Silverware Factory.

HYDE & GOODRICH,

Corner of Canal and Royal sts., N. O.,

Have their Manufactory of SILVERWARE in the city, and will make to order any article wanted, at short notice.

PRESENTATION CUPS,
GOBLETS and PITCHERS,
REGATTA PRIZES,
FIREMEN'S TRUMPETS, etc.

Prizes for Agricultural and other Fairs, made by the quantity at a very low price.

Silver Castors, Waiters, Cake Baskets, Soup Tureens, Chafing and Ice Dishes, Urns, Center Pieces, Candlesticks, Tea Sets, Meat and Vegetable Dishes, Pitchers, Goblets, Cups, Spoons and Forks, and Fancy Pieces in endless variety.

Old Silver taken in exchange for new pieces, or bought for cash.

HYDE & GOODRICH,
d6 1pif New Orleans.

First Premium Shirts,

FINE BESPOKE MADE CLOTHES,
—And—
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.

PRICES CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST, and in all cases the WORTH given for the money, at

LEIGHTON'S,
Corner St. Charles and Canal streets.

N. B.—Clothing and Shirts made to order. n28 2pif

W. A. Wilson,

—DEALER IN—

FINE WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVERWARE, CUTLERY, GUNS,
FANCY GOODS, etc., etc., etc.

1s3 2pif No. 88 CANAL STREET.

Bi-Carb. Soda.

220 kegs Bi-Carb Soda, in store and for sale by

WOODMAN & BEMENT,
n28 2pif Corner Magazine and Common streets.

Notice.

I have the honor to inform my patrons, that owing to improvements in my Store, I have transferred the SHAVING ROOM to the next door, and that same attention will be paid as heretofore.

I. B. BOIRON,
n28 2pif 64 St. Charles street.

Mantel Ornaments.

Just received from Paris, a beautiful assortment of—

BRONZE AND MARBLE CLOCKS,
BRONZE AND PORCELAIN VASES,
BRONZE STATUES AND CANDELEBRAS,
PORCELAIN CANDLE STICKS,
BISCUIT GROUPS, etc., etc., etc.

LION & PINSARD,
n28 2pif 54 and 56 Royal street, corner Bienville.

Hostetler's Bitters.

692 Dozen in store and for sale by

WOODMAN & BEMENT,
n28 2pif Corner Magazine and Common streets.

J. G. WATTS.....F. JO. BAUDUC.....G. MACKEY.

Watts, Bauduc & Mackey,

GENERAL AUCTIONEERS
—AND—
APPRAISERS,

Nos. 55 and 57 Magazine street, (corner of Natchez.)

Will give prompt attention to the sale of—

REAL ESTATE AND SLAVES,
SUCCESSION AND PORTWARDENS' SALES,
CARGOES, VESSELS,
BANK AND OTHER STOCKS,
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
PRODUCE, LIQUORS,
HORSES, MULES,
CARRIAGES.

And all other descriptions of property and merchandise.

n28 2pif

Woodman & Bement,

(Successors to O. O. Woodman & Co.)

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,

Corner Common and Magazine streets, New Orleans,

—IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN—

CHOICE GOODS—SELECTED MEDICINES,

PURE CHEMICALS,
ESSENTIAL OILS,
MEDICINAL EXTRACTS,
FINE PERFUMERY,
FANCY SOAPS,
PATENT MEDICINES,
SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS,
DRUGGISTS' GLASSWARE,
BRUSHES,
FRENCH AND AMERICAN
WINDOW GLASS,
PAINTS,
OILS,
DYE STUFFS, ETC.

Druggists, Physicians, Country Merchants and Planters, who purchase Medicines of best quality, may rely upon being suited. Orders promptly attended to.

WOODMAN & BEMENT,
n28 2pif Corner Magazine and Common streets.

Cigars! Cigars!

Purchasers will always find in store an assortment of the well known brands—Injenuidad, Flor de Pujados, Meridana, Flor de Pancho, Redowa, Cabocas, Partagas, Know Something, Washington, Dos Hermanos, Mano Habana, etc., etc., at the lowest prices.

P. PRATS & CO.,
n26 2pif 29 Commercial Place.

The Eastern Clarion,

PAULDING MISS.

S. R. Adams, Editor.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER, having the largest circulation of any country newspaper in the South, is very respectfully offered as an advertising medium to the Merchants of New Orleans. Agents for New Orleans—

A. B. STRAWBRIDGE & CO.,
n18 2pif No. 22 Commercial Place.

E. A. Tyler.

110 CANAL ST.....NEW ORLEANS.
—Dealer in—
FINE WATCHES, CLOCKS,
JEWELRY,
SILVER AND PLATED WARE.
—Manufacturer to Order—
Silverware and Jewelry.
DIAMONDS RESET, WATCHES, CLOCKS and JEWELRY REPAIRED. n6 2pif

Wines, Liquors, etc.,

NOS. 13 AND 15 ROYAL STREET.

A supply of CREME DE ROUZY CHAMPAGNE, in quarts and pints, continually on hand, which is equal to the best that comes to this market. Also, other brands of inferior quality, TOTAZ SHERRY, CABINET SHERRY, SIERRA SHERRY, GOLDEN SHERRY, DUFF GORDON SHERRY, ANCHOR SHERRY, SPARKLING and STILL ROCK, OH and Fine PORT WINE, MADEIRA AND SHERRY WINES, BRANDIES—Sazerac, of the vintage of 1795, 1798 and 1803, and other brands. WHISKY, of all descriptions—Scotch, Irish, Rye and Bourbon. ALE and PORTER, in pints and quarts. Also on hand, my usual assortment of the best

Wines and Liquors

to the market, which will be sold on as reasonable terms as any other house in the city.

SEWELL T. TAYLOR,
o7 2ply Nos. 13 and 15 Royal street.

Skeptical.

Those who are incredulous in regard to the superiority of Iron over Rope as a fastening for Cotton in case of fire, are requested to examine a bale that passed through the fire on the levee, Oct. 30, and lay FORTY HOURS in the smoldering remains of 20 bales of Rope Bound Cotton, nearly all of which was consumed. There were only two bales in Iron, both of them saved, with a loss of LESS THAN TEN PER CENT.

The bale is to be seen at No. 22 COMMERCIAL PLACE, where orders will be promptly filled for any number of the Hoops, by

P. BELCHER,
n6 2pif Agent of "FASSMAN'S IRON TIE."

Bruff Brother & Seaver,

44.....WARREN ST.....44
New York.
INVENTORS OF THE
CELEBRATED OVAL EYE COTTON HOES,
IMPROVED PATTERN CANE KNIVES.
—SOLE AGENTS FOR—
H. P. BRUFF'S AXES.

The jobbing trade supplied by the package.

A heavy stock of HARDWARE, CUTLERY, GUNS, etc., constantly on hand. jy21 2ply

NEW ORLEANS DAILY CRESCENT.

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY, SUNDAY EXCEPTED, BY J. O. NIXON, AT No. 70 CAMP STREET.

VOLUME XII. FRIDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 9, 1859. NUMBER 236.

New Stationery Store.

PETER O'DONNELL,

16.....CAMP STREET.....16

Under the City Hotel,

—Offers for sale—

AN ENTIRE NEW STOCK
—OF—
STAPLE AND FANCY STATIONERY,

Which, for variety, beauty, style and quality, has never been equaled in this market, and all of which is now open for their inspection, consisting in part of—

Paper.

A complete assortment of ENGLISH, FRENCH and AMERICAN—Packet Post, Commercial, Letter, Bath Post, and Note Paper of every description and quality, Ruled and Plain, Blue and White, Laid and Wove. English Record Paper, Ruled and Plain, and Legal Cap for the use of Lawyers, etc., etc.

—Also—

FOR BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURERS,

Fellows & Co.'s English, Imperial, Super Royal, Royal, Medium, Demy and Cap Book Paper, manufactured expressly to suit this climate.

Blank Books.

A splendid assortment of Blank Books; manufactured expressly for this market, made of the best materials, and bound in the best style of the art, and comprising

SUP. ROYAL, ROYAL, MEDIUM and DEMY.
LEDGERS, JOURNALS and CASH BOOKS.

ORDER BOOKS for GROCERS and others, together with a full supply of every description of

MEMORANDUM BOOKS.

Envelopes.

A very large, varied and beautiful assortment of Envelopes, embracing every known color and quality, and of every size, from the smallest Note to the largest and broadest Official.

Copying Books.

Mann's celebrated Parchment and White Copying Letter and Account Books, all sizes, half and full bound.

French Copying Letter Books, all sizes.

—OF—

Copying Books made to order, of any size and style of binding.

Copying Presses.

ENGLISH and AMERICAN Copying Presses, very superior; all sizes and fully warranted.

Seal Presses,

Engraved and Printed Bank Check Books,
Engraved Exchange, Drafts and Notes,
Gold Pens,
India Rubber Gold Mounted Pencil Cases,
Gold Pencil and Pen Cases,
Steel Pens, Inkstands,
Paper Weights,
Leather Goods,
Pocket Books, all kinds,

Counting House and Pocket Diaries for 1860,

Metallic Memorandum Books,

Chessmen, Backgammon Boards and Draughtsmen,
Ebony, Rosewood and Mahogany Writing Desks,
Slates, Cotton Sampling Paper,
Office and Pocket Cutlery,
Mathematical Instruments,
Wrapping Paper,
Quills, Quill Pens,
Twine,
Letter Clips and Files,

Together with a great variety of articles too numerous to give in an advertisement, but embracing everything in the shape of Stationery, usually to be found in a first-class stationery establishment.

PETER O'DONNELL,
16 Camp street,
Stationer, Printer and Blank Book Manufacturer.

P. O'D. would respectfully inform his customers and others that in the manufacture of Blank Books he uses none but the best of paper, and that his Printers and Binders are all men at the very head of their trades in this city, and cannot be beat in their several departments.

N. B. The attention of the country trade is most respectfully solicited. d5 2pdcod

E. A. Tyler,

110.....CANAL ST.....110

NEW AND BEAUTIFUL GOODS JUST OPENED!

WATCHES,
CLOCKS, BRONZE AND PARIAN ORNAMENTS,

Fine Jewelry.

In Diamonds, Ruby, Emeralds, Opals, Coral, Pearls, Etruscan, Mosaic, and a great variety of patterns.

Rich Silver Ware,

Tea Sets, Pitchers, Cups, Goblets, Trays, Vases, Castors, Spoons, Forks, Ladles, and a large assortment of articles suitable for PRESENTS.

Plated Ware,

Of the best quality and Beautiful Designs, Elegant China, Parian, Bronze, Porcelain and Wedgwood Vases and Figures.

FANCY GOODS, in great variety.

SPECTACLES—Gold, Silver, Steel and Shell Frames.

Cutlery.

Table and Pocket Cutlery, Scissors, Razors, Guns and Pistols.

WATCHES AND CLOCKS REPAIRED,
SILVER-WARE AND JEWELRY
MADE TO ORDER.
d5 2pdl

Diseases of the Throat and Lungs.

DR. C. PRESTON CRANE

Would respectfully announce that although, during his temporary absence from the city, the City Fathers have changed the number of his office, the location is still the same—old No. 146, new No. 135 ST. JOSEPH STREET, between Camp and St. Charles, where he will continue to treat diseases of the THROAT AND LUNGS by his peculiar and successful method of

INHALATION OF MEDICATED VAPORS,

In connexion with CONSTITUTIONAL REMEDIES. Dr. C. will also continue to administer the

ELECTROLYSES OR ELECTRO-CHEMICAL BATHS,

Which have also by proved so wonderfully efficacious in—

RHEUMATISM,
GOUT, LUMBAGO,
INTERMITTENT,
SCROFULA,

And all cutaneous affections, and in all diseases arising from impurities of the blood, or produced by the presence of inherents in the system. The Dr. will also give his attention to diseases of the Eye and Ear.

Office hours from 8 A. M. till 9 P. M.

Patients abroad desirous of consulting Dr. C. by letter, will address Box C, 49. n21 2pif

Cabinet Makers'
—AND—
UPHOLSTERS' MATERIALS
Of Every Description,

Gilt Cornices, Hair Cloth, Shades, Curtled Hair, Enameled Cloth, Curtain Goods, Cords and Tassels, Varnish, Glue and Fringes, Springs, Buttons and Twine, Glue, Picked and Common Moss, Camphene and Alcohol, Burning Fluid, Paints and Oils, Wall Paper, etc., at the Lowest Cash Prices, by

HEATH & CO.,
n28 2ply No. 75 Camp street.

Oriental Restaurant,

41 ST. CHARLES ST., OPPOSITE ST. CHARLES HOTEL.

The undersigned begs leave to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has now opened his RESTAURAT, and he pledges himself to provide the best MEATS, OYSTERS, GAME, FISH AND VEGETABLES, that the market affords. Attached to the establishment is an

OYSTER SALOON AND BAR,

Where the best brands of WINES, BRANDIES, etc., will be kept. Private rooms for Parties.

SAM. CROGHAN,
o9 2pif Proprietor.

MOLASSES.....MOLASSES.

A superior article of Sugar-House Syrup MOLASSES, from our well known ORLEANS STEAM REFINERY, also of the CRESCENT STEAM REFINERY, and other favorite brands, for sale by A. THOMSON & CO.,
d7 3m No. 43 Tchoupitoulas street.

New Orleans Daily Crescent.

FRIDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 9, 1859.

SOUTHERN OPPOSITION CONGRESSMEN.

It is very evident that the publisher of the Washington States resided in the South—in New Orleans—for years with very small profit to himself, or he never would have exhibited himself so offensively, and gratuitously withal, as he has recently done in the columns of his paper, by expressing a doubt of the fealty and loyalty of the Southern Opposition members of Congress. This doubt has not only been expressly set forth, but it is directly inferential in the wordy appeals which that paper has seen fit to address to Southern Opposition members, and which show that it dreads, or affects to dread, that these gentlemen will affiliate with the Black Republicans in the organization of the House. A single paragraph will show the tone and bearing of these appeals:

"It is for the Americans to decide. If they are recreant to the South all is lost—aye, even honor."

What have members of the Southern Opposition done that they should be directly or indirectly charged with treason? Louisiana sent one of these twenty-three South Americans of the House who hold the controlling power, the balance of power, in its organization in their hands—supposing that the Democracy are true—and on his behalf as well as that of his twenty-two brethren, we feel called upon to repel the insult which is offered them by the expressed doubts of the States, and its appeals addressed them, even though their palpable absurdity is their own refutation.

It had far better limit its operations to its proper arena as the whipper-in of the Northern Democracy, than take the liberty of lecturing the gentlemen of the Southern Opposition as to their duty to the South. We have not, and we believe that no other Opposition journal has, done the Southern Democracy the injustice of imagining that they, under any circumstances, would prove false to the South, and common courtesy, if not common sense, should suggest an equally just and honorable course to Democratic journals. It is for the Northern Democracy that we tremble—not so much, perhaps, in the organization of the House, as in its subsequent action—and to this portion of the representative people the States should address its arguments, and its moving patriotic appeals. Would it not be wiser than to waste ink and paper on the honorable gentlemen who represent Kentucky, Tennessee, Louisiana, Georgia, North Carolina, Maryland and Virginia constituencies, for these are the States which number among their delegations the Southern Opposition members who occupy so important a position in the present Congress? To doubt the integrity of these would seem to call for the exercise of mere insolence and nothing more. Could any one, in his sober senses, for an instant entertain so crazy an imagination as that they would affiliate with Black Republicanism, even though by so doing they would work the signal defeat of Democracy? This temptation will lose all its force when its price is treason to the South, and the States may spare its breath in appealing to them to do what of course they will do, unless, indeed, its object is to give the strongest cause of offence to a large body of Southern men, as it is succeeding in doing most effectually.

When the States hints at "a flagrant betrayal of constituencies," it must feel well satisfied that it has very little of support and countenance to lose in the South and much to lose in the North, or it would never traduce the former to curry favor with the latter, which sheltered and nurtured its publisher for years; for even that portion of the Southern Democracy which it sustains will not uphold it in its injurious suspicions and reflections upon their Opposition brethren. If there is any suspicion of a "flagrant betrayal of constituencies" to be cherished, let it be directed in the right direction, to-wit: to those Northern Democrats who may be justly suspected of Black Republican tendencies, though the States is careful to classify the whole delegation of that stripe as "gallant spirits who will joyously come at the bidding of the South" and "crown its exertions with triumph." If its premature flattery of their patriotism avails sufficiently to secure enough of them to ensure the triumph of the South, we will cheerfully forgive the States for its libellous animadversions upon the honor, honesty and common sense of the twenty-three gentlemen comprising the delegation to Congress of the Southern Opposition. Saying this much, we are willing to rest our cause and let the history of the Thirty-Sixth Congress speak for it. *Nous verrons.*

TALK ON 'CHANGE.

There was considerable activity on Carondelet street yesterday. The sales of cotton were large, notwithstanding the advices of the 23d and 24th ult., brought by the Edinburgh, arrived at New York. There was some commotion in the freight market—the rates ruling against shippers and adverse to cotton. But notwithstanding the advance in freights and decline in exchange, buyers took hold with avidity yesterday. Prices are not too high as yet. Factors, however, meet the demand freely. The receipts of cotton up to last evening fool up sixteen hundred and ten thousand bales (1,610,000). Beyond the movements in cotton and engagements in freight, there was very little talk going on. On the levee there was not such a mighty mass of business going on. At the sugar depot it was very dull, compared to last year at this time. There is no disposition evinced to force sugar on the market, and higher figures than now prevailing is sure to be realized. At the same time, high prices will, in some measure, check consumption, as luxuries, of which saccharine forms a component part, will not be indulged in so freely as last year.

While there has been a great deal said by English spinners and buyers of cotton, it must not be overlooked that there are two sides to the question, and as we are disposed to give both sides a fair hearing, we publish the following extract of a letter from an intelligent planter. As we have received it from a reliable source, it will command the respect of that rank:

I am truly glad to see the doings of the cotton trade on the score of its dirty cottons, and hope that the buyers of this class of productions will get a fill of the same. While the grower of fine cottons, and the same men who have been for ten years engaged in originating, improving and growing the best Uplands, are struggling to maintain the character of American cottons at ruinous prices for time and labor, the buyer and manufacturer have given encouragement to fraud, and villainous traffic in the preparation and handling of cottons that ought to have been set on fire in the warehouses before they were shipped. I hope the pain will be deep and felt in the full force of its rancor.

There were no mails received yesterday over the Jackson Railroad. A slide of land in the Mississippi Central Railroad interposed. The mail via Mobile was reported as through, with part of the Europa's letters from Liverpool up to the 19th. We hope to receive our correspondence sometime during this week or the next.

THE ATTENTION OF COMMISSION MERCHANTS is respectfully directed to the advertisement in another column of Vasle's patent flour and meal barrel—C. H. Slocomb & Co., sole agents. They also advertise their premium tools.

THE ATTENTION OF GROCERS AND WINE DEALERS is called to the sale at auction this day, at half-past 11 o'clock, at R. B. Sykes' salesroom, No. 45 Magazine street, of 300 packages of pale Sherry and Madeira wine, direct from Cadiz, entitled to debenture.

FOR MEMPHIS.—The steamer H. R. W. Hill, Capt. Newell, of the regular mail line, leaves at 5 o'clock this evening, connecting with the Memphis and Charleston, and Memphis and Ohio Railroads, for all points North, East and West. J. H. Fleigh, agent, Memphis packet office, under the St. Charles Hotel.

LAW CARD.—The office of Charles E. Mount, Esq., attorney and counselor-at-law, is at 74 Camp street, as is stated in published card.

Spiritualistic.

A lady lecturer is a *rara avis* in these parts, and Miss Emma Hardinge having announced that she was going to lecture last night on "What is Spirit," we thought we would step in, find out *what* is spirit and tell our readers, some of whom may have the same curiosity which we felt. We shall boil down the lady's lengthy, beautifully and ornately rhetorical, and eloquently delivered lecture, and give the gist of it in a few words, which will be its quintessence, and define what spirit is.

The theory set forth by Miss Hardinge, and which is about the same with which Baron D'Olibach and other old German materialists and transcendentalists, with their talk about the laws of the "material and immaterial forces," befogged their own brains and muddled those of their disciples, is not based or built upon what ordinary people receive as the facts of revelation and laws of matter, and all recognized standards being thus discarded no countervailing arguments can be suggested to destroy the sequence and harmony of the logic by which it is followed out in a smooth and beautiful stream to the desired deduction. Having very airily, if not conclusively, demonstrated the Scriptural account of the origin of animate and inanimate matter to be all wrong, the lecturer gave the practice of her theory a beginning "millions and millions of ages ago" when all matter was but a crude, chaotic mass, which in some unexplained manner possessed an undeveloped, electrical principle of vitality. This principle of vitality, this "imponderable prime force," this essential heat, in fact, this "spirit" starting up with a self-generated action, began to work upon crude matter, disentegrating it and forming soil, finally vegetables and trees, and all the physical aspects of inanimate nature by its own integral force, gradually exercised through the "millions of ages."

Finally this refining process became so advanced that a primary form of animal life was generated in matter, and particles of it became animated and shaped into creatures having feeling. These were the first rude forms of animal life, something of the worm or slug sort; and the "imponderable spirit force" keeping up the refining process, more shapely animals in the course of time took form, something in the same way—though in a vastly more gradual process from generation to generation—as a tadpole sheds his tail and comes forth a genteely-shaped and proper preliminary bull frog. Finally the refining process reached its climax, and the highest grade of animal shape was attained in the human form divine. Thus it is that "man came from dust" through all the gradations of slug, worm, reptile and brute.

And now for what spirit is, for we are approaching that grand climacteric development of the theory of spiritualistic faith: The imponderable spirit force existing in original matter was not idle in any of its qualities all this time while the refining process to which matter was being subjected was in progress. The first slug which had the initiatory shape of animal life also had in its misshapen carcass the element of an intellect, and this intellect, or "spirit," attained a higher grade in each step which matter progressed towards its ultimatum in the human form. But though the material progression portion of the spiritualistic theory ends with the human form, which it acknowledges cannot be improved, the immaterial progression part does not, and Miss H. argues that the refining process is still going on, and what was supernatural to past generations is not so to this (if all people would only believe it as Spiritualists do) and what is supernatural in this generation will not be so a few generations hence. "Spirit," then, is a subtler, more etherialized essence of the immaterial forces than now makes up the mind, the intellect, the soul, of the mass of men, a few of whom have gone through a further stage of the great refining process—and these are the demonstrative spiritualists (such as Hume and other rapping practitioners with the immaterial forces) to whom things are natural which are merely supernatural to the majority of ordinary mortals, who are not yet sufficiently refined.

By the way, we would give the *morceau* of argument by which Miss Hardinge proved that intellect is possessed by brutes, reptiles, vermin, and the even lower forms of animal life. Taking memory as the highest quality of intellect, she showed that the coral worm had memory, as it proved that it *remembered* the sea waves had destroyed its stone work when built up in an improper shape, and so built up its ocean walls in a form which would resist the elements and prevent a recurrence of a like disaster! A very pretty theory is spiritualism when you look at it rightly and with strong faith, having first taken the precaution to discard as unworthy of the entertainment of a rational being all that you ever knew before, ever learned from Revelation or any other source.

ST. CHARLES THEATER.—The desire on the part of the public to witness the histrionic abilities of Mr. Barry Sullivan is evidently losing none of its eagerness, as the full benches each night at this theater evince. In the moral tragedy of "The Gamester," Mr. Sullivan evinced in the character of *Beverly* all that marked original histrionic ability for which he has won so many laurels during the past ten years.

Last night Mr. S. again exhibited those striking traits of a close student in character delineations that have won for him the laudation of the majority of the English and American critics. His treatment of the passions, now of anguish and anon of revenge, then of joy and regret, was very masterly and scholar-like, minus all the stereotyped common places that are tainted with rant and maudling sentimentality. Certain parts of his representations last night were gems in their way, well worthy the close observation of all lovers of "the art that reveals the inner man."

CREDIT SALE.—*Winter Clothing, Hats and Caps, White Satins, etc.*—We call the attention of the trade to the very large sale of winter clothing, white shirts, hosiery and caps, etc., to take place this day at 10 o'clock A. M., at Blache & Lemarie's auction rooms, No. 72 Chartres street. Terms at sale.

MONTGOMERY & SMITH will sell this day at the oil mention mart, without reserve, twenty-four Bed bureaus; also, one fine bureaus and one elegant family carriage; all of superior workmanship, style and finish. For particulars see advertisement.

ADJUSTMENT OF AVERAGES, ETC.—Mr. Arthur C. Waugh, average adjuster, is sole agent at this port of the Liverpool, New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore Marine Underwriters. His office is at the corner of Camp and Common streets, over the Sun Mutual Insurance Company. See Mr. W's business card.

A STRAY DOG, with a collar engraved "Mayo," is advertised by R. A. Harding, No. 121 Poydras street, at whose branch it may be found.

Arrivals at the Hotels Yesterday.

ST. CHARLES HOTEL.—T R Baker and lady, W M Cockrill, La; J A Boone, Memphis; A C Bonds, N Y; J B Bates, H W Pond, A G Cantley, S G Holland, A Devine, J A J Hamilton, Miss Onmsbaugh, Mrs Hershaw, Texas; J Carstairs, Philadelphia; S Cowden, W McNeill, J F Cooper, J M Wells, N Y; D C Cox, Ark; L A Beard, U S A; W G Dolls, Tex; J J O'Hanson, S C; A A Sessman, D Carter, Mobile; J E Bates, Ala; J R Kimball, N Y; C S Hutchinson, Ala; T B Lamb, Philadelphia; O Schlelthes, Baltimore; A B Shipley, Philadelphia; F E Schatze, Boston; J G Williams, Washington, D C; G G Gibbs, Fla; S S Bradford, Miss; J H Caswell, Ohio, J S Brander, do; do; S Clark, J Johnson, Havana; G North, Philadelphia; A Rhea and lady N Y; R S Swarm, Winchester, D C; S L Hazard, Boston.

CITY HOTEL.—J H Wrest, Md; W B Lyon, Jacestown; B Weaver and wife, St. Louis; A L Broughton, J C Wilson, Ga; F R Marshall, A L Allison, Miss; H W Pipkin, La; W W Skinner, A J Evans, E Appleyhlin, S S Cooper, Miss, Tex; T A Lee, Lynchburg, Va; J M Wilson, E H Norton, Tex; Mrs R H Atchinson, W B Atchinson, La; R Thom, Ala; G R Beacon, Miss; Jno B Hind, N Y; W W Haynes, Miss; J O Moore, J R Bonnes, F C Moffett, Alexandria, La; R H Hines, Ala; T J Bonnes, Ala; W H Elmaning, Miss; Wm Guy, Jefferson, Fla; S K Warren, Rochester, N Y; E Rehanks, J Powers, Tangipaho, Miss; J E Sekker, Wm C Perry, C M Wheatright, J M Wainough, Louisville; Thos Senton, J H McMahan, Natchez; J C Hacke, Alexandria, Va; R S Bacon and lady, Cincinnati; J McMechen, Ohio; T J Troy, Havana, Cuba; J M Murphy, W E Williams, J G Ross, La; W O Rodney, Fort Adams; John Thoweth, Ky; Mr McKinley, Red River.

ST. LOUIS HOTEL.—A B Walker, New York; Jno Mason, Jr, Philadelphia; P H Thurmen, A E Montez and servant, G S Manton and servant, La; W H Knight and lady, Tenn; A Arnot, Buffalo; Mr Price, Cincinnati; W Stiles, Lynchburg, Va; J H Manning, city; T F Tomlin, Texas; L Hickman, Cincinnati; Levy, Memphis; S L Hazard, Boston; B G Dalzenport, city; J J Hawkes, New York; W H Thomas, Philadelphia; S S Dixon, Mrs Curtis and three children, New York; J W Andrews, city.

TELEGRAPHED TO THE NEW ORLEANS CRESCENT.

RIVER INTELLIGENCE.

[BY THE NATIONAL LINE.]

VICKSBURG, Dec. 8.—The steamer John Walsh passed down at 1 o'clock and the Emerald at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

The steamer Montgomery passed down at 10 o'clock, and the D. A. January at 11 o'clock last night.

The Sovereign passed down at midnight, and the Gladiator at 10 o'clock this morning.

[Nothing further to-day. Both lines down.]

THERMOMETRICAL OBSERVATIONS

FOR NOVEMBER, 1859.....BY L. B. TAYLOR.

Month.	Thermometer, Degrees Fahrenheit 7 A. M.	2 P. M.	9 P. M.	Wind.			Weather.
Nov....1	40	62	55	SW	NW	NW	Clear.
.. 2	45	67	58	NE	NE	NE	Clear.
.. 3	50	71	63	NE	NE	NE	Clear.
.. 4	59	72	64	NE	NE	NE	Cloudy.
.. 5	63	76	69	NE	NE	NE	Clear.
.. 6	63	74	68	NE	NE	NE	Clear.
.. 7	65	76	68	NE	NE	NE	Clear.
.. 8	65	75	68	NE	NE	NE	Clear.
.. 9	64	75	70	NE	NE	NE	Cloudy.
.. 10	67	78	72	NE	NE	NE	Clear.
.. 11	69	81	72	NE	NE	NE	Clear.
.. 12	68	79	62	NE	NE	NE	Cloudy.
.. 13	38	45	42	NE	NE	NE	Clear.
.. 14	40	52	46	NE	NE	NE	Clear.
.. 15	41	58	51	NE	NE	NE	Clear.
.. 16	52	70	62	NE	NE	NE	Clear.
.. 17	58	72	60	NE	NE	NE	Rain.
.. 18	55	63	57	NE	NE	NE	Clear.
.. 19	56	67	58	NE	NE	NE	Clear.
.. 20	58	71	64	NE	NE	NE	Rain.
.. 21	67	79	66	NW	NE	NE	Rain.
.. 22	55	71	68	NE	NE	NE	Clear.
.. 23	57	74	64	NE	NE	NE	Clear.
.. 24	58	76	67	NE	NE	NE	Clear.
.. 25	57	70	73	NE	NE	NE	Clear.
.. 26	71	81	74	NE	SW	SW	Rain.
.. 27	72	81	73	SW	SW	SW	Clear.
.. 28	71	81	73	SW	SW	SW	Rain.
.. 29	68	79	66	NE	SE	SE	Rain.
.. 30	70	80	72	NE	NE	NE	Rain.

Mean average of each day's temperature, 60 deg. 50 min.
Quantity of rain fallen this month, 3.710-1000 inches.

THE CITIZENS' BANK.—This great moneyed institution in New Orleans, says the Caddo Gazette, has established a branch in Shreveport. Mr. Tebault, the cashier, has arrived with plenty of money to supply the wants of this country. We hail this event as an era in the growth of our city, and confidently anticipate the greatest benefits from the operations of this bank. Planters may rely on our market in future and bring their cotton to Shreveport, where they can sell it for cash at remunerative prices. In former seasons our cotton buyers would get out of money at times, and subject the planter to the tender mercies of one or two men who monopolized the market. This state of things would necessarily depress the price of the great staple, and compel a planter to sell at any price. Now we have an abundance of money and *competition*, and every buyer who gives cash for cotton is placed upon the same footing. The planters in Texas should avail themselves of the inducements which are offered them to trade at Shreveport. All that we ask is that you consult your best interests.

LOLA MONTEZ ON AMERICA.—Lola indignantly denies the reports, brutted during her absence, that she had, in her English lectures, abused America and the Americans. She tells the world, through the columns of the New York Herald, that she stood up for her "adopted country" and its people while in England. She says her lectures are about to be published in a book, and then the truth will be seen. There is a slight exception conceded, in the general denial, Lola admitting that she delivered a lecture on "Slavery in the United States," at which "some very worthy gentlemen" over there took offense.

A SENSIBLE MAYOR.—At Manchester, N. H., on the 2d, an attempt was made to toll the City Hall bell in commemoration of the execution of John Brown; the bell was only struck a few times when Mayor Hanning appeared in the belfry and put a stop to the proceeding.

HEAVY DAMAGES.—In the case of Ogier vs. the Pennsylvania Railroad, tried in Chester county last week, the jury rendered a verdict in favor of Mrs. Ogier, the plaintiff, of $10,250. The cars, it will be remembered, came in contact with Dr. Ogier's carriage, and killed him on the spot. Mr. Bond, who was also injured, was awarded $500 damages.

DROWNED HIMSELF.—On the lost steamer New World it will be remembered one of the stewards *sold* life-preservers to the affrighted passengers. He was transferred to another steamer, on board of which, a few days since, after being tantalized for his meanness, he was seen to "gnash his teeth" and suddenly jump overboard. He was drowned.

MOBILE AND OHIO RAILROAD.—The earnings of this road for the month of November were $181,000, being a little over $6000 per day. This is a much larger sum than the receipts of any previous month.

PASSAGES FROM THE SATURDAY PRESS.—*To Destroy the Massachusetts Liquor Laws.*—Barnham.

"Testimony of the Rocks."—An heiress on the witness-stand.

The Great Tribulation.—Cumming.

Serious Charge.—Pew-rent.

High-bred Dog.—The skye-terrier.

A CEYLON JUGGLER.—As this was one of the idle seasons of the year, during which labor is suspended while waiting for the rains of the monsoon, ere recommencing the sowing of rice, the Kandyans were lounging about their villages, or gathered in groups by the roadside, engaged in listless and sedentary amusements. In one place a crowd was collected to watch the feats of a juggler, who, to our surprise, commenced his performance by jumping up on to a pole, and placing his feet upon a cross bar six feet from the ground. On this he coursed along by prodigious leaps, and returning to the audience, steadied himself on his perch, and then opened his exhibition. This consisted of endless efforts of legerdemain, catching pebbles thrown up to him by his confederate below, which, upon opening his closed hand, flew away as birds, breaking an egg-shell and allowing a small serpent to escape from it, and keeping a series of brass balls in motion by striking them with his elbows, as well as his hands.

Balancing on his nose a small stick with an inverted cup at the top, from which twelve perforated balls were suspended by silken cords, he placed twelve ivory rods in his mouth, and so guided them by his lips and tongue as to insert the end of each in a corresponding aperture in the ball, till the whole twelve were sustained by the rods, and the cords all upright taken away. This and endless other tricks he performed, balancing himself all the while on the single pole on which he stood. He took a ball of granite, six or seven inches in diameter, and probably fourteen pounds weight, and, standing with his arms extended in line, he rolled it from the wrist of one hand across his shoulders to the wrist of the other, backward and forward repeatedly, apparently less by raising his arms than by a vigorous effort of the muscles of his back; then seizing it in both hands he flung it repeatedly twenty feet high, and, watching it in its descent till within a few inches of his skull, he bent forward his head, and caught the ball each time between his shoulders; then, bounding along the road, still mounted on his pole, he closed his performance amid the smiles of the audience.

[Sir J. Emerson Tennent's Ceylon.

NO FALSE COLORS.—When the brave Admiral Kempenfeldt, unhappily lost in the Royal George, was coming into port to have his ship paid off, a sailor eyed a gold-laced, velvet waistcoat which his commander wore, with great earnestness, and, in his best sea-fashion, hagged to know who made it. The Admiral, perceiving his drift, gave him the necessary information, and Jack went on shore. He forthwith applied to the Admiral's tailor, who went with him to buy the material, and at last asked,

"What will you have the back made of?"

"Made of?" said Jack; "the same as the front, to be sure."

The tailor remonstrated, but in vain; so the waistcoat was made, and put on with an old greasy jacket over it. Shortly after, the Admiral met his man in this curious dress, which occasioned him to laugh heartily; and this merry fit was not a little increased when Jack, coming up to him, lifted the hind part of his jacket, showed his gold-laced back, and exclaimed:

"See here, your honor, no false colors; stem and stern alike."

Local Intelligence.

THE DRUIDS.—Yesterday two lodges of Druids celebrated the anniversaries of their installation in this city. Processions and other pageantry marked the occasion.

SMALL FIRE.—Yesterday a small fire broke out in the chimney of a house No. 213 Chartres street, near St. Ann. Very little damage was the result.

TRIBUTE TO LOVELY WOMAN.—On Friday night, for the first time in five months, the First District lock-up was minus a female occupant. The cold comfort of the cells is a rod of terror these nights.

A POST MORTEM EXAMINATION was held yesterday on the body of Wm. Lanahan or Lancy, a native of Ireland, aged 38 years, who died from an incisive wound in the left side of the abdomen, dividing the intestines and causing inflammation and death. The Coroner holds an inquest on the above body to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock.

The particulars relative to the above appear to be as follows: One John McCabe, still at large, got into a difficulty with Owen Mullony in a coffee-house on the corner of Girod street and Tchoupitoulas, Tuesday afternoon last, between 3 and 4 o'clock, and the deceased interfered with a view of quieting these men. In the course of an hour or two McCabe left the coffeehouse, and shortly after deceased was coming out and was, as is supposed, met by McC., who then and there stabbed him. This is the presumption based on a few remarks prior to the death of deceased; still they want confirmation. No persons as yet have been found who witnessed the stabbing, and the accused is not to be found. McCabe is a dock hand and an Irishman, about 25 years of age, slightly built figure, about 120 lbs. weight, smooth face, having a scar on the left