PLOWS.....PLOWS.....PLOWS.

1200 King's Carey PLOWS, assorted sizes.
1500 Hall & Spear's Cast Valley PLOWS.
1500 .. .. Wrought Peacock PLOWS.
1000 Ball's PLOWS, assorted.
1000 Avery's .. ..
1000 Clore's Calhoun PLOWS.
1500 Garret & Colman's celebrated Steel Rover do.
150 Nourse, Mason & Co.'s Steel PLOWS.
1000 Mayher's Cast PLOWS.
UNIVERSAL PLOWS,
Together with a general assortment of—
Agricultural Implements,
—Consisting of—
GRAIN CRADLES,
FANNING MILLS,
CORN SHELLERS,
STRAW CUTTERS,
ROAD SCRAPERS,
etc., etc., etc.
—Also—
A full assortment of Slocomb's PREMIUM AXES and EDGE TOOLS, which were awarded the Silver Medals at the late Fair at Jackson, Miss. For sale by
C. H. SLOCOMB & CO.,
67 Canal street,
d9 4m And 50 to 58 Common str s.

PREMIUM PLOWS AND SCRAPERS—
2500 YOST'S PATENT PREMIUM
Plows and Scrapers.
For sale by C. H. SLOCOMB & CO.,
Sole Agents,
d9 4m No. 67 Canal st. and 50 to 58 Common st.

JOSE DOMINGO.....JOSE DOMINGO,
IMPORTER OF HAVANA CIGARS,
No. 16 Customhouse street,
Has always on hand a large and well-assorted stock, to which he calls the attention of purchasers. The choicest brands for which his house has always been celebrated, can always be found there: PARTAGAS, CABANAS, INTIMIDAD, the well known REGALIA DEL REY DE CABARGA, the CINTO EN ORION, REDOWA, RIFLE, and the new brand, EL GARIBALDI. Also, 2000 pounds PICADURA, received per steamship Habana.

Mr. DOMINGO would respectfully call the attention of the public to the following letter:
Mr. Jose Domingo, New Orleans: My Dear Friend—I authorize you to make it known to the public, if you think it needed, that you are the only importer in New Orleans of my brands El Cinto de Orion, Redowa and Rifle. In proof whereof I sign the present, in the city of Havana, this 28th October, 1859.
d29 1m [Signed] JAYME CODINA.

ALBERTSON & MUDGE,
—AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF—
PORTABLE AND STATIONARY
STEAM ENGINES,
SAW-MILLS, SHAFTINGS, GIN GEARING,
—And every description of—
Machinery for Mill and Plantation use.
—Also, Agents for the sale of—
CLEMONS, BROWN & CO.'S
SINGLE AND DOUBLE CYLINDER COTTON GINS,
—AND—
Bates' Patent Steam Gauges,
No. 8 UNION STREET,
Between St. Charles and Carondelet streets, New Orleans.

The Machinery offered for sale by us is from establishments which have been engaged in manufacturing for the Southern country for the past twenty-five years, and it will be found to be entirely adapted for the uses for which it is intended, of a much superior quality to a great deal of the machinery brought to this market, and at extremely liberal prices. Persons wishing to purchase are invited to call and examine for themselves.
CLEMONS, BROWN & CO.'S COTTON GINS have been used successfully in various parts of the South for fifteen years and more, during which time upwards of FIVE HUNDRED of them have been sold annually. We guarantee them to be equal in every respect to any gin sold in this section.
THE DOUBLE CYLINDER GIN is a recent invention of Mr. J. P. Bacon, of Columbus, Georgia. We refer persons who are interested to the following certificate, which is taken from hundreds which we have received:
RUSSELL COUNTY, ALA., February 3, 1859.
Messrs. Clemons, Brown & Co—
Gentlemen—I have used one of your Double Cylinder 60 saw Gins during the past season, and take pleasure in stating my conviction that its performance is far superior to any Gin I have ever tried for speed, convenience and safety. I was induced to buy it because I believed it would pay for itself by the saving of time in one crop, and it has fully answered my expectations. It requires no more power to propel it than a Single Cylinder 50 saw Gin, while it cleans as few as much cotton per day and is much easier attended to; this is accounted for from the lesser width of the breast, and that it will gin all the cotton that can be put in the roll without throwing out or choking. It cleans the seed remarkably clean, and makes as good a sample of cotton as any Gin I have ever tried. The cotton buyers of Columbus have repeatedly told me I had a superior Gin, without knowing it was one of your Double Cylinder style. Your Double Cylinder Gin I consider a great improvement on the ordinary Gin, and the planter who makes ever fifty bales of cotton will find it to his interest to lay aside the Single Cylinder 40 or 50 saws Gin and place himself under obligations to you, by purchasing your Double Cylinder Gin, and thereby save time, labor and money.
Without the pleasure of a personal acquaintance with you, permit me to assure you of my friendly consideration.
EDGAR GARLICK.
Messrs. W. G. Clemons, Brown & Co.
Samples of both styles of Gins, as well as other Machinery, may be seen at our store.
ALBERTSON & MUDGE,
No. 8 Union street,
o24 2m[illegible]-tf Between St. Charles and Carondelet.

FINE GUNS.....FINE GUNS.
HYDE & GOODRICH,
Importers,
CORNER OF CANAL AND ROYAL STREETS,
NEW ORLEANS, LA.

We have always on hand a complete stock of fine WARRANTED Guns, and are constantly receiving through our European agents, Guns, comprising all the NEWEST PATTERNS and IMPROVEMENTS. Our long experience and continued relations with the first LONDON and other manufacturers, extending over a period of MORE THAN THIRTY YEARS, enable us to say with confidence that we have facilities for the procurement of Guns suited to the wants of the SOUTH and WEST, certainly not excelled, if equalled, in this market.
We are prepared to receive and execute with dispatch and accuracy orders for Guns of ANY PRICE, to suit the peculiar views and tastes of any individual, and we furnish them AS LOW AS THE SAME ARTICLE CAN BE BOUGHT FOR IN THE SOUTH!!
By constant intercourse with the gun-buying community of the South and West for over thirty years, we have been enabled to profit by the suggestions of their varied experience, and have introduced improvements, not only AMERICAN and not found in NINE-TENTHS OF THE GUNS IMPORTED INTO THIS COUNTY.
Sporting Equipments and Ammunition of every description—Rifles, Pistols and Revolvers—Colt's, Allen's, Tranter's, Smith & Wesson's, and Whitney's Repeaters. Sole Agents in New Orleans for SHARP'S RIFLES.
HYDE & GOODRICH,
my7 1y Sign of the "Golden Pelican," New Orleans.

WATER! WATER!!
CLEAR, PURE WATER!!
The subscriber is now prepared to furnish the public with his
HYDRAULIC SELF-CLEANING FILTER,
with capacity to furnish from FIVE GALLONS to ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND PER DAY!
This Filter is unlike all other Filters, as it never gets foul. It is adapted to all purposes where filtering is required.
☞For reference—St. Charles and St. Louis Hotels, Carrollton Railroad Company, Louisiana Sugar Refinery, Dr. Marcher's, Canal street, and others now in use.
☞Office No. 2 Tchoupitoulas street.
N. F. RICE,
n3 tf New Orleans.

NOTICE—ALL PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS against, and all persons indebted to the Estate of Dr. CLAYTON TIFFIN, are requested to present the same, and make immediate payment since
P. K. DAVIDSON,
jo6 1m 99 Common street.

A. CUCULLU. A. R. D'MEZA.
CUCULLU & D'MEZA, DEALERS IN SUGARS AND MOLASSES,
—And—
Importers of Havana Produce
AND CIGARS,
OFFICE—No. 5 ST. LOUIS STREET.
Constantly on hand, in lots to suit purchasers, Sugars and Molasses a the lowest market rates. Also, Havana Cigars, of the most select and choicest brands, and Havana Produce generally.
n2 2m1—6m CUCULLU & D'MEZA.

PATTON, SMITH & PUTNAM,
CORNER OF MAGAZINE AND GRAVIER STREETS,
Agents for the Sale
—OF—
MANUFACTURED TOBACCO,
Have now on hand and are constantly receiving, on consignmt, direct from the Manufacturers, the Largest and Finest assortment of—
Manufactured Tobacco,
of every variety, they have ever offered to the trade, and solicit the attention of GROCERS and DEALERS to their stock before purchasing.
They are the SOLE AGENTS for BURTON & MAY'S Crosse and Eliza pounds, LA BELLE CREOLE, 8's and 10's, BUCK FINNEY'S 8's and 10's, and KENT'S 10's—besides various other brands, GRANT & WILLIAMS' 8's, 10's, and others; LEONIDA pound, which took the Premium at the State Fair at Petersburg, Va., November, 1852; Y. & P. JONES' pounds and Twists, which have taken the Premium in North Carolina six years in succession, and is perhaps the finest Tobacco in the world!
WILLIAMSON'S TWIST, (Best pickings) KATE ELIZA pounds, intended for connoisseurs only, and in fact every description of Tobacco generally used.
We also have the POWHATTAN PIPES, which we receive direct on consignmt. d12 6m

NEW ORLEANS DAILY CRESCENT.

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY, SUNDAY EXCEPTED, BY J. O. NIXON, AT No. 70 CAMP STREET.

VOLUME XII. SATURRDAY MORNING, JANUARY 14, 1860. NUMBER 267.

Holiday Gifts! Holiday Gifts!

HOLIDAY GIFTS!

E. A. TYLER,

No. 110 CANAL STREET, NEW ORLEANS,

—Is now opening his—

SPLENDID ASSORTMENT

—OF—

Christmas and New Year's

GIFTS!

—CONSISTING, IN PART, OF—

RICH DIAMOND, OPAL, EMERALD, RUBY and PEARL

SETS OF JEWELRY!

LADIES' WATCHES,

Set with Diamonds, Pearls and Rubies!

LADIES' FINE

ENAMELED WATCHES!

RICH JEWELED BRACELETS, BROOCHES AND EAR RINGS, FINGER-RINGS, STUDS.

GENTLEMEN'S

EXTRA FINE GOLD HUNTING WATCHES!

FINE GOLD VEST AND FOB CHAINS,

All Styles.

RICH SILVER-WARE,

—Consisting of—

FULL SETTS AND ROUGH PIECES,

Unequaled in Design and Finish.

BRONZE AND PARIAN MARBLE

MANTEL CLOCKS AND CANDELABRAS!

PAPIER MACHE

WRITING DESKS, WORK BOXES, JEWEL CASES

—And—

LIQUEUR STANDS,

Of the Most Beautiful Design and Finish.

FINE PAPIER MACHE

BACKGAMMON AND CHESS BOARDS!!!

Elegant Ivory Chessmen, etc., etc.

GOLD, SILVER AND SHELL

SPECTACLES AND EYE-GLASSES

Superior Music Boxes, all sizes.

GOLD AND SILVER CARD-CASES, PORTE-MONNAIES AND SNUFF-BOXES, BRIDAL AND PARTY FANS, FINE PORCELAIN AND CHINA VASES, FINE TABLE CUTLERY, &c.

AN ELEGANT ASSORTMENT

—OF—

Gold and Silver-Mounted Canes,

BEAUTIFUL RICH FANCY HAIR PINS AND COMBS,

—Together with—

AN ALMOST ENDLESS VARIETY

—OF—

FANCY GOODS,

d19 2m[illegible] Which he offers at Fair Prices.

Hyde & Goodrich

—HAVING—

TEMPORARILY REMOVED,

Since the Late Fire at their Old Stand,

—TO—

173.....**Canal Street**.....173

NEARLY OPPOSITE CHRIST CHURCH,

—ARE NOW OFFERING TO THE PUBLIC—

THE MOST EXTENSIVE AND CHOICEST SELECTION

—OF—

RICH GOODS,

IN THEIR LINE,

IN THE SOUTHERN COUNTRY.

In addition to our original stock we are DAILY RECEIVING invoices, by MAIL and STEAMER, of

WATCHES,

—OF—

OUR OWN IMPORTATION,

—CASED IN—

EVERY VARIETY OF STYLE,

BY OUR OWN WORKMEN.

PLAIN AND ENGRAVED GOLD,

Fancy Enameled, Set With Diamonds,

WITH CHATELAINE TO MATCH.

JEWELRY.

DIAMOND, RUBY, SAPPHIRE, OPAL,

Emerald, Topaz, Amethyst,

GARNET AND TURQUOISE SETS.

PLAIN AND ETRUSCAN GOLD.

ROMAN AND FLORENTINE MOSAIC.

FINE GENEVA PAINTING ON ENAMEL.

Amethyst, Topaz, Onyx and Shell Cameo.

CORAL, LAVA, PEARL and GOLD JEWELRY,

IN EVERY STYLE.

SILVER WARE OF PURE COIN

TO ORDER AND ON HAND.

Everything That is Made of Silver.

—OF—

EVERY STYLE AND AT ALL PRICES,

—FROM—

OUR FACTORY IN THIS CITY AND NEW YORK,

—FOR SALE BY—

HYDE & GOODRICH,

173.....**Canal Street**.....173

☞*SIGN OF THE GOLDEN PELICAN.*☜
je10 2m8

New Orleans Daily Crescent.

SATURDAY MORNING, JANUARY 14, 1860.

TALK ON 'CHANGE.

The gatherings on the flags yesterday were large. Tchoupitoulas, Poydras and New Levee streets were thronged, as well as other streets. A great improvement and increase in general trade was talked of. There has been more business doing in the dry goods and grocery branches than for any week this season. Communication with Red and Ouachita rivers, and the numerous bayous is free, and the staple is coming in with great freedom. We have received the best share of the crop from the shipping points on the Mississippi river, in fact, the receipts from all points from Memphis down will fall off from week to week. We need not expect many of those large cargoes of 4000 bales, which have been received so often this season. Another rise in the water of Red river will lead into the merits of receipts from Northwestern Louisiana, and the Ouachita and bayous tributary thereto will throw out their thousands for the coming six weeks. By the Jackson Railroad we have received the bulk of the receipts, and thousand bale trains daily, or even every other day, need not be expected hereafter during this season. The mild weather encourages the hope that a free resumption of intercourse with the great West will not be long delayed. There is, or ought to be, an immense quantity of productions to be forwarded to some market from the Western and Northwestern States. If these productions—flour, wheat, corn and pork—come hither, they will bring good prices, and be paid for in gold and silver. We never talk in this community or market about currency. It is gold here altogether, and gold it will continue to be, though hundreds of dealers, banks and bankers, prefer our exchange, the checks of our banks and the drafts of our merchants, instead of gold. We are likely to have a free amount of shipping in port all through the season, but the present rates of freight will, in our opinion, be maintained. The produce of the great West can be sent forward. Farmers and dealers will find our market the best in the Union. The West Indies will require a large supply. Our movements will not be harrassed by ice and cold weather as in Northern cities; so the talk is, for the great West to send forward the contents of granaries and warehouses.

On Carondelet street there was the usual daily confab. Cotton factors, cotton buyers, ship agents, ship brokers, cotton brokers, exchange brokers, note sellers, stock jobbers, gentlemen of no particular occupation, congregated, met here and there, and asked of each other what is the news? Now, this is an old story; cannot this old theme be consigned to oblivion, and the more urgent one of what is the "racket" substituted.

The movements in cotton yesterday were free, the Bears seem to take hold freely at present prices, and factors met the demand correspondingly. There is some talk that many Bears are now in a chrysalis state—having completed their purchases, are only waiting the continuance of this mild, spring-like weather, when their coats will have been shedded, and we shall hear of them as Bulls on the goring order. In fact, the operators of last fall are estimating 4,000,000 as the maximum, in the face of the receipts reaching 3,000,000 bales by the last of the month. It is immaterial what the receipts may be—all the good and clean cotton will be wanted, bought and paid for at remunerative prices to grower and factor.

It is not of much use to talk about the malls. There will be eleven mails due this morning by the Mobile route; and if there were twenty due by the Jackson Railroad route yesterday, there will be twenty-one due this morning. As we talked and predicted, the boat from Mobile, the old Oregon, due on Thursday, could not find water enough, and concluded to rest at Pass Christian. Now, it is something of a fallacy to passengers and others to put one hundred and fifty bales of cotton on board of a boat that draws six feet, light, to come through a channel of about five feet depth. Then the favorite Creole, of the coast line, was dispatched for Mobile with the mails, to the inconvenience of coast residents, and she also grounded on Thursday night; consequently there was no connection at Mobile yesterday with the Northern mail, and the correspondence intended to go by the steamer of next Wednesday—the Arabia for Liverpool—will be in the rear. Those who forwarded by express will get their letters through in season. It would not have made any difference had the mails connected at Mobile, as there are many points of failure beyond there. At a late hour we learned that the Oregon had met with an accident to her engine. There was some disappointment expressed from the non-arrival of the Hungarian and Europa, the latter of the 31st ult. from Liverpool. However, cotton operators move along regardless whatever of the purport of the expected advices.

AMUSEMENTS LAST EVENING.

"Dot" was the bill last night, of course, and though the night was foul, the heaviest house of the season was in attendance, for early in the evening the placard was out at the office—"seats all taken and only standing room," and the standers were not few.. We are sorry to see that one of our cotemporaries impugns the genuineness of the baby which *Tilly Slowboy* carried through one act the other night. It was a baby, as bona fide as flesh, blood, bald head, eyes with speculation in them, and an evident appetite for spoon victuals, administered by *Dot*, could make it. The infantile performer began and closed its engagement with that act, making its first and last appearance. A counterfeit baby is better than the genuine in Tilly's hands, for it can't cry, as any but a counterfeit or a fairy bewitched young one would.

At the St. Charles, Booth repeated *Hamlet* to a fair house. Last week we expressed our admiration for his performance of this character, which is one of his best efforts—somewhat marred by the peculiarities which amount to slight faults. We were gratified to observe that his tendency to run his voice into a monotone was less perceptible last night than on his previous performance. We are satisfied with Mr. Booth's interpretation of Hamlet, and do not expect to see it better done by any.

At the Amphitheater the equine stars frisked to the satisfaction of a good house, as usual, and all the unequaled performers of the combined circuses went through with their remarkable feats of skill and agility.

SHOT FOR A DEER.—A most estimable citizen of Wisconsin, named Andrew Eble, of the town of Wauwatosa, a member of the county board from that town, treasurer of that school district, and at the last election chosen to the Assembly from that district, was accidentally shot and killed recently by a friend, with whom he was gunning, having mistaken him for a deer.

MAIL ROBBER KILLED.—The mail in Greenbrier county (Va.) was attacked a few days ago on Spring Mountain by two men, when the mail boy drew a pistol and shot one of them dead on the spot. The other took to his heels. In Alleghany county, Va, recently two slaves robbed the mail stage of two mail bags. They were arrested.

FIRE AT TUSKEGEE, ALA.—*Eighteen Horses Destroyed.*—We learn reliably, says the Montgomery Mail, that a fire occurred at 5 o'clock Saturday morning, at Tuskegee, in the large livery stable of Mr. Jesse Adams, consuming the buildings. Eighteen horses were destroyed, and others more or less injured. A quantity of corn and fodder was also burned. It is suspected that the fire was the act of an incendiary, though this is only suspicion.

A friend has a dog so very serious that even his tail has not the least bit of a wag about it.

Local Intelligence.

THE WEATHER.—Yesterday was one of the whimsical days—warm throughout, sunshiny and rainy by turns, muddy under foot, variable overhead, moist, sweaty and nasty clean through. The rain fell heaviest at night.

FREE DISPENSARY.—Report of the Free Dispensary of the New Orleans School of Medicine, on Common street, opposite the Charity Hospital:

Cases treated Saturday, January 7	89
" " Monday, January 9	69
" " Wednesday, " 11	83
Previously treated	17,499
Total	17,740

FATAL AFFRAY AT THE ST. CHARLES HOTEL.—On Thursday afternoon two citizens of Madison parish, in this State, had a rencounter in the rotunda of the St. Charles Hotel. One was Mr. Charles N. Harris, a planter, and the other was Dr. W. H. Peck, a member of the Legislature. Weapons were drawn on both sides. Harris shot at Peck, but did not hit him or any one else, for a wonder, the rotunda being crowded, as it always is at this season.

One story is, that Peck had his pistol out, but held it upwards and did not fire, because in the rush and confusion of the moment he could not get a good sight at his enemy. The affair naturally created the greatest excitement. Mr. Hildreth, the lessee of the hotel, had Harris arrested. Peck made no complaint. At night Harris was released by his friends going his security. He asked the officer for his weapons, consisting of a revolver, a derringer and a knife. The officer refused to give them up, the charge against him not being disposed of. He urged as an excuse that he expected to have to renew the difficulty, and wished to be prepared for it. Not being able to get the weapons, he went away without them. Yesterday morning he honored his bond by appearing before Recorder Summers and paying a fine of $20.

Between 1 and 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon the two gentlemen had another meeting in the same place, and Harris was instantly killed. The Coronial investigation not being held yesterday, we had to obtain our own information, the best we could. We will give the statement of Mr. W. B. Martin, who was in company with Harris when the fatal meeting took place:

I was standing with Mr. Harris at the office counter of the hotel. He was settling his bill with the clerk, and had a number of bank notes in his hand, when Dr. Peck came up and spoke to him. What he said I did not hear; but Harris, facing round to him, and appearing to be much excited, nervously, said to him, "I am not prepared for a difficulty now." Some other words passed, and Harris said, "I am not afraid of you." Peck then drew a revolver, and Harris also drew one. Peck fired first. They exchanged several shots; how many I cannot tell; Harris retreating, and finally taking refuge in the wine room (a little upstairs bar-room at the side of the hotel office.) Peck drew a knife and pursued; Harris got over the counter; Peck jumped over the counter after him, caught him in the corner, and finished him with his knife. I followed, and seeing this said to Peck, "For God's sake, stop, you've killed him already." At that he stopped stabbing Harris, and came out.

The bar-tender who witnessed the *finale* of the tragedy, said that when Harris rushed into the room, he stood for a moment trying to conceal himself behind the glass door; whilst so standing, he discharged his pistol, accidentally, he thought, as the bullet entered the wood-work latterally on the other side of the door. Harris then ran to the counter, keeping close to the wall, got over the counter, and squatted down in the corner behind it. At the same moment, Peck came running in with a knife in his hand, sprang over the counter, caught Harris in his corner, and plunged his knife into him several times.

Harris never said a word, and, when picked up, was dead. His body was carried to his room and laid on a bed. Peck, after finishing his work, returned to the rotunda. The people in the rotunda, who had dodged and scattered in all directions when the shooting began, now came surging in a crowd around Peck. He had his bloody knife in his hand, and was replacing it in his sheath, when he exclaimed, "stand back, gentlemen, don't crowd me!" Lieut. Dryden, arriving, asked him to give up the knife. He refused. Some of the crowd said, "That's an officer, surrender." He quietly gave up the knife, surrendered, and was taken to the First District lockup. The stories of all the witnesses agree as to the extraordinary coolness and composure of Peck, before and after the tragedy.

What led to the first rencounter on Thursday, we are unable to state. It is supposed to have resulted from some old difference at their home in Madison parish.

Deputy Coroner Sorapara being notified, soon arrived to set about holding his inquest. A few witnesses were secured, but in order to obtain all the witnesses possible, the inquest was postponed till to-day. The post-mortem examination was made, however, by Dr. Barthelet. The following wounds were found: One shot in the right shoulder; one shot in the right side, between the seventh and eighth ribs, penetrating the liver; one shot near the middle of the breast, between the first and second ribs; two stabs in the left shoulder, laying the flesh open to the bone; one stab in the left arm, and one stab in the left side, between the fifth and sixth ribs, penetrating the lung. Total, seven wounds, three by pistol and four by knife—three at least being mortal. The dead man was left, to be taken charge of by his friends.

The St. Charles Hotel being crowded, with a thousand or more guests from all parts of the country and of the world, it may easily be imagined what an excitement has pervaded that building, through the desperate proceedings of the last two days, in the rotunda, where most are in the habit of lounging and talking, and smoking and reading.

MORE EXCITEMENT AROUND THE ST. CHARLES HOTEL.—Whilst the tragedy above narrated was still the buzz around the St. Charles Hotel yesterday afternoon, the report of a pistol in the crowd down stairs set everybody to jumping around and looking six ways for Sunday. It was found that the shot proceeded from a drunken stranger named John Boylan, and that the good genius of the hotel had waited the bullet clear of all parties. Officer Carr seized the man, and met with the fiercest resistance, getting his clothes torn and covered with mud, and finding it necessary to accept the help of other officers in the job of taking him to the lockup. It is said that the man fired his pistol at no one in particular—being actuated by a drunken frenzy, stimulated, no doubt, by the previous excitements of the day at that place.

We heard that some one else shot at somebody or something around the hotel during the afternoon, but failed to get the particulars.

ROMANCE OF THE POLICE COURTS.—Recorder Long had a number of interesting cases before him for investigation yesterday.

Our readers will remember that some time ago, one Walter Bell, *alias* Scotty, the sailor-runner and ring-fighter, was tried for violating the person of a young Irish girl named Ellen Lecomte, and that his prospective trip to Baton Rouge was avoided through the influence of his friends, who got around the girl and persuaded her to marry him. The marriage took place about two or three months ago. Yesterday this couple were in Court; Scotty, the timid and the tender-hearted, having had his Ellen arrested on the charge of outrageously abusing him and threatening his life. His intense respectability caused him to give only her maiden name when he asked for her arrest, and yesterday, in Court, he spoke of her as "that girl," etc.; evidently wishing it to be understood that he was not married to her. Ellen, who is a rather good-looking girl, appeared at the bar brigtatly dressed, with determination and spunk written in every line of her face.

Scotty's story was, that whilst he was quietly moving his furniture from the room where they had boarded together, she abused him in the most wicked manner, calling him a Scotch son of a b—h, and saying that since she had married him to save him from the penitentiary, she would now fix it so that either he or she should go there; that she had threatened to cut his throat, knock his brains out, and the like. He said they could'nt get along together, and that he was bound to quit her; that she was too much for any one man; he would'nt live with her for a hundred dollars a day; she was a better man than he, and he was afraid to stay with her anyhow. That he was somewhat afraid of her, appeared to be true; for when he went to take away the furniture, he knew that she would resent it as a robbery, and so took a policeman along. He commenced moving the furniture, she raised the fuss, and he had her arrested. He said he had her arrested, because the object of her abuse was to induce him to strike her, that she might have him arrested.

The officer testified that whilst he was present, Ellen complained that Scotty wanted to take away everything, and not leave her even a bed to sleep on. Scotty admitted that he was going to take everything. Being reminded that his wife had an interest in the furniture, he replied that she had smashed up a good many things, and that was her half. The landlady of the house testified that Ellen was a good, decent girl, and made a good wife, always keeping her place clean and tidy, and never getting drunk; also, that Scotty was in the habit of ill-treating her, and one night turned her out of the room and kept her out.

Ellen told her story. She did'nt deny the abuse and threats, but justified herself on the ground of his ill-treatment of her, and final robbery of the furniture. The Recorder asked her if she wanted to live with Scotty again. She said no, but she wanted him to pay for her support, as she was his lawful wife. She displayed her marriage certificate. Scotty here put in wickedly, "If you want support sue for it." Said the Recorder, "You Keep your mouth shut or I'll have you locked up. Do you take this for a bar-room?" Scotty was silent but very red. The Recorder settled the case by putting Ellen under bonds of $100 to keep the peace for a month, and Scotty under bonds of $500 to keep the peace for six months.

Another interesting case was that of a respectable looking young man, a Creole, who was arraigned on the charge of having given a brutal looking Teuton an awful beating on the Gentilly road. The Teuton's head, swelled up and tied up, showed that the young man had punished him with an uncommonly keen appetite. He did not deny the charge but offered justification. The Dutchman had chased his sister on the Gentilly road, with, as was supposed, the worst intentions. The young man's sister, a handsome and modest looking girl 14 or 15 years old, was brought into court and with much weeping told her story. This was that as she was going along the road with her basket, she saw the man following her, and making motions to her. Alarmed, she started to run; he ran after her, having a knife or something in his hand; breathless she reached home, told her brother about the man chasing her, and fell down in a swoon. The Dutchman, on seeing the brother, turned about and ran for life; but the young man, having the longest legs, and his outraged feelings lending him wings, soon caught the rascal and gave him the punishment he deserved. A witness, however, testified that the Dutchman did not run after the girl; and as the girl, upon being cross-questioned, caught herself in some discrepancies, there was doubt enough left to justify the Recorder in fining the young man $15. The young man left with looks which said plainly enough, "Mr. Brute, you will have to look out for yourself hereafter!"

A third case was one of peculiar interest. A respectable looking widow lady appeared in court with her daughter, a nice pretty young lady, to prosecute Margaret, a slave woman, for insult and abuse. The slave was a repulsive looking wench, well dressed, but with puffy lips, monkey jaws, and her wool drawn tightly back from her black face, and bound in a knot on the back of her idiot shaped head. Her master, a respectable old gentleman of the Second District, was there with a lawyer to defend her. It appeared that this old gentleman's son, a scapegrace of a fellow, was courting the widow's daughter, with honorable intentions; and that one day, whilst he was seated in the parlor with the old lady and her daughter, the wench entered in a fury, and peremptorily ordered the young man to leave, as he belonged to her—that he had been living with her, and that she had a child by him; at the same time talking in the most insulting manner to the white ladies. The Recorder, after hearing the case, sentenced the wench to pay a fine of $15 and to receive twenty lashes. Her master willingly paid the fine, but begged so hard for a dispensation of the flogging, offering to pay instead whatever might be demanded, that the Recorder at last took a humane view of the case. He saw before him a suppliant old man, begging mercy, not only for his slave, but for the mother of his grandchild, and he withdrew the sentence for flogging, without imposing further fine.

TROUBLES OF MRS. PRENDERGRAST.—Mrs. Ann Prendergrast, of Marigny street, some days ago had her husband Denis arrested, charging him with drunkenness and breach of the family peace. Yesterday morning she returned to Court, and paid, as the clerk understood, $5 for the privilege of withdrawing the affidavit. She had a pretty little curly-haired child in her arms. When she left Court, and rejoined her husband in the street, they had a little talk. He was heard to say, "I'll go to work, if you'll go home and do the cooking."

After a while the wife returned with her baby, brim full of distress and indignation, and stated that she did not pay the $5 to have her husband let off; she had not so understood the matter, and did not know what she paid the money for. She had probably paid the money under the idea that it was her husband's fine, and had started home to put on five dollars' worth of airs over him, only to find herself mistaken. She now declared that she was more latent than ever upon having her husband punished. She said that she was afraid he would kill himself or her if not restrained; that one night he took a razor to bed with him, and that the day before he had taken laudanum to try to kill himself. He was crazy jealous of her; that was what ailed him, she said. Her five dollars were refunded, and her husband was again sent after. The officer found him at home, solitary and alone, cooking his melancholy dinner.

Mr. Prendergrast looked much astonished when brought into Court. He said he could'nt tell what ailed that woman, as she seemed bent upon worrying the life out of him. He was an honest, hard-working man, that always tried to do his best for his family; and, he added, "What has I done? If the woman would only behave herself, nobody could live more contenteder than us!" The Recorder fixed the case for the next week, and the happy couple departed one after the other. As Mrs. P. is a homely and worn-out looking little woman, and as her husband is youthful and rather handsome, it's barely possible that the jealousy in the case was on her side.

THE FIGHTING FEMALES OF THE OLD THIRD.—Mrs. Helen Porter and Mrs. Mary Harmon came together on Thursday afternoon, in the back yard used by both, on Greatmen street, between Enghien and Port. The combat was brief and terrific. Mrs. Porter hammered Mrs. Harmon over the head with something considerably harder than her fist, and tore one of her ear-rings out of her ear. Mrs. Harmon hammered Mrs. Porter over the head with a stick, and knocked out one of her teeth. Both ladies yesterday complained to Recorder Long, and both gave bail to appear and abide the issue.

UNHAPPY FATHER.—John T. Taylor, of Mandeville street, has made affidavit against his daughter Sarah Jane, 14 years of age, whom he charges with being a deserter from the parental roof and a frequenter of houses of questionable repute. He prays that when caught she be sent to the House of Refuge. She has not been caught yet.

ROBBERY AT BILOXI.—On the complaint of John C. Meyers, of No. 6 Royal street, Recorder Long yesterday issued his warrant for the arrest of a certain man, name unknown, who was charged with having robbed George Ritter of a quantity of jewelry of different kinds. The robbery was perpetrated on Wednesday.

COMMITTED FOR TRIAL.—Recorder Wiltz yesterday sent Adam Kuntz and Jack Baker before the First District Court, for violently beating and kicking Joseph Baker on the 1st instant, on Galvez street, between Bayou road and Hospital street. Bath gave bail.

Auguste Kraft was committed for trial by the same Recorder, for beating Frank Helmers when he asked for wages due to him, on the 6th instant, at No. 96 St. Peter street. Bail given.

James Diamond, for stealing a $40 watch and chain from Christopher Rebitch, at the corner of Madison and Levee streets, sent to prison in default of bail.

Dr. Malcomson, in whose house was found the goods stolen by the dry goods clerk Reburn from his employers, Mullen & Co., was examined before Recorder Summers on the charge of receiving the said goods, knowing them to be stolen. The showing was such that he was sent before First District Court. Bail $1000. No tidings of Reburn yet.

The same Recorder sent John Martin before the same tribunal, for stealing a pair of pants from a clothing store.

FINED.—Jenny Weaver and Victoria Alice were yesterday fined $15 each for the peace and comfort of Eliza Clancey, at the corner of Bienville and Franklin streets. Not having the money to pay, they went to prison.

FATAL RAILROAD ACCIDENT.—Casimir Devigne, f. m. c., was run over by the cars on the Mexican Gulf Railroad, near the city, on Thursday evening. Both legs were crushed. The man was taken to Charity Hospital, where he died during the night. He was a native of this State, 45 years of age. How the accident happened was not stated.

Items of Foreign News.

Advices by the steamship Bohemian are to the 21st ult. from Liverpool and to the 22d from Queenstown. We extract the following:

THE EUROPEAN CONGRESS.—The Paris *Pays* publishes the following as the definite official list of the plenipotentiaries:

Austria—Count Rechberg and Prince de Metternich.
Great Britain—Lord Cowley and Lord Wodehouse.
Prussia—Baron Schlemitz and Count Pourtales.
Russia—Prince Gortschakoff and Count Kisselefl.
France—Count Walewski and Prince Latour de Amoyne.
Spain—M. Martinez de la Roza and M. Mon.
Portugal—Count Lavaradio and Viscount de Paiva.

The Pays adds that the names of the representatives for the Holy See, the Two Sicilies and Sardinia and Sweden, are not yet officially known; but a Turin dispatch says that Count Cavour has been definitely appointed first Plenipotentiary for Sardinia, and Chevalier Desambrois the second, and that France has been officially notified of the fact. It is also positively asserted that Cardinal Antonelli will represent the Pope.

The Pays announces that the opening of the Congress will definitely take place on the 20th January.

The Federal Council of Switzerland intends to ask the Congress that the neutrality of Savoy may be guaranteed by the Italian Confederation, as it already is by Piedmont in virtue of the treaty of 1815.

GREAT BRITAIN.—The weather throughout England had been very severe. In some places the thermometer is reported to have fallen within three or four degrees of zero. Canal navigation was effectually suspended by ice, and railroad traffic more or less affected by the snow which had fallen. At the departure of the steamer a thaw had set in.

The London Times has a leader on the execution of John Brown and the circumstances it gave rise to. It says that it appears somewhat ludicrous to find that the North did nothing until Brown was executed, and adds that this does not convey a very exalted notion of their zealous determination of purpose. It sums up as follows:

The result will be to strengthen the South by the adhesion of the floating mass of opinion, which in every country lies between two extremes. Whatever may be the future of the negro race, no one in his senses can believe its regeneration can be effected by inciting it to murder planters and ravish white women; and if any man chooses to head an outbreak of this kind, he must expect to meet a fate which right thinking men will not glorify with a crown of martyrdom.

The American ship Sea Belle, with a cargo of coal from Cardiff, took fire while lying at Bristol, repairing damages sustained in the late gales, and had become a total wreck. The origin of the fire was unknown.

The Cunard Company had purchased the screw steamship Australasian, to reinforce their fleet of screw vessels. The Australasian is reported to be one of the finest vessels of the kind afloat.

A small tin canister was picked up at the mouth of the Mersey, with the announcement inside that the screw steamship Great Britain had foundered off the Western Islands. It was supposed to be a villanous hoax, as the Great Britain only left Liverpool on the 11th for Melbourne, and the canister was picked up five days thereafter.

Arrivals at the Hotels Yesterday.

ST. CHARLES—J M Watson, N Y; Col R H Byrn, L G Gallaway, Miss; J Moore, A L Robinson, J A Collins, A J Delapierre, F S Goode, J F Thompson, La; D A L Holmick, Hermann; M Burn, Mo; C N Mills, Ohio; K Tobias, St Charles; R Allen, G Hall, W E Stark, Kentucky; F D Goodloe, Ga; W D Burton, Lafayette; G H Brown, Wooville; G P Hilliard, A W Fortune, O L Lazarus, A H W Beck, G L Dupins, Mobile; J Malloy, St Louis; J Hall, Galveston; A H Shepherd, H C Boardman, A Board, La; Jas Hoey, S Hussey, Phila; T Nichols, Dr D G Gregory, G A Alexander, W T Hilliard, D K Atwood, Texas; D A Jones, Louisville; H G Coleman, St James; A J Stone, Iberville; V Sulsovski, La; Le Bourgeois, St James; W H Ellis, Tuscaloosa; D T Smith, Beaufort city, La; S Wat ham and lady, Pt Hudson; C Posey and lady, West Feliciana; F Burke, J Butler, Miss; R Butler, West Feliciana; D H Duff and lady, Miss; H A Allen, Woodville; H G Sale, Springfield, La; J F O Morgan, W A F Bellingham, La; Jas Eaton, Ala; H Jordan, Woodville, Miss; A Bunn, Galveston, H G Fennelly, Pleasants, Texas; S S Rosenberg, Anahuac, Texas; G J S Rowson, Mobile; Major Chase and lady, Pensacola; Jas Dawson, Ala; Miss V