New Orleans Daily Crescent.

[illegible] WILLIAM H. ADAMS.

BY NIXON & ADAMS.

OFFICE, NO. 19 CAMP STREET.

TERMS:

[illegible] THE DAILY CRESCENT [illegible] Advertisements inserted [illegible]

THE WEEKLY CRESCENT [illegible] circulation throughout Louisiana, Mississippi, Arkansas, Texas, and other [illegible] Advertisements inserted [illegible]

THURSDAY MORNING, JULY 28, 1859.

[illegible] Our Mails are unclosed at the pleasure of the [illegible]

[illegible] Cotton.—Two bales of new cotton, the first [illegible] received in this city during the season, were brought from Texas by the steamship [illegible] last evening.

A Regiment for Mexico.—A battalion for Mexico is now forming in Harrisburg, Pa. It is proposed to raise six of these companies, and the proposition seems to meet with considerable favor, many young men signifying a willingness to unite in the enterprise. The plans connected with it are old and approved military ones.

[illegible] proceedings of Board of Assistant Assessors on this seventh page.

A Monster Eel.—The Halifax (N. S.) Journal says that a shark measuring thirty feet in length was caught in the nets of a fisherman near [illegible] days since, and was killed with a [illegible] of the monster filled two puncheons.

A Runaway Married Woman.—The wife of a broker, of Cincinnati, Ohio, having cause to suspect the fidelity of her husband, and knowing the residence of the [illegible] he was paying his attentions, repaired there the other day, and exclaiming, "You have disgraced my bed!" unceremoniously assaulted the [illegible] with a knife, inflicting several severe wounds. The husband ran out and got the infuriated woman [illegible]

[illegible] of Aldermen to-morrow.—See [illegible]

A Young Woman Shot.—On the evening of the 21st inst. [illegible] young woman and the mother of [illegible] was shot on a common in Baltimore by an unknown. She was at the time in company with her betrothed paramour, a man named Reefer, [illegible] by appointment. The ball entered [illegible] of her back, causing a probably mortal injury. Reefer was arrested, but nothing satisfactory was elicited.

Drowned.—Miss Mary Deloe, daughter of Capt. [illegible] of New York, was drowned on the 21st inst. [illegible] Coney Island. A young lady who was [illegible] with her was swept away by the tide at the same time, but was rescued.

[illegible] morning.—See [illegible]

A Steamer Lost in the Red Sea.—The Bombay Gazette of June 4th says: Aden, which left Aden June 11, with nine hundred and twenty people on board, was wrecked at three o'clock the following morning on a dangerous reef in the Red Sea. All the passengers escaped to land, it was not ascertained whether intentionally, for the reef was covered, for some distance from the landing-place, with coral and sharp shells that cut the feet at every step. It was found each agony that some ladies attempted to crawl upon their knees, and were frequently compelled, when the feet happened to be pierced, to take a shorter and longer than usual, [illegible] on their hands, the result being that the hands and feet of nearly all were cut and bleeding before the comparatively smooth and high part of the reef was reached.

On reaching land, several of the officers sailed in a small boat to Mocha, on the Arabian coast, thirty-five miles distant, where the British war steamer [illegible] to another. She immediately hastened to the relief of the wrecked passengers, and took them from the reef, after they had been there over three days. The crew, chiefly Lascars, had deserted the vessel on the first appearance of danger, and the escape of all the passengers was very remarkable.

Mr. Buchanan and Mr. Choate.—The following letter to Mr. Clark, of Boston, from the President, expressing his sentiments in reference to the character of Mr. Choate, and the great loss which the country and personal friends of deceased suffered in his death, was written on the day of the President's departure for Bedford Springs:

WASHINGTON, 13th July, 1859.

My Dear Sir: I deeply regret the death of Mr. Choate. I consider his loss at the present time to be a great public misfortune. He was an unselfish patriot; devoted to the Constitution and the Union; and the moral influence of his precepts and his example would have contributed much to restore the kindly feeling and harmony among the different members of our confederacy.

In him the "elements were so combined" that all who knew him became his devoted friends. So far as I know, even party malevolence spared him. He was pure and incorruptible; and in all our intercourse with him I never knew him to utter or insinuate a sentiment respecting public affairs, which was not of a high tone and elevated character.

Yours, very respectfully,

JAMES BUCHANAN.

MR. JOHN CLARK.

[illegible] morrow morning.—See [illegible]

A Female Lost in the Red Sea.—The Bombay Gazette of June 4 says: Aden, which left Aden June 11, with nine hundred and twenty people on board, was wrecked at three o'clock the following morning on a dangerous reef in the Red Sea. All the passengers escaped to land, it was not ascertained whether intentionally, for the reef was covered, for some distance from the landing-place, with coral and sharp shells that cut the feet at every step. It was found each agony that some ladies attempted to crawl upon their knees, and were frequently compelled, when the feet happened to be pierced, to take a shorter and longer than usual, [illegible] on their hands, the result being that the hands and feet of nearly all were cut and bleeding before the comparatively smooth and high part of the reef was reached.

On reaching land, several of the officers sailed in a small boat to Mocha, on the Arabian coast, thirty-five miles distant, where the British war steamer [illegible] to another. She immediately hastened to the relief of the wrecked passengers, and took them from the reef, after they had been there over three days. The crew, chiefly Lascars, had deserted the vessel on the first appearance of danger, and the escape of all the passengers was very remarkable.

Mr. Buchanan and Mr. Choate.—The following letter to Mr. Clark, of Boston, from the President, expressing his sentiments in reference to the character of Mr. Choate, and the great loss which the country and personal friends of deceased suffered in his death, was written on the day of the President's departure for Bedford Springs:

WASHINGTON, 13th July, 1859.

My Dear Sir: I deeply regret the death of Mr. Choate. I consider his loss at the present time to be a great public misfortune. He was an unselfish patriot; devoted to the Constitution and the Union; and the moral influence of his precepts and his example would have contributed much to restore the kindly feeling and harmony among the different members of our confederacy.

In him the "elements were so combined" that all who knew him became his devoted friends. So far as I know, even party malevolence spared him. He was pure and incorruptible; and in all our intercourse with him I never knew him to utter or insinuate a sentiment respecting public affairs, which was not of a high tone and elevated character.

Yours, very respectfully,

JAMES BUCHANAN.

MR. JOHN CLARK.

Third Ward American Club.—The regular meetings of this Club take place at No. 82 Camp street, near Natchez, every SUNDAY EVENING at 4 o'clock. jy28

For Congress—We are authorized to announce the name of Mr. J. E. BOULIGNY as a candidate for Congress from the First Representative District, subject to the nomination of the American party. jy27,tf

Look out for Imitations of Lea & Perrins' Worcestershire Sauce. See advertisement of John Dun & Sons. su16 2plawly

Spring Beds—$5 to $6 50 for the best Spring Bed in existence, (Howe's Patent) No. 375 Broadway, New York. Examine it, or address the ELLIPTIC BED SPRING COMPANY, for their descriptive circular. Special inducements to the trade and local agencies. jy25 2pAWly

The Great English Remedy—Sir James Clarke's Celebrated Female Pills!—Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

This well known medicine is no imposition but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever; and, although a powerful remedy, they contain nothing hurtful to the constitution.

To Married Ladies it is peculiarly suited. It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.

These Pills have never been known to fail, where the directions on the second page of the pamphlet are well observed.

For full particulars get a pamphlet, free, of the agent.

N. B.—$1 and 6 postage stamps, enclosed to any authorized agent, will insure a bottle, containing over fifty pills, by return of mail.

General Agent for the United States JOH MOSES, Rochester N.Y. J. WRIGHT & CO., New Orleans, Wholesale Agents, and sold by all respectable Druggists. (e8 2plyaW

Unless the secret is revealed by the parties themselves, no one ever suspects that the hair darkened by CRISTADORO'S EXCELSIOR DYE owes its magnificent hue to human agency. Nature alone gets the credit. None suspect the contrivance. It is too perfect. Lustre as well as color is bestowed by this invigorating dye. There is no trouble in applying it. Ten minutes once in several weeks is all the time consumed. Who would not abolish such a nuisance as red, grey or sandy hair, on such easy terms?

Sold everywhere, and supplied by all Hair Dressers.

jy10 2plm&W CRISTADORO, No. 6 Astor House, N. Y.

World Famous to a certainty is Dr. J. HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS, for the cure of Dyspepsia, Flatulence, Constipation, and all the train of diseases which arise from a morbid condition of those functions on the stomach, upon the proper action of which the health so much depends. Those who desire to be prepared not only for Dyspepsia but for one half the ills that flesh is heir to, should provide themselves with that most excellent compound known as Dr. J. Hostetter's Celebrated Stomach Bitters. These Bitters are pleasant to the taste, sure of operation, and composed entirely of vegetable substances prepared with the greatest care. If you want to be entirely refreshed both physically and mentally go and procure this valuable tonic.

Sold in New Orleans, wholesale and retail, by J. WRIGHT & CO., 21 and 151 Chartres street, sole agents for the Southern States, and to whom all orders should be addressed, and by druggists and dealers generally everywhere. jy25 2p&aW

Worth Reading and Thinking about—BININGER'S OLD LONDON DOCK GIN—Designed for the use of the Medical Profession and the Family, having superseded the so-called "Gins," "Aromatic," "Cordial," "Medicated," etc, is now endorsed by all the prominent physicians, chemists and connoisseurs as possessing all those intrinsic medicinal qualities (Tonic and Diuretic) which belong to an OLD and PURE GIN. Put up in Quart Bottles, and sold by all Druggists, Grocers, etc.

A. M. BININGER & CO.,
(Established 1775)—Sole Importers,
No. 338 Broadway, N. Y.

Worms! Worms! Worms!—A great many learned treatises have been written explaining the origin of, and classifying the worms generated in the human system. Scarcely any topic of medical science has elicited more acute observation and profound research; and yet physicians are very much divided in opinion on the subject. It must be admitted, however, that, after all, a mode of expelling them and purifying the body from their presence is of more value than the wisest disquisitions as to their origin.

Such an expelling agent has at last been found. Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge proves to be the much sought after specific—its efficacy being universally acknowledged by the entire medical faculty. As further proof, read the following from a lady—one of our own citizens:

NEW YORK, October 15, 1852.

This is to certify that I was troubled with worms for more than a year. I was advised to use M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge, prepared by Fleming Bros. of Pittsburg. I took one bottle, which brought away about fifty worms. I commenced improving at once and am now perfectly well. This public can learn my name and further particulars by applying to Mrs. Hardie, No 3 Manhatten Place, or to E. L. Theall, Druggist, corner of Rutger and Monroe streets.

Purchasers will be careful to ask for Dr. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburg, Pa. All other Vermifuges in comparison are worthless. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Vermifuge, also his celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable drug stores. None genuine without the signature of FLEMING BROS. Sold by SCOVIL & MEAD, 111 and 113 Chartres street, New Orleans, Wholesale Agents for the South.

jy25 2p6&W

Bloomfield & Steel,

BLANKBOOK MANUFACTURERS,

PRINTERS AND BOOK-BINDERS,

LITHOGRAPHERS AND ENGRAVERS,

—AND—

GENERAL STATIONERS.

STEAMBOAT

BOOKS

—And—

STATIONERY.

PRICES AND STYLE

We Defy Competition!!

BLOOMFIELD & STEEL,

jy28 2p4t 53 Camp street.

Fine Black and Green Teas,

IN METALLIC PACKAGES, and

IN SMALL AND LARGE BOXES,

At the Lowest Importation Prices.

DOHAN'S SOUTHERN TEA WAREHOUSE,

No. 102 Poydras street,

jy26 2p3t Between Camp and St. Charles.

Dress Trimmings.

Just received, a beautiful assortment of Colored and White Cotton

DRESS TRIMMINGS.

—Also—

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT

—OF—

GENTLEMEN'S WALKING STICKS.

LION & PINSARD,

54 and 56 Royal street,

Corner Bienville st.

GEO. W. EXAD, JOHN H. PERKINS } {JEHIAL READ, WM. K. READ.

Geo. W. & Jehial Read,

50 WARREN AND 120 CHAMBERS STREET,

New York.

MANUFACTURERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

HATS, CAPS, BONNETS, FLOWERS, etc.,

Have now on hand a choice and desirable stock of the above goods, to which they solicit the inspection of first class purchasers, by one or otherwise.

CATALOGUES NOW READY,

and sent by mail on application. jy14 2plm

Leighton Still in the Field!

I beg leave to inform my friends and the public generally that I have assumed the entire control of the business of the late firm of LEIGHTON & BARBOT.

My long experience in the CLOTHING,

Shirt and Furnishing Department,

will enable me to guarantee to all my patrons A GOOD FIT and the worth of their money.

On hand constantly

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHING,

—And—

LEIGHTON'S FIRST PREMIUM SHIRTS.

N. B.—Mr. J. B. THOMPSON, of the late firm of Thompson and Nixon, will still have charge of the CLOTHING DEPARTMENT in New York, where he will warrant a good fit and good goods to all who may wish to give an order.

Orders taken as usual at the

Premium Shirt Depot of

CHARLES LEIGHTON,

Corner St. Charles and Canal sts.

Manufactory, 126 Grand and 411 Broadway, N. Y.

jy19 2p4f

Dr. George W. Smith,

DENTIST,

Having resumed his practice, will attend to professional engagements at his office, No. 177 CANAL STREET, nearly opposite Christ Church. jy4 2p1f

Just Received

BY STEAMER EMPIRE CITY,

A new lot of

FINE NAVY BLUE FLANNEL SUITS,

Now so much in vogue.

—Also—

FINE FRENCH FLANNEL TRAVELING SHIRTS,

Suited also for FISHING PURPOSES.

SUMMER CLOTHING

—AND—

FURNISHING GOODS

—AT—

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!

At the old and well-known stand of

CHARLES LEIGHTON,

jy18 2p4f Corner St. Charles and Canal streets.

Prince Imperial Champagne,

—FROM—

DE VENOGE & CO., Epernay, France.

This Wine has hitherto been confined to the best tables of the continent of Europe and has only very recently been introduced by Messrs. De Venoge & Co. into this market, where its RARE QUALITY, combined with the moderate price at which it is offered, has already achieved a success and popularity unprecedented in the annals of the Wine trade.

E. V. HAUGHWOUT,

Sole Importer,

No. 488, 490 and 492 Broadway,

jy23 2plm New York.

Bruff Brother & Seaver,

44.....WARREN STREET.....44

NEW YORK.

—Inventors of the—

CELEBRATED OVAL EYE COTTON HOES,

IMPROVED PATTERN CANE KNIVES.

—SOLE AGENTS FOR—

R. P. BRUFF'S AXES.

The Jobbing trade supplied by the package.

A heavy stock of HARDWARE, CUTLERY, GUNS, etc., constantly on hand. jy21 2ply

W. A. Wilson,

—DEALER IN—

FINE WATCHES, JEWELRY,

SILVERWARE, CUTLERY,

GUNS, FANCY GOODS,

etc., etc., etc.,

jy3 1ptf No. 88 Canal street.

Cigars! Cigars!

Purchasers will always find in store an assortment of the well-known brands—Impromidad, Flor de Pujadas, Meridiana, Florde Pancho, Redowa, Cabarga, Partagas, Know-Something, Washington, Dos Hermanas, Mano Habano, etc., etc., at the lowest prices.

P. PRATS & CO.,

o26 2p1f 29 Commercial Place.

Fassman's Iron Tie.

A NEW CERTIFICATE!

SHIP REFUGE,
New Orleans, July 7, 1859.

H. Fassman, Esq., Orleans Cotton Press:

Sir—In January last I received from your Press 1069 bales cotton, of which about 1000 were compressed and bound with your new IRON TIE.

I can safely affirm, that the cotton so bound was received in better order than it generally comes from the Presses; that it stowed better, and enabled the ship to carry more than on any previous voyage.

The cotton, when discharged from the ship in Liverpool, was in better order than the rope bound cotton. It is highly preferable for a ground tier, as the damp arising from the bales has no effect upon it, for it is well known by practical men that dampness will rot the rope bound.

I can confidently recommend your Iron Tie, as I took this lot for an experiment, and carefully watched it both in loading and discharging.

I am, sir,

Yours Respectfully,

JOHN HOWARD,

jy9 2plm Master.

Prof. Packer's

MAGIC SOAP

NEEDS BUT A TRIAL

—TO PROVE—

ITS EXCELLENCE.

This preparation possesses the following advantages over any other cheap soap ever offered in this market:

It removes grease or dirt from fine fabrics, without leaving smell or stain; flannels or woollens washed with it do not shrink. It removes grease stains and dirt from paints, marble and furniture, without injury to the article cleaned, saving much labor and

IS A SUPERIOR ARTICLE FOR THE TOILET.

Manufactured and for sale by

J. H. ASHBEY,

153 Old Levee, corner of Jefferson.

—Also for sale by—

H. W. Reed, No. 27 Delord street, New Basin;
H. H. Hedden, N. E. corner of Common and Carondelet;
G. H. Noble, No. 9 New Basin;
J. A. Somers, Apothecary, Tivoli Place;
James W. Fox & Co., No. 22 Camp street;
P. T. Phillips, corner Jackson and Nyades streets;
F. B. Von Herten, east corner Jackson and Rousseau sts;
I. S. Meekins & Bro., 7 and 8 Marigny Buildings, Third Dist.;
Crowell & Hallett, Nos. 16 and 17 Front Levee, First Dist.;
W. C. Raymond, No. 71 Camp street. jy2 2plm

Belden & Eames,

FREDERICK BELDEN.....D. W. EAMES,

(Successors to S. E. Grumman & Co.)

No. 36 MAGAZINE ST.,

CORNER GRAVIER, NEW ORLEANS,

IMPORTERS, MANUFACTURERS,

—Wholesale and Retail Dealers in—

SOFT FUR, SILK, AND WOOL HATS,

MISSES' BLOOMERS,

LADIES' BONNETS AND STRAW GOODS,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Caps, Umbrellas, etc., etc.

Manufactory, No. 69 Broadway, N. Y. jy21 2p6.0m

E. A. Tyler,

110 CANAL ST.....NEW ORLEAN

—Dealer in—

FINE WATCHES, CLOCKS,

JEWELRY,

SILVER AND PLATED WARE.

—Manufacturer to Order—

Silverware and Jewelry,

DIAMONDS BRIGHT, WATCHES, CLOCKS and JEWELRY REPAIRED. jy6 2p1f

Roofing Material.

Agency for the sale of McCULLOUGH & Co.'s celebrated

PATENT CHARCOAL GALVANIZED IRON,

AMERICAN TIN, and

Galvanic Protected Iron.

The Galvanic Protected Iron is a new article, made from Charcoal Iron, and coated with a composition which renders it not only entirely rust-proof, and well adapted to this climate, but the most durable and cheapest article ever invented for roofing purposes.

BEATON & OLIVIER,

my23 2p3m Sole Agents, 42 Common street.

Public Notice

Is hereby given that we have a ten years lease of the new Iron Building, now known as the "Story Building," at the south east corner of Camp and Common streets, and intend to occupy the lower, or ground floor ourselves. The second, third, and fourth stories are to let. Apply to Alfred Munroe & Co., No. 24 Magazine street.

ALFRED MUNROE,

jy7 2ptf WM. D. ABBATT.

Wines, Liquors, etc.,

NOS. 13 AND 15 ROYAL STREET

A supply of CREME DE SOUZY CHAMPAGNE, in quart and pints, continually on hand, which is equal to the best that come to this market. Also, other brands of inferior quality, TOPAZ SHERRY, CABINET SHERRY, SIERRA SHERRY, GOLDEN SHERRY, DUFF CORDON SHERRY, AMOHOR SHERRY, SPARKLING and STILL HOCK, Old and Fine PORT WINE, MADEIRA and SHERRY WINES. BRANDIES—Sazerne, of the vintage of 1795, 1798 and 1802, and other brands. WHISKY, of all descriptions—Scotch, Irish, Rye and Bourbon. ALE and PORTER, in pints and quarts. Also on hand, my usual assortment of the best

Wines and Liquors

in the market, which will be sold on as reasonable terms as any other house in the city.

SEWELL T. TAYLOR,

d7 2p1y Nos. 13 and 15 Royal street.

Rutland & Davis,

FORWARDING & COMMISSION MERCHANTS

—And—

Agents of the Independent Boats,

m4 2p1f MOBILE, ALA.

Improved and Brilliant Scheme!

TO BE DRAWN BY

WOOD, EDDY & CO.,

—Successors to—

Samuel Swan & Co., and Gregory, Henry & Co.,

And now Managers of the

GEORGIA, DELAWARE, MISSOURI AND KENTUCKY

STATE LOTTERIES!

SPARTA ACADEMY LOTTERY.

Capital Prize, $30,000—Tickets only $20

NEW AND SPLENDID SCHEME.

The following Scheme will be drawn by WOOD, EDDY & CO., (successors to Samuel Swan & Co., of Georgia, and Gregory & Henry, of Delaware,) Managers of the Sparta Academy Lottery, of Georgia, in each of their Single Number Lotteries for AUGUST, 1859, at AUGUSTA, Ga., in public, as follows:

Class 31 Drawn Saturday, July 30, 1859.
Class 33 Drawn Saturday, August 6, 1859.
Class 35 Drawn Saturday, August 13, 1859.
Class 34 Drawn Saturday, August 20, 1859.
Class 35 Drawn Saturday, August 27, 1859.

5,485 PRIZES!!

NEARLY ONE PRIZE TO EVERY FIVE TICKETS.

The following Superb Scheme will be drawn EACH SATURDAY IN JULY!

1 prize of	$30,000	is	$30,000
1 "	20,000	is	20,000
1 "	10,000	is	10,000
1 "	9,000	is	9,000
1 "	8,000	is	8,000
1 "	7,000	is	7,000
1 "	6,000	is	6,000
1 "	5,000	is	5,000
1 "	4,000	is	4,000
1 "	3,000	is	3,000
1 "	1,800	is	1,800
80 "	800	are	20,000
100 "	600	are	60,000
100 "	500	are	50,000
100 "	250	are	25,000
100 "	200	are	20,000

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

4 prizes of $400 approximating to	$30,000 prize are		2,000
4 prizes of 300 approximating to	30,000 prize are		1,200
4 prizes of 250 approximating to	10,000 prize are		1000
4 prizes of 225 approximating to	9,000 prize are		900
4 prizes of 200 approximating to	8,000 prize are		800
4 prizes of 150 approximating to	6,000 prize are		600
4 prizes of 100 approximating to	4,000 prize are		400
5,000 prizes of 20 are			100,000
5,485 prizes amounting to			$200,000

Whole Tickets, $10; Halves, $5; Quarters, $2 50.

Circular showing the Plan for the Lottery will be sent to any one desirous of receiving it.

6,000 Prizes of $20 will be determined by the last figure of the number that draws the $20,000 prize. For example: If the number drawing the $50,000 prize ends with No. 1, then all the tickets where the number ends in 1 will be entitled to $20. If the number ends with No. 2, then all the tickets where the number ends in 2 will be entitled to $20, and so on to 0.

Certificate of Package of 10 Whole Tickets.....$100
" " 10 Half " 50
" " 10 Quarter " 25
" " 10 Eighth " 10

IN ORDERING TICKETS OR CERTIFICATES

Enclose the money to our address for the Tickets ordered, on receipt of which they will be forwarded by first mail.

Purchasers can have tickets ending in any figure they may designate.

The list of drawn Numbers and Prizes will be sent to purchasers immediately after the drawing.

Purchasers will please write their signatures plain and give their Post-Office, County and State.

Remember that every Prize is drawn and payable in full, without deduction.

All communications strictly confidential.

Address orders for Tickets or Certificates to

WOOD, EDDY & CO.,

Box 368, Post-Office, New Orleans, La., or

WOOD, EDDY & CO.,

je28 2p&W Augusta, Georgia.

Boots, Shoes and Brogans,

AT WHOLESALE.

Plantations supplied with prime Ditching BOOTS, Russet BROGANS, Wool, Mexican, Palm Leaf, Straw and Cassimere HATS, at the lowest market prices, by

FROST & CO.,

No. 10 Magazine street, New Orleans.

HATS, CAPS, etc.,

AT WHOLESALE.

We are constantly receiving a general assortment of Silk and Fur, Cassimere, Panama, Leghorn, Straw, Palm Leaf, Sombrero and Wool HATS, at the lowest market prices, by

FROST & CO.,

jy13 2p&W 10 Magazine street.

Moreau's Restaurant,

127 CANAL STREET.

During the past season this well-known establishment has been refitted and put in complete order and such arrangements made as to guarantee to our patrons, at all times, all the delicacies the markets afford.

The public may rest assured that nothing will be left undone on our part to maintain the reputation that "MOREAU'S" has hitherto sustained—that of being one of the best Restaurants in the United States.

RHODES & MOULIN,

Proprietors "Moreau's,"

n17 2ptf No. 127 Canal street.

To the Trade.

HENRY T. BRIGGS,

JEWELER,

At the Store occupied by Joseph Hafey,

No. 80 CANAL STREET, N. O.

Respectfully calls the attention of the City and Country trade to the fact that he has just opened, and will continue to receive, fresh lots of

FINE JEWELRY,

Consisting in part of LOCKETS, CHAINS, CAMEO SETS, ETRUSCAN SETS, EAR RINGS, FINGER RINGS, Watch Keys, Trinkets, etc., which he will take pleasure in showing.

H. T. BRIGGS,

fe25 2ptf 80 Canal street.

Cabinet Makers'

—AND—

UPHOLSTERS' MATERIALS

Of Every Description.

Gilt Cornices, Hair Cloth, Shades, Curled Hair, Enameled Cloth, Curtain Goods, Cords and Tassels, Varnish, Glues and Fringes, Springs, Buttons and Twine, Glue, Picked and Common Moss, Camphene and Alcohol, Rooting Fluid, Polish and Oils, Wall Paper, etc., at the LOWEST CASH PRICES, by

HEATH & CO.,

n21 2ply No. 75 Camp street.

Wall Paper! Wall Paper!

BAUMBACH & EVERS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN French and American Paper Hangings,

BORDERS, CORNERS, OAKS AND MARBLES, in every variety,

83 CHARTRES STREET.

Particular attention paid to all work in their line. m28 2ply

Lea & Perrins'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE

Pronounced by Connoisseurs

—To be—

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

AND APPLICABLE TO EVERY VARIETY OF DISH.

Extract of a letter from a Medical gentleman at Madras, to his brother at Worcester, under date of May, 1858:

"Tell LEA & PERRINS that their SAUCE is highly esteemed in India, and is, in my opinion, the most palatable as well as the most wholesome Sauce that is made."

Extensive Frauds

The only Medal awarded by the Jury of the New York Exhibition of Foreign Sauces, was obtained by LEA & PERRINS for their WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE. The world-wide fame of which has led to numerous FORGERIES, purchasers are requested to see that the names of LEA & PERRINS are upon the WRAPPER, LABEL, STOPPER and BOTTLE.

LEA & PERRINS will proceed against any one infringing, either by manufacturing or vending spurious Sauces, and have instructed their correspondents in various parts of the world to advise them of any infringements. Sole Wholesale Agents for the United States.

JOHN DUNCAN & SONS,

416 Broadway, New York.

A stock always in store. Also, orders received for direct shipment from England. su16 2ply

French Shirts.

Just received, a fresh invoice of—

WHITE LINEN SHIRTS,

WHITE COTTON SHIRTS,

COLORED COTTON SHIRTS.

Also, a beautiful assortment of

GENTLEMEN'S NECK TIES.

LION & PINSARD,

54 and 56 Royal street,

jy4 2p corner of Bienville.

The Eastern Clarion,

PAULDING, MISS.,

S. H. ADAMS.....EDITOR.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER, having the largest circulation of any Country Newspaper in the South, is very respectfully offered as an advertising medium to the Merchants of New Orleans.

Agents for New Orleans:

A. B. STRAWBRIDGE & CO.,

o18 2ptf No. 12½ Commercial Place.

James B. Thompson,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

No. 411 BROADWAY, (near Canal street,) NEW YORK

jy13 2p1f

SLAVERY AGITATION.

There is a very queer fashion now in vogue, and followed by quite a large and respectable class of Southern men generally, and Southern journalists—true Southern men. It is the fashion these excellent persons have of deprecating the agitation of slavery issues, and of proscribing the discussion of these vital questions as being mischievous and injurious policy; and we think it may not be amiss to consider what soundness there is in these objections to the keeping of sectional issues actively alive, of never permitting them to remain quiet for a moment—as has been the course which we have pursued in the management of these columns. It is alleged by this school of self-styled conservatives that this agitation does no good whatever, and only tends to stimulate sectional feeling. This we hold to be favoring argument, and if it only does this it does good, for earnest sectional feeling should be the paramount sentiment in every Southerner's breast; it is nothing less than patriotism, and it is the feeling which keeps the Southerner ever watchful of and quick to repel the attempts at infringement of his rights; it is, *per se*, that "eternal vigilance" which is the price of our privileges and our sovereignty.

The cause is just and all that is said in confuting the attacks of its enemies can but set it in a more convincingly clear light before the world. "Line upon line, precept upon precept," are not wasted in its vindication more than they are in preaching the doctrines of religion and morality, and those whose ears are offended by the repetition should go where they will be beyond hearing. If the same untiring zeal had been shown fifty years ago in manfully upholding our "peculiar institution" and vigorously repelling even the lightest instruction, as is now by the majority of Southerners, it would not have been in the uncertain circumstances under which it now exists, for the generations of twenty or thirty years ago would have been imbued with the spirit inculcated on the youth of this day, and they would have checked in the outset, and when it was comparatively easy to do it, the beadway of the great abolition crusade that now looms up in so portentous proportion upon our Northern borders, which it is now openly assailing, having paved the way for securing its first foothold on slave territory by the long sustained and insidious attacks which were scarcely suspected or appreciated until their object was attained. Is it time to deprecate slavery agitation and to doubt its wisdom when the sovereignty of the South is imperilled by the aggressions of the North? Will these attacks cease if we cease to defend ourselves against them, for if they will not then it is wise to keep, as we argue that we should, ever on the *qui vive* to protect ourselves; the sentinels of the press should keep awake and constantly proclaim, as the watchman of the night its hourly tidings, every new device, feint and invention of the enemy, that avowedly threatens our overthrow in this matter at controversy.

This much discussion sifts down the questions which arise to the form and consistency of the definite issues which enter into electoral contests, and upon which the South being united gives them national importance, and their advocacy a strength which is counted by the North, thus conferring upon us sufficient weight to maintain the balance of power between the two sections. It cannot be disputed that all political issues acquire their strength by popular agitation, and if the system of discussion be not kept up our sectional issues will not be developed to importance, and the South will cease to have distinctive platforms upon which her friends can rally to her support, and by which they will be enabled to mass their concentrated strength which union alone secures.

Then we would have the youth of the South, those who in a few years will fill our places in looking after the safety and prosperity of our rights and our country, grow up imbued with an earnestness of patriotic principle which would grow with their growth and strengthen with their strength, and in no way can this be so well assured as by constant and intelligible discussion of the questions which arise, and proper illustration of the fallacy or injustice of the positions assumed by our opponents. We well enough remember the times when the newspapers seldom used the words slavery or anti-slavery, when literature preaching anti-slavery was welcomed with blind generosity, and when, carried away by Northern influences which were the ruling spirit of the country, vast numbers in the South tacitly, and many openly, confessed slavery a necessary evil, and the North to be nothing less than the nation itself—the center of the universe, in fact. Under such circumstances it is no wonder that seeds took root which have grown and give us trouble now, and that many youth reared when such sentiments prevailed are but lukewarm friends of the South now.

TALK ON 'CHANGE.

Our talk for yesterday morning's issue met with a watery reception in the composing room on Tuesday night. Copy and manuscript could not resist the tide of Mississippi water which, at the time, was under full supply through the Water-works. We will endeavor to repeat our talk and bring up arrears.

The chief talk for two days past has been of the peace news, yet the advices received by the North Breton were variously construed. Yesterday the Europa was announced, with dates up to the 16th inst., quoting a large advance in cotton, which was received with great satisfaction by those interested in shipments now en route. The advance is a real god-send for tens of thousands of bales which were purchased by parties at hap-hazard, as it were, as it is useless for any operator now to exclaim that he knew the war would be only of sixty days' duration. We, however, want a further advance to cover present asking prices for the small quantity now on sale in our market. In our last talk the types committed an error in saying 7d was required in Liverpool to cover; the figures should be 7·71, as written. That is, middling cotton bought at 12 cents, with freight at ⅛d, and exchange at 109¾, must bring in warehouse in Liverpool 7·71d, or say 7½d—consequently we must have a further advance. The exchange, however, drawn against all shipments up to the 1st instant, can be deemed safe and certain to be paid.

We append our weekly statement of receipts:

Receipts of cotton at all the seaports to dates named:

At New Orleans, to 26th July, proper		1,033,959
At Mobile, to 22d July		485,000
At Savannah, to 21st July, Upland's	449,864	
Sea Island	16,848—	466,710
At Charleston, to 20th July, Upland's	41,579	
Sea Island	25,073—	66,652
At Texas Ports, to 23d July		154,361
At Florida Ports, to 9th July		16,342
At North Carolina Ports, to 9th July		34,668
At Virginia Ports, to 30th June		28,152
Rec'ved at Boston, New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore, by the Railroads up to the 1st July		3,671,532
		57,935
Total Bales received at Sea Ports		3,729,577
To be accounted for—		
Shipped up the River	53,130	
Stocks at the inland towns at last dates	55,200—	108,330
		3,837,907

It is hardly requisite that we should allude to corrections and additions, which will send the number of bales accounted *for*, or at light, to 3,855,000. There have been received at Cincinnati 48,659 bales, for the season. The shipments from that port, East up to the 20th inst., were 43,744 bales—mostly to Philadelphia.

The receipts via the railroads at New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore, for the month of June, were 4202 bales. There is some talk that the stock in Augusta, Ga., will be taken as so much received at the sea ports. Conceding that, would increase the total receipts at sea ports to 3,754,000 bales. However, placing the stock there in any position will not interfere with the grand total of bales at light, say 3,855,000.

In the meantime there is some talk of the excess in receipts. Some parties talk of 9000 bales, others 10,000, and some go as high as 15,000 bales, which are to be added at this port. It is hoped that the Europa's advices will be considered calmly, operations on the spur of an advancing market are not generally deemed safe. However, the stock of the staple is now so greatly reduced, that transactions attended with hazard are for the present obviated.

The shipping interest may be affected by the cessation of hostilities in Europe. The foreign freight market has greatly improved. The rates for cotton to Liverpool are ⅛d. This will enable some of our ship owners to realize a new dollar for an old one, and possibly leave a little over for a coat of paint, provided there are no return freights. Yet it is manifest that the great carrying trade across the Atlantic is being monopolized and absorbed by the numerous lines of foreign steamers. Besides the Bremen and German lines, there are thirty steamships under the British flag, running across the Atlantic. The American interests are represented by two steamers running between New York and Havre, two good ships and the summer line or fancy steamers of Mr. Vanderbilt. The niggardliness and parsimony of Congress compelled the Collins steamers to withdraw, and this great confederacy, these United States, are dependent on England for the transmission of a letter across the Atlantic. If this can be called independence, commercial independence, we should like to know what can be called dependence and servility. In fine, the commerce and trade of this country is dependent on transmission of its interests to Sir Samuel Cunard, Bart.

There was some talk of warm weather yesterday; that was nothing more than what has been talked every summer from time immemorial; and yet, the weather is no hotter now than it has been every summer during the present century. Rain is wanted, however, and we fervently hope it will not be long deferred.

Since writing the above we have met with the following very significant paragraph, which will do for some talk in commercial circles:

HAMBURG AMERICAN PACKET COMPANY.—Owing to the great pressure of goods for shipment to the United States, the Hamburg American Packet Company have resolved to send out a reserve steamer, in order to furnish the import trade the additional facilities required at this period. The steamship Teutonia will consequently leave Hamburg on the 15th of July; the Hammonia, as an extra boat, on the 23d of July; and the Saxonia, as usual, on the 1st of August, making three departures from Hamburg in 17 days.

Tom Corwin on the Fugitive Slave Law.

The Hon. Thomas Corwin, of Ohio, recently addressed his constituents, and among other things, is reported to have said the following:

It was his deliberate opinion that Congress has the power to make a proper and suitable law to re-capture fugitive slaves as well as fugitives from justice, and he could not agree with those persons of extreme views who maintained it to be the duty of citizens conscientiously opposed to a law to resist its enforcement, and he believed that nineteen-twentieths of the Republican party of Ohio agree with him. Just before coming up