New Orleans Daily Crescent.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF CITY OF NEW ORLEANS.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CONVENTION OF LOUISIANA.

J. O. NIXON, Editor and Proprietor.

OFFICE---NO. 70 CAMP STREET.

Yearly Subscriptions, $10 - - - By the Week, 20 Cents.

☞ Advertisements inserted at the usual rates. A liberal discount made to regular advertisers.

☞ The Weekly Crescent is published every Saturday morning. Subscription, $3—invariably in advance.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, APRIL 3, 1861.

AUCTION SALES THIS DAY.

E. Roger & Co. sell at 10 o'clock, at Nos. 45 & 47 Old Levee street, between Gentilly House and Elysian Fields, a lot of dry goods, etc.

J. M. Walton offers at 10½ o'clock, on the premises, No. 15 Burgundy street, fine furniture, etc.; also, at 12 o'clock, at Sampson's stock, fine furniture, etc.; also, at 12 o'clock, at Charles Exchange, valuable real estate and a slave.

McMorran & Beasley sell at 11 o'clock A. M., at Masonic Hall, five persons, etc.

D. A. Murphy sells at 11½ o'clock, at No. 69 Tchoupitoulas street, 1341 lots.

☞ Numbers in advertisements under auction heads, 5th page.

☞ TOTES OF THE CRESCENT, containing the official proceedings of the Convention, can be had at our counter, in wrappers for mailing.

RECRUITING SERVICE. — We learn that the recruiting service for the regular army of the Confederate States is progressing finely, and that stalwart men and true patriots are enrolling themselves daily. Still, in view of probable contingencies, notwithstanding the enlistments are sufficiently satisfactory, we would like that the Regiment of Infantry called for should be filled up as soon as possible. Why? Louisiana was the first to aid Gen. Taylor at the commencement of the war with Mexico. Shall she not now be the first, when there is a prospect of a glorious fight ahead? We hope so. Her banner has never been lowered. It never will be lowered. Of that we are sure; but hostilities may commence at Pensacola, and the victory be gained, before this regiment can arrive there, unless the lists are at once made up. The gallant Col. Gladden commands, Lieut. Col. Adams is second in command, and Maj. Bradford is third. Better officers for a regiment could not well be obtained. The mere statement of these facts should be sufficient to fill up the regiment immediately. For further particulars, see official publication in another column.

CANDIDATE FOR AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS.—In another column Mr. H. Peralta, of East Baton Rouge, is announced as a candidate for Auditor of Public Accounts at the election which takes place on the first Monday of November next. Mr. P. has been chief clerk in the Auditor's office for many years, and has discharged his duties efficiently. His intimate acquaintance with the details of the office qualify him for the first position, and should he be chosen the public will have a faithful and dextrous officer.

INAUGURATION BALL OF THE FRENCH BENEVOLENT ASSOCIATION.—We are under obligations to the managers of this ball, which is to come off next Saturday evening, for tickets of invitation. From what we can learn, and judging from the names of the Directors, we cannot doubt but that it will be a most brilliant affair, in every way worthy the attention of those fond of terpsichorean enjoyments, while the noble object for which it is given should make the sale of tickets a matter of interest to all charitably disposed persons.

MERCHANTS' AND AUCTIONEERS' EXCHANGE.—This establishment will be formally opened to-day at 12 M. The location chosen, that of the old Post-office, is by all means the most suitable that could have been found, and the enterprise will no doubt prove a success. Our thanks are due to Mr. L. Y. Loeb, agent, for tickets of invitation to attend at the opening to-day.

THE RACE TO-DAY.—The race at the Metairie to-day will be between *Belle Ward*, (the winner of yesterday) *Equinox* and *Twilight*, at mile heats, best three in five, for a club purse of $600.

Belle Ward is the favorite at large odds against the other two. The betting last night was like "the handle of a jug"—all on one side. At one of the betting rooms last night, nine pools summed up as follows: On Belle Ward, $1375; on Twilight, $1090; and on Equinox, $765.

AMUSEMENTS. — *Varieties Theater.* — The bill is changed again; to-night we are to have "The Serious Family" and "Po-ca-hon-tas." This will be the last opportunity of seeing these great funny pieces, for this is the last week of the season. We are loth to say it, but the melancholy fact stares us in the face, that this is the last week of the Varieties season.

Opera House. — Frezzolini did not appear last night, owing (as we are informed) to sickness. To-night, "The Queen of Cyprus" is to be performed. Frezzolini is announced to appear to-morrow night in the opera originally announced, "Rigoletto."

Academy of Music. — Heller, the magician, gives another of his lively and astonishing performances to-night, with the charming assistance of Miss Bertram. The tricks and conjurations of the Professor, the musical performances of himself and his fair assistant, and their joint mystification in second-sight seeing, constitute one of the best and most pleasing entertainments that can possibly be desired.

St. Charles Theater. — Hermann, the great French necromancer, of world-wide fame, gives another of his elegant and astonishing performances to-night. He does things which impress upon the mind a lingering sensation of puzzlement and wonder which time only can cure.

The Ladies' Fair.—At Odd Fellows' Hall, the fair for the benefit of the Orphans' Home will be continued to-night. To-day, from 11 to 3, a most appetizing lunch will be set out, for all ladies and gentlemen who can make it convenient to attend. Remember it, everybody, as you pass up and down Camp street, to-day! At the St. Joseph's Catholic School, on Marais street near Common, the fair for the benefit of that school will be continued to-night. It has been well patronized thus far, and it is entitled to still larger patronage.

John Owens' Benefit. — Manager John Owens takes his benefit on Saturday night, at the public's pet theater, the Varieties. The bill offered is an extraordinary one. Think of Shakspeare's "Comedy of Errors," "The Militia Training," "The Live Indian," and a melange of singing and dancing, with John and the other funny ones all through the whole of it! Read the advertised manifesto—then look out for your seats.

THE IMPROVEMENT OF THE AGE.—Within the past century the mind of man has been exerted to the uttermost in the endeavors to penetrate the secrets of nature. The most subtle intellects and the most abstruse minds have been taxed in the effort to bring out from nature the beautiful and the useful. Step by step has the path of discovery and improvement been followed. Among the results achieved by this course of arduous investigation is the discovery of the superior merits of coal oil. As an illuminating agent it has, by test, been found equal to the desires of all who require the services of artificial light. Messrs. Crocker & Hill, No. 6 Chartres street, are in receipt of an immense stock of this oil. Lamps of every description of pattern and device, especially adapted to its use, ornamental and useful, in shelves and counters. Country merchants, planters and others, now in our city, will be gratified by calling and inspecting for themselves. So popular has become the reputation of Messrs. Crocker & Hill as dealers in coal oil among our resident population, that it is scarcely worth while that we should refer them to the advertisement to-day published.

CROTON SOCKS.—Mr. D. H. Prescott to-day advertises a select lot of young horses, just received from St. Louis, Mo. They can be seen at the stables of Mr. W. N. Rogers, No. 193 Gravier street. See advertisement.

J. B. WALTON, auctioneer, will sell to-day, beginning at half-past 9 A. M., at No. 15 Burgundy street, a general assortment of household furniture, consisting of rosewood parlor set, black walnut bedroom sets, carpets, gas chandeliers, glass and chinaware, etc. For particulars see advertisement.

LOOK OUT, you who buy 'em, for the closing sale which takes place this day at 10½ o'clock, by D. A. Murphy, auctioneer. See auction columns.

FAY McCORREN & LANCEY'S advertisement of sale of fashionable hats, shoes, fancy wool hats, to come off this morning at 11 o'clock, at their auction room, Masonic Hall.

THE NEWS FROM MEXICO.

However unpromising may be the prospect of success, there is little doubt that Mexico, if we may credit the news published in yesterday's paper, contemplates an armed foray into Texas, with a view of reasserting her authority over that State. It is reported that the Mexican General, Ampudia, had issued proclamations and handbills, scattering them all over the country, calling upon the people to rally to his standard that Texas belonged to them of right, and now was the auspicious moment to regain her, left defenceless, as he supposed, by the withdrawal of the United States troops. And that at the head of three thousand men, increasing in numbers at every point, Ampudia was marching forward to attack Brownsville.

These Mexicans must be exceedingly ignorant of the true state of affairs to suppose that the withdrawal of the United States troops has left Texas without the means of defence. We do not recollect the exact number of United States troops that have been withdrawn from Texas, but we are of opinion they did not exceed one thousand, all told. If the fear of one thousand men was all that restrained Mexico from attacking Texas heretofore, her conduct now is equally as silly in supposing that the defence of Texas, by such withdrawal, has been to any appreciable extent impaired.

For, there is not another such race of fighting people on the surface of the globe as the people of Texas. The young men of that State are soldiers both by descent and by education. The sons of old Texan hunters and rangers, brought up to the use of fire-arms of every description, exposed to the dangers of the field and forest, and inured to every kind of personal hardship, they are the best fighters in the world, and don't know what it is to get whipped. Other countries have trained soldiers, who fight like machines, and are apt to be overborne when met by superior numbers; but the Texans fight always to the death, never leaving the field, except in pursuit of the retreating enemy, whenever they are brought to a hand-to-hand conflict.

We do not know the exact number of men that Texas could put into the field, but it must amount to nearly her whole adult male population, for every man there is a soldier. Alone and unassisted, she is able to repel any force Mexico may send against her—but the occasion has only to arise for the aid of her Southern sisters, when volunteers from all parts of the Southern Confederacy will rally to her aid with the same alacrity as when they met the Mexican legions in the late war, and humbled their pride by such a series of brilliant victories.

In that war, it will be recollected, Mexico claimed the territory lying between the Nueces and the Rio Grande. It was the presence of United States troops on the disputed territory that Mexico alleged as the excuse for her taking up arms. But, in the present instance, there is no dispute about territory or boundary lines, because the latter have been all arranged by treaties. The pretence of Ampudia that the whole of Texas belongs to Mexico, notwithstanding treaties by which the whole thing was definitely settled, is therefore only a flimsy pretext for waging war, and taking revenge, upon a people that they are foolish enough to suppose they can conquer, in consequence of the domestic difficulties of the old Union, and the withdrawal of the Federal troops.

This may be, as we said yesterday, an individual enterprise of Gen. Ampudia, or it may be by the authority and at the instigation of the Mexican Government itself. In either event, the result will be the same. The policy of Texas will be defensive until the first gun is fired upon Brownsville. There are not a few eager and impatient spirits in that State, who only need an opportunity to obtain even greater "indemnity for the past and security for the future" than Mexico was let off with at the close of the last war.

TALK ON 'CHANGE.

Yesterday opened under the advices from Europe brought by the Hamburg and North German Lloyd's steamer up to the 20th ult., quoting an advance in cotton of one farthing. Between the 15th and 19th this intelligence was, of course, highly satisfactory to parties who had been buying on the basis of 8d. Some factors, of course, advanced their pretensions—sufficiently high before—according to the talk. After meridian, the arrival of the America at Halifax for Boston, with dates to the 23d, was announced, quoting Orleans Middling at 7¾d. Whether these figures are correct or not, there is no way of ascertaining, until the arrival of the regular mails. After the gross deceptions which have been practiced for three weeks, we repudiate all figures coming by the telegraph. Having said this much, we listened to very little of the talk on the flags yesterday, when the staple was alluded to.

There was some talk that the mammoth steamer Great Eastern was being prepared for another voyage to America. That it was possible Norfolk, Va., might be the place of destination for the present intended voyage. We desire to bring into consideration some of our own talk—our own views—which, we think, will command the consideration of those connected with or interested in the foreign trade of the South-west, and with direct importing in the Western States.

The free trade system of the Confederate States, or rather the almost nominal import duties, will draw vast quantities of merchandise through the port of New Orleans. As the steamer Great Eastern can be made a source of revenue and profit to the stockholders, by judicious management, it is suggested that she be placed in the trade between New Orleans and England. But, what will she do or what will she gain by coming to New Orleans? How will she get here? are questions easily propounded, and readily answered. Therefore, we have only to suggest that the Great Eastern, in the month of August next, be advertised to leave some prominent port in England, on the 1st October. That she will, it is presumed, take thousands of tons of freight—merchandise of all kinds—to be delivered at the port of New Orleans. All the importers in the cities of the great West can avail themselves of the opportunity at low rates of freight. Well, the question is asked, how is the ship to get here? She can come to one of the safest harbors known, (Cat Island) within five and six hours run of New Orleans. She can carry into this harbor from 36 to 48 feet of water. She can there discharge cargo, and receive cargo through lighters, steamboats, via the Mexican Gulf Railroad, or via the other two railroads, Pontchartrain or Carrollton, with the same ease and facility which attend the discharging and landing of large vessels in Mobile Bay. By the route of the Mexican Gulf Railroad and other routes, one thousand bales of cotton could be delivered daily, to any vessel lying in Cat Island harbor. As the Great Eastern has been measured to carry thirty thousand bales of cotton, she could be loaded in thirty days; but we reduce this quantity and allow her twenty thousand bales. New Orleans is the only port where a full load of cotton can be obtained for her, in the space of thirty days. Therefore, we have no hesitation in urging on the managers of this great vessel to send her to New Orleans. We are supported in our suggestions by the favorable action of the imposts of the Southern Confederacy, which will go into effect in a short time after the reassembling of Congress at Montgomery, next month.

In calling the attention of the commercial world and the proprietors of the Great Eastern to the great advantages and immense trade of New Orleans, it is not out of place to remark that the harbors of Ship and Cat Island have heretofore been the depot of British mail steamers; that for one or two years the West India line connected with our city via Ship Island and the Mexican Gulf Railroad, and though the project was not successful, it was never altogether abandoned. A change in the political posture of the United States places a different aspect on communication by steam between our great emporium and the European continent.

In our talk yesterday we gave an extract from Gore's (old) Advertiser, of the 8th March. Not having room for the entire article, we give it this morning, as talked of for three or four days past.

From all accounts, public and private, there has been a great deal of talking, a great deal of thinking, and perhaps some acting on the Liverpool flags, brought about by the secession movement. But nothing has aroused or riled our trans-Atlantic cousins so much as the Morrill tariff, which is now in force throughout the old Federal Union. The great revenue act of the last Congress of the United States of America has aroused England. The feelings in regard to it were only in advance of the bill, as being expected to become a law. The talk on the Liverpool flags was strong, and that old and substantial representative of the Liverpool merchants, Gore's General Commercial Advertiser, which we have known for over forty years, indulges in the following language regarding secession, negroes and tariff. The italics used in the extract below are our own:

The last news from America is fully as important as any which has reached us since the election of Mr. Lincoln to the Presidential chair of the United States. The Legislature at Washington was engaged in the construction of a tariff most inimical to the interests of the non-manufacturing States, and not less so to the interests of this country. Such a tariff must widen the breach between the North and South, and must enlist the sympathies of the whole commercial world on the side of the latter. It plainly demonstrates that the question of slavery, as a domestic institution, is not the only one which renders a reconciliation impossible between North and South. Their material interests—property in slaves not included—lie wide as the poles asunder. And if protection—rampant protection—be held to be the true interest of the Northern States, then there can be no community of interests between them and a country like Great Britain, on whose banners are inscribed, "Free trade with all the world." *But with the Southern Confederacy, whose interest it is to sell us the raw material of our industry and to buy our manufactured goods, there must spring up spontaneously such a close alliance with Great Britain as will render the grasping selfishness of the protectionist States hurtful to no one but themselves.* Can we hesitate for a moment, when asked to decide into which scale we will throw the weight of our moral support? On one scale uplifted by President Lincoln is engraved, "Protection to native industry at whatever cost—although by its measure we may increase a hundred-fold to our own people the cost of many of the prime necessaries of life." On the other scale, uplifted by President Davis, is engraved, "Free trade—no duties except for the purposes of revenue; a full supply of cotton for the mills of Lancashire, and an open market for the products of its looms." This suicidal tariff will effectually isolate the North, and seal it against the commerce of the world, and the very attempt to introduce such a measure demonstrates the necessity of a separation between the Southern and Northern States. Such an outrageously extravagant system of protection as it embodies, furnishes the South with a sufficient justification for its firm resolve never to readmit an union so destructive in its operation to their most vital interests. The Southern States know well that the commercial intercourse between them and the manufacturing countries of the old world, especially Great Britain, cannot be too untrammeled by fiscal regulations. The commerce-killing tariffs of the North are hateful in their eyes. What interest have they in the iron founderies of Pennsylvania, or the cotton factories of Lowell? They care not to protect the shipping of the North. Their object is our object, only more naturally theirs than ours, "to sell in the dearest and buy in the cheapest markets of the world."

We, therefore, confidently assert that the question of slavery is not the real bone of contention between the Northern and the Southern States. The question at issue is that of free trade, or protection, so insatiable in its demands and so selfish in its exclusiveness as to impose a prohibitory duty on articles in the production of which it cannot hope to compete with those who possess infinitely superior facilities for the work. Our policy of free trade—whatever difference of opinion once existed on the subject—is now irreversible; and while we will extend the right hand of fellowship to those who embrace it, we will turn the cold shoulder to those who would give us stones for our bread, and scorpions for our dishes—who would sell us all the products of their industry, but receive none of ours in return. We cannot find language sufficiently strong to express our detestation of a scale of duties which is intended to exclude from the markets of America the produces of England, of Germany, and of France; and we must wish God speed to the new Republic of the South, which must triumph in its contest with the North because its might is in its *right*. It is lamentable to think—we write more in sorrow than in anger—that a great people like the Americans should so far lag behind the age, so misunderstand the epoch in which they live, and so blindly rush on their own destruction, as to adopt a policy so suicidal to themselves, so uncommercial, so indicative of a narrow, selfish, unenlightened spirit, as that which is embodied in the so-called Morrill tariff.

MARRIED:

On Tuesday evening, April 2, at St. Patrick's Church, by the Rev. Cornelius Moran, Pastor, Rev. T. W. BELL to Miss ANNIE O'BRIEN, both of this city.

DIED:

On Wednesday, 3d inst., at 6½ o'clock P. M., PHILIPS AUBERY, Sr., aged 73 years.

His friends and acquaintances and those of his family are invited to attend his funeral this evening at 5 o'clock, from No. 125 Toulouse street, between Dauphine and Burgundy.

In this city, on Monday, 1st inst., of consumption, Mrs. ELIZA J. WOLMSBY, consort of C. L. Wolmsby, of Natchitoches.

☞ For Auditor of Public Accounts—Please announce H. PERALTA as a candidate for Auditor of Public Accounts at the election in November.

ad 2pto CREOLE.

☞ We are authorized to announce BYTHELL HAYNES, of East Feliciana, as a candidate for Auditor of Public Accounts at the election in November.

ad 2pin.*

☞ Twenty Thousand Dollars Forfeit—Try ALL AND ADHERE TO THAT WHICH IS BEST.—For Crookes' Vegetable Stomach Bitters we claim no patronage on account of its being a Southern product—knowing them to stand on their merits—but would respectfully ask the public to give them a fair and impartial trial, and in the event of the article failing to receive public favor, it is reasonable to suppose that their use will be discontinued; but of this we have no fears for the reasons following:

1st. That Crookes' Stomach Bitters are purely vegetable—the principal herb used being the Italian Chamomile flower, famed all the world over for its medicinal properties.

2d. That they contain no mineral drug, acid, essential oil, or other injurious ingredient of any nature or kind, which is usually found in adulterated articles.

3d. That the spirit is the best to be had in the market, and every article used in their preparation is invariably of the choicest quality, regardless of cost, combining at once the most palatable—as all who have tried them will readily attest—as well as the most pure Medicinal Vegetable Tonic now in use.

Testimony to attest to the truth of what we speak regarding this article, that the foregoing are mere assertions unsupported by proof, and to this end we beg further to state,

4th. That any and all times, whether in our store or warehouse, in the hands of our agents, or wherever Crookes' Vegetable Stomach Bitters may be found, we will submit them for analysis to a jury of respectable chemists, who may be named by the Mayor of the city of New Orleans; and if they are found to be other than that which we represent them to be, we hereby bind ourselves to allow the $5,000 to take possession of our stock-in-trade and sell it for the benefit of the charitable institutions of the city.

We would have deemed this guarantee to the public unnecessary, beyond the fact that there is such a variety of trash in the market, and that unprincipled parties who sell inferior articles, count themselves at times—even by statements which makes truth revolt—should resort to lies to blind the public and palmist on it for which they know to be vastly superior to their own; and if, after this date, they should be heard to assert that Crookes' Bitters are not what we represent them to be, we can only answer directly, and to the point, we think: WHY NOT CAUSE US TO FORFEIT THEM TO THE CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS OF THE CITY, IF THEY ARE OTHER THAN WE REPRESENT THEM TO BE.

The public will be able to judge whether we would be willing to stand by this test, if we knew any of our Bitters were only empty assertions; and when any other manufacturer offers the same guarantee to the public we will then admit their article to be equal to our own.

We commence the preparation of Crookes' Vegetable Stomach Bitters with the determination of producing the purest and most medicinal vegetable tonic extant, without regard to cost, and beyond a praiseworthy one, our efforts have been crowned with the most unbounded success.

CROOKES & CO., Sole Proprietors,
m25 2plmeod&W No. 110 Tchoupitoulas street, N. O.

☞ Purify Your Blood—Brandreth's Pills WARRANTED TO CURE FEVER AND AGUE.—The effect of purging with Brandreth's Pills is to restore the health, no matter from what cause it may be suffering. They take out all impurities from the system; and they have the same power of expelling over poison, pulmonic vapor of decayed vegetables, or indeed any poison or exhalation breathed by man whatever. In fact, if the blood is poisoned, it is impure, and impure blood results in disease.

Brandreth's Pills, though innocent as bread, yet they are capable of purifying the blood and curing disease. So, they cure all kinds of fevers, all sickness, catarrhs, costiveness and painful affections of every kind.

Price 25 cents per box. Principal Office, 224 Canal street, New York. Sold by J. WRIGHT & CO., Nos. 21 and 161 Chartres street, and by all respectable dealers in medicines.

mh 26dawAow&W—1m.

☞ Herring's Patent Champion Fire and Burglar Proof SAFES, Nos. 52 and 54 Gravier street, New Orleans. d6 2pf

☞ Cristadoro's Hair Dye is the only Dye over awarded—The Only Dye sworn to be poisonless—The Only Dye for a lifelong brown—The Only Dye for a perfect black—The Only Dye that defies detection—The Only Dye that is instantaneous, and the ONLY DYE for all who desire to have the color of their hair changed with safety, certainty and rapidity, to any shade they may desire.

Manufactured by J. CRISTADORO, No. 6 Astor House, New York. Sold everywhere, and applied by all Hair Dressers.

m25 2plmAW

Great Southern

COAL OIL AND LAMP Emporium!

6.....CHARTRES STREET.....6

Country Merchants, Planters and Strangers visiting the city, are invited to call and see our unrivaled stock of

COAL OIL LAMPS!

(Especially adapted to the wants of the trade) which is infinitely the largest and only complete assortment in this city.

☞ For sale LOWER THAN AT ANY OTHER HOUSE IN THE CONFEDERATE STATES OF AMERICA, at

No. 6 Chartres street,

Sole Agency for Hale's unrivaled COAL OIL LAMP.

ap2 2pif COVERT & HILL.

Direct Importation.

SPRING MANTILLAS AND SHAWLS.

200 New Style Muslin Points and Shawls,

—AT—

FIVE TO EIGHT DOLLARS.

Plain and Embroidered GRENADINE SHAWLS.
BLACK LACE REVERSIBLES.
.. .. MANTLES.
.. .. POINTS.
New Style ALENCON COLLARS.
.. Brussells COLLARS.
.. .. DEMI-PELERINES.
Valenciennes COLLARS AND SETS.

Great Bargains in Embroideries.

LYONS GRENADINES at 75c. per yard.
LYONS SPRING TAFFETAS, $1 per yard.
ORGANDY BARGES—Embroidered—25c. per yard.
NEW PARASOLS AND FANS.

J. LEVOIS & CO.,

ap2 2pif Corner of Canal and Bourbon streets.

Custom-House Blanks.

STATIONERS' HALL,

54 Camp street.

—WE HAVE NOW ON HAND—

A COMPLETE LIST

—OF—

CUSTOM-HOUSE BLANKS,

INCLUDING THE NEW FORMS.

H. C. STETSON & CO.,

Stationers, Printers,

m30 2p6t Ant'l Blank Book Manufacturers.

Notice.

The Annual Entertainment for the BENEFIT OF THE ORPHANS' HOME, will be held at ODD FELLOWS' HALL, on the evenings of MONDAY, TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY and FRIDAY, April 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th and 5th.

A large assortment of CHILDREN'S CLOTHES will be for sale. mh30 2p6t

Malaga Raisins.

1500 boxes London Layer RAISINS,
500 .. MR .. ..
A. F. COCHRAN & HALL,
13 New Levee and 11 Fulton st.

Walnuts and Filberts.

50 bags Grenoble WALNUTS.
100 .. cases FILBERTS.
A. F. COCHRAN & HALL,
13 New Levee and 11 Fulton st.

Soft Shell Almonds.

100 bags Tarragona Almonds.
50 frails Texas Almonds.
A. F. COCHRAN & HALL,
13 New Levee and 11 Fulton st.

Smyrna Figs.

1000 drums and half drums choice new.
A. F. COCHRAN & HALL,
13 New Levee and 11 Fulton st.

Leonard's Sperm Candles.

100 boxes, assorted sizes, landing.
A. F. COCHRAN & HALL,
13 New Levee and 11 Fulton st.

Canton Ginger.

100 cases Ginger, in prime order.
A. F. COCHRAN & HALL,
ap1 2p4t 13 New Levee and 11 Fulton st.

C. A. Barriere & Bro.,

130.....CANAL STREET.....130

TOURO BUILDINGS,

RESPECTFULLY OFFER A SUPERIOR ASSORTMENT

—OF—

PLANTATION AND HOUSEKEEPING GOODS.

Kentucky JEANS and LINSEYS.
Southern LOWELLS and DUCKS.
Southern STRIPES, for Dresses.
Bleached and Brown COTTONS.
Linen SHEETINGS and Pillow Case LINENS.
Damask NAPKINS and DOYLIES.
Printed LINEN CAMBRICS.
Embroidered and Plain Linen Cambric HANDKERCHIEFS.
PRINTED LAWNS.
JACONETS, and
ORGANDIES.
English BAREGES.
English Cotton HOSE and HALF-HOSE.
Lisle Thread HOSE.
Ladies' and Gents' Lisle and Game Merino UNDER-VESTS.
Black Kids MITTS.
Linen DRILLINGS.
Black French MERINO, for Gents' Wear.
Goods for TRAVELING DRESSES.

And a general assortment of Goods in their line, which they are selling as low as any house in the city. ap 2p6

George H. Vinten,

SOUTHERN TYPE FOUNDRY

—And—

Paper Warehouse,

No. 105 POYDRAS STREET, NEW ORLEANS, LA.

☞ Presses, Type, Paper, Ink and Furnishing of every description, at New York prices.

☞ Old Type taken in exchange for New at 10 cents per pound.

☞ Second-hand Presses bought and sold. m29 2p3mMoAW

To Dry Goods Jobbers.

For sale on consignment, by the undersigned—100 cases UMBRELLAS, 10 cases of LINEN THREAD, 10 cases of SWISS MULL.

J. G. SIBBALD,

m22 2pim No. 57½ Magazine street.

Confederate States

CUSTOMHOUSE BLANKS,

LATEST FORMS,

—For sale by—

T. FITZWILLIAM,

Stationer, Printer and Blank Book Manufacturer,

No. 75 Camp street.

ap1 2p6t

Benthuysen, Lewis & Co.,

116.....CANAL STREET.....116

HAVING BOUGHT LARGELY

For Cash,

—AT—

THE SPECIAL SALE

—OF—

FRENCH GOODS,

Of the importation of

THIERION, MAILLARD & CO.,

—Can offer to—

CASH BUYERS

FIVE HUNDRED PIECES DRESS GOODS

—Of this—

CELEBRATED MANUFACTURE,

—At prices—

UNPARALLELED FOR CHEAPNESS!!

—Among these goods are—

50 pieces EXTRA BAREGES, Choice Colors, at.....25c.
50 .. SUPER .. Black, at.....25c.
200 .. .. .. Choice Colors, at.....25c.
50 .. EXTRA FINE CREPE DESPAGNE, Black 25c.
25 .. .. EXTRA .. .. .. 25c.
50 .. .. Choice Colors, 25c.
90 .. .. Fine BAREGE ANGLAIS, .. 12½c.
15 .. .. Printed Chene BAREGE ANGLAIS, Half Mourning, at 12½c.

With many other smaller lots, equally cheap—all of which will be exhibited

FOR CASH ONLY,

AT ONE-HALF THE USUAL PRICES!

BENTHUYSEN, LEWIS & CO.,

ap1 2p4f No. 116 Canal street.

Country Merchants

Visiting this city for the purpose of replenishing their Stocks of

DRY GOODS,

Will find at our establishment large lines of the following Goods, MUCH CHEAPER than they have heretofore purchased from in New York, viz:

BAREGES AND CREPE MARETZ.
New Style SPRING DRESS GOODS.
STEEL SPRING SKIRTS, for Ladies and Misses.
CORSETS, COLLARS AND SETS.
LACE POINTS AND MANTILLAS.
PARASOLS AND FANS.
HOSIERY and Gents' FURNISHING GOODS.
LACES AND EMBROIDERIES.
FILET MITTS.
NEW STYLE DRESS TRIMMINGS
ORGANDIES, JACONETS AND LAWNS.
WHITE GOODS.
PRINTED LINEN CAMBRICS.
LINEN CAMBRIC HANDKERCHIEFS.
IRISH LINENS.
TABLE LINENS, and
HOUSEKEEPING GOODS,

For CASH or CITY ACCEPTANCE.

BENTHUYSEN, LEWIS & CO.,

116 Canal street,

ap1 2p6f Adjoining to the City Station.

To Planters.

We have just opened a large stock of

PLANTATION DRY GOODS,

—Consisting of—

Kentucky JEANS and KERSEYS,
Mackinaw PLAIDS and STRIPES,
Georgia PLAINS and KERSEYS,
Hickory STRIPES and DENIMS,
COTTON CHECKS, TICKING,

—AND—

EVERY DESCRIPTION

—OF—

7-8 AND 4-4 SOUTHERN OSNABURGS, etc., etc.

—All of which we are offering at—

Very Low Prices,

—FOR—

CASH OR APPROVED CITY ACCEPTANCE.

BENTHUYSEN, LEWIS & CO.,

ap1 2p6f No. 116 Canal street.

Clothing!

MALARD & TOOKER,

Corner Canal and Old Levee streets,

OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE,

Offer to their numerous customers and the public in general a well selected assortment of

SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING!

—Consisting of—

Tweeds and Summer Cassimere Suits, of various qualities.
Plain Silk Warp Summer Cassimere Suits.
French and English Merino Coats, Pants and Vests.
Colored and Black Alpaca Sacs and Frockcoats.
Fancy and White Drill Planters' Linen and White and Colored Duck Pants.
Planters' Linen, Gingham and White Linen and Duck Coats.
Planters' Blue Linen Dusters.
Imitation Seersucker Coats, Pants and Vests.
White and Colored Marseilles Vests, and Bombazine, Alpaca and Merino Vests.

YOUTHS' AND BOYS' CLOTHING.

—A general assortment of—

BOYS' AND YOUTHS'

Spring and Summer Clothing!!

—Also—

A FULL STOCK

—OF—

FURNISHING GOODS!

—Consisting of—

Plain, Full and Gloss Bosom SHIRTS—colored and white.
Gauze, Merino, Cotton and Lisle Thread UNDERSHIRTS.
Linen and Cotton DRAWERS.
SOCKS.
NECK TIES.
SUSPENDERS,
Etc., etc., etc., etc.

MALARD & TOOKER,

ap1 2p3AMW Corner Canal and Old Levee sts.

Cigars. Cigars. Cigars.

JOSE DOMINGO,

Importer of Fine Havana Cigars,

No. 55 CUSTOMHOUSE STREET, New Orleans,

Has always on hand a large and well assorted stock, to which he calls the attention of purchasers. The choicest brands can always be found there—

REGALIA DEL REY LA CORONA,
EL GINTO DE ORION,
REDOWA,
RIFLE,
PARTAGAS,
INTIMIDAD.&c.

MR. DOMINGO cautions the public about the brand of Cigars, "Regalia del Rey La Corona." As a good many dealers have them counterfeited, he respectfully calls attention to the following let er, showing him to be the only importer of the genuine Cigars:

HAVANA, February 8, 1861.

Mr. Jose Domingo, New Orleans:

Dear Sir—We authorize you to publish in one or all the new papers, if you deem it proper, of being the only agent for Cigars of our manufacture, bearing the brand "Regalia del Rey La Corona," in New Orleans or any place in the neighborhood.

Yours, respectfully,

m13 2p1m [Signed] A. CABARGA & CO.

Immense Opening

—OF—

DRY GOODS!

—AT—

U. LAROUSSINI & CO.'S,

137.....Canal Street.....137

WE WILL OPEN TO-DAY:

30,000 yards ENGLISH BAREGES, at.....11½c.
2,000 ENGLISH BAREGE ROBES, New Style, with nice Flounces, at $3.
2,000 ENGLISH BAREGE ROBES, New Style, with Silk Flounces, at $4 50.
10,000 yards MOZAMBIQUE SATIN STRIPES, worth 62c., at 25c.
2,000 yards GRISAILLES.

VERY FINE

FRENCH EMBROIDERIES.

2 cases EMBROIDERED COLLARS, Lelong Style, in extra fine work, at 35, 44, 50, 60 and 75c., worth three times the price they are sold for.
1 case VERY RICH SETS, COLLARS and SLEEVES, at 50c., 90c., $1 10, $1 25 and $1 50.
2 cases CHINTZ ORGANDIES, New Patterns, at 20 cents.
2 cases WIDE FRENCH PRINTS, in all colors, at 15 cents.

We are able to offer one of the MOST COMPLETE assortments of

HOUSEKEEPING

—And—

PLANTATION GOODS

IN THE CITY.

—Therefore, we solicit from—

CITY AND COUNTRY BUYERS

A call before purchasing elsewhere.

U. LAROUSSINI & CO.

No. 137 Canal street.

ap1 2p1f

Mr. Artemon Hill

Has this day become associated with me in the

COAL OIL

—AND—

LAMP BUSINESS.

—At—

No. 6 Chartres street.

Under the firm of COVERT & HILL.

H. C. COVERT.

New Orleans, March 30, 1861. ap1 2p6f

Plantation Clothing.

MALARD & TOOKER,

Corner Canal and Old Levee streets,

OPPOSITE THE POST-OFFICE.

We have in store an EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT of

SUMMER PLANTATION CLOTHING,

For Men and Women, with Boys' and Girls' sizes, made up out of the best materials, and sewed in the strongest manner.

☞ Planters are solicited to call and examine our stock before purchasing, as they are sure of finding at our establishment all the varieties of Clothing necessary to fitting out their hands.

MALARD & TOOKER,

ap2&AW Corner of Canal and Old Levee streets.

Hardware.

BRUFF BROTHER & SHAVER,

43 Magazine street,

Opposite the St. James Hotel, NEW ORLEANS,

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

Foreign and Domestic Hardware.

CUTLERY AND GUNS.

Manufacturers of RIFLES and DERRINGER PISTOLS,
Inventors of the Cast Steel Oval-Eye COTTON HOES,
Sole Agents for R. P. Ruff's Celebrated AXES,
SUGAR SKIMMERS, LADLES and CANE KNIVES,
ANVILS, VICES, CHAINS, PLANTATION TOOLS, etc.

☞ Catalogues furnished by mail, on application. ap29 3p1y

Storage of Furniture, etc.

Families leaving the city for the summer can have their Furniture, Carpets, etc., carefully cleaned and stored during their absence, by applying to

WATKINS & HOMAN,

Carpet and Curtain Warehouse,

ap1 2p1p 30 Camp street.

Merchants' Hotel,

CORNER ST. CHARLES AND CANAL STREETS

NEW ORLEANS.

The pleasantest and most conveniently located House in the city.

RATES OF BOARD:

Per Day.....$1 50
Per Week.....10 00
Per Week (board only).....5 00
Per Month.....22 50

BRET & HALLIER,

m13 2p1y Proprietors.

Grand Depot

—OF—

COAL OILS, LAMPS,

Etc., Etc., Etc.,

No. 28 Commercial Place.

Undoubtedly the cheapest and best light in use for

PARLOR LAMPS,
HALL LAMPS,
SUSPENSION AND SIDE LAMPS,
COAL OIL CHANDELIERS,
BRACKETS, etc., etc.

Just received, a LARGE ASSORTMENT of New and Elegant Patterns of LAMPS, for burning the COAL OIL—for sale at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!

—Also—

A large supply of the very best qualities and brands of

COAL OIL,

From the most popular manufactories in the North and West, which will be sold at the old price, notwithstanding the tariff duty—

$1 25 per Gallon,

And at the Lowest Prices by the Barrel.

PARAFFINE CANDLES,

BY THE CASE OR RETAIL, AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!

Why should Coal Oil be used in preference to all others?

1. It is the cheapest.
2. It is the cleanest and freest from smell and without smoke.
3. It gives the best and brightest light.
4. And most important—It is NON-EXPLOSIVE, and consequently PERFECTLY SAFE!

Having on hand a large stock of Lamps and Oil, renders my assortment equal to any in this city, and for sale at Lower Prices than any other house.

S. W. NOYES,

28 Commercial Place,

Between Camp and St. Charles streets.

☞ All Oil sold by me is guaranteed perfectly PURE, just as received from the Coal Oil Works, and unadulterated with camphene or any other fluid. m30 2p6.

Robert Pilkin

WOULD AGAIN INFORM HIS FRIENDS,

—AND—

STRANGERS VISITING THE CITY,

—That his assortment of—

SUPERIOR READY-MADE CLOT