HAIR RESTORATIVE!

THE ONLY DISCOVERY
WORTHY OF ANY CONFIDENCE FOR RESTORING
The Bald and Gray!

Many, since the great discovery of Prof. Wood, have attempted not only to imitate his Restorative, but profess to have discovered something that would produce results identical; but they have all come too late, being carried away by the wonderful results of Prof. Wood's preparation, and have been forced to leave the field to its resistless sway. Read the following:

BATH, Maine, April 18, 1859.

Prof. O. J. Wood & Co.—Gents: The letter I wrote you in 1856 concerning your valuable Hair Restorative, and which you have published in this vicinity and elsewhere, has given rise to numerous inquiries touching the facts in the case.

The inquiries are—first, is it a fact of my knowledge and belief, as stated in the communication; second, is it true of all therein contained; third, does my hair still continue to be in good order, and of a natural color? To all I can and do answer invariably yes. My hair is even better than in any stage of my life for twenty years past, more soft, thrifty, and better colored; the same is true of my whiskers, and the only cause why it is not generally true, is, that the subscriber is washed off by frequent ablution of the face, when it ever were used by wiping the face in close connection with the whiskers, the same result will follow as the hair. I have been in the receipt of a great number of letters from all parts of New England, saying my hair still continued to be good; and there is no intelligent in the manufacture and sale of your compounds as well as MYSELF. There is no death, nor even barely invisibly and been used, not only without any good effect, but to absolute injury. I have not used any of your Restorative of my account for some months, and yet my hair is as good as ever, and hundreds have examined it with surprise, as I am now 61 years old, and not a gray hair is my head or on my face; and to prove this fact, I send you the lock of my hair taken off the past week. I received your last or two quart bottles last summer, for which I am very grateful.

I gave it to my friends, and thereby induced them to try it; many were skeptical until after trial, and then purchased and used it with unbounded success. I will ask as a favor that you send me a text by which I can discover fraud in the Restorative sold by many. I have, without authority for doing so, given your address to all who ask me, and I believe where good effects do not follow, the failure is caused by the inferior article, which carries the inventor of the genuine article. I desire to my duty, to bear testimony to the unchanged effect on my hair, as I assure all who evince of use of any unbiased opinion of its valuable results. I remain, dear Sir, Yours, A. C. RAYMOND.

AUBURN'S RUN, Ohio, Nov. 30, 1857.

PROF. O. J. WOOD—Dear Sir: I would certainly be doing you a great injustice not to make known to all the world the wonderful, as well as the unexpected, result I have experienced from using your bottle of your Hair Restorative. After using every kind of nostrum I could, but without success, and finding my locks nearly double as of old, I was finally induced to try a bottle of your Hair Restorative. Now, candor and justice compel me to announce to whoever may read this, that I now possess a head of beautiful locks of dark hair, which I prominently place and adjust, that they may be seen by all. I will, therefore, take occasion to recommend this invaluable remedy to all who may feel the necessity for it. Respectfully yours,

REV. S. ALLEN BROCK.

P. S. This test is of my approbation for your valuable Hair Restorative. Use what you please of this letter, if it may be of service to you or others; insert it, if you wish. If not, destroy it, and it is nothing. Yours, etc., REV. S. A. B.

The Restorative is put up in bottles of three sizes, viz.: Large, medium and small. The medium bottle holds a pint, and retails for one dollar per bottle. The medium bottle holds at least twenty 25% cent, more in proportion than the small, and retails for two dollars. The large bottle holds a quart, forty per cent more than a medium, and retails for three dollars a bottle. O. J. WOOD & CO., Proprietors, 543 Broadway, New York, and 11 Market street, Boston. Sold by all good druggists everywhere.

J. WRIGHT & CO., Agents,
21 and 151 Chartres street.

Dr. Hoofland's
GERMAN BITTERS,
—AND—
Dr. Hoofland's
BALSAMIC CORDIAL,

The great merit of these two medicines of the preparations have acquired their great popularity only through years of trial. Unbounded satisfaction is evinced by them in all cases, and the people have pronounced their worth.

LIVER COMPLAINT, DYSPEPSIA, JAUNDICE, DEBILITY OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM, DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS, and all disorders arising from a disordered liver weakness of the stomach and digestive organs, are speedily and permanently cured by the GERMAN BITTERS.

The BALSAMIC CORDIAL has acquired a reputation surpassing that of any similar preparation extant. It will cure, without fail, the most severe and long standing COUGH, COLD OR HOARSENESS, BRONCHITIS, INFLUENZA, CROUP, PNEUMONIA, INCIPIENT CONSUMPTION, and has performed the most astonishing cures ever known of

CONFIRMED CONSUMPTION!

A few doses will also at once check and cure the most severe DIARRHŒA proceeding from Cold in the Bowels.

These medicines are prepared by Dr. C. M. JACKSON & Co., No. 418 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa., and are sold by druggists and dealers in medicines everywhere, at 75 cents per bottle. The signature of C. M. Jackson will be on the outside wrapper of each bottle.

In the Almanac published annually by the proprietors, called EVERYBODY'S ALMANAC, you will find testimony and commendatory notices from all parts of the country. These Almanacs are given away by all our agents.

J. WRIGHT & CO., Agents.
21 and 151 Chartres street.

Mothers.

Thousands are daily speaking in the praise of
DR. EATON'S INFANTILE CORDIAL,
and why? because it never fails to afford instantaneous relief when given in time. It acts as if by magic, and can truthfully say to mothers, you may be sure, it contains

NO PAREGORIC OR OPIATE

of any kind, and therefore relieves by removing the sufferings of your child, instead of by deadening its sensibilities. For this reason it commends itself as the only reliable preparation now known for Children Teething, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Griping in the Bowels, Acidity of the Stomach, Wind-Colic in the Head and Cheek, also for Softening the Gums, Reducing Inflammation Regulating the Bowels, and Relieving Pain. It has no equal. Below is an extract from a recommendation of the celebrated Dr. Eaton, of Boston, Mass., Nov. 30, 1857.

Dr. Eaton's Run, Ohio, Nov. 30, 1857.

PROF. O. J. WOOD—Dear Sir: I would certainly be doing you a great injustice not to make known to all the world the wonderful, as well as the unexpected, result I have experienced from using your bottle of your Hair Restorative. After using every kind of nostrum I could, but without success, and finding my locks nearly double as of old, I was finally induced to try a bottle of your Hair Restorative. Now, candor and justice compel me to announce to whoever may read this, that I now possess a head of beautiful locks of dark hair, which I prominently place and adjust, that they may be seen by all. I will, therefore, take occasion to recommend this invaluable remedy to all who may feel the necessity for it. Respectfully yours,

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J. WRIGHT & CO., Agents,
21 and 151 Chartres street.

Blood Food.

Healthy Blood being ANALYZED, always presents us with the same vital elements, and gives, of course, the True Standard. Analyze the Blood of a person suffering from Consumption, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Fever, etc., and we find in every instance certain deficiencies in the red globules of Blood. Supply these deficiencies and you are made well. The Blood Food is founded upon this Theory—hence its astonishing success. There are

FIVE PREPARATIONS

adapted to the deficiencies of the Blood in different diseases. For Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, or any affection whatever of the Throat or Lungs indicating Consumption, use No. 1, which is also the No. for Depression of Spirits, Loss of Appetite, and for all Chronic Complaints arising from Debility, Indigestion, and Nervous Prostration. Use No. 2 for Liver Complaints. No. 3, for Dyspepsia. Being already prepared for absorption it is taken by the pint, and surely diffused into the circulation, so that what you guide you reliable. The No. 4 is for Female Irregularities, Hysteria, Weakness, etc. See special directions for this. For Salt Rheum, Eruptions, Scrofulous, Kidney and Bladder Complaints, take No. 5. In all cases the directions must be strictly followed. Price of the Blood Food $1 per bottle.

Sold by CHURCH & DUPONT, No. 406 Broadway, New York; J. WRIGHT & CO., No. 21 & 151 Chartres street; O. J. WOOD & CO., St. Louis, Mo., and by all respectable Druggists throughout the country.

SANFORD'S
LIVER INVIGORATOR
Never Debilitates.

It is now pounded entirely from Gums, and has become an established fact, a Standard Medicine, known and approved by all that have used it, and is now resorted to with confidence in all the diseases for which it is recommended.

It has saved the lives within the last two years who had given up all hopes of relief, as the numerous unsolicited certificates in my possession show.

The dose must be adapted to the temperament of the individual taking it, and used in such quantities as is set gently on the Bowels.

Let the dictates of your judgment guide you in the use of the Liver Invigorator, and it will cure Liver Complaints, Bilious Attacks, Dyspepsia, Chronic Diarrhœa, Summer Complaints, Dysentery, Dropsy, Sick Stomach, Habitual Costiveness, Colic, Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Flatulence, Jaundice, Female Weaknesses, and may be used successfully as an Ordinary Family Medicine. It will cure Sick Headache, (the thousand and twelfth) in twenty minutes, if two or three teaspoonsful are taken at commencement of attack. All who use it are giving their testimony in its favor.

Mix water in the mouth with the Invigorator, and swallow both together.

Price 25 per bottle.

—Also—

Sandford's Family Cathartic Pills,

Compounded from pure Vegetable Extracts, and put up in Glass Cases, air tight, and will keep in any climate.

The Family Cathartic Pill is a gentle and active Cathartic, which the proprietor has used in his practice more than twenty years. The constantly increasing demand from those who have long used the Pills, and the satisfaction which all express in regard to their use, has induced me to place them within the reach of all. The Professional will find that different Cathartics act on different portions of the bowels.

The Family Cathartic Pill has, with due reference to this well established fact, been compounded from a variety of the purest Vegetable Extracts, which act alike on every part of the alimentary canal, and are good and safe in all cases where a Cathartic is needed, such as Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Dropsy, Loss of Appetite, Pains in the Back and Loins, Costiveness, Pain and Soreness over the whole body, from sudden cold, which frequently results in fever, Jaundice, Fever, Loss of Appetite, a Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, Restlessness, Headache, or Weight in the Head, all Inflammatory Diseases, Worms in Children or Adults, Rheumatism, a good Purifier of the Blood, and many diseases to which flesh is heir to, too numerous to mention in this advertisement. Dose, 1 to 6. Price, 25 cents.

The True Invigorator and Family Cathartic Pills are retailed by Druggists generally, and sold by the trade in all the large towns.

S. W. SANFORD, M. D., Manufacturer and Proprietor, 335 Broadway, N. Y.

J. WRIGHT & CO.,
Wholesale Agents,
And sold by every Druggist.

NEW ORLEANS DAILY CRESCENT.

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY, SUNDAY EXCEPTED, BY J. O. NIXON, AT No. 70 CAMP STREET.

VOLUME XIII. SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 21, 1860. NUMBER 118.

New Orleans Daily Crescent.

SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 21, 1860.

Local Intelligence.

YESTERDAY was about as sultry a day as any of its predecessors. There were several slight sprinkles of rain whilst the sun was shining; a certain proof, according to popular fancy, that Mrs. Satan was getting a benefit from her dusky lord of the horns and hoofs.

ALLEGED FRAUD AND ARSON.—Henry Goldmann, whose drug store on Canal street was burnt down on Thursday morning, was on Thursday evening arrested on a charge of fraud, in issuing to H. W. Conner & Son, in payment of a note, a check on the Crescent City Bank for $296 41, when he had no money in the bank.

Goldmann's friends wanted to bail him out at once, but Recorder Blache refused to take bail, having been informed that Goldmann was suspected of having set fire to his store, and that a charge to that effect would be made as soon as certain information could be obtained by the police. During the evening, the parties applied to the Mayor and obtained the release of Goldmann, giving the required bail. Yesterday morning Sergeant Deconx, of the Second District police, made an affidavit before Recorder Blache, charging Goldmann with arson; he was rearrested, and is now awaiting examination before the Recorder.

MORE INCENDIARISM.—On Thursday evening, between half-past 7 and 8 o'clock, a fire broke out in a shanty in Craps street, between Enghien and Port streets. It was promptly extinguished. There was evidence that it was the work of an incendiary.

Yesterday afternoon, at about 2 o'clock, a house and two kitchens at the corner of Mandeville and Morales streets, the property of Mrs. Louise Jourdan, were destroyed by fire—the work of an incendiary, as reported by Lieut. Mazerat. The property was insured.

Sparks from the above fire ignited the roof of Mr. Cordier's house, on Marigny street, between Urquhart and Girod. The roof was partly destroyed before the fire was put out.

RECORDER EMERSON'S COURT.—Thos. Donovan was charged yesterday morning by James McLaughlin with having, on the 29th ult., stabbed and severely wounded him in the right arm with a pocket knife, with intent to kill him. Recorder Emerson will examine the case on the 2d of August, prox. Bail $1000.

William Vernon, who was charged on the 18th inst., with stabbing and dangerously wounding a man named Jas. Thomas, was discharged after an examination of the case.

The charge of trespass made by J. Q. A. Holt against Bridget Ryan, Sarah Wilson, Margaret Murray, Mary Ann Calhoun and John Nolan, was dismissed at the request of the prosecutor.

The charge of assault and battery made against the slave Sandy Gohaley by Joshua Jones, f. m. c., was also withdrawn.

Mrs. Broter, residing at 41 South Market street, reported that she had her attention attracted on Thursday evening, by the plaintive cry of an infant proceeding from under the stairs of the house. Upon examination, she discovered a child, apparently five or six weeks old, carefully wrapped in a cloth which had been deposited there. Mrs. Broter made her declaration to the police, and kindly took care of the innocent little creature, which may be claimed by its unfortunate mother, if she feels regret for the unnatural abandonment of her offspring.

A mocking-bird is at the Recorder's office, awaiting a claimant. It appears that a suspicious looking individual was met by a policeman, on Thursday night, having in his possession a cage containing the bird. The officer suspected that the valuable songster might have been stolen, and proceeded to arrest the individual. He laid hold of the cage, and the bearer thereof seeing himself thus embarrassed, took to his heels. The officer took the bird to the First District police station, where the melodious notes of its midnight song made quite a contrast with the blasphemous howls of the drunken wretches who filled the cells.

RECORDER BLACHE'S COURT.—John Gibbons yesterday gave bail to answer to the charge of having pitched into F. Luis on the Levee, opposite the Red Stores.

John Williams was sent before the First District Court, for stealing a piece of merino from P. Ganne's store on Chartres street, on the 5th inst.

Gustave Bernard was sent to prison on the charge of having entered R. W. Ogden's drug store in broad daylight and stolen $4 from the money drawer.

Simon Stacy gave bail to answer to the charge of having illegally retained a breast-pin which Martha Chandler had entrusted to him; thereby perpetrating a breach of thrust.

Michael Killely was dismissed from the charge of having thrashed Patrick Golding.

Henry Goldmann, the druggist, whose case is elsewhere mentioned, was sent to prison to bide his time.

RECORDER LONG'S COURT.—The dog that bit the leg of Mrs. Kramer, on Music street, on Thursday, was brought into court and condemned to death. The officers dispatched him in the back-yard. He was extraordinarily hard to kill. After being shot seven times he had to be beaten to death with a club. He was a house dog, and rushed out at a gate and bit Mrs. K. as she was passing along the street.

A touching episode occurred in the court proceedings. A lot of drunken and disorderly women were sentenced to three months in the Work-house. One of these was Mrs. Doyle. Whilst the women were in a cell of the lock-up, awaiting the arrival of the Black Maria, a little bit of a boy appeared in court, and approaching the Recorder, said, "Mr. Recorder, how much will you charge to let my mother out?" The Recorder, surprised, asked him how much he would give. He said he would give two dollars, that being all the money he had, and that it was half of his month's wages; his business being that of selling papers at Ennis' depôt at four dollars a month. "If I let your mother out," said the Recorder, "she'll only get drunk again; can you keep her from drinking?" "I've tried hard to make her quit it," the little one replied, "but she will drink, and I don't know whether I can make her quit or not." The little fellow began to show symptoms of distress, when the Recorder said to him, "Sonny, I'll tell you what I'll do. If you can yet your mother to sign the pledge, I'll let her out. Go and see your mother, and see what she says."

An officer showed the little fellow into the lock-up, where, through the bars, he saw his mother in a cell with the other women. He called her to the bars and said, "Ma, if I get you out of this place, will you sign the pledge not to drink any more?" Mrs. Doyle, who was naturally enough in great distress, answered, "Yes, sonny, I'll do anything to get out of this." The boy went flying back to the Recorder, reported his mother's answer, and offered his hard-earned two dollars.

The Recorder told him to keep his money, and then had Mrs. Doyle brought before him again. She was very penitent, and made all sorts of promises. The Recorder lectured her, and gave her to understand that he pardoned her only for her little boy's sake; and then, to make sure of her taking the pledge, directed officer Borge to accompany her and see that she fulfilled her promise. Attended by the officer and her little boy, she went around to the residence of Rev. Father Moynihan, and, in the reverend gentleman's presence, solemnly took the pledge to be a good and sober woman hereafter.

FIRST DISTRICT COURT.—Judge Hunt yesterday sentenced John Lyden, found guilty of larceny, to three months in the Parish Prison. The prisoner is a youth, but was old enough to steal three diamond breastpins from Silverstein's jewelry shop.

The Grand Jury were in Court, but having no presentment, were discharged until further notice. The Court then adjourned indefinitely.

Particulars of Foreign News.

PER STEAMSHIP VANDERBILT.

Advices by the Vanderbilt are to the 4th inst., from which we extract the following:

Among the passengers by the Vanderbiltare Col. Cipriani, Aid-de-Camp to Prince Napoleon; Hon. J. L. White, late United States Consul at Lyons; Signor Lorini, from the Grand Opera at Paris; John C. Heenan, the "Benicia Boy," and his second, Jack Macdonald.

Col. Cipriani comes here to perfect the necessary arrangements for the reception of His Royal Highness Prince Napoleon, who will shortly visit our shores in his steam yacht Cassard.

The voyage of the Vanderbilt has been most unseasonable—strong westerly winds prevailing nearly the entire distance.

On Thursday, 5th inst., at 3:40 P. M., in lat. 49° 55', lon. 8°, passed steamship Arago, bound east; 11th inst., exchanged signals with Swedish bark Amazon, in lat. 46° 20', lon. 51° 30', heading west; 13th, in lat. 42° 16', lon. 64°, spoke American bark Racehorse, bound east.

The agitation in Naples continued. The Commissariat stores and archives had been burnt, and cannon had been placed inside the palace. On the 29th a state of siege was established in the city. Subsequent to that date there has been no outbreak.

In Sicily, the liberal concessions of the Neapolitan Government, far from checking the enterprises of the Dictator, have, on the contrary, determined him to precipitate the annexation which he had previously been disposed to delay.

British Parliamentary proceedings have been of an important character.

The official tables of the English revenue for the quarter and year, both of which terminated on Saturday, June 30, are published. The increase on the quarter amounts to £326,918. The increase on the year is £5,727,614.

The grand rifle match of the British National Rifle Association, commenced on Monday, July 2, on the ground on Wimbledon Common, under the highest auspices and the most favorable circumstances. Her Majesty the Queen and all the members of the Royal family attended. After the Queen and Prince Albert had taken their places on the dais, the President, on behalf of the Association, presented addresses from that body, to which her Majesty made a suitable reply. The Queen fired the first shot, and struck the bull's eye at a distance of 400 yards. The whole scene was more like the Hill at Epsom, on the Derby Day, than what is usually witnessed on any other public occasion. Among the volunteers, remarkable as not being in uniform, appeared a line of men of about 150. They were Swiss, preceded by the flag of the Swiss Confederation. Competition for the prize being open to all nations, the Swiss are picked men, the best shots of their respective societies.

The Fox, exploring ship, arrived in Southampton docks on Monday, from Copenhagen, to be fitted out for survey service in connection with the projected North Atlantic telegraph to America.

Lord Palmerston has directed that a donation of £10 should be paid, out of the Royal Bounty Fund, to Abraham Cann, who is nearly seventy years of age, and was formerly champion wrestler of England.

The decline of pauperism in England, as compared with last year, continues. The decline in April, as compared with 1859, is above two per cent.; in May, nearly three. The decline is still more considerable in the cotton districts.

The Times has the following: Martin Escalante, a British subject, has returned to Gibraltar after thirteen months imprisonment in Cadix. In May, of last year, he was sentenced by the Judge of Chinchilla to nine years penal servitude for attempting to change the religion of Spain by distributing copies of the New Testament.

Considerable uneasiness has been created in Paris commercial circles by accounts from Mexico announcing the failure of two of the greatest Mexican houses, with which some Paris merchants had extensive dealings. It is said that the losses here will amount to nearly 2,000,000f. Dull as trade is at present, an additional gloom has been cast over it by the report that the Government would be compelled to have recourse to a new loan. The feeling produced by this report was so unfavorable that the Government found it necessary to contradict it in the *Moniteur*. The Emperor intends to place 150,000,000f. at the disposal of the Minister of Agriculture and Public Works, to be expended in improvements.

Accounts from the country in reference to the wheat crop are favorable. Wheat has fallen from 1f. to 1f 50c. the 120 kilogrammes, and flour 2 to 4f.

The post-mortem examination of the body of Prince Jerome led to the discovery of a bullet which had remained in his chest, after a duel which he fought in his youth with a brother of Marshal Davoust.

The funeral of Prince Jerome was magnificent. The Ambassadors attended the ceremony, and an immense crowd was present. All the theaters were closed in the evening, on account of the death of Prince Jerome. A circular had been addressed to the Ministers by the Duke of Cambaceres, Grand Master of the Ceremonies, requesting the functionaries of their respective departments to wear mourning for the length of time and with the changes prescribed for Court mourning.

In Galignani's issue of the 3d of July, we find the following paragraph:

"Preparations are very nearly completed to celebrate, with unusual spirit to-morrow, the Fourth of July, the Eighty-fourth Anniversary of American Independence. A charming *fête champêtre* is to be given on the occasion at one of the the most beautiful spots in the neighborhood of Paris, being a highly ornamented piece of ground of upwards of ten acres, at one time called the Palais des Fleurs, and now the Parc de Villiers, near Neuilly."

The London News says: "A report is current in Paris that the Emperor will confer on Prince Napoleon all the political prerogatives enjoyed by Prince Jerome, particularly the post of President of the Privy Council, and of the Council of Ministers, in the absence of the Emperor. It is stated that the Legislative body, before its separation, will have a bill presented to it for giving the Prince Napoleon the dotation of Prince Jerome, and the former is also to occupy in the Palais Royal the apartments of his late father." The Post says he will replace his father as Marshal of France.

The Times Paris correspondent says: "The Minister of Marine has ordered two frigates to proceed to Boyrout. It was feared that the disturbances in the Lebanon might produce serious complications. The French frigate Zenobie has already arrived there."

A telegram from Vienna states that:

"Since the meeting of German Sovereigns at Baden, the Prussian Ambassador has had several conferences with Count Rechberg, with the object of bringing about a perfect understanding between Austria and Prussia. The fact that Austria no longer insists upon a guarantee of the integrity of her dominions will greatly facilitate such an understanding."

The Gazette of Augsburg says: "We are able to announce, upon good authority, that the Prince Regent of Prussia intends to return the Emperor's visit to the Camp of Chalons immediately after Napoleon has taken up his residence there."

THE NEW ORLEANS CRESCENT.—The New Orleans Crescent, which has the merit of being the largest and handsomest, and, as tens of thousands of readers think, the best city paper in the South, is letting out another link of its characteristic enterprise this summer by sending a special correspondent all through the State to write descriptive letters from every parish. By this means the public at large are acquiring a vast amount of condensed but accurate and reliable information as to the character and condition of the country and its people, and the various aspects and features of the different portions of the State. These letters are of much interest and value, and will add still further to the appreciation of the great metropolitan journal in which they appear. Mr. Dorr, the "Tourist," who has in charge this weighty task of doing up "Louisiana in Slices," has been round in DeSoto this week, and we look with interest to what he may have to say in the Crescent about Mansfield and the parish generally.

[DeSoto (La.) Eagle.

ALABAMA.—"How will Alabama go?" is a question we are asked by correspondents almost every day. Why, there is no more doubt about Alabama going for Douglas and Johnson than there is of the election taking place. In 1856 there were 75,281 votes cast for President—46,739 for Buchanan and 28,552 for Fillmore. As the indications are now, Douglas will receive 36,000, Bell 22,000 and Breckinridge about 17,000. The Breckinridge crowd cannot seduce more than about 10,000 Democrats from their party allegiance, and the bargain and sale of Sam Rice, Hooper, Judge and Chilton at Montgomery, will not affect more than 7000 Whigs and Know-Nothings. So it is clear, if our electors will open the canvass and boldly defend the cause of Democracy, there is no difficulty about the complete triumph of Douglas and Johnson. [Montgomery Mail.

TELEGRAPHED TO THE NEW ORLEANS CRESCENT.

FURTHER NEWS FROM EUROPE.

ADDITIONAL BY THE AFRICA AND CONNAUGHT.

THE REVOLUTIONARY MOVEMENTS IN ITALY.

AGITATION IN AUSTRIA.

NEW MINISTRY IN PORTUGAL.

PARLIAMENTARY PROCEEDINGS.

Important News from India, China, Australia, etc.

DOMESTIC AND COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

[BY THE NATIONAL AND AMERICAN LINES.]

SANDY HOOK, July 20.—The Royal mail steamship Africa, Capt. N. Shannon, of the British and North American line, from Liverpool via Queenstown, crossed the narrows this morning on her way to New York.

She left Liverpool Saturday, July 7, and touched at Queenstown the 8th, bringing the regular cotton circulars for the week ending Friday, 6th inst.

The can containing the news for the press was thrown overboard, and the following summary dispatched from this point.

Commercial Intelligence.

LIVERPOOL, July 7.—The sales for the week ending Friday, July 6, in the Liverpool Cotton market, amounted to 70,000 bales.

The market closed generally dull. All qualities of Cotton had experienced a further decline of ¼d. since the departure of the steamship Arabia. The prices were irregular throughout the week, and holders were pressing their stock on the market.

On Friday the sales of Cotton were 10,000 bales, of which speculators and exporters took 3000, leaving 7000 to the trade.

The market closed more active at an increased demand, which was freely met.

The following are the authorized quotations of the Brokers' Circular: Fair Orleans, 7¾d.; Fair Mobile, 7d.; Fair Uplands, 6¾d.; Middling Orleans, 5¾d.; Middling Mobile, 5½d.; Middling Uplands, 5¾d.

The amount of Cotton now in the port of Liverpool sums up 1,298,500 bales, of which 1,103,000 have been received from American ports.

MANCHESTER, July 7.—The advices received from Manchester and other manufacturing districts continue to be of an unfavorable character.

The market for manufactured goods and yarns closed dull and prices had a tendency to decline.

LIVERPOOL, July 7.—The Liverpool Produce market closed generally dull. Messrs. Richardson, Spence & Co. report Sugar closed buoyant. All qualities had experienced a slight advance since the departure of the last steamer.

Coffee closed generally quiet at previous quotations.

LONDON, July 7.—There was a moderate amount of business done in money last week, and the market is slightly easier.

The bullion in the Bank of England has increased £73,000 during the week.

Political Intelligence.

The latest telegrams received from Naples state that Gen. Garibaldi's movements against the city of Messina are still unknown.

Reports are afloat that fighting is going on near Messina, but these are unconfirmed.

At Naples the new constitution was proclaimed, but had been indifferently received by the people.

King Francis I. of Naples, had ordered 20,000 royal forces to proceed immediately to Messina for the purpose of protecting the city.

The Sicilian Ambassador to France had reached Turin, whence he goes to Paris.

FURTHER BY THE STEAMERS CONNAUGHT AND AFRICA.

NEW YORK, July 20.—The steamship Connaught, whose arrival from Galway at St. Johns, N. F., last night was reported, and the Africa from Liverpool, which arrived to-day, brings additional news of importance and interest.

The steamship Vigo, of the New York, Philadelphia and Liverpool Line from New York, arrived out at Liverpool.

The United States Mail steamship Arago, from New York for Southampton and Havre, arrived at Cowes, all well.

Commercial Intelligence.

HAVRE, July 7.—The sales for the week ending July 6th, in the Havre Cotton market, amounted to 7000 bales.

The market closed quiet at 95f. for Tres Ordinaire, and 86f. for Bas.

The quantity of Cotton now in the port of Liverpool, adds up 248,000 bales.

The sales of Cotton Saturday and Monday amounted to 21,000 bales.

The market closed quiet at Friday's quotations.

LIVERPOOL, July 7.—The week's business in Breadstuffs was generally a good one.

Messrs. Richardson, Spence & Co., Wakefield, Nash & Co., and others, report Flour closed quiet at 27s. to 29s.

Indian Corn closed steady. They quote fixed at 30s, to 30s. 6d.

LIVERPOOL, July 7.—The regular weekly commercial circulars by the Africa report the Provision market dull.

Some authorities quote Lard at 57s. 6d. to 62s.

LIVERPOOL, July 7. Messrs. Richardson, Spence & Co., Bingland, Athya & Co., and others, in their weekly circulars by the Africa, say that Sugar closed firm at previous quotations. They report Coffee firm at last week's quotations.

LONDON, July 7.—Messrs. Baring Bros. & Co. report Sugar closed firm at an advance of 6d. to 1s. The coffee market closed firm at the quotations of last week.

PARIS, July 7.—The Prais Bourse has somewhat increased in firmness. The Three per cent Rentes closed at 68f. 95c.

Political Intelligence

Four thousand well equipped volunteers are ready to leave Genoa for the Island of Sicily.

The siege of the city of Naples is raised.

The Constitution of 1848 was proclaimed, and the press of 1848-'49 were reestablished. The Chambers are convoked for the first of September and the National Guard has been provisionally reinstituted.

The city of Naples at the last dates was in a state of tranquility.

Advices from Rome say it is rumored that the Roman troops, under the command of Gen. Lamoricere, have moved towards the Neapolitan frontier.

The Papal Government has released a certain number of political prisoners in Romagna.

It is said that the most violent pressure is being exercised by the Emperor Napoleon on the Courts of Naples and Turin, for the enforcement of a confederation repugnant to each.

The Turin *Opinione* says such an alliance is unadvisable.

Piedmont has laid conditions on acceptance, amounting to a refusal.

The new Sicilian loan of forty-five millions of francs is about to be concluded.

All the European powers have finally agreed to the Emperor's proposal of meeting in congress for the purpose of settling certain questions. The conference will certainly meet at Paris during the month of October.

The Paris *Moniteur* of Wednesday announces that the Legislative Chamber will adjourn by the 21st of July.

The Minister of Foreign Affairs has notified Turkey and the other powers that France is determined to put an end to the massacre of Christians in Syria.

Advices from Vienna say that the agitation relative to a new constitution continued unabated.

The leading members of the Empire have agreed to urge the Emperor to grant a new constitution.

The report that Austria intended to contract a new loan is denied.

A telegram from Lisbon announces that a new Ministry has been formed with the Marquis DeSonlé as President.

In the House of Lords, the gallant conduct of General Garibaldi in Sicily was eulogized. In the House of Commons, Lord John Russell made a speech in which he said that England remonstrated with Naples against the repetition of the atrocities committed by the Royal forces at Palermo, Messina and Naples. He believed the remonstrance would be successful.

Lord John Russell, in answer to a question, announced General Harney's recall from the Island of San Juan, and expressed his satisfaction with the Government of the United States.

The new Russian loan has already reached three million pounds sterling.

Messrs. H. & A. Convangh, Liverpool cotton merchants, have suspended. Their liabilities are said to be small.

Advices received by the Overland mail announce the departure of Lord Elgin and Baron Gros, the two commissioners from Gallo for China.

Ninety boxes of specie have been recovered from the wreck of the Malabar.

At Bombay the markets are stagnant.

At Sydney, Australia, the commercial crisis has abated.

There are signs of an insurrection in New Zealand.

ANOTHER ARRIVAL FROM EUROPE.

THE TEUTONIA AT NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, July 20.—The Hamburg American Packet Company's Mail steamship Teutonia, from Hamburg, Havre and Southampton, reached her dock this evening.

Her news had been fully anticipated by the Connaught at St. Johns, N. F., and the Africa at this port.

DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE.

Navy Movements.

WASHINGTON, July 20.—The Navy Department has issued orders to prepare the U. S. steam frigate Susquehannah for a cruise in the Mediterranean sea.

She will leave about the the 30th of August.

The U. S. frigate Constitution, will leave Portsmouth on the 3d of September for Annapolis.

Appointment.

WASHINGTON, July 20.—Lieut. Howry, of Arizona, has been appointed Commissioner to run the eastern boundary line of the State of California.

River Intelligence.

ST. LOUIS, July 20.—The Mississippi river at this point is at a stand.

The Mississippi river and other streams above this point are falling slowly.

Throughout the States of Ohio and Illinois there have been, of late, very heavy rains, which may no doubt cause various streams to rise.

The heat is intense, and the thermometer to-day stood at 100 degrees above zero.

LOUISVILLE, July 20.—The Ohio river at this point is still falling, with 3 feet 9 inches of water in the canal, by the mark.

Death of a Chief of Justice.

HALIFAX, July 20.—Mr. Brenton Haliburton, Chief Justice of Nova Scotia, died on the 16th instant.

Burning of the Steamship Pennsylvania.

NORFOLK, VA., July 20.—The steamship Pennsylvania, of Philadelphia, belonging to the Philadelphia and Richmond line, was destroyed by fire near Jamestown.

Three of Mrs. Dietz's children perished by drowning. The other passengers on board were all saved.

How the fire originated is as yet unknown, but it is supposed by spontaneous combustion.

Domestic Markets.

NEW YORK, July 20.—The cotton market closed steady; the sales to-day were 1000 bales at 10½ to 10¾ for Middling Uplands. Flour closed dull; the sales amounted to 9500 bbls. Superfine State is quoted at $5 00 to $5 15 per bbl. Wheat closed dull at a decline of 1 to 2c. Corn is steady; there were 60,000 bushels sold to-day at prices ranging from 61½ to 63c. The market for Pork closed quiet; the sales, amounted to 2500 bbls. at $19 40 to $19 50 for Mess. Lard closed firm; the sales add up 350 bbls. at prices ranging from 13 to 13½c. per lb.

CINCINNATI, July 20.—The Flour market closed dull; prices range from $4 25 to $5 25. There were 700 bbls. of Whisky sold at 17c. per gallon. Pork closed quiet at $18 50 to $19 for Mess. Oats are selling at 32½ to 33c. Coffee is firm; the sales amounted to 1,500 sacks at 14½ to 15½c. The Sugar market closed firm; there were 200 hhds. sold at 8½ to 9c. Molasses is selling at 14c. per gallon.

Mississippi Intelligence.

The Jackson Mississippian of the 17th says:

The letter bag containing the Northern mail from all points North except New York city, was received at the Jackson Post-office yesterday in a mutilated condition, having been entered by cutting the staple which holds the lock with some sharp instrument. Our postmaster does not know whether there is anything missing or not, as the package for this city was not mislested.

The Kosciusko Chronicle of the 13th says:

On Friday last this county was visited by one of the severest tornadoes ever known in this section; trees were uprooted, houses, fences and growing corn blown down. On Senatobia, in the lower part of the county, a negro man belonging to Gov. McWillie was killed on the railroad contract of Mr. Elwell by a falling limb; a negro man and a horse, the property of John Jones, were blown into the creek and drowned; and a yoke of oxen killed, and a negro man at Joseph K. Shrock seriously injured in the same neighborhood. The storm extended its ravages and destruction as far as we can hear from.

The Raymond Gazette of the 18th, says:

The almost continual drouth which has prevailed from the planting season up to the present time, played sad havoc with the corn crop throughout the State. In many parts of this county, the crop is almost a failure; while in the adjacent counties it may be said to be entirely so. From the northern, southern and eastern counties, the reports are even more distressing. We very much fear from the accounts at hand, that sufficient corn will not be made in the State the present season to furnish our people with their usual allowance of bread.

AFRICANS AROUND.—Various reports are in circulation about the 103 Africans who were brought into Mobile, a few days ago, by the Clotilde. Three-fourths of the rumors are false. The negroes were imported, we learn, for planters who received them about twelve miles above Mobile (the schooner being towed much higher for the sake of appearances) where such planters, were ready to convey them to the "cane district." The twenty-four advertised to be sold at New Orleans (for division) were afterwards sent up Red river, instead.

The crew of the schooner passed up the West Point road some days ago, at Atlanta taking different routes for New England.

The Clotilde, her outfit and expense, all told, footed up only $18,000. The cargo was worth just $103,000.

These are rumors. [Montgomery Mail.

DEATH BY LIGHTNING.—*Danbury*, Conn., July 17.—An unusually severe thunder storm passed over this place last evening. The lightning struck a dwelling on Spring street, instantly killing Patrick Lynch and slightly damaging the building. Lynch leaves a wife and four children. The lightning also struck in several places outside of Danbury.

How the Champion was Received.

When Mr. Heenan arrived at Staten Island he proceeded at once to the Nautilus Hotel, kept by Mr. Burns, an old friend. He was accompanied by his trainer, Mr. Macdonald. The Boy appeared to be in the best of health, and fine spirits, and greeted his friends in a pleasant manner. After a little conversation, he retired to bed, but arose at an early hour in order to take a morning walk. He found that his friends had things all in readiness for a pleasant time, for there was an open barouche drawn by six horses, in waiting for him. He very modestly requested that four of the horses might be detached, as he had not grown so heavy that two could not draw him. In consequence a party started off