Coal Oil Lamps!

JUST RECEIVED,

—AT THE—

OIL AND LAMP EMPORIUM,

No. 6 CHARTRES STREET,

Per steamers Dienville and Empire City, by far the largest and most magnificent stock of KEROSINE OR COAL OIL LAMPS ever yet imported into the Southern States, embracing all the newest, richest and most desirable patterns of PARLOR, HALL, SUSPENSION and STAND LAMPS, manufactured in this country and in Bohemia, rendering our assortment (which is at least six times as large as any other in this city) equal in every respect to any in the United States, at UNPRECEDENTEDLY LOW PRICES, while our unequaled facilities for obtaining goods direct from the manufacturers, enable us not only to offer purchasers much lower prices than any other establishment can, but also the advantage of selecting from an assortment of Lamps incomparably superior to any other in the South, and the only complete one in this city.

Also on hand, an immense supply of all the best KEROSINE, PARAFINE and COAL OILS made in this country; together with Paraffine Candles, Solar, Lard Oil, Fluid and Camphene Lamps; unequaled Sugar House and Plantation Lanterns, and everything appertaining to the Lamp and Oil trade for sale, wholesale and retail, at the lowest prices, at

No. 6 CHARTRES STREET.

He is agency for the sale of the Unrivaled Great Kanawha and Virginia Paraffine Illuminating Oils and the Chrysoline Coal Oil.

H. C. COVERT,

d17 2p1f Successor to Artemon Hill.

Home Manufactures.

E. A. TYLER,

115.....Canal Street.....115

—DEALER IN—

FINE WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY,

Silver and Plated Ware.

MANUFACTURES TO ORDER,

SILVERWARE AND JEWELRY.

DIAMONDS RESET.

Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry repaired.

FINE FRENCH AND ENGLISH FANCY GOODS,

Plated Ware, etc.

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Fairbanks'

PRINCIPAL SOUTHERN

Scale Warehouse,

AND DEPOT FOR

LILLIE'S BURGLAR AND FIRE-PROOF SAFES

FAIRBANKS & CO.,

n13 2p1f No. 93 Camp street.

Merchants' Hotel,

CORNER ST. CHARLES AND CANAL STREETS

NEW ORLEANS.

The pleasantest and most conveniently located House in the city.

RATES OF BOARD:

Per Day.....$2 00
Per Week.....12 00
Per Week, (board only).....6 00

BRET & HALLER,

au17 2ply Proprietors.

The Toilet.

"TRÉFELIO" IS THE TRUE SECRET OF BEAUTY!

"TRÉFELIO" Cures all Eruptions.
"TRÉFELIO" Refines the Skin.
"TRÉFELIO" Beautifies the Skin,
"TRÉFELIO" Eradicates Humor,
"TRÉFELIO" 50 cents a bottle.

Particularly adapted to warm climates. A few drops poured in the water for Bathing is delicious, refreshing and exhilerating, giving the Skin Freshness, Smoothness, Elasticity, Softness, Brilliancy and Purity—Healthy and Invigorating—renders the flesh firm and of an alabaster richness of Beauty; removes all Eruptions. Immensely popular among the Ladies.

☞Sold everywhere at 50 cents a bottle.

Sold wholesale and retail by JAMES KYME, No. 134 Canal street, and by Druggists generally.

TILESTON & CO.,

my23 2ply General Agents, 48 Broadway, New York.

Champagne!

CHAS. FABRE, LATE MAX SUTAINE & CO.,

Rheims,

Purveyors to the Courts of France, Spain and Prussia, also to the celebrated Wellington Club, London.

Sillery, Cabinet, Imperial and Vin Ordinaire, in quarts, pints and half pints, for sale by the principal Grocers and Wine Dealers.

☞Orders for direct importation received by

S. D. GRATIAA & CO.,

n19 2ulm 53 Conti house street.

Sewell T. Taylor,

IMPORTER OF FINE OLD WINE, LIQUORS, ETC.,

13 and 15 Royal street,

Has now in store a large supply of the celebrated CRENS DE MOUZY CHAMPAGNE, in quarts and pints; also, other brands, viz: CHARLES HEIDSIECK, PIPER HEIDSIECK, PAR MENTIER, and other brands of infinite quality. I have a large assortment of the best Old Sherries, such as AMONTILLADO, TOPAZ, SIERRA, GOLDEN, DUFF GORDON and ANCHOR SHERRIES—1838—SOUTHSIDE MADEIRA, of direct importation; other Madeiras of lower grade. Superior Old London Dry Dock PORT, and other Ports of less grade. The celebrated BAZARAC BRANDIES—Vintage 1726, 1748, 1802 and 1805—a large supply always on hand. All grades of CLARET and WHITE WINES, in case and wood. WHISKEYS—Scotch and Irish, Old Rye, Bourbon and Wheat. Whiskys, SCOTCH ALE and PORTER, in pints and quarts. COrDIALS, etc. My usual assortment of the best WINES, which will be sold on as reasonable terms as any other house in the city.

SEWELL T. TAYLOR.

s7 2p1f Nos. 13 and 15 Royal street.

As to the above Brandies, Sherries, Madeiras, Ports and Champagnes, I am satisfied no house in the city can produce as good, or better, at the same prices. Any house can have a dozen of each named wines if they can produce better at the same price or pay cash prices if they cannot; the judges to be disinterested parties; the same is good with anything I have for sale in the same ratio.

n19 2p1f SEWELL T. TAYLOR.

Ball and Lecture Room.

MASONIC GRAND LODGE HALL,

Corner St. Charles and Perdido sts.,

FOR RENT.

The above Room, which has been lately renovated and improved, is now ready for rent, for

BALLS, CONCERTS, LECTURES and EXHIBITIONS,

and from its location offers great facilities for such purposes. Inquire of the GRAND SECRETARY, in the building, for terms, etc.; or address

SAM'L G. RISK, Grand Secretary,

d4 2p1f Box B, 148 New Orleans.

Southern Shoe Store.

J. W. BRIGHAM,

—WHOLESALE—

DEALER IN BOOTS AND SHOES,

No. 33 Magazine Street,

Keeps constantly on hand a well selected stock, manufactured expressly for the New Orleans trade. o22 2p6m

Boots, Shoes and Brogans,

AT WHOLESALE.

Plantations supplied with prime Ditching BOOTS, Russet BROGANS; Wool, Mexican, Palm Leaf, Straw and Camponaby HATS, at the lowest market prices, by

FROST & CO.,

No. 10 Magazine street, New Orleans.

Hats, Caps, etc., at Wholesale.

We are constantly receiving a general assortment of Silk and Fur, Cassimere, Panama, Leghorn, Straw, Palm Leaf, Mexican and Wool HATS, at the lowest market prices, by

FROST & CO.,

ly18 2p4W No. 10 Magazine street, New Orleans.

NOTICE TO CARPENTERS AND BUILDERS.

PATENT SAWED WEATHERBOARDING,

Both Rough and Dressed, from the very best YELLOW PINE and CYPRESS timber, for sale in lots to suit purchasers, at the LOWEST MARKET PRICE.

feb19 ly STAR PLANING MILLS, New Basin.

NEW ORLEANS DAILY CRESCENT.

THE CRESCENT IS PUBLISHED DAILY AND WEEKLY, BY J. O. NIXON, No. 70 CAMP STREET. · · · TERMS: DAILY, $10; WEEKLY, $3 PER YEAR.

VOLUME XIII. TUESDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 18, 1860. NUMBER 246.

Samuel E. Moore & Co.,

HOUSE-FURNISHING STORE,

No. 49 Camp Street,

—Has for Sale—

WHITE CHINA DINNER SETS,
FR. CHINA TEA SETS,
PAINTED CHINA TOILET SETS,
WHITE STONE DINNER SETS,
CUT AND MOULDED GLASSWARE,
SILVER PLATED CASTORS,
SILVER PLATED WINE STANDS,
SILVER PLATED PITCHERS,
SILVER PLATED SPOONS AND FORKS,
SILVER PLATED CUPS AND GOBLETS,
SILVER PLATED NUT CRACKS,
SILVER PLATED COMMUNION SETS,
IVORY HANDLED KNIVES,
IVORY NAPKIN RINGS,
PLANISHED TIN COFFEE POTS,
PLANISHED TIN COFFEE URNS,
PLANISHED TIN EGG BOILERS,
PLANISHED TIN CUP TURRENS,
PLANISHED TIN TEA KETTLES,
PLANISHED TIN OYSTER DISHES,
BRONZED SOLAR LAMPS,
GILT AND DAMASK SOLAR LAMPS,
KEROSENE OIL LAMPS,
BRITANNIA METAL LAMPS,
BRITANNIA METAL CASTORS,
BRITANNIA METAL TEAPOTS,
BRITANNIA METAL SPOONS,
BRITANNIA METAL CANDLESTICKS,
OVAL AND SQUARE JAPAN TRAYS,
JAPANNED TEA TRAYS IN SETS,
JAPANNED BREAD BASKETS,
JAPANNED KNIFE TRAYS,
JAPANNED PLATE WARMERS,
JAPANNED COAL VASES,
JAPANNED TOILET SETS,
HEARTH BRUSHES,
SHOE BRUSHES,
FLOOR BRUSHES,
CRUMB BRUSHES,
SCRUBBING BRUSHES,
DUSTING BRUSHES,
WHITEWASH BRUSHES,
CARPET BRUSHES,
STOVE BRUSHES,
CHIMNEY BRUSHES,
PLATE BRUSHES,
FEATHER DUSTERS,
MARKET BASKETS,
CLOTHES BASKETS,
KNIFE BASKETS,
PLATE BASKETS,
WASTE PAPER BASKETS,
WIRE NURSERY FENDERS,
WIRE DISH COVERS,
WIRE MEAT SAFES,
WIRE DOG BEATERS,
WIRE OYSTER BROILERS,
HALL LAMPS,
STEAMBOAT LANTERNS,
CONDUCTOR LANTERNS,
COAL SCUTTLES,
FIRE IRON STANDS,
SHOVELS AND TONGS,
DOOR MATS,
DECANTER MATS,
KITCHEN TIN WARE,
PORCELAIN LINED SAUCEPANS,
PORCELAIN LINED PRESERVE KETTLES,
TINNED IRON MILK BOILERS,
TINNED IRON SAUCEPANS,
TINNED IRON FLESH FORKS,
TINNED IRON BASTING SPOONS,
TINNED IRON SKIMMERS AND LADLES,
STEEL NUT CRACKS,
STEEL CORKSCREWS,
DINNER AND TEA BELLS,
WOODEN WARE OF ALL KINDS.

And many other articles—all of which will be delivered in any part of the city. o15 2pToThSatf.

Dr. Hale,

ELECTROPATHIST,

MEDICAL AND SURGICAL ELECTRICIAN,

FOR THE RELIEF AND CURE OF ALL CLASSES

—OF—

NERVOUS DISEASES,

—BY—

ELECTRICITY,
GALVANISM,
ELECTRO-MAGNETISM, and
ELECTRO-BIOLOGY,

Which met with such signal success in New Orleans and throughout the South during the last ten years, under his particular application and demonstrations.

DR. HALE,

Having been requested, by numerous friends and citizens of New Orleans, to resume his practice, has opened his Reception Room,

No. 138 Canal Street,

Corner of Carondelet, over Concert City Bank, entrance on Carondelet street, where he offers a test of his ability, by examination or experiment, entirely at

EXTENSIVE AND COMPLETE

Electrical Laboratory

than can be found in Europe or America—obtained by years of collection, and at a cost of over

TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS,

Combined with upwards of

Fifteen Years Assiduous Study,

Experiment and observation upon the Nervous Organization—its Derangements, Peculiarities and Diseases,

AS A SPECIALITY.

HOURS OF CONSULTATION—At Reception Room—From 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and at the residences of patients at hours to suit their convenience. d11 1ptTuThS

Will the South Stand Firm

TO HER INTERESTS?

Or will she do as she has heretofore done—sustain the North by buying all her Yankee traps in the shape of MACHINERY, MILLS, etc., that comes along?

This is a question of grave importance to the under-signed, who has spent the best part of his life and energies in conducting a Southern manufactory, and perfecting the best Corn and Flouring Mill that ever turned.

This Mill took the Premium in Gotham, over the best Northern manufactured Mill, of more than double the size, which Premium can be seen at No. 85 St. Charles street, where these celebrated Mills are for sale.

o29 2p1y1 WILLIS P. COLEMAN.

At Cost!

We offer from MONDAY, the 10th inst., the WHOLE OF OUR SUPERB STOCK of

VELVET,
CLOTH and
SILK CLOAKS,
AT COST,
FOR CASH ONLY:

C. A. BARRIERE & BRO.,

n10 2p3. 120 Canal street, Touro Buildings.

Wall Paper. Wall Paper.

J. J. EVERS,

No. 62 Chartres street,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in French and American PAPER HANGINGS, BORDERS, CORNERS, OAKS and MARBLES, in every variety.

Particular attention paid to all work in his line. d16 2ply

Deler's Worsted Store,

CANAL STREET, near Dauphine.

Just received from Paris, an excellent variety of NOUVEAUTES and articles for Ladies' work. Also, a handsome assortment of Ladies' and Children's Clothes. d12 2p1f

THOMAS MURRAY & CO., New Orleans. | CRIGLER, BATCHELDER & POOLEY, Pensacola, Fla.

PENSACOLA LUMBER—PENSACOLA LUMBER.

Having every facility at our Mills in Florida, known as the "Hunt Mills," for the manufacture of Rough and Dressed Lumber, we are prepared to receive orders for shipment in any quantity. The reputation of our Mills is well known. Our terms invariably New Orleans city acceptances.

THOMAS MURRAY, WM. L. CRIGLER, JOHN C. POOLEY, G. F. C. BATCHELDER. | THOMAS MURRAY & CO., cor Cedar and Julia sts. o23 ly

PORTER—300 casks Hibbert's London Stout, landing ex ship Rouget, and for sale by

S. WOLFF,

n20 corner Gravier and New Levee sts.

New Orleans Daily Crescent.

TUESDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 18, 1860.

TALK ON 'CHANGE.

The gatherings on the flags yesterday were free, large in some localities, with the inquiry being freely made early in the day, "What will be the nature of the next accounts from the other side?" About meridian this inquiry was answered by the announcement of Liverpool accounts up to the 7th inst., brought by the Bohemian, *en route* for Portland, boarded off Cape Race. The advices were deemed encouraging, which had a favorable effect on the flags.

The London money market is reported by this arrival to be in good order. We have now a response to advices from this side to the 24th of November.

The talk is, we may as well stop watching the telegraphic wires, and go to work minding our own business. Some folks waste too much time looking after the telegraph, much more than is necessary. As for the dispatches from Washington City and three-fourths of those from New York, it is not supposed that any man possessing ordinary intelligence regards them with the least credence. True, there was some talk of information from high places in New York that our quondam citizen, George Opdyke, K. O. S., stands a much better chance to receive from Mr. Lincoln the appointment of Secretary of the Treasury after the 4th of March next than most other aspirants. Chairman George, we learn, has the call for the post over Governor Morgan—another "hearty" who has made a good deal of money out of Louisiana sugar. But, unfortunately for George, there will be no Treasury after the 4th of March, and he will have to take to the shears.

The receipts of cotton since Saturday morning show a large falling off. The roads in the interior are in a bad condition, and prevent the usual deliveries at the stopping points on the river. The receipts from Red and Ouachita rivers are free. Planters are taking advantage of the rise in the water, and pushing their crops forward. Those planters who are out of debt can have their cotton held for higher prices as well in cotton presses here as in the gin-houses, or in shipping warehouses. Here, in New Orleans, it can be protected against fire at low rates of insurance and in readiness for any advance in price which may take place. There will be no trouble, no civil commotion. Louisiana and New Orleans will act and secede without any interruption from President Buchanan; and the talk is, that after the 4th of March Mr. Lincoln will not be thought of.

There was some little movement in the freight market yesterday. Vessels are plenty and more on the way hither; though the number in port are fifty less than at this time last year, we shall not have so much cotton to forward.

There is a large increase in the receipts of Western produce over last year, as will appear:

	1860.	1859.	Increase in 1860 over 1859.
Flour, barrels	422,807	322,904	32 pct.
Corn, sacks	394,969	145,304	171 pct.
Wheat, sacks	25,000	4,215	500 pct.
Pork, barrels	20,620	12,476	65½ pct.
Hay, bales	36,743	20,230	81 pct.
Bacon, casks	57,177	14,995	22 pct.
Potatoes, barrels	97,329	70,750	37½ pct.

According to the above figures, it does not appear we are likely to be under short supplies in the South for provisions and provender.

Our market is the only real cash market in the United States that was; but we now call it the best on the Western continent. And as the close of business approached yesterday, everybody on the flags appeared to be in good humor, and we hope to find the same good feeling to-day. True, there are some exceptions; there will be in the best of times.

The mail came through as late as doc. that is, with dates from New York to the 13th inst.

WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENCE.

Special to the New Orleans Crescent.]

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11, 1860.

Mr. Editor—I feel it to be a solemn duty to warn the people of Louisiana and the whole South, not to trust politicians in this crisis, when so noble a blow is being struck for freedom, for emancipation from anti-slavery and aggrarianism. That there are traitors here among those who are loudest-mouthed in behalf of secession, I have heard too much to doubt. Their names I will not call at this time; but woe to them, if their plots ripen into concession and compromise. I will denounce them mercilessly, name by name—not one of them shall escape me. Let the people recollect that politicians are necessarily the slaves of public opinion; scarce one in a hundred of them having the manliness to be true to himself and the truth. If the people are in earnest about this matter of secession, let them show it plainly, and the politicians will do their bidding, the great work of emancipation from Abolitionism will be accomplished, and no compromise, however flattering, will be heeded for a moment. This work is now begun in earnest. If we give back the least jot, we shall fail, and fail, to be overwhelmed with the scorn and derision of the whole world. By all that is manly, and by all that is in accordance with common sense, I would urge the people of the South to listen to no terms whatever, no guarantees, no amendments of the Constitution—nothing. If they deign even to listen, the flattering Unionpatchers will obtain their wish, will carry the day, and the whole work will have to be done over again.

There is little news to tell, beyond what may be inferred from the remarks just made. Plots, intrigues, machinations of all sorts abound. The very air is thick, heavy, offensive with the odor of treason. But matters are, on the whole, rather favorable for us as yet; that is, if I may judge from the speeches I heard in the House and Senate yesterday. That interesting tub of intestines, Preston King of New York, took it upon himself to announce the determination of the people of his part of the State to practice coercion. "Aw, I think, aw, at that aw secession is rebellion and insurrection, and aw that, aw it is the duty of the Federal Government to enforce aw the laws." Jeff. Davis, in a manly statesman-like way, announced the determination of his people not to submit to force, not to truckle to a military despotism. He was never more impressive.

Douglas, who has now a game leg and a crocked-head hickory cane to help him along, said he was willing to act with any party to save the Union. Applause in the galleries. Mason of Virginia, always indignant at an indignity, remonstrated with the gallery. Mr. Douglas is in a bad way, and he knows it. Hence his anxiety to "act with *any* party."

Sumner rose, and read an autograph letter of Gen. Jackson's to a Rev. Mr. Crawford, in which the Old Hero sings a pæan over the defeated Nullifiers of South Carolina. But the old gentleman quite forgot that the Nullifiers were not defeated. Sumner has a deep bass voice, and a deliberate Sir Oracle way of uttering himself. It was the first time I had ever heard the dog open his lips. The Southern Senators took no earthly notice of him.

In the House, it was delicious to hear Sickles raping the Puritan despots of his own State. Surely he has cause to complain, for never was a city so trampled on by its own State before, as New York is at this moment. Thus we see the war is beginning in the midst of the Free States. Some augur good for the South as likely to follow this. Not so, in my judgment. If the North backs down, we have to consent to terms, and terms of any sort imply the trouble of repeating secession every four years. No, no; let us part now, and part for good. It will be better for all of us. If the North be friendly to us, (and it cannot be denied that noble men are there, who have fought our battles bravely) we can be just as good friends after the Union is divided as now. But I will run into this secession vein when I ought to be giving you items.

One of the most pathetic spectacles to be witnessed in this city of affliction is that of the venerable Cass, crying over the downfall of the Union. I am told he cries whenever the subject of disunion is mentioned.

A good joke about an Ohio member, of the name of H., is going the rounds. H. is a good sort of creature, without any opinion of his own. If he talks with Corwin to-day, he is for compromise and peace. If with Giddings or Wade, he is for bloody war. Knowing this peculiarity, a wag went up to him one day last week, and said: "H., do you know that the South is going to take Washington City on the 4th of March?"

"Pooh!" says H.

"They are going to do it, certain as fate, and 200 men are now engaged in marking down the names of every Republican in the city, so that when the sack begins they may know friends from foes."

"Pshaw!" says H.

"You may pshaw! but I tell you a member of this Southern organization told me no later than last night, that you had been singled out for especial vengeance, as it was known that you had threatened fire and sword to South Carolina."

"I—I—was only gassing." Says poor H: "Why, why, d——m it! I'm one of the most conservative men in the Union, and I wish you would tell them so."

Since the foregoing was written, I visited the Capitol. The House was squabbling over Hawkins excuse for not serving on the Crisis Committee. The debate in the Senate, I was told had assumed the aspect of a mere squabble.

A Virginia member told me the signs were a little more favorable for the Union; but very little. Two of the members from your State say that there will be nothing before the House in the way of local legislation until the secession business is disposed of.

Prof. Anderson, the necromancer, has departed this Washington life, and a new play, the scene of which is laid here, reigns in his stead at the theater. It is cold and clear to-day, and that same old terrific wind is sweeping furiously down the Avenue. MALOU.

AMUSEMENTS.—*St. Charles.*—The Wallacks last night appeared to their usual good effect, in that finely scenic and eminently exciting English translation of the French idea of Italian agony and desperation, "Lesbia, or the Lion of St. Marc." The house was fair, and the interest high as ever. Those who have feasted and sated themselves upon "La Tour de Nesle" and "Lucretia Borgia" will find something to their taste in "Lesbia," for it has all the darkness and highly-wrought misunderstanding of the other French agonies. There isn't, however, quite so much blood and coffin in it; this may gratify some, and may be an objection to others; be this as it may, "Lesbia" is to be repeated tonight.

Academy.—Dan Rice's show drew another jam last night, and great was the fun and excitement. A reference to the advertisement will show what Dan has on hand for his patrons to-night.

Museum.—The Swiss Bearded Lady, the Swiss Warbler and the Lilliputian Queen, opened their levee at the Museum and were largely visited and admired yesterday and last night. Hip Popotamus, Esq., is on hand as ever. Such a collection of Nature's wonders has not yet been offered to the inspection of the New Orleans public.

Varieties—"The Poor Gentleman" was played last night to a full house. We need not say how it was played. None who have become acquainted with this season's company at the Varieties, as they appear in the sterling comedies, old or new, need any information regarding the style in which the "Poor Gentleman" went off last night. All the leading characters were well done; the audience reveled in laughter and applause throughout. "Po-ca-hon-tas" went off delightfully and unreservously, as usual. To-night we are to have "Po-ca-hon-tas" again, and "The Yankee Teamster" and "The Windmill," bringing out the whole strength of the unrivalled company; John Owens, in the last-named pieces, doing up his famous characters of *Solon Shingle* and *Sampson Low*. The bill is eminently worthy the consideration of all who delight in excellent acting and general fun.

Odd Fellows' Hall.—Fair of the Ladies' Bethel Society, for the benefit of seamen. Refreshments and all sorts of Christmas presents, offered by as fair and noble a band of ladies as New Orleans can boast; a good place, for three reasons: first, to pass a pleasant evening in refined society; second, to aid a praiseworthy branch of our city's benevolence; and third, to procure Christmas toys and nick-nacks just as well as at any other place, and more pleasantly.

Hotel Arrivals Yesterday.

ST. CHARLES HOTEL.—Francis Webb, W J Lyle, C L Matthews, W O Lea, D Avery, La; E Richardson, R L Morris, G K Reynolds, W M Smith, Miss; C Young, La; Mrs J M Craig, J Chapman, Ark; J B Murphy, Dr E Boeland and lady, La; J W Lewis, Ky; W W Marshall, R Thompson and son, Miss; A Dolice, Ala; R P Hayes and wife, La; Thomas M Rooker, N Y; Mrs Thos Hale, N O; J Hale; J J Maloney, Dr Peebles, La; R M Rogers, S C; Saml Helper, N Y; T J Wiles, A W Burges and lady, La; R Thomathy, city; E P Cabell, Mo; P Stockton and wife, U S A; Dr H C Snodgrass, Miss; J L Hissell, M W Smith, city; Jno D Hawkins, N C; J N McLean, G A McLean, Miss; Mr and Mrs C Moise and family, La; Chas N Sarvin, N Y; Mrs Hamilton, La; G H Geddings, N H McWilliams, J A Warren, Texas; J C Adams, Virginia; D E Meade, Louisiana.

ST. JAMES HOTEL.—Jas H Haskitt, Va; D H Burke, N O; P T James, Cal; L B Bailey, N O; F F Harlsing, N Y; E L Fairchild, W D Larkin, Saml Rodhes, R P Martin, Wm Wootten, W L Haley, C L Thomas, Dr C E Oatis, Miss; D O Newby, Texas; C E Strickland, A W Smith, L Alens, A N Strickland, La; C T Estlin and wife, N O; L Holtwilg, J McGinnis, Dr J M Thornhill, F E Stovall, H Bogel, N Bogel, Jno Rathu, J Brough, R Barnett, Miss; B Kilgore, L Kilgore, La; A L Slawson and family, city; Dr S P Moore, Mrs Moore, Jno N Campbell, E H Plummer, Miss; Dr C H Irving, Va; E W Wiley, La; D Y Reed and lady, city; W B Waldrous, A M Madden and lady, Texas; D R Mitchell, Ga; A H Parrish, E M Bacon, Chas S Craig, R J Satterwhite, F J Satterwhite, Miss; J C Ashburn, Ga; W C Burton, Miss.

ST. LOUIS HOTEL.—R Keith, Miss; W Galent, St John; J C Ashburn, Ga; W C Burton, Miss; J J Cabell, Texas; T S Savage, Miss; G W Turner, La; N Clements, R W Rutherford, Texas; Thos H Perrie, Md; J T Garrett, Texas; M S Mandel, N Y; J G Shaw, La; R A Hasnook.

CITY HOTEL.—W S Hackworth, L D Forbes, D Barclay, W Haraway, C L Bradford, Texas; G W Sill, Miss; A Cain, E Andrews, Jr, Ala; A C Daniel, Miss; J R McDaniel, Ark; J F Townsend, S C; F H Sledden, Montgomery; J W Garraway, Miss; N Merritt, Red river; G W Turner, La; D Walker, Mobile; T P Frith, J L Hadly, La; T B Neal, Minden; Dr Standard and lady, Miss Standard, Miss; V D Fowler, Natchez; J Randle, Ark; T G Davidson, La; J Hurst, Thos J Bolton, E S Ash, B M Sheeley, Miss; S Z Grigsby, Wm McPee, H Hobgood, La; H E Wilson, J P Newman, Miss; T P Morgan, W S Lewis, N J Sanlin, Texas; W Waterman, city; E Fere, La; J Bryant, E A Daniel and lady, Texas; Wm H Rivers, J A Lamar, Ala; L Calloway, Texas; R W Vaughan, Va; L Black, J A Heirman, J R Lay, J Lewis, J C Curry, Texas; G H Sapp, W A Sapp, A C Harp, Ga; J A Foster, Montgomery; J Page and lady, Texas; G W R Bagley, G W Bagley, La; F Sims, Texas.

VERANDA HOTEL.—C B Bouldin, Cape Gerrado; S Lesley, Miss; C G Price, J Parsons, G Hubbard, E Mason, Texas; J Linton, Miss; G Breecher, J P Bailey, Va; A W Poole and lady, Dr N Merritt, Miss Young, La; J Bandolph and lady, Ga; W K Turner, Brashear City; Saml Carpenter, L W Carraway, H Carraway, R W McKinney, La; R J Ricks, Lafourche; F Mahoney, La; J Finch and lady, N Benton, Miss Benton, Pa; Wm E Johnson, Ind; J Seeley, Mo; M Parker, wife and child, Ark; L Bond, Miss; C A Maleimer, Tenn; C S Reese, La; R L Mattox, Cal; N C Thompson, La; M H Rhodes, Mobile; B Green, Memphis; J B Westbrook, Thos O'Reilly, Philadelphia; W E Green, W G Griffith, Vicksburg; J S Clark, E D Birge, N Y; J J James, Ala; J D O'Connell, La; E Harwood, L E Welten, Miss; E A Smith, Galveston; W Fanx, Pa; John L Lee, Iowa; C Henderson, Arkansas.

☞Dr. Charles E. Kells, Dentist, No. 154 Canal street, between Carondelet and Baronne, New Orleans.

TELEGRAPHED TO THE NEW ORLEANS CRESCENT.

LATEST EUROPEAN INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMSHIP BOHEMIAN.

THE LATEST FROM LIVERPOOL AND LONDON.

LARGE SHIPMENTS OF SPECIE TO AMERICA.

Commercial and Political Intelligence.

[BY THE SOUTHWESTERN AND AMERICAN LINES.]

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., Dec. 17.—By the arrival of the steamship Bohemian off Cape Race, from Liverpool on the 6th and Londonderry the 7th, we obtain the following intelligence:

Commercial Intelligence.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 7, P. M.—*Telegraphed to Londonderry.*—The Brokers' Circular reports the sales of Cotton for the week just ended, at 49,000 bales, including 3500 taken by speculators, and 2500 by exporters—thus leaving to the trade 43,000.

The week's business opened at a decline of ⅛d., owing to the American panic, but closed with rather more inquiry, which was freely met.

To-day's (Friday's) business amounted to 8000 bales, the market closing quiet, at the following authorized quotations:

Fair Orleans	7 15-16d.	Middling Orleans	6⅞d.
Fair Mobile	7⅛d.	Middling Mobile	6 13-16d.
Fair Uplands	7¼d.	Middling Uplands	6¾d.

The stock of Cotton at the port of Liverpool, foots up 580,000 bales, of which 430,000 are of American production.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 7, P. M.—Messrs. Richardson Spence & Co., and others, say the week's business in Breadstuffs closed steady.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 7, P. M.—Messrs. Wakefield, Nash & Co. report Provisions as having closed quiet.

LONDON, Dec. 7, P. M.—The English funds have undergone no change since last Tuesday. The London Money market remains the same as per last quotations.

It was expected that the steamship Persia, which left Liverpool on the 8th inst., would take fully $200,000.

DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE.

Convention of South Carolina.

COLUMBIA, Dec. 17, 1 P. M.—A heavy fog hangs like a pall over Columbia to-day, creating a feeling of general gloom. The small pox is causing sad havoc among our people, and the panic is intense, both among citizens and strangers.

Many members of the Legislature have returned to their homes, and others will soon follow.

Strong efforts will be made to-day to adjourn the Legislature and Convention to Charleston. If this proves unsuccessful, the Convention will probably pass an ordinance of secession and then adjourn.

Small Pox at Columbia, S. C.

COLUMBIA, Dec. 17.—There were seventeen cases of small pox reported here on Sunday last, and seven to-day. Only such cases are reported, the symptoms and developments of which clearly indicate the disease.

The South Carolina Legislature has adjourned to meet in Charleston on Thursday next.

Important from South Carolina.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Dec. 17, 4 P. M.—There were four ballots taken for permanent President of the Convention to-day. The following is the result of the third ballot:

List received 38, Chesnut 17, Orr 32, Jamison 64, with some few scattering.

On the fourth ballot, Mr. Jamison received 118, Orr 30, scattering 3.

Mr. Jamison, upon having taken the chair, said that he had not sufficient language to express his thanks for the distinguished honor conferred. No higher honor could be given him than that of Presiding Officer over a Convention with such objects, and affixing his signature to its proceedings.

He considered the Convention as engaged in the performance of the most important duty which ever devolved on the State of South Carolina, the result of which was with that Supreme Being, whose assistance he would now humbly implore for their beloved State.

A resolution was then offered, that when the Convention adjourn it should be to meet at 4 o'clock to-morrow afternoon, in Charleston. This gave rise to a lengthy debate, Mr. Miles appealing to the Convention not to adjourn to Charleston, but to remain in Columbia, regardless of the small-pox or other physical or moral causes, and discharge the duties required of us by South Carolina. He urged that other States would jeer at our timidity in such a crisis, and the want of moral power in the present movement would be affected in other sympathizing States, if the Convention should adjourn to Charleston.

Mr. Cochran, of Abbeville, said he would never consent to leave Columbia until an ordinance of secession was passed, and urged his fellow-members to stand up to all the responsibilities of their position—to remain and perfect their work.

Mr. Keitt remarked that he was as ardently devoted to secession as any man, and determined to be with the Convention until its action was complete, and in recommending immediate adjournment to Charleston said that he would never consent to hurry through the proceedings of the Convention, giving notice that no ordinance should be passed with his consent, until every point was duly considered in all its bearings, after a full investigation and fair discussion. He said we were engaged in a high, patriotic duty, and demanded that members should be in a location where their minds would fairly grapple with the important issues involved, and not be affrighted by the prevalence of a fearful and loathsome pestilence, when no pressing necessity required it.

Others took part in the discussion, pro and con, when a motion to adjourn to Charleston finally prevailed.

A resolution was adopted inviting the Commissioners from Alabama and Mississippi to seats on the floor; also, an amendment that they be requested to address the Convention at 7 o'clock.

On motion, an invitation was also extended to Hon. Howell Cobb to a seat on the floor.

Some member, however, objected, at the same time expressing in complimentary terms to Mr. Cobb that he was not an accredited Commissioner.

Inauguration of the Governor of South Carolina.

At the inauguration to-day of the Governor elect, the galleries of the hall of the House of Representatives was densely crowded, many ladies being present.

Gov. Pickens read his inaugural, the sentiments of which were decidedly firm for secession.

The address was warmly applauded.

In the rear of Gov. Pickens, on the Speaker's stand, sat Howell Cobb, and Messrs. Elmore and Hooker, Commissioners from Alabama and Mississippi.

Yankee Doodle Superseded by the Marseillaise.

MOBILE, Dec. 17.—At the theater to-night, "Yankee Doodle" was hissed down, while the "Marseillaise" was vociferously applauded.

Latest from Washington.

NEW YORK, Dec. 17.—The Washington correspondent of the New York Herald, in a letter of the 13th, says that Attorney General Black has been appointed Secretary of State, vice Secretary Cass resigned, and that Mr. Black is to be succeeded as Attorney General by Mr. Edwin Stanton, formerly of Pennsylvania.

Defence of Government Fortifications.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11.—The impression prevails in high quarters here, that although one or more States may commit overt acts, yet if they are not menaced or interfered with they will retrace their steps.

The President declares that he will defend the fortifications of the country against all attempts aimed at their destruction.

Reverdy Johnson in the Cabinet.

A messenger has been dispatched to Baltimore to ascertain if Reverdy Johnson will accept a place in the Cabinet.

Mr. Corwin's Report.

The Committee of Thirty-three, making but meagre progress, the chairman, Mr. Corwin, of Ohio, reported a series of resolutions, which have met with the approval of a majority of the Committee.

The following is a synopsis of the resolutions:

First—Pledging the faith of Congress against any attempt to abolish slavery in the District of Columbia. Second—Against any interference with the inter-state trade between the States. Third—The abolition of slavery in the dock-yards and arsenals of the slave States. Fourth—Favoring any amendment or amendments which shall result in rendering the Fugitive Slave acts effective and satisfactory to the South. Fifth—Against the discrimination of Congress in the case of slave States asking for admission into the Union. Sixth—The protection of the property of the people of the Territories when non-intervention by Congress shall be the law.

Convalescence of Postmaster-General Holt.

Postmaster General Holt has entirely recovered from his late illness.

Congressional Proceedings.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.—*House.*—In the House a motion recommending the repeal of all State laws which conflict with the Constitution and laws of Congress, passed with a vote of 51 against 14.

Mr. John Cochran, of New York, presented a resolution to the effect that neither Congress nor a Territorial Legislature shall have the power to annul or impair the right of property in the Territories.

A bill was introduced by Mr. Adams, of Kentucky, providing for the punishment of those who may attempt to obstruct the working of the Fugitive Slave Law, and giving damages for the loss in double the amount of the value of the rescued slaves.

Senate.—Mr. Clark's resolution of inquiry concerning Forts Moultrie and Sumpter and the Charleston arsenal, was laid over.

Senator Fitch, of Indiana, is said to be preparing a speech in which he will strongly urge coercion.

Senator Slidell, of La., in his speech to-day charged President Buchanan with imbecility, importing to him the cause of the present troubles and authorship of the present crisis.

Meeting of the New York Delegation.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.—At the meeting of the New York delegation to-day, a resolution was offered by Mr. Reynolds, affirming that the "Union must and shall be preserved," was finally adopted, while slavery extension, the right of secession and coercion were ignored.

The Pennsylvania and Ohio delegations meet tomorrow.

Senator Douglas and Coercion.

Mr. Douglas affirms that he will not deliver a speech advocating or countenancing coercion.

The Republicans and Concession.

The Washington correspondent of the New York Times asserts, that Senator Crittenden says, he can perceive no evidence of compromise or concession on the part of the Republican leaders; and that unless some immediate guarantee is given, Kentucky will go with the South.

The Texas Convention.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.—A let