New Orleans Daily Crescent.

EDITORIAL, COMMERCIAL, AND NEWS JOURNAL.

Edward G. Nixon. WILLIAM B. ADAMS.

NIXON & ADAMS.

OFFICE, No. 76 CAMP STREET.

TERMS:

[illegible] will be published every morning, Sundays excepted, for [illegible] per annum, payable in advance, or Five Dollars for six months, [illegible] Ten Dollars for three months, [illegible] Two Dollars and Fifty Cents per month, payable to the carriers.

[illegible] Two Dollars per annum, will be published one month, or [illegible] Dollars per month, an advertisement or subscription will not be taken for less than one month, nor discontinued after the expiration of a month, without the payment of the subscription or the balance due for advertising.

[illegible] will be made to regular advertisers.

THE DAILY CRESCENT

[illegible] which reaches it a desirable medium for advertisers. As a Family Paper it circulates largely, reaching the breakfast table at early hour, and being read throughout the business hours, consequently articles advertised one day, may be subsequently published in the evening.

THE WEEKLY CRESCENT

[illegible] every morning at $5 per, invariably in advance. [illegible] circulation throughout Louisiana, Mississippi, Arkansas, Texas, and other Southwestern States. Advertisements in it [illegible] per square, each insertion.

FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 29, 1859.

☞ Persons leaving the city during the summer, who desire the Daily or Weekly Crescent forwarded to them, can have either of the papers [illegible] at the rates.

☞ Messrs. S. De Visser & Co. have our thanks for a copy of a telegraphic dispatch received by them last evening.

☞ Under our monitory head this morning will be found some highly interesting statistics of the trade and commerce of our city, showing a steady increase, which, we hope, will prove to all, as it does to us, highly satisfactory — the increase in quantity of our domestic produce for the fiscal year ending the 30th June, 1859, being twelve millions of dollars.

TALK ON 'CHANGE.

The sugar sales yesterday on the Carondelet were on the [illegible] order; not more so, however, than the last days of the year. The Europe's advices came out day before yesterday, and left for a conflab but the arrival of the new issue of cotton of this year's growth, which, it is presumed, if not already sold, will come at a heavy price. The first cotton received last year was on the 12th of July, my one bale from the plantation of W. H. Kirkland, which was of good staple, sold full Middling, and sold for 15 cts. per lb. The other bale was from the plantation of Judge A. M. Claiborne, classed as low Middling. The weather being very propitious, the talk is, that the product will be pushed as fast as the bolls appear, and the crop hurried to market to meet the present good price ruling. It will be well enough to get all of last year's growth to market before pushing the present crop.

There was not much talk on Tchoupitoulas, Poydras and New Levee streets. The peace intelligence has had a depressing tendency, coming, as it did, so very unexpectedly.

The bringing of Western produce at our levee continues free, and those who have been holding in the West for an advance, may as well calculate on the extent of losses to secure. Some parties can withstand losses, others cannot; and the talk is, that New Orleans connections may suffer. Then, again, some operators, it is believed, will not lose any more than they made the last year and year previous.

The accounts from the sugar and cotton region are favorable. From the short drouth which has prevailed, fears were entertained of a reaction averse to the growing crops. The rain yesterday in a measure relieved those fears. As for the extreme heat, that will not be considered, when attended with showers of rain every two or three days. The sugar cane in the lower parishes, say St. Bernard and Plaquemine, looks "magnificent;" we hope it may turn out so this fall. The commercial year of 1858 and 1859 is approaching its close. No drawbacks are talked of, excepting some few bills of exchange drawn against cotton, which has been returned, and the bills of the Tehuantepec Company. The talk is, that if the money invested in Tehuantepec had been laid out in the extension of the Mexican Gulf Railroad, some real good would have resulted; nevertheless, the extension of the Mexican Gulf road, so that our sea-shore suburbs can be reached thrice daily, may be deemed as conclusive. The General Government interest will be considered by donations of lands. The fortifications now in course of erection in Pensacola, warrant the belief of aid from Congress; and this will aid the public works now in progress at Ship Island Harbor, Miss., where one hundred thousand dollars are being expended for a naval depot. So the Mexican Gulf Railroad is a matter of great importance to New Orleans, its permanent residents, and so it will prove a good investment to Northern capitalists and Northern shipping interests.

☞ Official Proceedings of Board of Aldermen on seventh page.

NEW COTTON.—Three bales of cotton of the new crop were received yesterday, two of which were by the steamship Mexico, Capt. Talbot, from Indianola and Galveston, one of which comes consigned to Messrs. Jas. Comoly & Co., the other to F. J. Van Bibber & Co.; both were from Houston, and forwarded from Galveston by Messrs. Miller, Montgomery & Co. The third bale was received by the steamship Orleans, at Barataria Bay, also from Galveston, and consigned to Messrs. S. De Visser & Co.

THE CRESCENT DRAMATIC ASSOCIATION.—This favorably known company of histrions give their fifth entertainment this evening, being a complimentary benefit, whereof the emoluments will pertain to Mr. Greenbody, who is the leading comedian of the Association, and whose fame is better known than his name. "The Factory Girl; or all that Glitters is not Gold," will be performed; Miss Alice Mann, Mrs. Mann and Mrs. Seymour appearing in this as well as in the afterpiece, which is the farce entitled "The Persecuted Dutchman; or the Original John Schmidt." Between the pieces one of the amateurs will sing a comic song: "The Fine Old Irish Gentleman."

YOUNG MEN'S BENEVOLENT ASSOCIATION.—Mr. Secretary Enoch elsewhere notifies the officers and members of the Young Men's Benevolent Association that its regular monthly meeting will be held on Monday next, August 1, at the hall of Polar Star Lodge, on St. Louis street.

THIRD WARD AMERICAN CLUB.—Notice is published that the "Constitutional American Third Ward Club" will meet this evening at 8 o'clock, to elect officers.

PERSEVERANCE FIRE COMPANY NO. 13.—The officers and members of Perseverance No. 13 are notified that their adjourned regular monthly meeting will be held on Sunday next, 31st instant, at 11 o'clock A. M. See Secretary's notice.

CLOTHING AT REDUCED PRICES.—Mr. Charles Leighton, who is continuing the business of the late firm of Leighton & Barbot, corner of St. Charles and Canal streets, advertises the choice and extensive stock at a great reduction in prices, the whole assortment of winter clothing being offered at manufacturing cost. This house devotes special attention to the shirt department of its business, and the consequence is, that Leighton's first premium shirts have an immense reputation throughout the country for artistic manner of cut and excellence of manufacture. The manufactory of the house is at 105 Grand and 411 Broadway, New York, and there all orders for clothing will be properly filled, a good fit being warranted. We refer to advertisement.

BOX LUNCH TO-DAY.—The liberal proprietors of that ever popular saloon, the Wood House, corner Gravier and Tchoupitoulas streets, announce a "big blow" for to-day, when they will set out a grand spread for lunch and keep it up from 10 to 1 o'clock, allowing everybody to take away as much red fish, baked and showdered, as they can accommodate? See advertisement.

FOR MEMPHIS.—The regular United States mail passenger packet Messenger, Captain W. L. Miller, leaves this evening at 5 o'clock, connecting with the Memphis and Charleston, and Memphis and Ohio Railroads, for all Eastern cities; also, with fast class packets for Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis. For through tickets by the above routes, apply to J. H. Freight, agent, Memphis packet office, under the St. Charles Hotel.

FANATICAL FOGYISM.

There is now current a most notable illustration of the way in which the heedless masses of our Northern brethren are apt to rally about some old point of prejudice, until excited partizanship takes the bit in its teeth and fairly runs away with reason. This matter is the extraordinary warfare which is now being waged in Philadelphia, between—we will not say liberal sentiment—but between ordinary common sense and blue, roundhead, crop-eared puritanism, on the question of Sunday travel on the passenger railways. The city is divided into two great parties, and several times during the conflict there has been danger of mob violence; injunctions have been issued against railway companies, and the issues are appealed to law; but, meanwhile, the numerous partisans of either side abate none of the earnestness with which they contest their opinions, the anti-Sunday travel contestants, indeed, advocating the hobby of their pharisaism with fanatical fury, the tone and temper which animates them in the quarrel being demonstrated by the action of several of the leaders, one of whom made in a public meeting the threat that if the companies attempted to run their cars on Sunday the track rails would be torn up and their property destroyed.

Certainly, with such moderate, gentle, christian and law-abiding advocates, the cause of public morality and religion should prosper, though it is hard to see how it will be advanced by depriving the people of the means of getting about town, and perchance to the churches which they would attend. This is the idea of the liberal side in the controversy, whose constituents are of the opinion that it is a great mistake to suppose that they are living in a free country if a man may not be allowed to choose his own way of accomplishing locomotion on any day in the week—if it is declared a sin against law, religion and morality for a man to be transported by other motive power than his own legs; upon which members, indeed, we should not be much surprised to see some blue law court, in some sanctimonious community, clap an injunction, forbidding the citizens to whom the legs belong to operate their flexors and extensors as in the action of walking; this could be done with all the propriety which the Philadelphia fanatics have to plead in extenuation of their desire to forbid citizens to cause their horses' legs, which are as much their property as their own, to move in drawing cars.

This prominent instance of the general diffusion of a spirit of besotted and intolerant dogmatism, of straight-laced illiberality, strikingly illustrates how worthless may be the title of apparent respectability which the large number of persons advocating any measure may seem to confer upon it; and how easy it is for false and erroneous impressions to spread through the whole North and exercise controlling sway in the many communities which are even more disposed to illiberality of sentiment and narrow prejudice than that of Philadelphia. If they are so bitterly opposed to a man's riding on Sunday as to be ready to fight on the issue, it is neither surprising nor uncomplimentary if they are opposed to Southern men, manners and institutions. Verily, it is not in Mexico alone that a great fight is going on between Liberals and Illiberals, between the spirit of progress and the spirit of the dark ages. Such a conflict is being waged here as well as in Mexico, only our fight is a hundred years ahead of hers in its manner and in the less material and definite character of its issues.

But we must not ignore the disagreeable fact that the constitution of Southern society is not so sound but that the spirit of illiberality with which it is tainted occasionally out-crops so offensively as to call for prompt denunciation by those who would see the poison eradicated from our social system, as being an element radically hostile to the growth of the principles of enlarged liberty and true enlightened republicanism. We have an instance right here under our observation at this moment, and precisely similar to the Philadelphia demonstration. We have before us a copy of the Mobile Tribune, which contains a report upon the matter of the projected horse-railroad passing through that city and out to the adjacent suburb of Spring Hill, and in the calculation of probable receipts an exhibit is made of the amount of money which will be taken annually, *providing the road does not operate on Sunday!*

So a probability that the cars will not be allowed to run on Sunday in the enlightened city of Mobile is recognized, and if so, it will not be the first time, nor the thousandth, that the spirit of short-sighted asceticism has disappointed its own object, for we know of no scheme that could so practically assist the cause of religious observance, which is a prime means of grace, as the contemplated railroad, which runs exactly the route it should for placing church privileges within the reach of many, by affording a cheap means of communication with the city. The enabling of persons to get in and out from church would alone be a good and sufficient object for the building of the road, and yet it is feared that a mistaken zeal in their behalf will deprive religion and morality of the necessary to their advancement which it should supply. Surely Mobile is going to prove that she is a city inhabited by sensible Southern people, and not by a lot of exotic blue-law Salemites?

Anniversary Events—July 29.

1856—A fire in Boston destroyed a block in North street, where eighty families were burnt out and nine lives lost.

1853—Jonathan Richmond, one of the pioneers of western New York, died at Aurora, aged 79. For forty years he was actively engaged in aiding the rising fortunes of his sections of the State.

1848—The long expected outbreak in Ireland; viscount Hardinge arrived to take command of the troops from England, the whole available force of which was sent over, supposed to be 50,000 in number.

1794—Seventy-one members of the municipality of Paris guillotined.

1773—The city of Guatemala laid in ruins by an earthquake and the eruption of a volcano.

1760—At Lidden, near Canterbury, in grubbing down an enormous ash tree, two human skeletons were found in the center.

1747—Dr. Blackwell, a Scotch physician, and for some time a corrector of the press to Mr. Wilkins in London, beheaded at Stockholm. Being informed that his head was not properly laid on the block, he replied, as it was his first experiment, no wonder he needed some instruction.

1714—Martin Poli, an Italian chemist, died at Paris. It is said that he communicated to the King some powerful agent of destruction for military use; but the King, at the same time that he commended and rewarded his ingenuity with a pension and an office, insisted that the secret should die with him.

1678—Andrew Marvell, an English poet, politician and critic, died (Penny Cyclopedia says August 16th). He supported the civil and religious liberties of his country, against the encroachments of the court, by his writings and parliamentary interest; and, though poor, declined the bribes of the King.

1644—Urban VIII, (Maffeo Barberini) Pope, died. He was an excellent poet, and was called the Attic Bee.

1653—Admiral Van Tromp killed and his fleet destroyed by the English fleet under Monk and Blake.

1603—Bartholomew Gilbert, in search of the lost English colony, having landed in a bay about the 40th degree of latitude, in a boat with four men, was attacked by the natives and every one killed. The rest of the crew immediately weighed anchor and returned to England.

1578—Sebastian, King of Portugal, killed. He was unfortunate in his wars, and lost his life at Tangiers, in battle with the Moors. Camoens dedicated his Lusiad to this King, but he had the stupidity to treat the intended honor with contempt.

1567—Prince James, less than fourteen months old, was crowned King of Scotland at Stirling.

1108—Philip I, King of France, died. He came to the throne at the age of eight years; was ambitious and unscrupulous in his acts; engaged in war with England and Flanders, and was defeated by both.

A STRANGE STORY.—An intemperate watchmaker, named P. C. Gray, who came to his death some days since in Alexandria, D. C., from an overdose of laudanum taken to produce sleep, has, it is said, a brother doing business in Scotland whose estate is valued at half a million of dollars; and yet the deceased owed the poor charity of a decent burial to the kindness of some Alexandrians.

CROPS IN FLORIDA.—We learn from the Florida papers that the crops of corn and cotton in most portions of that State promise an abundant yield.

Total Intelligence.

A WELCOME STORM of thunder and lightning and rain came to the relief of the parched city yesterday afternoon, laying the dust and sweetening the atmosphere. The rain was not remarkably heavy, or of great duration. The electric display was incessant and magnificent. The front rank of rolling clouds was uncommonly dense; so very dense as to throw the darkness of evening over the city, and to stop all indoor avocations, unless candles or gas were resorted to. The evening, after the storm, was cool and gratefully pleasant. We think the worst of the hot spell is past.

THE CRESCENT WAS FLATTERED yesterday upon receiving a promissory note of an unusual kind. We shall never press the payment of it, for we have a notion that the trifling consideration for which the note was given was more than a thousand-fold repaid before the note was thought of. It is a blank engraved note, with a handsome young woman at each end, *en chemise*, each holding up a dinner-plate; one plate having on it an engraved "$," with the written words: "Not a matter of 9's and cts.;" and the other plate displaying an engraved "No." and a written "2." At the bottom is an engraving of a bull-dog, "friz" to one of Lillie's patent thief-and-fire-and-powder-proof iron chests. The note is filled out as follows, our romans representing the engraved words, and our italics the written words:

New Orleans, July 27th, 1859.

As soon as possible after date we promise to pay to the order of *Messrs. Nixon & Adams, the many obligations we are under for kind favors extended to us at the Fire last evening.* Value received. Due *on presentation*

MISSISSIPPI FIRE CO. NO. 2.

We can promise the Mississippi boys that we shall hold on to their note. We shall never sell it or throw it into the market of shaveable paper; but shall keep it as Rogers the poet did his million-pound note on the Bank of England. We shall have it framed and hung on the wall, as something to gaze upon, in leisure moments, with pride and gratification.

THE BASE BALL CLUB are to exercise this afternoon, at the Delachaise ground in Jefferson City. The Club already includes numbers of our merriest and best young men, who appreciate the value of field exercise, and will ere long be one of the conspicuous institutions of our city. Last evening's rain must have made the ground rather soggy; but if there be no rain to-day, there will be "ample scope and verge enough" for a fine game. It will be worth the seeing.

AN ABMIRABLE THING was done yesterday morning, by the engineer of the locomotive at the Pontchartrain Railroad depot. The locomotive was coming out of the depot at its usual rate of speed, when a blundering drayman drove on the track in front of it. A terrific smash and a loss of life were apparently inevitable, and the hearts of a hundred people jumped to their throats. The engineer, as soon as he saw the danger, sprang to his post and reversed the engine, so suddenly and with such force, that whilst the momentum of the locomotive kept it ahead, the wheels slipped on the track and spun the other way. The ponderous machine stopped just as it reached the tail of the retreating dray. It was the incident of only a few seconds, but it was exciting, and the activity and success of the engineer were much admired.

THE RUMOR which flew around yesterday, that a well-known citizen had been taking an early cup of coffee at the Metairie with an enemy, and that his cup had had the pill in it, had no foundation in fact. The other party, the night before, told a few confidential friends that he was going to fight a duel in the morning; those friends told all their friends, and of course the whole town had it. Yesterday forenoon the said other party went around telling everybody that he had straightened out his man. The citizen rumored to be shot was around yesterday, as usual, not a little bothered at the astonishment of each friend he met, and knowing nothing whatever of the duel in which he was reported to be killed. The gentleman who foretold the duel, and announced its sad result, seems to have been a little hallucinated, from some cause or other, and actually imagined that he had fought a duel and laid out his enemy. It is probable that he had exposed himself too much to the sun, and got his brandy at the wrong places.

THE ANCIENT GAME OF RACKET continues to be the chief field amusement in the ancient end of the city; the white men and boys taking week days, and the darkeys taking Sundays. The darkeys had a great and exciting game last Sunday. We learn that a proposition is on foot, among the white men, to get up a splendid silk flag, to be offered as a prize for the two opposing parties of darkeys to contend for, in a squarely arranged and pitched battle at the McCarthy Plantation. Should this proposal come to fruition, the game will be something for the whole town to see.

NOT LONG AGO, two lively ones had been taking a lively tear around town in the butcher-wagon belonging to one of them. They hauled up at the Phœnix, on St. Charles street, to recuperate. Whilst getting better, their long jolly friend Recorder Summers came in. Whilst he was smiling with them, one of them began bragging about the splendid and fancy turn-out they had been airing themselves in; ingeniously leading the Recorder to believe that it was a barouche, or buggy, or something extra in that line. He finally invited the Recorder to step out and look at the vehicle, and take a drive with them down the shell. The Recorder accepted; and as they went to the door, fixed his spectacles for a critical survey of the much-praised turn-out. Getting to the banquette, the lively ones were brought up standing. The wagon was gone and the joke not only nipped in the bud, but forgotten. "What are you looking for?" asked the Recorder, seeing them looking anxiously up and down street. "I'm looking for my butcher-cart," said the owner thereof. "What sort of a cart is it?" asked the Recorder. The butcher described the cart and horse particularly. "Way," said the Recorder, "it's the very wagon I stopped a square or two up street. The horse was jogging along without a driver, and so I stopped him and passed him over to an officer, to take to the pound!" The lively ones looked as if they would like to sell out cheap. "But where's your fancy turn-out?" asked the Recorder. The lively ones had to confess that they had been getting up a sell, and that the cart was the fancy turn-out they had been bragging of. Didn't the Recorder have them nicely? He enjoyed it a little, and then charitably gave the butcher an order for the immediate release of his team from the pound. The lively ones haven't attempted to sell the Recorder since.

In this connection we may add that the Recorder sold himself beautifully, the other night. He was out with several others on a coon hunt, near his place up the Jackson Railroad. The dogs treed a "varmint," the peculiar odor of which kept the other hunters at bay; but the Recorder, whose olfactories never notice small things, went up to the tree, and whilst looking up to catch a glimpse of the "darned coon," found out it wasn't a coon. We need not particularize further than to state that he discovered it to be a polecat. No one would come near him; and he might well have said, with Hamlet, "Now, etc., hell itself breathes forth contagion to the world!"

One of the Recorder's companions during the day shot a sap-sucker, mistaking it for a field-sparrow, and concluded to have the bird cooked, as a dainty morsel for supper. The Recorder took the bird to his cook, an old wench, and gave her the necessary instructions. "Wat! cook dat bird!" exclaimed Aunty in astonishment; "Who gwine to eat em?" The Recorder explained that it was a young friend of his, who had a fancy to the bird, which he had shot for a field-sparrow, and was bound to eat it. "Wa' dat man come fum?" asked Aunty, not able to get over the idea of cooking such a bird. "He come from old Shortgrass, down in old Virginny," answered the Recorder. "Wat! no, massa, dat man nebber come fum old Sho'tgrass; dat wa' I come fum, and dey aint nobody dar wat can't tell a sap-suck' fum a fiel-spa'. No, sir-ee! dat man nebber come from old Sho'tgrass!" "Well, Aunty, cook the bird the best you can, and let the man have it." "Yes, massa, I'll cook it mighty nice, but de old nigga can't cook de *small* down!" The bird was in good time served up to the epicure, who made several attempts to eat it, but failed miserably; the flavor of it being a *leetle* different from what he had expected. He still maintained, however, that he had shot a field-sparrow; and has an idea now that the Recorder tricked him by having a woodpecker cooked for him, in place of the bird he had handed over.

AN OLD FASHIONED trunk or box was found last night, on a fire-plug on Baronne street. It had been there through all the evening's rain, and was said to have been left there by some drunken fellow, long before the rain came on. Not being locked, the old box was looked into, and found to be filled with nothing but a litter of literature; old books, old pamphlets, and all sorts of old papers without end, nothing else. What such a lot of literature could have been to the drunken chap who left it on the fire-plug, is a mystery which will probably never be solved.

A BARREL OF FLOUR, with the head out and some of the flour gone, was taken in a cab to the First District police office last night, by those indefatigable steamboat landing officers, Montague and Flemming. The story was, that three negroes had stolen the barrel, were interfered with by a man named Holly, fell upon Holly and beat him violently, and escaped. Holly was badly hurt and covered with blood; the officers wanted to take him to Charity Hospital, but he preferred going home. Holly thinks he can identify one of the negroes.

DEAD DOGS were plentiful all over town yesterday morning. The poisoned meat told well. Most of the dogs were taken off in the city carts; some we saw lying around yesterday afternoon. The bodies should be well looked for and promptly removed. They are a terrible nuisance when left to be cooked by the sun.

MULLEN, the man who killed Maglone in the Fourth District, expiates his crime on the gallows to-day, in the yard of the Parish Prison, between the hours of 10 and 12.

JAMES MITCHELL, an Irish orphan boy, 14 years old, belonging to the St. Mary's Asylum, Third District, accidentally shot and killed himself yesterday, in the overseer's house, on the farm belonging to the Asylum. Being sent to the house for a hatchet, he found the overseer's gun there, and boy-like, took it down to examine it. How he came to cock the gun, or hold it in such a position, could not be discovered; but it discharged and the load entered his left breast, killing him instantly. Deputy Coroner Weysham held an inquest on the body, and returned an appropriate verdict.

RECORDER SUMMERS' COURT.—Mrs. Margaret Eagan, Mary Ann Eagan and Daniel Eagan, for punishing Catherine Cody, at the corner of Tchoupitoulas and Celesta streets, were yesterday fined $10 each, with p. p. alternative. Barney Graham and wife, charged with insulting and abusing a fourth Eagan, Eliza Jane, were discharged. Lucinda Smith, for addressing naughty language to Mary Keenan and her sister on Bolivar street, had to give $10 or take 20 days. Owner of cart No. 1125 had to pay $10 for a load of dirt dumped on the batture. Henry Webber, arrested on Front street, for a larceny in the Fourth District, was sent up to Assistant Recorder Vennard.

Albert Bril was dismissed from the charge of embezzlement, preferred against him by Wm. Noel, the latter failing to appear. Richard Shay, charged with threatening Jeremiah Lady's lady with an ax, in the council of the ladies on Thalia street, was dismissed at the request of the forgiving Mr. Lady.

The following were arraigned and booked for future examination:

Henry Elbery, charged by Nicholas Martino with libel, perjury, and false imprisonment; libel in swearing before the Recorder on the 16th inst., that he entered Elbery's room on Dryades street, in the night time, and committed a felony; perjury, in falsely so swearing, and false imprisonment, in his arrest and confinement under the aforesaid libellous and false affidavit. Examination fixed for to-morrow.

John Hannon, charged with breach of trust and embezzlement, in failing to account for a $200 horse which James Walter's entrusted to him on the 5th inst. for sale keeping. Bail given to appear on the 3d prox.

Richard Stakeland, charged with battering Thos. Murtough in the head with a weight, on the 23d instant, at the corner of Lafayette and Howard streets. Case fixed for the 3d prox.

RECORDER WILTZ'S COURT.—Samuel Wark yesterday gave bail to answer to the charge of having stolen two tarpaulins, the property of James Hicky, from the sugar landing, several months ago.

T. J. Bryant and Frank McDermott gave bail to answer to the charge of having violently beaten F. Guebel on Canal street, on Tuesday; Bryant using a loaded cane, and McDermott aiding and abetting.

Bridget Burke and Mary Sheridan, charged with being too hard upon Mary Haven, of St. Philip street, were sent to prison to await examination.

RECORDER LONG'S COURT.—The celebrated Mrs. Calvary, (whose name should be Cavalry, from the vim with which she descends upon her foes,) was brought up on a charge of having, yesterday morning, made a disturbance upon Mrs. Mary O'Brien, her immediate neighbor, at the corner of Victory and St. Ferdinand streets. Mrs. O'Brien came to court weeping and lugging a handkerchief full of heavy brickbats, blocks of wood and broken glass, as evidence in her behalf, the glass being her own, and the result of Mrs. Calvary's ferocious bombardment of her premises. Mrs. O'Brien also solemly swore that Mrs. C. invaded her house, seized her by the hair, and dragged her all over the house. Mrs. C was drunk when brought in, and on being locked up to await examination, insisted upon favoring the officers with the most shameless and beastly exposure of her ugly old person.

Maugin Gaetano and Abaldo Scoualzio, for threatening to kill Antonio Gladinich, on board the lugger Liberty, at Milneburg, were fined $15 each and put under good behavior bonds.

Mrs. E. Ducoing was, by consent, dismissed from the charge of breach of trust, brought against her by Mrs. Hastings. Wm. Gelabert, charged with stealing a lot of geese from Jean Baptiste Marigny, f. m. c., was dismissed for want of evidence.

A FOURTH OF JULY ACCIDENT AT SEA.—M. Masseras, the accomplished editor of the *Courrier des Etats Unis*, who reached France in the Fulton, July 9, sends to that journal the following interesting account of a mischance which occurred on board in celebrating the Fourth of July. "Preparations," says M. Masseras, "were made for firing a salute at mid-day. The cannon had been placed near the bows of the vessel, and a rope stretched at a certain distance prevented the passengers from approaching too near; all was ready, and every care had been taken to prevent accident. The two cannon were to be fired alternately, at intervals of half a minute each, thus allowing an interval of one minute to each for reloading. Precisely at 12 o'clock the first report was heard, but the thirty intervening seconds had not expired before there was a second and louder explosion, immediately followed by cries of pain and terror. The report came from the same piece, which had been reloaded with imprudent haste, and had suddenly exploded. Of the two men who were reloading it, one had his right hand and wrist carried away, and the other had his left hand shattered; a quarter-master standing by also received severe wounds, a cabin boy was dangerously wounded on the breast by pieces of the ramrod, which was broken into a thousand fragments by striking violently against one of the anchors."

PHILADELPHIA BIGOTRY.—The Supreme Court in Philadelphia rendered a decision on the 23d instant, sustaining the action of the Mayor in stopping the city passenger railroad travel on Sunday.

HORRIBLE DEATH.—Two men lost their lives in St. Louis, on the 22d, by entering a vault and being stifled by the foul air.

THE WEATHER IN ARKANSAS.—The Fayetteville Arkansian says that section of country has been visited this year by most extraordinary storms; besides being numerous, they have been of singular violence, greatly damaging the farming interests.

SUCCESSION OF L. C. DUNCAN.—Messrs. Palfrey & Co. advertise in our columns forty shares Opelousas Railroad stock, to be sold to-day at the St. Charles Exchange.

$25 REWARD.—Mr. J. J. Poindexter offers this amount for the recovery of the absquatulated woman Matilda, who is advertised in this paper.

SERVANT WANTED.—A party advertises for a first class colored servant, to do family work.

☞ The "Constitutional American Third Ward Club" will meet THIS (Friday) EVENING at 8 o'clock at their rooms on St. Charles street, to elect permanent officers, etc. Every member is expected to be present.

By order of the President. jy29 2pis*

☞ Unless the secret is revealed by the parties themselves, no one ever suspects that the hair darkened by CRISTADORO'S EXCELSIOR DYE owes its magnificent hue to human agency. Nature alone gets the credit. None suspect the sea turtle. It is too perfect. Leaves no well as color is bestowed by this invigorating dye. There is no trouble in applying it. Ten minutes once in several weeks is all the time consumed. Who would not abolish such a nuisance as red, gray or sandy hair, on such easy terms?

Sold everywhere, and applied by all Hair Dressers.

jy12 2pim&W CRISTADORO, No. 6 Astor House, N. Y.

☞ Spring Beds—$5 to $6 50 for the best Spring Bed in existence, (Howe's Patent) at No. 378 Broadway, New York. Examine it, or address the ELLIPTIC BED SPRING COMPANY, for their descriptive circular. Special inducements to the trade and local agencies. jy28 2p&W1y

☞ Third Ward American Club—The regular meetings of this Club take place at No. 82 Camp street, near Natchez, every SUNDAY EVENING at 8 o'clock. jy23

☞ World Famous to a certainty is Dr. J. HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS, for the cure of Dyspepsia, Flatulence, Constipation, and all the train of diseases which arise from a morbid condition of those functions on the stomach, upon the proper action of which the health so much depends. Those who desire to be prepared not only for Dyspepsia but for one half the ills that flesh is heir to, should provide themselves with that most excellent compound known as Dr. J. Hostetter's Celebrated Stomach Bitters. These Bitters are pleasant to the taste, sure of operation, and composed entirely of vegetable substances prepared with the greatest care. If you want to be entirely refreshed both physically and mentally go and procure this valuable tonic.

Sold in New Orleans, wholesale and retail, by J. WRIGHT & CO., 51 and 151 Chartres street, sole agents for the Southern States, and to whom all orders should be addressed, and by druggists and dealers generally everywhere. jy25 2p&4W

☞ Worth Reading and Thinking about—BININGER'S OLD LONDON DOCK GIN—Designed for the use of the Medical Profession and the Family, having supplanted the so-called "Gins," "Jennies," "Cordial," "Medicated," etc., is now endorsed by all the prominent physicians, chemists and connoisseurs as possessing all those intrinsic medicinal qualities (Tonic and Diuretic) which belong to an OLD and PURE GIN. Put up in Quart Bottles, and sold by all Druggists, Grocers, etc.

A. M. BININGER & CO., (Established 1775)—Sole Importers, jy23 2ply No. 338 Broadway, N. Y.

☞ The Great English Remedy—Sir James CLARKE'S CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS!—Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

This well known medicine is an imposition but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever; and, although a powerful remedy, they contain nothing hurtful to the constitution.

To Married Ladies it is peculiarly suited. It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.

These Pills have never been known to fail, where the directions on the second page of the pamphlet are well observed.

For full particulars get a pamphlet, free, of the agent.

N. B.—$1 and 6 postage stamps, enclosed to any authorized agent, will insure a bottle, containing over fifty pills, by return of mail.

General Agent for the United States JOB MOSES, Rochester N.Y. J. WRIGHT & CO., New Orleans, Wholesale Agents, and sold by all respectable Druggists. 76 2ply&W

☞ Worms! Worms! Worms!—A great many learned treatises have been written explaining the origin of, and classifying the worms generated in the human system. Scarcely any topic of medical science has elicited more acute observation and profound research; and yet physicians are very much divided in opinion on the subject. It must be admitted, however, that, after all, a mode of expelling them and purifying the body from their presence is of more value than the wisest disquisitions as to their origin.

Such an expelling agent has at last been found. Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge proves to be the much sought after specific—its efficacy being universally acknowledged by the entire medical faculty. As further proof, read the following from a lady—one of our own citizens:

NEW YORK, October 15, 1852.

This is to certify that I was troubled with worms for more than a year. I was advised to use M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge, prepared by Fleming Bros. of Pittsburg. I took one bottle, which brought away about fifty worms. I commenced improving at once and am now perfectly well. The public can learn my name and further particulars by applying to Mrs. Hardie, No. 5 Manhattan Place, or to E. L. Theall, Druggist, corner of Rutger and Monroe streets.

Purchasers will be careful to ask for Dr. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburg, Pa. All other Vermifuges in comparison are worthless. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Vermifuge, also his celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable drug stores. None genuine without the signature of FLEMING BROS. Sold by SCOVIL & MEAD, 111 and 113 Chartres street, New Orleans, Wholesale Agents for the South. jy25 2p&4W

☞ For Congress—We are authorized to announce the name of Mr. J. E. BOULIGNY as a candidate for Congress from the First Representative District, subject to the nomination of the American party. jy27 1t

☞ Look out for imitations of Lea & Perrins' Worcestershire Sauce. See advertisement of John Duncan & Sons. au16 2plawly

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THE FIRM OF LEIGHTON & BARBOT BEING DISSOLVED,

MR. CHARLES LEIGHTON,

Who will continue the business in his own name, hereby notifies his friends and the public that he will sell

The Whole of Last Year's Stock

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SMALL ADVANCE ON THE ORIGINAL COST.

Among which will be found—

FINE FRENCH MERINO COATS.
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WHITE AND COLORED LINEN .. ..
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THE WHOLE OF OUR

STOCK OF WINTER CLOTHING

AT MANUFACTURING COST!

In The SHIRT AND FURNISHING DEPARTMENT

—MAY ALSO BE FOUND A LARGE—

LOT OF LINEN AND COTTON SHIRTS.

EVERY VARIETY OF STYLE AND ALL PRICES.

Gauze, Cotton and Merino

UNDER-GARMENTS!

LISLE-THREAD AND SILK UNDER-GARMENTS.
HOSIERY, GLOVES, SUSPENDERS, CRAVATS and TIES

In Endless Variety.

The whole of this well-selected stock has been purchased by Mr. Leighton, personally, who, long experience in the Southern trade is well known here.

N. B.—Mr. J. B. THOMPSON, of the late firm of Thompson and Nixon, will still have charge of the CLOTHING DEPARTMENT in New York, where he will warrant a good fit and good goods to all who may wish to give an order.

Orders taken as usual at the

Premium Shirt Depot of CHARLES LEIGHTON,

Corner St. Charles and Canal sts.

Manufactory, 105 Grand and 411 Broadway, N. Y. jy29 2ptf

Embroidered Bands, Collars, etc.

BAREGES, MUSLINS, JACONETS,
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LADIES' GAITERS,
—And—
CHILDREN'S SHOES,
—AT—
GREAT BARGAINS!
—AT—
S. B. CHURCHILL'S,

jy29 2t3* Corner of Apollo and Erato sts.

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BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURERS
PRINTERS AND BOOK-BINDERS,
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—AND—
GENERAL STATIONERS.
STEAMBOAT BOOKS —And— STATIONERY.
PRICES AND STYLE
We Defy Competition!!
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FINE WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVERWARE, CUTLERY,

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Cigars! Cigars!

Purchasers will always find in store an assortment of the well-known brands—Injencidad, Flor de Pujadas, Meridiana, Flor de Pancho, Redowa, Cabanas, Partagas, Know-Something, Washington, Dos Hermanas, Mazo Habano, etc., etc., at the lowest prices.

P. PRATS & CO.,

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Dr. George W. Smith,

DENTIST,

Having resumed his practice, will attend to professional engagements at his office, No. 177 CANAL STREET, nearly opposite Christ Church. jy4 2ptf

GEO. W. READ, JOHN H. PERKINS. } {JEHIAL READ, WM. H. READ.

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50 WARREN AND 120 CHAMBERS STREET, New York.

MANUFACTURERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

HATS, CAPS, BONNETS, FLOWERS, etc.,

Have now on hand a choice and desirable stock of the above goods, to which they solicit the inspection of first class purchasers, by case or otherwise.

CATALOGUES NOW READY,

and sent by mail on application. jy14 2plm

Fine Black and Green Teas,

IN METALLIC PACKAGES, and IN SMALL AND LARGE BOXES,

At the Lowest Importation Prices.

—Can be had at—

DOHAN'S SOUTHERN TEA WAREHOUSE,

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Dress Trimmings.

Just received, a beautiful assortment of Colored and White Cotton

DRESS TRIMMINGS.

—Also—

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT

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GENTLEMEN'S WALKING STICKS.

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Prince Imperial Champagne,

—FROM—

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This Wine has hitherto been confined to the best tables of the continent of Europe and has only very recently been introduced by Messrs