New Orleans Daily Crescent.

THE OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF NEW ORLEANS.

J. D. WIXON, Editor and Proprietor.

OFFICE---NO. 80 CAMP STREET.

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☞ The Weekly Crescent is published every Saturday morning. Subscription $2—invariably in advance.

SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 21, 1860.

AUCTION SALES THIS DAY.

E. Roger & Co. sell at 10 o'clock, at Nos. 45 and 47 Old Levee street, between Customhouse and Gravoiée streets, a large assortment of clothing, hats, boots, shoes, etc.

Hecht & Lemonnier sell at 11 o'clock, at No. 97 Chartres street, a large assortment of women's and children's boots, shoes and brogans.

H. A. Kingston sells at 11 o'clock, at No. 140 Bourbon street, furniture, mirrors, etc.

Pollock & Caswell at 12 o'clock, at the St. Charles Hotel Exchange, valuable bank stock.

C. Pike & Brother Smith sell at 12 o'clock, at the St. Charles Exchange, valuable improved property located in the Fourth District.

J. Claiborne sells at 12 o'clock, at the St. Charles Exchange, valuable improved and unimproved real estate, situated in the First District and Jefferson City.

Florian J. Sporl sells at 4 o'clock, corner of St. Peter and Burgundy streets, elegant household furniture, pianos, etc., also at 6 o'clock, at No. 1 Bourbon street.

Lucien Herwig sells at early eve-light, at No. 55 St. Charles street, a general assortment of miscellaneous books of choice standard literature, etc.

☞ References to advertisements under auction head, 5th page.

Triple-Sheet Crescent.

This mammoth sheet will again issue on Monday morning next, and be replete with reading matter in great variety and abundance.

Weekly Crescent.

The market of our Weekly, issued this morning, is an exceedingly interesting paper, and can be had in wrappers for mailing to friends at a distance at the office counter, or at J. C. Morgan & Co.'s Book-stores, Exchange and Commercial Places.

☞ See every page of to-day's paper.—☞

Summer Trees.—One of the most striking defects in the appearance of New Orleans to a stranger must be its lack of trees along the streets. Perhaps many are unable to account to themselves for the impression of barren uncomfortableness made upon them by a glance along our streets; but if they will reflect a moment, it will probably be evident that this is the cause: In other cities they are accustomed to see tall, stately elms or oaks lining either side of the way at least, with occasionally several other rows of trees along the middle, and the air of cool, refreshing comfort that they give, the graceful movements of their branches, the solemn shadows that they cast, combine to produce an impression hard to define, but very pleasant.

Business streets, indeed, may be better or as well adapted without them, to the crowded rush of commerce; but their absence from a quarter devoted to residences gives it the bold, hard look of a commercial resort fallen into disuse. Observe a line of stately residences fronted by long, unbroken rows of noble trees, their walls chequered by ever changing contests of light and shade as the living foliage before them sways in the wind, and say if there is not added an important element of refinement, of domestic repose, and even romance. Because we live in a city is no reason that we should eschew everything that might suggest some knowledge of the country, and insist upon living in lofty stones.

We might believe, too, that the presence of many trees is very important to health. Savannah is a city peculiarly beautified with broad streets, and embowered, as it were, in its multitude of trees, and we well recollect that in the fall of 1858, when the yellow fever was so very fatal here, it was of the mildest type in that city. There were, indeed, a great number of cases, so that the alarm in other places having frequent communication with it rose quite high, but after all it was ascertained that the deaths were extremely few.

And where could there be found better conditions for success in this department than here where our soil is so rich and our climate so propitious? If some ingenious city legislator could invent an ordinance that would be effective in promoting this end, he would certainly deserve well of his fellow-citizens.

The Varieties.—It was really surprising to see the throng congregated at the Varieties last evening. The parquette and dress circle were greatly crowded. The bill was certainly a strong one to draw so at this season, but it shows that people never weary of what is really good. The splendid scenery and costuming of "Beauty and the Beast," the excellence of the orchestra, and the singular effect of "Dixie's Land," with its enthusiastic chorus, its mad-cap dancers, and its maneuvering Zouaves, all going on at once, constitute an attraction that shows its genuineness by its effects. The same bill is repeated to-night.

Grand Trunk Railway.—We would call the special attention of tourists to the advertisement under this caption to be found in our columns. The route is through Canada, with its termini in the United States—the western one at Detroit, the eastern one at Portland, Maine. The scenery on this route is the finest of the world—White Mountains, Montgomery Falls, Niagara Falls, etc. The Victoria Tubular Bridge also is on the route.

Mr. Davenport's Benefit.—We again call public attention to the fact that Mr. Davenport takes his benefit at the Varieties to-morrow (Sunday) evening. The bill is so arranged as to bring out the entire troupe, and will represent the "Sailor of France," "Boots at the Swan" and "The Widow's Victim." Mr. Davenport's friends and admirers will remember him.

Last Day of the Panoptikon.—To-day will positively close the exhibition of this most successful and popular entertainment. A morning exhibition will be given at 12 o'clock, and the last in this city to-night.

New Opera House.—To-night Halevy's opera, the "Queen's Musketeers."

Auction Sales.—J. B. Walton, auctioneer, will sell to-day at 12 o'clock M., at the St. Charles Exchange, the following valuable improved and unimproved property, to-wit:

A valuable residence on Claiborne street, with four lots of ground, between Canal and Gasquet streets.

A two-story brick dwelling-house on Perdiume street, between Annunciation and Fourcher streets.

Nine lots of ground in the square bounded by Gasquet, Broad, Canal and Dorgenois streets.

Twenty-five lots of ground, being the square bounded by Miro, Galvez, Palmyra and Gasquet streets.

One lot of ground on Franklin (late Benton) street, between Clio and Hesio streets.

One lot of ground on Johnson street, between Perdido and Poydras streets.

A one-story cottage house, with five lots, in Jefferson City, near Bouligny station.

Six lots of ground in West Bouligny, in the square bounded by Valence, Cadiz, Jersey and Laurel streets.

For particulars see advertisements.

Stylish Clothing.—The spacious Southern Clothing Establishment of Mr. L. W. Lyons is now crowded with a large variety of everything which the inventive skill of tailors could produce, from the latest agony of coat to the most recent system of pantaloons, whether said articles of raiment be designed for the large men of men or the small demands of male children just big enough to walk, or the intermediate needs of boys of larger growth. The goods of this house are well known for excellence of make and material, and the extent of its stock is always such that it can meet any wholesale or retail demand which may be made by its many customers. See advertisements.

Cheap Sale.—*Boots, Shoes, Brogans, Clothing, Hats, etc.*—The particular attention of buyers is called to the large sale of boots, shoes and brogans, clothing, etc., to take place this day at 10 o'clock at the salesroom of E. Roger & Co., Nos. 45 and 47 Old Levee street. Terms—over $200, ninety days credit.

Messrs. C. Pitts & Gardner Smith will sell this day at 12 o'clock, at the St. Charles Hotel Exchange, ten valuable lots of ground in the square bounded by St. Patrick, Third, St. David and Fourth streets. For full particulars, see advertisements.

H. A. Kingston, auctioneer, will sell this day at 11 o'clock, at the new auction mart, No. 140 Bourbon street, a fine top buggy, single and double sets of harness, and wagon and harness. For particulars, see advertisement in another column.

A HOPEFUL SIGN.

One of the most baneful effects of slavery agitation, outside of its influence upon our political and economic policy, has been the division which it has produced among the various Christian churches of the land. It will be recollected that several of the most numerous denominations of Christians in the country were embarrassed with this question many years ago, and that the result was a sectional division between them, the Northern churches protesting against slavery and slaveholding, and the Southern asserting, very properly, that it was something having no connection with ecclesiastical affairs, and ought not to be discussed or agitated in any shape or form. This separation of the churches into Northern and Southern divisions Mr. Calhoun deplored, just before his death, as an inauspicious sign, foreshadowing a similar political separation among the different States of the confederacy.

The Episcopal and the Catholic churches never permitted this question to disturb their harmony. They rightly regarded it as something beyond proper ecclesiastical jurisdiction. But the Methodist church, against the earnest protest of its Southern members, continued to agitate the question in their National Conferences, until a division finally ensued, which continues to the present day. The Northern wing was the cause of it. Theirs was the policy of aggression and agitation, while the South insisted that the subject ought never to be disturbed, and still less that slavery should be made a test of church membership.

We are therefore gratified to observe a returning sense of reason and conservatism in the Northern division of the Methodist church. From the telegraphic dispatch published in our paper of yesterday, it appears that the Annual Conference of the State of New York, by the decisive vote of one hundred and twenty against forty-two, has "rejected the resolution which provides for the exclusion of slaveholders as members in the church." By this significant act the Conference has virtually decided, and properly decided, that slaveholding is something over which the church has no control, and that it is a matter to be left to the consciences, alone, of the individual members.

This action, we doubt not, will be eagerly hailed by the Church South—and we see no reason why it may not be the initiatory step toward a reunion of the Church, and a restoration of its ancient harmony. The New York Conference has placed itself precisely upon the ground that the Southern Church assumed in the beginning, and has ever since maintained. The South, from the strength of her position, has procured an acknowledgment of the propriety of her course. It only remains for the other Northern Conferences to follow the conservative example of New York, to witness the reconstruction of this numerous and powerful denomination of Christians upon a solid basis of nationality and union.

The debates in the Conference, a report of which we find in the New York Evening Post, show a degree of conservatism and good sense, which, we are free to say, surprised as much as it gratified us. The Rev. Mr. Kettell made a speech which, for such a latitude, developed a moderation which is as rare as it is pleasing. In illustration of the spirit which prevailed there, we subjoin a report of this gentleman's speech, which not only does justice to the South and her position, but is an unanswerable argument in itself. We hail it as an encouraging sign when such sentiments not only find utterance in Northern latitudes, but are sustained by a decisive vote. We have italicised some of the most striking passages in this gentleman's remarks:

Rev. Mr. Kettell held with regard to slavery, as with other institutions, that it was not sinful merely because there were abuses connected with it. He referred to matrimony.

He was called to order, as discussing the slavery question instead of the substitute.

Several members appealing that he should be allowed to go on, and he was allowed to do so.

He was prepared to say that society *had a right to exact service of every man, and to impose labor by compulsion upon such as will not labor of themselves. The doctrine that the world owes every man a living was a monstrous humbug.* The recognition of the principle of compelling labor was found in various forms in all the Northern States; and he instanced the cases of minor apprentices and vagrants.

He was not a pro-slavery man, but the question with him was whether he had a right to set free four millions of paupers? Were the Africans really a race? Let the dark regions of Africa answer. Other races had their golden age, but the negro remains in the same barbarous stage. He had the testimony of official reports that one-half at least of the island of Jamaica is to-day in a state of bush. The case of a negro voluntarily hiring himself out to plantation labor was never known.

In the work of Mr. Bigelow, although published with the intention of favoring the negro, facts were shown which bear him (the speaker) out. He could say emphatically that *slavery had been the means of elevating the negro. As soon as they were set free they relapsed back into barbarism.* The morals of the slave are better than those of the freed slave. Notwithstanding all that was said about our slavery, it was *the mildest system under the sun.* He knew that John Wesley was often quoted as having said that it was the vilest of systems, and he was surprised that Mr. Wesley had said so, and thought he must have been blinded by prejudice.

The wealth of the South came to the North, by which our institutions were supported. [Laughter.] The brethren might laugh, but they should know what they were laughing about. He then went into cotton statistics, and *stated that the value of the agricultural products of the South, aside from cotton, were greater than those of the whole North.* Four hundred and sixty-two millions in produce, money, etc., came annually from the South to the North, and *if the South was poor, it was poor because they were working for us.* [Renewed laughter.] We were actually deriving the greatest benefit from slavery.

Speaking of the luxuries, etc., which were brought from the South, he was surprised to hear any man making a speech against slavery with tobacco in his mouth. Slavery was said to be a relic of barbarism. That was because negroes were barbarians. In his mind slavery was one of God's providences for the elevation of the negro.

FOURTH DISTRICT SCHOOL EXHIBITION.

The school examinations of the "Garden District" having on Wednesday come to a close, the annual exhibition and presentation of diplomas to the High School graduates took place yesterday in the Felicity street Church.

The boys and girls of the High Schools were the only pupils admitted to seats on the lower floor, the attendance of pupils of the other schools having in years past sadly interfered with the crowds of visitors who were unable to gain seats or any other good place in which to witness the proceedings. Even with this curtailment of the space usually allotted to pupils, the Church yesterday was densely crowded, in the galleries as well as below; the ladies occupying the seats, and the gentlemen forming a compact rear-guard. We noticed that a body of boys from the Live Oak School had managed to squeeze themselves into a corner of one of the galleries.

The church was, as usual, handsomely decorated for the triumphs of exhibition day. A broad carpeted platform covered the pulpit; on this were seated the President and Directors of the schools, with the reverend gentlemen who said prayer at the opening and benediction at the close; together with numerous ladies and gentlemen who could not find seats elsewhere. Over this platform was spanned a large arch, bearing the words, in evergreen, "Learning has its Triumphs, and Labor its Reward." The galleries all round were ornamented with festoons and wreaths of living green, and the chandeliers and side-lights were wreathed in flowers and draperies of forest moss. The whole appearance of the interior was brilliant, tasteful, and charming.

In a corner on the lower floor were stationed a piano and Maeder's brass band, whose pleasing task it was to aid the young ladies in their singing.

Mr. Parham, the Superintendent, announced the opening of the exercises. Prayer was offered up by one of the clergymen present. The girls then sang the hymn beginning—

"*Jesu auctoritas*, list to our parting strain!
Ora pro nobis! we may not meet again."

The exercises, as announced, then proceeded in the following order:

Salutatory Address, by Master W. W. Rayne. Well conceived and vigorously delivered.

Song by the girls—"Beautiful Star."

"Importance of an Aim in Life," announced to be given by Master W. W. Clarke, was not given, owing to the young gentleman's absence, he being sick.

Song by the girls—"Our Union, right or wrong."

"Knowledge is Power," a subject upon which Master Thomas Mount elaborated with much force of thought, and correctness of oratory.

Song by the girls—"We come from the Palace."

"The Prophecy of Capys," from Macaulay; a fine poem, recited in elegant style by Master E. C. McLean.

Song by the girls—"Chantons sa gloire."

"Perseverance," by Master C. S. Hoffman; a quality ably treated, and offering a fine illustration in the person of the young speaker himself.

Song by the girls—"Happy and Light."

"Farewell to the Graduates," by Master C. J. Hilliard, of the Third Course. It would be hard to imagine an address more tastefully conceived or more charmingly spoken than this. In his oratory, the boy was not only correct, deliberate and emphatic at the proper times, but the voice had in it all the feeling and fine modulation which are looked for only in mature and experienced speakers. Flowers were thrown to all the boys as they spoke, from floor and gallery, but Master Hilliard was fairly pelted down with bouquets, as he left the platform. We shall look for this young gentleman with some interest at next year's exhibition.

Song by the girls—"Friendship, Love and Truth."

"The Merchant of Venice," the chief scene of which play was admirably acted by the boys of the graduating class; Master Hoffman as *Antonio*, and Master Angell as *Shylock*, doing the best.

Song by the girls—"Anvil Chorus."

Valedictory Address, by Master John G. Angell; containing the usual farewell thoughts and feelings of graduates, elegantly shaped, and delivered gracefully and powerfully.

Song by the girls—"Parting Song." The young lady graduates faced their schoolmates, whom they were about to leave, as they sang this song, the other girls joining in at the proper place:

Our farewell now sadly ringing
Breaks upon each listening ear;
Tears start at the thought of leaving
Fond associations here.
Up the hill of knowledge slowly
We have struggled hand in hand:
Other duties now take from us
Many of our happy band.

Many dear ones now will leave us,
And when gathered here once more,
Not unbroken will the circle
Be, as in the days of yore?
Many links will then be wanting
In the scholar's loving chain;
Many joys which we have known here
Never can return again.

To the Teacher who has led us
Gently up the rugged way,
Cheering us when'er disheartened,
Watching o'er us day by day,
We would say, the bark glide smoothly
Over life's tempestuous sea,
And at last find thou thy haven
In the home where thou would'st be.

Teacher, dear, and loved companions
We must bid adieu once more!
And if never re-united
Here, as in the days before,
Yet that home we hope to enter
Where we ne'er can part be,
But the scholar's bond of friendship
Strengthens through eternity.

Dr. W. S. Mount, President of the Board, next conferred the diplomas, the graduates of both schools being called up and ranged around the platform. He made a brief and feeling address to the graduates as he presented to them their nobly earned rolls of parchment, and as they retired, one by one, the pleasure and enthusiasm of the audience was manifested by the heartiest applause, accompanied by showers of bouquets.

There were twenty-two graduates in all—thirteen girls and nine boys—as follows:

Misses Sophia Stanton Berry, Ellen Elizabeth Criswell, Mary Anna Keener, Mary Elizabeth Lowe, Charlotte Lucas, Mary Augustine Emma Michel, Mary Emma Robinson, Emma Sophia Rossner, Amanda Malvina Smith, Margaret Helen Wyse, Ellen Whittier, Elizabeth Woelper, Susanna Catharine Weiss.

Masters John Goodrich Angell, Henry Hunter Bryan, William Winans Clarke, Charles Swain Hoffman, Edward Curd McLean, Spence Monroe Grayson Mount, Thomas Mount, William Walker Rayne, John Lewis Watson.

Afterward, the President addressed the audience, giving some account of the rise and progress of the Fourth District schools, the system of education pursued, and the impartial manner in which the pupils were rated and promoted, according to their excellence. He stated the number of pupils in the District at 3300, under 42 teachers, of whom 25 had been entirely educated in the public schools of this city. He concluded by setting forth the great need of enlarged accommodation for the intermediate schools, which are too much crowded, and asking the aid and influence of all who had any interest in public education in the District in procuring the necessary additions to the school-houses.

A benediction was said; the girls sang, "We are free as the birds on the mountains," and the exhibition was at an end, every visitor being well pleased.

The manner in which the boys acquitted themselves, not only during the trials of their examination, but at the exhibition yesterday, told a noble story upon their two teachers, Mr. Mellen, the principal, and Mr. Morse, his assistant. These gentlemen are both Mississippians, of Southern education, and have shown themselves to be without superiors as High School teachers.

The young lady graduates did not take part in the literary exercises yesterday, because their part of the exhibition had been blended with their examination, on Tuesday and Wednesday, at their own beautiful school-house on Chestnut street.

Last night the final triumph was of festive shape; a graduation party, at the Girls' High School House, where the graduates and their friends and relatives mingled in the merry mazes of the dance, and offered a spectacle of beauty and happiness such as is rarely to be seen.

The Visit of the Prince.—The Prince of Wales will not leave England till the 10th of July. Private letters received at Toronto state that the Duke of Cambridge, Commander-in-Chief, and the Duke of Newcastle, Minister for the Colonies, will visit Canada in company with the heir to the throne. The Prince will also be attended by General Brown, who acts as his Governor. The Admiral of the fleet on the North American station will meet the squadron in his flagship, and subsequently visit Quebec.

Money for the Brown Family.—The Abolition scribbler, Redpath, writes to the New York Tribune that he has private letters from Port au Prince, which state that at least $25,000 (of American money) will be contributed by the people of Hayti to the family of John Brown; and he is assured, also, by a gentleman who has just returned from the Island, that $21,000 in specie have already been collected. Had any other than Redpath made this statement it might readily be believed, though it seems improbable that a community of lazy, thriftless free negroes should contribute such a sum, of their own free will, for any purpose.

Musical House.—A few evenings since, says an exchange, a lady in Lexington, Mich., was playing upon a melodeon, when a mouse emerged from a corner of the room, ran up trembingly to the instrument, then ascended the dress of the performer into her lap, and finally nestled under her basque. The little animal was in such a high state of ecstasy that it was utterly powerless, and had the performer continued a moment longer it would have expired.

The San Juan Affair.—It is stated that the Administration adheres to the possession of San Juan Island, and that in response to the proposition of the British Government, the latter has by this time been so informed.

☞ **Sloat & Co.'s New Elliptical Sewing** Machine, in the uniformity and beauty of its work, is far in advance of any Sewing Machine for plantation or family sewing—using two threads and making the Lock Stitch, so justly extolled as the only stitch that cannot be loosened or unraveled. It is fast—surpassing the complicated Wheeler & Wilson Machine, as it does away with the troublesome leather pad and loop checks; and it is pronounced by the most scientific, the very ne plus ultra of Machines. Side by side with those from the several houses of the combination, this really remarkable Machine has proved its great superiority. They are for sale at No. 97 Canal street, by M. S. BENDRICK.
al4 2p1m&W

☞ **Spring Beds—$5 to $6 50 for the best** Spring Bed in existence, (Howe's Patent) at No. 378 Broadway, New York. Examine it, or address the ELLIPTIC BED SPRING COMPANY, for their descriptive circular. Special inducements to the trade and local agencies. ly22 2p&Wly

DIED,

On Friday morning, 20th inst., at 8½ o'clock A. M., ELIA LUCIA, young daughter of E. T. and J. H. Bertel, aged 7 months and 10 days.

The friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral this morning, from the residence of her parents on Eighth street, between Chestnut and Coliseum streets, Fourth District, at 9 o'clock A. M.

☞ **Why does Cristadoro's Excelsior Dye** present stronger claims to public confidence than any other Hair Dye in existence?

Because it is the only one that has ever been analysed and publicly approved by the highest chemical authority.

Also for the reason that no other dye has ever been subjected to chemical analysis at all.

Moreover, besides being free from every poisonous ingredient, it confers a finer black or brown, and in a shorter space of time than any other dye in the world.

Sold everywhere, and applied by all Hair Dressers.

as 2p1m&W CRISTADORO, No. 6 Astor House, N. Y.

☞ **The great standard medicine of the** Day.—Broad and vast as our territory is, it would be difficult to find a corner in it where HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS are unknown. Wherever there is dyspepsia—and where is it not?—they are in demand. Nor is it for indigestion alone that they are a specific. Every disorder of the stomach, the liver, the bowels and the nervous system, seems to yield to their influence. They are an antidote to pain; they refresh and re-inforce the exhausted animal powers; they counteract the morbid principles of disease; they regulate the whole vital machinery, and may be justly termed the strongest ally that science has ever brought to the aid of nature in her struggles with sickness.

Sold in New Orleans, wholesale and retail, by J. WRIGHT & CO., 21 and 131 Chartres street, sole agents for the Southern States, and to whom all orders should be addressed, and by druggists and dealers generally everywhere. al8 2p6t&1tW

☞ **From the Troy Budget.—The Siege of** Cohinth.—It is said that one of the former political divisions of this State took its name from two famous lines in this poem—namely—

"The foes that he singly kept at bay,
Outnumbered his thin hairs of SILVER GREY."

We cannot vouch for the truth of this, but WE DO KNOW that under the effects of applications of Helmstreit's famous Hair Restorative, "Silver Greys" rapidly become (in appearance at least) members of "Young America."

Price 50 cents and $1 per bottle. Sold everywhere.

W. E. HAGAN & CO., Proprietors, Troy, N. Y.

Sold by J. WRIGHT & CO., 21 and 131 Chartres street, New Orleans. al6 2p1m&W

☞ **Singer's Celebrated Sewing Machines.** These Machines have recent and great improvements for Fine Sewing, and their sale is rapidly increasing. They are used in preference to all others at the largest and most fashionable dress-making establishments in New Orleans, also at all the large hotels and principal boarding houses, and in hundreds of private families, and give universal satisfaction. They will last a lifetime—are warranted superior to every other Machine, or the money refunded; and are warranted three years in the charge of negroes, without cost for repairs or freight.

They are sold, if desired, on a trial, with any and all other Sewing Machines. WALTER BENNETT, Agent, 33 Camp street, New Orleans. m3 2p1f&W

☞ **Experience teaches us that delicacy** prevents many females from applying for the means to alleviate suffering and save life. This objection is obviated in the case of "Sir James Clarke's Female Pills, prepared after the prescription of Sir James Clarke, Physician to the Queen of England, and well known to be the only sure and safe remedy for female difficulties and obstructions from any cause." They can be sent in a bottle containing 50 pills, post free, by enclosing $1 and six postage stamps to any agent.

General Agent for the United States JOB MOSES, Rochester N. Y., J. WRIGHT & CO., New Orleans, Wholesale Agents, and sold by all respectable Druggists. fe2 2p1y&W

Spring and Summer of 1860.

SOUTHERN CLOTHING ESTABLISHMENT,
26, 28 and 30 St. Charles street,
CORNER OF COMMON STREET.

CLOTHING AND FURNISHING GOODS,
—AT—
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL!

Just received, per late steamers, one of the LARGEST and MOST MAGNIFICENT stocks of—

FASHIONABLE
Spring and Summer Clothing
EVER BROUGHT TO THE SOUTH!

Which, for STYLE, MATERIAL, WORKMANSHIP AND CHEAPNESS,
Is Not Surpassed!!

Goods are divided into three Departments, but all under one general view:

STORE No. 26 ST. CHARLES STREET,
—For—
BOYS' CLOTHING.
STORE No. 28 ST. CHARLES STREET,
—For—
MEN'S CLOTHING.
STORE No. 30 ST. CHARLES STREET,
—For—
FURNISHING GOODS AND SHIRTS.

☞ Salesmen speak French, Spanish, German and English.

L. W. LYONS,
Nos. 26, 28 and 30 St. Charles street,
a21 2p1t corner of Common street.

Boys' Clothing Emporium,

26.....ST. CHARLES STREET.....26
Between Canal and Common streets.

This Store is exclusively for YOUTHS', BOYS' and CHILDREN'S

CLOTHING, SHIRTS,
—And—
FURNISHING GOODS,
WHOLESALE AND REFAIL.

Just opened, a LARGE AND EXCELLENT STOCK of—

SPRING AND SUMMER
Dress and School Clothing,
—Embracing—
EVERY STYLE AND QUALITY.

All of which will be sold at VERY REASONABLE prices.

☞ Salesmen speak French, Spanish, German and English.

L. W. LYONS,
Nos. 26, 28 and 30 St. Charles street,
a21 2p1t corner of Common street.

Shirts! Shirts!

Just received, by late steamers, a LARGE ASSORTMENT of—

SHIRTS,
OF THE LATEST FASHIONS!

Of all the various qualities and sizes—White and Colored—Manufactured expressly for

The New Orleans City Trade,
TO FIT MEN, YOUTH, BOYS AND CHILDREN!!

L. W. LYONS,
Nos. 26, 28 and 30 St. Charles street,
a21 2p1t corner of Common street.

Trunks, Traveling-Bags,

VALISES, UMBRELLAS,
—And—
WATER-PROOF CLOTHING,
—Of the—
VERY BEST STYLES AND QUALITIES,
Made to order and warranted.

L. W. LYONS,
a21 2p1t 26, 28 and 30 St. Charles st., cor. Common.

John Todd's

GREAT ANNUAL SALE
—OF—
NEW SILKS,
—AT—
AN IMMENSE REDUCTION!

Comprising one of the most elegant assortments of CHOICE

Spring and Summer Silks,

In Robes and Piece, ever imported.

—Also—

The Entire Line of
RICH PLAIN AND FIGURED
Black Silks,

Comprising all of the most celebrated makes, and fully guaranteed. All of the above Goods are

Marked Down
—To—
ONE-HALF THEIR USUAL PRICES.

Thus affording an unusual opportunity to procure

AN ELEGANT DRESS AT HALF-PRICE!

JOHN TODD,
a16 2pMoWeASa Nos. 12 and 14 Chartres street.

American Nominations.

FOR MAYOR:
JOHN T. MONROE.

FOR STREET COMMISSIONER:
C. O. PLECHIER.

RECORDER, FIRST DISTRICT:
WM. EMMERSON.

RECORDER, SECOND DISTRICT:
J. L. FABRE.

RECORDER, THIRD DISTRICT:
WEBSTER LONG.

RECORDER, FOURTH DISTRICT:
C. C. CAMPBELL.

FOR ALDERMEN:
First District.....A. G. BRICK.
.. ..A. P. FIELD.
Second District.....F. LEVASSEUR.
Third District.....P. S. WILTZ.
Fourth District.....S. A. SHUMWAY.

ASSISTANT ALDERMEN:
First District—1st Ward.....JAMES BEGGS.
.. .. 2d Ward.....ERNEST TOLEDANO.
.. .. 3d Ward.....C. F. HATCHER.
Second District—4th Ward.....W. HODGKINS.
.. .. 5th Ward.....J. PREMEAUX.
Third District—7th Ward.....C. F. SEICSHNAYDRE.
.. .. 8th Ward.....J. B. LEEFE.
Fourth District—11th Ward.....Capt. JAS. DAVIS.
a19 2p1c

Robert Gribble,

45.....CAMP STREET.....45
CORNER OF GRAVIER.

Is in receipt of a LARGE AND SPLENDID ASSORTMENT of

Fashionable Ready Made
CLOTHING
—AND—
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,

Consisting of all the Latest Styles and best quality, suitable for Spring and Summer, viz:

FANCY CASSIMERE SUITS—All Colors.
MARSEILLES .. ..
LINEN .. ..
ALPACA .. ..
SEERSUCKER .. superior qualities.

French Merino and Drap De Lyse, Italian Cloth, Linen, Alpaca, Nankinet and Tweed PALTOS and SACS.

Fancy Cassimere, Merino, Linen, Marseilles, Tweed and Seersucker PANTS and VESTS.

Fine Linen and Linen Bosom SHIRTS, Piquer and Marseilles Bosom SHIRTS.

FASHIONABLE GOODS IN FULL VARIETY.

Boys' Clothing.

☞ The Stock embraces everything necessary for a Gentleman's Wardrobe.

☞ A call is solicited. R. GRIBBLE,
a16 2pMoWeAFr Camp street.

Crockery, China,
—AND—
GLASSWARE,
At Wholesale.

SAMUEL E. MOORE,
49 Camp Street,

Has in store, and is receiving by shipments direct from Europe, a very large stock of

BARTHENWARE,
CHINA AND
GLASSWARE,

Which is offered at New York prices, at wholesale.

☞ Assorted Crates are always on hand, and the goods are guaranteed to be delivered free of breakage.

fe8 2pWeSaMotf

Dental Surgeon.

DR. GEORGE W. SMITH,

Has removed from No. 117 Canal street, to the opposite side, No. 203, one door from Bampart, where he will be pleased to receive his old friends, and others who may desire his professional services. a16 2ot1&W

Canton Matting.

Eight hundred pieces 4-4, 5-4 and 6-4 FRESH CANTON MATTING, White and Checked, of superior quality.

J. D. DAMERON & CO.,
a16 2p6t 124 Canal street.

Mason's

PATENT SHEET METAL SCREW TOP
Preserve Jar!

NO CEMENT OR WAX REQUIRED!

On all Glass Jars, heretofore made, wax has been used for the purpose of making a tight joint, thereby making it almost impossible to exhaust the air from the Jar before sealing.

We offer to those who desire a sure and really Self-Sealing Jar, Mason's Patent Sheet Metal Screw Top!

All that is necessary being to screw the Cap down upon the Rubber Gasket, which is placed upon the shoulder of the Jar, ⅛ of an inch distant from the top, preventing the possibility of the flavor of the Fruit being injured by coming in contact with the Rubber.

We are now prepared to receive orders for the above Jars, which were introduced by us last season, and met with complete success.

BOWLES & JUDSON,
m8 2pThSa&Mo1f&W 17 Camp street.

First Premium Shirts,

FINE BESPOKE MADE CLOTHES,
—And—
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,

☞ PRICES CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST, and in all cases the WORTH given for the money, at

LEIGHTON & BLANC'S
Corner St. Charles and Canal streets.

N. B.—Clothing and Shirts made to order. m26 2pcod1f

Wilcox & Gibbs'

SEWING MACHINE.

The points of superiority claimed in this Machine, rendering it desirable for Family or Plantation use, are—

1. Its remarkable accuracy and power, being capable of making FOUR THOUSAND stitches per minute, and a PERFECTLY RELIABLE STITCH.
2. It will not drop stitches, and is noiseless in its operation.
3. Its wonderful simplicity, making it easy to learn to operate.
4. No mistake can possibly be made in setting the needle.
5. It will hem perfectly of any required size, from the narrowest hem to that of a yard in width, also form and fell seams without the difficulty experienced with other Machines.
6. Last, but not least, the price (thirty-five dollars) is lower than any other reliable Machine in the market, and brings it within the reach of all.

☞ Purchasers will be guaranteed perfect satisfaction, with the privilege of returning the Machine if, after trial, it does not prove to be all we recommend.

DAVIS BROTHERS, Agents,
m5 2pco6tf 93 Camp street.

New Traveling Goods.

JUST OPENED, SEVERAL CASES OF
New and Choice Styles
—In—
ELEGANT AND APPROPRIATE
MATERIAL
—FOR—
TRAVELING AND STREET DRESSES.

JOHN TODD,
a16 2pMoThASa Nos. 12 and 14 Chartres street.

Eureka

SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINES,
Latest Improvement---Triumphant Success.
PRICES $60 TO $80.

This Machine has no equal; it is licensed under Howe's patent; makes a lock stitch, and presenting the same stitch on both sides of the fabric sewn; they will run, stitch, hem, fell, bind, gather and quilt. They have an improved tension, and can be worked for hours without breaking a thread. Also, a hemmer attachment, which turns various widths.

E. L. NIMMO, Agent,
m24 2pSaMoTuf No. 5 Camp street.

The Palace

CLOTHING STORE.

FRESH SUPPLIES BY EVERY STEAMER!

ALFRED MUNROE & CO.,
STORY BUILDING,
Corner Camp and Common streets,

Invite attention to their present

SUPERB ASSORTMENT
—Of—
CLOTHING
—And—
Furnishing Goods,
SUITABLE FOR THE SEASON.

☞ ALL WINTER GOODS AT A GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES.

ALFRED MUNROE & CO.,
"STORY BUILDING,"
a17 2p5t Corner of Camp and Common streets.

The Finkle & Lyon

SEWING MACHINES,
—Which are—
GUARANTEED SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS
In the execution of all kinds of work,
FROM THE FINEST TO THE COARSEST,
—Are for sale by—

ALFRED MUNROE & CO.,
Story Building,
CORNER OF CAMP AND COMMON STREETS, N. O.
a17 2p5t

Hubbard's I X L Improved

STRAIGHT NEEDLE DOUBLE LOCK STITCH
SEWING MACHINES.

They are the cheapest, most reliable, simple and durable Machines ever placed before the public—adapted to Family and Plantation use.

$30 to $45!
—ALSO—
THE STAR SHUTTLE MACHINE,

Warranted equal in every respect to any Shuttle Machine in the market, and sold for less money.

WENTWORTH & DUKE,
90 Camp street, New Orleans.
Sole Agents for Louisiana, Mississippi and Cuba.

☞ Agents wanted in every county. State and county rights for sale. a4 2pWeSa&Motf

Window Shades.

We have recently received large additions to our stock of Shades, and have an unsurpassed Assortment of various sizes and designs.

We have also a new article of Window Shades, intended for Lake Shore Residences, which will exclude the rays of the sun, and cause a pleasing shade of light in the room.

J. D. DAMERON & CO.,
a16 2p6t 124 Canal street.

Fishing Tackle.

ROUSSET & GENIN
—Have received their complete assortment—
Of Fishing Lines, Hooks and Tackle,

generally, and call the attention of country and city dealers to the following—

50,000 M genuine LIMERICK HOOKS—All sizes.
30,000 M SHEEP HEAD ..
10,000 Chester Town FISH AND TROUT HOOKS—All sizes.
10,000 MINNOW HOOKS—Expressly for bait.
15,000 Gravitation TROUT FISH HOOKS.
30,000 KIRBY SEA HOOKS—All numbers.
30 gross FISHING LINES—Complete.
10 .. SILK ready for use.
150 .. ASSORTED COTTON FISH LINES.
100 .. .. LINEN ..
10 .. WORSTED, COTTON and LINEN—84 feet.
100 .. Cattles' Assorted SEA GRASS LINES.

Also, a general assortment of Amateurs' Fishing Lines, Fancy Corks, Bamboo Poles Jointed, Fishing Rods, Baskets, Liquor Flasks, Silk Lines, Fish Knives, and everything belonging to amateurs of the sport, for sale by

ROUSSET & GENIN,
a9 2pcf 83 Canal street.

Wines, Liquors, etc.,

NOS. 13 AND 15 ROYAL STREET.

A supply of CREME DE BOUZY CHAMPAGNE, in quarts and pints, continually on hand, which is equal to the best that comes to this market. Also, other brands of inferior quality. TOPAZ SHERRY, CABINET SHERRY, SIERRA SHERRY, GOLDEN SHERRY, DUFF CORDON SHERRY, ANCHOR SHERRY, SPARKLING and STILL HOCK, Old and Fine PORT WINE, MADEIRA AND SHERRY WINES, BRANDIES—Sazerac, of the vintage of 1795, 1798 and 1805, and other brands. WHISKY, of all descriptions—Scotch, Irish, Rye and Bourbon. ALE and PORTER, in pints and quarts. Also on hand, my usual assortment of the best

Wines and Liquors
in the market, which will be sold on as reasonable terms as any other house in the city.

SEWELL T. TAYLOR,
o7 2ply Nos. 13 and 15 Royal street.

Bamboo Fishing Poles.

TWO THOUSAND REAL BAMBOO POLES just received and for sale low by

ROUSSET & GENIN,
a9 2pcf 83 Canal street.

Gloves. Gloves. Gloves.

Just received from Paris, a large and beautiful assortment of Silk and Lisle Thread GLOVES, for Ladies and Gentlemen.

—Also—

A very rich assortment of Ladies' and Misses FILET MITTS