NEW ORLEANS DAILY CRESCENT.

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY, SUNDAY EXCEPTED, BY J. O. NIXON, AT No. 70 CAMP STREET.

VOLUME XIII. TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 10, 1860. NUMBER 31.

Programme

—FOR THE—

CEREMONIES

—TO BE OBSERVED—

On the Occasion of the Inauguration

—OF THE—

STATUE

—OF—

HENRY CLAY,

Thursday, April 12, 1860.

The Arrangements of the Day will be under the direction of the Clay Monumental Association, the Special Joint Committee of the Common Council, and the Grand Marshal.

The Oration will be delivered by

WILLIAM H. HUNT, Esq.

The Dedication Ceremony will be by the Grand Lodge of the State of Louisiana, F. and A. M.

National salutes of Thirty-Three guns will be fired by the Orleans Battalion of Artillery on the eve of the 12th of April, at sunset, and on the morning of the 12th at sunrise, from the head of Canal street.

A salute of Thirteen guns, at 11 o'clock, as a signal for the procession to move, and a salute of Thirty-Three guns at the moment of unveiling the statue, will be fired by the Washington Artillery.

It is respectfully and earnestly requested that all places of public and private business be closed during the day;

That the owners and proprietors of public and private vehicles, will cause their vehicles to be kept out of the following named streets, in which the several divisions will form, and through which the procession is to pass, viz: Canal street, Magazine street, Camp street, St. Charles street, Chartres and Royal streets;

That the owners and masters of vessels, steamboats, etc., the proprietors of the various public buildings in the city, and the Consuls of different nations, will display their colors during the day, from sunrise till sunset;

That the city authorities will cause all obstructions to be removed from the streets upon which the several divisions are to form, and through which the procession is to pass;

That the persons having charge of the church and fire alarm bells, will cause them to be rung for the space of fifteen minutes, beginning upon the unveiling of the Statue, the precise time of which will be announced by a National Salute to be fired from the head of Canal street.

The Troops of the First Division to compose the escort and the several Orders, Societies, Associations, and public functionaries, which are to participate in the ceremonies, are requested to assemble at such places as they may respectively appoint, and repair to the places assigned them in the programme by 10 o'clock A. M., as the head of the procession will move positively, precisely at 11 o'clock A. M.

On each side of the monument on the neutral ground, a space of one hundred and fifty feet is specially reserved for the Platforms. The space around the base of the Monument is specially reserved for the Grand Lodge of the State of Louisiana, F. and A. M., and Subordinate Lodges, who are to perform and assist in the ceremony of dedication.

The Platform facing the Statue is reserved for the Orator of the day, the Clay Monumental Association of New Orleans, the Delegates from the National Clay Monumental Association, the Jackson Monumental Association, the Mayor and Common Council, the Governor of the State and State officers, and the distinguished invited guests.

The Executive Committee of the Clay Monumental Association, acting in conjunction with the Joint Committee of the Common Council have appointed

COL. J. B. WALTON

as Grand Marshal of the day, and

HON. J. O. NIXON, First Assistant Grand Marshal.

And the following named gentlemen have been selected as Assistant Marshals and Aids to the Grand Marshal:

COL. A. W. BOSWORTH, Assistant Grand Marshal, First Division.
CAPT. CHAS. D. DREUX, Assistant Grand Marshal, Second Division.
THOMAS L. LEEDS, Esq., Assistant Grand Marshal, Third Division.
NORBERT TREPAGNIER, Esq., Assistant Grand Marshal, Fourth Division.

—AIDS—

John Dolhonde, Esq.,	Jno. Younens, Esq.,
Thomas L. Clarke, Esq.,	Chas. W. Culbertson, Esq.,
Hamilton Dunn, Esq.,	Rafael Beltran, Esq.,
Rodolphe Tissard, Esq.,	Charleton Hunt, Esq.,
Jas. Hogan, Esq.,	Wm. A. Forest, Esq.,
Hortatio De Bays, Esq.,	Benj. Bloomfield, Esq.,
Chas. Luxenberg, Esq.,	Chas. T. Nash, Esq.

The base of the Procession, composed of the Volunteer State Troops belonging to the First Division, and troops from other cities, under the command of Major-General Lewis, will be formed on the northeast side of Canal street, right resting on Chartres street.

The Procession will be divided into four Grand Divisions, each under the direction of an Assistant Grand Marshal.

The First Division will be formed on Magazine street, right resting on Canal street.

The Second Division will be formed on Camp street, right resting on Canal street.

The Third Division will be formed on Chartres street, right resting on Canal street.

The Fourth Division will be formed on St. Charles street, right resting on Canal street.

Route of Procession.

The Procession will move precisely at 11 o'clock, down Royal street to Esplanade street, up the lower side of Esplanade street to Chartres street, up Chartres, Camp and Prytania streets to Thalia street, down Thalia street to Apollo street, down Apollo street to St. Joseph street, up St. Joseph street to St. Charles street, down St. Charles street towards the intersection of Canal, St. Charles and Royal streets.

Upon the head of the Procession reaching Poydras street, the State Troops and the First Division will move directly forward down St. Charles street to the Statue. The Second Division will wheel to the right, up Poydras street to Camp street, down Camp street to Canal street, and will take position on both sides of Canal street, between Chartres and Camp streets, and the line of Troops established to preserve the space assigned for the Ceremonies.

The Third Division, in like manner, will, at Poydras street, wheel to the left, down Poydras street to Carondelet street, down Carondelet street to Canal, where they will be disposed in same manner as the Second Division, between Bourbon and Carondelet streets, and the line of Troops established as aforesaid.

The Fourth Division will move directly down St. Charles street to Canal street to the line of Troops.

Each Division in turn will be halted on arriving at the positions assigned them, where they will be expected to remain during the performance of the Ceremonies, the commencement of which will be announced by the unveiling of the Statue and the firing of a National Salute by the Artillery.

After the ceremonies are concluded, the Procession will be dismissed, until which the Grand Marshal requests that the music attached to the several Associations and other bodies in the Procession will be directed to abstain from playing.

ORDER OF PROCESSION:

Col. J. B. Walton ..... Grand Marshal.
HON. J. O. NIXON ..... First Assistant Grand Marshal.

AND SPECIAL AIDS TO THE GRAND MARSHAL.

MILITARY ESCORT,

Consisting of the Louisiana State Troops of the First Division, and volunteer corps from other states, invited to participate in the ceremonies of the day, commanded by

MAJOR GEN. JOHN L. LEWIS,

—AS FOLLOWS—

The Louisiana Legion, to which will be attached the Donaldsonville Cannoneers, under the command of Brig. Gen. R. W. Pulliey.

The First Brigade, to which will be attached, The Mobile Cadets and The Mississippi Rifles of Jackson, Miss., under command of Brig. Gen. E. L. Tracy.

First Grand Division.

COL. A. W. BOSWORTH, Asst Grand Marshal, First Division.

AIDS.

Edward Toby, Esq.,	Chas. J. Hoyt, Esq.,
B. W. Huntington, Esq.,	G. S. G. Harvey, Esq.

Clay Monumental Association.
National Clay Monumental Association of Kentucky.
Jackson Monumental Association, in a carriage.
The Masonic Fraternity of Louisiana, in the following order:
G. W. Base, Grand Marshal.
Escort of Knights Templar (mounted.)
Entered Apprentices.
Fellow Crafts.
Master Masons.
Mark Masters.
Past Masters.
Most Excellent Masters.
Royal Arch Masons.
Royal and Select Masters.
Escort to Grand Consistory of Knights Kadosh, 30th Degree.
Knights Rose Croix, 18th Degree.
Members of the Grand Consistory.
Members of the 32d Degree.
Rear Escort to Grand Consistory of Knights Kadosh.
Members and Officers Grand Lodge of Louisiana, F. & A. M.
Rear Escort of Knights Templar.
Orator of the Day, WM. H. HUNT, Esq.
Poet of the Day, J. W. OVERALL, Esq.,
AND
Sculptor, JOEL T. HART, Esq., in a carriage.

His Honor Gerard Stith,

Mayor of the city of New Orleans, accompanied by his Secretaries, in a carriage.
Recorders of the First, Second, Third and Fourth Districts of the city, in a carriage.
The Board of Aldermen and their Secretary, preceded by their Sergeant-at-Arms, with their President, pro tem., Hon. B. S. HARRISSON, at their head.
The Board of Assistant Aldermen and their Secretary, preceded by their Sergeant-at-Arms, with their President, Hon. JOHN MONROE, at their head.
City Comptroller, Treasurer, Surveyor and Street Commissioner.
Chief of Police and Lieutenants of Police.

His Excellency Thomas O. Moore,

Governor of the State of Louisiana.
The Adjutant General of the State and Governor's Staff mounted.
Lieutenant Governor.
Secretary of State, State Treasurer, Attorney General.
Auditor of Public Accounts.
Superintendent of Public Education, Surveyor General.
Members of the State Senate and House of Representatives.
Veterans of 1814-15 in Carriages.
Major General Twiggs, U. S. A., and Staff.
Officers of the U. S. Army.
Officers of the U. S. Navy and Revenue Service.
Foreign Consuls in Carriages.
Major General W. W. Wood, Commanding the First Division Mississippi Militia, and Staff.
Officers of the Militia of other States in Uniform.
Major General John L. Lewis and Staff.
Officers of the Louisiana Militia.
Mayors and Councils of the towns of Carrollton, Jefferson City, Algiers and Gretna.
Judges of the Supreme Court.
Judges of the District Courts.
Sheriff of the Parish of Orleans and Deputies.
District Attorney.
Clerks of the Supreme and District Courts.
Recorders of Mortgages and Conveyances.
Justices of the Peace and Constables.
Judges of the Circuit and District Courts of the United States.
U. S. Marshal and Deputies.
U. S. District Attorney.
Collector of the Port, Surveyor of the Customs, Naval Officer and Post Master.
Superintendent and Officers of the Mint.
U. S. Navy and Pension Agent.
Chamber of Commerce.
Port Wardens and Harbor Masters.
Ship Agents and Ship Masters, with Miniature Ship on a car drawn by four horses.
Steamboat Agents, Masters, Pilots and Engineers.
Board of Underwriters.
Fire Wardens.
Board of Health.
Clergy, in carriages.
Administrators of the University of Louisiana.
Members of the Bar.
Members of the Medical Society.
Academy of Sciences.
Humboldt Academy of Natural Sciences.
Law Faculty.
Medical Faculty.
Administrators of the Charity Hospital.
Invited Guests and Distinguished Strangers.

Second Grand Division.

CAPT. CHAS. D. DREUX, Assistant Grand Marshal, Second Division.

AIDS.

Walter V. Crouch,	James E. McGinley,
Henry L. Clark,	M. J. Redgard,
Aug. Dupré.	

This Division will be formed on Camp street, right resting on Canal street.

Music.

The Fire Department of New Orleans, Algiers, Gretna, Carrollton and Milneburg, in uniform with their banners.
Mechanics' Society.
The Printing Press, on a car drawn by four horses.
N. O. Typographical Union.
United Shoemakers' Society.
Louisiana Society of German Druymen.
Society of the Bakers of New Orleans.
Johns' Mutual Benevolent Association.
Society of Working Men in general.

Third Grand Division.

THOS. L. LEEDS, Esq., Assistant Grand Marshal, Third Division.

AIDS.

Wm. A. Bell, Esq.,	Francis Ruvie, Esq.,
L. Greenleaf, Esq.	

This Division will be formed on Chartres street, right resting on Canal street.

Music.

Benevolent Association of the Sons of Louisiana.
New England Society.
Keystone Association.
Empire State Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.
Confederation of Young Men's Christian Association of the United States and British Provinces.
Catholic Institute.
Southwestern Bible Society.
Southwestern Tract Society.
Christian Brothers School.
St. Alphonse's School.
St. John the Baptist School.
Sons of Temperance.
Temple of Honor, S. of T.
Druids.
Jackson Benevolent Association.
Young Men's Benevolent Association of New Orleans.
R. Marc, President; A. Duclossaut, President; S. G. Fable, President; L. Defau, President; A. Tolein, President; Jas. Gardiette, President; P. Petersen, President; M. P. Avela, President; C. W. Sears, President; S. H. Brown, President; L. Casters, President; L. Simon, President; J. S. Andry, President; L. P. Houts, President; and Associates.

Fourth Grand Division.

NORBERT TREPAGNIER, Esq., Assistant Grand Marshal, Fourth Division.

AIDS.

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This Division will be formed on St. Charles street, right resting on Canal street.

Music.

Screwmen's Benevolent Association.
Louisianian Benevolent Association.
Hebrew Benevolent Association.
Lafitania Association.
Spanish Benevolent Association.
French Benevolent Association.
St. Andrew's Society.
Italian Benevolent Association.
New Limitania Benevolent Association.
United Laborers' Benevolent Association.
German Druymen's Association.
German Emigrant Society.
German Union Society, First District.
German Union Society, Second District.
Society of German Fraternity.
German Turners' Society.
German Manufacturers' Society.
German Musical Society.
Society of Germans of all trades.
Thalia Club.
True Brothers' Society.
German Brothers' Association.
Swiss Association.
St. Alphonsus Beneficent Society.
St. Aloysius Beneficent Society.
Ynora Beneficent Association.
Monroquina Benevolent Association.
Directors, Teachers and Male Pupils of Public Schools.
Trustees, Professors and Pupils, Commercial College.
Orphan Boys of Asylum, Third District.
Orphan Boys of Asylum, Fourth District.
Citizens
And Strangers Generally.
Body of City Police. s7 td&W

Eureka

SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINES.

Latest Improvement---Triumphant Success.

PRICES $60 TO $90.

This Machine has no equal; it is licensed under Howe's patent; makes a lock stitch, and presenting the same stitch on both sides of the fabric sewn; they will run, stitch, hem, fell, bind, gather and quilt. They have an improved tucker, and can be worked for hours without breaking a thread. Also, a hemmer attachment, which turns various widths.

E. L. NIMMO, Agent,
m24 2p&SaMoTuif No. 3 Camp street.

To the Ladies of New Orleans.

L. BOUDRO,

(Late of BOUDRO'S RESTAURANT at the Lake,)

Respectfully informs the Ladies of the city and country that he has purchased the CONFECTIONERY STORE LATELY OWNED BY VINCENT, ON CANAL STREET, and will in future carry on that business.

☞LUNCHES, ICES, FRUITS AND CONFECTIONERY SERVED UP TO ORDER AT ALL HOURS AND IN SUPERB STYLE. ap7 2p3t—1m

☞Please give me a call.

Macaulay's Prophetic Illusion

Of a New Zealand traveler standing on London Bridge and pointing out to a friend the ruins of St. Paul's is not more prophetic than an American physician standing at the door of an Hospital, holding in his hand a bottle of

WOODMAN'S CHERRY EXPECTORANT,

and pointing with becoming grief to the vacant words—"Behold! my profession is ruined!"

Woodman's Cherry Expectorant now cures Coughs, Colds, Consumption, and every disease of the lungs. Sold everywhere, and by the proprietors,

WOODMAN & BEMENT,

ap 2p8 corner Common and Macheba sts., New Orleans.

Fairbanks'

PRINCIPAL SOUTHERN

Scale Warehouse,

AND DEPOT FOR

LILLIE'S BURGLAR AND FIRE-PROOF SAFES.

FAIRBANKS & CO.,

d12 2p1f No. 93 Camp street.

New Orleans Daily Crescent.

TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 10, 1860.

TALK ON 'CHANGE.

The week opened yesterday rather dull. There was very little spirit or animation perceivable on the flags of rue Carondelet and environs. Large operators in the staple did not seem willing to move, unless it was to move off. However, the talk was, the flurry will pass off with to-day or to-morrow, and then it will probably be revealed how many dollars per bale on investments in cotton to the extent of 27,000 bales—the greater part shipped to foreign markets under margins of four to six dollars per bale—will it take to upset or overturn an operator. There were some movements in the staple, which will be found detailed in the usual column. It is hardly necessary to allude to the general results of the growth of 1859, so far as quantity or number of bales go. We have nothing more to talk about in regard to receipts than we published yesterday, except the Texas tables for the week up to last Saturday, the 7th inst., viz:

	1860. Bales.	1859. Bales.
Received at Galveston to date	151,451	104,318
Received at other Texas ports	42,719	20,777
	194,170	125,095
	125,095	
Increase	69,075	

This shows an increase at the several Texas ports of over 55 ⅌ct., and increases the receipts for the week, made up to-morrow, 5415 bales.

It is hardly necessary to be talking or contending against those inevitable figures, FOUR AND A HALF MILLIONS. On that point the question may be considered as settled in the affirmative. At the same time, the figures from 4,525,000 to 4,600,000 may be considered as still open. If there should be a rise in the waters of Red river, a good many bales will be coming forward, and send the receipts proper at this port to over 2,100,000 bales. If an account of stock could be taken to-day, in the several presses and warehouses, it would be proven that only 65,000 bales would be required to send the receipts proper up to 2,100,000 bales. This immense quantity of cotton would at once convince the commercial and financial world that the position and resources of this city and community were impregnable, irrespective and beyond a momentary pressure in the money market, of which there is so much talk and confab going on from day to day.

There was not so much business going forward on the levee and landings as last week. The change or falling off does not occasion any surprise. It is manifest that the great element of water will not disturb Lower Louisiana this season. Crevasses, breaks in the levee and drowning out by the freaks of the old Father of Rivers, do not enter the minds of the planters and occupants on the banks of the river at this time.

There is some talk of a want of rain in some sections of the country, and that the ground is not in a favorable condition to receive the seed for the next crop. As we have heretofore talked, that thinking of the next or present season's yield as premature, we reiterate the remark, "let us get clear of the growth of 1859 before bringing the production of 1860 on the flags." It will be ample time, sixty and ninety days hence, to talk of what we shall receive next season.

There have been some arrivals from the Ohio and Upper Mississippi rivers. There is some talk that the great Western trade is showing the white feather—that is, it must succumb to the unchangeable laws of supply and demand. There is no inquiry whatever for breadstuffs for the European market, and still less for provisions in general. Yet the home or local demand—for Alabama, Georgia and Florida—is good, and equal to last year at this time, and for Texas the demand is larger.

The arrivals of vessels from sea for freighting purposes are fully equal to the demand, consequently we cannot expect any advance in the freight market. We learn with much pleasure there is very little detention and very slight obstructions at the mouths of the river. The water on the bars has been at a good stage for some days, and if there is any detention it can only be accounted for that nature never intended the channel to admit vessels of over 15, 16 and 17 feet, and yet we have men-of-war, fifty-four gun frigates, (though razeed) coming up within gun-shot of the city or to the plains of Chalmette.

We observe at the landing the steamship Coatzacoalcos, now under engagement to proceed to Charleston for the conveyance of all, or part of all, who may desire to attend the Democratic Convention. There is a sufficient number of passengers engaged to carry out the schedule and intention. The ship is well found in every respect; in fact, it will be the most pleasant and agreeable route for those who desire to attend the Convention. Simply $60 to Charleston and back, and board provided on board during the stay there at most reasonable prices. The vessel also stops at Havana. At this season of the year a voyage or trip through the Gulf will be of the most pleasure imaginable. We hope there will be some efforts to change the name of this fine vessel. We cannot write it more than once a month as it is. We will, however, abreviate it, and christen her the Coza, for we really believe that the passengers now engaged will have a real "coxy" and joyful time.

At an early hour yesterday the demise of Mr. Juan y DeEgana was announced on the street. He died on Sunday night, after a long and protracted illness of several months duration. Mr. DeEgana was a native of Spain, and first appeared in our city about twenty years ago, in connection with the firm of A. Gordon, Wylie & Co., successors to the eminent house of Lizardi & Brothers. Mr. DeEgana for years has been regarded as one of our most esteemed and honorable merchants—characteristic of the Castilian race, in all his many and varied transactions, for probity, integrity and honor. His word was equivalent to his bond.

FOURTH DISTRICT SCHOOL EXAMINATIONS.

The annual examination of the Fourth District Public Schools began yesterday with the Chestnut School, at the corner of Felicity and Chestnut streets; in the basement of the Methodist Church.

This school is a branch of the Magnolia School, having 111 girls and 82 boys; the girls being of the second grade and the boys of the third grade, and none transferred to the Magnolia School until sufficiently advanced to take their places in the first and second grades, respectively, with honor. Mrs. Earhart, an estimable and industrious lady, teaches the girls, aided by Miss Pearson; whilst the boys are under the care of Mrs. Thornton and Miss Davis.

We had not time to make our visit a long one yesterday; but whilst present, were pleased with the promise of Mrs. Earhart's girls in geography, mental arithmetic, and declamation. The boys under Mrs. Thornton also did very well for little fellows of their grade.

The exercises in the girls' room concluded with recitations, dialogues and singing. We were especially pleased with the dialogue rendered by Grace Hillard, Cecilia Garrison and Nora Collins; also the recitation of the former, and that of Harriet Bisset. The parents and friends of the pupils were present in handsome numbers, and appeared to be well satisfied and gratified.

The Laurel School, at the corner of Laurel and Philip streets, is to be examined to-day. The school-children of the Fourth District, we are glad to learn, will have holiday on the 12th.

CYPRESS TIMBER.—Mr. James Allen, of Warrentown, Miss., advertises a large supply of cypress timber for sale at the mouth of Big Black river.

A SUPERIOR DINING ROOM SERVANT, butler or carriage driver is advertised for sale or hire.

DISTINGUISHED VISITORS.

It seems that we are soon to be favored with a visit from a large number of Japanese dignitaries—seventy in number, of the most distinguished of that distant land, who are coming to Washington City, on a semi-official visit. They have already arrived, we believe, in San Francisco, and will soon be on their way to the Atlantic coast.

The question as to what shall be done with them when they reach Washington City seems to puzzle the people thereabouts as much as that other question of the disposition of the delegates to the Charleston Convention. Our own embassy to Japan was received and treated with such distinguished consideration and hospitality that it would be ungracious in us not to return the compliment. Our authorities seem determined not to be outdone in doing the handsome thing by these distinguished visitors—but the extraordinarily large number of them is the chief difficulty in the way. Kossuth and his suite were quartered at one of the hotels; but how shall as many as seventy be comfortably bestowed, and in a manner befitting their dignity, in the Federal city?

The sugestion has been made—and a very good suggestion it is—that Government rent a large house for them, furnish it in appropriate style, and provide a purveyor who understands the culinary tastes of the visitors. The Japanese have ideas about their *cuisine* which appear rather curious to us "outside barbarians"—but it is equally as much our duty to provide suitably for them as they did for us. To quarter them at a hotel would be to place them in a position of great discomfort, besides being subject constantly to the rude gaze of the public. The visit of this embassy will be an era in our national history, and the claims of hospitality, no less than the political and commercial interests that may be subserved by it, demand that these Japanese officials be treated in a manner becoming the dignity of the Republic.

COMUS TO THE CLAY MONUMENTAL ASSOCIATION, GREETING.

The Clay Monumental Association yesterday received a package, which, upon being opened, was found to contain an earthenware image, habited in an old-fashioned surtout and peaked hat, the latter bearing on the front the letters M. K. C. The Chairman, while examining the oddly-shaped figure and wondering what could be the significance of such an offering, heard something rattle inside. Removing a ribbon wound tightly about it, he found that the little creature was in two pieces, and taking him apart, out rolled three hundred gold dollars. The package also contained the following formal epistle from Comus himself, written in such a bold round hand as might be supposed characteristic of the jolly God:

To the "Clay Monumental Association" of the City of New Orleans:

From out his forest home now cometh
—COMUS—

Greeting:

Whereas, Tidings of coming events, with sound of preparation, have been borne to our ears, showing that sundry mortals with aforementioned title, have bandied themselves to honor the SAGE OF ASHLAND, by placing a memorial in this fair city, that all posterity may know how great and how wise a man, was Henry Clay, and—

Whereas, With pain I note that myself and Mistick Krewe have been totally omitted among the useful, benevolent and ornamental bodies whom you have invited to cooperate with you in this laudable undertaking, and assigned proper positions in your ceremonies—

Therefore have I, in virtue of my authority, summoned this our silent custodian of the surplus funds in our treasury, to present himself to your worthy body bearing these credentials, and then and there to disembowel himself to aid the cause; and trust that, in acknowledgment thereof and as amend to past neglect, you will assign him a fitting place as my representative in the arrangements and ceremonies of the day.

And now in token of the reception of communication, I ask an early acknowledgment at your hands.

Signed at our Sylvan Temple, this the ninth day of April, Eighteen hundred and sixty, A. S., in the presence of my Mistick Krewe.

COMUS.

As Comus cannot, of course, be expected to unvail his august presence to profane eyes, we are authorized to tender him the apologies and deep regrets of the Association for the involuntary neglect of which he has had such just cause to complain, and their profoundly sincere thanks for this most substantial and welcome testimonial of his regard to the memory of the immortal patriot and statesman.

AMUSEMENTS LAST EVENING.

John Brougham's puncily witty and insanely comical extravaganza "Pocahontas" was brought out at the Varieties last night in a style which has been equalled, we are confident, nowhere else out of New York. It was immensely mirth-provoking, though the auditory had no time to laugh at it as much as they might, for there being a pun, joke or palpable hit in every single couplet of the piece, of course there was no chance to shout and roar at each one, but the laugh had to be distributed through and spread out over the space of the whole performance until it settled down into a regular chronic snicker, which was cured only by the curtain fall, by which time it had degenerated into a rigid and apparently permanent grimace on every countenance, as if it hadbeen fixed there with "set screws."

Mrs. Wood, as *Po-ca-hon-tas*, was as captivating, fascinating and generally brilliant as she always is; with a word or note "bringing down the house" as cleverly as Samson did upon the heads of the Philistines. Miss Susan Denin was charming as *Poo-te-pet*, Mr. Davenport great as *Captain John Smith*, and Mr. Morton came out strong as *H. J. Pow-ha-tan*. In brief, and in fact, he was tremendous in that character. Leffingwell was mirth-aggravating as *Mynheer John Rolf*. The prettiest thing that anybody ever saw in the way of a stage parade was the drill of "the target company," which was composed of a strong squad of some fifteen young ladies of the company under the command of Miss Denin. They were in Zouave costume of the neatest make, finish and fit, and to the tune and chorus of "Dixie's Land" they drilled and manœuvred with a dexterity and precision which some of our military companies would do well to study.

Altogether "Po-ca-hon-tas" was a great show, and was witnessed by a large and fashionable assemblage. "Woman's Rights," the comedy which preceded the extravaganza, was a very pleasant thing, in which Miss Denin, as *Widow Blandish*, and Mr. Morton, as *Sir Andrew Burley*, were both admirable.

At the Amphitheater, too, there was a great time generally, for Col. Clarke, the business manager of the Ramsey & Newcomb Minstrels had a benefit. The company threw themselves with an extravagant looseness and kept a large house at the very top notch of amusement. The ladies turned out in force to do honor to the beneficiary, and we have not seen a stronger array of beauty in the Amphitheater this season.

In addition to the public demonstration, Col. C. was surprised and complimented last evening by the private presentation of as fine and valuable a watch as could be bought in New Orleans, his many friends having quietly got up a subscription to that end. May it tick off the movements of his life for a thousand years to come.

At the St. Charles the Walnbold Minstrels held forth to a house not large, but appreciative.

THE CONTINENTAL GUARDS.—Members of this company are referred to the order published, issued by Capt. Clark, relative to the Clay Statue celebration.

SONS OF TEMPERANCE.—Officers and members of the Grand Division Sons of Temperance of Louisiana are referred to notice of the Grand Scribe, as to their participation in the ceremonies of the 12th.

TELEGRAPHED TO THE NEW ORLEANS CRESCENT.

ADDITIONAL BY THE STEAMER NIAGARA.

THE QUESTION OF ANNEXATION.

[BY THE NATIONAL LINE.]

HALIFAX, April 9.—The European mails by the steamship Niagara will reach Boston to-day.

Commercial Intelligence.

HAVRE, March 24.—The sales of cotton during the past week amounted to 8000 bales. The market closed very firm, and tending upward. Orleans tres ordinaire closed at 105f., has at 99f. The amount of cotton now in port is estimated at 23,000 bales.

HAVRE, March 24.—The Havre breadstuffs market closed generally steady. Flour closed dull, but prices are generally unchanged. Wheat closed dull, the quotations by the last steamer being barely maintained. The market for provisions closed generally dull at previous quotations.

LIVERPOOL, March 24.—The advices received from Manchester continue to be cheering.

The market closed very firm. The prices have an advancing tendency. The demand for manufactured goods and yarns continued active, and spinners continued to be very busily employed.

The bullion in the bank of England has advanced £76,400 during the past week.

Political Intelligence.

In the political circles of England the question regarding the annexation of Savoy to France is the principal topic of interest.

The London Times admits that the annexation of Savoy to France must be quietly allowed, but denounces the act as a spoliation wrong almost as bad as a march upon the Rhine, or a sudden attempt on the city of Antwerp.

FURTHER BY THE STEAMSHIP NIAGARA.

Commercial Intelligence.

BOSTON, April 9.—The European mails by the steamship Niagara are due at this point this evening, and those of the South will be forwarded by to-morrow morning's train.

LIVERPOOL, March 25.—The amount of Cotton now in this port is estimated at 840,000 bales, of which 703,000 are of American production.

On Saturday the Cotton market closed steady at the following quotations by the Brokers' Circular:

Fair Orleans	7⅞	Middling Orleans	7¼
Fair Mobile	7⅞	Middling Mobile	7
Fair Uplands	7	Middling Uplands	6⅞

LONDON, March 25.—The English Money market closed active. The demand was fair throughout the week. The funds have evinced no change since the sailing of the last steamer.

Consols for money closed at 94⅞ to 94⅞c.; Consols for account closed at 94⅞ to 94⅞.

The Paris Bourse has somewhat recovered from its late state of depression. The 3 per cent. rentes closed at 68f. 30c.

Political Intelligence.

The complicated affairs in Italy are assuming a high tone of importance, and continue to attract much of the public attention on the Continent.

The King of Sardinia has formally accepted the conditions of the annexation of Tuscany. The provisions of the treaty have met with his entire approval.

The French army was daily quitting Lombardy, and were proceeding to Savoy.

The Paris *Constitutionel* says that this step has not been taken by France to express any coldness toward Sardinia, but because the independence has been irrevocably assumed.

The troops of Sardinia stationed in Savoy have commenced to evacuate that territory.

Advices received from Paris, explaining the necessity for the annexation of Savoy, have been published, but they contain nothing of importance.

The Government of France has disavowed the theory of a natural frontier.

The proceedings in both branches of the British Parliament are not of much importance.

The introduction of the Budget may improve the further progress of Parliament.

An income tax has been agreed to.

The "Reform Bill" was again taken up, debated at considerable length, but no conclusion arrived at.

DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE.

Congressional Proceedings.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—In the House of Representatives to-day, Mr. Winslow endeavored to make the majority report of the Investigating Committee on the Covode resolution.

Mr. Hickman ineffectually sought to present his report on the President's protest.

In the Senate, the bill providing for the relief of settlers on the lands in the State of Arkansas was passed.

Mr. Summers offered a resolution instructing the Committee on Foreign Relations to consider by what title and right the sloop-of-war Saratoga undertook to force the capture of the two other vessels of war in time of peace.

Mr. Chestney spoke in favor of the resolution, which, after a lengthy debate, was adopted.

The Homestead bill was taken up and considerably discussed, but no conclusion being obtained, the bill was postponed for further consideration.

Firemen's Celebration.

MOBILE, April 9.—The annual celebration of the Mobile Fire Department took place to-day.

The Fire Companies, with their beautifully decorated engines, marched through the principal streets of the city.

After the celebration an election was held for Chief and Assistant Engineers. Mr. Oliver T. Keeler was elected Chief Engineer of the Department. Mr. Rutherford was elected First and Mr. Foster Second Assistant Engineers.

Everything passed off quietly.

Arkansas Democratic Convention.

MEMPHIS, April 9.—The Arkansas Democratic State Convention met at Little Rook on the 2d inst. for the purpose of electing delegates to the Charleston Convention. Resolutions were passed favoring the protection afforded by Congress.

Large Fire at Memphis.

MEMPHIS, April 9.—The cotton warehouse, and 12,000 bales of cotton, owned by Mr. Samuel Moseby, together with seven adjoining buildings, were completely destroyed by fire last night.

Domestic Markets.

CINCINNATI, April 9.—Western Mess Pork is quoted at $17 per bbl.; the market closed firm. An advance of ½ is reported in Bacon. Lard is quoted at 11½c.; the sales to-day amount to 550 kegs. There were 1100 bbls. Whisky sold to-day at 18c. per gallon. The sales of Sugar reckoned at 60 hhds.; New Orleans is quoted at 8 to 8½c. The sales of Coffee amounted to 100 sacks; Rio is quoted at 13⅝c.; the market closed firm. Molasses is selling at 46c. per gallon. Corn is selling at 46c. per bushel.

NEW YORK, April 9.—Flour closed firm; the sales amounted to 10,000 bbls.; Superfine State is quoted at $5 25. The sales of Corn are reckoned at 45,000 bushels; Prime to Choice is selling at 73½ to 80c. Lard closed dull at 11½c. per lb.; the sales of Lard amounted to 900 bbls., at 10½ to 11c. per lb.

River Intelligence.

ST. LOUIS, April 9.—The Mississippi river at this point is at a stand, with 7 feet 6 inches of water to Cairo.

The Illinois river is falling, with six feet of water to Peoria.

The Upper Missisippi is receding, with four feet of water on the upper and three feet nine inches on the lower rapids.

LOUISVILLE, April 9.—The Ohio river at this point is at a stand, with five feet four inches of water in the canal.

LOUISVILLE, April 9.—The Ohio river at this point is rising, with 5 feet 6 inches of water in the Canal.

Local Intelligence.

YESTERDAY was decidedly a summer day. There were clouds and breeze enough, but the sunshine was sweltering when it fell.

MORTUARY.—The Board of Health report 165 as the total number of interments in the city cemeteries last week.

FIRES.—The alarm at 1 o'clock yesterday morning was occasioned by a fire on board the steamer Lafourche. It was luckily extinguished before any serious damage was done.

The alarm between 8 and 9 o'clock last night was caused by a fire in a cottage inhabited by quadroons, on Bienville street, between Marais and Villere. A part of the roof was burnt away—no more.

DEAD.—John Doyle, the young man who was recently stabbed half a dozen times with a pocket knife, by some man unknown to him, in Thomson's oyster saloon, on New Levee street, died of his wounds yesterday morning, at the Charity Hospital. Coroner Beach set about holding his inquest, but had to postpone it.

THE ROSENTHAL AFFAIR.—Z. A. Rosenthal, late merchant of Old Levee street, was put upon his examination before Recorder Benit yesterday. We have already given some account of the charges against him—getting large quantities of sugar, cigars and other goods, from different merchants about town, on credit, and attempting to absquatulate with the proceeds. The examination began in the morning, was resumed in the evening, and had not concluded when we left Court. Col. Field was defending the accused.

SUICIDE.—Deputy Coroner Soraparu yesterday held an inquest on the body of Henry Krantz, a German, 38 years of age. He was found hanging by the neck, dead, yesterday morning, in a cow stable on the premises of a lady on Toledano street, between Chippewa and Annunciation. He had fastened the rope to a beam not far above his head; had evidently jumped off some corn-sacks, after adjusting the noose; and was found in a stooping position, with his feet on the floor; having apparently died in that attitude. He was a poor, miserable fellow, a woodsawyer, and a great drunkard; had on clothes which had been given him, and had been permitted the day before to sleep in the stable, through charity. He said to the lady of the house on Sunday, that next day there would be blood in the house. The poverty and misanthropy resulting from drunkenness doubtless induced him to make way with himself. Verdict, suicide by hanging.

DARING BUT UNSUCCESSFUL ROBBERY.—Last evening, just after dark, Mr. W. Steffins, the watchmaker, whose store is on Camp street, near Poydras, was slightly astonished, but was not found wanting. Crash went the glass of his show window, and jingle went a lot of gold watches and chains in the fist of a highwayman. Steffins was in his slippers; he leaped over the counter, darted into the street, and scooted after the villain as never scooted watchmaker before. The villain dashed the watches in the street, and tried to make believe that in point of speed he was the "Unknown" No. 2; but Steffins caught up with him on Poydras street, jumped on him, and they fell together in the gutter. Steffins held on to his man, and passed him over to the first watchman that came along. Mr. Steffins never stopped to look for his watches; he valued the thief most, just then. Meantime the watches—four valuable gold tickers—fell into honest hands. Mr. Charles Evershead, of Milneburg, picked the watches up and left them at the police office, where it was found that the robber was the notorious James Rainey, who only lately finished a penitential term for some former villainy.

THE GREAT DOG FIGHT.—Sam Banks' dog and the dog Snow, the Heenan and Sayers of canine chivalry, chewed each other yesterday, for $500, in the cockpit on St. Charles street. The audience was large and well-dressed, and was a cash audience; inasmuch as every one admitted had to pay two dollars and a half. Snow appeared to have gone into a decline; his numerous battles and accumulating years joined with the other dog to tell him that he was played out. He stood the battle for fifty minutes, perseveringly but weakly; and Sam Banks carried off the $500, and his dog the "belt." Large sums of money had been bet upon the issue.

NOT SMART ENOUGH THIS TIME.—Ellen Cashman, one of the redoubtable nymphs of Perdido street, got a white-haired drunken old codger named Noble into her den last night, and robbed him of his gold watch. The old fellow was still sober enough to complain to the police, and Ellen was arrested. The watch was found "spouted" in the heel of her stocking. Perdido street will probably lose the lively society of Ellen Cashman for some time to come.

SUSPICIOUS VISIT.—Yesterday morning, whilst the negro porter of the New Orleans Savings' Bank on Canal street was cleaning out the building, he stepped into the back yard, leaving the door open, to get a bucket of water. Returning, he found three ugly looking customers inside, one of whom leveled a pistol at him