The Orleans Daily Crescent.

[illegible] PRINTING OFFICE, CORNER OF CARONDELET AND NEW ORLEANS STS.

WILLIAM H. ADAMS.

SEMPLE, NIXON & ADAMS.

OFFICE, No. 19 CAMP STREET.

TERMS:

[illegible] will be published every morning, Sundays excepted, for [illegible] Dollars per annum, payable quarterly as the [illegible] Dollars, if not paid within the month, [illegible] Dollars. [illegible] Dollars, in all cases, [illegible] Dollars.

[illegible] Weekly Crescent and Weekly Commercial Bulletin will be made to regular advertisers [illegible] Dollars per square.

[illegible] Weekly Crescent will be published every Sunday morning at $5 per year, invariably in [illegible] Dollars, in advance, to subscribers throughout Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama, Texas, and other [illegible] Advertisements intended for insertion in the Weekly Crescent should be sent in before noon Saturday.

[illegible] MORNING, AUGUST 16, 1859.

[illegible] Mayor leaves the city [illegible] Monday, 15th inst., in consequence of [illegible] Mr. Benj. S. Harris [illegible] Board of Aldermen.

[illegible] The steamer Charmer, which arrived [illegible] from Vicksburg, brought [illegible] of the new crop; which [illegible] of the new crop, up to this date, [illegible]

[illegible] Dancing Associations.—The Association [illegible] and last performance [illegible] at the Amphitheater. The [illegible] and Cendrillon," "The Factory [illegible]," and a recitation from [illegible] Alice P. Hunt. The performances [illegible] the benefit of the charities of the [illegible] first, we are sure, will secure a [illegible]

[illegible] Cross Meetings.—Members of the different [illegible] will pay attention to the different [illegible] for the ratification meetings to [illegible] this evening. A full attendance is [illegible] this particular occasion.

[illegible] Members of the Order will pay attention [illegible] advertised this morning in [illegible] notice.

[illegible] Statue.—The Galleatin (Tenn.) [illegible] Gen. James Glover, of the California [illegible] Company, informs us of the existence [illegible] spring, on his route, 230 miles east of [illegible] on the road leading to San Antonio. It is [illegible] 150 feet in diameter, and has been sounded to a depth of 4000 feet without finding bottom. The [illegible] is such as that of a mountain lake. It [illegible], running about three miles, when it disappears, and again six miles distant reappears, forming a stream fifteen to twenty feet deep in many places. It is slightly impregnated with alkali, and contains five varieties of fish. It is called the Leon Hole.

Two Men Drowned.—On the 9th inst. a skiff in the Delaware river opposite Philadelphia, containing two men, was run into by a steamboat and capsized. Both of the men were drowned and one of the others was severely hurt by a blow from the wheel of the boat.

[illegible] Coal.—A rich bed of cannel coal has been discovered in the vicinity of Rock Bluffs, on the [illegible], about twenty miles above Nebraska City, N. T. At an entrance of only eight feet in the bluff is four feet think and said to be of a [illegible]

[illegible] Gunboats.—The gunboats built at Toulon [illegible] of Duchiers, were eighty feet long, each [illegible] to carry one enormous siege gun and 200 [illegible]. They have five feet of water with their armament [illegible] machinery on board. They cost in Toulon [illegible] each, and their transportation in pieces [illegible] together on the lake cost $10,000 more [illegible]

An Intelligent Dog in Teochula.—A Philadelphia [illegible] recently visited the place where they im[illegible] dogs in that city, says:

[illegible] very, particularly sorry, for one poor brute [illegible] other afternoon, with two hundred and [illegible] It was an educated animal, [illegible] belonged to some one who had [illegible] pains in rendering him accomplished. [illegible] dogs were being killed, he en[illegible] what else could it be?—to propitiate the [illegible] by an exhibition of his acquirements. He first sat upright, like a child in a [illegible]; and then alternated the process like [illegible] of Mother Hubbard, by standing on his [illegible]. He then walked upon his two side legs, and [illegible] the legs on the opposite side. We intercede[illegible] for poor brute, but without avail. What [illegible] feelings still more, was that the unhappy [illegible] at the table heard that tuitered him. Alas, [illegible]

[illegible] Sea-Serpent Caught.—The Yarmouth Register says that the far-famed sea-serpent has lately [illegible] that port, and was chased up a narrow creek [illegible] He turned out to be a horse-mackerel, measuring over eight feet in length and weighing 316 [illegible]. The Register says:

It is the opinion of experienced fishermen that this [illegible] which has given rise to the belief in a sea-serpent. When it is running at its ordinary speed in [illegible] water, it moves just under the surface of the [illegible] a wave which rises up in a series of [illegible] for about one hundred feet in a straight line before it falls off into the ordinary spreading [illegible] produced by a body moving through the water. [illegible] in moderate weather so closely resembles that of a huge serpent moving over the surface of the water, that it is difficult, even to those accustomed to the appearance, to realize that it is [illegible] but a fish, and it is not strange that, when seen for the first time, it should strike the beholder with terror.

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A Remarkable Watch.—The Norwich (Conn.) Bulletin relates the following incident:

At the late clam bake at Bryan's Grove, where the Franklin Sunday School were holding their pic-nic, [illegible] afternoon, Mr. Denison, who was superintending the operation, dropped his gold hunting watch into the pit with the clams. Some of the party advised taking up the whole concern, and getting the watch out. Mr. Denison advised letting the clams and watch alone, and leave the watch to bake. The company offered no resistance to this, knowing that it would afford it if he could, and the watch was accordingly buried until the clams opened their shells. At the end of forty minutes the watch was taken out with a shovel full of clams, so hot that it had to cool for some minutes before it could be opened. It had not stopped doing its duty through the whole heat, and is as good a watch to-day "as anybody's got." Put it down as a bardshell.

Suicide in New York.—The Tribune of the 11th says:

At a late hour last night, a gentleman whose name is there suitable for assertain, committed suicide by jumping from one of the upper windows of the Sinclair House, and falling upon the sidewalk in front, broke his neck, causing instant death. The body was conveyed inside the house to await the action of the coroner. It is said that the deceased was a very wealthy merchant from the South.

Business Opportunity at Court.—Robert Pitkin, Nos. 13 and 15 Camp street, offers great inducements to those who are about commencing clothing. Until the 1st of October, he will dispose of his elegant and entirely selected stock of goods, comprising everything in the clothing line, at cost prices. We direct attention to the advertisement in another column.

Dry Goods.—The particular attention of buyers is called to the magnificent dry goods to take place this day at 10 o'clock at the auction room of E. Roger & Co., No. 22 Old Levee street. Extra at sale.

A SCHEME TO SETTLE THE CUBAN QUESTION.

In reply to a recent article in *La Patrie*, Paris, upon Cuban affairs and prospects, a pamphlet has appeared in that city, written apparently by some one who is either a native of the island or feels a deep interest in its welfare. The writer strongly censures Spain for her hypocrisy in encouraging the slave trade, in the face of treaty stipulations with England to put a stop to it as a condition which should guarantee her the peaceful ownership of the island, and thinks that while the wishes and sympathies of Europe are with Spain, "the repugnant policy" of the latter is the real source of her misfortunes and dangers. He is particularly opposed to the Africanization of the Antilles, as suggested by *La Patrie*, and thinks that the European powers should adopt a more lofty tone in dealing with the question, and protecting Cuba against the designs of the United States; the "exclusive Monroe doctrine" should be compelled to give way to the "doctrine of universal good;" and if Spain and Cuba find it impossible to sustain their relations of mother country and colony, the latter should be made independent under the guaranty and protection of the principal European and American nations. All this should be arranged and definitely settled by a convention of those powers, who should "determine the abolition of slavery, fix the period for its execution, the indemnification due to the slaveholders, the resources for that object, and all means necessary to realize that emancipation without danger or disturbance." After defining other duties which would devolve upon such a convention as he had imagined, the writer proceeds to say:

For this purpose, France, England, Russia, the United States, Brazil, and Spain, should be invited to take part in the Convention, which would likewise solve all the difficulties pending in America. The national independence of all nations, now threatened by the adventurous policy of the United States, would be secured through this first step of European diplomacy, or might be the subject of an addition to the principal treaty.

The retreat of the Cabinet of Washington to join in this scheme would place the American Union beyond the pale of civilization, and trace the path which Europe should follow. Has not the hour come to commence the debate between the celebrated Monroe doctrine and universal law? It may be afterwards too late. England should be explicit as to her views on the balance of power, and her apparent complicity with Spain in the slave trade. Is she for Africanization in all the Antilles, in order to become herself the only producer of sugar, etc.? Or would she aid annexation to the United States, for the aggrandizement of the Anglo-Saxon race?

The writer has not very closely studied the sentiments of the American people upon the subject, as he would apprehend little danger to any proper effort to effect the independence of Cuba from the interference of this country. While Americans desire and expect the ultimate possession of the island, they would nevertheless rejoice to see the Cubans enrol themselves as a free and independent nation, believing that such a step would but ensure and smooth the way to the final, inevitable result—inevitable, if we remain a free and independent nation ourselves. As to European diplomacy, the people of this country are pretty much agreed among themselves that the question shall not be settled by the peremptory dictum of foreign powers, unless such settlement agree with ideas on this side of the water; and if they must view that determination as arraying the Monroe doctrine against "universal law," they will probably conclude that, whatever may be the expression, it is not a law broad enough in scope to regulate the destinies of all the nations upon the two continents and their dependencies. The threat of placing the American Union "beyond the pale of civilization" would no doubt be a very fearful one had it not long ago been worn thread-bare by indignant editors and orators in both France and England. The English Abolitionists declared as already so years ago, and that doom has been repeatedly and emphatically pronounced against as recently because we refused to give up, at the modest request of the Paris Conference, a bad habit we have of annoying an enemy with private armed vessels when we are at war upon the high seas. In fact, we have been so frequently read out of the family of decent nations, by reason of our general and particular depravity and wickedness, that the world no doubt looks upon such a proscription as our proper inheritance, assigned to us by an inexorable destiny and our own natural ungodliness.

A Poisoning Case.—The Columbus (Ohio) Journal states that a Mrs. Conklin died a few days ago near Dayton very suddenly, and it was suspected that a hired girl in the family had poisoned her, Mrs. C. having discovered an improper intimacy between her husband and the girl. Measures were about to be taken for a full investigation.

A Professor Tarred and Feathered.—The Troy (N. Y.) Whig furnishes the following sequel to a scandalous affair which we noticed a day or two since:

We have already stated how Prof. Poulton, the hero of "that elopement up North," got into jail; and how he got out again. Well, it seems, on regaining his liberty, he took his way by "easy stages" of foot, traveling in night time toward Lansingburgh, his former residence. It seems also, that his approach was anticipated, for this morning, on the Mechanicville road, about two miles above Waterford, might have been seen a large quantity of loose feathers scattered about and an empty bolster case. To go back a little in time, and down a little in locality! About 11 o'clock on Saturday night, a horrid looking object crossed over the Waterford bridge to the Lansingburgh side. The gate-keeper ascertained that the object was Prof. Poulton, making his way to his family home. He had been stripped stark naked for the operation, and he had, on being "finished," succeeded in getting on only his pantaloons, and his coat thrown loosely over his shoulders and his thick coating of tar and feathers. Further particulars not ascertained; but the Professor had undoubtedly been "waited for," for punishment, and it was given to him severely.

A Bloody Carnival Among Pugilists.—After the prize fight, a few days ago, between Burns and Connors, on an island above St. Louis, a bloody and indiscriminate melee took place among the respective backers of the two champions. An eye witness gives in the Republican the following description of the scene:

Almost all the spectators of the fight had returned to their respective boats, when a number of pistol reports were heard, and a general stampede took place. Four men were using their revolvers on the Byrnes party, who were trying to escape to their boat. One poor wretch, after being knocked down with a bottle, was shot behind the left ear, the ball passing around under the scalp to the right side of the forehead. The sight was hideous. From the crown of his head to his middle, he was a mass of gore. He staggered to the boat, and plunging into the water, narrowly escaped drowning. As he was going down, a plank was thrust under him, and he was dragged on board. Another man, who was shot in the face, ran into the bushes, was seen from the upper deck of the boat to fall, and was left to his fate. A man was shot in the head while swimming to the boat. He sank, and was seen no more. Another was shot in the upper arm. Another had his wrist grazed, his sleeve torn. Another had a ball pass through the skirt of his pea jacket. Four men were seen struggling and fighting in the river, close to the island, and only three ever got ashore, the other swimming to the boat and being dragged on board. Reilly, who was stabbed, is now lying at the point of death, at the corner of Morgan street and the levee.

What Blondin will do Next.—The editor of the Auburn (N. Y.) Advertiser has been to Niagara Falls, and saw Blondin replace his guy ropes after having removed them last week. The Auburn gentleman ventures into speculation as to Blondin's chance of escape, in case he should fall from the rope, and comes to a remarkable conclusion, namely: that he would swim ashore and come out safely. The writer says:

This courageous man expressed himself satisfied that a fall from the rope would not be fatal. He has had considerable experience in falling, and has made many experiments. In case he should find himself going from his rope he would roll himself into the shape of a ball, and when he struck there would be so little surface exposed that it would be of little consequence how he went into the water, he would come to the surface and swim out. The Monsieur talks with such confidence of his success in case of a fall, that we have no doubt but that he will vary his entertainments by an apparant misstep and a tumble from his rope. It would make his feat appear more difficult and the danger more appalling. The current is slow where he crosses, and unless killed by the fall, he could easily swim ashore.

* Arrival of Gold from the Kansas Mines.—A dispatch of the 10th inst. from Leavenworth says:

An express arrived here yesterday from the mines. It brought $1000 in gold, consigned to Snoot, Russell & Co. The gold is of the finest quality, some nuggets weighing $15.

Provisions had been cheap at the mines, and no suffering heard of. The express brought no mail.

NEW YORK CORRESPONDENCE.

[Special to the New Orleans Crescent.]

New York, August 9, 1859.

Messrs. Editors: We are in the middle of an unusually pleasant summer, and thus far our city has been remarkably healthy.

The political excitement seems to be on the increase. The Democracy in this State seem to have become a *unit* by one of those curious affairs that sometimes occur and restore harmony. Mr. Wise, of Virginia, addressed a remarkable letter about three weeks since to the Hon. John C. Withers, a *Hard*, and a friend. This letter, by accident—certainly not intentionally—was made public about the time the State Central Committee met at Albany, on the 3d of August. Its effect was instantaneous. The Hards, some of whom have been in the "Wise" movement, and active for district delegates to go to the Charleston Convention, got *scared*, and with their old Hard chieftain, the venerable Dickinson, at once made a union with the Softs, and consented to have the thirty-five delegates for Charleston appointed by the State Convention that meets in September next. Fernando Wood, who is regarded as the engineer of Mr. Wise in this State, pronounced the letter a forgery. But no one believed him, for there were many evidences that it was *genuine*.

It exhibited a design to cheat Douglas. The consequence is that Douglas has increased his strength in the organization very materially in consequence of the letter of Mr. Wise, and it is generally conceded that the thirty-five delegates from this State will throw their votes for Douglas at Charleston.

The news from Tennessee, that a majority of the members of Congress had been elected, is quite inspiring to the new party. It is now almost certain that the Old Line Whigs, the Americans, Conservative Republicans and dissatisfied Democrats in the North will form a "National Union Conservative Opposition party," and, in concert with the Southern Opposition, hold a national convention early next spring, and nominate candidates for the Presidency and Vice-Presidency. The "Nucop" alliance is as strongly opposed to Black Republicanism as to Democracy. In Maryland the party will be strong and control everything. The following, which I clip from the Republic (Buffalo) tells a whole story:

A New Phase—The Americans.—We see it reported that the Maryland Americans met in State council on the 24th of August, and that the members of that party intend to nominate at an early day John J. Crittenden, of Kentucky, as their candidate for the Presidency, and William F. Havermeyer, of New York, for the Vice-Presidency, subject to the decision of the "National Union Conservative Opposition party," or "Nucop" Convention, to meet in Baltimore next March. Mr. C. is an Old Line Whig, an American, and Conservative Republican. Havermeyer is a dissatisfied but Conservative Democrat. This Maryland American movement will prove a polar star to the scattered forces of that party, who are now in an open boat drifting wild at sea, without compass, chart or rudder. In New Jersey they do not know what to do. In this State—ditto. In Ohio they have adopted the Republican ticket. In Maryland the Americans are organized, a bold and true band, and as this State in 1856 was the *only* State that elected the Opposition candidate, Mr. Fillmore, her moral force is very great, and will be regarded. If Maryland nominates a national ticket, she will find the masses of the American party in other States rallying to its support. Crittenden and Havermeyer will make a strong ticket.

The above is pretty true, with this exception: In Ohio the Americans have called a State Convention to meet at Columbus, on the 24th instant, to nominate a State ticket, and also to select delegates to a National Convention, entirely disconnected with the Republican party.

In New Jersey, they do know what to do. An immense gathering of Americans was held at Camden on the 4th instant. Spirited resolutions were passed, and an American Opposition Convention of the State is called at Camden on the 1st September. These men denounce the Black Republicans and Democrats. Commodore Stockton made a long speech. In Virginia the Opposition are wide awake, and I can assure you in this State the Americans and Old Line Whigs are not going to be harnessed up in the Republican team. A Conservative State ticket (Nucop) will be nominated, and is good for 150,000 votes. In the city the Democracy will unite on the Mayoralty candidate, who will be Wm. D. Kennedy, formerly the Grand Sachem of Tammany. Mr. Wood is played out, and his Mozart Hall clique will dissolve before the election; for Wood is careful of spending his own money, and nobody else will spend a cent to support a band of disorganizers, got up for Mr. Wood's personal benefit.

The Erie Railroad has gone into the hands of a receiver. It does not matter much, for in no case can its stock ever be worth the paper it is printed on. Tens of thousands of persons, who were in comfortable circumstances, have been ruined by taking stock in Erie, a company that at one time, was regarded as solid as the Rocky Mountains.

The city papers this morning contain "a card" from Robert C. Macdonald, the man who shot the girl Stewart. It seems that on the day she died, Macdonald and two policemen went to a house of ill-fame, where they drank and caroused for some hours, and when Macdonald went back to his cell, he carried with him a quantity of champagne and boxes of cigars. Mr. Macdonald does not deny the fact, he only wishes to exonerate his friends, the policemen. It is a cool thing for a man to do under the dreadful circumstances in which he is placed. We have laws in this city, but they are not carried out. My idea is that Macdonald will be admitted to bail in a few days. Then he will run away, and forfeit the (straw) bail.

Jacob Little, the Wall street broker, is once more in the Board of Brokers. Such a man gives life and activity to that institution, and rather than not have him among them, the Board would have paid and settled Jacob's debts, had he not have been able to accomplish it.

Charles Dickens comes over in September. He is to give a series of lectures, in order to replenish his pockets from our surplus funds.

Yacht racing is attracting considerable attention, more so than formerly, from the fact that the Herald is constantly ventilating the subject. The editor's son owns a yacht, and it brings him into association with the sons of gentlemen. Bennett is pleased with the idea, and spends a large sum to carry it out.

The way in which reporters and correspondents magnify small matters into large ones, is well exemplied in the case of a Cuban gentleman named Oviedo, who is shortly to be married. He bought about $15,000 worth of jewelry, and nearly every journal has contained statements of $600,000 worth, "a million," but none less than half a million. The identical store where the costly jewelry was purchased, was set down with faithful fidelity. It was all humbug. The store in question never contained over $150,000 worth of stock at any one time, and I have seen the day when the "stock" of the same concern would have been dear at $1000! Why cannot people tell the truth. Extravagant lies are exceedingly foolish in a newspaper correspondent.

The somewhat celebrated "Wood Minstrels," have rented their place on Broadway for a bank, at $10,000 a year. Since Wood dissolved with the clever George Christie, his minstrel business has been going down hill, and become a losing concern. Wood is a brother of the great Fernando.

The greatest man (confidence) that has lately appeared upon the New York pave, is the dashing, elegant Englishman, known as doctor Thomas T. Ellis. This accomplished swindler has victimized over fifty of our shrewdest trades' people. Shops where the proprietors have had their eye teeth cut long ago, stood no chance with this new fleecer. He is in the Toombs now, and will be most assuredly transferred to the Medical Department at the Sing Sing State Prison.

SALEM.

Great Trot on Long Island.—A trot took place over the Eclipse Course on the 9th inst. between *Flora Temple* and *Princess*, for a purse of $1000—best three in five. The New York Times says:

The track was in excellent condition, so were the horses. *Flora Temple* was driven by J. McManu, and *Princess* by J. L. Bolt. In starting on the first heat *Flora* won the inside, went ahead and kept ahead, making the first quarter in 36 seconds, the second also in 36, the third in 38, and the fourth in 33½—her time for the mile being two minutes 23½ seconds, beating *Princess* by six lengths. This was trotting to be applauded, and it was loudly and rapturously applauded. The crowd dissolved itself and drank bad brandy; then resolved itself into small nobs, and either reconsidered the former bets, or made new ones. *Flora* became the favorite, and 100 to 50 against *Princess* was offered and accepted with hesitation.

On the second heat, *Princess* took the lead, but *Flora* shot ahead before reaching the first quarter, making it in 34 seconds, the half mile in 1 minute and 9 seconds, and the whole mile in the unequalled time of 2:22—the fastest trotting on any course on Long Island, and, it is claimed, the fastest on record.

DIED:

On Monday evening, 15th inst., Capt. JOHN C. GRAEFF, aged 19 years, a native of Pennsylvania.

☞ Washington, Louisville and Philadelphia papers please copy.

The friends and acquaintances of the deceased are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his brother-in-law, Maurice Langthorne, 509 Apollo street, between Josephine and Jackson streets, this evening at 4 o'clock.

☞ **Third Ward American Club**—The regular meetings of this Club take place at No. 32 Camp street, near Natchez, every SUNDAY EVENING at 4 o'clock. jy18

☞ **The Fourth Ward Club of the American** Party will meet at the Railroad Depot, corner of Barcome and Perdido streets, on WEDNESDAY, the 17th inst., at 7 o'clock P. M., to ratify or reject the nominations made by the Council.

By order of the President. au15 2t

☞ **Members of Fourth Ward American** Clubs are requested to assemble at their hall, 44 St. Louis street, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, the 17th inst., at 7 o'clock, for the purpose of ratifying the nominations made by the Executive Committee. Members are requested to be punctual.

By order of the President.

au15 2p3t D. WATERS, Secretary.

☞ **The Fifth Ward American Club**—This Club meets on WEDNESDAY, the 17th inst., at 7 o'clock P. M., in the School-House on Basin street, between Toulouse and St. Louis streets, for the purpose of ratifying or rejecting the nominations made by the Council of the American party.

By order of the President. au15 2t3

☞ **Sixth Ward American Club**—This Club meets on WEDNESDAY NEXT, the 17th inst., at 7 o'clock P. M., in the School-House on Hospital street, between Dauphine and Burgundy streets, for the purpose of ratifying or rejecting the nominations made by the Council of the American party.

By order of the President. au15 2t3t

☞ **Sixth Ward American Club**—This Club, by resolution, meets regularly on the FIRST FRIDAY of each month, until the first Friday of September, from which time it will meet weekly. jy30

☞ **Seventh Ward American Club**—The members of the Seventh Ward American Club are requested to meet at their hall on Victory street, between Frenchmen and Elysian Fields street—next door to Mann's Confectionery—on WEDNESDAY EVENING, the 17th inst., at 7 o'clock, for the purpose of ratifying the nominations made by the Council of the American party. Members are requested to be punctual.

By order of the President.

au16 2t C. F. WHITE, Secretary.

☞ **For Congress**—Editors Crescent—Please announce me as a candidate to represent the First Congressional District of Louisiana, subject to the decision of the American Convention.

au15 2t3t CHARLES D. DREUX.

☞ **To the American Party.**—I respectfully submit my name as a candidate for the office of Clerk of the Sixth District Court of New Orleans at the ensuing election, subject to the decision of the Convention of the Party.

au1 1f JOHN E. HOLLAND.

☞ **For Congress**—We are authorized to announce the name of Mr. J. E. BOULIGNY as a candidate for Congress from the First Representative District, subject to the nomination of the American party. jy27 1f

☞ **Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Liver Pills,** Fleming Bros. Proprietors—This great medicine has supplanted all others for the cure of diseases of the Liver. Its effects are so salutary and speedy, and at the same time so perfectly safe, that it is not surprising that it should supersede all others. Invented by a very distinguished physician of Virginia, who practiced in a region of country in which Hepatic or Liver Complaint, is peculiarly formidable and common, and who has spent years in discovering the ingredients and proportioning their quantities, these Pills are peculiarly adapted to every form of the disease and never fail to alleviate the most obstinate cases of that terrible complaint. They have justly become celebrated, and the researches of Dr. M'Lane have placed his name among the benefactors of mankind. No one having symptoms of this formidable complaint should be without these invaluable Pills. Have you a pain in the right side, under the edge of the ribs, which increases with pressure—unable to lie with ease on the left side—with occasional, sometimes constant, pain under the shoulder-blade, frequently extending to the top of the shoulder? Rely upon it, that although the latter pains are sometimes taken for rheumatic, they all arise from diseases of the Liver; and if you would have relief, go instantly and buy a box of Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills, prepared by Fleming Bros. of Pittsburg.

Purchasers will be careful to ask for Dr. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburg, Pa. There are other Pills purporting to be Liver Pills, now before the public. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Liver Pills, also his celebrated Vermifuge, can now be had at all respectable drug stores. None genuine without the signature of FLEMING BROS. Sold by SCOVILL & MEAD, 111 and 113 Chartres street, New Orleans, Wholesale Agents for the South. au15 2p6t&W

☞ **The great West is the promised land** in the eyes of millions, both in the Old World and the New. Its fertile soil and magnificent opportunities for development are the great sources of its attractions. But along its beautiful streams there lurks malaria of most deadly influence, which is the great drawback of that splendid region, and must remain so for many years to come. Emigrants and others who contemplate settlement in that section, will do well to provide themselves with the only cure that has yet been found efficient, speedy and certain; we mean Dr. J. HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED BITTERS, which has snatched hundreds from an untimely grave. Their operation upon the digestive organs is soon felt to be beneficient without being violent.

Sold in New Orleans, wholesale and retail, by J. WRIGHT & CO., 21 and 131 Chartres street, sole agents for the Southern States, and to whom all orders should be addressed, and by druggists and dealers generally everywhere. au15 2p6t&W

☞ **Worth Reading and Thinking about**—BININGER'S OLD LONDON DOCK GIN—Designed for the use of the Medical Profession and the Family, having superseded the so-called "Gins," "Aromatic," "Cordial," "Medicated," etc., is now endorsed by all the prominent physicians, chemists and connoisseurs as possessing all those intrinsic medicinal qualities (Tonic and Diuretic) which belong to an OLD and PURE GIN. Put up in Quart Bottles, and sold by all Druggists, Grocers, etc.

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To Married Ladies it is peculiarly suited. It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.

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TO THE PUBLIC.

Having been impressed with the idea from the statement of one of the witnesses in Recorder Summons' court of the 12th inst., that I had arrested Mr. John R. Weaver as a dangerous and suspicious character and vagrant, and having been called upon in regard to the matter, in justice to the party and his friends, I most cheerfully deny the statement, and have to state that the records do not show that Mr. Weaver was ever dismissed from the police upon those grounds. An affidavit was made against me, through misrepresentation of certain parties, charging me with calling him a thief, which I then denied as I do at this time. There was a man by the name of John A. Weaver, in the Fourth District, discharged from the police for stealing, but he was not a relative of John R. Weaver.

THOMAS H. DRYDEN,

au16 2p1t Lieutenant First District.

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By order of the Board.

JOHN D. MATTHEWS,

Superintendent of Public Instruction.

JAMES HARLAN,

Attorney General.

MASON BROWN,

Secretary of State.

Though Professor D