New Orleans Daily Crescent.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF CITY OF NEW ORLEANS.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CONVENTION OF LOUISIANA.

J. O. NIXON, Editor and Proprietor.

OFFICE - - - NO. 70 CAMP STREET.

Yearly Subscriptions, $10 - - - By the Week, 20 Cents.

☞ Advertisements inserted at the usual rates. A liberal discount made to regular advertisers.

☞ The Weekly Crescent is published every Saturday morning. Subscription, $3—invariably in advance.

FRIDAY MORNING, MARCH 22, 1861.

AUCTION SALES THIS DAY.

G. Lesassier, Hache & Co. sell at 10 o'clock, at No. 69 Chartres street, boots, shoes, etc.

Pistike J. Spear sells at 10 o'clock, at 74 Charles street, a lot of dry goods, etc.

D. E. Morphy sells at 10½ o'clock, at Messrs. Cooper, Smith & Stebbins', damaged articles, etc.

☞ Particulars in advertisements under auction heads, 6th page.

—SHERIFF'S SALES—

E. T. Parker, Sheriff of the Parish of Orleans, sells at 12 o'clock, at the City Hotel, Common street, between Camp and Magazine street, valuable real estate situated in the First District.

☞ Particulars in advertisement on 6th page.

☞ COPIES OF THE CRESCENT, containing the official proceedings of the Convention, can be had at our counter, in wrappers for mailing.

☞ The official proceedings of the Louisiana Convention, in French and English, of the 20th instant, appear on to-day's third page.

☞ The gentlemen of Adams' Express have our thanks for Northern and Western papers in advance of the mails.

We are indebted also to Mr. W. H. Lindo for latest Texas papers.

ACCEPTANCE OF THE CONSTITUTION.

The Louisiana Convention, yesterday, by the decisive vote of one hundred and one to seven, ratified and accepted the Constitution of the Confederate States adopted at Montgomery.

Thus Louisiana is the second State to ratify the Constitution, Alabama having preceded her only a few days.

The ratification by three more States only is needed to establish the Constitution and to inaugurate the Permanent Government in accordance with its provisions. This will be done by all of the Confederate States, we doubt not, as soon as their respective Conventions can be assembled.

The opposition to the decision of this question by our State Convention, as also the objections which were raised to some of the provisions of the Confederate Constitution, have disappeared before the imperative necessities of our position, requiring that no time be lost in the organization of the new Government under a permanent constitutional charter. We feel entirely confident that time will vindicate the wisdom of the step; and that a Constitution so unobjectionable that even our enemies in the North have been compelled to a reluctant acknowledgement of the excellence of its provisions, will prove to be, as near as human wisdom can provide, the chart by which we may be safely guided as well for defence against wrongs as for protection to our rights.

On all accounts, then, we are sincerely gratified at this result, and none the less so that the Convention acted so promptly, and decided this question by a vote so nearly approaching unanimity. Whatever the enemies of Louisiana, either at home or abroad, may say of her, there is no truer State than she is to the honor and the independence of the South!

☞ List of Letters on the third page. ☜

NEW OPERA HOUSE.—Mademoiselle Adelina Patti, who for nearly all the winter has been delighting and enchanting everybody with her sweet vocalization and fine acting, makes her last appearance this evening, before starting for Europe. It is also her benefit. The opportunity to hear her again may not occur for years, and it is seldom that the privilege is offered of hearing one so gifted by nature and so improved by art. Her friends—and no one who has ever seen her upon the stage is not her friend—will rally to-night in countless throngs to listen to her last sweet notes, and to wish her "bon voyage" across the blue Atlantic.

On Monday evening next, M. Lamothe, the popular agent of the Opera, who has been connected with it for sixteen years, will have his benefit, on which occasion will be produced for the first time Rossini's grand opera, "Othello, the Moor of Venice"—in which the leading members of the company will appear. M. Lamothe is a deserving beneficiary, and has troops of friends. Seats may be secured to-day at the box-office from 9 to half past 3 o'clock, and every day until Monday at 5 P. M.

DESOTO RIFLES, ATTENTION.—The members of this company are elsewhere notified to attend drill meetings at the armory, on every Tuesday and Friday evening, at 7 o'clock. See notice.

AMERICAN RIFLES.—See the official notice requiring you to attend drill meeting this evening at 7 o'clock.

THE JUDICIARY.—A card is to-day published giving the names of well-known and appreciated citizens as candidates for the positions of Judges of the several District Courts.

TWO GREAT MATCHES AT THE CREOLE COURSE.—There will be excitement enough at the Creole Course this afternoon. *Emma* and *Gladiator* are to pace a match for $5000, and *In-and-Out* are to trot a match for a $1000; both races at mile heats, to harness, best three in five. All the animals are well, and the track in splendid condition. See Mr. Cassady's card—and engage your buggies early.

HORRIBLE CASE OF POISONING AT ROCKFORD, ILL. *Thirteen Persons Dead.*—We have reports of a horrible case of poisoning at Rockford, Illinois, by which a whole family, consisting of father, mother and eleven children, have been destroyed. The poisoning was produced by eating pork, in the cure of which some deadly substance (probably blue vitriol) had been used by mistake for saltpeter. The father, who died first, was buried on Saturday, 9th inst., on which day the rest of the family died. They were buried on Sunday, hearses having been procured from the neighboring towns.

DESPERATE SUICIDE.—A few weeks since an English lady who had resided for some time in Hamburg, Germany, one of the most noted gambling towns of Europe, and had been a constant visitor to the gambling saloons, where by degrees she had lost almost all of her property, left the town and went out to the village of Rindorf, about three miles distant. She ascended the tower of the new church there, and, having first tied her legs together, threw herself from the tower to the earth, a distance of about one hundred feet. When picked up she was still living, but was conveyed to the hospital of Hamburg in an exceedingly deplorable condition.

DRY GOODS JOBBERS.—Mr. J. G. Sibbald, No. 57½ Magazine street, adv. offers an invoice of cotton tie, linen thread and Swiss a mulins, for sale on consignment. See advertisement.

MERCHANTS' AND AUCTIONEERS' EXCHANGE.—The building formerly occupied by the Post-office department for this city, is now being fitted up with special reference to the accommodation of our merchants and auctioneers. We ask special reference to the notice appearing elsewhere.

THE SHERIFF sells at auction this day, at noon, at the City Hotel, Camp street, a lot of ground situated on Fourbar street, between Gen. Ogden and Lafayette streets, First District. See advertisement.

WE are requested to notify buyers that the second sale of damaged goods from the store of Messrs. Cooper, Smith & Stebbins, takes place this day at 10½ o'clock A. M.

PLACIDE J. SPEAR, auctioneer, calls the attention of the trade to the sale of dry goods and clothing, to take place this day at 10 o'clock, at his auction rooms, No. 74 Chartres street, between Conti and Bienville streets. Sale positive, and terms made known at sale.

INCONSISTENCY.

When Missouri applied for admission into the Union there was strong opposition to it from the Northern representatives in Congress, and the secret of that opposition was the fact that African slavery was one of the institutions of the State. So also in the State of Arkansas. Her admission into the Union was opposed for the same reason because she was a slave State. So also with Texas. In all these instances opposition was made to the act of admission on the ground of the existence of slavery. Some Northern representatives boldly avowed it, while others trumped up other objections as a mere blind, hostility to slavery being really at the bottom of it all.

Now, then, if there were any such thing as logic or consistency in Black Republicanism, it would follow of course that having been reluctant to admit these States into the Union they would be glad to see them go out. The reluctance arose from the delicate sensibilities of the party on the subject of slavery. Now, when these States propose to go back where the Black Republicans were so anxious for them to be, out of the Union, and carry their slaves with them, these consistent gentry are disgusted and indignant at the proposal. They did not want Texas to come into the Union, and yet, strange to say, they do not want her to go out, although she is precisely the same Texas, with the same institutions, that she was when she united with them.

Talk with a Black Republican about slavery, and he will say that his soul is shocked at the idea of living under a Government which recognizes human bondage. Yet if all the slave States propose to withdraw from that Government—propose to relieve those sensitive humanitarians even of their indirect and shadowy responsibility for the institution—they raise their hands in horror, and denounce the proposition as most monstrous. If they are so anxious to be relieved of all connection with slavery, why do they not show a willingness to let us go? One would naturally suppose they would be anxious to get rid of us.

The opposition to the admission of Slave States was caused by two circumstances. One was, that feeling natural to every Puritanical Yankee, which consists of about an equal admixture of hatred and fear for people who are their superiors and the other was an apprehension that the Slave States would have permanent control of the Legislative and Executive Departments of the country. This latter objection having disappeared the ascendancy of the Free States being secured for all time to come, in all the departments of the Government—they wish the Slave States to remain in the Union now, precisely for the reason that they may, through the forms of legislation, gratify the long grudge that they have had against us. Through many weary years they have toiled and waited for the opportunity. Now, when they thought the chance had come at last, and they had the poor South lying prostrate and helpless at their feet, the reflection that their prey escapes them maddens them beyond control, and throws them into a fury of rage and desperation.

This is the secret of their indignation at the withdrawal of the Southern States. Thank God, there are seven of them which have had the manhood to escape the venom of the Abolition reptile, and put themselves beyond the reach of its deadly fangs. On the remaining Southern States, which have chosen to remain in the Union, they will wreak the vengeance which they designed for the whole fifteen. The share to each will only be the greater. The foretaste of it will soon be had when the new tariff of the North, more plundering and oppressive than any ever before made, goes into operation. With full swing in both Houses of Congress, in the Executive Department, and soon in the Judiciary, nothing will oppose their disposition to make the Southern States in the Union a foot-ball, to be kicked about whenever and wherever it may suit their pleasure. For, Abolitionism is essentially aggressive. If it recede, or even stand still, it dies. The instinct of self-preservation will urge it on to such reckless aggression that the Southern States in the Union will be compelled at last to do what we think it would be wisdom to do at once—repudiate all political alliance with those who have but one idea of the use of power, and that is to crush and destroy.

TALK ON CHANGE.

There was a general turn-out yesterday—the flags of Carondelet street were well thronged, without any remarkable transactions being carried through. Cotton rules supreme, has full sway, with sales making at 13¼ cts. for very choice parcels, classing Good Middling. It is believed that the predictions we made towards the close of the month of December and early in January, that Middling cotton would in this month (March) command 12@12½ cts., are fully confirmed, and some operators and buyers who were at that time vacillating, and who asked our views, will recollect that we told them to buy all they could at 10@11c., or at the price then ruling. Cotton is now supreme—it is king and monarch of all at the time. As usual at this season of the year, the Bears are now scrutinizing in a chrysalis state, preparing, as the spring time of the year has come, to shed their coats and appear in a short time as sleek, roaring Bulls. Parties and would-be buyers who have been waiting for the ten cent mark will have the privilege of withdrawing from market. True, we have to receive accounts of some strong re-action on the other side before we can congratulate shippers. Our last quotations from Liverpool for Middling Orleans were 6¾d.—1@1⅛d. advance is required to meet our currency, say 12c., freight ⅝d., exchange 10c.

Last year, after this time, the receipts to the close of the season were 700,000 bales. According to some figures exhibited yesterday, it is requisite to receive from this time to the 31st August, 331,000 bales to make up a crop of 3,600,000 bales. The question is propounded, "are there 360,000 bales in the country (inland towns, at shipping points) to cover these figures?" On taking a broad and comprehensive view, we readily come to the conclusion that the Bulls have the call; that Col. Wrong, Messrs. Neill, Frerer & Co., can change their figures without running any material hazard.

Later advices were due yesterday from Europe. The Vigo, of the 6th from Liverpool for New York, the Portland steamer of the 7th, and the Cunard of the 9th are all due. There does not appear to be much anxiety regarding the expected intelligence. Some shippers of cotton are naturally expected to be on the tenters. There is no further information regarding the contract for tobacco with the French régie.

There were many inquiries regarding the action of the Convention on the Bank bill. It was not called up. The question of accepting the Constitution of the Confederated States of America occupied the Convention. The question was put and decided by a *tolerable* positive vote in favor of accepting at once. This result was expected, and meets the hearty welcome of all true Southerners. The next important question—the Bank bill—will come up to-day. A motion will undoubtedly be made to repeal or abrogate the article 118 of the Constitution of 1852, which will lead to setting the bank question conformable to the desires of the advocates of the ordinance which has been under debate for some days.

The movements on the great landing or levee begin to show some falling off. The receipts of produce from the great West keep up well, and prices for all kinds are well maintained. The rivers in the West—the tributaries of the Mississippi—are rising. We, however, beg our up country *friends* not to be talking of high water, overflows and inundations; that there is an immense quantity of snow on the mountains, and all this, that and the other. These heavy snows will dissolve in May, and come with the June rise from the Rocky Mountains and the Upper Mississippi. The Black Republican minions need not attempt to frighten us with high water accounts, inundations and overflows.

The talk is, the weather is glorious for our planting and agricultural interests; that the planting of cotton is being pushed forward; that an immense quantity of land has been planted with corn, without infringing on the quantity of acres devoted to cotton; that we are laying the foundation of an immense business for the next season; that the low tariff of duties, which will be the law of the Confederated States before a sixty day note falls due, will be productive of the most favorable results to our emporium. So may it be.

There were a few sensation dispatches received over the wires yesterday; they were not regarded as worthy of credence. Through other sources we learn that Mr. Lincoln will show himself; that the evacuation of Fort Sumter was a matter of compulsion. The opinion prevails that Fort Pickens will have to be fought for; that Forts Jefferson and Taylor will not be given up; consequently, we may prepare for some fighting. The sooner it comes the sooner it will be ended.

There were no mails received yesterday. It will not make much difference if there should be none received to-day. We trust the new Confederacy will at least insure our community three or four mails per week. It is far more preferable to have tri-weekly mails regularly and faithfully delivered than the slip-shod system and apology for a daily mail service, under which our community has willingly submitted for years. We in no way or manner favor submission, reconstruction; so, if the mails do not come, they can remain behind. We can live without mails and the Post office and appendages.

☞ Judge of the Sixth District Court—We are authorized to announce JONATHAN ACCUSTIS as a candidate for Judge of the Sixth District Court of New Orleans. Election, April 1, 1861. mh 22 2t

☞ Charles A. Taylor, Esq., will be supported as an independent candidate for the Judgeship of the Sixth District Court, by MANY CITIZENS. mh 22 2t

☞ R. K. Howell, Judge of the Sixth District Court of New Orleans, is a candidate for reelection. mh 22 2t

☞ Judge T. G. Hunt, of the First District Court of New Orleans, will be supported for reelection by NUMEROUS FRIENDS. mh 22 2t

☞ The Hon. P. H. Morgan, Judge of the Second District Court, will be a candidate for reelection. MANY FRIENDS. mh 22 2t

☞ Judge of the Third District Court—The friends of L. A. SIMONDS, Esq., present him as a candidate for reelection to the Judgeship of the Third District Court. mh 22 2t

☞ We are authorized to announce the Hon. THOMAS J. COOLEY, of Point Coupee, as a candidate for Judge of the Third Court, composed of the parishes of Avoyelles, Point Coupee and West Feliciana. Election on the First MONDAY in April next. mh 22 2t

☞ Herring's Patent Champion Fire and Burglar Proof SAFES, No. 81 and 83 Gravier street, New Orleans. 6 S 4 y

☞ "Hooped Skirts Half Fare Extra."—Central Cross Bills, boxes who know as much as anybody, and is quite as fond of joking, passed, a number of our customers, in a conspicuous place, the above notice. Four ladies were the next passengers, and they dropped into the money box the "half fare extra," without a murmur, and very properly occupied a whole side of the omnibus calculated to seat six ordinary persons. The conductor was certainly kindled by a gentleman of quite the circumference of moderate-sized hoops, but the omnibus was full, by reason of the ladies, so they had a perfect right to sit, comfortably occupying possession of the space for which they had paid, and no more, "hoops" or no "hoops."

The gentle passengers, with here and there a girl, made the ride exceedingly merry, and the weight of the large gentleman's lady had nearly crushed out his breath, from handing on to the strap behind, he realized in sorrow, to the tune that they were "once a little too much," and they decreed his attention, wherever he was seated, and he would "Hooped Skirts half fare extra." Of course the ladies laughed nearly half their position.

The large gentleman was all run down, and began off, rolling like a porpoise. Wiping the perspiration from his brow, he stepped into the central station, and said the conductor and his companions should be "amazingly—literally and any, "ridiculous," said he, "in this country, where no one is independent, the omnibuses and restaurants." The person addressed, having excellent judgment in such matters, very properly decided the complaint unfounded, and recommended Dr. Drake's Stomach Bitters, and in a few minutes he was quite a third man.

Meanwhile, the exhausted man resting the other side in the corner of the omnibus, with one of Dr. Drake's Bitters, he declared he felt perfectly at the expense of his whole bodily strength of the large gentleman and the "half fare extra" of the fair ladies.

The omnibus proprietor thought the new "American excelsior" rule did not adopt it, fearing that it would be an old, solitary ride with the ladies.

The large gentleman ever since the occurrence is very particular in recommending that the Bitters would be drinks are "Drakes" to them perfect. N. O. Mirror.

mh 22 3t&W&F&W

☞ Natural Magic!—Suppose a case: Suppose you have sandy, red, white, grizzly, or faading yellow hair. Suppose you prefer a lady brown, a rich dark brown or a raven black. Well, you apply if you are wise, CRISTADORO'S EXCELSIOR HAIR DYE, which will render your silver shown you a Wonderful Transformation! Every body that a few minutes before was an unsightly object, is now an element of beauty. "A magnificent head of hair" is the effect of one's whenever you inquire. The difference between Beauty and the Beast was not more striking than the before a gray or red head is a state of nature, and any in which this famous dye has been applied.

Manufactured by J. CRISTADORO, No. 6 Astor House, New York. Sold everywhere, and applied by all Hair Dressers.

6eP 3t&W&W

Independent Ticket,

FOR THE JUDICIARY.

First District Court ..... T. G. HUNT.
Second District Court ..... P. H. MORGAN.
Third District Court ..... L. A. SIMONDS.
Fourth District Court ..... JOHN W. PRICE.
Fifth District Court ..... H. B. GUNN.
Sixth District Court ..... CHAS. A. TAYLOR.

The above ticket will be supported by many

mh 22 2t INDEPENDENT VOTERS.

To the Public.

The public are hereby informed that the Ice House formerly occupied by the United States Post Office, has been hereby fitted up for a MERCHANTS' AND AUCTIONEERS' EXCHANGE, and will be opened on the 1st April next.

☞ Several ROOMS and OFFICES for rent. For particulars, apply to

J. Y. LUSK, Agent.

mh 22 2p3t No. 1, Carondelet street (in the premises).

Direct Importation.

GREAT BARGAINS

—In—

SPRING SILKS.

5000 METRES ELEGANT SPRING TAFFETAS,

—AT—

One Dollar per Yard!

LYONS GRENADINES AND SILK TISSUES—200 pieces entirely New Styles, at 75c. per yard.

NEW ORGANDY BAREGES—A Central of a Garment, from 12½ cents to $1 per yard.

FRENCH PERCALES, at 12½c. per yard.

FRENCH JACONET, from 10 cents to 12½ cents per yard.

FRENCH ORGANDIES, from 50 cents to 75 cents.

ORGANDY DRESSES, from $4.

—Also—

FAMILY LINEN,
TABLE LINEN,
TOWELS, NAPKINS,
LINEN SHEETING,
PILLOW LINEN,
REAL TOILE DE COURTRAI,
PRINTED REGATTAS,
PRINTED SWISS CAMBRICS,
FANS—ALL STYLES,
REAL GREY MITS,
CAMBRAI LACE SHAWLS,
CAMBRAI LACE MANTILLAS,
MISSES' LACE POINTS,
REAL ALENCON AND GUIPURE POINTS,
" " " " SHAWLS,
BLACK LACE FLOUNCES,
Valenciennes and Point de Paris Collars, etc.

J. LEVOIS & CO.,

mh 22 2p3t corner of Canal and Bourbon streets.

To Dry Goods Jobbers.

For sale on consignment, by the undersigned—150 cases UMBRELLAS, 10 cases of LINEN THREAD, 10 cases of SWISS MULL.

J. G. SIBBALD,

mh 22 2p1w No. 53½ Magazine street.

Nominations

—OF THE—

JEFFERSON DAVIS ASSOCIATION.

DAVIS TICKET.

First District Court ..... F. H. HUNT.
Second District Court ..... G. W. BRIEN.
Third District Court ..... M. A. DOUTY.
Fourth District Court ..... J. W. PRICE.
Fifth District Court ..... [illegible] D. DRIEN.
Sixth District Court ..... R. K. HOWELL.

"The right man in the right place." The man and not the party.

mh 22 2p1w

Customhouse Blanks,

AS NOW USED AT THE CUSTOM HOUSE.

—FOR—

Steamboat Captains,

SHIP CAPTAINS AND MERCHANTS.

—For sale at the—

NEW ORLEANS STATIONERS' WAREHOUSE.

BLOOMFIELD & STEEL,

General Stationers,

Printers and Blank Book Manufacturers,

mh 21 2t No. 60 Camp street.

A Card.

DR. ROBERT HUNTER,

Of New York,

PHYSICIAN FOR AFFECTIONS

—OF THE—

Throat, Lungs and Heart.

DR. HUNTER takes this method of announcing to his friends and those who are desirous of consulting him that he will [illegible] at New Orleans about the 1st of April.

For any desirable information persons who are in need of the services of his treatment, should leave a message at the office of the Daily Crescent, where he will be informed of the time and place of his consultations.

☞ OFFICE, 16 CANAL STREET, near Bienville.

Hours of Consultation: 9 A. M. to 12 M. daily. mh 20 2t

A Friend in Need

IS A FRIEND INDEED!

A single dollar expended for the all cases wherein DALLEY'S MAGICAL PAIN EXTRACTOR for the relief and cure of all external affections. One trial is enough to convince the most incredulous of its wonderful curative powers.

For sale by New Dealers, wholesale and retail, by

J. WRIGHT & CO.,

21 and 23 Carondelet street,

mh 8 2t&w2t&W New Orleans.

Removal.

SMITH, COOPER & STEBBINS

Have removed from 74 Carondelet street to No. 7 FRONT DRAKE STREET, one door from Magazine.

mh 20 2t

Grand Depot

—OF—

LAMPS!.....COAL OIL!.....LAMPS!

USE COAL OIL!

Undoubtedly the cheapest, will burn in any of the

PARLOR LAMPS,
HALL LAMPS,
SUSPENSION AND SIDE LAMPS,
COAL OIL CHANDELIERS,
BRACKETS and Sewing LAMPS.

Just received by Steamer Arizona and Packet Magnolia, the most elegant and newest patterns, to be seen for the Coal Oil, at Granite Enclosed Press.

—An immense supply of the best coal oil.—

Maysville Coal Oil,

Eupion Coal Oil,

Kerosine Oil,

Which will sell at the old prices—$1.25 per gallon—not withstanding the advance. Dealers will find it to their interest to call.

PARAFFINE CANDLES,

AT THE LOWEST OR RETAIL.

Having on hand a large stock of all articles in the Lamp and Oil trade, purchasers will find it their interest to call. Goods and prices to suit purchasers of all kinds.

S. W. NOYES,

No. 78 Commercial Place, New Orleans.

☞ All Oil sold by me is guaranteed equal to any PURE made, and sold by me for no other Oil.

mh 20 2t

Bird Importation

—OF—

FANCY & STAPLE DRY GOODS!

GIQUEL & JAMISON,

AT THEIR NEW STORE,

126.....Canal street.....126

Have just received from Paris a full and superior assortment of SPRING GOODS, to which they call the attention of their friends and the public, viz:

RICH EMBROIDERED GRENADINES,
" Colored and Black Silk Mantles,
" Embroidered Black Brilliant Barages,
" Printed Organdies and Muslins,
" " Jonnets and Bobinettes,
Real and Imitation Lace Shawls,
" " " Mantillas,
" " " Burnous,
Black Silk Mantillas,
Printed Linen Cambrics and Lawns,
Rich Embroidered Lace and Linen Cambric Skirts,
Embroidered Jaconet and Swiss Robes,
Real and Imitation Black Lace Veils,
Embroidered and Plain Linen and Barege Shawls,
Valenciennes, Point, Paris Collars and
Apollo and Sylphide Polkas,
Fine Mitts, Gauntlets and Gloves,
French and Swiss Jaconet and Mull Muslins, & Insertings,
Parasols, Marquises and Fancy Parasols,
Lisle Thread, Cotton and Silk Hosiery, every description,
Fans, Ribbons, Handkerchiefs, etc. etc.
Men's and Boys' Linen and Cotton Shirts and Underclothing.

—Together with—

A FULL AND COMPLETE ASSORTMENT

—OF—

Fancy and Domestic Dry Goods.

GIQUEL & JAMISON,

126.....Canal street.....126

Between St. Charles and Carondelet streets.

mh 8 2t&W

Warranted Genuine

JOUVIN'S KID GLOVES,

LESS THAN COST!

The undersigned will sell the above distinguished superior KID GLOVES, from this date, at the following prices:

A PAIR OF LADIES', for $3 00
A PAIR OF GENTLEMEN'S, for $3 50

☞ Each pair warranted. Goods cheap.

—AT—

GUION'S DEPOT OF NOVELTIES,

No. 29 PT. CHARLES STREET.

mh 19 2p2t A few doors from Canal.

Straw Goods.

Ladies' Straw BONNETS, Children's Straw HATS and CAPS, Boys' Napoleon and Jockey HATS.

B. PIPPET,

mh 18 2p&W&Sa 121 Canal street.

U. Larroussini & Co.,

137.....CANAL STREET.....137

Over $200,000 Worth

—OF—

NEW GOODS

WILL BE OFFERED

AT AN IMMENSE REDUCTION,

ON AND AFTER MONDAY,

Having established the CASH SYSTEM in our house, we are enabled to offer to

Country and City Buyers,

AT UNEQUALED PRICES, one of the BEST AND MOST COMPLETE STOCKS in the city.

We invite buyers to come and examine our goods before purchasing elsewhere.

The following are the Prices of a few of our Goods:

300 pieces New STYLE JACONETS at 10c. a yard.
100 pieces Lace Stripe JACONETS, at 12½ and 25c. per yard.
200 pieces N. o. 80 JACONETS at 12½c. a yard.
100 JACONET ROBES at $5.
200 MUSLIN JACONET ROBES at $5.
150 pieces POULARD, New Goods at 10c. a yard.
3 cases FRENCH PRINTS, at 5c. a yard.
2 cases FINE PRINTED CAMBRICS at 12½c. a yard.
2 cases Extra Fine do. do. do. at 15c. a yard.
2 cases ORGANDIE, worth 40c. at 20c. a yard.
200 BAREGE ROBES at $3.
2 cases JEWELLED TARLATANS, at 20c. a yard.
2 cases ENGLISH BARONES, in shell, at $[illegible] per yard.
100 ORGANDY ROBES, at $1.50.
3 cases PLAID GINGHAMS, at 8½c. a yard.

EMBROIDERIES!.....EMBROIDERIES!

100 CROCHET COLLARS at 50c.
200 " " " at 37½c.
100 " " " at 25c.
200 " " " at 20c.
50 SHIRTING LINEN SHIRTS at $6.
Fine Embroidered JAPONETTES, at 50c.
400 " " " at $1.75.
200 Swiss Work COLLARS and Sleeves at 75c.
100 SHIRT BANDS, at 12½.
500 " " " at 25c.
500 very Best SHIRT BANDS at 40c.

—Cheap!—

French Embroidered Collars and Sleeves.

A lot of Good Swiss Embroidered Collars, at 37½c.

1000 pieces Hemstitched HANDKERCHIEFS, at 50c. per dozen.

250 pieces Hemstitched LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS, at 12½c. each.

—ALSO—

Embroidered Linen Cambric Ruffles.

1000 pieces PLAID MUSLINS, for dress, at 6 cents a yard.

LINEN SHEETING, Bed Ticking, Checks.

DAMASK, MUSLINS,

WHITE, Pink and Blue TICKS.

750 SPRINT BURNOUS, at $2.50.

BARBIE BURNOUS.

2000 pairs Muslin and LACE CURTAINS, to be sold cheap at auction for account of manufacturers.

IRISH LINEN, Pure Flax, at 62½ a piece.

12-4 LINEN SHEETING, at 75c. a yard.

DAMASK TABLE CLOTHS, at 75c., $1 and $1.25.

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