Giquel & Jamison

HAVING NOW COMPLETED THE REMOVAL OF THEIR STORE, TO THEIR

NEW BUILDING,

126.....CANAL STREET.....126

—BETWEEN—

St. Charles and Carondelet Streets,

—WILL OPEN THE SAME—

THIS MORNING, THE 18TH INST.,

—WITH AN ENTIRELY—

NEW STOCK OF FALL AND WINTER GOODS!

—JUST RECEIVED—

FROM EUROPE AND THE NORTH!

They respectfully invite examination of their Stock, which, having been selected by themselves, they feel confident cannot be surpassed for

NOVELTY, ELEGANCE AND VARIETY!

DRESS GOODS.

Plain Black and Colored TAFFETAS.
Poulde Soie, Armure and Venitiene SILKS.
Black and Colored MOIRE ANTIQUES.
Embroidered TAFFETAS.
Plain and Embroidered SILK ROBES.
Plain Irish and French POPLINS.
Embroidered French POPLINS.
Colored POPLINETTES.
Plain and Embroidered POILE DE CHEVRE.
Colored VALENCIAS.
Plain and Embroidered Colored CASHMERES.
Plain and Striped
Plain and Embroidered GRISAILLES.
Colored MOZAMBIQUES.
Plain, Figured and Embroidered DELAINES.
Plain and Embroidered Colored BAREGES.
Rich Delaine ROBES.
Embroidered Barege ROBES.
Black and Colored Embroidered GRENADINES.
French, English and American CALICOES.

MOURNING DRESS GOODS.

BLACK CASHMERES,
BLACK BOMBAZINES,
BLACK TAMISE.
BLACK DELAINES,
BLACK ORLEANS CLOTH,
BLACK ALPACAS,
BLACK BOMBAZETTES,
BLACK BARBOUR.
BLACK BAREGES.
BLACK GRENADINES.

Collars, Handkerchiefs, Embroideries, etc., etc.

Ladies' Point d'Alencon and Valenciennes COLLARS.
" " " " SETS.
Jaconet and Swiss COLLARS AND SETS.
Children's " " "
Ladies' Lace Crape " " "
Ladies', Misses' and Children's T. B. HANDKERCHIEFS.
" " " H. S. "
" " " Colored Bordered HDKFS.
Ladies' Embroidered and Hemmed Embroidered HDKFS.
" " SKIRTS.
Children's " ROBES and CAPS.
Ladies' " MORNING ROBES.
Jaconet, Swiss and Mull EDGINGS and INSERTINGS.
Jaconet, Swiss and Mull BANDS.
WHITE TULLE AND BOBBINET, etc., etc.

SHAWLS, CLOAKS, &c.

Black Velvet CLOAKS and MANTILLAS.
Black SILK PELISSES and BURNOUS.
Black and Colored CLOTH CLOAKS.
Black SILK MANTILLAS.
Infants' and Children's PIQUE CLOAKS.
Infants' Cashmere CLOAKS.
Children's CLOTH CLOAKS.
Barege and Grenadine SHAWLS.
WOOLEN SHAWLS—In great variety.
CASHMERE SCARFS.

WHITE GOODS.

SWISS MUSLINS, JACONET, TARLETANS, CAMBRICS, BOOK MUSLINES, DIMITIES, PICTATION IRISH LINENS, MARSEILLAS, BISHOP and VICTORIA LAWNS, MULLS, NAINSOOKS, etc., etc.

HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS.

French and English BED BLANKETS.
French and English CRIB BLANKETS.
White and Gold Marseilles COUNTERPANES.
White and Colored TOILET COVERS.
LINEN SHEETINGS—all widths.
PILLOW CASE LINENS.
COTTON SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS.
IRISH LINEN SHEETINGS
Brown and White Table DAMASKS.
Linen and Damask CLOTHS.
Linen and Damask NAPKINS.
White and Colored DOYLIES.
Linen, Huck and Diaper TOWELS.
Commodore TOWELS and HOUSE CLOTHS.
GIMPS, TASSELS and LOOPS.
Muslin and Lace CURTAINS.
Curtain DAMASK.
Jacquard and Damask MUSLINS.
Linen and Bobbinet NETTINGS.
Table and Piano COVERS.

HOSIERY, SHIRTS, GLOVES, etc.

Ladies' and Children's White and Brown COTTON HOSE
" " CASHMERE HOSE.
" " SILK HOSE.
" " LISLE THREAD HOSE.
" " GRAY AND BLUE HOSE.
Gents' and Youths' Merino and Lambswool HALF HOSE.
" " White and Brown Cotton "
" " Lisle Thread "
INFANTS' SOCKS and BOOTIES.
CHILDREN'S ZOUAVE GAITERS.
Ladies', Gents' and Children's Merino VESTS and WRAPPERS.
Ladies' and Children's Kid, Silk and Woolen GLOVES.
Gents' and Youths' Linen and Cotton SHIRTS.
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VELVETS, etc.
PERFUMERY, COMBS BRUSHES, etc.

—Also—

A LARGE ASSORTMENT

—OF—

PLANTATION GOODS,

—Comprising—

JEANS, LINSEYS, LOWELLS, BLANKETS, COTTONADES, NEGRO CAPS, etc.

All of which will be disposed of at the

Lowest Market Price!

GIQUEL & JAMISON,
o38 2p61 8 Canal street.

NEW ORLEANS DAILY CRESCENT.

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY, SUNDAY EXCEPTED, BY J. O. NIXO[illegible] [illegible] STREET.

VOLUME XIII. TUESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 23, 18[illegible] NUMBER 198.

Samuel E. Moore & Co.,

HOUSE-FURNISHING STORE,

No. 49 Camp Street,

—Has for Sale—

WHITE CHINA DINNER SETS,
FR. CHINA TEA SETS,
PAINTED CHINA TOILET SETS,
WHITE STONE DINNER SETS,
CUT AND MOULDED GLASSWARE,
SILVER PLATED CASTORS,
SILVER PLATED WINE STANDS,
SILVER PLATED PITCHERS,
SILVER PLATED SPOONS AND FORKS,
SILVER PLATED CUPS AND GOBLETS,
SILVER PLATED NUT CRACKS,
SILVER PLATED COMMUNION SETS,
IVORY HANDLED KNIVES,
IVORY NAPKIN RINGS,
PLANISHED TIN COFFEE POTS,
PLANISHED TIN COFFEE-URNS,
PLANISHED TIN EGG BOILERS,
PLANISHED TIN SOUP TUREENS,
PLANISHED TIN TEA KETTLES,
PLANISHED TIN OYSTER DISHES,
BRONZED SOLAR LAMPS,
GILT AND DAMASK SOLAR LAMPS,
KEROSENE OIL LAMPS,
BRITANNIA METAL LAMPS,
BRITANNIA METAL CASTORS,
BRITANNIA METAL TEAPOTS,
BRITANNIA METAL SPOONS,
BRITANNIA METAL CANDLESTICKS,
OVAL AND SQUARE JAPAN TRAYS,
JAPANNED TEA TRAYS IN SETS,
JAPANNED BREAD BASKETS,
JAPANNED KNIFE TRAYS,
JAPANNED PLATE WARMERS,
JAPANNED COAL VASES,
JAPANNED TOILET SETS,
HEARTH BRUSHES,
SHOE BRUSHES,
FLOOR BRUSHES,
CRUMB BRUSHES,
SCRUBBING BRUSHES,
DUSTING BRUSHES,
WHITEWASH BRUSHES,
CARPET BRUSHES,
STOVE BRUSHES,
CHIMNEY BRUSHES,
PLATE BRUSHES,
FEATHER DUSTERS,
MARKET BASKETS,
CLOTHES BASKETS,
KNIFE BASKETS,
PLATE BASKETS,
WASTE PAPER BASKETS,
WIRE NURSERY FENDERS,
WIRE DISH COVERS,
WIRE MEAT SAFES,
WIRE EGG BEATERS,
WIRE OYSTER BROILERS,
HALL LAMPS,
STEAMBOAT LANTERNS,
CONDUCTOR LANTERNS,
COAL SCUTTLES,
FIRE IRON STANDS,
SHOVELS AND TONGS,
DOOR MATS,
DECANTER MATS,
KITCHEN TIN WARE,
PORCELAIN LINED SAUCEPANS,
PORCELAIN LINED PRESERVE KETTLES,
TINNED IRON MILK BOILERS,
TINNED IRON SAUCEPANS,
TINNED IRON FLESH FORKS,
TINNED IRON BASTING SPOONS,
TINNED IRON SKIMMERS AND LADLES,
STEEL NUT CRACKS,
STEEL CORKSCREWS,
DINNER AND TEA BELLS,
WOODEN WARE OF ALL KINDS.

And many other articles—all of which will be delivered in any part of the city. o16 2p70TuThSat

To Planters.

MALARD & TOOKER,

(SUCCESSORS TO F. MALARD & CO.)

Corner of Canal and Old Levee streets.

WINTER

PLANTATION CLOTHING.

We have in store our usual supply of WINTER PLANTATION CLOTHING, consisting of a very extensive and varied assortment for Men and Women's wear, with sizes for Children of all ages; orders for which we are prepared to fill at the shortest notice.

Our Clothing is made of the most durable stuffs, and sewed in the strongest manner. Much care and attention have also been devoted to the cut of the garments, so as to secure an easy and good fit.

Planters may rely that we shall furnish them with none but the best of goods, as we have spared no pains or efforts in getting up our stock.

MALARD & TOOKER,
o22 2p74eW Corner of Canal and Old Levee streets.

Fine Fashionable Clothing.

FRANCIS FABRE,

Corner of St. Charles and Common streets,

Under St. Charles Hotel,

Is now receiving his usual large supplies of

FASHIONABLE

FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING,

—And—

Gents' Furnishing Goods,

Of superior quality and Latest Styles, to which he invites the attention of friends and the public generally.

o20 1m12,33eW

Keep Comfortable!

ROBERT PITKIN

Would inform his FRIENDS, CUSTOMERS, and STRANGERS visiting the city, that by calling at his

Fashionable Clothing Emporium,

—AND—

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING STORE,

13....Camp Street....15

They will find every article of SUPERIOR READY MADE CLOTHING and GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS suitable for the approaching

COLD SEASON.

—Also—

BOYS' CLOTHING,
TRUNKS, VALISES,
TRAVELING BAGS,
UMBRELLAS, etc.

R. PITKIN,

13 and 15 Camp street,

o18 2p52 Opposite Ladies' Entrance to City Hotel.

Merchants' Hotel,

CORNER ST. CHARLES AND CANAL STREETS

NEW ORLEANS.

The pleasantest and most conveniently located House in the city.

RATES OF BOARD:

Per Day.....$2 00
Per Week.....12 00
Per Week, (board only).....10 00

BRET & HALLER,
au17 1o8w Proprietors.

Torches. Torches. Torches.

POLITICAL CLUBS can be supplied with superior PITCH PINE TORCHES, put up in the best manner, and carefully bound with tempered wire. On hand and for sale low by

F. ZIMMERMAN,
New Basin, Julia street Landing.
o5 2p8o

P. Mallard,

MANUFACTURER OF RICH FURNITURE,

No. 53 Royal street,

Announces to his numerous friends and customers that he is now receiving a part of the goods he lately selected in Europe. These goods consist in part of—

RICH CURTAIN AND FURNITURE STUFFS, of the latest Parisian patterns.

BEAUTIFUL BRONZE, CRYSTAL AND BISCUIT PARLOR and MANTEL ORNAMENTS, MANTEL CLOCKS, STATUETTES and VASES, of richest style and design.

Also, a most magnificent assortment of Velvet, Brussels and Tapestry Carpetings, large French Mirrors, Toilet Glasses, etc., etc., etc. s22 2p64-1plm

New Orleans Daily Crescent.

TUESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 23, 1860.

TALK ON 'CHANGE.

Nothing of a decisive nor of an interesting character turned up on rue Carondelet yesterday. The weather was fine, inducing every one that could move to come out. Canal street was well thronged with crinolinedom and the gazers thereof. As for business, that is—sales of merchandise and cotton—it was nothing to boast of. Therefore, beyond the gatherings and confabs, the advent of the week was marked with listlessness and inactivity. On the great levee there was considerable animation, in the way of discharging the cargoes of the several boats which grace our marine list this morning. It will be observed, however, that the cotton boats brought in very light loads, say 8250 bales. The receipts on the corresponding Monday last year were 13,705. The Jackson Railroad trains brought in yesterday 656 bales, making the total Monday's receipts, up to dark last evening, 8886 bales.

The mails failed to bring us the Charleston and Savannah receipts for last week, and the tables of receipts at all the ports are deferred.

There were more encouraging advices from Red river and North-western Louisiana talked of yesterday; that there will be much more cotton picked than anticipated four weeks ago, though the yield will be less than last year. This will prove cheering to those who have advanced to residents in that section of the country. We have now been without rain twenty-one days; the great storm was on the night of the 1st inst.

As there has been a good deal of the quantity of cotton raised in parishes bordering on the river, we append the quantity in bales for the years 1857-'58:

	Bales—1857.	Bales—1858.
Pointe Coupee	10,914	15,422
Concordia	29,112	49,663
Tensas	49,940	62,715
Madison	40,387	46,044
Carroll	34,003	50,048
East Feliciana	14,462	16,479
West Feliciana	12,287	16,142
East Baton Rouge	5,019	6,365
West Baton Rouge	1,799	1,247
	213,829	264,119

The year 1858 was a year of overflow. We have no regular accounts of the growth in the river counties of Mississippi. The parishes named above will yield largely over the above figures of 1858, and, of course, in excess of 1859.

Under our financial head will be found another extract regarding the new company about being formed in England to promote the culture of cotton. Our good customer, (from compulsion,) Mr. Bull, is very much troubled about his future supply of the staple. If Mr. Bull could furnish our planters with about one hundred thousand of the sons of Africa for a few years only, he might obtain cotton at from 5d.@6d. ℔ lb. If he will consult with our authorities at Washington, abrogate and annul that Abolition treaty of 1842, possibly there might be an increase of these colored laborers, which are so delicately alluded to by some squeamish writers; but if Mr. Bull will withdraw his squadron from the coast of Africa, there might be an increase of Christian subjects devoted to the raising of cotton, and Lancashire, with all England and Scotland, would never have cause to complain of a scarcity.

The Liverpool folks, before forming the association of half a million of dollars of capital, naively ask, "Will it pay?" We take the liberty of answering the question, and say that with the paltry sum of $500,000 or £100,000, it will not pay. Your new company, gentlemen, will turn out like your great Manchester Cotton Supply Association, with which you have been for four years expecting to furnish Manchester with an abundant supply of cotton.

We hope our trans-Atlantic cousins will not become too much alarmed. Our Southern planters are generally men of feeling, humanity, generosity and liberality; they will not quietly look on and see England's four millions of operatives starve for the want of cotton; they will endeavor to furnish them, as much for the commiseration and tenderness of suffering humanity, as for their own weal and benefit.

The European mails by the Arabia were received in part yesterday. The balance will be along to-day, possibly. The private correspondence alludes to a good week's business, without remunerative prices for shipments direct from this side. Very few orders were received, and very few are expected by the next steamer. They, however, had abandoned, on the 5th inst., all expectations that this season's crop would reach that of 1859 and '60—consequently the Lancashire folks were governing their movements accordingly.

The freight market is sluggish. The quantity of tonnage in port is something less than at this time last year, with freights ruling at the same figures as last year and 15-32d. in 1858. There will not be so much cotton nor tobacco to go to market as last year at this time. They are, however, launching freighting ships every week in New England. Among the last, only ten days ago, was the ship Hamlin, named after the Black Republican candidate for the Vice-Presidency. She belongs to the Lords of Kennebunk, being of 1000 tons burthen and designed for the freighting business. Her owners may have the assurance to send her South to carry a load of negro-raised cotton to merry England Abolitionists. How would the good ship look moored at our levee with a figure-head representing a cheerful and smiling negro showing his ivory? Great country, that New England! Who will be the consignee of the good new ship Hamlin? Who will ship the first bale of cotton on board of her? It is hoped the good ship will not come to our port—we might have to talk of some sympathizers with Black Republicanism.

VALUABLE BOOK.

THE BLEMMERTONS; or, Doings by the Wayside. By Rev. Joseph J. Nicholson. New York: Dana & Co. London: Sampson, Low & Co.

We have to thank the author for a renewed introduction to a valued, if not a very old, friend; for "The Blemmertons" has been now but four years before the public, having been issued in 1856, and at that time enlisting the high favor which it has since retained and added to. We are pleased that we again have occasion to speak the good of it which is its due. Mr. Nicholson is a Southerner, a Mobilian—being one of the shining array of authors of our neighbor city to which the South is indebted for a large proportion of its best and most honor-conferring literature, to a high place amid which is his book entitled. He is a Protestant Episcopal clergyman, and the principal of an educational institute of high standing near Mobile.

"The Blemmertons" is a work which, while treating, in the main, of the thoughts, feelings and doings of the Episcopalians, is addressed to the reading of persons of all denominations, and cannot but be perused with both enjoyment and advantage. We cordially commend the book as belonging to literature of that healthy and moral character which is placing the author-work of the South in such honorable contrast with the flashy and unwholesome stuff that is produced at the North in such lamentable profusion, and overflows into our country in book-form, or through the columns of myriad newspapers.

STATE OF AFFAIRS IN NICARAGUA.—Official dispatches from Minister Dimitry have been received at the State Department from Nicaragua. They represent affairs as quiet, and make no mention but that the relations with this Government are now of the most amicable kind. There was great rejoicing that Walker was shot, among the inhabitants, who now anticipate no other unlawful American interference.

In Siam, the penalty for lying is to have the mouth sewed up. Suppose such a law were in force here, what a number of mutes we should have.

TELEGRAPHED TO THE NEW ORLEANS CRESCENT.

LATER FROM CALIFORNIA.

ARRIVAL OF THE PONY EXPRESS.

[BY THE SOUTHWESTERN LINE.]

ST. JOSEPH, MO., Oct. 22.—By the Overland Pony Express, which arrived at this point to-day, we have California dates to the 10th and Oregon to the 7th inst.

The following is a summary of the news received:

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 10.—The trade is active, but the market is weak. Rio Coffee is quoted at 16½c. Candles are worth 22½ to 23c. per pound. The market for Provisions is quiet, but the changes in prices are slight. Pork rules dull. Spirits are inactive. Crushed Sugar is selling at 14c. per lb.

The will of the late Senator Broderick has been admitted to the Probate Court.

SALEM, OREGON, Oct. 2.—Both branches of the Legislative Assembly have elected J. W. Nesmith, Douglas Democrat, U. S. Senator for the long term, and E. D. Baker, Black Republican, for the short term of five years.

The Douglasites and Black Republicans have made a complete fusion. Even bets are taken upon the comparative votes of Douglas and Breckinridge.

The Black Republicans are of the opinion that they will carry the State if Baker stumps it.

Advices from Columbia river say that the Snake Indians massacred an entire emigrant train, composed of forty-six persons, fifty miles West of the Salmon Falls.

LATER FROM HAVANA.

ARRIVAL OF THE QUAKER CITY.

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—The United States Mail steamship Quaker City, Capt. Shufeldt, from Havana direct, arrived at this port yesterday.

Of the general Cuban news there is nothing of importance to report. The Havana markets were generally unchanged.

DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE.

Destructive Fire at Salem, Mass.

SALEM, MASS., Oct. 22.—A fire broke out in this city which destroyed the Franklin buildings, containing several large stores.

Loss of the Ship Black Hawk.

BOSTON, Oct. 22.—By an arrival at this port, we learn that the ship Black Hawk, from Calcutta for Boston, before reported as missing, was lost in the Bay of Bengal. All hands perished.

Government Loan.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—Four forty to fifty bids have been received for the ten million Government loan. With the exception of Messrs. Riggs & Co., of Washington, there are no bidders South of Philadelphia.

The whole aggregate bid amounts to less than eleven million, at premiums ranging from 5 to 99-100 of 1 per centum.

The largest amount bid was by Riggs & Co., of Washington, for two million eight hundred thousand.

The Pennsylvania Election.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., Oct. 22.—The official State majority for Curtin, the Black Republican candidate for Governor, is 32,092.

Testimony of Mr. Fowler.

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—Mr. Dwight, United States Commissioner, has returned from Havana, having in his possession the testimony of Mr. V. J. Fowler, ex-Postmaster of this city, relating to Law and Conover, his sureties.

Departure of the Prince of Wales.

PORTLAND, ME., Oct. 22.—The Prince of Wales and his suite sailed for their home on last Saturday afternoon.

Large Fire in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., Oct. 19.—Scofield's woolen and yarn factory, situated on Willow street, was entirely destroyed by fire on Saturday last. The loss is estimated at $30,000.

Domestic Markets.

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—The Cotton market closed firm, with sales of 5000 bales at 11½ to 11¾c. for Middling Uplands; the demand was active. A decline of 5c. has taken place in Flour; the sales embraced 14,500 bbls. at $5 35 to $5 40 for Superfine State. The sales of Whisky amounted to 500 bbls. at 24c. per gallon. Corn closed dull; the sales included 65,000 bushels at 70 to 74c.

There were 709 barrels of Pork sold to-day at $19 25 to $19 30, the market closing dull. Coffee quiet. The sales of Rio reached 850 sacks at 14¼c. per pound. Sugar rules quiet. 420 hhds. of Cuba were sold at 7 to 7¼c. per pound. Porto Rico is quoted at 7¼.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 22.—Flour nominal at $4 70 per barrel. Corn is quoted at 40 to 42c. per bushel. Oats are selling at 30c. per bushel. The sales of Whisky amounted to 1400 barrels at 17 to 17½c. per gallon.

River Intelligence.

LOUISVILLE, Oct. 22.—The river at this point was falling this evening, with three feet four inches of water in the canal by the mark.

Movements of the Prince.

BOSTON, October 19. The ball in honor of the Prince of Wales, last night, came quite up to anticipations. He arrived at the Academy of Music at 10:30, accompanied by his full suite. The two bands in attendance played "God Save the Queen," after which the Prince opened the ball with Mrs. Mayor Lincoln. His next partner was Mrs. Governor Banks.

At 12 o'clock, supper was served in magnificent style. The dancing was resumed, and kept up with unflagging energy and spirit until past 4, the Prince joining in nearly every dance.

Among the guests present who received marked attention, was Lady Franklin. There were 1200 double tickets and 525 single tickets sold, amounting to about $2000. The number of invited guests present made up the whole number to 3000. To-day the Prince goes to Cambridge to visit the University.

The Prince and suite to-day visited Cambridge and Mt. Auburn Cemetery and Harvard College. At the latter place he was welcomed at Doane Hall by President Felton and the Faculty, and with hearty cheers by the students. After visiting the library of the scientific school and observatory, the distinguished party had a collation in Howard Hall. The citizens of Cambridge were out *en masse* and cheered the Prince heartily as he passed through the city. Mayor Green acted as his chaperon.

In the evening the Prince visited Boston Public Library.

The royal party leave at 9:30 to-morrow morning for Portland, on a special train, where they expect to embark at once for home.

KISSING THE HANDSOMEST GIRLS.—A distinguished candidate for an office of high trust in a certain State, who is "up to a thing or two," and has a keen appreciation of live beauty, when about to set off on an electioneering tour recently, said to his wife, who was to accompany him for prudential reasons:

"My dear, inasmuch as this election is complicated, and the canvass will be close, I am anxious to leave nothing undone that would promote my popularity, and so I have thought it would be a good plan for me to kiss a number of the handsomest girls in every place we go. I may be honored with a public reception. Don't you think that would be a good idea?"

"Capital," exclaimed the devoted wife; "and to make your election a sure thing, while you are kissing the handsomest girls, I will kiss an equal number of the handsomest young men!"

The distinguished candidate, we believe, has not since referred to this pleasing means of popularity.

It is related of Goethe that he was so much bored and annoyed in this way that sometimes, when interrupted in his studies by persons desirous to see him, he would plant himself in a chair in the middle of the room, turn about two or three times, so that the intruders could see every part of his person, and then, having asked them whether they were satisfied, he would immediately retire.

Local Intelligence.

MORTUARY.—There were but 17 [illegible] the city cemeteries last week, as reported by the Board of Health.

SPEECH OF THE HON. GILES M. HILLYER.—The Hon. Giles M. Hillyer, one of the electors on the Constitutional Union ticket in Mississippi, and the able and well-known editor of the Natchez Courier, last night addressed the people at the Clay Statue, on Canal street.

Though but short notice had been given, a large and dense crowd of people filled the street around the statue. It was not organized as a regular meeting, in the usual fashion. Mr. E. J. Salomon announced to the crowd that it was an impromptu meeting, for which no preparation had been made, and without further ceremony introduced the gallant Mississippi orator to the audience.

Mr. Hillyer had not spoken long before it was visible that his repute as an orator was well founded. After gracefully introducing himself, or acquainting his hearers with what he had been saying and doing throughout Mississippi, he proceeded to dissect and show up the issues now pending before the people with regard to the next Presidency. The great bulk of his speech was an exposition of the issues between the two wings of the Democracy, and their origin and whole history from the beginning to the present time.

His clear and correct statements of the arguments and votes of the different leading politicians of the country, in reference to the Kansas bill, Fugitive Slave law, and other measures pertaining to slavery, were fortified by the documents, without which he never travels in electioneering times.

His thorough knowledge of the whole slave question, and of the manner in which that question, with other dissensions, finally disrupted the Democracy, commanded the particular admiration of his hearers. He showed up the modern lights of the Democracy in every conceivable attitude of inconsistency and self-contradiction.

He spoke sympathetically, nay, admiringly, of Douglas and his manly defiance of governmental power and corruption. Breckinridge was alluded to with proper respect as a man, but his politics and the company in which he now moves were laid bare and criticised unmercifully. Buchanan was scorched and scarified with the red-hot sword of eloquent and dignified denunciation. We have never heard the issues of the present canvass so thoroughly and vividly explained in any one speech.

The speech, treating of matters already so much spoken of by innumerable orators, might have been tiresome to some, had it not been seasoned with the spice of illustration and anecdote, which this learned gentleman and masterly orator has so abundantly at hand. The clearness and solidity of his deductions—the correctness and force of his parallels—the handsome poetic touches with which he adorned his more burning sentences—the vigor and patriotic fire with which he spoke in the open air for three long hours—alike conspired to charm the auditory, and to keep them standing there to the very end.

The speech was constantly interrupted by bursts of applause; and at the close the speaker was escorted to the St. Charles Hotel by the multitude in procession, and there serenaded.

It was a great and noble speech—by far the best that has yet been spoken for Bell and Everett in this city. We regretted that the whole town could not hear it.

TERRIFIC EXPLOSION AND CRASH OF A BUILDING. The alarm of fire between five and six o'clock last evening, was caused by a steam boiler explosion in the Chemical Works at the corner of Julia and Fulton streets. The explosion of the boiler, which was in the basement, blew about fifteen feet breadth of the wall out into the street, and an equal breadth of the wall, from the roof, fell with a crash before the shock of the explosion was over.

As may be supposed, the terrific concussion and crash created the wildest excitement in the vicinity, and speedily attracted a dense and excited crowd of people. A fire started amid the ruins, but it was speedily quenched by the firemen who first reached the spot. There appears to be a special Providence guarding some of the doomed buildings of New Orleans. It was at first believed that numerous persons were killed either by the boiler explosion or the fall of the front wall.

It turned out that nobody was killed, and only two persons hurt. One of these, George Krangle, the engineer, was badly scalded, and was taken to the Charity Hospital. The other person hurt was the fireman; his name or the extent of his injuries we did not hear.

How the boiler came to explode, can only be explained by the engineer, should he recover, and probably not then. A portion of the building on Notre Dame street was thrown out of line, and stands in a dangerous attitude.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.—Yesterday morning, at about 6 o'clock, a fire broke out in a house occupied by Capt. Searles, in Taylor's Row, on Magazine street, or rather the short street that branches off at the angle of Magazine and Felicity streets and runs up to St. Mary street, connecting Constance street with Live Oak street, now also called Constance. The fire spread rapidly to the adjoining buildings. The house above, occupied by Mr. Bowles, was badly damaged. That on the other side of Capt. Searles, occupie by Mr. Hyams, was almost completely destroyed, and another adjoining was damaged in the roof.

The fire originated, to all appearances, from a defective chimney flue. It broke out in the upper part of the building, thereby giving little time for the inmates to save their furniture. Capt. Searles was away from the city, and his family barely escaped with their clothes. The best part of the furniture in the four houses mentioned was destroyed or damaged. It was, we believe, all insured. Mr. Taylor's houses are all insured, we know not for what exact amount; the total loss, however, we estimate at between $15,000 and $18,000.

Shortly before the fire was discovered, Mr. Hyams' little daughter woke up her sister and called to her father that she smelled something burning and there must be fire in the house. Mr. Hyams, who did not perceive it, tried to quiet her, but she insisted on her sister getting up. This was hardly done before the cry of fire was given, and the flames bursting from Capt. Searles' house caught in Mr. Hyams'. But for the timely alarm given by this child, the family might have lost their lives.

THE PASSE GAME.—A Spanish coffeehouse keeper of the First District slept on Saturday night in a certain abode of uncertain nymphs on Conti street in the Second District. On Sunday morning he found that his pants and pistol had disappeared during the night. His vest, in the pockets of which was his money, was luckily missed by the thieffe, his feelings about in the dark. The loss of his breeches left him in a great predicament; he sent for the police, and they came to his rescue and sent him home in a closed carriage. A scamp giving his name as Juan Ruiz, (a pal of the cyprians) was subsequently arrested by officer Berlincheau, at the corner of Burgandy and Conti streets, for being drunk, and a pistol was found on him, and it was taken to Berrigan by officers Boullosa and Galibardy. He identified it as his own, and Ruiz will have to answer the charge of larceny before Recorder Blache.

STABBED HIS SISTER.—A shocking affair occurred on Sunday night, at the corner of Bertrand and Gravier streets. A young man named John Hughes, quarreling with his sister, Mrs. Bridget Whalen, drew his knife and inflicted a fearful and dangerous wound on her bosom. Mrs. Whalen was removed to the Charity Hospital, and John Hughes arrested. At a later hour Peter Whalen, husband of the wounded woman, and Michael Hughes, her other brother, got into a fight on the same subject, but were arrested by the police, and pre[illegible] from adding another act to the bloody [illegible] arrested parties were yesterday sent [illegible] Recorder Emerson, to await the re[illegible] command.

[illegible] Recorder Emerson yesterday fixed the at the Hotel [illegible] bond upon the more respectable [illegible] before him, lodgings [illegible] John Br[illegible] the doom of those street, $10. [illegible] known female on Fe[illegible] Joseph Cormick, for wanting to eat [illegible] Charles street, $10. F. Ne[illegible] furiously on Dryades street, and [illegible] lives of children, $10. Emile Fl[illegible] be[illegible] an insatiate desire to devour Lis[illegible] on Dryades street, $20. George Co[illegible] for spoiling for a fight on Perdido street, $15. John Armstrong, for a drunken attempt to take possession of Strong's coffee-house on St. Charles street, $10. Strong being assailed by Armstrong, the st[illegible] arm of the law came down on Armstrong, and Strong offering strong evidence in support of [illegible] charge, Armstrong was in for it; an[illegible] strong enough to pull $10 out of his [illegible] took a ride in that strong black wagon [illegible] Mrs. Maria, and was introduced to a [illegible] known as dine punch within the strong walls [illegible] of the He[illegible] Fremaux, for a term of not less than twenty days.

Numerous Billy Barlows and Dorothy Draggletails were sent out to the Maison de Mitchell.

COMMITTED FOR LARCENY.—John Doyle was yesterday sent before the First District Court by Recorder Emerson, for stealing a dozen pairs of socks from A. Meyers, on Girod street. Bail not given, socked into the Black Maria, with a ticket for lodgings and gooseberry jam at the Hotel de Fremaux.

ALLEGED ILL-TREATMENT.—The slave man David, belonging to the estate of John D. Fink, was yesterday sent to prison by Recorder Emerson, to await examination. He surrendered himself at the police office on Sunday for protection, as he said, from ill-treatment received at the hands of the agent of the Fink estate.

A WITNESS SECURED.—Thomas Benjamin Holiday, arrested as an important State witness in the case of John Quinn, charged with the murder of John Callahan, was yesterday handed over to the Sheriff by Recorder Emerson.

CASES FIXED.—Recorder Emerson yesterday sent J. B. Bachus to prison to be examined on the charge of being a fugitive from Hopkins county, Texas, where he stands charged with the murder of Wm. Scott. The examination was fixed for the 21st inst.

Charles Montague, being unable to furnish $1000 bail, was sent to prison to await examination on the charge of being too dangerous and suspicious to run at large.

ASSAULTS AND BATTERIES.—Assistant Recorder Magloni yesterday issued warrants for the arrest of Mrs. Whipple, charged with beating Marie Faust with an iron curtain rod, at the corner of Frenchmen and Prosper streets; Louis Balaer and John Meyers, charged with thrashing Michael Ryan, in his own beer-house on Moreau street; and a certain man, name unknown, charged with walloping Reinhold Henneberg, on Mazant street.

John Murphy and Eugene O'Sullivan, charged with interfering with officer Jackson, and Murphy with striking him, have given bail to appear.

Recorder Emerson held Pat Coleman for a hearing on the 7th prox. He is charged with having knocked down Thomas Bunday and tried to bite off his nose, on Sunday, up town.

John [illegible] with, in a passion, did wallop John Cashin; but [illegible] the thing well, though 'twas in a dark cell, outraging the pugilist's fashion. The demi-Johns were then taken, Cashin's corpus still achin', before the wise-judging Recorder, who will settle Smith's hash, as sure as he's Blache, and teach him the cost of disorder.

STOLEN MARE RECOVERED.—Mr. J. A. Fenilloley yesterday had Frank Meyers up before Assistant Magloni, on the charge of having in his possession a red mare, worth $50, which had been stolen from him as long as the 13th of May last. The mare was found in Myers' yard, on Prosper street. Myers gave bail to appear when wanted.

ALLEGED MAYHEM.—The Third District police are still in quest of the redoubtable Walter Bell, alias Scotty, who is at present lying *perdu* somewhere. On the night of the 13th inst., it is charged, Scotty struck Joseph Hart violently over the left eye with a tumbler, inflicting a frightful gash and probably ruining the sight of that eye forever. The thing was done in a coffeehouse on the levee, between Elysian Fields and Marigny streets.

DOUBLE CONFINEMENT.—M. R. Kane is to be overhauled by Recorder Emerson to-day. He was found yesterday concealed in a house on St. Mary street, where he had no business, and upon him was found a concealed bowie-knife.

DISCHARGED.—John B. Florance, charged by Peter Slaven with having sided a lot of thieving cyprians to drug him and rob him of $550 in a crib on Penn street, on the 14th of August last, was yesterday dismissed by Recorder Emerson, Slaven having failed to appear, though the case had several times been postponed in order to secure his attendance.

THE BENICIA BOY ARRESTED.—Our readers will learn with surprise that the Benicia Boy has been arrested by the authorities of Buffalo, for his complicity in the Price and Kelly fight. On that occasion it will be remembered that he seconded Price, and that Kelly, Massey, Morrissey, Tom O'Donnell and Briggs were also arrested for being implicated, the former as a second, and the latter as spectators in the same affair. They were taken to Buffalo and subjected to a heavy fine; the whole affair being got up by the Buffalo Dogberrys as a black-mailing process. That this was the fact is evident from the circumstance of none of the Buffalo citizens, who were present in large numbers, being subjected to the same harrassing and expensive prosecution. The latter individuals possess votes and political influence in Buffalo, and consequently the pharisaical authorities dare not interfere with them. But these mean-worn hypocrites, in their desire to purify the morality of the Empire City, and fill their pockets at the same time by their black-mailing proceedings, issued warrants against the above-named parties in New York, arrested them in this city, and fined them heavily. One of the principals in the same fight, who resided in Boston, as well as one of his seconds, was not molested, as the greedy officials acknowledged that they did not think them worth powder and shot. And now John C. Heenan has fallen into the hands of those legal vampires, whose design it is to drain him of every dollar he possesses, or that the sympathy of his legion of friend may raise for him. [Wilkes' Spirit.

The New York Tribune of the 18th gives the conclusion of the affair:

John C. Heenan arrived in this city last evening from Buffalo, where he had been to meet an indictment for aiding and abetting in a prize-fight some time ago. For his share in the affair he was fined $300, which he paid and left.

Railroad conductors are principally a sharp institution, but they sometimes meet with a sharper. A few days ago a person traveling on the — railroad cars, after much loud political talk, offered to bet *five dollars that he could name* fifteen States that would give their electoral votes to Lincoln, which was promptly accepted by the conductor, and the money put up. "Now," says the traveler, "if you will bet me *two* to *one*, I will bet *ten* dollars that Lincoln gets five of the remaining States." "Done," says the conductor, and up went the stakes. "Now name your States," says the conductor. The traveler commenced with Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, etc., naming all the Southern States. "Why," says the conductor, "not one of them will go for Lincoln." "Then," says the traveler, "I shall lose my five dollars, and you are welcome to them, *but I believe he will get five of the remainder.*" "Sold," said the conductor, and grabbing the stakes he divided them into two equal parts, one of which he presented to the traveler, with the remark, "Old fellow! you'll do to travel." Exit conductor, whistling Yankee Doodle backwards, to which was added a *loud chorus* by the bystanders.

The Floyd Gun.

The St. Louis Republican publishes the following letter from Washington:

It is predicted the millennium is near at hand. When the implements for human destruction shall have been so perfected as to secure the certain death of all who engage in battle, whether by sea or land, wars will cease, and then, the Gospel having been preached to