TREDEGAR LOCOMOTIVE
AND MACHINE WORKS
Richmond, Virginia.
JOSEPH R. ANDERSON & CO.
—MANUFACTURERS OF—
Locomotive, Portable, Strictly Portable,
—And—
STATIONARY STEAM ENGINES,
CIRCULAR AND SASH SAW MILLS,
Sugar Mills, Gin Shafting,
And every article of Machinery required by the Southern Planter.
—Also—
Car Wheels and Axles, Bar Iron, Bridge Bolts, Spikes, Chairs, and other Railroad Fastenings, Iron Trucks, etc., etc., Iron and Brass Castings.
EDMUND M. IVENS,
General Agent.
my 2 2aim—1yAW No. 132 Gravier street, New Orleans.

TAW & BEERS,
Inventors and Sole Manufacturers
—OF—
TAW'S RAILROAD CAR GREASE,
—Dealers in—
Oils, Waste, Candles, etc.,
No. 22 South Water street,
my31 3m PHILADELPHIA.

BILLIARD TABLES—BILLIARD TABLES
35 ..... ST. LOUIS STREET 35
Under the St. Louis Hotel.
The undersigned begs leave to inform the public that he has opened a BILLIARD SALESROOM at the above place, where he intends to keep constantly on hand BILLIARD TABLES, from the celebrated manufactory of J. W. BRUNSWICK & BRO., (the best), of all descriptions and prices, such as
ROSEWOOD,
BIRD'S EYE MAPLE, MAHOGANY,
BIRCH AND OAK,
With Marble, Slate or Wood Bed. Also, Baguelle Tables and Balls, Pool Boards, Cushions, Cloths, Cues, Pockets, Cue Leathers, Tee Pin Balls and everything appertaining to Billiards or nine games.
N. B.—Specimens of the above Tables can be seen at the St. Charles, Merchants Hall and St. Louis Billiard Rooms.
☞ Repairing done at short notice and on reasonable terms.
m29 1y A. W. MERRIAM.

A. A. MACINNIS' COTTON SEED OIL
AND
OIL CAKE MANUFACTORY,
Nos. 115 and 117 Magazine street,
NEW ORLEANS,
Keeps constantly on hand Crude and Superior Clarified OIL. OIL CAKE OIL CAKE MEAL, and deodorized Stock.
Orders for the above filled with prompt despatch.
CASH paid for COTTON SEED on delivery. m16 1y

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE!
SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE!
SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE!
Save the Pieces!
ECONOMY! DISPATCH!
☞ A Stick in Time Saves Nine. ☜
As accidents will happen, even to well-regulated families, it is very desirable to have some cheap and convenient way for repairing Furniture, Toys, Crockery, etc.
Spalding's Prepared Glue
Meets all such emergencies, and no household can afford to be without it. It is always ready and up to the sticking point. It is strong enough for Furniture chairs, splintered oars, broken dolls, and broken cradles. It is just the article for coach, sign, and other ornamental work, so popular with ladies of refinement and taste.
This adhesive preparation is used cold, being chemically held in solution, and possessing all the valuable qualities of the best calfskin glue. It may be used in the place of ordinary mucilage, being vastly more adhesive.
"USEFUL IN EVERY HOUSE."
N. B.—A Brush accompanies each bottle. Price, 25 cents.
Wholesale Depot, No. 48 Cedar street, New York.
Address HENRY C. SPALDING & CO., Box No. 3,600, New York.
Put up in Pasteboard Cases containing four, eight, and twelve dozen—a beautiful Lithograph Show Card accompanying each package.
☞ A single bottle of SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE will save ten times its cost annually to every household.☜
Sold by all prominent Stationers, Druggists, Hardware and Furniture Dealers, Grocers, and Fancy Stores.
Country merchants should make a note of SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE, when making up their list. It will stand any climate. july 1 1yAW.

SUGAR HOGSHEADS—SUGAR HOGSHEADS.—
STAVE AND SHINGLE MACHINES,
—Suitable for Making—
SUGAR HOGSHEADS, RICE, MOLASSES, ROSIN AND TURPENTINE STAVES, AND SHINGLES.
The principle embraced in this Machine is the old process of splitting and dressing by hand labor. Working directly with the grain of the timber, it produces an article as durable as sawn or check from exposure. The Stave Mill will rive staves and joint, from the bolt, from 7000 to 10,000 Staves per day, and the Shingle Machine from 13,000 to 15,000 Shingles. It requires two horse power to work it, and can be attached to any team engine, or to any mill power. It can make any required length, and can be adjusted to any thickness or taper. The timber is neither crushed nor sawed, but riven and shaved directly from the bolt.
Both Machines can be seen in full operation, between the hours of 10 and 2 o'clock, every day, at No. 1 Canal street. These Machines are made in Augusta, Ga.
Any party wishing to purchase Parish, State, County and single rights, or Machines, can obtain full particulars from the Agent, who will give full particulars. P. W. C. COOK.
Sole Agent for the States of Louisiana, Arkansas, Mississippi, Texas and Alabama. ja31 6m

JAMES & LE BRETON,
CIVIL ENGINEERS, SURVEYORS,
—AND—
Architects,
Successors to J. K. DUNCAN & CO.—Office, No. 37 Commercial Place. ja26 6m

MOST EXTENSIVE SOUTHERN
PIANO FORTE MANUFACTORY.
WM. KNABE & CO., Nos. 1, 3, 5 and 7 Eutaw street, Baltimore, respectfully inform the citizens of this and the adjoining states, that they have enlarged their factory, and are expected to supply the great demand for their Pianos. They are unquestionably the most durable, combining all the latest improvements, and are fully guaranteed for five years. For sweetness and great power of tone and elaborate finish, they are unequaled.
The following testimonials and other great pianists have used them in their concerts and have given certificates for their superiority. They have, for the last ten years, taken the first premiums over all competitors in all the different States where they have been exhibited. Last year they received five first premiums; two at Montgomery, Ala.; one for the best Southern made piano, and one for the best against all competition.
A full supply of the above instruments may be found at our agency in New Orleans, at
NEILL & WASHBURN'S,
Corner of Camp and Common streets,
jel8 1yAW Story Building, (up stairs.)

DR. BEARD'S EYE INFIRMARY
No. 85 LAFAYETTE (late Hevia) STREET,
Between Barone and Carondelet, New Orleans.
This Institution is open for the reception of persons afflicted with DISEASES OF THE EYE.
The Building is new—the Rooms large and airy. Every attention will be paid to the comfort of patients.
☞ Wards devoted to the treatment of Slaves with EYE AFFECTIONS.
☞ A competent Physician resides in the house.
TERMS:
White, from ..... $3 00 to $5 00 per day.
Negroes, " ..... $1 " "
☞ Operations charged extra.
☞ Artificial Eyes, of the manufactory of Rodenstock, of Paris, may be obtain at the Infirmary. se29 1yAW

NOTICE TO CARPENTERS AND BUILDERS
PATENT SAWED WEATHERBOARDING.
Both Rough and Dressed, from the very best YELLOW PINE and CYPRESS timber, for sale in lots to suit purchasers at the LOWEST MARKET PRICE.
STAR PLANING MILLS, New Basin.
se19 1y

CITIZENS INSURANCE COMPANY—
Office No. 3 Carondelet street.
Capital, $371,720 38.
OMER GAILLARD, President.....A. SCHRIEBER, Secretary
TRUSTEES:
Geo. W. West, E. P. Hurt,
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Douglas West, Martin Gordon, Jr.,
D. Jamison, Numa Augustin,
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Omer Gaillard.
The Company insure against the perils of the seas and rivers and loss and damage by fire at the current rate of premium.
d26 1y

ORLEANS FEMALE ACADEMY—
VERANDA BUILDING,
212 Old No., Camp street, between Poydras and Calliope sts.
Seventeenth Annual Session.
The Seventeenth Annual Session of this Institution begins on the First Monday of September, 1859.
The plan of instruction comprises a general and extensive system of education. It offers special advantages for the acquisition of languages. The French is only spoken in the school, and the Modern Classics are thoroughly analyzed.
The location is central, and the apartments are spacious and well ventilated. The school is provided with a choice library the best musical instruments and complete philosophical apparatus.
References are unanswerable. Among them the Alumnæ of this institution, who numbered among the gems of society.
Students admitted at any time during the session.
For further particulars, apply in person or by letter, at the Institution.
M. D. HUNTLEY, A. M.,
President of the Board.
New Orleans, August, 1859. au5 1yWtf

NEW ORLEANS DAILY CRESCENT.

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New Orleans Daily Crescent.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 15, 1860.

Disaster at Sea.

The tow-boat J. M. Wham, Capt. Whitney, arrived this morning with the ship Valencia, bark Lizzie Boggs and brig M. A. Stevens. From Capt. Dizei we learn that he left Bordeaux on the 6th of June last, with a large and selected cargo of brandies, etc., and nine steerage passengers; that on the 10th inst., while in lat. 28° 30', long. 88° 06', encountered a heavy gale from the southeast which compelled him to heave to. On the 11th, at 2 o'clock, P. M., furled the lee sail of main-topsail, the wind blowing a hurricane; the bark lying under bare poles, the wind being so high that it was impossible for any sail to stand. At 3 o'clock, P. M., struck soundings in about forty fathoms; at 5 P. M., struck in fifteen fathoms, the wind still increasing so much that they found it necessary to cut away all the masts of the bark in order to prevent her going ashore, which was done at 5 40m., P. M. The bark rolling and thumping on the spurs which fell over her sides, caused her to leak badly. At 6 30m. P. M., let go both anchors, and gave her all the chain on both, and brought up the vessel. The waterway was split apart by the falling of the foremast. On Monday morning, the gale having subsided, got under way, the wind being from N. N. E., set studding sail on the stump of the foremast. At 10 A. M., the tow-boat Victorine took the bark in tow, about three miles from Pass a l'Outre. The Lizzie Boggs is consigned to C. Cavaroc & Co., and now lies at Post 29, in the Second District.

Capt. Austin, of the ship Valencia, from Boston, reports having boarded on the 25th inst., 25 miles west of Pass a l'Outre light, sch. Mary, of Pensacola, from this port, bound to Galveston with a cargo of corn, the captain and crew having deserted, leaving her in charge of the first mate and one seaman. The schooner was completely dismasted, and entirely at the mercy of the waves. Capt. Austin tried to persuade the men to come aboard of his vessel, but they would not leave the schooner.

Capt. Austin reports having signalized, on 9th inst., ship Henry Clark, Capt. Kopperhaldt, hence 80 miles northwest of the Tortugas.

THE STORM AT THE SOUTH-WEST PASS. We are indebted to the clerk of the steamer Texas Ranger, which arrived here yesterday evening, for the following particulars of the gale of Saturday at the South-west Pass:

At the mouth of the bayou, at South-west Pass, north end, lay the schooner J. H. Toone, which went to sea on Friday from Pass a l'Outre; twenty miles above the head of the Passes lay the tow J. L. Day, high and dry; also, a schooner. At the salt works, all the new buildings recently erected are swept off, and eleven negroes, old and young, with them. Alexander Grant's sugar house is blown down. The roof of Mr. Antonio Bau's new house is blown off. Richard Wright's place is entirely gone. Dr. J. B. Wilkinson lost a valuable negro; Henry Wilson also suffered severely. At the Quarantine Station the wooden warehouse was blown down. Capt. Davis' steam pile driver was sunk. Mr. Andrew Carr lost three children at Grand Prairie. Sixteen lives were lost in attempting to cross the river: among them are J. Barroh and family, Antoine Moustache and family. At the Passes, all the damage sustained was the breaking down of all their fences, and a thorough washing off of all their low floors. The Pilot Association lost their pilot boat Belle. The Coast, all the way from Point-a-la-Hache, has suffered severely, particularly about Grand Prairie and Buras settlement.

THE STORM AT THE BALIZE.—The storm commenced on Thursday and blew a gale all day Thursday and Friday from North-east to East, and on Saturday, about 2 o'clock A. M., it increased to a hurricane, blowing from East by North, and South-east until about 2 P. M., when it hauled to S. S. W. and moderated. During the blow the water rose about four feet above ordinary tides, flooding the whole place and doing considerable damage to the houses. The two look-outs at Osgood's and the one at the revenue station were blown down. The schooner Carlin of Biloxi, which was discharging lumber at Osgood's Wharf, parted her lines and was blown across Osgood's Bayou, where she now lies full of water; she will probably be a total loss. The pilot boat Belle, belonging to the Pilot's Association, and lying at their wharf, filled and sunk about noon, and about 4 P. M. she parted her lines and drifted down abreast of the light-house, where she now lies in about 14 feet water. She will be a total loss. The pilot boat Fancy, belonging to the same parties, and lying at anchor opposite the Pilot Station, parted her chains and was blown ashore just above the Revenue Station; she will probably be got off without much damage. The opposition pilot boat Cornelia, lying at their wharf, escaped with but slight damage. The towboat Victoria had her cabin all started, but it was saved by being lashed down. The schooner Stephen Hotchkiss, Capt. Doane, from Mobile 30th inst., for New York with a cargo of 311 bales cotton and a deck load of rosin, was dismasted and blown ashore about noon on Saturday, near Pass-a-l'Outre; the vessel and cargo will probably be saved. The schooner E. P. Jarvis, which came down on Thursday, remained at anchor in the river. She received no damage and went to sea on Sunday. The Bark Jala Wylie went to sea on Thursday, with a head wind, and no doubt felt the gale.

COMMUNICATED.

PLAQUEMINES, Aug. 11, 1860.

Ed. Crescent: Iberville is doing her duty nobly in support of the candidates of the Union Constitutional Convention—Bell and Everett. To-day, the first barbecue in the State was given by the friends of those men and that party. In spite of the inclemency of the weather, hundreds were present who bore with them a warm heart and a strong hand to do battle for that holy cause—the maintenance and perpetuation of our beloved country. The meeting was organized by appointing Dr. Charles Clement, President, and Messrs. Henry Hyde, Frame Woods, John A. Dardenne, Dr. P. R. Stone, and John Randolph, Vice Presidents.

The President then introduced the Hon. James C. Pouque, our elector, who delivered a very able and most eloquent address. Other speakers were expected, but they failed being here by taking passage from New Orleans on the steamer Hiawatha, which did not arrive in time. In the evening a Bell and Everett ball was given by the young men. It was largely attended, and every body amused themselves exceedingly, as it plainly shows from their keeping it up till broad day light in the morning.

Before concluding this letter, Mr. Editor, I cannot help speaking of the Breckinridge supporters, how they concoct plans to have their eloquent speakers heard, etc. They know that the friends of Bell and Everett were to have a barbecue, and undoubtedly, a large crowd would be gathered in our town. What do they do but invite their speakers to come on the same day. They come, and a meeting is called; but who goes to listen to their disunion sentiments? Imagine—cast your eye to the ball room, and then to the Breckinridge meeting, it will then be clearly shown to you. They invited the ladies most particularly to be present, but *nary* lady was there present to sympathize with them.

I am confident that our country is safe from that impending danger, the dissolution of the Union. The American people will not listen to such a thing. Our numbers are increasing daily, and in November next, we can say the Union is safe.

UNION.

Local Intelligence.

YESTERDAY was another bright and most lovely blue-eyed day. The blazing pupil and broad blue iris of heaven's bright eye gazed all day seemingly in search of the faults of the Metropolis of the South, but actually shedding and bringing out beauty everywhere, and enabling all living things to rejoice.

DUEL IDEAS.—The young gentlemen who recently had the pistoleric rencounter at the corner of Chartres and Customhouse streets, (Messrs. Clark and Irwin) have had a formal settlement at Pascagoula. Weapons, navy revolvers; distance, twenty-five paces; conditions, to stand back to back, wheel at the word, and advance and fire *ad libitum*. Irwin's first shot took effect in Clark's hip, inflicting a painful but not fatal wound, and the fight was stopped.

There were rumors yesterday that a cotton broker of Carondelet street and an Alabamian had it out with pistols near Carrollton, and that the cotton man was dangerously wounded. We heard no names, and did not hear anything to satisfy us that the duel actually took place.

BELL AND EVERETT MEETING IN THE THIRD DISTRICT.—A meeting of the patriotic Old Thirders was held last evening at Valencia's Third District Exchange, corner of Greatmen and Elysian Fields streets. Mr. C. W. Culbertson was called to the Chair, and Mr. L. Power called to act as Secretary. The meeting showed itself to be enthusiastic for the Union, for the Constitution, the laws, and for Bell and Everett, and other wholesome things thereto appertaining. A committee was appointed to select and nominate officers for the club, and the meeting adjourned to meet to-night on Washington Square in particular, and to meet at their quarters in general, every Tuesday evening until the election.

ENTHUSIASM.—A crowd of enthusiasts passed our office last night, singing out, shouting, yelling, screaming, shrieking, and fizzing up and fizzling down, and exploding generally, in a vocal way, for Breckinridge and Lane. They had no music, no banners, no lights, no "fier wurx." They numbered thirty-nine, and they traveled and travailed merely on the muscle of their wind-pipes, and disappeared with all their noise in the darkness, just as frogs do, "ba-urp! ca-chug!" when they discover the duck-hunters approaching. A Breckinridge and Lane meeting is advertised to be attempted to-morrow night. It is to be hoped that the frogs who croaked and plunged along last night will be able to scare up crabs, shrimps and sardines enough to form a respectable gathering to-morrow night. His Satanic Majesty should have one of his imps with a cool hot present.

DEATH OF MR. DESSEINT.—Our readers will remember our statement about two weeks ago, that Mr. Francis Desseint, a merchant of this city, was stabbed by some unknown man whom he struck for insulting his wife, in front of their residence on Royal street, between St. Peter and Toulouse. Yesterday forenoon Mr. Desseint died. The Coroner set about holding his inquest, and Dr. Delery held the post-mortem examination. The wound was on the left side, between some of the lower ribs, grazing the stomach, but not penetrating it. The wound was not necessarily mortal, but it caused tetanus, and that was the cause of death. The Coroner will proceed with his investigation to-day. The unknown man who did the stabbing has not been heard of since.

DARING AND DETERMINED INCENDIARISM.—*Stores and Boarding-house Destroyed, and a Woman Burnt to Death.*—The alarm of fire shortly after midnight, night before last, was caused by a fire in the stable S. B. Smith & Co.'s ice-house, which runs through from New Levee street to Commerce, immediately in the rear of the row of five three-story brick buildings which fronts on Poydras street, upper side, between the other streets named.

The stable of the ice house is at the rear end, on Commerce street. The walls of the building at that end are old and cracked; the wood work inside is old, dry, and the two floors above broken through in different places. The fire was started in a lot of hay, with combustible wood on every side and above it. It would be hard to find a better spot for the operations of an incendiary. But, fortunately, the timely arrival of the firemen enabled them to quench the blaze before it had time to get through the broken floor above, or more than scorch the doors. It was a clear case of incendiarism.

At about 6 o'clock yesterday morning, a fire broke out beneath the lower stairway of the Arcade boarding-house, kept by Mrs. Wilson. This boarding-house occupied the second and third stories of the row on Poydras street, between New Levee and Commerce, from corner to corner, with the exception of a few rooms in the second story at the Commerce street corner. The basement of this row was occupied as follows: The Oriental coffee-house, at the corner of New Levee; the entrance hall of Mrs. Wilson's boarding-house; the depot of the Mechanical Steam Bakery; George Ille's shoe store; and Mr. Braun's or Bruh's clothing store.

The fire, from its starting point beneath the lower stairway quickly ascended to the upper stories, and in a short time the whole row was in a blaze of roaring flame. The firemen were on the spot in good time, but their best endeavors failed to save the upper stories, occupied as the boarding-house. Not a thing was saved from the boarding-house. The boarders lost everything except the clothes they wore. Among these, we regret to know, was our friend Mr. James Risk, late President of the Typographical Union, and Foreman of the Courier printing office, who lost his entire wardrobe, papers, and everything except the clothes he had on.

The third-story sleepers (for at six o'clock in the morning most people are still asleep) just had time to escape with their lives. Mrs. Wilson narrowly escaped with her life. A servant woman, with her baby, got out at a third story window, and descended to the second story gallery at the risk of her neck, but it was her only chance of escape. This woman, for all she had a baby to take care of, might have escaped easily and in good time but for her heroic endeavor to save the life of an old lady who slept in the third story—a seamstress in the employ of Mrs. Wilson.

When the fire was first discovered, this servant woman first secured her baby, then ran and aroused the old lady. The latter, being very sleepy, yawned, said there was no fire, and returned to her slumber. The servant ran down stairs; finding the fire worse, she ran up again, and asked a young man to hold her child whilst she went to arouse the old lady again. She did so; but when she returned, the stairs were in flames, and she had to escape from the window, as above narrated.

Very soon after this, every other person having escaped from the building, piercing screams were heard inside the building, and then all was silent save the roar of the fire and the noise of the firemen. When the fire was quenched, at last, there was found amid the rubbish, just inside the hall entrance, a shriveled carcass, minus head and the ends of the limbs—a perfect cinder, so to speak—an object which all were loth to recognize as the remains of a human being—but such it was. As the old lady seamstress was not seen or heard of after the servant woman aroused her, the screams and the crisped remains were undoubtedly hers.

She was a maiden, 62 years of age, a native of London, from which city she came six years ago; her story being that she was the only survivor of a once opulent family in England, and wished to earn her living away from those who knew her in her prosperous days. Her quiet and ladylike demeanor, and the evidences of education which she betrayed in her humble avocation, had impressed all that her story was true. She was known about the house as Emily, but her full name was Mary Jane Emily Schaefer. The Coroner was sent for, but had not held his inquest up to last evening.

The buildings were old, and not worth more than $12,000; being on leased ground, belonging to the Poydras Asylum. Mrs. Wilson's effects were insured for $2500 in the San office. The basement stores did not suffer a great deal. Mr. Braun's stock of clothing he estimated at $12,000, and the damage by water at 50 per cent.; he was insured for $2500 in the Merchants' office—a small insurance for such a stock. Mr. B. had just returned from the country, and got to his store just as the upper stories burst out in a volume of flame. We never saw any man shed more tears over any disaster than he did. The shoe store, bread depot, and Oriental coffeehouse, were not much damaged.

The above, however, was not all the damage the fire did. The ice-house of Smith & Co., running through from New Levee to Commerce street, next to the burnt row, (in the rear of which the fire was started) had its roof burnt off and was much damaged in the upper story. The roof was one of the patent kind, composed of some kind of pitch, which proved itself anything but defiant of fire. It melted and blazed, ran out at the spout-holes in red-hot streams, and descended in blazing sheets of flames on both New Levee and Commerce streets. A fire company on Commerce street had to quit work and drag their engine away in consequence of the blazing shower which attacked them. The roofing might have been patent, but it was anything but fire-proof. A thousand dollars will probably cover the damage to the ice-house of three years' standing, the late Mr. THOS. [illegible]

It is [illegible] the same incendiary started both fires [illegible] Orleans, April [illegible] clue could be obtained to that incendiary. No one steam fire engine Jack Adams did good service at the fire, and remained to wet it down.

FOUND DROWNED.—The Coroner yesterday held an inquest on the body of an unknown white man, found on the other side of the river, opposite La-Croix's plantation. He appeared to be middle-aged, and had on a black cassimere vest, cottonade pants, and white shirt with linen bosom. The body was much decomposed. Verdict, found drowned.

An inquest was held on a body found floating in the river opposite Ursulines street. It was identified as that of Vicente Torriano, aged 35 years, who was a cook in some boarding-house on the levee, and who had been missing since Saturday last. Verdict, found drowned.

THE KILLING OF TIMOTHY LYONS.—This affair was investigated yesterday morning by the Coroner. The following testimony was taken:

Edward Manning, sworn—On Sunday night, August 12th, about 10½ o'clock P. M., Mr. McGuire and myself were sitting down on the bench in front of the grocery corner of Richard and Pacanier streets, in company with Timothy Lyons and Charles Scahill. Scahill and McGuire were eating biscuit. Lyons said to them: "You must have a good appetite." Scahill, in answer, said: "There is some people around here can eat more than we can." Lyons then got up and said: "You don't mean that for any in the crowd, do you?" Scahill replied, "If I do, what can you make out of it?" Lyons then made a lick at Scahill, who was standing by the awning post; they both commenced fighting with their fists. Lyons was retreating and Scahill was following him up. I did not see any knife, nor did I know either of them had a knife until Lyons cried out he was stabbed. Scahill then said: "Here is the knife!" and I saw the knife in his hand. Scahil then walked off to his boarding-house, which was only a few doors off. Lyons walked some twenty-five yards, sat down on a bench, and said he was killed, and almost immediately fell off the bench, fainting, and died in a few minutes afterwards.

I saw no knife in the hands of Lyons; he had no knife with him. The knife that Scahill had I judge to be a small dirk knife.

Patrick McGuire, was next sworn—The testimony of this witness corroborated that of Manning, with the exception that he did not hear the words, "there is the knife," said to have been pronounced by Scahill, after Lyons cried out he was stabbed. The witness states that he made an ineffectual attempt to separate the two men at the beginning of the fight. He saw no knife.

The jury returned a verdict that death was caused by wounds inflicted by Patrick Scahill, and therefore charged him with murder.

RECORDER EMERSON'S COURT.—Louis Huber was yesterday put under such bonds as will hereafter cause him to let Charles Bley and wife alone, he having abused them shamefully at their residence, No. 88 Liberty street. Francis Boad, charged with hitting Ellen Moore on the lip with a stone and burning her on the cheek with a hot flat-iron, on Basin street, was lucky enough to be fined only $10 and put under peace bonds. James Griffin, charged with kidnapping the child of Elizabeth Creighton and beating the mother, was also lucky, he having only to furnish peace bonds for six months. Paul Sible and his wife Maria were likewise put under good behavior bonds, for the peace and comfort of their neighbors on Poydras street.

Mrs. Flynn, charged with getting drunk, scandalizing her husband and smashing their furniture at their residence on Magazine street, was required to find a voucher or go to the Work-house for three months.

Elizabeth Jones, arrested as a free colored woman in the State in contravention, proved herself a slave, and went her way rejoicing. Samuel Smith, charged with firing off pistols and threatening the lives of his neighbors on Tchoupitoulas street, was also lucky enough to be discharged.

John Seeligman, the brute who flailed and stabbed his wife Charlotte with a pitchfork at their residence on Dryades street, was committed to the First District Court, and in default of bail remanded to prison.

The following parties were arraigned and booked for examination hereafter:

Archibald Maguire, charged with violation of the ordinances, in blocking up the passage way on the levee, at Post No. 21, with square granite blocks from a ship he was unloading, after being notified by Assistant Wharfinger Creed not to do so. Bail given to appear on the 8th prox.

John Bennett, charged with assault and battery upon the wife of Mike Smith, on Basin street. Case fixed for the 20th inst.

A. Ellinger, charged with abusing and poking a pistol at Robert Adams, at the upper corner of the New Basin. Bail given to appear on the 8th prox.

Jack Manning, charged with leveling a revolver at Pat Murphy and threatening to blow the daylights out of him at the corner of Tchoupitoulas and Orange streets. Bail given to appear on the 8th prox.

Ann German, charged with assaulting Mary Brown with a tumbler; previously let off with a fine, but now re-arraigned for examination on the 18th inst.

Margaret James, charged by Dr. D. S. Ball with outrageously abusing him and his family on Rampart street, between Grato and Thalia, and further, with allowing two dangerous dogs of hers, one of which is known to have been bitten by a rabid dog, to run at large in the streets, to the great danger of the public. Bail given to appear on the 8th proximo.

RECORDER BLACKIE'S COURT.—Paul Touro, cabaret keeper, at the corner of Bienville and Burgundy streets, was yesterday arraigned on the charges of having received stolen property from a slave, and sold liquor to the same slave. Officer Boulloss, who is unapproachable in the business of detecting negro thieves and their white employers, has the honor of having made this detection and arrest. He also arrested the thieving slave, named Buckner, belonging to Mrs. Hawley. He was a dray-driver in the employ of Messrs. Arthur & Co., grocers, at the corner of Canal and New Levee streets. A key of the store was missing some time ago. Buckner either found or stole the key, and proceeded to benefit himself. He stole choice groceries in small quantities, at night, from time to time, without the goods being missed. When Boulloss arrested him, in Touro's cabaret (it was at night) he had a basket of coffee and a can of lobsters. The officer induced the darkey to escort him to his room, on Customhouse street, between Roman and Derbigny, where was found Mrs. Buckner (Melia, a slave) a lot of fancy dry goods and jewelry worthy of a fashionable white couple, and a stock of fancy groceries fit almost to set up a store. Touro gave bail, and the negro was sent to prison, both to await examination.

Serafino de Monastino, of Old Levee street, between Hospital and Ursulines, was arraigned and held for examination, charged by officer Boulloss with selling liquor to slaves. Jean Bouquet, on the same block, was arraigned by officer Bernhard on a similar charge. Both gave bail.

Barbara Kuntz and Ellen Marison were put under bonds to let each other alone for some months to come. Mrs. Levy paid $5 for the luxury of insulting Mrs. Jerry.

Miles Barnes, f. m. c., was sent to prison on the charge of having grossly insulted Louis Mapelli, on his own premises, at the corner of Conti and Treme streets.

Miss Emma Kirk, charged with thrashing Mrs. Alfred Moran, f. w. c., and Louis Volpayola, charged with flaxing V. E. Dubois, at No. 43 Chartres street, gave bonds to appear when called upon.

RECORDER LONG'S COURT.—Assistant Recorder Magloni yesterday overhauled and disposed of a number of parties accused of drunkenness, breach of the peace, etc. Mrs. Byrne, for thrashing Mary Dorsey, at the corner of Mandeville and Cascalvo streets, was put under bonds not to indulge in the luxury again for three months.

Frederick Marrero, Polonio Sabio and —— Vincent, were complained of as having assaulted Jno. Pascual with a dangerous weapon with intent to commit murder, on the 12th inst., at the corner of Bagatelle and Goodchildren streets. Warrants were issued.

Martin Schmidt was sent to prison on the charge of having whittled Frank Walder rather badly with a sheath-knife, on the night of the 12th, at the corner of Piety and Morales streets; cutting him in both shoulders and several times on the top of his head, all with intent to murder.

Rose Fornerret, Emily Percy and Celeste Fornerret, free colored, mother and daughters, gave bail to answer to the charge of having too severely hurt the feelings of Jean Lacayer, in his own house at the corner of Broad and St. Bernard streets.

Charles Dallion and Jacob Stevens gave bail to answer to the charge of having wounded Peter Keegan by hitting him in the head with a tumbler on Saturday evening last, in a coffee-house at the corner of Elysian Fields and Moreau streets, Stevens being charged as an accessory.

Jean Marie Bodeau gave bail to answer to the charge of having thrashed his sister-in-law, Catherine Bodeau, in her own house on Desire street—all because she had forbidden him to come to the house.

THE GALE AT BILOXI.

BILOXI, Aug. 12, 1860.

Ed. Crescent—We have had one of the most terrific gales which has visited the lake shore since 1853. The wind commenced blowing on yesterday morning from the southeast, which caused the water to rise about 10 feet; it headed around to east and by north, and continued to blow a perfect gale up to 3 o'clock this morning. Several houses were blown down and considerable damage done to wharfs and bath houses. There were no lives lost on land, but I am grieved to inform you of the foundering of the beautiful new yacht belonging to the Commodore of the Southern Yacht Club, and all on board perished, numbering five persons.

The English ship loading at Ship Island, with spar timber for Liverpool, and nearly loaded, was driven ashore and sunk to her bearings, carrying away fore, main and mizzen masts. We have had no communication from the island, and I am unable to say how many lives were lost, if any. The name of the ship is the Elizabeth Bibby, of Bristol. There were several schooners blown ashore on Deer Island, high and dry. Commodore Sid. Story's yacht, the "Corypheus," rode out the gale in gallant style. His long boat is now gone to the assistance of the yacht "Reihortence."

The steamer Alabama is now coming in from New Orleans, and we expect to hear of other disasters along the coast.

On the Back Bay the schooners Helena, Deer Island, Mary Caroline, sloop Arcturus, and yacht Elephant, all went ashore, and were more or less damaged.

All the houses covering the yachts belonging to Commodore Robinson were completely demolished. The beautiful yachts Gipsy and Coquette were not damaged. The sloop Clara is a complete wreck.

The yacht Julia, from Pascagoula, was much damaged. All the ship yards on the Back Bay were destroyed.

We have nothing definite from Ship Island, but it is supposed that little damage has been done to Government property.

I have just learned that the yacht P. T. Minor was picked up and brought into Biloxi. The yachts Sarah Davis and Voltigeur are missing.

Yours, in haste,

SNAP BEANS.

SAILING OF THE STEAMSHIP BIENVILLE.—The steamship Bienville, Capt. Bulloch, sailed this morning at 8 o'clock for New York via Havana, with the following passengers:

For New York—Mr. W. P. Janvier and lady, John Ortengier, A. B. Chase, R. C. Hancock, E. C. Cooper, Capt. Weber, Mr. Sulpinnis, Mr. Sacon and lady, W. E. Seymour and family, Madame Ledlie, Mrs. Johnson Destin, W. A. Hanney and family.

For Havana—Mr. St. Mars, Antonio Delvis, Chase Mazec, Manel Aries, Thomas Merlo, Pedro Matros, Victor Blanco, Francisco Gonzales, David E. Bobble.

BURNED AT THE STAKE.—In the Augusta (Ga.) Dispatch, of Saturday last, we find the following:

We learn this morning that a negro boy who had killed a white man was burnt at the stake at he above named place.

Twelve persons took him from the Sheriff's custody, giving bonds for his re-delivery, after which they tried, sentenced and executed the murderer, returning his ashes to the officer.

THE TOWN OF SALISBURY (MD.) NEARLY DESTROYED BY FIRE.—*Baltimore*, Aug. 10, 1860.—The town of Salisbury, Somerset county, was nearly destroyed by fire on Wednesday, the 8th inst. Over forty dwelling houses, stores, etc., were destroyed. The town is represented as almost in complete ruins. The Episcopal church, one of the oldest in the State, was destroyed, notwithstanding great efforts were made to save it. The conflagration swept away the stores of Messrs. Rider & Toadvine, William Burkhead, C. P. Dashields, and Rush's Hotel. Several other stores and their contents were partially destroyed. A large amount of personal property, goods, etc., were saved, though the aggregate loss is very great. Most of the sufferers were insured in the Mutual Insurance Company of Delaware. The origin of the fire is not known, but it is supposed to be the work of an incendiary.

A MAN ATTEMPTS TO POISON HIS ENTIRE FAMILY.—An Irishman, named Edward Burns, a weaver, who formerly worked in the Metacomet mill, in this city, was arrested on Canal street, Providence, on Sunday morning, on a charge of having attempted to poison his wife and family, some months ago, at Hebronville, Mass. The poison was arsenic, and was mixed in large quantities in a barrel of flour. By the timely assistance of a physician their lives were saved, although some of the parties feel the poison now in the loss of power in their limbs, which will probably affect them for life. On being discovered Burns fled, and wandered from city to city, selling umbrellas. A few weeks ago he was in this city, but left before the officer got on his track. The Providence Post states that in a letter which he wrote to his wife, dated the 8th of July, he says to her: "I hope you have known me long enough to know that I would not poison you. It is a plan to frighten you." He also expresses a hope that she and his child are not poisoned, and again says: "May God spare our child to us."

There is little doubt of his guilt. He was taken to Attleboro' yesterday for examination.

[Fall River News, Aug. 7.

TELEGRAPHED TO THE NEW ORLEANS CRESCENT.

TWO DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF STEAMSHIP ANGLO-SAXON.

THE REVOLUTION IN SICILY.

MILITARY EXECUTIONS.

INTERVENTION IN SYRIA AGREED UPON.

Political and Commercial Intelligence.

(BY THE NATIONAL AND AMERICAN LINES.)

FARTHER POINT, Aug. 14.—The Montreal Ocean Mail Company's screw steamship Anglo-Saxon, Capt. Ballantine, from Liverpool via Londonderry, passed off this point to-day on her way up the St. Lawrence river to Quebec.

She left the port of Liverpool Thursday, August 2, touched at Londonderry Friday, the 23d, to land and embark passengers and receive dispatches, and brings two days later intelligence than was received at New York by the steamship Adriatic, from Southampton and Havre the 1st inst.

She was boarded by the news yacht of the Associated Press, and the following summary of news prepared by the agent at Liverpool was telegraphed from this point:

The steamship Golden Fleece, of the New York and Galway line, from New York, arrived out at Galway previous to the departure of the Anglo-Saxon. The Liverpool, New York and Philadelphia Mail Company's screw steamship Glasgow, from New York, arrived at Queenstown on the 2d inst. Her news was distributed by telegraph to various points on the continent the same day.

Commercial Intelligence.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 3, P. M.—[By Telegraph to Queenstown.]—The Brokers' circular reports the sales for the week ending this evening, in the Liverpool cotton market, amounted to 72,000 bales, of which 6000 were taken by speculators and 16,000 by exporters, leaving 50,000 to the trade.

The cotton market closed generally active and firmer, but previous quotations remain unchanged.

The sales of Cotton to-day were confined to 10,000 bales. There was more inquiry for different grades, and the market closed firm at the following authorized quotations of the Brokers' circular:

Fair Orleans	7¾d	Middling Orleans	5¾d
Fair Mobile	7d	Middling Mobile	5¾d
Fair Uplands	6¾d	Middling Upl ds	5¾d

The quantity of Cotton now in the port of Liverpool adds up 1,241,000 bales, of which 1,077,000 bales are of American production.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 3 P. M.—The weather in England has of late been very unfavorable for the growing crops.

Messrs. Richardson, Spence & Co. report flour closed quiet at previous quotations.

Wheat closed steady at the quotations by the last steamer.

Indian Corn closed buoyant at an advance of 6d. to 9d.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 3,