SOUTHERN WOOD AND MACHINE WORKS.—
P. HOW, Engineer,
116 ..... AND 116
New Levee street.
SAWING, MACHINE AND WOOD TURNING, done for the Trade.
CARPENTERS', JOINERS' AND FANCY WORK, of all descriptions.
PLANTATION MACHINERY of all kinds repaired at the shortest notice.
I have now in operation a PATENT GRINDSTONE SAW GUMMER.
All orders for GUMMING executed with dispatch. PRICE MODERATE.
Being a practical and experienced Mechanic, I can buy none but A No. 1 men. This, with the aid of Machinery, enables me to defy competition. ja31 6m

ACARD ..... A CARD.
Dr. SAMUEL REYNOLDS, the naturalized CANCER DOCTOR, who, for many years, has been located on Gravier street, to the vicinity of the St. Charles Hotel, has removed his office to No. 20 BARONNE STREET, between Common and Canal, opposite the Lafayette Car Landing, where he is prepared to treat all diseases which he professes to cure, viz: CANCERS, in their worst form, SCALD HEAD, WHITE SWELLINGS and ULCERS, of every description.
Specimens of Fibrous Tumors, extracted from patients, can be seen at Dr. Reynolds' office, and references to persons of prominent standing in this and other States of the Union, who have been successfully treated by Dr. Reynolds, will be given to all who have any doubts of the efficacy of his remedies.
He challenges the medical faculty of the United States of America or Europe to excel his cure. my28 1m

MACHINERY ..... MACHINERY.
STATIONARY AND PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES,
CIRCULAR SAW MILLS,
SHINGLE MACHINES,
INDIA RUBBER BELT,
CIRCULAR SAWS,
COTTON SEED HULLERS,
CORN MILLS,
STEAM GAUGES,
IRON, GAS AND WATER PIPES.
POWER AND HAND PUMPS,
At the Machinery Depot of RICH'D P. HARRISON,
ja11 tf Nos. 40 and 42 St. Charles street.

CITIZENS INSURANCE COMPANY—
Office No. 3 Carondelet street.
Capital, $371,720 38.
OMER GAILLARD, President. A. SCHRIBER, Secretary
TRUSTEES:
Geo. W. West, R. P. Hunt,
James A. White, M. Musson,
Douglas West, Martin Gordon, Jr.,
D. Jamison, Numa Augustin,
Ar. Mitenberger Cesaire Olivier,
J. Leiby, A. Rohn,
Omer Gaillard.
The Company insure against the perils of the seas and rivers, and fire and damage by fire at the current rate of premium.
426 1y

LOUISIANA STEAM CLOTHING MANUFACTORY,
165 ..... Canal Street 167
NEW ORLEANS.
The subscribers respectfully inform their numerous customers, and the Planters in general, that they are always prepared to furnish them with NEGRO CLOTHING, of the very best materials, and at most reasonable prices.
The large patronage they receive from this and neighboring States has induced them to extend their establishment, so as to meet any increase of business, and, in order to be able to supply their patrons always with the same and best descriptions of materials, they have made contracts with several of the most prominent manufacturies in the South, and shall henceforth be able to supply Planters with goods of uniform quality.
They feel confident that they will give entire satisfaction to all those who may patronize their eminently Southern enterprise, and solicit their orders, which shall receive immediate attention.
ja18 6m HERRARD & CO.

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE!
SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE!
SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE!
Save the Pieces!
ECONOMY! DISPATCH!
"A Stitch in Time Saves Nine."
As accidents will happen, even in well-regulated families, it is very desirable to have some cheap and convenient way for repairing Furniture, Toys, Crockery, etc.
Spalding's Prepared Glue
Meets all such emergencies, and no household can afford to be without it. It is always ready and up to the sticking point. There is no longer a necessity for limping chairs, splintered veneers, headless dolls, and broken cradles. It is just the article for coze, shell, and other ornamental work, so popular with ladies of refinement and taste.
This admirable preparation is used cold, being chemically held in solution, and possessing all the valuable qualities of the best cabinet maker's glue. It may be used in the place of ordinary mucilage, being vastly more adhesive.
"A PRIZE IN EVERY HOUSE."
N. B.—A Brush accompanies each bottle. Price, 25 cents.
Wholesale Depot, No. 48 Cedar street, New York.
Address HENRY C. SPALDING & CO.,
Box No. 3,000, New York.
Put up for Dealers in Cases containing four, eight, and twelve dozen—a beautiful Lithograph Show-Card accompanying each package.
A single bottle of SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE will save ten times its cost annually to every household.
Sold by all prominent Stationers, Druggists, Hardware and Furniture Dealers, Grocers, and Fancy Stores.
Country merchants should make a note of SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE, when making up their list. It will stand any climate. ja19 1wAW

TREDEGAR LOCOMOTIVE
AND MACHINE WORKS
Richmond, Virginia.
JOSEPH R. ANDERSON & CO.,
—MANUFACTURERS OF—
Locomotive Portable, Strictly Portable,
—And—
STATIONARY STEAM ENGINES,
CIRCULAR AND SASH SAW MILLS,
Sugar Mills, Gin Shafting,
And every article of Machinery required by the Southern Planter.
—Also—
Car Wheels and Axles, Bar Iron, Bridge Bolts, Spikes, Chairs, and Other Railroad Furnishings, Iron Trucks, etc., etc., Iron and Brass Cannon.
EDMUND M. IVENS,
General Agent,
fe7 2m—1yAW No. 180 Gravier street, New Orleans.

ECONOMY IS WEALTH!
CARMEN'S CEMENT OR NEGATIVE GLUE,
For permanently joining broken China, Glass, Earthen and Wooden Ware, Furniture Leather, India Rubber goods and Fancy Articles of all kinds.
Ask for "Carman's Cement or Negative Glue," and take no other. It far surpasses anything of the kind in use, leaving no trace of any cement having been applied.
E. B. WHERLOCK & CO.,
Sole Wholesale Agents,
No. 41 Magazine st.
For sale by all Retail Druggists and Dealers generally. Price 25 cents. fe2 3mAW

A. A. MAGINNIS' COTTON SEED OIL
—And—
OIL CAKE MANUFACTORY,
Nos. 115 and 117 Magazine street,
NEW ORLEANS,
Keeps constantly on hand Crude and Superior Clarified OIL, OIL CAKE OIL CAKE MEAL, and decorticated Seed.
Orders for the above filled with promptness and dispatch.
CASH paid for COTTON SEED on delivery. n16 tf

GALVANIZED IRON!—GALVANIZED IRON!—
The undersigned, Sole Agents for
McCULLOUGH & CO.'S CELEBRATED AMERICAN
Charcoal Galvanized Iron,
For Roofing, Guttering, Spouting, Bath Tubs, Stack Pipes, Vennidas, etc., etc.
Warranted to flange and seam. The only article that will stand the peculiar humidity of this climate without oxydation.
For sale by McLEAN & OLIVIER,
m21 3m 49 Common street.

PLAIN HAMS AND SHOULDERS—
250 CASES GROENENDYKE & THOMPSON'S,
In Air-Tight Packages.
For sale by O'DOWD & SULLIVAN,
m31 1m corner Poydras and Tchoupitoulas streets.

BILLIARD TABLES—BILLIARD TABLES
35 ..... ST. LOUIS STREET 35
Under the St. Louis Hotel.
The undersigned begs leave to inform the public that he has opened a BILLIARD SALESROOM at the above place, where he intends to keep constantly on hand BILLIARD TABLES, from the celebrated manufactory of J. W. BRUNSWICK & BRO., Cincinnati, of all descriptions and prices; such as
ROSEWOOD,
BIRD'S EYE MAPLE, MAHOGANY,
BIRCH AND OAK,
With Marble, Slate or Wood Bed. Also, Bagatelle Tables and Balls, Pool Balls, Cushions, Cloths, Cues, Pockets, Cue Leathers, Tan Pin Balls and everything appertaining to Billiards or other games.
N. B.—Specimens of the above Tables can be seen at the St Charles, Marble Hall and St. Louis Billiard Rooms.
Repairing done at short notice and on reasonable terms.
m30 1y A. W. MERRIAM.

NEW ORLEANS DAILY CRESCENT.

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY, SUNDAY EXCEPTED, BY O. NIXON, AT No. 70 CAMP STREET.

VOLUME XIII. TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 26, 1860. NUMBER 97.

New Orleans Daily Crescent.

TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 26, 1860.

TALK ON 'CHANGE.

The stagnancy of summer ruled supreme on the flags yesterday. The opening of the week's business was not in the least benefitted by the intelligence from Europe, brought by the steamer Melleta, arrived in the St. Lawrence; the full dispatches were laid before our readers in yesterday's paper. This steamer, however, is one of the militia, and her accounts are only for half of the week ending the 16th. The Europa, of the 16th, will be heard from to-day or to-morrow, though it is not expected she will bring anything of a favorable nature regarding cotton. In fact, the stock of the staple in this market is so very light, from a large crop, that foreign markets for the nonce are looked on with some indifference.

There was more talk about the present weather than anything else. We are feeling the effects of the protracted drought. There were indications of a change day before yesterday, and they also continued throughout yesterday, but the good rain cometh not up to dark last evening. The wind has changed since Saturday last, effecting the water in the lakes, and possibly daily intercourse with the sea-shore villages may be resumed before long, provided the boats employed are not heavily loaded with freight.

The European mails brought by the Asia were received yesterday. The dates are to the 9th inst., say 16 days from Liverpool to New Orleans. The private correspondence is of the same unfavorable tenor as that of the preceding week. The stock of cotton in Liverpool had reached 1,358,000 bales, of which 1,154,000 bales were of American growth.

There was talk that the Asia's mails brought out large claims for reclamations for losses on shipments of cotton, protested bills and notices of non-acceptance of other bills—a good many for account of Mobile.

It is talked of that if the agents of some of the banks (whether banks of this city, Mobile or other places) had not concealed the standing of some speculators, the large loss and indebtedness of some of the New York jockeys would not have occurred.

From the 1st to the 7th of June there arrived in the Liverpool docks 20 vessels from New Orleans, with 54,669 bales of cotton. The receipts for the week from all ports attaining 111,797 bales. The Manchester market is reported to be very quiet. Some letters say that shippers (this is presumed to be exporters) to the continent were disposed to buy largely at ¾@1d. ℔ decline from the highest point of the market. According to this, the price has not receded to meet the views of some speculators; they begin to talk of 5½d. for Middling in Liverpool. It is difficult to say when bottom will be reached under the large stock, and the weekly high wrought and asserted favorable accounts, which are forwarded by each succeeding steamer from this side.

We learn that the steamer Coatzacoalcos, which has been advertised to leave this port for New York and Havana on Monday next, will not return for the present, and of course the contemplated voyage hither and thither is abandoned. It is to be regretted that this fine vessel could not have been added to the steam marine of our city. If such vessels as the DeSoto and Cahawba find trade profitable between New York and New Orleans, it is strange that there cannot be found in our city sufficient capital and means to retain the Coatzacoalcos in the same trade. Instead of the present steamers now employed in the trade, there ought to be at least three full lines of three steamers each. We were in hopes that ere this we should have the pleasure of announcing that the line of steamers contemplated for the trade between this port and Liverpool, and for which efforts were made last spring to carry out, would have so far progressed that we might by the 4th of July have announced its success. The talk is, that we, as a community, are the most dependent of any on this continent. There is one small steamer owned here, engaged in the Havana trade; there is the Southern Steamship Company, but a moderate share only of the 12 steamers engaged in the line is owned here. The Mobile Mail Line, or the boats thereof, are under the control, and a large share owned by a party in Norwich, Ct. Some of the boats employed in this Mobile trade, though registered here, may be assessed like other capital; but the talk is, that the value of this line—say $300,000—does not pay any taxes. However, as the general talk is averse to taxing capital, the inquiry winds up, how is it that the new lake boat Alabama has not received her inspection certificates from the inspectors of this district? True, there are certificates issued from the port of New London, Ct., last fall, but that is not New Orleans. There was other talk about the over-loading of the boats on the lakes, but we have no space to repeat it.

The water in the lakes was reported as rising yesterday, which will obviate some of the delays and inconveniences which have attended traveling to the sea-shore and Mobile for the past month.

Of course, there was some talk about cotton, and when the first bale of new crop will be in market. We should prefer to see the last bale of the crop of 1859 before the first bale of 1860 makes its appearance, but this is of course out of the question.

In talking of the suit in our last, brought by a seller of cotton against a buyer for deficiency in damages on a lot of cotton, the types read $10,000, when they should have read $4000. We shall have some further talk on this subject ere long, as an appeal is intended to be taken.

APFRAYS. The Franklin (La.) Sun of Friday last says:

A fatal affray took place at Riddle's Prairie in this parish, which resulted in the death of Mr. Y. R. Stokes, an old citizen. It was on the occasion of a horse-race. The particulars as they have come to us show that there was a good deal of excitement and quarreling on the ground, between Stokes and other parties, when John Buie approached and stabbed him, but whether with or without provocation or justification does not appear.

In the Bossier Banner of Friday last we find the following:

We understand, through reliable authority, that a fatal affray occurred on Wednesday last, in Minden, between a Mr. Culbertson and Mr. Leon Hirsh, in which the former was instantly killed. From what we can learn, it appears that they had had a previous difficulty, and Hirsh had Culbertson bound in peace bonds, and on meeting shortly afterwards at the post-office, Culbertson made an assault on Hirsh with his fists, when the latter drew a pocket-knife and inflicted several very severe wounds, causing death instantly.

SAYERS AND HEENAN IN MANCHESTER.—On Monday afternoon, June 4, the redoubtable champions of the P. R. exhibited themselves at the Free-trade Hall, Manchester, on which occasion, notwithstanding the high price of admission, (10s., 5s., and 2s. 6d.,) there was a good attendance. The entertainment consisted, besides a sparring exhibition, or "set-to" between Sayers and Heenan, of athletic and acrobatic feats by Messrs. Murray and Hyer, and the ceremony of presentation of belts. There was a band also present. Mr. J. M. Morris presided and read the addresses. Of course, the great thing was the sparring, by which both men showed their tact, talent and science. Six rounds were sparred.

In round one both men were well up, and after some hitting and stopping, Heenan's long arm succeeded in reaching Tom's mouth, and the latter fell.

Second round—Heenan was again on Tom's face.

Third round—A good deal of feinting, and at last Sayers lounged out, hit Heenan on the face, and nearly knocked him down.

Fourth round—Blows exchanged on the face.

Fifth round—Sayers on Heenan's face again.

Sixth round—The hitting was really grand in this last round. Three several times did Heenan hit Sayers on the forehead, and as many times did Sayers hit Heenan. Both men came to close quarters and then retired, whereupon they were loudly cheered and recalled. [London paper.

TELEGRAPHED TO THE NEW ORLEANS CRESCENT.

FURTHER INTELLIGENCE FROM EUROPE.

ADDITIONAL BY THE STEAMSHIP MELLETTA.

SICILIAN AFFAIRS.

THE EMPEROR NAPOLEON GOES TO BADEN.

The Cession of Savoy Approved by Sardinia.

FRENCH TROOPS EVACUATING ITALY.

Political and Commercial Intelligence.

(BY THE NATIONAL AND AMERICAN LINES.)

QUEBEC, June 25.—The steamship Melleta, from Liverpool the 13th and Londonderry the 14th, of which a brief summary of news was obtained yesterday evening at Father Point, reached her dock to-day.

Commercial Intelligence.

LIVERPOOL, June 13.—The Liverpool Breadstuffs market closed generally steady. Messrs. Richardson, Spence & Co., in their circular by the Melleta, say the weather in England has of late become very unfavorable for crops. They report Flour closed firm at an advance of 6d.@1s. They quote Western Canal at 28s.

Wheat closed buoyant at an advance of 2d.@3d. Indian Corn closed quiet at a decline of 6d. They quote white at 24s.

LIVERPOOL, June 13.—Messrs. Richardson, Spence & Co. report Beef closed quiet at previous rates.

Pork closed quiet at the quotations by the Asia.

Lard closed quiet but firm at full prices.

Sugar closed dull without any material alteration in quotations.

Coffee closed quiet at previous rates.

LONDON, June 13.—Messrs. Baring Bros. & Co. report Sugar closed steady at previous quotations. Coffee closed firm at the quotations by the Asia.

Political Intelligence.

In consequence of the signing of the capitulation, the Neapolitan troops were making rapid preparations to embark with their arms and baggage and take leave of Palermo.

Fort Castillamore is in keeping of the English Admiral.

Palermo is to be evacuated on the 11th. Troops are beginning to arrive at Naples and being dispatched towards Castillamore and Gaeta.

The Neapolitan troops in Sicily are being concentrated at Syracuse, Messina and Agosta.

The damage by the late bombardment at Palermo was immense. The Neapolitans committed great atrocities. Three hundred houses were burned in a single square, besides several convents. Women and children, who were seeking to escape, being killed.

Carini and Palace were sacked and burned. The soldiers set fire to all houses on the route to Catania, and pillaged the town.

ADDITIONAL BY THE STEAMSHIP MELLETA.

QUEBEC, June 25.—The steamship Meletta at this port brings the following additional news from Europe:

LIVERPOOL, June 14, P. M.—[By telegraph to Londonderry.]—Messrs. Richardson, Spence & Co. report Flour closed steady at yesterday's prices. Wheat is buoyant and has an upward tendency. Corn closed with a declining tendency. Prices are easier, but the quotations of yesterday remain the same. Provisions closed generally quiet and steady. Lard closed firm at yesterday's quotations.

LONDON, June 14, P. M.—The London Money market closed steady. The demand to-day has been brisk, and the rates were firmly maintained.

General and Political Intelligence.

Gen. Garibaldi had issued a decree calling Sicilians between seventeen and fifty years of age to arms.

Garibaldi would not undertake anything in Sicily for some days. He is organizing his reserve.

Mazzini had embarked for Sicily. Sardinia orders her fleet to apprehend him.

Garibaldi had sent a message to Signor Bretini to effect a loan for Sicily.

It is rumored that France permits Piedmont to accept the proposed Naples mediation, namely: A liberal Neapolitan constitution and a separate Sicilian Government, provided the Sicilians assent to it.

Advices received from Vienna state that Austria peremptorily refuses to interfere for guaranteeing the possession of the Two Sicilies to the King of Naples. France will probably follow the same course.

The French troops have evacuated Italy and are returning to France.

Fresh bands of insurgents are menacing the Roman frontier. Gen. Lamoriciere had sent troops to protect the Papal States and check the progress of the insurgents.

Austria is to increase the strength of the second army stationed in Italy.

A corps of cavalry is to be collected in Italian Tyrol.

The Sardinian Senate has approved of the cession of Savoy and Nice, by a vote of 102 against 10.

Advices from Paris say that the Emperor Napoleon would leave on the 15th for Baden, to meet the Princess Regent of Prussia and other German sovereigns.

The Emperor consummates the annexation of Savoy and Nice on the 14th by a grand military review.

Le Courier de Paris, a French weekly paper, had received a first warning for publishing an article on liberty of conscience.

The Stadtholdership of Hungary is to take effect on the 1st of July.

The London Post says there is truth in the rumor that France is about to send a corps of observation to the Swiss frontier.

The London Times says the Government will propose to commence erecting fortifications and other works soon.

Advices received at London from Melbourne, dated April 24th, states that several engagements had taken place between the British troops and natives in New Zealand.

DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE.

Congressional Proceedings.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—In the Senate the resolution of the House reducing the price of the Public Printing to forty per cent., was taken up and passed.

It is rumored that the President has signed a bill to create a printing establishment, but will remove Mr. John Hart, the present Superintendent of public printing, because it is feared he would favor Wendell in the purchase of a building and materials.

The President will call the Senate together at noon to-morrow, for the purpose of taking action on the Mexican, Central American and Indian treaties.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—In the Senate to-day the post route bill was amended by authorizing the Postmaster General to contract for a temporary steamship service to California, etc., was called up, briefly discussed and passed.

The bill amending an act for granting lands to certain Mississippi railroads was passed.

The Consular bill from the House and the mail route bill between the United States and Mexico were laid over.

A proclamation for an extra Executive session to-morrow was read, and the Senate adjourned *sine die*.

In the House of Representatives, the Senate's request was agreed to for another Committee of Conference on the Post-office Deficiency bill.

The President has signed the bill of appropriations for civil expenses, with a protest against Capt. Meig's superintending the expenditures of the Washington aqueduct.

The President sent a message recapitulating the ground of his protest of last March against the action of the Covode Committee, solemnly protesting against their unconstitutional proceedings. The message was referred to a Select Committee.

The House killed the Post Route bill by refusing to suspend the rules for its consideration.

After discussing several bills of small importance, the House adjourned *sine die*.

Fitzpatrick Declines the Nomination.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—Since the announcement of Hon. Benj. Fitzpatrick's nomination to the Vice-Presidency, he has received many dispatches from his constituency deprecating his acceptance.

It is now responsibly reported that he will not accept the nomination.

Breckinridge Accepts the Nomination.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—There are a great many rumors flying about as to whether Mr. Breckinridge will accept the Baltimore nomination.

It is now understood, from what is called good authority, that he will accept the nomination of President, tendered to him by the Southern Constitutional Convention.

Duel on the Tapis.

BALTIMORE, June 25.—Mr. Smith, of California, challenged Mr. Nesbit, of Illinois, to fight a duel on account of some offensive remarks made in the National Democratic Convention, last Saturday, by the latter.

Senator Douglas Serenaded.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—Senator Douglas was serenaded in front of his residence last night.

He was called out by the multitude, and made an eloquent speech, which was enthusiastically received.

Explosion of the Steamboat Ben Lewis.

MEMPHIS, June 25.—The steamboat Ben Lewis, of the regular Mississippi packets between Memphis and St. Louis, exploded her boilers and burned to the water's edge this morning.

Capt. Holmes, Manson Harris, second clerk, Arthur Shearer, second engineer, and Frank Devlin, steward, are all missing.

P. S. Marshall, first clerk, McGinnis, first engineer, were slightly scalded.

River Intelligence.

LOUISVILLE, June 25.—The Ohio river at this point continues to fall, with four feet of water by the mark.

LATER FROM THE PACIFIC.

ARRIVAL OF THE OVERLAND MAIL.

ST. LOUIS, June 25.—The overland mail-coach, with San Francisco advices to the 4th inst., has arrived at Springfield, the present terminus of the Atlantic and Pacific telegraph line.

The mail steamship John L. Stevens had been prosecuted for carrying too many passengers on her last trip from Panamat to San Francisco.

The Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph line had been completed to Vicetia, a distance of 200 miles from San Francisco.

It is feared that a great number of agents of the Central Overland Pony Express have been murdered.

On the 2d instant, a party of miners were attacked near Walker's river, and killed.

Advices received at San Francisco from Carson Valley state that six or eight families of emigrants and several hundred heads of cattle are supposed to be lost.

It is supposed that the Indians of Utah and Oregon have combined to wage war against all the white settlers of the Sierra Nevada.

Latest from Japan—Explanation of Recent Troubles.

The following is the most direct and reliable news from Japan which we have received:

(Correspondence of the Hartford Courant.

AUTHENTIC NEWS FROM JAPAN.—Mr. Editor: In these times of alarming rumors from Japan, calculated to excite apprehensions of the most unpleasant kind, especially in the minds of those who have friends residing there, and well authenticated information of a favorable kind from that region seems so desirable that I take the liberty of sending you for publication the following extract from a letter to-day received by the overland mail via San Francisco, from my brother-in-law, Rev. S. R. Brown—one of the missionaries of the Reformed Dutch Church of New York, now residing at Kanagawa. Mr. B., who has been at Kanagawa with his family and other members of his party for six or eight months past, writes from that place thus, under date of April 14th, 1860:

"You will hear though the paper, probably, of the late murders at Yokuhama. Two Dutch sea captains were brutally butchered by some unknown Japanese in the most public street of Yokuhama, just after dark, on the 26th of February last. It was a fearful piece of butchery. They were quiet, inoffensive men, just going out for a stroll in the street previous to putting off to their vessels. One of them was sixty years old, and left a family consisting of a wife and five children in Holland. Since that, on the 26th of March, a murderous assault was made on the Prince Regent, as he was proceeding with his retinue from his palace to the Emperor's palace. Several of the Prince's men were cut down on the spot by an attacking party of twenty-one men, and three of their own number were killed likewise by the Prince's followers. Shots were fired into the Regent's mormor, and he was wounded in two places, but not mortally. In consequence of this, and of other signs of conspiracy on the part of one of the princes of the royal blood, called the Prince of Mito, against the present Government, occasioned by the recent changes in the foreign policy of the country, the Government has redoubled its vigilance to put a stop to the assassination of foreigners, as well as to protect itself against internal enemies.

"Last week I spent ten days at Yeddo, at Mr. Harris', by his invitation going up as his chaplain, and when I was there he had a guard of twenty *Yakunyings*, or armed officers, at his house. Since the attack on the Regent, his guard has been doubled, as well as that of all the foreign Legations. Besides this, we are honored here with a guard at every foreign house except one.

"The government has put up a guard-house at our front gate, and keeps five Yakunyings there night and day. When we go out at any time we can have an armed officer to accompany us if we choose. A new official from Yeddo, with his suite, has paid us a visit to-day, to see if our defenses are all right."

Hoping that the above may have the effect to allay the fears of some of your readers who have friends residing at Japan, I am

Yours, respectfully,
D. E. BARTLETT.

Asylum Hill, Hartford, June 18, 1860.

THE BOMBARDMENT OF PALERMO.—*Paris, June 7.* I can speak confidently as to the effect of the bombardment on the town. We now know that it lasted nineteen hours without cessation. It was opened at 8 o'clock on the morning of the 27th by the Neapolitan frigates and the Castle, and continued without any intermission whatever till 5 o'clock in the evening. At this hour the frigates ceased firing, but the Castle continued during the whole night and till five the next morning. The storm of shells thrown into the town was terrible, and round shot tore up the streets in all directions. Great as was the damage done to the buildings—and great it must have been—I understand it was far surpassed by the destruction of human life. Heaps of bodies, torn to pieces, strewed the streets at daybreak; and when the firing ceased, and the wounded were taken to the hospitals, the far greater part of the hurts were from fragments of shells, while, comparatively speaking, those from musketry and the bayonet were few. The dead and the dying displayed those hideous wounds which those projectiles alone make.

The hypocrite may spin so fair a thread as to deceive his own eye; he may admire the cobweb, and not know himself to be the spider.

With books, as with companions, it is of more consequence to know which to avoid than which to choose.

A Frenchman, intending to compliment a young lady by calling her a gentle lamb, said: "She is one mutton as is small!"

There is one thing which the most unobservant person manages to see—that which we do not want him to see.

Local Intelligence.

MORE.—The Board of Health reports that there were 3 interments in the city cemeteries last week. No sign of yellow fever yet.

DOUGLAS ENTHUSIASM.—The Douglasites have been considerably excited hereabout, since the nomination of their man at one of the conventions at Baltimore. On Sunday morning they fired a hundred guns on Lafayette square. Last night they were out in procession, with music and harangues. They treated this office quite liberally to both articles, and we had no doubt the men they were actually Douglas men, and felt quite saluted accordingly.

FIRE.—A rather destructive fire broke out on Sunday night, in the kitchen attached to Mr. Cannon's two story frame residence, on Apollo street, between Jackson and Philip. Owing to the fresh wind blowing at the time, and the total absence of water, the premises, valued at $1000, were totally consumed, and the fire extended rapidly, right and left, defying the efforts of the firemen to stop the work of destruction.

The other buildings destroyed were, on the lower side, the adjoining one story frame house, occupied as a cake and soda shop, valued at $1000; a neat, one story and attic cottage, owned by Mr. Whitaker and worth $2500. On the upper side, or above Mr. Philpot's property, a splendid two story building, appraised at $8000, owned by Caspar Auch, and a two story frame house belonging to Mr. Genin. Another two story, double frame house, forming the corner of Apollo and Philip streets, also owned by Mr. Genin, was scorched by the flames and escaped with slight damage.

Besides the loss on the buildings some $5000 worth of furniture was destroyed or so badly damaged as to be valueless. We understand that the whole loss, or nearly so, is covered by insurance.

Just at the time the buildings were burning, fire was discovered in a box of newspapers in a house on the opposite corner. The box was thrown into the street in time to prevent another disaster. This and other circumstances connected with the fire combine to create the belief that it is the work of incendiarism. Suspicions rest on a negro boy, who was seen in the neighborhood at about 9 o'clock on Sunday evening, making strange inquiries of the servants as to what families were at home or out of town.

ANOTHER FIRE.—At 20 minutes past nine o'clock last night, a fire broke out in the drug store of Messrs. O. Robin & Bro., at the corner of St. Ann and Villeré streets. It started in some rubbish in a room, and was fortunately extinguished before it got into an adjoining room full of chemicals, in which event the building and perhaps the neighborhood would have gone; the wind being high, and water no where. The firemen answered the telegraphic alarm very promptly, but the fire was put out before their services were needed.

STILL ANOTHER.—The telegraph, at 8 o'clock last evening, reported that a fire had started in the garret of B. Kock's house, at the corner of Camp and Third streets. It was put out with but little damage. A case of supposed incendiarism.

REMOVAL OF THE REMAINS OF JUAN BARCELO.—On Sunday afternoon, the remains of the late Juan Barcelo one of the founders and first Grand Marshal of the New Lusitanos Benevolent Association, were removed from the St. Louis Cemetery, and transferred to the magnificent tomb lately erected in the Girod street Cemetery for the Association.

Mr. Barcelo was also a member of the Spanish Benevolent Association, and both societies turned out on the occasion, forming one of the largest and most imposing escorts to be seen.

SUICIDE.—Etienne Casin, an old Frenchman, aged 66 years, employed as clerk in the grocery store, corner of Burgundy and Customhouse streets, committed suicide yesterday morning, in the water-closet of the establishment, by blowing his brains out with an old single-barreled pistol. He placed the muzzle of the pistol to his left temple and fired, blowing off the whole top of his skull and his right eye. Some of the neighbors hearing the loud report of the pistol, ran into the grocery and told the man of the house that some one had fired a shot in his yard. Going out, they saw the smoke issuing from the water-closet, and opening the door, found the lifeless body of old Etienne. No reason can be assigned for the act. The deceased was not known to have any family connections here. The Coroner held an inquest and gave a verdict in accordance with these facts.

POLICE APPOINTMENTS.—His Honor Mayor Monroe yesterday made the following additional appointments of policemen. This closes the list of appointments for the time being. Such vacancies as may exist will, we understand, be filled on the 1st of July next:

THIRD DISTRICT POLICE.—*Sergeants*—Charles Morel, George H. Jemison.

Day Officers—James Brooks, Charles Ronay, Austin Johnson, Ambroise Ducoing, Esprit Salvatory, Auguste Saltzman, T. Bachemin, Jr., Manuel Prados, A. Lattimore, T. W. Bray, Michael Carroll, George W. Macaulay, James Borge, A. Roth.

Night Officers—John Hangmann, M. Selcschmaydre, Jos. Lopez, L. Fonseca, F. Robinson, St. Marc Sarpy, T. Bachemin, Sr., Victor Hernandez, Wm. Crayon, Andrew Anderson, Camille Montault, Wm. H. Paries, P. Marcias, L. Roger, C. Daniolls, John Marcour, N. Mayes, L. E. Lambert, Sr., G. Haingle, A. Brugier, F. de Latour, A. Bertin, Sr., T. Waltholl, Eugene Roth, T. Shepherd, Peter Troupe, P. M. Dahouny, M. Morrison, St. C. Montault, Aug. Dalon, Chas. Oiff, P. L. Jacobs, George Delamore, Wm. Austin, Wm. Moore, Aug. Williams, A. B. Shelby, S. W. Nafer, Cadot Morlonx, J. Bachemin, Sr., Frank Ducoing, George Jackson, Harvey Brooks, G. Berton, George A. Williams.

Day Supernumeraries—H. J Rivoux, H. Bachemin, Emile Ruiz, Jno. C. Rousseau, E. O'Sullivan, Joseph Lenez, P. Hatzburger.

Night Supernumeraries—A. Morel, Geo. Homer, Stephen Ruffin, Chas. Carrigee, M. Torregano, J. V. Auriac, L. Lambert, Jr., A. Gonzalez, Sr., J. Brewer, S. Cirillo, Thos. Welburn, F. Rogue, P. Delaney, John Lehay.

Day Supernumeraries for the First District—Jas. Robinson, W. F. Ramsey, Jno. Conn, Frank Anderson, R. Van Dalson, Simon Berwire, Peter Conway.

Night Supernumeraries for the First District—J. Krail, J. Malley, Jno. Bulger, C. Moore, J. Skelly, T. R. Scruggins, J. A. Tait, C. Reynolds, D. Daniolds, John Clubby, J. Keegan.

THE COFFEE-COLORED LOTHARIO.—Thos. J. Martin, f. m. c., the music teacher, some account of whose doings we published yesterday, was yesterday morning arraigned before Recorder Emerson, and on the charge of abusing and threatening the lady whose daughter he had seduced, was sent before the First District Court; and in default of bail, he was committed to prison.

Miss Fanny Thayer is the name of the young woman whom Martin won, and took away from her mother, Mrs. Ann Severs, who is a retired actress. Their intimacy has existed for nearly three years. He has been supporting her since taking her from her mother. She dotes upon him, and would probably follow him to the end of the earth. She has a child five months old. He, now that he is arrested, denies the paternity, and makes strong counter accusations against the mother of his fair one.

Among the other victims of this artful scoundrel, we hear of Miss Kate P——, who is mother to one of his children; also, Maria B——, a seamstress, who lived with a respectable lady on Bacchus street. We have also heard of some extraordinary doings of his at a fashionable watering place in Virginia.

It would appear that Martin has generally practised his infernal arts in the families of widow ladies, where there were no husbands or brothers to detect him and bring him to punishment. In one instance, however, he ruined a young lady who had a father to protect her; but the father, dreading a public exposure, contented himself with merely warning the scoundrel away from his house.

Martin has taught music in this city for upwards of twenty years; and is widely known. He is the author of the once popular song, "Had I never, never known thee." He once composed a piece of music which he dedicated to the New Orleans Crescent; and has composed numerous other pieces of music.

It is probable that investigation will show Martin to have been not so very scoundrelish in some of his affairs; but there appears to be plenty of evidence left to establish his character as a villain of the deepest dye.

POLITICS.—Two well-known citizens, Messrs. T—— and G——, last night had a fight in the Orleans Coffeehouse. As we heard it, they were friends, but a little in liquor, and got to disputing, when T. slapped G.'s face. The latter declined resenting this, on the score of friendship, when T. told him he was afraid to fight, and that he could lick him. They then agreed to fight, took off their coats, and the crowd formed around them and kept a police from interfering. Being stripped for it, they once more stated that there was no necessity for a fight. At that T. let him have one on the nose, and then G. went in. Both are stout and powerful men, and the fight was a salty one. It lasted four or five minutes. T. came out badly thrashed, after having provoked the fight. Some persons around won and lost money on the "first blood."

MAGNOLIA BASE BALL CLUB.—A match game was played on Sunday, on the Bingaman Grounds, in Algiers. The following was the score made:

G. Moore's side.	Runs.	Smith's side.	Runs.
C. Mercer, c.	5 Runs.	Smith, p.	2 Runs.
Selcher, c. f.	1 "	Fisher, c. f.	4 "
Allen, 1st b.	1 "	Chandler, 1st b.	4 "
Swanson, p.	3 "	Berge, s. s.	2 "
Moore, 2d b.	2 "	Mason, 2 b.	2 "
G. Delamore s. s.	4 "	Kelley, c.	2 "
Carroll, r. f.	0 "	J. Delamore, c. f.	3 "
P. Lucid, l. f.	1 "	Kent, p. 2 b.	2 "
Fonseca, c. L. f.	1 "	Tracy, l. f.	3 "
G. Mercer, 3 b.	3 "	P. Lewis, s. L. f.	2 "
		Lawrence, r. s. s.	2 "
Total	23 Runs.	Total	26 Runs.

ROBBERY.—The shoe store of Wm. Jockem, No. 140 Camp street, was broken into early yesterday morning and robbed of about $250 worth of Congress boots. Mrs. J. discovered the door broken open when she started out to go to market. No clue to the robbers.

BABY IN A BAG.—The dead body of an infant, in a bag, was found yesterday afternoon in the pond by the old paper mill, in the Third District. Of course, nobody could tell whose baby it was, or who threw it into the pond.

HIT WITH A HAMMER.—Pat Ryan was arrested on Dryades street yesterday afternoon, on the charge of having given some man a violent whack on the head with a hammer.

THE PRIZE STEAMSHIPS.—In the United States District Court, yesterday, Judge McCaleb gave his decision in the case of the United States vs. Steamships Miramon and Marques de la Habana, declaring that they are not legal prizes and ordering that they shall be restored to their owners.

FIRST DISTRICT COURT—*Judge Hunt.*—This court has lately been rushing through the murder cases with an industry and rapidity altogether unprecedented in this city.

George Osborne, the man who a few weeks ago murdered his wife Julia, at their residence in the Third District, by beating her with a stick of wood whilst she was drunk, was tried yesterday. The testimony in full, given before the Coroner, we published at the time. After beating his wife in the yard, he laid her on the gallery, and when she died, laid her on the bed, and went to the police office and surrendered himself, saying that he killed her because she was too drunk to get him his supper. Upon being indicted and arraigned before this court, he pleaded not guilty, and yesterday stood his trial.

He was defended by Messrs. Fellowes and ——. The jury, after an absence of ten minutes, returned with a verdict of guilty; and there is one more tenant in the condemned cells at the Parish Prison.

General Orders—No. 10.

WAR DEPARTMENT.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, Washington, June 11, 1860.

It is the painful duty of the Secretary of War to announce to the army the death of Brevet Major General Thomas S. J