation. The proclamation of the Central Board of Commissioners, designating precincts, inspectors of election, etc., will be found elsewhere. So far as we are advised, Stephen A. Kingsland, Esq., is the only candidate for the suffrages of the sovereign people of the First Ward. We hope that all those invested with the "inestimable" prerogative of American suffrage, guaranteed by our glorious State and Federal Constitutions, will have a good time of it in the First Ward this day. It is our "opinion opinion, publicly expressed," that about one and a half dozen votes will run in the polls and "save the country" from secession in the year of our Lord, 1859.

Well, we don't care so the country is saved, the Constitution kept protected, and the expanded hoops of the Goddess of Liberty preserved intact to the fullest amplitude of their sublime circumference.

["Hoop, la Mia."

CONVENT'S HOME AND SCHOOL.—Publication is elsewhere made by Rev. Amos D. McCoy, that a Children's Home has been opened in connection with St. Peter's Protestant Episcopal Church, for the support, literary and mechanical education, under competent teachers, of one hundred orphans, male and female, and also for the education of other children, to the number of three hundred, for a small monthly stipend. Mr. McCoy calls on the charitably inclined to aid this good work, thus initiated, and to contribute to the fund required for the purpose of purchasing proper premises and permanently establishing the Home. We trust that he will be sustained in the project, for it is most worthy the favor of the people.

RACE TO-DAY.—There will be a trotting race over the Creole Course to-day, commencing at 5 o'clock, for $100, at mile heats, best two in three to harness. The entries are *Steeple Jim*, *Jim Mistry* and *St. Laurence*. The race is advertised in this paper.

FOURTH WARD AMERICAN CLUB.—Announcement is made of a meeting of the Fourth Ward American Club this evening at 44 St. Louis street.

One of the French generals now in Italy is a character. Gen. Bourbaki, of the Zouaves, says the *Courrier de Paris*, stormed the city of Kateh during the war in Algeria, at the head of his troops, in white kid gloves and patent leather boots. He brandished a stick in his hands and marched up to the cannon's mouth with a cigar between his teeth.

The daily war expenses of France are estimated at 3,800,000 francs, of Austria at 1,200,000 florins, or each about $480,000.

The London Times gives a long description of the new iron steam ram, which, it says, will be afloat next June. Her total length will be 380 feet, breadth 58; total weight at sea about 9060 tuns; full speed, sixteen miles an hour. About 220 feet of the broadside of the vessel will be of teak, 24 inches thick; this will be covered by armor plates 4½ inches thick on the deck. The ram will be armed with 35 Armstrong guns, each throwing 100 lb. shot over a range of six miles. The ram will run down ships by driving at them at full speed. If she only does one-half of what may fairly be anticipated from her she will be cheaper to the nation than a dozen sail-of-the-line. The cost of the hull will be about £200,000, the engines about £75,000, and her fitting for sea about £45,000 more, or £320,000 in all.

PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL BISHOPS TO BE CONSECRATED.—There are now four Bishops elect to be consecrated at the General Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church, to be held next October in Richmond, Va., viz: Rev. Dr. Odenheimer, Bishop of New Jersey; Rev. Dr. Bedell, Assistant Bishop of Ohio; Rev. Dr. Gregg, Bishop of Texas, and Rev. Mr. Whipple, Bishop of Minnesota.

Another instance, says the Paris *Pays*, of the patriotic enthusiasm of the Italian volunteers is found in the following fact: The Duke of San Donato, Major in the Third Regiment of Chasseurs of the Alps, having been, as the youngest of his rank, left in command of the depot, at once resigned his commission, and joined Garibaldi, as a private, on the theater of war.

EXTRAORDINARY DROUGHT IN SCOTLAND.—Accounts from Scotland state that the drought during May and part of June was more severe than during any past year since 1826. The rivers Earn and Tay were nearly dry, the famous Doon, immortalized by Burns, would slide through a gallon measure, and other well known streams and rivers were thoroughly dried up. In some places water was so scarce that in villages it was sold at five shillings per barrel, and many had to go miles for water for their cattle. The crops, notwithstanding, are reported as looking excellent, and recent rains will no doubt advance them considerably.

The daughter of the late Joseph Charless, of St. Louis, in order to express her sacred regard for the memory of her father, has given $20,000 to endow the Professorship of Physical Science in Westminster College, Fulton, Missouri. The endowment of this chair was an object very near Mr. Charless' heart during the latter part of his life.

NEW YORK, July 14.—At a meeting of the general committee, at Tammany Hall last evening, a resolution was offered declaring the seat of Daniel E. Sickles vacant; but as the meeting was called for a special purpose, the resolution was laid over until the next regular meeting, when it will be acted upon. It was intimated that Mr. Sickles would probably, in the meantime, resign. There can be no doubt that the original statement of the Tribune, to the effect that most if not all the friends of Sickles have been alienated from him by his last step, is true. Mr. Butterworth is of this number.

Mr. Sickles' late friends are perfectly right in discarding him as unworthy their esteem. The last aspect of the Sickles drama inclines us to believe the charges which were made against him of being long familiar with the relations existing between Key and his wife, and of general baseness of character. They are a worthy couple.

FINE TEAS.—The proprietor of Dohan's Southern Tea Warehouse, 102 Poydras street, is offering inducements in teas, as he advertises the finest qualities of black and green teas in metallic packages at the lowest importation prices. We refer consumers to his advertisement, and such as them that they will find at the warehouse a very choice and extensive assortment.

DWELLING TO RENT.—A desirable house on the corner of Apollo and Erato streets is advertised to rent.

MERCHANTS AND PARENTS who desire to advance the interests of their clerks or sons, we would refer to Dolbear Commercial College. See advertisement.

SLAVERY ON THE BORDERS.

We have frequently observed that Delaware was little more a slave State than Vermont; that Maryland was well nigh abolitionized; that St. Louis was in the hands of the Free-soilers; that the Free-soil element unquestionably contributed to the election of John Letcher in Virginia; and that the strength of the institution was being gradually but surely sapped in Kentucky.

These disagreeable facts we have from time to time laid before our readers as a matter of duty. But for that conviction we never should have alluded to them. We do not like to allude to them; but as the conductors of a public journal, we feel that we have no right to withhold from our constituents information of an important character. The outposts shall not fall without full knowledge of the danger which menaced them being previously placed in the possession of the slaveholding community.

We have now, nominally, fifteen slave States. One of them (Delaware) has practically abolished slavery; and Maryland and Missouri will probably abolish their systems of domestic servitude within a decade, and range themselves under the banners of the enemies of the South. This is the natural tendency of things. Slaves bring such high prices that they are being rapidly sold South, and the insecurity of that species of property in the border States, owing to the thievish propensities of the Abolitionists, grows greater every year, and accelerates their removal to a more secure locality. Consequently two strong incentives contribute to depopulate those States of the negro element; and when the work is done, as it is being done with celerity and certainty, the citadels will not only be surrendered to the enemy, but the guns thereof will be brought to bear upon us, instead of in our defence, by garrisons that were formerly friendly. About that time we suppose our over "conservative" people will begin to appreciate the true nature of their condition. As a general thing, they always begin to think when it is too late, and become very sorry when sorrow is not of the slightest use. Had the kind of conservatism we allude to prevailed in 1776 there would have been no Declaration of Independence, no American Revolution, and had it continued we would still have remained colonies of Great Britain.

In addition to the three States particularly named above, we may as well mention Kentucky. She, too, is going. In the town of Newport, in that State, a newspaper is published called the Free South. It is violently Abolition and commensurately patronized. In that paper, towards the close of the last month, the following article appeared. Such proceedings in a slave state are exceedingly ominous, and should be considered calmly and dispassionately. Here is the article referred to:

REPUBLICAN MEETING.—The spontaneous gathering of friends from both Newport and Covington at our office, on Saturday evening, 18th inst., betokens something of the spirit that swells within against the leaders of the professed Democracy and Opposition parties in Kentucky, who are advocating the interests of the wealthy few at the expense of the toiling multitude. And seeing that the people have no representative in Kentucky, and that every movement is aiming at the extension and ascendancy of slavery and the slave power, they thought it best to meet together and consult for the common good. Whereupon, J. R. Whitemore was called to the chair, and N. A Dailey chosen Secretary.

After some interesting remarks by Messrs. William Harrison, Beddo, and others, a number of gentlemen were proposed for permanent officers, and voted for by ballot, resulting in the election of J. R. Whitemore, of Newport, President; Abram P. Harrison of Covington, Vice-President; N. A. Dailey, of Newport, Secretary; Joseph Harcourt, of Covington, Corresponding Secretary; W. S. Bailey, of Newport, Treasurer.

On motion of Mr. Williams, it was resolved that a call be made to the Republicans of Campbell and Kenton counties, to meet at this place on Thursday evening, June 23, to consider the propriety of nominating candidates for the Legislature, from the counties of Kenton and Campbell.

The Chair offered a platform for the consideration of the meeting, which was read, and on motion laid on the table, to come up in order at the next meeting.

On motion, the proceedings of the meeting were ordered to be published.

Pursuant to the call, as above, the Republicans again assembled last night and appointed a committee to draw up a platform and resolutions embodying the sentiment of the free labor or Republican party in the counties of Kenton and Campbell of this State.

The meeting then adjourned to meet again on Thursday evening, at early candle-light, at this office, for further co-operation in behalf of the mis-represented people of Kentucky.

At ten o'clock the friends sat down to a hearty repast, prepared by the family of Wm. S. Bailey, where all enjoyed themselves like brothers at a love feast of Liberty, determined to stick in freedom's cause and surrender not.

The meeting dispersed at eleven o'clock, each returning to their homes in the best of good cheer.

Fifty shares of the Chemical Bank of New York city, par $100, belonging to the estate of a French merchant, recently deceased in New York, were sold on Thursday for $435 a share. This bank has a very large surplus, and pays regular quarterly dividends of 6 per cent.

The Hamilton, (C. W.) Times says an extraordinary circumstance took place on the farm of Mr. John Wilson, of Oshawa, on Tuesday morning the 28th ult., a mare owned by him giving birth to three healthy foals. Strange to say, the mother took fright at the singular predicament in which she found herself placed, and ran off and left her offspring. After a little persuasion, however, she consented to own one of them, and gave it food, but would have nothing to do with the other two, one of which she kicked so as to cause it death. The other forsaken one has been carefully nursed by hand, and is doing well.

SHIPMENT OF VEGETABLES AND FRUIT.—About five thousand barrels and boxes of vegetables and fruits, consisting of apples, peaches, tomatoes cucumbers, etc., were shipped on Saturday night week from Norfolk, Va., to New York, by the steamers Roanoke and Locust Point.

PLAYING AT PUTTING OUT A FIRE.—The Western Reserve Chronicle, at Warren, Ohio, states that on the 4th of July the people of that town purchased an old mill, which had long been an eye-sore on the opposite side of the river, and set fire to it in order to celebrate the day, by giving the fire companies an opportunity to show their efficiency in extinguishing it. But just as they got fairly at it, the wind blew the burning shingles over on the town, setting fire to the Methodist Church, as well as six or seven other buildings, at the same time rendering the utmost exertions of the citizens necessary to save the town from destruction.

AN ADOPTED JERSEYMAN IN THE PRUSSIAN ARMY. A young man, aged about twenty-five, by the name of Otto Hame, a native of Berlin, in Prussia, who was for some time a resident of Patterson, some three months since left for Berlin, to take possession of property worth from $15,000 to $20,000, left by an uncle, and on the second day of his arrival he was put into the army. [Newark Mercury.

Messrs. La Mountain and Wise, the aeronautic savans, having come out alive from their trip across the country, are now busily endeavoring to tear the laurels gained by the achievement from each other's brows. They are engaged in a desperate newspaper controversy in which each denies to the other all credit, and claims all for himself. The epithets are chronic and edifying, and doubtless about as much gas will be wasted in the controversy as in the balloon voyage which gave rise to it.

FIRE WORKS EXTEMPORE.—On the 13th inst. eighty kegs of powder in a mill at Gorham, Me., exploded, blowing the building into nonentity, but killing no one.

HALIFAX, July 14.—Hon. Rufus Choate died in this city yesterday morning. His health had continued to improve during his stay here, until half-past six o'clock Tuesday evening, when the attack commenced which closed his career. He was unconscious from six o'clock until two on Wednesday morning, when he died. His remains will be taken to Boston for interment.

A meeting of the bench and bar of this city has been called, to prepare an address of condolence to his family.

Mr. Choate was 60 years of age; was born in Ipswich, Mass., in October, 1799. He was preparing for a trip through Europe for the benefit of his health.

SUICIDE.—Mr. John T. Gillespie, of Bibb county, Ala., committed suicide in Marion county in that State, by shooting himself through the head while in bed. He was en route to visit his plantation in Mississippi. He had a wife, two children and abundant means, and no cause can be imagined which should induce self-destruction.

TALK ON 'CHANGE,

It is idle to be talking about the warmth of the weather, just as though there was never a warm day or hot sun anterior to the 19th of July, 1859. It is not so hot as it might be, therefore it is no use to be puffing and blowing on account of a little warm procivity in the atmosphere. Carondelet street holds its own, heat or no heat. There was some talk of a sale of property by Placide J. Spear, forming the corner of Carondelet and Union streets, the lot measuring fifty-three feet and seven inches on Union, and sixty-nine feet three inches and some lines on Carondelet street, for the sum of thirty thousand dollars, one quarter cash, the balance one, two and three years, with interest at 6 per cent. This sale may be considered as talking to some purpose, when it is considered that the buildings are old and of very trifling value, and known as the Casino Beer Saloon. There is no evidence from this sale that the buyers care a continental dollar about the war in Europe. There was some talk on the accounts brought by the City of Washington. The following paragraph in the dispatches received, if to be relied on, is about as bad as the most grizzly Bear in the stock market, or buyer of cotton or tobacco could desire:

Garibaldi has entered the Tyrol through the Pass of Stelvio, and Prince Windischgratz has been sent to Berlin to announce the fact.

This looks ominous, in fact there is not a redeeming or welcome feature, politically, in the dispatches of the intelligence brought by the City of Washington. The commercial advices are encouraging than otherwise; yet the continued accounts of large additions to the war armaments of England are regarded and talked of with much dubiousness. If, however, all the Princes, the Queens, the Kings, the Emperors, and potentates of Europe are going into the tussle, taking the Sultan of Turkey into copartnership, why, the talk is among our "old fogies," let them go, commence hostilities at once, then the sooner they will be ended.

The further talk was of the provision and bread stuff markets of Europe. Our Western merchants and traders have been felicitating themselves that the war would create a large demand for cereals, as well as for other productions. It is never taken into consideration or talked of, that there is a large surplus of population in Europe, and that five million of soldiers could be called for and have little or no effect on agricultural productions. All Europe will not be covered with the armies of the belligerents.

The further talk was of the growing crops. So far as cotton is to be considered, the various accounts from the country indicate a large yield; of course the casualties and vicissitudes of the season must not be overlooked, and are yet to be overcome.

It cannot be expected that we should go on rue Carondelet and not have an exchange of opinions with some of the numerous sellers, buyers and factors of that great thoroughfare. The close of the season is approaching, and the total crop of the year 1858 can be closely figured out. We append the receipts to the dates mentioned at the several ports since the 1st September, 1858:

At New Orleans to 19th July (proper)	bales...	1,653,165
At Mobile to 15th July	.....	631,562
At Savannah to 16th July—Uplands	445,724	
Sea Islands	16,845	462,629
At Charleston to 14th July—Uplands	437,929	
Sea Island	25,055	462,984
At Texas ports 16th July	.....	168,401
At Florida ports to 1st July	.....	157,929
At Virginia ports	.....	27,837
At North Carolina ports	.....	54,025
Bales received at Southern ports	.....	3,654,943
Received via railroads at Boston, New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore	.....	53,753
Total bales received at all seaports	.....	3,718,096
To be accounted for out of shipments from the river towns on the Mississippi up the Ohio river and to St. Louis	.....	58,000
Stocks at the several inland towns at last dates	.....	57,250
Total	.....	3,833,946

To the foregoing figures there can be added fully 6750 bales to the receipts at this port (New Orleans) for corrections, which, if no larger, will do very well in the receipt of a crop of 1,660,000 bales, net. We must, however, still talk of the 7839 bales burned up with the boats en-route for the sea ports. These bales, with the excess at our own port, will send the total quantity at light up to 4,848,620 bales. It will thus be seen that we have 48,620 bales to fall back on to sustain our estimates of 3,800,000 bales, as the quantity of cotton received and sold in the United States for the year 1858 and '59. While we are talking and arguing on this interminable question, it must not be overlooked that the shipments from the Interior towns, say Memphis, Vicksburg, Napoleon, Paducah and Smithland, or out of Cumberland river, have been unusually large; from Memphis alone to St. Louis and up the Ohio river there have been shipped 85,000 bales, which forms a good part of the 111,115 bales of inland shipments, of which we have accounts of 53,783 bales being received at the seaports previous to the 1st June.

There was some talk of the recent destruction by fire of the steamer Ravenswood. It is presumed that the proprietor, who, some eighteen months ago was boasting of the immunity his company and boats had experienced from disaster, will now admit that all boats will burn. The first boat burnt on the lakes was the low pressure boat Columbia, about the year 1828, at the month of the Bayou St. John, with all the mails and passengers' baggage. We have no space for further talk on the presumed immaculate company of low pressure boats now employed on the lakes in the transportation of mails and passengers. We intend to talk of it hereafter, and prove that there is not a whit more safety on low pressure boats than on high pressure. However, the loss of the Ravenswood is not much; she was purchased in New York some three years ago and brought out to Mobile, then transferred to Lake Pontchartrain, and intrinsically worth at the time of the disaster about eight or nine thousand dollars.

THE CROPS.—The columns of papers from every grain growing section of the country contain the most favorable intelligence of the development of the crops, and there is no room for doubting that the grain product of this will exceed that of all previous seasons. More land was put in seed, and notwithstanding all croaking and predicting by speculators, "late frost and weavil" prognostications, the yield will be enormous, exceeding that of late years, though of favorable character.

A CURIOUS CASE.—Some two months since, a man who kept a fancy store on Fourth street, Louisville, Ky., was badly whipped by a man whose wife had been insulted by the shop-keeper. The latter closed his store, left the city, and has never been back. A few days since he wrote to a person in that city, who was comparatively a stranger to him, to sell out his remaining stock, and transmit the proceeds. He evidently considers the climate unhealthy for even a temporary abode, so sensitive a gentleman is he.

MILITARY VALUE OF RAILWAYS.—The German papers express their astonishment at the omission of the Austrians to tear up the railroad track, and so destroy a military means which the French have so utilized. The Vienna Press, improving the topic, points out the fact that the French soldiers brought out from the reserve at Montebello approached so near the scene of action in the trains that they commenced firing from the windows before they disembarked.

The Italian Committee in Paris has presented a magnificent pair of pistols to the King of Sardinia which cost $800, and has dispatched 360 volunteers at the expense of $5000, or about $14 for each volunteer.

KIDNAPPING IN BOSTON.—The Journal states that, as the congregation was leaving the Broadway Congregational Church at Chelsea, on Sunday evening, a buggy containing two young men reined up in the vicinity, and one of the men jumped out, seized a young girl about 16 years of age, and thrusting her into the carriage, drove off and eluded pursuit, towards Malden, notwithstanding the screams of the young captive. It is believed the girl belonged to North Chelsea, but her identity appears not to be traced. The affair naturally created much excitement.

WASHINGTON, June 14.—While the gunner's crew were engaged in their usual battery practice at the Washington Navy Yard to day, a sixty-four pound army gun which had been tested in 1851, burst. Two of the gunners, Jas. H. Wilson and Wm. Nokes, were instantly killed, a part of their heads being blown off, and their bodies thrown a considerable distance from the platform. Besides these, eight men were severely and two seriously injured.

CRESCENT CITY YACHT CLUB REGATTA.

Yesterday the regatta of the C. C. Y. C. came off at the lake end of the New Canal. The following entries were made at the meeting of the Club, and on drawing for position resulted as follows, viz:

1st Class—Adeona, entered by C. Braized.
Elephant, entered by John G. Robinson.
2d Class—Mosquito, entered by John Mahoney.
P. T. Minor, entered by J. W. Balfour.

Sharp to the minute the first gun was fired, and immediately the yachts got under way and were almost instantaneously in position, with anchors out and jibs down. At half-past 1 o'clock the last gun was fired, and before the smoke had cleared away they were all in motion on their venture for glory and silver-ware. The first round was accomplished in the time and order following: The Elephant passed the home-stake the first round at 3:50; the Adeona at 3:53.

On their way they went, and the two above named came in the second round, the Elephant at 4 48:30 and the Adeona at 4:53—the Elephant winning the prize of the 1st Class.

The 2d Class passed the stake-boat on the first round just after the 1st Class had completed the race, the Minor a little ahead. The race was finally concluded by the P. T. Minor coming in at 5 55:45, the Mosquito being so far off that the judges did not wait for her, but declared her distanced.

OBITUARY.—The Kosciusko Chronicle, of Attala county, Miss., contains an obituary notice of Hon. Theodore L. Thompson, late State Senator from that and Leake county, jointly, who died suddenly of cholera morbus. He was a gentleman of note in the State and of high reputation in the section in which he resided.

THE FOURTH AT SUMMIT.—The Holmesville Independent, of the 9th instant, has just reached this remote latitude. It contains a lengthy and glowing account of the famous Fourth of July ball at Summit.

TRADE OF EUROPE WITH AMERICA.—The European Times says the numerous steamers running from Liverpool to North America are found inadequate for the traffic of London and Manchester, and large quantities of bale and other goods from these places are forwarded to Southampton by rail, to be conveyed by the Hamburg and Bremen screw steamers which touch at Southampton. It is highly probable that in another year or so steamers will be running to and from Liverpool, Southampton, Glasgow or Galway, and North America, daily, during a great part of the year. The trade with South America is also increasing. In less than two months the five giant steamers of Royal Mail Company—the Paramatta, Attrato, Parana, Shannon, and La Plata—will run every fortnight between Southampton and the eastern terminus of the Panama railway, to meet the increasing traffic with Central America, the highway now to the Pacific, and the western coast of America.

How long will the Nicaragua Transit be permitted to remain closed, when such mighty interests are involved and forced to submit to the grinding monopoly of the Panama Railroad Company? It is first the duty of the United States to open that route, and next that of the whole civilized world to see that it is done.

DIED.

Tuesday evening, 12th inst., at 9½ o'clock, P. EMILE COMMUNY, aged 44 years.

The friends and acquaintances are invited to attend the funeral, which will take place at 5 o'clock P. M., from the residence of Dr. LeMonier, No. 22 Conti street.

At Green Springs, Miss., on Sunday, 10th inst., at his father's residence, ISAIAH D. FULLER, Jr., aged 13 years, son of Isaiah D. Fuller and Margaret Douglass, of New Orleans.

[COMMUNICATED.

Children's Home and Schools.

A "Children's Home" has been opened, (No. 7 Moreau street, Third District,) in connection with St. Peter's Protestant Episcopal Church, (Seaman's Bethel, Esplanade street,) for the support, literary and mechanical education, under competent teachers, of one hundred orphans, male and female; also, for the education, in like manner, of children (to the number of 300,) of such parents as may choose, for the small sum of from $1 to $4 per month, to avail themselves of this opportunity.

It is in contemplation to enlarge the accommodations of this Children's Home, so as to provide for the care of four hundred orphans and four hundred day scholars, together with such children from the country as have no opportunity of acquiring, and can afford to pay but a small sum annually for such education.

To raise the requisite funds for such enlargement, it is hoped that 2000 people can be found in this great city and State, both able and willing to subscribe and give the small sum of five (5) cents per day for four years for this purpose. Should this prove practicable, sufficient income would thereby be guaranteed to enable the Directors to prosecute their plans to the completion of the contemplated extension of the Home, together with the purchase of a farm of 60 acres, within four miles of the city, for the use and benefit of the Home and its pupils.

In the meantime, as before mentioned, the Home, with its School, has been already opened for the reception of one hundred orphans and three hundred day scholars, and all parties disposed to aid in its support, in its present limited condition or in its future enlargement, by the small donation or subscription above mentioned, or by other donations of either clothes, food, etc.; also, all persons desirous of availing themselves of the advantages offered, are requested to send in their names to the Rector or the Direction, or send their donations to the HOME, No. 7 Moreau street, corner of Esplanade and Moreau streets, Third District.

AMOS D. McCOY, Rector,
No. 5 Esplanade street.

Directors—A. Guion, Children's Home, 7 Moreau street; Walter J. Manning; F. W. C. Cooke, corner Natchez street, Bank Place; A Gordon Bakewell, No. 90 Common street.

☞ All editors of newspapers in town and country, who wish to aid this work by giving circulation to this appeal, are requested to publish the same. jy20

☞ The Fourth Ward American Club will meet at 44 St. Louis street, THIS EVENING at 8 o'clock. Election of officers this evening.

By order of the President.
jy20 2pit D. WATERS, Secretary.

☞ Third Ward American Club—The meetings of this Club take place every SATURDAY EVENING at 7½ o'clock, at the Hall, corner of Camp and Natchez streets. Members will please attend punctually, as business of importance will be transacted.

jel8 J. G. POINDEXTER, Pres't pro tem.

☞ Medical Testimony cannot be controverted—One of the most startling cases is narrated of Dr. M'LANE'S VERMIFUGE by John Butler, of Lowell, Trumbull county, Ohio. The case was that of a young lady who had been very sick for eight years, and had consulted a number of physicians, who had treated it as one of Prolapsus Uteri. Dr. Butler was then called in, and for a time believed with his predecessors that it was a case of Prolapsus. He was, however, soon forced to the conclusion that his patient was suffering from worms, and after much persuasion prevailed upon her to take two doses of Dr. M'LANE'S VERMIFUGE, prepared by Fleming Bros. of Pittsburg. This medicine has the effect of removing from her a countless number of the largest size. After she passed them, her health immediately returned. She is since married and continues to enjoy excellent health.

Purchasers will be careful to ask for Dr. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburg, Pa. All other Vermifuges in comparison are worthless. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Vermifuge, also his celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable drug stores. None genuine without the signature of FLEMING BROS. Sold by SCOVIL & MEAD, 111 and 113 Chartres street, New Orleans, Wholesale Agents for the South.

jy18 2p&W

☞ A word to the Ladies—In recommending to you to use HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS, it is but just to state that as a stimulant to the system, in imparting strength and vigor during certain periodical stages which are oftimes attended with much pain and trouble, we know of no preparation more highly adapted to all afflictions consequent upon this cause; and for a mother nursing a babe the Bitters cannot be dispensed with, especially where the mother's nourishment is inadequate to the demands of the child; consequently her strength must yield, and here it is where a good tonic, such as Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, is needed to impart temporary strength and vigor to the whole system. Ladies should by all means try this remedy, and before so doing, ask your physician, who, if he is acquainted with the virtues of the Bitters, will recommend their use in all cases.

Sold in New Orleans, wholesale and retail, by J. WRIGHT & CO., 21 and 151 Chartres street, sole agents for the Southern States, and to whom all orders should be addressed, and by druggists and dealers generally everywhere. jy18 2p&eW

☞ The Great English Remedy—Sir James CLARKE'S CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS!—Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

This well known medicine is no imposition but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever; and, although a powerful remedy, they contain nothing hurtful to the constitution.

To Married Ladies it is peculiarly suited. It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.

These Pills have never been known to fail, where the directions on the second page of the pamphlet are well observed.

For full particulars get a pamphlet, free, of the agent.

N. B.—$1 and 6 postage stamps, enclosed to any authorized agent, will insure a bottle, containing over fifty pills, by return of mail.

General Agent for the United States JOB MOSES, Rochester N. Y. J. WRIGHT & CO., New Orleans, Wholesale Agents, and sold by all respectable Druggists. fe8 2ply&W

☞ Unless the secret is revealed by the parties themselves no one ever suspects that the hair darkened by CRISTADORO'S EXCELSIOR DYE owes its magnificent hue to human agency. Nature alone gets the credit. None suspect the contrivance. It is too perfect. Lustre as well as color is bestowed by this invigorating dye. There is no trouble in applying it. Ten minutes once in several weeks is all the time consumed. Who would not abolish such a nuisance as red, grey or sandy hair, on such easy terms?

Sold everywhere, and applied by all Hair Dressers.

jy19 2p1m&W CRISTADORO, No. 6 Astor House, N. Y.

American Ticket.

For Assistant Alderman—First Ward.
STEPHEN A. KINGSLAND.

Election to take place on WEDNESDAY, 20th inst.
jy19 2p2t

Fine Black and Green Teas,

IN METALLIC PACKAGES, and
IN SMALL AND LARGE BOXES,
At the Lowest Importation Prices.
—Can be had at—
DOHAN'S SOUTHERN TEA WAREHOUSE,
No. 102 Poydras street,
jy18 2p4 Between Camp and St. Charles.

Merchants and Parents

Who wish to have their clerks or sons acquire a practical knowledge of
BOOK-KEEPING, PENMANSHIP,
MATHEMATICS,
FRENCH, SPANISH,
GERMAN, ENGLISH, etc.,
DURING THE SUMMER MONTHS,
—Can do so at—
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Day and Evening. There are Professors and Departments for each branch. jy20 2p3t*

Leighton Still in the Field!

I beg leave to inform my friends and the public generally that I have assumed the entire control of the business of the late firm of LEIGHTON & BARBOT.

My long experience in the CLOTHING,
Shirt and Furnishing Department,
will enable me to guarantee to all my patrons A GOOD FIT and the worth of their money.

On hand constantly
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHING,
—And—
LEIGHTON'S FIRST PREMIUM SHIRTS.

N. B.—Mr. J. B. THOMPSON, of the late firm of Thompson and Nixon, will still have charge of the CLOTHING DEPARTMENT in New York, where he will warrant a good fit and good goods to all who may wish to give an order.

Orders taken as usual at the
Premium Shirt Depot of
CHARLES LEIGHTON,
Corner St. Charles and Canal sts.
Manufactory, 106 Grand and 411 Broadway, N. Y.
jy19 2p1f

Important to the Ladies.

CHOICE DRY GOODS
—And—
MILLINERY
—AT—
PRIVATE SALE.

Having re-marked my entire stock to about ONE-HALF the usual prices, in order to make room for my early FALL IMPORTATIONS, a rare opportunity is now offered to those in want of ELEGANT GOODS,

AT HALF PRICE.

The stock is very complete, comprising some of the most ELEGANT AND EXCLUSIVE STYLES ever imported in—
SILKS, GRENADINES,
SILK MUSLINS, ORGANDIES,
ENGLISH and FRENCH BAREGES,
FINE THREAD LACES,
FINE FRENCH EMBROIDERIES,
REAL LACE SHAWLS,
CAMBRAI LACE MANTILLAS and POINTS,
FRENCH MILLINERY,
RIBBONS, etc., etc., etc.,
All of which will be sold at PRIVATE SALE, and at
AN IMMENSE REDUCTION!

Just opened, a large invoice, of celebrated makes, in
BLACK OIL BOILED SILKS,
FROM 24 TO 50 INCHES WIDE
JOHN TODD,
jy18 2p3t 12 and 14 Chartres street.

Dress Trimmings.

Just received, a beautiful assortment of Colored and White Cotton
DRESS TRIMMINGS.
—Also—
A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT
—OF—
GENTLEMEN'S WALKING STICKS.
LION & PINSARD,
54 and 56 Royal street,
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Just Received

BY STEAMER EMPIRE CITY,
A new lot of
FINE NAVY BLUE FLANNEL SUITS,
Now so much in vogue.
—Also—
FINE FRENCH FLANNEL TRAVELING SHIRTS,
Rolled also for FISHING PURPOSES.

SUMMER CLOTHING
—AND—
FURNISHING GOODS
—AT—
GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!
At the old and well-known stand of
CHARLES LEIGHTON,
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There is no such word as Fail.

Fluid Extract of Buchu, HELMBOLD'S PREPARATION for the cure of Diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, Dropsy and all Weaknesses.

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21 and 151 Chartres street,
jy18 2p3teod&1W General Agents.

The Idea of the Living Body

Being the receptacle of greedy worms is sickening; and yet six out of every ten children are more or less afflicted with them. Why should this be the case when there are volumes of testimony to prove that a few doses of
Winer's Canadian Vermifuge
will eradicate the disease. Parents, make a note of this established fact, and remember that the medicine is free from all deleterious substances.

For sale in New Orleans, wholesale and retail, by
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Well Said.

To those suffering from corns, or tender feet, nothing is more to be dreaded than the HOT FLAGS over which business people have to travel in the city. Would you like to know how you can avoid this and yet walk the town over? We can tell you. Buy a box of
Dalley's Magical Pain Extractor,
and rub the tender places of your feet with this celebrated pain killer, and you may walk all day with perfect ease and comfort.

Thus it is "Can't-get-a-ways"
Will travel with ease.

The MAGICAL PAIN EXTRACTOR is for sale in New Orleans, wholesale and retail, by
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Nos. 21 and 151 Chartres street,
Sole agents for the Southern States, and to whom all orders should be addressed. jy18 2p3teod&W

Board Wanted.

A gentleman who is about to leave the city wishes to engage Board for himself and wife for the next season. Will require a handsome Parlor and Bedroom, from the first of October next, to retain the same during the entire season—say until the 1st of July, 1860. For the right location from $150 to $200 a Month will be paid.

Please address MERCHANT, and leave at the Crescent office, stating location of house, terms, etc. jy18 2p3t

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MANUFACTURERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
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Have now on hand a choice and desirable stock of the above goods, to which they solicit the inspection of first class purchasers, by case or otherwise.

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DENTIST,
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MERCHANT TAILOR,
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jy13 2p1f

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100 dozen ALL LINEN, PATENT YOKE.
500 .. MUSLIN, LINEN BOSOM