DRY GOODS AT COST.....AT COST!

On and after MONDAY, the 9th inst., we will sell the following goods, and the greater part of our large and varied stock at greatly reduced prices—

PRINTED ENGLISH LAWNS;
.. FRENCH JACONETS;
.. .. ORGANDIES;
.. .. CAMBRICS;
.. IRISH LINEN AND LINEN CAMBRICS;
ORGANDY ROBES, new styles;
ENGLISH BAREGE, new styles;
COLORED AND GRISAILLE SILKS;
GRISAILLE POPLINETTES for Traveling Dresses.

Linen Goods.

6-4 IRISH LINENS;
PILLOW CASE LINENS, all widths;
9 to 12-4 IRISH, SCOTCH AND FRENCH LINEN SHEETINGS;
BIRD-EYE, BUSSIA AND HUCK. DIAPERS;
FRINGED AND COLD BORDERED HUCK. TOWELS;
FRENCH LINEN CLOTHS AND TOWELS;
DAMASK and SNOW-DROP NAPKINS, ⅝ to 4-4;
8-4 to 24-4 DAMASK TABLE CLOTHS;
8-4 to 12-4 DAMASKS, SCOTCH, IRISH and FRENCH;
LINEN FOR DRAWERS, IRISH and FRENCH.

The above goods are of the best makes, made to order, and fully guaranteed in every respect.

Plantation Goods.

Our stock of these goods is unusually varied—everything of the best quality.

Hosiery.

Ladies' brown and white COTTON HOSE;
Misses' .. ..
Men's .. .. .. SOCKS;
Boys' .. .. ..
Ladies' Gauze MERINO VESTS;
Children's .. .. ..
Men's .. .. ..

A very large stock of the above, of the best makers; also, a full assortment of other goods in our line. Being anxious to reduce our large stock before the closing of the business season, we will sell everything at unusually low prices. Our friends and the public in general are invited to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

C. A. BARRIERE & BRO.,
130 Canal street,
s9 2p2t—tf Tonro Buildings.

GALVANIZED IRON!—GALVANIZED IRON!—

The undersigned, Sole Agents for
McCULLOUGH & CO.'S CELEBRATED AMERICAN
Charcoal Galvanized Iron,
For Roofing, Guttering, Spouting, Bath Tubs, Stack Pipes, Verandas, etc., etc.

Warranted to flange and seam. The only article that will stand the peculiar humidity of this climate without oxydation. For sale by McMEAN & OLIVIER,
m21 3m 49 Common street.

MACHINERY.....MACHINERY.

STATIONARY AND PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES,
CIRCULAR SAW MILLS,
SHINGLE MACHINES,
INDIA RUBBER BELT,
CIRCULAR SAWS,
COTTON SEED HULLERS,
CORN MILLS,
STEAM GAUGES,
IRON, GAS AND WATER PIPES,
POWER AND HAND PUMPS,
At the Machinery Depot of RICH'D F. HARRISON,
j a11 tf Nos. 40 and 42 St. Charles street.

SUGAR HOGSHEADS—SUGAR HOGSHEADS.—

STAVE AND SHINGLE MACHINES,
—Suitable for Making—
SUGAR HOGSHEADS, RICE, MOLASSES, ROSIN AND TURPENTINE STAVES, AND SHINGLES.

The principle embraced in this Machine is the old process of splitting and dressing by hand labor. Working directly with the grain of the timber, it produces an article not liable to warp or check from exposure. The Stave Mill will rive, shave and joint, from the bolt, from 7000 to 10,000 Staves per day, and the Shingle Machine from 10,000 to 15,000 Shingles. It requires two horse power to work it, and can be attached to any team engine, gin or saw mill power. It can make any required length, and can be adjusted to any thickness or taper. The timber is neither steamed nor sawed, but riven and shaved directly from the bolt.

Both Machines can be seen in full operation, between the hours of 10 and 2 o'clock, every day, at No. 1 Canal street. These Machines are made in Augusta, Ga.

Any party wishing to purchase Parish, State, County and single rights, or Machines, can obtain them from the Agent, who will give full particulars. F. W. C. COOK,

Sole Agent for the States of Louisiana, Arkansas, Mississippi, Texas and Alabama. ja31 6m

A. CUCULLU. A. H. D'MEZA.
CUCULLU & D'MEZA, DEALERS IN SUGARS AND MOLASSES,
—And—
Importers of Havana Produce
AND CIGARS,
OFFICE—No. 5 ST. LOUIS STREET.

Constantly on hand, in lots to suit purchasers, Sugars and Molasses to the lowest market rates. Also, Havana Cigars, of the most select and choicest brands, and Havana Produce generally
n2 2p4t—6m CUCULLU & D'MEZA.

SOUTHERN WOOD AND MACHINE WORKS.—
P. HOW, Engineer,
115..... AND.....118
New Levee street.
SAWING, MACHINE AND WOOD TURNING, done for the Trade.
CARPENTERS', JOINERS' AND FANCY WORK, of all descriptions.
PLANTATION MACHINERY of all kinds repaired at the shortest notice.
I have now in operation a PATENT GRINDSTONE SAW GUMMER.
All orders for GUMMING executed with dispatch. PRICES MODERATE.
Being a practical and experienced Mechanic, I employ none but A No. 1 men. This, with the aid of Machinery, enables me to defy superiority. ja31 6m

PATTON, SMITH & PUTNAM,
CORNER OF MAGAZINE AND GRAVIER STREETS,
Agents for the Sale
—OF—
MANUFACTURED TOBACCO,

Have now on hand and are constantly receiving, on commission, direct from the Manufacturers, the Largest and Finest assortment of—

Manufactured Tobacco,

of every variety, they have ever offered to the trade, and solicit the attention of GROCERS and DEALERS to their stock before purchasing.

They are the SOLE AGENTS for BURTON & MAY'S Crest and Extra pounds; LA BELLE CREOLE, 6's and 10's; BUCK FINNEY'S 5's and 10's, and KENT'S 10's—besides various other brands; GRANT & WILLIAMS' ¼ lbs., and others; LEONORA pounds, which took the Premium at the State Fair at Petersburg, Va., November, 1859; Y. & E. P. JONES' pounds and Twists, which have taken the Premium in North Carolina six years in succession, and is perhaps the finest Tobacco in the world!

WILLIAMSON'S TWIST, (first pickings) KATE ELIZA pounds, intended for connoisseurs only, and in fact every description of Tobacco generally used.

We also have the POWHATTAN PIPES, which we receive direct on commission. 412 6m

A. A. MAGINNIS' COTTON SEED OIL
—And—
OIL CAKE MANUFACTORY,
Nos. 115 and 117 Magazine street,
NEW ORLEANS,

Keeps constantly on hand Crude and Superior Clarified OIL, OIL CAKE, OIL CAKE MEAL, and decorticated Seed.

Orders for the above filled with promptness and dispatch.

CASH paid for COTTON SEED on delivery. n15 tf

LOUISIANA STEAM CLOTHING MANUFACTORY,
165.....**Canal Street**.....167
NEW ORLEANS.

The subscribers respectfully inform their numerous customers, and the Planters in general, that they are always prepared to furnish them with NEGRO CLOTHING, of the very best materials, and at most reasonable prices.

The large patronage they receive from this and neighboring States has induced them to extend their establishment, so as to meet any increase of business, and, in order to be able to supply their patrons always with the same and best descriptions of materials, they have made contracts with several of the most prominent manufactories in the South, and shall henceforth be able to supply Planters with goods of uniform quality.

They feel confident that they will give entire satisfaction to all those who may patronize their eminently Southern enterprise, and solicit their orders, which shall receive immediate attention.
ja18 6m HEBBARD & CO.

CITIZENS INSURANCE COMPANY—
Office No. 8 Carondelet street.
Capital, $371,720 38.
OMER GAILLARD, President....A. SCHRIEBER, Secretary

TRUSTEES:

Geo. W. West,	R. P. Hunt,
James A. White,	M. Musson,
Douglas West,	Martin Gordon, Jr.,
D. Jamison,	Numa Augustin,
Ar. Mitenberger	Cesaire Olivier,
J. Leisy,	A. Rohn.

Omer Gaillard.

The Company insure against the perils of the seas and rivers, and loss and damage by fire at the current rate of premium.
d26 1y

NEW ORLEANS DAILY CRESCENT.

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY, SUNDAY EXCEPTED, BY J. O. NIXON, AT No. 70 CAMP STREET.

VOLUME XIII. MONDAY MORNING, MAY 21, 1860. NUMBER 66.

RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED UNANIMOUSLY AT THE GENERAL MEETING OF THE DEMOCRATIC STATE RIGHTS CENTRAL CLUB OF NEW ORLEANS, Held on the 7th May, inst., and respectfully submitted to the

People of Louisiana.

Whereas, The Democratic National Convention, lately assembled at Charleston, S. C., did, on the 3d of this month of May, adjourn to Baltimore, there to resume its labors on the 18th June next, and proceed to the nomination of candidates for the Presidency and Vice Presidency of the United States;

Whereas, The States whose delegates have withdrawn from said Convention, among which is the State of Louisiana, were invited to elect new delegates in the place of those who have thus seceded, that said new delegates may participate in the labors of the Convention as adjourned;

Be it Resolved by the Central State Rights Democratic Club of New Orleans, That those Democrats throughout the State, and all such voters as have resolved to abide by and sustain the nominations which shall be made by the said National Democratic Convention at Baltimore, and who adhere to the Cincinnati Platform with the additions made to it by the said National Democratic Convention at Charleston, be and they are hereby respectfully invited to convene primary meetings in their respective parishes for the purpose of electing delegates to a State Convention to be held at Donaldsonville on the first Wednesday of June next, there to organize and elect a new delegation from this State to represent the Democracy thereof at the adjourned Democratic Convention to be held at Baltimore on the 18th of June next.

Resolved, That all such as are averse to all sorts of division in the Democratic ranks, and who deprecate the organization of new parties, and the raising of odious issues, under the irritating distinctions of Union and Anti-Union men and movements, and all such as have faith in the fidelity and enlightened patriotism of the States whose delegations so unfortunately seceded from the Convention at Charleston, and all such as are determined to sustain the nominees who may be agreed upon at Baltimore by the Democratic National Convention to be held there on the 18th of June next, are invited to unite their efforts for the promotion of good feeling, accord and fellowship in the Democratic ranks, and to prevent, if possible, the evils which threaten the Republic, if the only party that can successfully resist the growing influence and checkmate aggressive tendencies and the attitude of the Republican party at the North be now dissolved and split into fragments;

Resolved, That the Democrats of New Orleans, and all such as are determined to join them in the coming Presidential contest, and to support cordially the nominees of the National Democratic Convention, and to adhere to the platform at Charleston, are hereby invited to meet at the time and place hereafter to be designated, to choose delegates to meet at Donaldsonville on the first Wednesday of June next, there to elect delegates, from the whole State, to the adjourned Convention to be held at Baltimore on the 18th of June next.

Resolved, That the representation of each parish of the State in the Convention to be held at Donaldsonville be equal to double the number of representatives to which said parishes are respectively entitled in the State Legislature.

Signed, PIERRE SOULE, President.
my11 12t JOHN ALLSTON, Secretary.

PERRY'S NON-EXPLOSIVE, CAMPHENE, BURNING FLUID AND PATENT BURNERS.

PATENT COAL OIL LAMPS—in great variety.
REFINED KEROSENE OR COAL OIL—
Which burns without odor or smoke
PAPER HANGINGS—A good assortment.
LAMPS AND CHANDELIERS,
In great quantity and variety
SPERM, LARD, COTTON SEED and MACHINERY OILS

A complete assortment of STOVES, among which are the celebrated GLOBE COOKING STOVES, the cheapest good Stove in the market.

PLATED AND BRITANNIA WARE.

TABLE CUTLERY, together with a general assortment of House Furnishing Goods too numerous to mention, for sale at the lowest prices, by HENRY PERRY,
a9 3m 112 Poydras street.

BILLIARD TABLES—BILLIARD TABLES
35.....ST. LOUIS STREET.....35
Under the St. Louis Hotel.

The undersigned begs leave to inform the public that he has opened a BILLIARD SALESROOM at the above place, where he intends to keep constantly on hand BILLIARD TABLES, from the celebrated manufactory of J. W. BRUNSWICK & BRO., Cincinnati, of all descriptions and prices; such as

ROSEWOOD,
BIRD'S EYE MAPLE, MAHOGANY,
BIRCH AND OAK,

With Marble, Slate or Wood Bed. Also, Bagatelle Tables and Balls, Pool Boards, Cushions, Cloths, Cues, Pockets, Cue Leathers, Ten Pin Balls and everything appertaining to Billiards or other games.

N. B.—Specimens of the above Tables can be seen at the St Charles, Marble Hall and St. Louis Billiard Rooms.

☞ Repairing done at short notice and on reasonable terms.
m26 1y A. W. MERRIAM.

FAMILY GROCERY, CORNER OF COMMON and Carondelet streets.

It has been my desire to excel in the quality of BUTTER furnished to my customers, and the patronage I have acquired in the last fourteen years is proof of success.

My TEAS, being selected by an acknowledged judge, in New York, will be found to be choice.

The stock of the store is changed many times during the year and is therefore fresh. A full assortment constantly coming in, bought and to be sold for cash.

Country orders solicited, to which prompt attention will be paid. Terms, cash or city acceptance.

H. H. HEDDEN,
n26 6m corner Common and Carondelet sts., New Orleans.

W. S. CHANDLER, DENTIST,
☞ OFFICE and RESIDENCE,
138 Carondelet street,
425 1yAW corner of Lafayette.

AMERICAN AROMATIC
BITTER CORDIAL,
—AND—
TONIC AROMATIC BITTERS.

A Cordial for Ladies, Aged Persons, etc.

Of these two varieties of Bitters, the first is to be taken mixed with any agreeable fluid, while the second may be taken pure, or both may be mingled together, forming a bitter of greater or less intensity, so as to please every taste. The aroma and delicious flavor these Bitters possess have induced the finest judges to pronounce them superior to any bitters manufactured. They are particularly efficacious in restoring health, and reestablishing impaired digestion, that fruitful source of disease, such as Dyspepsia, Nervous and Liver Affections, General Weakness, etc., all of which render life a burden. In any fever, followed by protracted convalescence, and consequent weakness, no remedy is better adapted to restore strength and hasten the complete return of health.

☞ N. B. The American Bitters may likewise be taken pure. They do not contain much spirits. The strong flavor they possess arises from the aroma, the predominance of a bitter principle, both of which are, however, highly agreeable. Said Bitters have been introduced into general use in the principal coffee-houses, hotels, clubs, etc.

☞ Sold by
KARSTENDIEK & CO., cor. Gravier and New Levee sts.
A. A. PEYCHAUD, 99 Royal street.
J. WRIGHT & CO., 71 and 131 Chartres street.
N. R. PEPIN & CO., 31 Common street. m23 3m

WALL PAPER.....WALL PAPER.

The largest stock of WALL PAPER in the South, consisting of every quality, and at all prices, can be found at
F. NEYHALL & CO'S,
a29 3p3m No. 60 Canal street, corner of Old Levee, Up stairs.

NEW ORLEANS MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY—No. 111 CANAL STREET.
Capital Subscribed.....$411,800.

DIRECTORS:

Alphonse Mitenberger,	J. B. Gribble,
A. Rocheron,	P. O. Nobkers,
H. M. Wright,	A. Reichard,
L. Milhaudon,	G. Sabatier,
O. Lauve,	S. M. Darby,
J. M. Basonide,	J. Tuyes.

This Company, successors to the New Orleans Insurance Company, insure against the Loss and Damage by Fire, the Perils of the Seas and Rivers, at the current rates of premium.
J. TUYES, President.
J. W. HIRCKS, Secretary. n22 3taw6m

GUINNESS' EXTRA STOUT—THIS DUBLIN PORTER is superior to any other brand as a beverage or for medicinal purposes. For sale to the trade by
GRAY BROTHERS,
Sole Agents,
fe3 tf 111 Old Levee, near St. Louis street.

FRANCIS & LOUTREL—
No. 45 MAIDEN LANE,
New York,
Every variety of Blank-Book, Paper, Stationery, Steam Printing, Lithographic Work and Book-Binding.
☞ Orders respectfully solicited jy13 1y

PHELAN'S IMPROVED BILLIARD TABLES
—AND—
COMBINATION CUSHIONS.

Patented Feb. 19, 1856; Oct 28, 1856; Dec. 5, 1857; Jan. 12 1858; Nov. 16, 1858; and March 29, 1859.

PHELAN & COLLENDER,
Sole Manufacturers
63, 65, 67, and 69 Crosby street.

☞ These tables are in use and may be seen at "Slifer's Southern Billiard Saloon," 105 Gravier street, also at the Louisiana Pelican and Boston Clubs, and can be obtained from M. M. MILLER, sole Agent for this city, who also sells all articles in the Billiard line, as follows: Billiard Cloths, Balls, Cues, Leathers, Chalk, etc. He has also on hand and for sale several fine second hand Billiard Tables. jy21 1y

New Summer Clothing
—AT—
PIERSON, HARRISON & CO.'S,
No. 1 MAGAZINE STREET,
Corner of Canal Street.

BLUE NAVY FLANNEL SACS, $6.
BLUE NAVY FLANNEL SUITS,
Coat, Pants and Vest, $12.
NEW STYLE FRENCH CASS. PANTS.
WHITE LINEN SACS, TROY CASS. SACS.
FANCY MARSEILLES VESTS.
WHITE MARSEILLES VESTS.
ELEGANT BLACK SKELETON VESTS—
Just the thing for warm weather.
BLACK BOMBAZINE VESTS.
—And—
Other Novelties for Summer Wear.
☞ Call and examine, at
PIERSON, HARRISON & CO.'S.
my12 2p,d6SaMoAWe

1860. *Spring.* 1860.

NORRIS, MAULL & CO.,
Fine Fashionable Clothiers
CORNER OF CAMP AND COMMON STREETS,
Under the City Hotel,
Have now in store their usual large stock of Seasonable
CLOTHING
—And—
FURNISHING GOODS.
of the Latest Styles and Material.
ould call attention to our new style of—
BRUMAGEN BUSINESS COATS,
WITH PANTS AND VESTS TO MATCH.
—Also—
Philadelphia-Made Shirts,
Of our own manufacture.
Our friends and the public generally are invited to call and examine.
NORRIS, MAULL & CO.,
corner Camp and Common streets,
m26 2p tf under the City Hotel.

Mason's Patent
SCREW TOP PRESERVE JAR.
No Cement or Wax Required.
The ONLY RELIABLE article in the market. For sale by
BOWLES & JUDSON,
a30 2pMoWeSSat f&W 1 Camp street.

Hubbard's I X L Improved
STRAIGHT NEEDLE DOUBLE LOCK STITCH SEWING MACHINES.

They are the cheapest, most reliable, simple and durable Machines ever placed before the public—adapted to Family and Plantation use.

$30 to $45!
—ALSO—
THE STAR SHUTTLE MACHINE,
Warranted equal in every respect to any Shuttle Machine in the market, and sold for less money.
WENTWORTH & DUKE,
90 Camp street, New Orleans.
Sole Agents for Louisiana, Mississippi and Cuba.
☞ Agents wanted in every county. State and county rights for sale. n4 2pWeSaAMotf

Plantation Corn and Cob Mill,
COMBINED.

The subscriber, being appointed the sole agent for the VICTORY CORN MILL for New Orleans, invites all parties interested to call and see the same, which will be kept in operation at No. 1 CANAL STREET.

This is the cheapest and best Corn Mill in the market, and will grind the finest Meal, or crush the Corn and Cob for cattle feed.

Call and see before purchasing elsewhere.
P. W. C. COOK,
a30 2p1w 1 Canal street.

Wines, Brandies, etc.

V. & E. MAIGNAN,
17 ST. LOUIS STREET, (Old 20.)
Sole Agents for the South of
Alexander Seignette's Rochelle BRANDIES,
Champagne Vineyard Proprietors' Co. Cognac BRANDIES.
Goldenberg COGNAC, 1820 and 1835.
Gautier Frères COGNAC, 1803, 1849 and 1821.
L. O. Lanyer COGNAC, 1805 and 1825.
—Importers of—
Larrode Cognac fine CHAMPAGNE 1825.
Larrode extra old COGNAC.
And sundry other brands, in half pipes, quarters and octaves, all under Custom-House keys.
WINES IN BOXES—Chateau Latour, B. Monton, Haut Brion, Leoville, Lafitte, Margaux, Giscours, quarts and pints, with cork and glass stoppers, and St. Estephe, American *Fine*, from Pr F. Eyquem & Fils, Bordeaux; Chateau Margaux and Haut Sauterne, from Larrode Freres, Bordeaux; also, various brands, in quarts and pints, from Medolphe Bay & Co., Bordeaux.
CLARET AND WHITE WINE—In cases and barrels.
CORDIALS—From Marie Brizard & Roger and L. Rambeau, Bordeaux.
SARDINES IN OIL—From A. Gillet & Co., Lorient.
CHAMPAGNE—Royal Hunter, Comte du Montet, Fleur de Rouzy and Creme de Rouzy, quarts, pints and quarters; from N. Desbordes, Fils, Ay; from E. Lemaire Fils.
CORKS—Bottles and Demijohns, assorted sizes. no30 2p Moly

Diseases of the Throat and Lungs.

DR. C. PRESTON CRANE

Would respectfully announce that his location is still the same—old No. 146, new No. 136 ST. JOSEPH STREET, between Camp and St. Charles, where he will continue to treat diseases of the THROAT AND LUNGS by his peculiar and successful method of

INHALATION OF MEDICATED VAPORS,

In connection with CONSTITUTIONAL REMEDIES. Dr. C. will also continue to administer the

ELECTROLYSES OR ELECTRO-CHEMICAL BATHS,

Which have already proved so wonderfully affectious in—
RHEUMATISM,
GOUT, LUMBAGO,
INTERMITTENT,
SCROFULA,
And all cutaneous affections, and in all diseases arising from impurities of the blood, or produced by the presence of minerals in the system. The Dr. will also give his attention to diseases of the Eye and Ear.

Office hours from 8 A. M. till 9 P. M.

Patients abroad desirous of consulting Dr. C. by letter, will address Box C. 49. d16 2p4FrMo&We

Wilcox & Gibbs'
SEWING MACHINE.

The points of superiority claimed in this Machine, rendering it desirable for Family or Plantation use, are—

1. Its remarkable accuracy and power, being capable of making FOUR THOUSAND stitches per minute, and a PERFECTLY RELIABLE STITCH.
2. It will not drop stitches, and is noiseless in its operation.
3. Its wonderful simplicity, making it easy to learn to operate.
4. No mistake can possibly be made in setting the needle.
5. It will hem perfectly of any required size, from the narrowest hem to that of a yard in width, also form and fell seams without the difficulty experienced with other Machines.
6. Last, but not least, the price (thirty-five dollars) is lower than any other reliable Machine in the market, and brings it within the reach of all.

☞ Purchasers will be guaranteed perfect satisfaction, with the privilege of returning the Machine if, after trial, it does not prove to be all we recommend.

DAVIS BROTHERS, Agents,
a5 2p eod tf 83 Camp street.

New Orleans Daily Crescent.

TRIPLE-SHEET.

MONDAY MORNING, MAY 21, 1860.

THE NOMINATION AT CHICAGO.

The Platform adopted by the Black Republican Convention at Chicago was, comparatively, so moderate in its character that we predicted the defeat of Seward as the nominee, and the selection of some one less radical in his notions, like Bates, Cameron, or Lincoln. The same number of the Crescent which contained our prediction recorded also its verification, and announced that the Convention had chosen as the standard-bearer of the party the Hon. Abraham Lincoln, of Illinois.

Lincoln is chiefly known to the country by his participation in the great contest in Illinois two years ago, wherein he and Douglas were competitors for a seat in the United States Senate. It will be recollected that an active canvass of the whole State was made by the two candidates, both of them speaking at every prominent point, and frequently "tackling" each other upon the stump after the fashion that prevails in the South. When the smoke of the battle cleared off, it was found that Douglas was successful, though by but a slim majority. It was conceded, we believe, on all sides, that Lincoln conducted the canvass with distinguished ability, and that no other man in the State was so capable as himself of encountering the intellectual "Giant" of the Northwest.

Some years previously Lincoln served one or two terms in the lower house of Congress, but made no impression there as a man of ability. In 1855 he was a candidate for a vacancy then existing in the Senate from Illinois; but he was said to have been cheated out of his election by the superior tactics and treachery of his competitor, Trumbull, who was a recent convert to the Black Republicans from the Democracy, and who is now a colleague of Douglas in the Senate, and a man of marked ability.

In his canvass with Douglas, Lincoln took some extremely radical positions, while in other respects he repudiated the accepted doctrines of the Black Republican party. As instances of the latter he declared that a slaveholder was fully entitled, under the Constitution, to the recovery of his fugitive slave—and that, if a member of Congress, he would vote for the admission of a slave State into the Union, if satisfied that slavery was fairly introduced and was acceptable to the people. On the other hand, however, he went fully as far as Seward in propounding the doctrine of the "irrepressible conflict," and did not hesitate to declare that in his opinion the relations of slavery and "freedom" were incompatible in the same government, and one or the other must eventually disappear—and he did not leave us in doubt as to which one he thought it would be, and ought to be.

In his party relations Lincoln was a Whig up to the time of the organization of the Black Republican party—and his moral and personal character, so far as we know, is unexceptionable. He is a self-made man, several years of his early life having been devoted to ministering to the thirst of the Hoosiers in the matters of toddies and juleps. It is reported that Douglas, in one of their discussions, inadvertently reproached him with an allusion to his early pursuits, when Lincoln replied that the only difference between them was that while he stood on one side of the bar, the Little Giant was generally to be found upon the other—but we do not avouch the truth of the anecdote.

We regard this nomination as perhaps the strongest one the Republican party could have made. In this view of the case it becomes, more than ever, the imperative duty of conservative men, of all parties and all sections, to combine together for the defeat of this dangerous sectional party, and its final overthrow and destruction. Their real purposes and objects, however concealed and glossed over by the smooth language of their Platform, have been too plainly avowed, and too distinctly foreshadowed, to permit us to doubt their ultimate intentions. If successful, the institution of slavery is to be attacked in every conceivable mode—for nothing else will satisfy the fanaticism at the North which overshadows every just and conservative sentiment. If the Union nominations at Baltimore cannot combine the conservatism of the country, North and South, for the defeat of this sectional ticket, some other mode can doubtless be agreed upon by which this end may be secured. In this crisis of imminent peril to the South and the Union, we should take counsel of our own safety and the unselfish patriotism of the people, rather than be made ministers to the ambition and machinations of juggling politicians.

[COMMUNICATED.]

BRASHEAR CITY, Parish of St. Mary, May 16, 1860.

Ed. Crescent—A letter from this little out of the way place, might at first thought strike you as being uninteresting and hardly worth a few moments of your precious time for its perusal; more worthy of a snug corner in your "basket," there to remain till the "devil" came in and turned it out upon the cold and heartless world with its numberless companions, fit playthings for the winds in their gambols over the fair Crescent City. But, bear with me, for I think I have an interesting subject to deal with, viz: a concert by Madame Anna Bishop. A few days since her agent arrived from Galveston, and made known to the people of this city and Berwick City, across the bay, that Madame Anna Bishop and troupe would arrive in a day or two, and would on Friday evening, the 18th, give a grand concert; for want of a suitable hall here they went over to Berwick City and secured the Custom-House hall: the room was quite unfit for a concert, but was the best that could be obtained.

Every one was on the *qui vive* at the announcement of the concert. Favored gallants, who had long endeavored to find some means of proving their devotion, now seized this opportunity and forthwith extended invitations to their fair dulcineas, which were thankfully accepted, as the sequel will show.

Last evening was the one named for the concert, and before the appointed time quite a crowd had assembled, the majority of whom were ladies. Before the singing commenced, the Hall was nearly full, and such an array of black and blue eyes, set off with the blandest of smiles, I have never seen since I went to see "Norma," at the New Opera House; for you must know that we have an abundance of pretty girls up in Attakapas.

The concert opened with a grand fantasia on the piano, Mr. Hogan presiding. "Home, Sweet Home," by M'me Bishop, was sung sweetly and with much spirit. The buffo duett, "Quanto Amore," from L'Elixir d'Amore, by M'me Bishop and Mr. Rudolphsen, the baritone, seemed to be the favorite of the evening; it received unbounded applause. "Oft in the Stilly Night" was beautifully executed. At the close of this, M'me B. received a very large and beautiful bouquet, when she sang "Coming Thro' the Rye," out of compliment to the donor. The evening's entertainment closed with the duett "All's Well," by M'me Bishop and Mr. R.; it was well sung and strikingly effective.

Every one left satisfied and perfectly delighted with the concert, it being the finest of the season.

We, of the Brasshear City delegation, were soon aboard of our snug little ferryboat, which landed us safe on this side, when we dispersed to our separate homes. Ere long the night was still, and "slumber's chain had bound us." TECHE.

TO HIRE.—A servant man as porter, driver, dining room waiter, or in other capacities. Apply at this office, as per advertisement of Mr. T. D. Van Horn.

LOUISIANA IN SLICES.

Parish of West Feliciana.

St. Francisville and Bayou Sara—Business and Things Generally—A Notable Ferry—Post-Offices—Parish Statistics—Things Personal and General—The Crops, etc.

NUMBER VII.

From our Special Traveling Correspondent.

BAYOU SARA, ST. FRANCISVILLE, May 9, 1860.

Ed. Crescent—I will commence this epistle, the seventh of the very entertaining and instructive series by your correspondent, with a few words of explanation of its date, which, as you perceive, is a little mixed, as are the two places, Bayou Sara and St. Francisville. They are one in many things and two in some things. Apparently they are as much the same place as "Natchez on the hill" and "Natchez under the hill" are, for Bayou Sara stands at the foot of the hill and St. Francisville on the top of the hill, and the two places run together and mingle on its declivity. They are one in having but one post-office, which is in Bayou Sara on the water side, and they are two in Bayou Sara being incorporated and St. Francisville not; and rather a keen operation of the St. Franciscilians is it in keeping outside of the corporation, for being upon a lofty hill they have not the least use for the costly levees which are necessary to the existence of the settlement below the hill and which, therefore, they are not at all inclined to assist in paying for, as they would have to do, as well as be under other expenses, were they incorporated with it.

St. Francisville is the parish seat of West Feliciana, and has the fine court-house and many handsome residences to adorn it; and in the central plateau of its lofty location stands the splendid new church edifice, Grace Church, of the Protestant Episcopal congregation of the place, of which Rev. Daniel S. Lewis is rector. It occupies the site of the old church which it replaces, and will rank among the most tasteful and substantial church buildings in the country. It would be an edifice of note in any city of the South. In this parish the Protestant Episcopal seems to be the prevailing denomination, though there are a number of churches of other sects scattered through the country.

If St. Francisville is stronger on the ornamental, Bayou Sara is out of sight ahead of her on the practical, for she does all the business, and a great deal of business is done, too. It is a thriving and bustling place, and contains some of the most extensive and heavily stocked stores in Louisiana, outside of New Orleans, and there are few in New Orleans even which can surpass in value of stock the concern of Meyer, Hoffman & Co., dry goods dalers and direct importers. The principal merchants of the place are Whiteman Bros., F. V. Leake & Co., Hatch & Irvine, and Parr & Winter, receiving and forwarding and general commission merchants, and dealers in groceries and western produce. Meyer, Hoffman & Co., C. E. Toorsen and A. Levy & Co., dry goods and general merchandise; R. Barton, book, stationery and periodical depot. There are, also, a variety of smaller but apparently prosperous establishments, which we have not space to enumerate: restaurants, barrooms, etc., and all the aspects of a small city. A prominent object in the town, occupying a very handsome building, is Robinson Mumford's Bank of Exchange and Deposit, W. T. Mumford teller. China Grove Hotel is the principal house of entertainment, there being, beside smaller establishments, a very large and comfortably arranged wharfboat, which, however, is not doing a very prosperous business, the majority of citizens being opposed to its location there. There is a Methodist Church in Bayou Sara, Rev. Thomas Donner, pastor.

Among the other prominent business interests of Bayou Sara is horse dealing, it being the great horse market for the surrounding country. Large droves of horses are brought here for sale from Kentucky and elsewhere. Messrs. Henshaw & Haile have very extensive stables and do a great deal in horse flesh. Bayou Sara is the river terminus of the West Feliciana Railroad. The depot stands upon the levee in the lower part of the town, having been moved from the upper part, above Bayou Sara, a troublesome and unnavigable estuary which could not be permanently bridged, save at great cost. This railroad runs to Woodville, Mississippi, a distance of twenty-eight miles. A good steam ferryboat plies across the river to Pointe Coupee, and ought to be a paying institution, for passengers are charged fifty cents each for the luxury of riding over on it, and two dollars if they have a horse and buggy. The Bayou Sarans ought to amend this matter, for the heavy ferriage prevents much custom from reaching their market. The boat has been run a number of years and is the property of one person. The merchants ought to form a company, buy the boat and run it at the lowest rates which will pay expenses. They might even afford to lose a little; but it would pay better at half the present rates than now.

Bayou Sara is about one hundred and sixty miles from New Orleans, and the other post-office settlements of the parish are at Tunica, on the river twenty miles above, a place where considerable cotton is shipped, and there is a store or two, also an Episcopal church, Rev. Mr. Dow, rector; Laurel Hill, a station on the railroad, twelve miles in the interior. Here, also, there are one or two stores. There is one paper published in the parish, the Bayou Sara Ledger, an able and well-known journal, edited and conducted by Jas. R. Marks, who is Mayor of the town of Bayou Sara. The officers of the parish at this time are John W. Spear, President Police Jury; Robinson Mumford, Treasurer; Charles B. Collins, Clerk of Court; William Hearsey, Sheriff; Wm. L. Bell, Assessor; Robert Hale, Recorder.

West Feliciana is one of the wealthiest parishes of the State, being high among the second rates in wealth and population. The total assessed value of property is about $8,200,000, on which it pays a State tax of over $26,000, over $8000 of which goes to the public school fund. There are thirteen public school districts in the parish and about five hundred educable children. The total population of the parish is 12,000, in round numbers, of which about 2000 are whites and about 10,000 slaves, the free negroes being few. A comparatively small portion of the land of this parish, the upper border of which is the State line between Mississippi and Louisiana, is adapted to the growing of cane. Cotton is the principal product. Of the 227,367 acres forming its entire area, about 35,000 are in cotton, 5000 in cane and 19,000 in corn, leaving some 165,000 or 170,000 uncultivated. There is much barren and sterile land in the parish, but enough that is very prolific to yield a large crop as its aggregate product. Many of the planters grow both cotton and cane, but they are generally engaged exclusively in raising either one or the other rather than both. Some of the planters of this parish rank among the largest in the State, and among the extra heavy men may be mentioned Messrs. Joseph A. S. Acklen, David Barrow, Wm. Roffin Barrow, Sr., Wm. J. Fort, John Scott Smith, Wm. H. Stirling, Daniel Turnbull, etc.

THE CROPS

Have a generally promising aspect, rather than otherwise. Of course it is yet too early in the season to base any ideas for the future on present appearances of cotton. Rain is wanted very much. Cane looks generally well enough.

In my next I propose to operate on the great parish of Pointe Coupée, which is the vis-a-vis of West Feliciana across the river. TOURIST.

LAFAYETTE WATER WORKS.—The Commissioners of this Company call a meeting of all persons interested in the subject for to-morrow evening, at 7½ o'clock, at Union Hall.

WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENCE.

Special to the New Orleans Crescent.]

WASHINGTON, May 16, 1860.

Mr. Editor—To-day is appointed for the meeting of the Chicago Convention, and speculation is rife here as to the probable result of its deliberations. Some straggling delegations have been elected from some of the Southern States; but representing as they do about fifty electoral votes, they may be in a position to control the action of the Convention in important particulars. These delegations, however, hailing from the South, are scarcely likely to make any conservative demonstrations. They are, doubtless, as fanatical and traitorous, and as well disposed to nominate an extreme candidate like Seward, as are a majority of their Northern colleagues.

Mr. Douglas continues his great speech in the Senate to-day. The hall has been filled to overflowing with one of the most brilliant audiences of statesmen, dignitaries and ambassadors ever assembled in the Capitol, even by the orators of old; and so great has been the pressure, that even the House members have found it difficult to obtain standing room within sound of the Senator's voice. Mr. Douglas has spoken with great moderation, and with a graceful waiver of all merely personal discussions, that all must admire as an example of generosity and of fairness, hunted and assaulted as he has been by personal enemies on the floor of the Senate. The plan of the speech is gigantic. It embraces the entire history of the Democratic party, with reference to the question of the government of the Territories; and as a solid and elaborate contribution to the political history of the country, it is calculated to command the attention of all parties and of men of all opinions. It will probably be followed by an exciting debate, in which Mr. Douglas will receive his usual share of irritating personalities from those who are unceasingly and unsuccessfully striving to sting the Little Giant into personal quarrels with themselves.

The President's audience of the Japanese Embassadors has been postponed until to-morrow, when it will take place in presence only of a privileged few, and to the exclusion of the public. The President's delay in the matter is the subject of much inconvenience and complaint, as its consequence is to imprison the Ambassadors, who insist upon the punctilio of not appearing in public until they have been received by the Government. Their visit yesterday was only of an official nature to the State Department, and was not extended to any of the other public offices. They are very much annoyed at the hotel by curious and impertinent visitors, and have asked for more private quarters. The Government should take care to protect its distinguished visitors from the insults of public curiosity. When approaching in procession the hotel from the street, they were seized upon by the mob as a band of Indian warriors or other visiting curiosities; and on more than one occasion they have been insulted by rude gibberish in ridicule of their language, and by smart comparisons of themselves in the hearing of their interpreters to "niggers" and