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The subscriber having made numerous additions to his already large establishment, and acquired additional facilities for the transaction of his rapidly increasing business, is prepared to furnish every description of

CARRIAGES AND HARNESS,

at the shortest notice and on the most favorable terms, and offers particular inducements to SOUTHERN PURCHASERS, equal, if not superior, to those of any other manufactory of the kind in the country.

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Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers
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Hats, Caps and Straw Goods,
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DURYEE, JACQUES & CO.,
37 Chambers street, New York.
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Importer of Foreign Folio, Letter and Note Papers and Envelopes; Reibach's Celebrated Lead Pencils, German Red Tapes, Gum Tickets, Inkstands, etc., etc.; Cardboards and Cards, Staple and Fancy Stationery generally, FOR THE TRADE. jy23 3mood

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FILTER AND WATER COOLERS COMBINED,
Involving important principles never before attained, which enables Meats, Fish, Milk, Vegetables, Fruits, etc., to be kept longer, dryer and cooler, with less ice than can be done with any other Refrigerator now in use.
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Every variety of Blank-Book, Paper, Stationery, Steam Printing, Lithographic Work and Book-Binding.
☞ Orders respectfully solicited. jy18 1y

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GENERAL ENGRAVERS AND LITHOGRAPHERS,
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Bank Checks, Bills of Exchange, Fancy Envelopes, Ball Tickets and Invitations, Bill Heads, Letter Heads, etc., etc., executed in the highest style of modern art.
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VULCANIZED RUBBER BELTING, PACKING, HOSE, etc., etc.
Bramhill & Campbell,
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THE BOSTON BELTING COMPANY,
Warehouse No. 193 William street, New York.
Respectfully informs Merchants, Dealers, Jobbers, etc., that they have constantly on hand a full assortment of all the above mentioned goods, together with such others as are in use for every mechanical purpose.
☞ Special orders for any goods which are not kept on hand will receive our prompt attention.
☞ All goods furnished at manufacturer's prices, catalogues of which can be obtained upon application, or by addressing as above. jy18 3m

TOBLES, SON & MELVAIN—
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Importers and Wholesale Dealers in
GUNS, CUTLERY,
PLATED WARE, JEWELRY,
FANCY GOODS, BRUSHES,
PERFUMERY and SOAPS.
☞ Sole Agents for Westley Richard's Celebrated Guns, Riley's Caps, Wadding and Cartridges, Heiffer's Army Razors. jy16 6m

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ESTABLISHED IN 1806.
Ridley & Co.,
CORNER OF CHAMBERS AND HUDSON STREETS,
(Opposite the Hudson River Railroad Depot.)
NEW YORK.
CANDY, SUGAR PLUMS, LOZENGES, etc., etc.,
In all their varieties, made exclusively from treble refined Loaf Sugar, without adulteration or admixture of deleterious substances of any kind.
Those wishing to purchase a pure article are requested to call and examine our stock, and contrast them with those offered elsewhere.
☞ Boxes of ASSORTED CANDIES, for Families, put up to order, at prices ranging from $5 upwards.
☞ Candies, etc., etc., packed in boxes of 25, 50 and 100 lbs., suitable for the Southern trade and shipped to order.
☞ Orders by mail promptly executed.
☞ Terms Cash. jy15 1y

PHELAN'S IMPROVED BILLIARD TABLES,
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Patented Feb. 19, 1856; Oct. 28, 1856; Dec. 5, 1857; Jan. 12, 1858; Nov. 15, 1858; and March 29, 1859.
For sale only by
O'CONNOR & COLLENDER,
Sole Manufacturers,
53, 55, 57 and 59 Crosby street,
And the Patentee,
MICHAEL PHELAN,
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☞ These tables are in use and may be seen at "Miller's Southern Billiard Saloon," 105 Gravier street, and the "Pelican and Boston Club Rooms," New Orleans. jy21 1y

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BYRAM, HIND AND BLISS,
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Hats, Caps and Straw Goods
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UMBRELLAS, PARASOLS, etc.
Importers of FRENCH HATS.
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JONAS BROOK AND BROTHERS'
BEST SIX CORD AND PATENT GLACE
Spool Cotton,
White, Black and all colors.
Combining the smoothness of silk with the strength of linen, and for SEWING MACHINE USE ABSOLUTELY UNRIVALLED. For sale by the principal houses in New Orleans and Mobile; and also in original cases by the manufacturers agent,
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HOMESTEAD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
Of the City of New York.
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Corner of Nassau and Beekman streets.
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Insures all kinds of Personal Property against Loss or Damage by Fire, at the very lowest rates charged by responsible Companies.
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Any information connected with Insurance will be cheerfully given, and all business connected with this Company will be transacted with liberality and promptness.
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NEW ORLEANS DAILY CRESCENT.

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY, SUNDAY EXCEPTED, BY NIXON & ADAMS, AT No. 70 CAMP STREET.

VOLUME XII. SATURDAY MORNING, AUGUST 13, 1859. NUMBER 135.

New Orleans Daily Crescent.

SATURDAY MORNING, AUGUST 13, 1859.

RECENT PUBLICATIONS.

FROM DAWN TO DAYLIGHT, or a simple story of a Western Home. By a Minister's Wife. New York: Derby & Jackson. For sale in New Orleans by Thomas L. White, 105 Canal street.

A well printed and roughly bound book of some three hundred and fifty pages.

SPARKS FROM A LOCOMOTIVE; or, Life and Liberty in Europe. By the author of "Belle Brittan's" Letters. New York: Derby & Jackson. For sale in New Orleans by Thomas L. White, 105 Canal street.

The public are familiar with the characteristics of the author of this bundle of letters from Europe.

A HUMAN BODY TORN TO PIECES.—On the 1st inst. the fragments of a man's body were found scattered along the track of the Illinois Central Railroad, at Woodlawn station, Ill., about a mile below Hyde Park. The body had been cut to pieces by several trains passing over it, and the fragments were scattered here and there. The head was found in one place, the legs and arms in another, and the chest, torn to pieces, near the track. From appearances, the body must have been dragged at least five hundred yards, as both rails, for that distance, were smeared with blood and portions of the body. Near the spot where the largest portion lay was found an empty bottle, which had probably contained liquor. The body was not identified.

A SAFE STOLEN.—Col. David Gavin advertises in the Charleston Courier a rather remarkable loss, nothing less than an iron safe, which was stolen recently and carried away from his premises. The Courier says:

The safe weighed about 285 lb. and was one of "Scott's Asbbestos" patents. It was taken either on Friday or Saturday, from Texas, the plantation of Col. Gavin, in the parish of St. George's Dorchester, Colleton District.

Mr. Griffin, the overseer, left the place on Saturday to attend a camp-meeting, and there was no white person on the premises. The cook, a negro man, first reported the absence of the safe on Sunday morning. Marks of the wheels of the safe were plainly traced from the steps to the gate, where they disappeared, as the safe was, no doubt, placed there in a vehicle.

HOW A MURDERESS ESCAPED FROM JAIL.—From a recent number of the St. Paul (Minnesota) Times we extract the following:

We have in our possession certain facts touching the escape of Mrs Bilanski, the convicted murderess, which, when made public, will startle the community with the hideousness of the scheme which was concocted to set at liberty a murderess, and to aid in keeping her out of the hands of justice. We will not make these facts known at present, as it might thwart the designs of those who suppose they are on the track of the fugitive and her guilty paramour Walker. It is enough for us to say at present that she was allowed to escape from jail for money, that she has been secreted for the past three days near Lake Como, for money, and that notwithstanding the fact of her hiding place was well known to some of the officers of the law, she, in company with Walker, left on Friday night, since which time nothing of her whereabouts has been discovered.

Mrs. Bilanski was dressed in male attire, her hair cut short, and she wore whiskers. Walker was also disguised. They were armed with revolvers and knives, and took a sufficient quantity of food to last them an overland journey of many miles.

Yesterday several officers of the city who had been convinced beyond a doubt of the determination of the Sheriff's deputy to allow the condemned criminal to escape, put in motion a movement to arrest the parties, and at present writing (Saturday afternoon) they are on the supposed trail. Should they be successful in making the arrest, a system of villany will be exposed never before known in this section of country.

Yesterday a boy named Frank Stultz, living with Mrs. Lamden, near Lake Como, where Mrs. Bilanski has been secreted, was arrested and lodged in jail, where he now is, on suspicion of having aided in the escape. Other arrests will be made probably today.

The people are justly indignant at the escape of the murderess, and they have every reason to believe, and we have the best of reason, that her escape was effected through the corruption of those who had her in charge.

FROM THE RIVER PLATE.—Montevidean papers of the 10th of June have been received at New York, from which the Times extracts the following intelligence:

The Constitution of the 10th contains a manifesto of six columns from Urquiza, going over the grounds of his misunderstanding with the province of Buenos Ayres. He declares that province is tyrannized over by a set of bloody executioners, who have expelled four thousand loyal citizens, and woo spend hundreds of millions of paper money every year to keep up their unlawful dominion. He winds up a characteristic document by remarking:

"We do not make a war of conquest upon our brethren of Buenos Ayres; we bring them peace, liberty, law, union, and a fraternal embrace, which will solidify and perpetuate the national integrity and organization. * * * * The Province of Buenos Ayres will receive us as brothers and liberators. Her most valiant sons will fly to swell the files of the national army. The national arms, bathe liberty upon the law, will restore the prosperity to his home, to the citizen his rights, peace to the people, quietude to the Argentines, and splendor to the country."

As a commentary on the truth of the declarations in this manifesto, the advices from Buenos Ayres states that the people of that province were united in their determination to oppose Urquiza. Col. Bartolme Mitre had been made a General, and had taken active command of the forces. The Island of Martin Garcia, which commands the mouths of the rivers Parana and Uruguay, had been garrisoned by a strong detachment of the Buenos Ayrean National Guard.

The war steamer General Pinto had boarded the British brig Earl of Derby, bound from Montevideo to Rosario, and had taken from her 2,000 sabres, sent by Urquiza's son, Diogenes, to a commercial house in Rosario.

The Governments of both Province and Confederation have issued decrees, closing all communication between their dependencies.

The Government of Buenos Ayres had purchased the last merchant steamer in the river, the Olmirante Brown, paying for her in bonds, equivalent to $60,000 silver.

The credit of Buenos Ayres was excellent. Urquiza was short of money.

TENNESSEE ELECTION.—From the Nashville Patriot of Tuesday last we extract the following:

In the last Congress the opposition had three members—the Democracy seven. In the next, the tables will be completely turned. The opposition have elected seven—the Democracy three. This is a most important victory, as it will secure the vote of the State for the opposition candidate for the Presidency should the election be thrown into the House of Representatives—a result by no means improbable. Dispatches from West Tennessee announce the election of Emerson Etheridge, by a small majority, and dispatches from East Tennessee say T. A. R. Nelson and R. B. Benson are also elected by small majorities. This would make the delegation in Congress stand as follows:

Opposition.—Thos. A. R. Nelson, Horace Maynard, R. B. Benson, W. B. Stokes, Robt. Hatton, Emerson Etheridge, Jas. M. Quarles.

Democrats.—Jas. H. Thomas, Jno. V. Wright, W. T. Avery.

A FRECKY BULL.—The Pittsburg Chronicle describes the following incident, which occurred a few days ago on the Allegheny railroad:

It appears that, as the Express train was passing a point near White Rock Station, about nine miles this side of Kittanning, it was charged upon by a bull belonging to a gentleman named Klingensmith, residing in the neighborhood, and said to be an animal of unusual strength and ferocity. In the collision which followed, his bovine majesty was crushed almost to a jelly, and his defunct remains carried some distance along the track. The train, however, did not stop here. The carcass proved an impassable obstruction to the train, and the locomotive, tender and four freight cars were thrown off the track. The latter went over an embankment some thirty feet in hight, and were reduced almost to a complete wreck. The passenger car, the last in the train, remained on the track, else the consequences would have been far more serious. The locomotive was a good deal used up, and the track damaged for some forty feet, but beyond this nothing serious resulted from the strange occurrence.

"They tell me wine gives strength," said Fox, one day, "and yet I, who have just drank three bottles, cannot keep myself on my legs!"

"I don't think, husband, that you are very smart." "No indeed, wife, but everybody knows that I am awfully *shrewd*."

Telegraphed to the New Orleans Crescent.

FIVE DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

THE CITY OF BALTIMORE OFF CAPE RACE.

The French Army of the Rhine Dissolved.

GENERAL DISARMAMENT PROPOSED

A NEW INDIA LOAN OF £5,000,000,

COTTON AND CONSOLS UNCHANGED

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

[BY THE NATIONAL AND SOUTHERN LINES.]

CAPE RACE, August 12.—The steamship City of Baltimore, Capt. Leitch, passed off this point this morning. She was boarded by the news boat of the Associated Press, and a brief summary of her news obtained.

She left Liverpool on Wednesday, the 3d inst., and touched at Queenstown on Thursday, the 4th, sailing from thence on the evening of that day. Her advices are therefore five days later than those received by the Arabia at Halifax.

LIVERPOOL, August 3.—The Cunard steamship Asia arrived at this port on Sunday, the 31st ult.

The steamship Hungarian, of the Canadian Line, from New York, arrived at Liverpool on the 1st instant.

The steamship Adelaide, of the Galway Line, arrived at Galway on the 2d inst., and the Cunard screw steamship Etna arrived out on the 3d.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 3.—The sales of cotton for the three business days since the sailing of the Arabia, amount to 19,000 bales, of which 1,600 bales were taken by speculators and 2,500 bales were sold for exportation.

The market generally closed quiet and steady at the quotations by the Arabia.

Middling Orleans are quoted at 7 3-16; Middling Uplands, 7d.

A few forced sales have been made at ¼ decline.

LONDON, Aug. 3.—The funds are slightly depressed, and have declined ¼ since the departure of the Arabia.

Consols for money closed at 94⅞ to 95.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 3.—The advices from Manchester continued to be favorable. The market closed quiet, but prices were firmly maintained.

(By Telegraph from Liverpool to Cork.)

LIVERPOOL, Thursday noon, August 4.—The sales of cotton yesterday, Wednesday, were limited to 5000 bales, the market closing dull.

To-day the market continues quiet, and closed steady generally at previous quotations.

Holders are offering their stock freely, and seem to evince no disposition to press sales.

LIVERPOOL, August 4.—Advices from Paris announce that orders have been issued from the war office, or are about to be issued, for the immediate dissolution of the French army of the Rhine.

No further developments have been made in relation to the proposed peace conference between France, Austria and Sardinia, which seems to have been postponed much beyond the time originally intended for meeting.

The latest advices from the continent are of a pacific and more re-assuring character.

The French Government, it is stated, without qualification, is preparing for a general disarmament and giving every evidence of its present pacific intentions.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 3.—Richardson, Spence & Co.'s circular report that the prospects for the harvests are favorable. Beef and Pork closed dull, without material change in prices. Sugar closed quiet at previous quotations. Coffee closed dull and unchanged.

LONDON, Aug. 3.—The London Money market was somewhat more stringent. American securities generally closed steady.

PARIS, August 3.—The Paris Bourse closed this evening at 69 francs 45 centims.

NEW YORK, August 12.—The steamship Glasgow brings full details of the great contest at the Goodwood meeting, in which the American horses took a prominent part, and, as it appears, carried off two prizes.

One of the most important races came off on the 29th ult., in which Mr. TenBroeck's American horse Stark won the Bentick Imperial Stakes of one thousand sovereigns, the American mare Princess coming in third.

Fifteen horses started in this race, which was a very exciting one.

Mr. TenBroeck's colt Umpire won the Nursery stakes, and his winnings at the Goodwood races do not fall short of £25,000.

LATER FROM HAVANA.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMER QUAKER CITY.

SUSPENSION OF A BANKING HOUSE.

NEW YORK, August 12.—The steamship Quaker City has arrived at this port, bringing advices from Havana to the 8th inst.

The yellow fever was prevailing to a considerable extent, and had become epidemic.

The Banco Agricolo and Credit Cubana is going into liquidation.

HAVANA, August 8.—The sugar market closed dull. Number 12, D. S., is quoted at 7 to 8 reals. The stock of sugar at Havana and Matanzas is 250,000 boxes.

The English steamer Conway took out nearly two million of specie for England.

Later advices from Vera Cruz and the City of Mexico via Havana, represent that the country is generally quiet.

NEW YORK, August 12.—The Aspinwall steamship Star of the West, which arrived yesterday brought $1,880,000 in treasure from California.

DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE.

Later from New Mexico.

ST. LOUIS, Aug 12.—The New Mexican mail has arrived here with advices from Santa Fe to the 25th ultimo.

Another treaty has been concluded with the Navajo Indians. The Indians on the plain are very numerous, but now appear friendly.

The United States troops at Pawnee Fork are well. The mail party met a party of United States troops in Arkansas, en route for New Mexico.

Steamboat Disaster.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 12.—The steamer Kate Howard, with a valuable cargo and 150 passengers on board, met with an accident and sunk in the Missouri river, below Jefferson City, yesterday evening.

The boat and cargo are almost a total loss, but no lives were lost.

A FRENCH LAW SUIT.—The Paris correspondent of the London Star says:

Again, are Jules Favre and Chaix d Est Ange are to be employed in haggling, bargaining, and huckstering, concerning a few more of the particles of the fame of poor Rachel. Raphael Felix, her friend and brother, hesitates not to come once more before the tribunals, this time to claim, not as before the price due upon the portion of renown left by the immortal artist to the public at large, but exemption from payment of his share of the price agreed upon for extension of that renown through the medium of literature and painting. M. Raphael Felix having exhausted every means of gain to be obtained by the fame of his dead sister, whose wardrobe, jewels, favorite Bible, worn-out slippers, and an old blind parrot, had all been sold to the highest bidder, bethought himself of yet another way of working her memory to advantage. He therefore commissioned M. Jules Janin to write a history of her fame in the different characters she had portrayed during the ten years she had occupied the stage; and M. de la Blanchiche, a celebrated photographer, to fix that countenance before the shades of death had darkened it, as shown in the last photography of all—in the memory of the public it had once charmed so wisely. The speculation had no success. It came too late, and so M. Raphael Felix comes before the second tribunal to sue for damages against the artists who have prevented his sister's memory from bringing him in the little round sum of which he had calculated, until he had cooked up some other portion of her remains to make the family pot boil a little longer.

Department News.

From the Washington papers of the 7th inst. we extract the following official intelligence:

UNITED STATES TIMBER LANDS.—The General Land Office has determined upon the adoption of the most stringent measures in its power to prevent trespasses upon the fine growing timber of the public lands. It is believed that much valuable timber is taken by trespassers. The attention of one of the United States district attorneys has already been called to a special case that has recently been brought to the attention of the United States officers in Wisconsin.

LAND OFFICE DECISION.—The Commissioner of the General Land Office has decided that under the postal pre-emption law of March 3, 1855, the right to select and pre-empt a section of public land for each twenty miles of the postal route run by the mail contractor is exhausted by the selection under the first contract, and that no renewal of contract renews the right to make selections.

GARNISHING U. S. OFFICERS.—A postmaster or other officer of the United States Government cannot be garnished for any money in their hands, due from the Government of the United States to contractors, etc. The question has long been a debated one, the highest tribunal in the land; and an attempt to charge a postmaster, as garnishee, is a proceeding against law, and an unwarrantable interference with the funds of the Government. The Supreme Court of the United States, in the case of Buchanan vs. Alexander, 4 Howard, 20, settled the rule that no officer of the United States can be charged as garnishee, in respect to public money in his hands; and that the funds of the United States, held by an agent of the Government for disbursement, cannot be reached by garnishment, nor diverted from the national objects to which they are specifically appropriated by State process or otherwise.

THE ROLL OF HONOR.—The following is a list of Revolutionary soldiers on the rolls of the States of Georgia and Alabama who are regularly receiving their pensions, and their age, in 1859:

GEORGIA.

Names.	County residence.	Age.
Micajah Brooks	Polk	96 years.
William Coggin	Gordon	104 years.
John Hames, Sr.	Murray	107 years.
John McMillion	Habersham	99 years.
John Nicholson	Union	96 years.

ALABAMA.

Reuben Stevens	Chambers	97 years.

The pension agents in North Carolina report the death of one Revolutionary soldier and pensioner for the half year ending June 30, 1859, viz: John Hammond, of Robeson county.

ARKANSAS SWAMP LANDS.—The Commissioner of the General Land Office has transmitted to the President of the United States, for signature, a patent (No. 5) for 129,693.53 acres in the Bateville District of Arkansas, which enure to that State under the act of September 28, 1850.

FLORIDA SURVEYS.—The General Land Office has received plats and field-notes of the following surveys in the State of Florida, east of the principal meridian: Townships 33 and 34 south, of range 32; 32 and 33 south, of range 33; and 33 south, of range 33.

Louisiana Intelligence.

The Ouachita Courier of the 4th instant says:

The health of our town and parish is not the best in the world, by upwards of a good deal. We hear of considerable sickness all up and down the river, principally chills and fevers, with some few cases of flux. Very few deaths are reported.

The Natchitoches Chronicle of the 6th says:

The weather during the week has been somewhat comfortable, in comparison with the extreme warm temperature of previous weeks, and though very close at night, the mornings are delightfully cool. The need of a good rain is greatly felt; we are every day threatened with it by heaven's artillery, yet we have not been blessed with even so much as a copious shower.

The Franklin Sun of the 5th instant has the following:

A visit to the country since our last afforded us an opportunity of seeing the crops in person. We found the cotton crop to be much worse than we had any idea of. Not half the cotton can be turned out this year that there was last year. With the exception of the showers in the latter part of June, which were only partial, and too light to do much good even where they were heaviest, the crops have been without rain during almost the entire growing season.

There was a shower of rain on Wednesday, which may have done some good as far as it went.

At the request of a large number of his friends, L. D. Nicholls, Esq., of Ascension parish, has consented to run as the Opposition candidate for Representative of the Second Congressional District.

A SHOCKING TRAGEDY.—A tragedy of the most fearful nature occurred in the town of Hamden (Fuller's Hollow) N. Y., on Tuesday night, the 2d inst., in the killing of her only son, William, by Mrs. Margaret Gow. The affair is thus related:

The deceased and his mother, who is a widow, kept house together. He was about 25 years of age, and is said to have been a stout, athletic young man. Mrs. Gow has always been considerably given to fits of insanity for a long time; and so determined have been her threats that she would kill her children, that a daughter had been compelled from fear to leave her mother's roof, and was living at the time of the homicide at Mr. Robt. Middlemast's, in Franklin. The son had also been in the habit of well securing his bed-room door on retiring for the night, fearing that his mother would enter stealthily and endeavor to carry out her threats, in which, indeed, she had been detected, as we learn, by a young man who had sometimes slept with the deceased. On the fatal night, it is supposed he had forgotten to fasten it.

From some suspicious appearances at the house, the neighbors entered it on Wednesday morning, when the terrible spectacle of the murdered man presented itself. The body was lying in bed, the head terribly mangled by severe blows from a slung shot, made by tying a heavy stone in the foot of a stocking, which was found lying on the floor of the room. After committing the fatal deed, the mother had carefully laid out the dead body, by washing the blood from it and placing a clean napkin under the head, upon the pillow, and a clean coverlid upon the bed. This act accomplished, and having evidently tried to wash the blood from the floor, doors, etc., the unfortunate woman at once left the terrible scene, intent on carrying out her tragic designs to the fullest extent. She at once repaired to the locality where her daughter lived, (Mr. Middlemast's,) and then in the woods looking towards the house, watched for an opportunity to slay her daughter, having first supplied herself with another slung-shot like that with which she killed her son, which was found upon her, as also a clean sheet and a napkin, with which she no doubt intended to lay her out also, after killing her.

SEDUCTION AND ELOPEMENT.—The Albany (N. Y.) Journal of Wednesday, the 3d inst., says:

A music teacher, by the name of Poulton, was dismissed from an educational institution at Fort Edward some time since, for incompetency and "indiscreet" immorality. As if to demonstrate the wisdom of the managers of the institution, he eloped (leaving his wife and children) a few nights since with a young lady of that place, a former pupil of the institution, and took lodgings in the hotel at Moreau Station. The brother of the young lady, living some distance from Fort Edward, hearing that something was wrong, followed up the fugitives, and reached their lodgings about midnight. The brother found his sister's room vacant, and the Professor's door locked. On forcing it the Professor was found in dishabille, and the young lady in hysterics. The witnesses of the scene thought the Professor should be awarded a suit of tar and feathers; but he was taken to jail, and the miserable girl to her home.

The Journal of Thursday says:

We yesterday announced the imprisonment of the Musical Professor, who eloped with a young lady, formerly, or at the time, a pupil in a school at Fort Edward. It now appears that, after his imprisonment, the young lady's friends determined to withdraw their complaint, so as to secure his release from jail, that they might inflict upon him the more summary punishment of a coat of tar and feathers. His friends, getting wind of the plot, prepared to thwart it; and when the prison doors were thrown open that the scamp might be handed over to the executioners, the agile professor availed himself of a fleet horse which was provided for him, and at once escaped from the meshes of the law and the coat of tar and feathers.

A TRAGIC STORY BRIEFLY TOLD.—Three robbers murdered and plundered a merchant, who bearing with him much gold and other valuable articles, was passing through a lonely wood. They brought their ill-gotten treasures into their cave, and sent the youngest one into the village to buy food.

When he had gone, the two remaining said to one another, "Why need we share these great riches with this fellow? Let us kill him when he returns, and then his part will fall to us?"

But the young robber thought to himself as he went: "How fortunate would I be if all these treasures were mine alone. I will poison my two associates, and then all will be mine." He bought food and drink, put poison into the wine, and returned to his companions.

As he entered the cave the other two sprang upon him, plunged a dirk into his heart, and he dropped dead on the ground! Whereupon they sat down, ate the food and drank the poisoned wine, and died in the greatest agony. Surrounded with stolen treasures they were found dead.

Local Intelligence.

A SLIGHT DASH OF RAIN kept the water-carts from coming out yesterday. The day was warm enough, but not particularly uncomfortable.

TWO ALARMS OF FIRE set the firemen running on Thursday night. The first alarm was false; the second was as good as false, being only the burning of a kitchen in Jefferson City.

A RARE BIT OF RACING SPORT came off at the Creole Course day before yesterday. *Bald Hornet* and *Bill Lampton*, crack pacers, contested at mile heats, best three in five, for $1800; the Hornet going under saddle, and Lampton to harness; the owners riding and driving, and the saddle man betting $1500 to the harness man's $300. Numerous spectators were present, and the excitement was high. Lampton, in his harness, won the race in three straight heats. We are assured that the bet, rash as it may have looked, was *bona fide*, and that the total losses of the losing horse-fancier footed up over $2000.

WEEKLY REPORT of the Free Dispensary of the New Orleans School of Medicine, on Common street, opposite the Charity Hospital:

Saturday, August 6, patients treated	85
Monday, August 8, patients treated	83
Wednesday, August 10, patients treated	40
	168
Treated previously	13,013
Total	13,171

THE REPORT OF CHARITY HOSPITAL, for the week ending last evening, shows an unprecedented state of health among the poor population, for the season. The discharges outnumbered the admissions, and the deaths were only 16. The figures are as follows:

Admitted	223
Discharged	238
Died	16
Remaining	627

No yellow fever.

IN OUR REPORT of the celebrated duck case, yesterday, we accidently got the names twisted, and placed the Flannerys and the McGees in each other's positions, so far at least as concerned the most exciting part of the drama, to wit: the sequestration of the duck by the constable. The McGees were not spectators of the fun at the Flannerys, but the Flannerys were spectators of the fun at the McGees. We make the correction, as requested, with pleasure; and promise that no other errors shall mar our accounts of the adventures of the celebrated duck, though the lawing run on for years, and finally go to soak in the Supreme Court.

THE LOUISIANA BASE BALL CLUB played their second match game last evening. A large number of spectators, including ladies, were present to enjoy the sport, which was excellent. A pleasant preliminary feature was the presentation to the club of two flags; one, an American flag, by Mr. C. Folger, one of the members, and the other, an elegant and tastefully wrought club-flag, by a lady, Mrs. Pettingill. The new tents were pitched, and with the new flags flying, and the gay concourse of spectators, gave the field the liveliest and pleasantest sort of an appearance. The result of the game was as follows:

PECKAY'S TEN.	Buns.		JONES' TEN.	Buns.	
Posey, c.	2	3	H. Jones, c.	2	4
Stagg, c.	0	4	Verlander, c.	0	6
H. B. Jones, l. f.	1	4	Selleck, 1. b.	3	3
Hetherington, 2. b.	2	3	Young, 2. b.	2	4
Collis, l. f.	2	3	Forshee, l. f.	1	2
Gullet, 3. b.	3	3	Barker, l. f.	1	2
Ferris, l. f.	1	3	Hook, c.	1	3
Hall, l. f.	1	3	Allen, s. s.	3	3
Horstow, 1st b.	2	3	Leathem, 3d b.	1st b.	2
Folger, s. s.	2	3	Bidwell, r. f.	1	3
Total	21		Total		41

Runs made in each innings—

	1st.	2d.	3d.	4th.	5th.	6th.	7th.	8th.	9th.	
PECKAY'S	2	3	3	4	2	2	6	0	2	—21
JONES'	4	0	11	9	3	2	8	0	4	—41

The conquering game will be played on Friday next, on the Delachaise ground, commencing at 4 P. M., precisely.

A POOR IRISHWOMAN, living up town, has for some time past been regularly expending a portion of her hard earnings for the golden chances of the Havana lottery; always buying her tickets from a peddler, who brought them to the house in his pockets. Her ticket in the last lottery drew $400, and she was properly happy. Her friend, the peddler, soon came to the house, congratulated her on her luck, and saying that he always made a present to his customers when they were in luck, presented her with two entire tickets of the next drawing. She, in her good humor and confidence, entrusted her lucky ticket to him to get cashed for her. He left, and the poor woman has not heard of him since. Worse still, on taking a second look at the tickets he had presented her, she found they were dead tickets of the last lottery!

THE RESIDENCE of Mr. Thomas Dicks, on Gasquet street, was entered by a thief on Thursday night. Mr. D's sleeping room was entered, his pantaloons pocket rifled of some money, and a valuable pair of pistols, worth $75, taken from his armoir. As the mosquito bar of his bed had a new and large slit in it, Mr. D. is of opinion that the rascal cut it to see if he was sleeping well. Whilst the fellow was going about the house ransacking it, with Mr. D.'s clothes on his arm, and a lighted candle in his hand, Mr. D. awoke and jumped out of bed. The rascal then ran down stairs, made a rush to escape through the side door, down stairs, by which he had entered. Mr. D. quickly got behind his bed and remained quiet; the rascal, hearing no further noise, took a general survey of the premises; hoisted the kitchen window, but took nothing therefrom; took some valuable female wearing apparel from the clothes-lines, and stirred up a tub of wet clothes in the yard, and then re-entered the house to take a fresh search. Mr. D. was diffident, having discovered that the rascal had his pistols, which were loaded. At last he concluded to make a break at the scoundrel, anyhow; so he jumped from his concealment, exclaiming, "Ah, you villain, I've caught you, have I?" The villain said no; not by word of mouth, but by his action. He dropped his candle and the clothing with which he was loaded, bolted like a sky-rocket through the side door and alley into the street and escaped; Mr. Dicks chasing him about a square, and raising a futile alarm. The rascal, however, succeeded in holding on to the pistols and money.

THE INJUNCTION sued out by certain property-holders to restrain the city authorities from selling the right of way for the proposed city railroads, is to come up for trial, before Judge Eggleston, of the Fifth District Court, on Monday, at 9 o'clock. It is an interesting dispute, and one in which the whole population is more or less interested.

G. W. MORRIS, in whose behalf the habeas corpus act was twice brought up, the particulars of which we have published, has gone to Kentucky, to answer the heavy charges preferred against him. Sheriff Richardson, of Ballard county, came after him, and was not a little gratified to find that Chief Adams had succeeded in holding on to him.

THE ALLEGED CONSPIRACY of Ex-Policeman Jas. Boyle to procure the assassination of Lieutenant Dryden and his special officer Bob Dalton, was investigated yesterday before Recorder Summers. When the case was called, at 11 o'clock, the Recorder looked grim, the lawyers engaged looked defiant, the accused and accuser, and the host of witnesses, looked properly solemn, and the faces of the spectators who crowded the court betokened a general feeling of the most breathless anxiety.

Judge Hahn appeared for the prosecution, and Mr. Blocker for the defense. The case was opened by a spirited sparring between these two gentlemen, as to the legality of the affidavits; the defense contending that con